

ABERCROMBIE & FITCH CO /DE/  
Form 10-Q  
June 08, 2015  
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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended May 2, 2015

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
Commission File Number 1-12107

ABERCROMBIE & FITCH CO.  
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 31-1469076  
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer  
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

6301 Fitch Path, New Albany, Ohio 43054  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (614) 283-6500

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files).  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer   
Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class A Common Stock  
\$.01 Par Value

Outstanding at June 4, 2015  
69,568,798 Shares

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ABERCROMBIE & FITCH CO.  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
 AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS  
 (Thousands, except per share amounts)  
 (Unaudited)

	Thirteen Weeks Ended	
	May 2, 2015	May 3, 2014
NET SALES	\$709,422	\$822,428
Cost of goods sold	297,873	310,769
GROSS PROFIT	411,549	511,659
Stores and distribution expense	391,638	417,571
Marketing, general and administrative expense	107,533	123,581
Restructuring (benefit) charge	(1,598	) 5,633
Asset impairment	6,133	—
Other operating income, net	(1,960	) (3,620
OPERATING LOSS	(90,197	) (31,506
Interest expense, net	4,639	1,997
LOSS BEFORE TAXES	(94,836	) (33,503
Tax benefit	(31,590	) (9,832
NET LOSS	\$(63,246	) \$(23,671
NET LOSS PER SHARE:		
BASIC	\$(0.91	) \$(0.32
DILUTED	\$(0.91	) \$(0.32
WEIGHTED-AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING:		
BASIC	69,510	74,483
DILUTED	69,510	74,483
DIVIDENDS DECLARED PER SHARE	\$0.20	\$0.20
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$(15	) \$14,866
Unrealized loss on derivative financial instruments, net of tax	(5,420	) (3,129
Other comprehensive (loss) income	\$(5,435	) \$11,737
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$(68,681	) \$(11,934

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ABERCROMBIE & FITCH CO.  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
 (Thousands, except par value amounts)

	(unaudited) May 2, 2015	January 31, 2015
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 383,220	\$ 520,708
Receivables	59,169	52,910
Inventories, net	441,005	460,794
Deferred income taxes, net	44,785	13,986
Other current assets	118,563	116,574
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>1,046,742</b>	<b>1,164,972</b>
<b>PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET</b>	<b>949,587</b>	<b>967,001</b>
<b>OTHER ASSETS</b>	<b>368,263</b>	<b>373,194</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 2,364,592</b>	<b>\$ 2,505,167</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 122,757	\$ 141,685
Accrued expenses	279,985	282,736
Short-term portion of deferred lease credits	26,102	26,629
Income taxes payable	6,642	32,804
Short-term portion of borrowings, net	2,017	2,102
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>437,503</b>	<b>485,956</b>
<b>LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:</b>		
Long-term portion of deferred lease credits	102,375	106,393
Long-term portion of borrowings, net	290,338	291,310
Leasehold financing obligations	49,765	50,521
Other liabilities	177,311	181,286
<b>TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES</b>	<b>619,789</b>	<b>629,510</b>
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:</b>		
Class A Common Stock - \$0.01 par value: 150,000 shares authorized and 103,300 shares issued at each of May 2, 2015 and January 31, 2015	1,033	1,033
Paid-in capital	422,713	434,137
Retained earnings	2,473,346	2,550,673
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(89,015	) (83,580
Treasury stock, at average cost: 33,743 and 33,948 shares at May 2, 2015 and January 31, 2015, respectively	(1,500,777	) (1,512,562
<b>TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>1,307,300</b>	<b>1,389,701</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 2,364,592</b>	<b>\$ 2,505,167</b>

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ABERCROMBIE & FITCH CO.  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
 (Thousands)  
 (Unaudited)

	Thirteen Weeks Ended	
	May 2, 2015	May 3, 2014
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net loss	\$ (63,246	) \$ (23,671
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used for operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	53,291	58,897
Asset impairment	6,133	—
Loss on disposal	1,716	1,360
Amortization of deferred lease credits	(7,694	) (12,005
Benefit from deferred income taxes	(31,285	) (17,189
Share-based compensation	6,855	5,288
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Inventories	19,855	45,461
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(32,909	) (45,834
Lessor construction allowances	370	588
Income taxes	(29,495	) (47,555
Other assets	(7,977	) 6,870
Other liabilities	(9,397	) (12,350
<b>NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(93,783</b>	<b>) (40,140</b>
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Purchases of property and equipment	(29,917	) (37,829
<b>NET CASH USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(29,917</b>	<b>) (37,829</b>
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Purchase of treasury stock	—	(150,000
Repayments of borrowings	(750	) (3,750
Other financing activities	12	(3,273
Dividends paid	(13,871	) (14,665
<b>NET CASH USED FOR FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(14,609</b>	<b>) (171,688</b>
<b>EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATES ON CASH</b>	<b>821</b>	<b>6,663</b>
<b>NET DECREASE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS:</b>	<b>(137,488</b>	<b>) (242,994</b>
Cash and equivalents, beginning of period	520,708	600,116
<b>CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD</b>	<b>\$383,220</b>	<b>\$357,122</b>
<b>SIGNIFICANT NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Change in accrual for construction in progress	\$8,856	\$ (3,789
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:</b>		
Cash paid for interest	\$3,832	\$1,055
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds	\$34,952	\$57,059

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.



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ABERCROMBIE & FITCH CO.  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Nature of Business

Abercrombie & Fitch Co. (“A&F”), through its subsidiaries (collectively, A&F and its subsidiaries are referred to as “Abercrombie & Fitch” or the “Company”), is a specialty retailer that operates stores and direct-to-consumer operations. The Company operates stores in North America, Europe, Asia and the Middle East and direct-to-consumer operations in North America, Europe and Asia that service its brands throughout the world.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the historical financial statements of, and transactions applicable to, the Company and reflect its assets, liabilities, results of operations and cash flows.

Fiscal Year

The Company’s fiscal year ends on the Saturday closest to January 31. All references herein to “Fiscal 2015” represent the 52-week fiscal year ending on January 30, 2016; and to “Fiscal 2014” represent the 52-week fiscal year ended January 31, 2015.

Interim Financial Statements

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of May 2, 2015 and for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014 are unaudited and are presented pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). Accordingly, these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto contained in A&F’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for Fiscal 2014 filed with the SEC on March 30, 2015. The January 31, 2015 consolidated balance sheet data were derived from audited consolidated financial statements, but do not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”).

In the opinion of management, the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements reflect all adjustments (which are of a normal recurring nature) necessary to state fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods, but are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be anticipated for Fiscal 2015.

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of May 2, 2015 and for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014 included herein have been reviewed by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, and the report of such firm follows the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP is not subject to the liability provisions of Section 11 of the Securities Act of 1933 (the “Act”) for their report on the condensed consolidated financial statements because their report is not a “report” or a “part” of a registration statement prepared or certified by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Act.

## Contingencies

The Company is a defendant in lawsuits and other adversary proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Legal costs incurred in connection with the resolution of claims and lawsuits are generally expensed as incurred, and the Company establishes reserves for the outcome of litigation where it deems appropriate to do so under applicable accounting rules. The Company's assessment of the current exposure could change in the event of the discovery of additional facts with respect to legal matters pending against the Company or determinations by judges, juries, administrative agencies or other finders of fact that are not in accordance with the Company's evaluation of claims. Actual liabilities may exceed the amounts reserved, and there can be no assurance that final resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. The Company has established accruals for certain matters where losses are deemed probable and reasonably estimable. There are other claims and legal proceedings pending against the Company for which accruals have not been established.

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## Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The following table provides a brief description of recent accounting pronouncements that could have a material effect on the Company's financial statements:

Standard	Description	Date of Adoption	Effect on the Financial Statements or Other Significant Matters
Standard adopted			
ASU 2015-03, Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs	This standard amends ASC 835 Interest—Imputation of Interest. The amendment provides guidance on the financial statement presentation of debt issuance costs as a direct reduction of a liability when associated with a liability.	February 1, 2015	The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.
Standards not yet adopted			
ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers	This standard supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in "Revenue Recognition (Topic 605)." The new ASC guidance requires entities to recognize revenue in a way that depicts the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services.	January 29, 2017	The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of this standard.
ASU 2014-12, Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period	This standard amends ASC 718 Compensation—Stock Compensation. The amendment provides guidance on the treatment of share-based payment awards with a specific performance target, requiring that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. These amendments provide guidance which change the analysis that a reporting entity must perform to determine whether it should consolidate certain types of legal entities.	January 31, 2016	The adoption of this amendment is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.
ASU 2015-02, Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis		January 29, 2017	The adoption of this amendment is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

## 2. NET LOSS PER SHARE

Net loss per basic and diluted share is computed based on the weighted-average number of outstanding shares of common stock.

Weighted-average shares outstanding and anti-dilutive shares:

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended	
	May 2, 2015	May 3, 2014
Shares of common stock issued	103,300	103,300
Treasury shares	(33,790	) (28,817
Weighted-average — basic shares	69,510	74,483
Dilutive effect of share-based compensation awards	—	—
Weighted-average — diluted shares	69,510	74,483
Anti-dilutive shares <sup>(1)</sup>	12,151	11,400

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects the total number of shares related to outstanding share-based compensation awards that have been excluded from the computation of net loss per diluted share because the impact would have been anti-dilutive.

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## 3. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company issues stock appreciation rights and restricted stock units, including those with service, performance and market vesting conditions. The Company recognized share-based compensation expense of \$6.9 million and \$5.3 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014, respectively. The Company also recognized \$2.3 million and \$2.0 million in tax benefits related to share-based compensation for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014, respectively.

## Stock Options

The Company did not grant any stock options during the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 or May 3, 2014. Below is a summary of stock option activity for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015:

	Number of Underlying Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life
Outstanding at January 31, 2015	328,100	\$ 64.64		
Granted	—	—		
Exercised	—	—		
Forfeited or expired	(10,500	) 73.48		
Outstanding at May 2, 2015	317,600	\$ 64.35	\$ 124,200	2.4
Stock options exercisable at May 2, 2015	317,600	\$ 64.35	\$ 124,200	2.4

The intrinsic value of stock options exercised was insignificant during the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2014. No stock options were exercised during the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015.

As of May 2, 2015, all compensation cost related to currently outstanding stock options had been fully recognized.

## Stock Appreciation Rights

The following table summarizes stock appreciation rights activity for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015:

	Number of Underlying Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life
Outstanding at January 31, 2015	8,953,675	\$ 40.28		
Granted	639,808	22.44		
Exercised	—	—		
Forfeited or expired	(53,500	) 44.82		
Outstanding at May 2, 2015	9,539,983	\$ 39.06	\$ 1,099,816	2.9
Stock appreciation rights exercisable at May 2, 2015	8,330,684	\$ 40.34	\$ 1,056,000	1.9
Stock appreciation rights expected to become exercisable in the future as of May 2, 2015	1,056,983	\$ 30.25	\$ 36,574	9.3

The Company estimates the fair value of stock appreciation rights using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The weighted-average assumptions used in the Black-Scholes option-pricing model for stock appreciation rights granted during the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014, were as follows:

Executive Officers	All Other Associates
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	May 2, 2015	May 3, 2014	May 2, 2015	May 3, 2014	
Grant date market price	\$22.46	\$38.50	\$22.42	\$38.63	
Exercise price	\$22.46	\$39.64	\$22.42	\$38.84	
Fair value	\$9.11	\$14.40	\$8.00	\$13.58	
Assumptions:					
Price volatility	49	% 50	% 49	% 50	%
Expected term (years)	6.1	4.9	4.4	4.1	
Risk-free interest rate	1.5	% 1.8	% 1.2	% 1.4	%
Dividend yield	1.7	% 1.9	% 1.7	% 1.9	%

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Compensation expense for stock appreciation rights is recognized on a straight-line basis over the awards' requisite service period, net of forfeitures. As of May 2, 2015, there was \$11.3 million of total unrecognized compensation cost, net of estimated forfeitures, related to stock appreciation rights. The unrecognized compensation cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 19 months.

The total intrinsic value of stock appreciation rights exercised during the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2014 was insignificant. No stock appreciation rights were exercised during the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015. The grant date fair value of stock appreciation rights that vested during the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014 was \$3.9 million and \$7.2 million, respectively.

## Restricted Stock Units

The following table summarizes activity for restricted stock units for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015:

	Service-based Restricted Stock Units		Performance-based Restricted Stock Units		Market-based Restricted Stock Units	
	Number of Underlying Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Number of Underlying Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Number of Underlying Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested at January 31, 2015	1,566,272	\$37.81	205,420	\$32.05	36,374	\$40.13
Granted <sup>(1)</sup>	669,727	20.57	113,331	20.10	113,337	19.04
Adjustments for performance achievement	—	—	(28,250)	36.14	—	—
Vested	(274,231)	47.38	(48,668)	38.24	—	—
Forfeited	(55,265)	38.47	(4,875)	36.21	—	—
Unvested at May 2, 2015	1,906,503	\$30.36	236,958	\$24.49	149,711	\$24.16

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes 226,668 shares at 100% of their target vesting amount related to grants of restricted stock units with performance vesting conditions.

The fair value of both service-based and performance-based restricted stock units is calculated using the market price of the underlying Common Stock on the date of grant reduced for anticipated dividend payments on unvested shares. In determining the fair value, the Company does not take into account performance-based vesting requirements. Performance-based vesting requirements are taken into account in determining the number of awards expected to vest. However, for market-based restricted stock units, the fair value is calculated using a Monte Carlo simulation with the number of shares that ultimately vest dependent on the Company's total stockholder return measured against the total stockholder return of a select group of peer companies over a three-year period. For any award with performance-based or market-based vesting requirements, the number of shares that ultimately vest can vary from 0% to 200% of target depending on the level of achievement of performance criteria.

Service-based restricted stock units are expensed on a straight-line basis over the total requisite service period, net of forfeitures. Performance-based restricted stock units subject to graded vesting are expensed on an accelerated attribution basis, net of forfeitures. Market-based restricted stock units without graded vesting features are expensed on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period, net of forfeitures.

As of May 2, 2015, there was \$36.8 million, \$4.6 million and \$0.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost, net of estimated forfeitures, related to service-based, performance-based and market-based restricted stock units, respectively. The unrecognized compensation cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 17 months, 16 months and 16 months for service-based, performance-based and market-based restricted stock units, respectively.

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Additional information pertaining to restricted stock units for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014 follows:

	May 2, 2015	May 3, 2014
Service-based restricted stock units:		
Total grant date fair value of awards granted	\$13,776	\$14,939
Total grant date fair value of awards vested	12,993	14,302
Performance-based restricted stock units:		
Total grant date fair value of awards granted	\$2,278	\$4,470
Total grant date fair value of awards vested	1,861	515
Market-based restricted stock units:		
Total grant date fair value of awards granted	\$2,158	\$3,577
Total grant date fair value of awards vested	—	—

The weighted-average assumptions used for market-based restricted stock units used in the Monte Carlo simulation during the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014 were as follows:

	May 2, 2015	May 3, 2014
Grant date market price	\$22.46	\$38.50
Fair value	\$19.04	\$46.86
Assumptions:		
Price volatility	45	% 50 %
Expected term (years)	2.8	2.8
Risk-free interest rate	0.9	% 0.8 %
Dividend yield	3.5	% 2.1 %
Average volatility of peer companies	34.0	% 37.3 %
Average correlation coefficient of peer companies	0.3288	0.3786

## 4. INVENTORIES, NET

Inventories, net consisted of:

(in thousands)	May 2, 2015	January 31, 2015
Inventories	\$496,519	\$484,865
Less: lower of cost or market reserve	(40,295	) (12,707
Less: shrink reserve	(15,219	) (11,364
Inventories, net	\$441,005	\$460,794

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market on a weighted-average cost basis. The Company writes down inventory through a lower of cost or market adjustment, the impact of which is reflected in Cost of Goods Sold on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss. This adjustment is based on management's judgment regarding future demand and market conditions and analysis of historical experience. As of May 2, 2015, the lower of cost or market reserve included a write-down of the carrying value of certain inventory to its estimated net realizable value as the Company elected to accelerate the disposition of certain aged merchandise that does not support the Company's prospective brand positioning strategy.

Additionally, as part of inventory valuation, inventory shrinkage estimates based on historical trends from actual physical inventories are made each period that reduce the inventory value for lost or stolen items. The Company

performs physical inventories on a periodic basis and adjusts the shrink reserve accordingly.

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## 5. FAIR VALUE

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The inputs used to measure fair value are prioritized based on a three-level hierarchy. The three levels of inputs to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1—inputs are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities that are available in active markets that the Company can access at the measurement date.

Level 2—inputs are other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable for assets or liabilities, directly or indirectly.

Level 3—inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable.

The lowest level of significant input determines the placement of the entire fair value measurement in the hierarchy. The three levels of the hierarchy and the distribution within it of the Company's assets and liabilities, measured at fair value on a recurring basis, were as follows:

(in thousands)	Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value as of May 2, 2015			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>ASSETS:</b>				
Money market funds	\$23,683	\$—	\$—	\$23,683
Derivative financial instruments	—	4,838	—	4,838
Total assets measured at fair value	\$23,683	\$4,838	\$—	\$28,521
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>				
Derivative financial instruments	—	274	—	274
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$—	\$274	\$—	\$274

(in thousands)	Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value as of January 31, 2015			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>ASSETS:</b>				
Money market funds	\$122,047	\$—	\$—	\$122,047
Derivative financial instruments	—	10,293	—	10,293
Total assets measured at fair value	\$122,047	\$10,293	\$—	\$132,340
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>				
Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—

The level 2 assets and liabilities consist of derivative financial instruments, primarily forward foreign currency exchange contracts. The fair value of forward foreign currency exchange contracts is determined by using quoted market prices of the same or similar instruments, adjusted for counterparty risk.

## Disclosures of Fair Value of Other Assets and Liabilities:

The Company's borrowings under the Company's credit facilities are carried at historical cost in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. For disclosure purposes, the Company estimated the fair value of borrowings outstanding using discounted cash flow analysis based on market rates obtained from independent third parties for similar types of debt. The inputs used to value the borrowings outstanding are considered to be Level 2 instruments.

The carrying amount of gross borrowings outstanding under the Company's term loan facility was \$298.5 million and \$299.3 million as of May 2, 2015 and January 31, 2015, respectively. The fair value of such borrowings was \$292.5 million and \$295.1 million as of May 2, 2015 and January 31, 2015, respectively. No borrowings were outstanding under the Company's senior secured revolving credit facility as of May 2, 2015 and January 31, 2015, respectively.

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## 6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net consisted of:

(in thousands)	May 2, 2015	January 31, 2015
Property and equipment, at cost	\$2,786,956	\$2,797,250
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,837,369	) (1,830,249
Property and equipment, net	\$949,587	\$967,001

Long-lived assets, primarily comprised of property and equipment, are tested periodically for impairment or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Factors used in the evaluation include, but are not limited to, management's plans for future operations, recent operating results, and projected cash flows.

Fair value of the Company's store-related assets is determined at the individual store level, primarily using a discounted cash flow model that utilizes Level 3 inputs. The estimation of future cash flows from operating activities requires significant estimates of factors that include future sales, gross margin performance and operating expenses. In instances where the discounted cash flow analysis indicated a negative value at the store level, the market exit price based on historical experience, and other comparable market data where applicable, was used to determine the fair value by asset type.

In certain lease arrangements, the Company is involved in the construction of the building. If it is determined that the Company has substantially all of the risks of ownership during construction of the leased property and therefore is deemed to be the owner of the construction project, the Company records an asset for the amount of the total project costs, including the portion funded by the landlord, and an amount related to the value attributed to the pre-existing leased building in Property and Equipment, Net, and a corresponding financing obligation in Leasehold Financing Obligations, on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Once construction is complete, if it is determined that the asset does not qualify for sale-leaseback accounting treatment, the Company continues to amortize the obligation over the lease term and depreciates the asset over its useful life. The Company had \$39.6 million and \$40.1 million of construction project assets in Property and Equipment, Net at May 2, 2015 and January 31, 2015, respectively.

## 7. INCOME TAXES

The Company's quarterly tax provision, and the quarterly estimate of the annual effective tax rate, is subject to significant variation due to several factors, including variability in the pre-tax jurisdictional mix of earnings, changes in how the Company does business including entering into new businesses or geographies, foreign currency gains (losses), changes in law, regulations, and administrative practices, relative changes of expenses or losses for which tax benefits are not recognized, and the impact of discrete items. The impact of these items on the effective tax rate will vary depending on the amount of pre-tax income.

The effective tax rates for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014 were 33.3% and 29.3%, respectively.

## 8. DERIVATIVES

The Company is exposed to risks associated with changes in foreign currency exchange rates and uses derivatives, primarily forward contracts, to manage the financial impacts of these exposures. The Company does not use forward

contracts to engage in currency speculation and does not enter into derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

In order to qualify for hedge accounting treatment, a derivative must be considered highly effective at offsetting changes in either the hedged item's cash flows or fair value. Additionally, the hedge relationship must be documented to include the risk management objective and strategy, the hedging instrument, the hedged item, the risk exposure, and how hedge effectiveness will be assessed prospectively and retrospectively. The extent to which a hedging instrument has been, and is expected to continue to be, effective at offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows is assessed and documented at least quarterly. Any hedge ineffectiveness is reported in current period earnings and hedge accounting is discontinued if it is determined that the derivative is not highly effective.

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For derivatives that either do not qualify for hedge accounting or are not designated as hedges, all changes in the fair value of the derivative are recognized in earnings. For qualifying cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the change in the fair value of the derivative is recorded as a component of Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) ("OCI") and recognized in earnings when the hedged cash flows affect earnings. The ineffective portion of the derivative gain or loss, as well as changes in the fair value of the derivative's time value is recognized in current period earnings. The effectiveness of the hedge is assessed based on changes in the fair value attributable to changes in spot prices. The changes in the fair value of the derivative contract related to the changes in the difference between the spot price and the forward price are excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness and are also recognized in current period earnings. If the cash flow hedge relationship is terminated, the derivative gains or losses that are deferred in OCI will be recognized in earnings when the hedged cash flows occur. However, for cash flow hedges that are terminated because the forecasted transaction is not expected to occur in the original specified time period, or a two-month period thereafter, the derivative gains or losses are immediately recognized in earnings.

The Company uses derivative instruments, primarily forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges, to hedge the foreign currency exposure associated with forecasted foreign-currency-denominated inter-company inventory sales to foreign subsidiaries and the related settlement of the foreign-currency-denominated inter-company receivables. Fluctuations in exchange rates will either increase or decrease the Company's inter-company equivalent cash flows and affect the Company's U.S. Dollar earnings. Gains or losses on the foreign currency exchange forward contracts that are used to hedge these exposures are expected to partially offset this variability. Foreign currency exchange forward contracts represent agreements to exchange the currency of one country for the currency of another country at an agreed-upon settlement date. These forward contracts typically have a maximum term of 12 months. The sale of the inventory to the Company's customers will result in the reclassification of related derivative gains and losses that are reported in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) ("AOCI"). Substantially all of the unrealized gains or losses related to designated cash flow hedges as of May 2, 2015 will be recognized in cost of goods sold over the next twelve months.

The Company presents its derivative assets and derivative liabilities at their gross fair values on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. However, our master netting and other similar arrangements allow net settlements under certain conditions.

As of May 2, 2015, the Company had outstanding the following foreign currency exchange forward contracts that were entered into to hedge either a portion, or all, of forecasted foreign-currency-denominated inter-company inventory sales, the resulting settlement of the foreign-currency-denominated inter-company accounts receivable, or both:

(in thousands)	Notional Amount <sup>(1)</sup>
Euro	\$51,775
British Pound	\$20,360
Canadian Dollar	\$11,438

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts are reported in U.S. Dollar equivalent as of May 2, 2015.

The Company also uses foreign currency exchange forward contracts to hedge certain foreign-currency-denominated net monetary assets/liabilities. Examples of monetary assets/liabilities include cash balances, receivables and payables. Fluctuations in exchange rates result in transaction gains/(losses) being recorded in earnings as U.S. GAAP requires that monetary assets/liabilities be remeasured at the spot exchange rate at quarter-end or upon settlement. The Company has chosen not to apply hedge accounting to these instruments because there are no differences in the timing of gain or loss recognition on the hedging instrument and the hedged item.

As of May 2, 2015, the Company had outstanding the following foreign currency forward contracts that were entered into to hedge foreign currency denominated net monetary assets/liabilities:

(in thousands)	Notional Amount <sup>(1)</sup>
Euro	\$ 14,570
Canadian Dollar	\$ 4,876
British Pound	\$ 3,786

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts are reported in U.S. Dollar equivalent as of May 2, 2015.



The amount represents the change in fair value of derivative contracts due to changes in the difference between the spot price and forward price that is excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness and, therefore, recognized in earnings.

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## 9. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

The activity in accumulated other comprehensive loss for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 was as follows:

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended May 2, 2015		
	Unrealized Gain		
	(Loss) on Derivative Financial Instruments	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Total
Beginning balance at January 31, 2015	\$13,100	\$(96,680)	\$(83,580)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	219	(15)	204
Reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss (1)	(6,036)	—	(6,036)
Tax effect on other comprehensive (loss) income	397	—	397
Unrealized loss on derivative financial instruments, net of taxes	(5,420)	(15)	(5,435)
Ending balance at May 2, 2015	\$7,680	\$(96,695)	\$(89,015)

(1) For the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015, the loss was reclassified from Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income to the Cost of Goods Sold line item on the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss.

The activity in accumulated other comprehensive loss for the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2014 was as follows:

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended May 3, 2014		
	Unrealized Gain		
	(Loss) on Derivative Financial Instruments	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Total
Beginning balance at February 1, 2014	\$(2,166)	\$(18,751)	\$(20,917)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(5,025)	14,866	9,841
Reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss (2)	1,434	—	1,434
Tax effect on other comprehensive (loss) income	462	—	462
Unrealized (loss) gain on derivative financial instruments, net of taxes	(3,129)	14,866	11,737
Ending balance at May 3, 2014	\$(5,295)	\$(3,885)	\$(9,180)

(2) For the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2014, the gain was reclassified from Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income to the Cost of Goods Sold line item on the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss.

## 10. GILLY HICKS RESTRUCTURING

As previously announced, on November 1, 2013, A&F's Board of Directors approved the closure of the Company's 24 stand-alone Gilly Hicks stores. The Company substantially completed the store closures as planned by the end of the

first quarter of Fiscal 2014.

As a result of exiting the Gilly Hicks branded stores, approximately \$88.8 million of cumulative pre-tax charges have been incurred to date, including a benefit of \$1.6 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015, primarily related to lease terminations. During the first quarter of Fiscal 2015, the Company's liability related to the Gilly Hicks restructuring decreased from approximately \$6.0 million to approximately \$3.0 million as a result of the lease termination benefit and cash payments applied against the liability.

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## 11. SEGMENT REPORTING

During the first quarter, the Company substantially completed its transition to a branded organizational structure. In conjunction with the change, the Company determined its brand-based operating segments to be Abercrombie, which includes the Company's Abercrombie & Fitch and abercrombie kids brands, and Hollister. These operating segments have similar economic characteristics, class of consumers, products, and production and distribution methods, and have been aggregated into one reportable segment.

The following table provides the Company's net sales by operating segment for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014.

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended	
	May 2, 2015	May 3, 2014
Abercrombie	\$339,752	\$386,278
Hollister	369,670	421,634
Other <sup>(1)</sup>	—	14,516
Total	\$709,422	\$822,428

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents net sales from the Company's Gilly Hicks operations. See Note 10, "GILLY HICKS RESTRUCTURING," for additional information on the Company's exit from Gilly Hicks branded stores.

The following table provides the Company's net sales by geographic area for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014.

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended	
	May 2, 2015	May 3, 2014
United States	\$448,889	\$504,396
Europe	166,084	235,614
Other	94,449	82,418
Total	\$709,422	\$822,428

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and  
Stockholders of Abercrombie & Fitch Co.:

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of Abercrombie & Fitch Co. as of May 2, 2015, and the related condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014 and the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet as of January 31, 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operation and comprehensive income, of stockholders' equity, and of cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein), and in our report dated March 30, 2015, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of January 31, 2015, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
Columbus, Ohio  
June 8, 2015

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## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## OVERVIEW

## BUSINESS SUMMARY

The Company is a specialty retailer that operates stores in North America, Europe, Asia and the Middle East and direct-to-consumer operations in North America, Europe and Asia that service its brands throughout the world. The Company sells casual sportswear apparel, including knit tops and woven shirts, graphic t-shirts, fleece, jeans and woven pants, shorts, sweaters, and outerwear; personal care products; and accessories for men, women and kids under the Abercrombie & Fitch, abercrombie kids and Hollister brands.

The Company's fiscal year ends on the Saturday closest to January 31. Fiscal years are designated in the consolidated financial statements and notes by the calendar year in which the fiscal year commences. All references herein to "Fiscal 2015" represent the 52-week fiscal year that will end on January 30, 2016, and to "Fiscal 2014" represent the 52-week fiscal year that ended January 31, 2015.

During the first quarter of Fiscal 2015, net sales decreased 14% to \$709.4 million from \$822.4 million for the first quarter of Fiscal 2014. The gross profit rate for the first quarter of Fiscal 2015 was 58.0% compared to 62.2% for the first quarter of Fiscal 2014. Operating loss was \$90.2 million for the first quarter of Fiscal 2015 compared to an operating loss of \$31.5 million for the first quarter of Fiscal 2014. The Company had a net loss of \$63.2 million and a net loss per diluted share of \$0.91 for the first quarter of Fiscal 2015 compared to a net loss of \$23.7 million and a net loss per diluted share of \$0.32 for the first quarter of Fiscal 2014.

Excluding certain items detailed in the GAAP to non-GAAP financial measures reconciliation below, the Company reported an adjusted non-GAAP net loss of \$37.2 million and an adjusted non-GAAP net loss per diluted share of \$0.53 for the first quarter of Fiscal 2015 compared to an adjusted non-GAAP net loss of \$13.0 million and an adjusted non-GAAP net loss per diluted share of \$0.17 for the first quarter of Fiscal 2014.

The Company believes that the non-GAAP financial measures presented above, and under "RESULTS OF OPERATIONS," are useful to investors as they provide the ability to measure the Company's operating performance and compare it against that of prior periods excluding certain items which affect the comparability of our financial information. See "RESULTS OF OPERATIONS," for additional discussion on non-GAAP financial measures.

The table below reconciles the GAAP financial measures to the non-GAAP financial measures for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014.

	Thirteen Weeks Ended		Thirteen Weeks Ended	
	May 2, 2015		May 3, 2014	
(in thousands, except per share amounts)	Net Loss	Net Loss per Diluted Share <sup>(2)</sup>	Net Loss	Net Loss per Diluted Share <sup>(2)</sup>
GAAP	\$ (63,246	) \$ (0.91	) \$ (23,671	) \$ (0.32
Excluded items <sup>(1)</sup>	26,072	0.38	10,692	0.15
Non-GAAP	\$ (37,174	) \$ (0.53	) \$ (12,979	) \$ (0.17

(1)

Excluded items include inventory write-down, asset impairment, accelerated depreciation related to store fixtures, lease termination and store closure costs related to the Company's exit from its two Hollister stores in Australia, charges related to the Company's profit improvement initiative, Gilly Hicks restructuring (benefit) charges and charges related to certain corporate governance matters. See "RESULTS OF OPERATIONS" for additional details.

- (2) Adjusted non-GAAP net loss per diluted share is based on diluted weighted-average shares outstanding of 69.5 million and 74.5 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014, respectively.

As of May 2, 2015, the Company had \$383.2 million in cash and equivalents, and \$298.5 million in gross borrowings outstanding under its term loan facility. Net cash used for operating activities was \$93.8 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015. The Company used cash of \$29.9 million for capital expenditures and \$13.9 million to pay dividends during the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015.

Due to the seasonal nature of the retail apparel industry, the results of operations for any current period are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full fiscal year. The seasonality of the Company's operations may also lead to significant fluctuations in certain asset and liability accounts.

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CURRENT TRENDS AND OUTLOOK

The first quarter of Fiscal 2015 proved to be difficult due to a number of factors, both internal and external and, most significantly, because many of the actions we are taking to improve our business are in the early stages of implementation. While it may take time to realize the full impact of these changes, we believe they will reinvigorate our iconic brands and lead to meaningful and lasting improvement.

For Fiscal 2015, our ongoing efforts to turn around the business will be focused on:

- Putting the customer at the center of everything we do
- Defining a clear positioning for our brands in a rapidly changing and highly competitive marketplace
- Delivering a compelling and differentiated product assortment
- Optimizing our brand reach domestically and internationally
- Continuing to improve our efficiency, pare under-performing assets, and reduce expense
- Ensuring we are organized to succeed

For Fiscal 2015, we continue to expect foreign currency exchange rates to be a significant headwind to our results. With regard to comparable sales, we expect to see continued sequential improvement into the second quarter and the back half of the year.

We continue to expect the gross margin rate to be impacted by average unit cost reductions, offset by adverse foreign currency effects.

With regard to operating expense for Fiscal 2015, the Company expects to see the benefit of additional expense savings identified during the first quarter.

Excluded from our operating expense outlook are potential impairment and store closing charges and other potential business transformation and restructuring charges.

Over time, we expect the Company's sustainable income tax rate to return to the mid to upper 30s, as profitability recovers within the jurisdictions in which we operate. However, for Fiscal 2015, the tax rate is expected to be elevated and remains highly sensitive to the earnings mix by jurisdiction, particularly at lower levels of profitability.

In addition, we are continuing to project weighted average share count of approximately 70 million shares, excluding the effect of potential share buybacks.

For the remainder of Fiscal 2015 we plan to open 17 full-price stores in the key international growth markets of China, Japan and the Middle East and five full price stores in North America. We also plan to open 9 new outlet stores in the U.S. In addition, we expect to close approximately 60 stores in the U.S. during Fiscal 2015 through natural lease expirations.

With regard to capital allocation, we are targeting Fiscal 2015 capital expenditures of approximately \$150 million, which are prioritized towards new stores and store updates as well as direct-to-consumer ("DTC") and IT investments to support our growth initiatives.



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## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## NON-GAAP RESULTS

The Company's reported results are presented in accordance with GAAP. The reported cost of goods sold, stores and distribution expense, marketing, general and administrative expense, operating loss, tax benefit, net loss and net loss per diluted share for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014 reflect certain items affecting the comparability of our financial information. These reported results are also presented on a non-GAAP basis for the periods presented to exclude the impact of these items.

The Company believes that the non-GAAP results are useful to investors as they provide the ability to measure the Company's operating performance and compare it against that of prior periods excluding certain items which affect the comparability of our results. These non-GAAP results should not be used as alternatives to cost of goods sold, stores and distribution expense, marketing, general and administrative expense, operating loss, tax benefit, and net loss and net loss per diluted share and are also not intended to be indicators of ongoing operating performance of the Company or to supersede or replace the Company's GAAP reported results.

## STORE ACTIVITY

Store count and gross square footage by brand for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014, respectively, were as follows:

Store activity	Abercrombie <sup>(1)</sup>	Hollister	Total
U.S. stores			
January 31, 2015	361	433	794
New	3	—	3
Closed	(10	) (1	) (11
May 2, 2015	354	432	786
Gross square feet at May 2, 2015	2,728	2,979	5,707
International stores			
January 31, 2015	32	135	167
New	1	2	3
Closed	—	—	—
May 2, 2015	33	137	170
Gross square feet at May 2, 2015	565	1,184	1,749
Total stores	387	569	956
Total gross square feet at May 2, 2015	3,293	4,163	7,456
Store activity	Abercrombie <sup>(1)</sup>	Hollister	Total
U.S. stores			
February 1, 2014	381	458	839
New	—	1	1
Closed	(2	) (3	) (5
May 3, 2014	379	456	835
Gross square feet at May 3, 2014	2,891	3,145	6,036
International stores			

International stores

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February 1, 2014	24	129	153
New	1	—	1
Closed	—	—	—
May 3, 2014	25	129	154
Gross square feet at May 3, 2014	506	1,134	1,640
Total stores	404	585	989
Total gross square feet at May 3, 2014	3,397	4,279	7,676

<sup>(1)</sup> Prior period store counts have been restated to combine abercrombie kids carveouts and shared spaces with Abercrombie & Fitch stores into one store. The change reduced total stores by eight stores, nine stores and six stores as of January 31, 2015, May 3, 2014 and February 1, 2014, respectively.

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## Net Sales

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended May 2, 2015		May 3, 2014		Net Sales \$ Change	Net Sales % Change
	Net Sales	Change in Comparable Sales <sup>(1)</sup>	Net Sales	Change in Comparable Sales <sup>(1)</sup>		
Abercrombie	\$339,752	(9)%	\$386,278	(1)%	\$(46,526)	) (12)%
Hollister	369,670	(6)%	421,634	(7)%	(51,964)	) (12)%
Other <sup>(2)</sup>	—		14,516		(14,516)	) (100)%
Total net sales	\$709,422	(8)%	\$822,428	(4)%	\$(98,490)	) (12)%
U.S.	\$448,889	(7)%	\$504,396	(4)%	\$(55,507)	) (11)%
International	260,533	(9)%	318,032	(5)%	(57,499)	) (18)%
Total net sales	\$709,422	(8)%	\$822,428	(4)%	\$(113,006)	) (14)%

Changes in comparable sales are calculated on a constant currency basis by converting prior year store and online (1) sales at current year exchange rates. For the purpose of this calculation, a store must have been open as the same brand at least one year and its square footage must not have been expanded or reduced by more than 20% within the past year.

Represents net sales from the Company's Gilly Hicks operations. See Note 10, "GILLY HICKS (2) RESTRUCTURING," of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in "ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS," for additional information on the Company's exit from Gilly Hicks branded stores.

Net sales decreased 14% compared to the first quarter of Fiscal 2014. The net sales decrease was largely attributable to an 8% decrease in comparable sales, which contributed \$55.2 million to the decrease in net sales. The adverse effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (based on converting prior year sales at current year exchange rates) of approximately \$45.8 million, and five net store closures also contributed to the decrease in net sales.

## Cost of Goods Sold

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended May 2, 2015		May 3, 2014	
		% of Net Sales		% of Net Sales
Cost of goods sold	\$297,873	42.0%	\$310,769	37.8%
Inventory write-down	(26,861)	) (3.8)%	—	—%
Adjusted non-GAAP cost of goods sold	\$271,012	38.2%	\$310,769	37.8%
Gross profit	\$411,549	58.0%	\$511,659	62.2%
Inventory write-down	26,861	3.8%	—	—%
Adjusted non-GAAP gross profit	\$438,410	61.8%	\$511,659	62.2%

Cost of goods sold increased as a percentage of net sales by 420 basis points compared to the first quarter of Fiscal 2014. The increase was primarily due to a charge of \$26.9 million to write-down the carrying value of inventory to net realizable value as the Company elected to accelerate the disposition of certain aged merchandise that does not support the Company's prospective brand positioning strategy. The increase was also driven by the adverse effects of foreign currency exchange rates. These adverse effects were partially offset by a decrease in average unit cost. Excluding the inventory write-down charge, adjusted non-GAAP cost of goods sold increased as a percentage of net sales by 40 basis points compared to first quarter of Fiscal 2014.

## Stores and Distribution Expense

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended			
	May 2, 2015	% of Net Sales	May 3, 2014	% of Net Sales
Stores and distribution expense	\$ 391,638	55.2%	\$ 417,571	50.8%
Accelerated depreciation related to store fixtures	(1,381	) (0.2)%	—	—%
Lease termination and store closure costs related to Australia	(2,598	) (0.4)%	—	—%
Expense related to the Company's profit improvement initiative	(709	) (0.1)%	(764	) (0.1)%
Adjusted non-GAAP stores and distribution expense	\$ 386,950	54.5%	\$ 416,807	50.7%

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Stores and distribution expense increased as a percentage of net sales by 440 basis points compared to the first quarter of Fiscal 2014. The increase was primarily due to the deleveraging effect of negative comparable sales, partially offset by incremental savings from the Company's profit improvement initiative and additional expense reduction efforts identified during the quarter. Excluding charges for accelerated depreciation related to store fixtures, lease termination and store closure costs related to the Company's exit from its two Hollister stores in Australia and expense related to the Company's profit improvement initiative, adjusted non-GAAP stores and distribution expense increased as a percent of net sales by 380 basis points compared to the first quarter of Fiscal 2014.

Shipping and handling costs, including costs incurred to store, move and prepare the products for shipment and costs incurred to physically move the product to the customer, associated with direct-to-consumer operations were \$22.0 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 compared to \$21.6 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2014.

Handling costs, including costs incurred to store, move and prepare the products for shipment to stores, were \$11.0 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 compared to \$13.1 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2014.

These amounts are included in Stores and Distribution Expense on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss.

## Marketing, General and Administrative Expense

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended		May 3, 2014	
	May 2, 2015	% of Net Sales		% of Net Sales
Marketing, general and administrative expense	\$ 107,533	15.2%	\$ 123,581	15.0%
Expense related to the Company's profit improvement initiative	(1,770 )	(0.2)%	(2,298 )	(0.3)%
Charges related to certain corporate governance matters	—	—%	(6,903 )	(0.8)%
Adjusted non-GAAP marketing, general and administrative expense	\$ 105,763	14.9%	\$ 114,380	13.9%

Marketing, general and administrative expense increased as a percentage of net sales by 20 basis points compared to the first quarter of Fiscal 2014. The increase was primarily due to the deleveraging effect of negative comparable sales, partially offset by expense reduction efforts identified during the quarter and a benefit of not incurring corporate governance charges in the first quarter of Fiscal 2015. Excluding charges related to the Company's profit improvement initiative and corporate governance, adjusted non-GAAP marketing, general and administrative expense increased as a percent of net sales by 100 basis points.

## Restructuring (Benefit) Charge

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended		May 3, 2014	
	May 2, 2015	% of Net Sales		% of Net Sales
Restructuring (benefit) charge	\$(1,598 )	(0.2)%	\$5,633	0.7%

The Company recognized a restructuring benefit in the first quarter of Fiscal 2015 for a true-up of an estimate for lease terminations associated with the restructuring of the Gilly Hicks brand. The first quarter of Fiscal 2014 included

charges primarily related to lease terminations associated with the closures of the Gilly Hicks stand-alone stores.

Asset Impairment

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended		May 3, 2014	
	May 2, 2015	% of Net Sales		% of Net Sales
Asset impairment	\$6,133	0.9%	\$—	—%

The Company incurred non-cash asset impairment charges in the first quarter of Fiscal 2015 related to a decision to remove certain store fixtures in connection with changes to the Abercrombie and Hollister store experiences, and a fair value adjustment related to the Company-owned aircraft currently held for sale.

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## Other Operating Income, Net

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended		May 3, 2014	
	May 2, 2015	% of Net Sales		% of Net Sales
Other operating income, net	\$ (1,960	) (0.3)%	\$ (3,620	) (0.4)%

Other operating income, net, included income of approximately \$1.1 million related to foreign currency transactions for the first quarter of Fiscal 2015, and income of approximately \$3.1 million related to insurance recoveries for the first quarter of Fiscal 2014.

## Operating Loss

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended		May 3, 2014	
	May 2, 2015	% of Net Sales		% of Net Sales
Operating loss	\$ (90,197	) (12.7)%	\$ (31,506	) (3.8)%
Inventory write-down	26,861	3.8%	—	—%
Asset impairment	6,133	0.9%	—	—%
Lease termination and store closures costs related to Australia	2,598	0.4%	—	—%
Expense related to the Company's profit improvement initiative	2,479	0.3%	3,062	0.4%
Accelerated depreciation related to store fixtures	1,381	0.2%	—	—%
Restructuring (benefit) charges	(1,598	) (0.2)%	5,633	0.7%
Charges related to certain corporate governance matters	—	—%	6,903	0.8%
Adjusted non-GAAP operating loss	\$ (52,343	) (7.4)%	\$ (15,908	) (1.9)%

Operating loss as a percentage of sales increased by 890 basis points compared to the first quarter of Fiscal 2014. The primary drivers of the increase were the deleveraging effect of negative comparable sales, the \$26.9 million inventory write-down and the adverse impact of foreign currency exchange rates.

## Interest Expense, Net

(in thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended		May 3, 2014	
	May 2, 2015	% of Net Sales		% of Net Sales
Interest expense	\$ 5,667	0.8%	\$ 2,960	0.4%
Interest income	(1,028	) (0.1)%	(963	) (0.1)%
Interest expense, net	\$ 4,639	0.7%	\$ 1,997	0.2%

The increase in interest expense was primarily due to a higher principal balance and a higher interest rate on debt outstanding compared to the first quarter of Fiscal 2014.

## Tax Benefit

(in thousands, except ratios)	Thirteen Weeks Ended		May 3, 2014	
	May 2, 2015	Effective Tax Rate		Effective Tax Rate
Tax benefit	\$ (31,590	) 33.3%	\$ (9,832	) 29.3%

Excluded items <sup>(1)</sup>	11,782		4,906	
Adjusted non-GAAP tax benefit	\$(19,808	) 34.8%	\$(4,926	) 27.5%

Excluded items include inventory write-down, asset impairment, accelerated depreciation related to store fixtures,  
<sup>(1)</sup> lease termination and store closure costs related to the Company's exit from its two Hollister stores in Australia,  
 expense related to the Company's profit improvement initiative, Gilly Hicks restructuring (benefit) charges and  
 charges related to certain corporate governance matters.

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The Fiscal 2015 effective tax rate increased year-over-year due to the change in the underlying mix and level of earnings and losses by taxing jurisdictions. Changes to the Company's projected profitability or mix of earnings may result in changes to assessments of valuation allowances.

### Net Loss and Net Loss per Share

Net loss was \$63.2 million for the first quarter of Fiscal 2015 compared to a net loss of \$23.7 million for the first quarter of Fiscal 2014. The Company reported net loss per basic and diluted share of \$0.91 and \$0.32 for the first quarter of Fiscal 2015 and Fiscal 2014, respectively. Excluding certain items, detailed in the GAAP to non-GAAP financial measures reconciliation provided under "BUSINESS SUMMARY," the Company reported adjusted non-GAAP net loss of \$37.2 million and \$13.0 million and adjusted non-GAAP net loss per basic and diluted share of \$0.53 and \$0.17 for the first quarter of Fiscal 2015 and Fiscal 2014, respectively.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

### HISTORICAL SOURCES AND USES OF CASH

#### Seasonality of Cash Flows

The Company's business has two principal selling seasons: the Spring season which includes the first and second fiscal quarters ("Spring") and the Fall season which includes the third and fourth fiscal quarters ("Fall"). As is typical in the apparel industry, the Company experiences its greatest sales activity during the Fall season due to Back-to-School and Holiday sales periods, particularly in the U.S. The Company relies on excess operating cash flows, which are largely generated in the Fall season, to fund operating expenses throughout the year and to reinvest in the business to support future growth. The Company also has the ABL facility available as a source of additional funding.

#### Asset-Based Revolving Credit Facility

The Company has a senior secured revolving credit facility with availability of up to \$400 million (the "ABL Facility"), subject to a borrowing base. The ABL Facility is available for working capital, capital expenditures and other general corporate purposes. The ABL Facility will mature on August 7, 2019. No borrowings were outstanding under the ABL Facility as of May 2, 2015.

Amounts borrowed under the ABL Facility bear interest, at the Company's option, at either an adjusted LIBOR rate plus a margin of 1.25% to 1.75% per annum, or an alternate base rate plus a margin of 0.25% to 0.75% per annum based on average historical excess availability during the preceding quarter. The Company is also required to pay a fee of 0.25% per annum on undrawn commitments under the ABL Facility. Customary agency fees and letter of credit fees are also payable in respect of the ABL Facility.

As of May 2, 2015, the borrowing base on the ABL Facility was \$268.1 million. As of June 4, 2015, the Company had not drawn on the ABL Facility, and had approximately \$9.0 million in outstanding letters of credit.

#### Term Loan Facility

The Company is also party to a term loan agreement, which provides for a term loan facility of \$300 million (the "Term Loan Facility" and, together with the ABL Facility, the "2014 Credit Facilities"). The Term Loan Facility was issued at a \$3 million or 1.0% discount. In addition, the Company recorded deferred financing fees associated with the

issuance of the 2014 Credit Facilities of \$5.8 million in aggregate, of which \$3.2 million was paid to lenders. The Company is amortizing the debt discount and deferred financing fees over the respective contractual terms of the 2014 Credit Facilities. The Company's Term Loan debt is presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets, net of the unamortized discount and fees paid to lenders. Net borrowings as of May 2, 2015 were as follows:

(in thousands)	May 2, 2015	
Borrowings, gross at carrying amount	\$298,500	
Unamortized discount	(2,679)	)
Unamortized fees	(3,466)	)
Borrowings, net	\$292,355	
Less: short-term portion of borrowings, net of discount and fees of \$983	(2,017)	)
Long-term portion of borrowings, net	\$290,338	

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The Term Loan Facility will mature on August 7, 2021 and amortizes at a rate equal to 0.25% of the original principal amount per quarter, beginning with the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2014. The Term Loan Facility is subject to (a) beginning in 2016, an annual mandatory prepayment in an amount equal to 0% to 50% of the Company's excess cash flows in the preceding fiscal year, depending on the Company's leverage ratio and (b) certain other mandatory prepayments upon receipt by the Company of proceeds of certain debt issuances, asset sales and casualty events, subject to certain exceptions specified therein, including reinvestment rights.

At the Company's option, borrowings under the Term Loan Facility will bear interest at either (a) an adjusted LIBOR rate no lower than 1.00% plus a margin of 3.75% per annum or (b) an alternate base rate plus a margin of 2.75% per annum. Customary agency fees are also payable in respect of the Term Loan Facility. The interest rate on borrowings under the Term Loan Facility was 4.75% as of May 2, 2015.

### Operating Activities

Net cash used for operating activities was \$93.8 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 compared to net cash used for operating activities of \$40.1 million for the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2014. The increase in net cash used for operating activities in first quarter of Fiscal 2015 as compared to the first quarter of Fiscal 2014 was primarily driven by lower sales, including the adverse impact of foreign currency exchange rates, and a greater reduction in inventory in the first quarter of Fiscal 2014.

### Investing Activities

Cash outflows for investing activities for the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014 were used primarily for the purchase of property and equipment related to new store construction, information technology, and direct-to-consumer capabilities.

### Financing Activities

For the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015, cash outflows for financing activities consisted primarily of the payment of dividends of \$13.9 million. For the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2014, cash outflows for financing activities consisted primarily of the repurchase of A&F's Common Stock of \$150.0 million, the payment of dividends of \$14.7 million and the repayment of borrowings of \$3.8 million.

During the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2014, A&F repurchased approximately 3.8 million shares of A&F's Common Stock through an accelerated share repurchase agreement at an aggregate cost of \$150 million. Repurchases of A&F's Common Stock were made pursuant to the A&F Board of Directors' authorizations.

As of May 2, 2015, A&F had approximately 9.0 million remaining shares available for repurchase as part of the A&F Board of Directors' previously approved authorizations.

### FUTURE CASH REQUIREMENTS AND SOURCES OF CASH

Over the next twelve months, the Company's primary cash requirements will be to fund operating activities, including the acquisition of inventory, and obligations related to compensation, leases, taxes and other operating activities, as well as to fund capital expenditures and quarterly dividends to stockholders subject to approval by A&F's Board of Directors. The Company has availability under the ABL Facility as a source of additional funding.

The Company plans to open 17 full-price stores in fiscal 2015 in the key growth markets of China, Japan and the Middle East and five full price stores in North America. The Company expects to open nine new outlet stores in the U.S. In addition, the Company anticipates closing approximately 60 stores in the U.S. during the fiscal year through natural lease expirations.

The Company expects total capital expenditures for Fiscal 2015 to be approximately \$150 million, which are being prioritized toward new stores and store updates, as well as direct-to-consumer and IT investments to support growth initiatives.

The Company may continue to repurchase shares of its Common Stock and would anticipate funding these cash requirements utilizing free cash flow generated from operations or proceeds from its existing credit facilities.

The Company is not dependent on dividends from its foreign subsidiaries to fund its U.S. operations or make distributions to A&F's stockholders. Unremitted earnings from foreign subsidiaries, which are considered to be invested indefinitely, would become subject to income tax if they were remitted as dividends or were lent to A&F or a U.S. affiliate. Although the Company has no

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intent to repatriate cash held in Europe and Asia subsidiaries, the Company has the ability to repatriate current Europe and Asia cash balances without the occurrence of a taxable dividend in the United States parent company.

### OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company uses in the ordinary course of business stand-by letters of credit under the existing ABL Facility. The Company had \$9.2 million in stand-by letters of credit outstanding as of May 2, 2015. The Company has no other off-balance sheet arrangements.

### CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The Company's contractual obligations consist primarily of operating leases, purchase orders for merchandise inventory, unrecognized tax benefits, certain retirement obligations, lease deposits and other agreements to purchase goods and services that are legally binding and that require minimum quantities to be purchased. These contractual obligations impact the Company's short- and long-term liquidity and capital resource needs. During the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015, there were no material changes in the contractual obligations as of January 31, 2015, with the exception of those obligations which occurred in the normal course of business (primarily changes in the Company's merchandise inventory-related purchases and lease obligations, which fluctuate throughout the year as a result of the seasonal nature of the Company's operations), and the repayments under the Term Loan Facility.

### RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

See Note 1, "BASIS OF PRESENTATION--RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS" of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in "ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS," of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for recent accounting pronouncements, including the expected dates of adoption and estimated effects on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

We describe our significant accounting policies in Note 2, "SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES," of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements contained in "ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA" of A&F's Annual Report on Form 10-K for Fiscal 2014. We discuss our critical accounting estimates in "ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS", in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for Fiscal 2014. There have been no significant changes in our significant accounting policies or critical accounting estimates since the end of Fiscal 2014 with the exception of the items below.

The Company has not made any material changes in the accounting methodology used to determine the write-down of inventory to fair value over the past three fiscal years. The Company reduces the inventory valuation when the cost of specific inventory items on hand exceeds the amount expected to be realized from the ultimate sale or disposal of the goods through a lower of cost or market ("LCM") reserve. The total LCM reserve increased by approximately \$27.6 million from January 31, 2015. During the first quarter of Fiscal 2015 the Company elected to accelerate the disposition of certain aged merchandise that does not support the Company's prospective inventory brand strategy. The Company now plans to sell or dispose of this inventory through alternative channels, and as a result incurred a \$26.9 million charge to write-down the carrying value of certain inventory to its estimated net realizable value.



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SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT UNDER THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

The Company cautions that any forward-looking statements (as such term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995) contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or made by the Company, its management or spokespeople involve risks and uncertainties and are subject to change based on various important factors, many of which may be beyond the Company's control. Words such as "estimate," "project," "plan," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," and similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements.

The following factors, including the disclosures under the heading "FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND RISK FACTORS" in "ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS" of A&F's Annual Report on Form 10-K for Fiscal 2014 filed on March 30, 2014, in some cases have affected and in the future could affect the Company's financial performance and could cause actual results for Fiscal 2015 and beyond to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any of the forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or otherwise made by management:

changes in global economic and financial conditions, and the resulting impact on consumer confidence and consumer spending, as well as other changes in consumer discretionary spending habits, could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and liquidity;

the inability to manage our inventory commensurate with customer demand and changing fashion trends could adversely impact our sales levels and profitability;

fluctuations in the cost, availability and quality of raw materials, labor and transportation, could cause manufacturing delays and increase our costs;

- we are currently involved in a selection process for a new Chief Executive Officer and if this selection process is delayed our business could be negatively impacted;

failure to realize the anticipated benefits of our recent transition to a brand-based organizational model could have a negative impact on our business;

a significant component of our growth strategy is international expansion, which requires significant capital investment, the success of which is dependent on a number of factors that could delay or prevent the profitability of our international operations;

direct-to-consumer sales channels are a focus of our growth strategy, and the failure to successfully develop our position in these channels could have an adverse impact on our results of operations;

our inability to successfully implement our strategic plans could have a negative impact on our growth and profitability;

fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates could adversely impact our financial condition and results of operations;

our business could suffer if our information technology systems are disrupted or cease to operate effectively;

- we may be exposed to risks and costs associated with cyber-attacks, credit card fraud and identity theft that would cause us to incur unexpected expenses and loss of revenues;

our market share may be negatively impacted by increasing competition and pricing pressures from companies with brands or merchandise competitive with ours;

our ability to attract customers to our stores depends, in part, on the success of the shopping malls or area attractions in which most of our stores are located;

our failure to protect our reputation could have a material adverse effect on our brands;

- we rely on the experience and skills of our senior executive officers, the loss of whom could have a material adverse effect on our business;

we depend upon independent third parties for the manufacture and delivery of all our merchandise, a disruption of which could result in lost sales and could increase our costs;

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our reliance on two distribution centers domestically and third-party distribution centers internationally makes us susceptible to disruptions or adverse conditions affecting our distribution centers;

we may be exposed to liabilities under the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, and any determination that we violated the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act could have a material adverse effect on our business;

in a number of our European stores, associates are represented by workers' councils and unions, whose demands could adversely affect our profitability or operating standards for our brands;

our facilities, systems and stores, as well as the facilities and systems of our vendors and manufacturers, are vulnerable to natural disasters, pandemic disease and other unexpected events, any of which could result in an interruption to our business and adversely affect our operating results;

our litigation exposure could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations;

our inability or failure to adequately protect our trademarks could have a negative impact on our brand image and limit our ability to penetrate new markets;

fluctuations in our tax obligations and effective tax rate may result in volatility in our operating results;

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extreme weather conditions and the seasonal nature of our business may cause net sales to fluctuate and negatively impact our results of operations;

the impact of war or acts of terrorism could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and financial condition;

changes in the regulatory or compliance landscape could adversely affect our business and results of operations;

our Asset-Based Revolving Credit Agreement and our Term Loan Agreement include restrictive covenants that limit our flexibility in operating our business; and,

compliance with changing regulations and standards for accounting, corporate governance and public disclosure could adversely affect our business, results of operations and reported financial results.

Future economic and industry trends that could potentially impact revenue and profitability are difficult to predict. Therefore, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q will prove to be accurate. In light of the significant uncertainties in the forward-looking statements included herein, the inclusion of such information should not be regarded as a representation by the Company, or any other person, that the objectives of the Company will be achieved. The forward-looking statements included herein are based on information presently available to the management of the Company. Except as may be required by applicable law, the Company assumes no obligation to publicly update or revise its forward-looking statements even if experience or future changes make it clear that any projected results expressed or implied therein will not be realized.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

#### Investment Securities

The Company maintains its cash equivalents in financial instruments, primarily money market funds and United States treasury bills, with original maturities of three months or less.

The irrevocable rabbi trust (the "Rabbi Trust") is intended to be used as a source of funds to match respective funding obligations to participants in the Abercrombie & Fitch Co. Nonqualified Savings and Supplemental Retirement Plan I, the Abercrombie & Fitch Co. Nonqualified Savings and Supplemental Retirement Plan II and the Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan. The Rabbi Trust assets primarily consist of trust-owned life insurance policies which are recorded at cash surrender value. The change in cash surrender value of the trust-owned life insurance policies held in the Rabbi Trust resulted in realized gains of \$0.8 million for each of the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014 recorded in Interest Expense, Net on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss.

The Rabbi Trust assets are included in Other Assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and are restricted in their use as noted above.

#### Interest Rate Risks

The Company has approximately \$298.5 million in gross borrowings outstanding under its term loan facility (the "Term Loan Facility") and no borrowings outstanding under its senior secured revolving credit facility (the "ABL Facility" and, together with the Term Loan Facility, the "2014 Credit Facilities"). The 2014 Credit Facilities carry interest rates that are tied to LIBOR or an alternate base rate plus a margin. The interest rate on the Term Loan Facility has a 100 basis point LIBOR floor, and assuming no changes in the Company's financial structure as it stands, an increase in market interest rates of 100 basis points would not have a material effect on annual interest expense. This hypothetical analysis for the fifty-two weeks ending January 30, 2016 may differ from the actual change in interest expense due to various conditions which may result in changes in interest rates under the Company's Credit Facilities.

### Foreign Exchange Rate Risk

A&F's international subsidiaries generally operate with functional currencies other than the U.S. Dollar. The Company's Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in U.S. Dollars. Therefore, the Company must translate revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities from functional currencies into U.S. Dollars at exchange rates in effect during or at the end of the reporting period. The fluctuation in the value of the U.S. Dollar against other currencies affects the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities. The potential impact of currency fluctuation increases as international expansion increases.

A&F and its subsidiaries have exposure to changes in currency exchange rates associated with foreign currency transactions and forecasted foreign currency transactions, including the sale of inventory between subsidiaries and foreign denominated assets and liabilities. Such transactions are denominated primarily in U.S. Dollars, Australian Dollars, British Pounds, Canadian Dollars,

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Chinese Yuan, Danish Kroner, Euros, Hong Kong Dollars, Japanese Yen, Kuwaiti Dinars, New Taiwan Dollars, Polish Zloty, Singapore Dollars, South Korean Won, Swedish Kronor, Swiss Francs and United Arab Emirates Dirhams. The Company has established a program that primarily utilizes foreign currency forward contracts to partially offset the risks associated with the effects of certain foreign currency transactions and forecasted transactions. Under this program, increases or decreases in foreign currency exposures are partially offset by gains or losses on forward contracts, to mitigate the impact of foreign currency gains or losses. The Company does not use forward contracts to engage in currency speculation. All outstanding foreign currency forward contracts are recorded at fair value at the end of each fiscal period.

The fair value of outstanding foreign currency exchange forward contracts included in Other Current Assets was \$4.8 million and \$10.3 million as of May 2, 2015 and January 31, 2015, respectively. The fair value of outstanding foreign currency exchange forward contracts included in Other Liabilities was \$0.3 million as of May 2, 2015, and insignificant as of January 31, 2015. Foreign currency exchange forward contracts are sensitive to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company assessed the risk of loss in fair values from the effect of a hypothetical 10% devaluation of the U.S. Dollar against the exchange rates for foreign currencies under contract. The results would decrease derivative contract fair values by approximately \$10.2 million. As the Company's foreign currency exchange forward contracts are primarily designated as cash flow hedges of forecasted transactions, the hypothetical change in fair value would be largely offset by the net change in fair values of the underlying hedged items.

## ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

### Disclosure Controls and Procedures

A&F maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports that A&F files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to A&F's management, including the Interim Principal Executive Officer of A&F and the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of A&F, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Because of inherent limitations, disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of disclosure controls and procedures are met.

A&F's management, including the Interim Principal Executive Officer of A&F and the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of A&F, evaluated the effectiveness of A&F's design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the fiscal quarter ended May 2, 2015. Based upon that evaluation, the Interim Principal Executive Officer of A&F and the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of A&F concluded that A&F's disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable level of assurance as of May 2, 2015, the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in A&F's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during A&F's fiscal quarter ended May 2, 2015 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, A&F's internal control over financial reporting.



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## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is a defendant in lawsuits and other adversary proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Legal costs incurred in connection with the resolution of claims and lawsuits are generally expensed as incurred, and the Company establishes reserves for the outcome of litigation where it deems appropriate to do so under applicable accounting rules. The Company's assessment of the current exposure could change in the event of the discovery of additional facts with respect to legal matters pending against the Company or determinations by judges, juries, administrative agencies or other finders of fact that are not in accordance with the Company's evaluation of claims. Actual liabilities may exceed the amounts reserved, and there can be no assurance that final resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. The Company has established accruals for certain matters where losses are deemed probable and reasonably estimable. There are other claims and legal proceedings pending against the Company for which accruals have not been established.

## ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

The Company's risk factors as of May 2, 2015 have not changed materially from those disclosed in Part I, "ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS" of A&F's Annual Report on Form 10-K for Fiscal 2014 filed on March 30, 2015.

## ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

There were no sales of equity securities during the first quarter of Fiscal 2015 that were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933.

The following table provides information regarding the purchase of shares of Common Stock of A&F made by or on behalf of A&F or any "affiliated purchaser" as defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, during each fiscal month of the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015:

Period (Fiscal Month)	Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>(1)</sup>	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs <sup>(2)</sup>	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased under the Plans or Programs <sup>(3)</sup>
February 1, 2015 through February 28, 2015	4,517	\$25.73	—	8,964,176
March 1, 2015 through April 4, 2015	113,140	\$21.47	—	8,964,176
April 5, 2015 through May 2, 2015	2,074	\$22.15	—	8,964,176
Total	119,731	\$21.64	—	8,964,176

All of the 119,731 shares of A&F's Common Stock purchased during the thirteen weeks ended May 2,

<sup>(1)</sup> 2015 represented shares which were withheld for tax payments due upon the vesting of employee restricted stock unit and restricted share awards which vested.

<sup>(2)</sup>

No shares were repurchased during the thirteen weeks ended May 2, 2015 pursuant to A&F's publicly announced stock repurchase authorization. On August 14, 2012, A&F's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of 10.0 million shares of A&F's Common Stock, which was announced on August 15, 2012.

The number shown represents, as of the end of each period, the maximum number of shares of Common Stock that <sup>(3)</sup> may yet be purchased under A&F's publicly announced stock repurchase authorization described in footnote 2 above. The shares may be purchased, from time-to-time, depending on market conditions.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No. Document

15	Letter re: Unaudited Interim Financial Information to Securities and Exchange Commission re: Inclusion of Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm – PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.*
31.1	Certifications by Chief Operating Officer (Interim Principal Executive Officer) pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
31.2	Certifications by Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
32	Certifications by Chief Operating Officer (Interim Principal Executive Officer) and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**
101	The following materials from Abercrombie & Fitch Co.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended May 2, 2015, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss for the Thirteen Weeks Ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014; (ii) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at May 2, 2015 and January 31, 2015; (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Thirteen Weeks Ended May 2, 2015 and May 3, 2014; and (iv) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements*

\* Filed herewith.

\*\* Furnished herewith.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: June 8, 2015

ABERCROMBIE & FITCH CO.

By /s/ Joanne C. Crevoiserat

Joanne C. Crevoiserat

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer and Authorized Officer)

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\*\*Furnished herewith.