FLAGSTAR BANCORP INC	
Form 10-Q	
August 06, 2015	
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UNITED STATES	
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION	N
Washington, D.C. 20549	
FORM 10-Q	
(Mark One)	
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SI OF 1934	ECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015 OR	
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SI OF 1934	ECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
For the transition period from to	
Commission File Number: 001-16577	
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter	r).
Michigan	38-3150651
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
Incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
5151 Corporate Drive, Troy, Michigan	48098-2639
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip code)
(248) 312-2000	1.
(Registrant's telephone number, including area co-	de)
Not applicable	
(Former name, former address and formal fiscal year	ear, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes ý No ".

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ($\S232.405$ of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \circ No \circ .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer Someon-accelerated filer of (Do not check if smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No \circ .

As of August 4, 2015, 56,436,026 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.01 par value, were issued and outstanding.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Flagstar Bancorp, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition

(In millions, except share data)

(III IIIIIIOIIS, except share data)		
	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
	(Unaudited)	
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash	\$52	\$47
Interest-earning deposits	194	89
Total cash and cash equivalents	246	136
Investment securities	2,272	1,672
Loans held-for-sale (\$2,005 and \$1,196 measured at fair value, respectively)	2,038	1,244
Loans with government guarantees	592	1,128
Loans held-for-investment, net		
Loans held-for-investment (\$182 and \$211 measured at fair value, respectively)	5,335	4,448
Less: allowance for loan losses	(222) (297)
Total loans held-for-investment, net	5,113	4,151
Mortgage servicing rights	317	258
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	113	155
Premises and equipment, net	240	238
Net deferred tax asset	400	442
Other assets	808	416
Total assets	\$12,139	\$9,840
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Deposits		
Noninterest bearing	\$1,417	\$1,209
Interest bearing	6,231	5,860
Total deposits	7,648	7,069
Federal Home Loan Bank advances (includes both short-term and long-term)	2,198	514
Long-term debt (\$36 and \$84 measured at fair value, respectively)	283	331
Representation and warranty reserve	48	53
Other liabilities (\$84 and \$82 measured at fair value, respectively)	511	500
Total liabilities	10,688	8,467
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred stock \$0.01 par value, liquidation value \$1,000 per share, 25,000,000	267	267
shares authorized; 266,657 issued and outstanding, respectively	207	207
Common stock \$0.01 par value, 70,000,000 shares authorized; 56,436,026 and	1	1
56,332,307 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	1	1
Additional paid in capital	1,482	1,482
Accumulated other comprehensive income	8	8
Accumulated deficit	() (385
Total stockholders' equity	1,451	1,373
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$12,139	\$9,840

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Flagstar Bancorp, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations (In millions, except per share data)

(III IIIIIIIIIII), except per share data)								
	Three Months 2015	En	nded June 30, 2014		Six Months I 2015	∃nd	led June 30, 2014	
Interest Income	(Unaudited)							
Loans	\$74		\$62		\$139		\$121	
Investment securities available-for-sale	15		10		29		17	
Interest-earning deposits and other	1				1			
Total interest income	90		72		169		138	
Interest Expense								
Deposits	11		6		20		13	
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	4		1		7		1	
Other	2		2		4		3	
Total interest expense	17		9		31		17	
Net interest income	73		63		138		121	
(Benefit) provision for loan losses	(13)	6		(17)	119	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	86		57		155		2	
Noninterest Income								
Net gain on loan sales	83		55		174		100	
Loan fees and charges	19		25		36		38	
Deposit fees and charges	6		5		12		10	
Loan administration income	7		6		11		13	
Net return on the mortgage servicing asset	9		5		7		21	
Net (loss) gain on sale of assets	(2)	4		(2)	6	
Representation and warranty benefit (provision)	5	,	(5)	7	,	(4)
Other noninterest (loss) income	(1)	8	,			(7)
Total noninterest income	126	,	103		245		177	,
Noninterest Expense	120		100		2.0		1,,	
Compensation and benefits	59		55		120		120	
Commissions	11		9		21		16	
Occupancy and equipment	20		19		40		40	
Asset resolution	5		18		13		29	
Federal insurance premiums	6		7		12		12	
Loan processing expense	14		8		26		16	
Legal and professional expense	8		14		17		25	
Other noninterest expense	15		(8	`	27		1	
<u>*</u>	138		122)	276		259	
Total noninterest expense Income (loss) before income taxes	74		38		124		(80	`
			12				•)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	28				46		(28)
Net income (loss)	46		26		78		(52)
Preferred stock accretion	<u> </u>		Φ26		<u></u>		(1)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$46		\$26		\$78		\$(53)
Income (loss) per share	40.60		Φ0.22		0.1.10		Φ (1. 1 .7	,
Basic	\$0.69		\$0.33		\$1.12		\$(1.17)
Diluted	\$0.68		\$0.33		\$1.11		\$(1.17)
Weighted average shares outstanding	.		# c 0 c 0 / = -		* ~			
Basic	56,436,026		56,230,458		56,410,880		56,212,422	
Diluted	57,165,072		56,822,102		56,971,133		56,212,422	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Flagstar Bancorp, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (In millions)

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June				
	2015		2014		2015		2014	
	(Unaudited	1)			(Unaudited))		
Net income (loss)	\$46		\$26		\$78		\$(52)
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax								
Investment securities available-for-sale								
Unrealized (loss) gain	(25)	13		(1)	19	
Reclassification of net loss on the sale	_		(1)			(1)
Total investment securities available-for-sale, before tax	(25)	12		(1)	18	
Other comprehensive income, before tax								
Other comprehensive income, deferred tax expense								
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(9)	4		(1)	6	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	(16)	8				12	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$30		\$34		\$78		\$(40)

Flagstar Bancorp, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (In millions)

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	•	:d	Total Stockholde Equity	ers'
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$266	\$1	\$1,479	\$ (5)	\$ (315)	\$1,426	
(Unaudited)								
Net loss					(52)	(52)
Total other comprehensive				12			12	
income				12			12	
Accretion of preferred stock	1				(1)	_	
Stock-based compensation			1		_		1	
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$267	\$1	\$1,480	\$ 7	\$ (368)	\$1,387	
Balance at December 31, 2014	267	1	1,482	8	\$ (385)	\$1,373	
(Unaudited)								
Net income	_	_	_		78		78	
Total other comprehensive								
income	_	_	_		_		_	
Stock-based compensation					_		_	
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$267	\$1	\$1,482	\$8	\$ (307)	\$1,451	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Flagstar Bancorp, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In millions)

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2015	2014		
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)		
	,	As Restated		
Operating Activities				
Net income (loss)	\$78	\$(52)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities	3 :			
(Benefit) provision for loan losses	(17) 119		
Representation and warranty (benefit) provision	(7) 4		
Depreciation and amortization	11	11		
Deferred income taxes	43	(21)	
Changes in fair value of MSRs, DOJ litigation settlement liability and long-term			,	
debt	26	12		
Premium, change in fair value, and other non-cash changes	(520) (378)	
Net gain on loan and asset sales	(172) (107)	
Other changes:		, (,	
Proceeds from sales of loans held-for-sale ("HFS")	9,764	7,323		
Origination and repurchase of loans, net of principal repayments	(14,297) (10,565)	
Increase in accrued interest receivable	(4) (10)	
Decrease (increase) in other assets, excludes purchase of other investments	43	(17)	
Net charge-offs in representation and warranty reserve	(2) (11)	
Increase in other liabilities	8	10	,	
Net cash used in operating activities	(5,046) (3,682)	
Investing Activities		, ()	,	
Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale securities including loans that have been	4.550	4.160		
securitized	4,558	4,168		
Collection of principal on investment securities available-for-sale	124	69		
Purchase of investment securities available-for-sale and other	(724) (669)	
Proceeds received from the sale of held-for-investment loans ("HFI")	710	35		
Origination and purchase of loans HFI, net of principal repayments	(1,717) (679)	
Purchase of bank owned life insurance	(150) —		
Proceeds from the disposition of repossessed assets	13	21		
Redemption of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	42	_		
Acquisitions of premises and equipment, net of proceeds	(19) (16)	
Proceeds from the sale of mortgage servicing rights	100	104		
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,937	3,033		
Financing Activities				
Net increase in deposit accounts	580	504		
Proceeds from increases in Federal Home Loan Bank advances	14,480	10,110		
Repayment of Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(12,796) (10,066)	
Repayment of trust preferred securities and long-term debt	(50) (11)	
Net (reduction) receipt of payments of loans serviced for others	(3) 31		
Net receipt of escrow payments	8	3		
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,219	571		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	110	(78)	
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	136	281		

Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$246	\$203
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Interest paid on deposits and other borrowings	\$26	\$14
Income tax payments	\$3	\$
Non-cash reclassification of loans HFI to loans HFS	\$775	\$314
Non-cash reclassification of loans HFS to HFI	\$27	\$7
Non-cash reclassification of loans HFS to AFS securities	\$4,566	\$4,120
Mortgage servicing rights resulting from sale or securitization of loans	\$146	\$120
Non-cash reclassification of loans with government guarantee to other assets	\$373	\$ —

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Flagstar Bancorp, Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of Flagstar Bancorp, Inc. ("Flagstar" or the "Company"), including its wholly owned principal subsidiary, Flagstar Bank, FSB (the "Bank"), have been prepared using U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for a full year presentation and certain disclosures have been condensed or omitted in accordance with rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. These interim financial statements are unaudited and include, in the opinion of the Company, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the periods indicated, which are not necessarily indicative of results which may be expected for the full year. These consolidated financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, which is available on the Company's website, at flagstar.com, and on the SEC website, at sec.gov. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

Note 2 – Investment Securities

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, investment securities were comprised of the following.

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value			
	(Dollars in millions)						
June 30, 2015							
Available-for-sale securities							
Agency	\$904	\$6	\$(3) \$907			
Agency-collateralized mortgage obligations	1,358	11	(4) 1,365			
Total available-for-sale securities	\$2,262	\$17	\$(7) \$2,272			
December 31, 2014							
Available-for-sale securities							
Agency	\$925	\$6	\$(2) \$929			
Agency-collateralized mortgage obligations	734	8	(1) 741			
Municipal obligations	2	_	_	2			
Total available-for-sale securities	\$1,661	\$14	\$(3) \$1,672			

Available-for-sale securities

Securities available-for-sale are carried at fair value, with unrealized gains reported as a component of other comprehensive income and unrealized losses reported as a component of other comprehensive income to the extent they are temporary in nature. Credit related declines in the securities are classified as other-than-temporary impairments ("OTTI") and are reported as a separate component of noninterest income within the Consolidated Statement of Operations. An impaired investment security is considered to be other than temporary if (1) the Company intends to sell the security; (2) it is more likely than not the Company will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis; or (3) the present value of expected cash flows is not sufficient to recover all contractually required principal and interest payments.

The Company purchased \$72 million and \$724 million of investment securities, which included agency securities, comprised of mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. The Company purchased \$464 million and \$669 million of investment securities, which included agency securities comprised of mortgage-backed securities during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively.

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The following table summarizes by duration the unrealized loss positions on investment securities available-for-sale.

	Unrealized Loss Position with				Unrealized Loss Position with					
	Duration 12	Months and	Over	Durat	Duration Under 12 Months					
	Fair Value	Number of Securities	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value		mber of curities	Unrealize Loss	d		
Type of Security	(Dollars in 1	millions)								
June 30, 2015										
Agency	\$13	3	\$(1	\$244	16		\$(2)		
Agency-collateralized mortgage obligations		_	_	460	35		(4)		
December 31, 2014										
Agency	\$53	6	\$ —	\$305	21		\$(2)		
Agency-collateralized mortgage obligations	98	10	(1) 38	4		_			

Gains (losses) on sales of available-for-sale securities are reported in net gain on securities available-for-sale in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, there were no sales of investment securities except those related to loans that had been securitized for sale in the normal course of business, compared to \$40 million and \$58 million, respectively, sales of investment securities, resulting in a gain of \$1 million during both the three and six months ended June 30, 2014.

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities, excluding trading securities, at June 30, 2015, are presented below by contractual maturity. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations.

	Investment Securities Available-for-Sale					
	Amortized Fair Weighted		Weighted-Av	erage		
	Cost	Value	Yield			
June 30, 2015	(Dollars in mil	lions)				
Due in one year or less	\$—	\$	_	%		
Due after one year through five years	10	10	2.05	%		
Due after five years through 10 years	83	83	2.39	%		
Due after 10 years	2,169	2,179	2.57	%		
Total	\$2,262	\$2,272				

Note 3 – Loans Held-for-Sale

Essentially all of our mortgage loans originated as loans held-for-sale are sold into the secondary market on a whole loan basis or by securitizing the loans into securities. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, loans held-for-sale totaled \$2.0 billion and \$1.2 billion, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company reported net gain on loan sales of \$83 million and \$174 million, respectively, as compared to \$55 million and \$100 million net gain on loan sales during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively.

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, \$33 million and \$48 million, respectively, of loans held-for-sale were recorded at lower of cost or fair value. The remainder of the loans in the portfolio are recorded at fair value as the Company elected the fair value option.

Note 4 – Loans with Government Guarantees

Substantially all of loans with government guarantees continue to be insured or guaranteed by the FHA. These loans earn interest at a rate based upon the 10-year U.S. Treasury note rate at the time the underlying loan becomes delinquent, which is not paid until claimed.

At June 30, 2015, loans with government guarantees actually repurchased totaled \$592 million and were classified as loans with government guarantees. At December 31, 2014, loans with government guarantees actually repurchased totaled \$1.1 billion and were classified as loans with government guarantees.

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The Company adopted ASU Update No. 2014-14, Receivables - Troubled Debt Restructuring by Creditors (Subtopic 310-40) in the first quarter 2015 at which time repossessed assets and the associated claims were recorded separately from the associated loans. At June 30, 2015, repossessed assets and the associated claims recorded in other assets totaled \$267 million and at December 31, 2014 repossessed assets and the associated claims were \$373 million included in loans with government guarantees.

Note 5 – Loans Held-for-Investment

Loans held-for-investment are summarized as follows.

	June 30,	December 31,
	2015	2014
	(Dollars in n	nillions)
Consumer loans		
Residential first mortgage	\$2,495	\$2,193
Second mortgage	143	149
HELOC	422	257
Other	31	31
Total consumer loans	3,091	2,630
Commercial loans		
Commercial real estate	629	620
Commercial and industrial	412	429
Warehouse lending	1,203	769
Total commercial loans	2,244	1,818
Total loans held-for-investment	5,335	4,448
Less allowance for loan losses	(222) (297
Loans held-for-investment, net	\$5,113	\$4,151

During the second quarter 2015, the Company sold interest-only residential first mortgage loans with unpaid principal balances totaling \$386 million, along with \$70 million of nonperforming and troubled debt restructured first mortgage loans. Upon a change in the Company's intent, the loans were transferred to held-for-sale and subsequently sold resulting in a loss on sale of \$1 million during the three months ended June 30, 2015.

At December 31, 2014, the Company had \$350 million of troubled debt restructured residential first mortgage loans with a specifically identified reserve of \$76 million. During the first quarter 2015, the Company re-measured this specifically identified reserve relating to the troubled debt restructured loans, resulting in a \$36 million reduction in reserve based on a change in expected future cash flows. During the first quarter 2015, the Company changed its intent to hold these loans for investment and instead decided to hold these loans for sale. The loans for which the intent changed had an approximate unpaid principal balance of \$331 million, including approximately \$291 million of troubled debt restructured residential first mortgage loans, and \$30 million in specifically identified reserves at the time this intent was changed. These loans were transferred to loans held-for-sale and subsequently sold resulting in a loss on sale of less than \$1 million during the first quarter 2015.

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company sold nonperforming, troubled debt restructured residential first mortgage and residential first mortgage jumbo loans with unpaid principal balances totaling \$547 million. A portion of the allowance for loan losses associated with these loans was reduced, resulting in a \$2 million reduction in allowance. Upon a change in the Company's intent, the loans were transferred to held-for-sale and subsequently sold resulting in a gain on sale of \$5 million.

Daggardage 21

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company purchased \$197 million of HELOC loans with a premium of \$7 million.

The Company has pledged certain loans held-for-investment, loans held-for-sale, and loans with government guarantees to collateralize lines of credit and/or borrowings with the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago and the Federal Home

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Loan Bank of Indianapolis. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company pledged \$5.0 billion and \$4.1 billion, respectively.

The allowance for loan losses by class of loan is summarized in the following table.

The anomalice for loan	Resident	ia	1a88 01 10a 	11	18 Summan		O.	nowing tabl	Commercial			
	Resident First	ııu	Second		HELOC	Other		Commercia	and	warenouse	Total	
	Mortgag	e	Mortgage	•		Consumer	•	Real Estate	Industrial	Lending		
	(Dollars	in	millions)									
Three Months Ended												
June 30, 2015												
Beginning balance												
allowance for loan	\$188		\$12		\$21	\$ —		\$ 16	\$ 12	\$4	\$253	
losses												
Charge-offs (1)	(19)	(1)		(1)					(21)
Recoveries	1		1		_	1				_	3	
Provision (benefit)	(19)	2		4	1		(1)		_	(13)
Ending balance												
allowance for loan	\$151		\$14		\$25	\$1		\$ 15	\$ 12	\$4	\$222	
losses												
Three Months Ended												
June 30, 2014												
Beginning balance	Φ255		Φ14		Φ10	Φ.1		Φ 10	Φ. 7	Φ.2	# 207	
allowance for loan	\$255		\$14		\$12	\$1		\$ 18	\$ 5	\$2	\$307	
losses	<i>(</i> 5	,	/1	`	(1)	(1)		(2)			(10	,
Charge-offs (1)	(5)	(1)	(1)	(1)		(2)		_	(10)
Recoveries	1	,	_		_	_		2			3	
Provision (benefit)	(2)	1		3	2		1		1	6	
Ending balance	¢240		¢ 1 /		¢ 1 1	# 2		ф 1O	Φ 5	Ф.Э	¢206	
allowance for loan	\$249		\$14		\$14	\$2		\$ 19	\$ 5	\$3	\$306	
losses												
Six Months Ended												
June 30, 2015												
Beginning balance												
allowance for loan	\$234		\$12		\$19	\$1		\$ 17	\$ 11	\$3	\$297	
losses	Ψ231		Ψ12		Ψ1	ΨΙ		ΨΙ	Ψ11	Ψυ	Ψ2>1	
Charge-offs (1)	(60)	(2)	(1)	(1)					(64)
Recoveries	2	,	1	,		1		2		_	6	,
Provision (benefit)	(25)	3		7	_		(4)	1	1	(17)
Ending balance	(=0	,			,			(.)	-	-	(1)	,
allowance for loan	\$151		\$14		\$25	\$1		\$ 15	\$ 12	\$4	\$222	
losses												
Six Months Ended												
June 30, 2014												
Beginning balance												
allowance for loan	\$162		\$12		\$8	\$2		\$ 19	\$ 3	\$1	\$207	
losses												
Charge-offs (1)	(17)	(2)	(4)	(1)		(2)	_		(26)
Recoveries	2		_		_	1		3	_		6	

Provision (benefit)	102	4	10	_	(1) 2	2	119
Ending balance								
allowance for loan	\$249	\$14	\$14	\$2	\$ 19	\$ 5	\$3	\$306
losses								

Includes charge-offs of \$15 million and \$36 million related to the sale of loans during the three months ended (1) June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively, and \$51 million and \$2 million related to the sale of loans during the six months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

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The loans held-for-investment and allowance for loan losses by class of loan is summarized in the following table.

The found here for mive	Residentia First Mortgage (Dollars in	Second Mortgage	HELOC	Other	Commercial Real Estate	Commercia	Warehouse Lending	Total
June 30, 2015 Loans held-for-investment	(Donars in	mimons)						
Individually evaluated	\$94	\$30	\$2	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$126
Collectively evaluated (1)	2,360	65	327	31	629	412	1,203	5,027
Total loans Allowance for loan losses	\$2,454	\$95	\$329	\$31	\$ 629	\$ 412	\$1,203	\$5,153
Individually evaluated	\$14	\$8	\$1	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$23
Collectively evaluated (1)	137	6	24	1	15	12	4	199
Total allowance for loan losses	\$151	\$14	\$25	\$1	\$ 15	\$ 12	\$4	\$222
December 31, 2014 Loans held-for-investment								
Individually evaluated	\$385	\$31	\$1	\$—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$417
Collectively evaluated (1)	1,782	65	124	31	620	429	769	3,820
Total loans Allowance for loan losses	\$2,167	\$96	\$125	\$31	\$ 620	\$ 429	\$769	\$4,237
Individually evaluated	\$82	\$5	\$1	\$—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$88
Collectively evaluated (1)	152	7	18	1	17	11	3	209
Total allowance for loan losses	\$234	\$12	\$19	\$1	\$ 17	\$ 11	\$3	\$297

⁽¹⁾ Excludes loans carried under the fair value option.

The allowance for loan losses, other than for loans that have been identified for individual evaluation for impairment, is determined on a loan pool basis by grouping loan types with similar risk characteristics to determine the Company's best estimate of incurred losses. Management evaluates the results of the allowance for loan losses model and makes qualitative adjustments to the results of the model when it is determined that model results do not reflect all losses inherent in the loan portfolios due to changes in recent economic trends and conditions, or other relevant factors.

For those loans not individually evaluated for impairment, management has sub-divided the commercial and consumer loans into portfolios with common risk characteristics.

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The following table sets forth the loans held-for-investment aging analysis as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, of past due and current loans.

	Past Due Past Due		90 Days or Greater Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total Investment Loans
	(Dollars in	millions)				
June 30, 2015						
Consumer loans						
Residential first mortgage	\$7	\$4	\$57	\$68	\$2,427	\$2,495
Second mortgage	1	1	2	4	139	143
HELOC	2	1	6	9	413	422
Other					31	31
Total consumer loans	10	6	65	81	3,010	3,091
Commercial loans						
Commercial real estate					629	629
Commercial and industrial					412	412
Warehouse lending		_	_	_	1,203	1,203
Total commercial loans		_		_	2,244	2,244
Total loans (1)	\$10	\$6	\$65	\$81	\$5,254	\$5,335
December 31, 2014						
Consumer loans						
Residential first mortgage	\$29	\$8	\$115	\$152	\$2,041	\$2,193
Second mortgage	1	1	2	4	145	149
HELOC	4	1	3	8	249	257
Other					31	31
Total consumer loans	34	10	120	164	2,466	2,630
Commercial loans						
Commercial real estate		_	_		620	620
Commercial and industrial		_	_		429	429
Warehouse lending		_	_		769	769
Total commercial loans	_	_	_	_	1,818	1,818
Total loans (1)	\$34	\$10	\$120	\$164	\$4,284	\$4,448

⁽¹⁾ Includes \$7 million and \$5 million of loans 90 days or greater past due accounted for under the fair value option at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Loans held-for-investment and loans held-for-sale on which interest accruals have been discontinued totaled approximately \$79 million and \$135 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, and \$120 million at June 30, 2014. Interest income is recognized on impaired loans using a cost recovery method unless amounts contractually due are not in doubt. Interest that would have been accrued on impaired loans totaled approximately \$1 million and \$3 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, and \$2 million and \$3 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had no loans 90 days past due and still accruing.

Troubled Debt Restructuring

The Company may modify certain loans in both consumer and commercial loan portfolios to retain customers or to maximize collection of the outstanding loan balance. The Company has programs designed to assist borrowers by extending payment dates or reducing the borrower's contractual payments. All loan modifications are made on a case-by-case basis. The Company's standards relating to loan modifications consider, among other factors, minimum

verified income requirements, cash flow analysis, and collateral valuations. TDRs result in those instances in which a borrower demonstrates financial difficulty and for which a concession has been granted, which includes reductions of interest rate, extensions of amortization period, principal and/or interest forgiveness and other actions intended to minimize the economic loss and to avoid foreclosure

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or repossession of collateral. These loans are classified as TDRs and are included in nonaccrual loans if the loan was nonperforming prior to the restructuring. These loans will continue on nonaccrual status until the borrower has established a willingness and ability to make the restructured payments for at least six months, after which they will begin to accrue interest.

The following table provides a summary of TDRs outstanding by type and performing status.

	TDRs					
	Performing	Nonperforming	Total			
June 30, 2015	(Dollars in millions)					
Consumer loans						
Residential first mortgage	\$53	\$19	\$72			
Second mortgage	35	1	36			
HELOC	20	4	24			
Total TDRs (1)(2)	\$108	\$24	\$132			
December 31, 2014						
Consumer loans						
Residential first mortgage	\$306	\$44	\$350			
Second mortgage	35	1	36			
HELOC	20	1	21			
Total consumer loans	361	46	407			
Commercial loans						
Commercial real estate	1	_	1			
Total TDRs (1)(2)	\$362	\$46	\$408			

⁽¹⁾ The allowance for loan losses on consumer TDR loans totaled \$16 million and \$81 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Some loan modifications classified as TDRs may not ultimately result in the full collection of principal and interest, as modified, but may give rise to potential incremental losses. Such losses are factored into the Company's allowance for loan losses estimate. Management evaluates loans for impairment both collectively and individually depending on the risk characteristics underlying the loan and the availability of data. The Company measures impairment using the discounted cash flow method for performing TDRs and measures impairment based on collateral values for re-defaulted TDRs.

⁽²⁾ Includes \$30 million of TDR loans accounted for under the fair value option at both June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

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The following table provides a summary of newly modified TDRs and TDR loans in the past 12 months that have subsequently defaulted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. All TDR classes within consumer and commercial loan portfolios are considered subsequently defaulted when greater than 90 days past due.

Pre-Modification Post-ModificationIncrease

		Pre-Modificat	eation Post-ModificationIncrease			
	Number of	Unpaid	Unpaid	(Decrease) in		
	Accounts	Principal	Principal	Allowance at		
		Balance	Balance (1)	Modification		
Three Months Ended June 30, 2015		(Dollars in mi				
Residential first mortgages	77	\$23	\$22	\$(2)	
Second mortgages	35	1	1	- (-	,	
HELOC (2)	122	8	7			
Consumer	3	O	,			
Total TDR loans	237				`	
Total TDR toans	231	\$32	\$30	\$(2)	
Three Months Ended June 20, 2014						
Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	16	¢ 12	¢ 12	¢ 1		
Residential first mortgages	46	\$13	\$13	\$1		
Second mortgages	112	3	3	_		
HELOC (2)	6					
Total TDR loans	164	\$16	\$16	\$1		
Six Months Ended June 30, 2015						
Residential first mortgages	191	\$53	\$52	\$(1)	
Second mortgages	68	3	2	_		
HELOC (2)	158	8	7	_		
Consumer	3	_	_	_		
Total TDR loans	420	\$64	\$61	\$(1)	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2014						
Residential first mortgages	71	\$20	\$19	\$1		
Second mortgages	206	6	6	<u>.</u>		
HELOC (2)	15	1	1	_		
Total TDR loans	292	\$27	\$26	\$1		
Total TDR loans	2)2	ΨΔΙ	Ψ20	ΨΙ		
			Unpaid	Increase in		
TDRs that subsequently defaulted in previous	Number of		Principal	Allowance at		
12 months	Accounts		Balance	Subsequent		
			Darance	Default		
Three Months Ended June 30, 2015			(Dollars in mil	lions)		
Second mortgages	1		\$	\$		
Total TDR loans	1		\$	\$		
Three Months Ended June 30, 2014						
Residential first mortgages	1		\$ —	\$ —		
Second mortgages	10					
Total TDR loans	11		\$	\$		
Total 1DR louis	. 1		Ψ	Ψ		
Six Months Ended June 30, 2015						
Second mortgages	1		\$ —	\$ —		
Total TDR loans	1		\$ —	\$—		

Six Months Ended June 30, 2014

Residential first mortgages	2	\$	\$
Second mortgages	13		
HELOC (2)	5		
Total TDR loans	20	\$—	\$

- (1) Post-modification balances include past due amounts that are capitalized at modification date.
- (2) HELOC post-modification unpaid principal balance reflects write downs.

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The following table presents impaired loans and the associated allowance:

	June 30, 201	5		December 31	December 31, 2014		
	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance	
	(Dollars in m	nillions)					
With no related allowance recorded							
Consumer loans	4.2.1			.	4.5 0	Φ.	
Residential first mortgage loans	\$21	\$24	\$—	\$63	\$78	\$—	
Second mortgage		4		1	6		
HELOC		1	_		1		
	\$21	\$29	\$—	\$64	\$85	\$ —	
With an allowance recorded							
Consumer loans							
Residential first mortgage	\$73	\$78	\$15	\$321	\$326	\$82	
Second mortgage	30	30	8	29	29	6	
HELOC	2	2	1	1	1	1	
	\$105	\$110	\$24	\$351	\$356	\$89	
Total	,	,	•	,	,	,	
Consumer loans							
Residential first mortgage	\$94	\$102	\$15	\$384	\$404	\$82	
Second mortgage	30	34	8	30	35	6	
HELOC	2	3	1	1	2	1	
Total impaired loans	\$126	\$139	\$24	\$415	\$441	\$89	
Total illipancu loans	ψ120	ψ133	ψ 4	ψ + 1 <i>J</i>	ψ 11 1	ψυσ	

The following table presents average impaired loans and the interest income recognized:

	Three Mor	nths Ended Ju	ine 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2015		2014	2014		2015		
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest	Average	Interest	Average	Interest
	Recorded	Income	Recorded	Income	Recorded	Income	Recorded	Income
	Investmen	t Recognized	Investmen	t Recognized	Investmen	t Recognized	Investmen	t Recognized
	(Dollars in	millions)						
Consumer loans								
Residential first	\$116	\$ 1	\$405	\$ 3	\$210	\$ 2	\$409	\$ 5
mortgage	Φ110	\$ 1	\$ 4 03	\$ <i>5</i>	\$210	\$ 2	\$ 4 09	\$ 3
Second mortgage	31		28		31	1	27	1
HELOC	2		1		2			
Commercial loans								
Commercial real estate	e —		1		_		2	_
Total impaired loans	\$149	\$ 1	\$435	\$ 3	\$243	\$ 3	\$438	\$ 6

Credit Quality

The Company utilizes an internal risk rating system in accordance with the Rating Credit Risk booklet of the Comptroller's Handbook, April 2011 and the Uniform Retail Credit classification and Account Management Policy issued June 20, 2000 by the Federal Financial Institution Examination Council (FFIEC) which is applied to all consumer and commercial loans. Commercial credits are classified using a risk-based approach by assigning a risk rating individually to each loan. Management conducts periodic examinations which serve as an independent

verification of the accuracy of the ratings assigned. Loan grades are based on different factors within the borrowing relationship: entity sales, debt service coverage, debt/total net

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worth, liquidity, balance sheet and income statement trends, management experience, business stability, financing structure of the deal, and financial reporting requirements. The underlying collateral is also rated based on the specific type of collateral and corresponding LTV. The combination of the borrower and collateral risk ratings result in the final rating for the borrowing relationship. Descriptions of the Company's internal risk ratings as they relate to credit quality follow the ratings used by the U.S. bank regulatory agencies as listed below.

Pass. Pass assets are not impaired nor do they have any known deficiencies that could impact the quality of the asset.

Watch. Watch assets are defined as pass rated assets that exhibit elevated risk characteristics or other factors that deserve management's close attention and increased monitoring. However, the asset does not exhibit a potential or well-defined weakness that would warrant a downgrade to criticized or adverse classification.

Special mention. Assets identified as special mention possess credit deficiencies or potential weaknesses deserving management's close attention. Special mention assets have a potential weakness or pose an unwarranted financial risk that, if not corrected, could weaken the assets and increase risk in the future. Special mention assets are criticized, but do not expose an institution to sufficient risk to warrant adverse classification.

Substandard. Assets identified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Assets so classified must have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Company will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. For HELOC loans and other consumer loans, the Company evaluates credit quality based on the aging and status of payment activity and includes all nonperforming loans.

Commercial Loans

Management conducts periodic examinations which serve as an independent verification of the accuracy of the ratings assigned. Loan grades are based on different factors within the borrowing relationship: entity sales, debt service coverage, debt/total net worth, liquidity, balance sheet and income statement trends, management experience, business stability, financing structure of the deal, and financial reporting requirements. The underlying collateral is also rated based on the specific type of collateral and corresponding LTV. The combination of the borrower and collateral risk ratings result in the final rating for the borrowing relationship.

Consumer Loans

The same rating principles are used for consumer and commercial loans, but the principles are applied differently for consumer loans. Consumer loans consists of open and closed end loans extended to individuals for household, family, and other personal expenditures, and includes consumer loans, loans to individuals secured by their personal residence, including first mortgage, home equity, and home improvement loans. Because consumer loans are usually relatively small-balance, homogeneous exposures, consumer loans are rated primarily on payment performance. Payment performance is a proxy for the strength of repayment capacity and loans are generally classified based on their payment status rather than by an individual review of each loan.

In accordance with regulatory guidance, the Company assigns risk ratings to consumer loans in the following manner: •Consumer loans are classified as Watch once the loan becomes 60 days past due.

- •Open and closed-end consumer loans 90 days or more past due are classified Substandard.

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Commercial Credit Loans	Commercial Real Estate	Commercial Industrial	and Ware	house	Total Commercial	
June 30, 2015	(Dollars in million	s)				
Grade						
Pass	\$582	\$366	\$1,06	9	\$2,017	
Watch	41	19	117		177	
Special mention	6		17		23	
Substandard		27			27	
Total loans	\$629	\$412	\$1,20	3	\$2,244	
December 31, 2014						
Pass	\$578	\$398	\$650		\$1,626	
Watch	29	10	119		158	
Special mention	2	_			2	
Substandard	11	21			32	
Total loans	\$620	\$429	\$769		\$1,818	
Consumer Credit Loans	Residential Firs	Second	HELOC	Other	Total	
Consumer Credit Loans	Mortgage	Mortgage	TIELOC	Consume	r	
June 30, 2015	(Dollars in mill	ions)				
Grade						
Pass	\$2,380	\$106	\$394	\$31	\$2,911	
Watch	56	35	22		113	
Substandard	59	2	6		67	
Total loans	\$2,495	\$143	\$422	\$31	\$3,091	
December 31, 2014						
Pass	\$1,764	\$111	\$233	\$31	\$2,139	
Watch	314	36	21		371	
Substandard	115	2	3		120	
Total loans	\$2,193	\$149	\$257	\$31	\$2,630	

Note 6 – Variable Interest Entities ("VIEs")

Due to the Assured Settlement Agreement in 2013, the Company became the primary beneficiary and reconsolidated the FSTAR 2005-1 and the FSTAR 2006-2 HELOC securitization trust's assets and liabilities. The Company had elected the fair value option for these assets and liabilities.

The Company has consolidated VIEs, which consist of the HELOC securitization trusts formed in 2006. The Company has determined the trust is VIEs and has concluded that the Company is the primary beneficiary of this trust because it has the power to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly affect the entity's economic performance and has either the obligation to absorb losses of the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The Company has the power to select the servicer of the whole loans held in the HELOC securitization trust. The beneficial owners of the trust can look only to the assets of the securitization trust for satisfaction of the debt issued by the securitization trust.

In June 2015, the Company executed a clean-up call of the FSTAR 2005-1 long-term debt associated with the HELOC securitization trust. The transaction resulted in a cash payment of \$24 million to the debt bondholders. After payment of the debt, the FSTAR 2005-1 HELOC securitization trust has been dissolved as of second quarter 2015.

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The following table provides a summary of the classifications of consolidated VIE assets and liabilities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

	2005-1	2006-2	Total			
June 30, 2015	(Dollars in millions)					
HELOC Securitizations						
Assets						
Loans held-for-investment	\$ —	\$61	\$61			
Liabilities						
Long-term debt	\$ —	\$36	\$36			
	2005-1	2006-2	Total			
December 31, 2014	(Dollars in millions)					
HELOC Securitizations						
Assets						
Loans held-for-investment	\$63	\$69	\$132			
Liabilities						
Long-term debt	\$42	\$42	\$84			

The economic performance of the VIE is most significantly impacted by the performance of the underlying loans. The principal risks to which the entities were exposed include credit risk and interest-rate risk.

FSTAR 2007-1 mortgage securitization trust is an unconsolidated VIE. The Company has a continuing involvement, but is not the primary beneficiary and de-recognized the assets upon transfer. In accordance with the settlement agreement with MBIA, there is no further recourse to the Company related to FSTAR 2007-1. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the FSTAR 2007-1 mortgage securitization trust included 3,303 loans and 3,624 loans, respectively, with an aggregate principal balance of \$128 million and \$141 million, respectively.

Note 7 – Mortgage Servicing Rights

The Company has investments in mortgage servicing rights ("MSRs") to support mortgage strategies and to deploy capital at acceptable returns. The Company also utilizes derivatives and other fair value assets as economic hedges to offset changes in the fair value of the MSRs resulting from the actual or anticipated changes in prepayments stemming from changing interest rate environments. The Company's portfolio of MSRs is highly sensitive to movements in interest rates. The primary risk associated with MSRs is the potential value as a result of higher than anticipated prepayments due to loan refinancing prompted, in part, by declining interest rates. Conversely, these assets generally increase in value in a rising interest rate environment to the extent that prepayments are slower than anticipated. There is also a risk of valuation decline due to higher than expected increases in default rates, which the Company does not believe can be effectively hedged. See Note 8 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, herein, for additional information regarding the instruments utilized to hedge the risks of MSRs.

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Changes in the carrying value of residential first mortgage MSRs, accounted for at fair value, were as follows.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		, Six Mor	on this Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	(Dollars in	millions)			
Balance at beginning of period	\$279	\$320	\$258	\$285	
Additions from loans sold with servicing retained	77	68	146	119	
Reductions from sales	(49) (85) (71) (91)
Changes in fair value due to (1)					
Decrease in MSR due to pay-offs, pay-downs and	(11) (7) (26) (12	`
run-off	(11) (/) (26) (12	,
Changes in valuation inputs or assumptions (2)	21	(7) 10	(12)
Fair value of MSRs at end of period	\$317	\$289	\$317	\$289	

⁽¹⁾ Changes in fair value are included within net return on mortgage servicing asset on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The fair value of residential MSRs is estimated using a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated future net servicing cash flows, taking into consideration expected mortgage loan prepayment rates, discount rates, servicing costs, and other economic factors, which are determined based on current market conditions. The Company obtains independent third-party valuations of its residential MSRs on a quarterly basis to assess the reasonableness of the fair value calculated by the valuation model. In certain circumstances, based on the probability of the completion of a sale of MSRs pursuant to a bona-fide purchase offer, the Company considers the bid price of that offer and identifiable transaction costs in comparison to the calculated fair value and may adjust the estimate of fair value to reflect the terms of the pending transaction.

The following table summarizes income and fees associated with the mortgage servicing asset.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 3		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	(Dollars	in millions)			
Income on mortgage servicing asset					
Servicing fees, ancillary income and late fees (1)	\$17	\$17	\$34	\$34	
Fair value adjustments (2)	12	(14) (14) (24)
(Loss) gain on hedging activity (3)	(14) 5	(5) 10	
Net transaction costs	(6) (3) (8) 1	
Total income on mortgage servicing asset, included in net return on mortgage servicing asset	\$9	\$5	\$7	\$21	

- (1) Servicing fees are recorded on the accrual basis. Ancillary income and late fees are recorded on cash basis.
- (2) Includes a \$2 million gain related to the sale of MSRs during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015.
- (3) Changes in the derivatives utilized as economic hedges to offset changes in fair value of the MSRs.

Contractual servicing and subservicing fees. Contractual servicing and subservicing fees, including late fees and other ancillary income, for each type of loan serviced are presented below. Contractual servicing fees are included within net return on mortgage servicing asset on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Contractual subservicing fees including late fees and other ancillary income are included within loan administration income on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Subservicing fee income is recorded for fees earned, net of third-party subservicing costs, for loans subserviced.

⁽²⁾ Represents estimated MSR value change resulting primarily from market-driven changes in interest rates.

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The following table summarizes income and fees associated with the mortgage loans subserviced.

	Three N 30,	Months Ended June	Six Mon	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2015 2014		2015	2014			
	(Dollars	s in millions)					
Income on mortgage loans subserviced							
Servicing fees, ancillary income and late fees (1)	\$9	\$7	\$16	\$14			
Other servicing charges	(2) (1) (5) (1)		
Total income on mortgage loans subserviced, included loan administration	d in \$7	\$6	\$11	\$13			

⁽¹⁾ Servicing fees are recorded on the accrual basis. Ancillary income and late fees are recorded on cash basis.

The following table summarizes the hypothetical effect on the fair value of servicing rights carried at fair value using adverse changes of 10 percent and 20 percent to the weighted-average of certain significant assumptions used in valuing these assets.

	June 30, 2	201:	5		Decembe	er 31	, 2014	
	Fair value due to					Fair value due to		
			10%	20%			10%	20%
	Actual		adverse	adverse	Actual		adverse	adverse
			change	change			change	change
	(Dollars in millions)							
Option adjusted spread	8.19	%	\$310	\$303	8.88	%	\$250	\$243
Constant prepayment rate	12.26	%	309	301	14.98	%	253	245
Weighted average cost to service per loan	\$72.15		314	311	\$74.49		258	255

The sensitivity calculations above are hypothetical and should not be considered to be predictive of future performance. Changes in fair value based on adverse changes in assumptions generally cannot be extrapolated because the relationship of the change in assumption to the change in fair value may not be linear. To isolate the effect of the specified change, the fair value shock analysis is consistent with the identified adverse change, while holding all other assumptions impacting the fair value constant on the fair value of the servicing rights. In practice, changes in one assumption generally impacts other assumptions, which may either magnify or counteract the effect of the change.

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Note 8 – Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company maintains a derivative portfolio of interest rate swaps, futures and forward commitments used to manage exposure to changes in interest rates, MSR asset values and to meet the needs of customers. The Company also enters into interest rate lock commitments, which are commitments to originate mortgage loans whereby the interest rate on the loan is determined prior to funding and the customers have locked into that interest rate. Market risk on interest rate lock commitments and mortgage loans held-for-sale is managed using corresponding forward sale commitments.

The Company is exposed to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties to its various derivative financial instruments. The Company believes that the credit risk inherent in all its derivative contracts is minimal based on credit standards and the netting and collateral provisions of the interest rate swap agreements. The contracts in this portfolio do not qualify for hedge accounting and are marked-to-market through earnings and included in other assets and other liabilities at fair value on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, after taking into account the effects of legally enforceable bilateral collateral and master netting agreements.

Fair values of derivative instruments represent the net unrealized gains or losses on such contracts and are recorded in the consolidated balance sheets. Changes in fair value are recognized in the consolidated statements of income. The net gains recognized in income on derivative instruments, net of the impact of offsetting positions, were as follows.

		Three Months Ended June 30,		2	Six Months Ended		nded June 30),	
	Location of Gain/(Loss)	2015		2014		2015		2014	
		(Dollars in	mi	illions)					
U.S. Treasury and euro dollars futures	Net return on mortgage servicing asset	\$(3)	\$3		\$3		\$6	
T	Net return on mortgage servicing asset	(-)	_		(8)	_	
Mortgage backed securities forwards	Net return on mortgage servicing	(2)	2		_		4	
Rate lock commitments and	asset								
		0		(2	,	20		(7	,
forward agency and loan	Net gain on loan sales	9		(2)	20		(7)
sales									
Interest rate swaps	Other noninterest income			1				1	
Total derivative gain (loss)		\$(5)	\$4		\$15		\$4	
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The Company had the following derivative financial instruments.

	Notional An	Expiration Dates	
	(Dollars in n	Expiration Dates	
June 30, 2015	(2011410 111 11)	
Assets (1)			
U.S. Treasury and euro dollar futures	\$552	\$1	2016-2020
Mortgage backed securities forwards	35	<u>-</u>	2016
Swap futures	132	3	2015-2035
Rate lock commitments	4,654	33	2016
Forward agency and loan sales	2,099	14	2016
Interest rate swaps	357	6	2016-2021
Total derivative assets	\$7,829	\$57	
Liabilities (2)	. ,	·	
U.S. Treasury and euro dollar futures	\$414	\$ —	2016-2020
Mortgage backed securities forwards	135	1	2016
Swap futures	25	1	2030-2035
Rate lock commitments	538	3	2016
Forward agency and loan sales	2,326	7	2016
Interest rate swaps	346	6	2016-2021
Total derivative liabilities	\$3,784	\$18	
December 31, 2014			
Assets (1)			
Mortgage servicing rights			
U.S. Treasury and euro dollar futures	\$2,530	\$7	2015-2020
Mortgage backed securities forwards	161	2	2015
Rate lock commitments	2,604	31	2015
Forward agency and loan sales	194	_	2015
Interest rate swaps	355	6	2015-2021
Total derivative assets	\$5,844	\$46	
Liabilities (2)	·		
Mortgage servicing rights			
U.S. Treasury and euro dollar futures	\$687	\$1	2015-2020
Rate lock commitments	22		2015
Forward agency and loan sales	2,789	13	2015
Interest rate swaps	367	6	2015-2021
Total derivative liabilities	\$3,865	\$20	

⁽¹⁾ Asset derivatives are included in "other assets" on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

⁽²⁾ Liability derivatives are included in "other liabilities" on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

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The following tables present the derivatives subject to a master netting arrangement, including the cash pledged as collateral.

conateral.	June 30, 2015	5		Gross Amou Offset in the S Financial Pos	Statement of	
Economic Undesignated Hedges	Gross Amount (Dollars in m	Financial Position	Net Amount Presented in the Statement of Financial Position	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral	Net Amount
Assets	`	ŕ				
Swap futures	\$4	\$1	\$3	\$ —	\$ —	\$3
U.S. Treasury swap and euro dollar futures	10	_	10	_	9	1
Interest rate swaps	7		7	_	1	6
Total derivative assets	\$21	\$1	\$20	\$ —	\$10	\$10
Liabilities Mortgage backed securities forwards Interest rate swaps	\$13 6	\$— —	\$13 6	\$— —	\$12 —	\$1 6
Total derivative liabilities	\$19	\$ —	\$19	\$ —	\$12	\$7
	December 31	, 2014				
				Gross Amou Offset in the Financial Pos	Statement of	
Economic Undesignated Hedges	Gross Amount (Dollars in m	Financial Position	Net Amount Presented in the Statement of Financial Position	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral	Net Amount
Assets U.S. Treasury swap and euro dollar futures	\$18					