

CYBERLUX CORP
Form 10-Q
November 23, 2009

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

Quarterly report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2009.

Transition report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

For the Period Ended September 30, 2009

Commission file number 000-33415

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

(Name of Small Business Issuer in Its Charter)

Nevada

(State of Incorporation)

91-2048978

(IRS Employer Identification
No.)

4625 Creekstone Drive, Suite 130

Research Triangle Park

Durham, NC 27703

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(919) 474-9700

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Issuer's Telephone Number

Indicate by check mark whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company.

Large accelerated Filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Number of shares outstanding of the issuer's Common Stock as of November 23, 2009: 2,868,177,756

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the

Quarterly Period Ending September 30, 2009

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Cautionary Statement on Forward-Looking Statements.

The discussion in this Report on Form 10-Q, including the discussion in Item 2 of PART I, contains forward-looking statements that have been made pursuant to the provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about the Company's business, based on management's current beliefs and assumptions made by management. Words such as "expects", "anticipates", "intends", "believes", "plans", "seeks", "estimates", and similar expressions or variations of these words are used to identify such forward-looking statements. Additionally, statements that refer to the Company's estimated or anticipated future results, sales or marketing strategies, new product development or performance or other non-historical facts are forward-looking and reflect the Company's current perspective based on existing information. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual results and outcomes may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in any such forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include those set forth below in Item 1 as well as previous public filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The discussion of the Company's financial condition and results of operations included in Item 2 of PART I should also be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes included in Item 1 of PART I of this quarterly report. These quarterly financial statements do not include all disclosures provided in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Risk Factors and annual financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 as filed with the Commission on May 18, 2009. The Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1.****Financial Statements****CYBERLUX CORPORATION****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

| | September 30, 2009 (unaudited) | December 31, 2008 |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash & cash equivalents | \$ 1,025 | \$ 260 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$7,760 | 2,643 | 249,924 |
| Inventories, net of allowance of \$43,333 | 36,582 | 53,202 |
| Other current assets | 127,236 | 32,198 |
| Total current assets | 167,486 | 335,584 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$208,400 and \$194,788, respectively | 35,378 | 48,990 |
| Other assets | | |
| Deposits | 25,511 | 25,511 |
| Patents and development costs, net of accumulated amortization and write off of \$3,183,440 and \$3,043,756, respectively | 791,534 | 931,217 |
| Total other assets | 817,045 | 956,728 |
| Total Assets | \$ 1,019,909 | \$ 1,341,302 |
| LIABILITIES AND DEFICIENCY IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Cash overdraft | \$ | \$ 41,113 |
| Accounts payable | 1,790,107 | 1,239,145 |
| Accrued liabilities | 3,621,789 | 3,425,885 |
| Short-term notes payable - related parties | 1,186,274 | 402,823 |
| Short-term notes payable | | 192,865 |
| Warrant payable | 691,795 | 935,000 |
| Short-term convertible notes payable | 5,305,054 | 4,645,207 |
| Total current liabilities | 12,595,019 | 10,882,038 |

Long-term liabilities:

| | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Derivative liability relating to convertible debentures | 14,518,241 | 24,384,586 |
| Warrant liability relating to convertible debentures | 113,364 | 255,042 |
| Total long-term liabilities | 14,631,605 | 24,639,628 |
| Total liabilities | 27,226,624 | 35,521,666 |
| Commitments and Contingencies | | |
| Redeemable Series A convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 200 shares designated, 26.9806 issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008; liquidation preference of \$219,892 as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 | 134,900 | 134,900 |
| DEFICIENCY IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Class B convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 4,650,000 shares designated; 8,500,000 and 3,650,000 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively; liquidation preference of \$8,500,000 and \$3,650,000 as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively | 8,500 | 3,650 |
| Class C convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 700,000 shares designated; 150,000 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, liquidation preference of \$4,122,108 and \$3,992,333, as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively | 150 | 150 |
| Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 5,000,000,000 shares authorized; 1,574,511,088 and 814,426,120 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively | 1,574,511 | 814,426 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 17,255,352 | 17,277,230 |
| Accumulated deficit | (45,180,128) | (52,410,720) |
| Deficiency in stockholders' equity | (26,341,615) | (34,315,264) |
| Total liabilities and (deficiency) in stockholders' equity | \$ 1,019,909 | \$ 1,341,302 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

| | Three months ended | | Nine months ended | |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| REVENUE: | \$ 7,157 | \$ 69,256 | \$ 53,254 | \$ 401,162 |
| Cost of goods sold | (2,247) | (47,295) | (44,632) | (267,815) |
| Gross margin | 4,910 | 21,961 | 8,622 | 133,347 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | | |
| Depreciation | 4,202 | 6,209 | 13,612 | 20,167 |
| Research and development | 21,666 | | 26,064 | 1,386 |
| General and administrative expenses | 465,203 | 1,351,634 | 1,604,029 | 2,890,873 |
| Total operating expenses | 491,071 | 1,357,843 | 1,643,705 | 2,912,426 |
| NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS | (486,161) | (1,335,882) | (1,635,083) | (2,779,079) |
| Unrealized gain/(loss) relating to adjustment of derivative and warrant liability to fair value of underlying securities | 4,676,309 | 2,754,714 | 10,008,023 | (3,032,859) |
| Interest expense, net | (367,549) | (517,553) | (1,137,488) | (1,887,066) |
| Debt acquisition costs | (2,000) | 9,289 | (4,800) | (442,423) |
| Net income (loss) before provision for income taxes | 3,820,598 | 910,568 | 7,230,652 | (8,141,427) |
| Income taxes) | | | 60 | 515 |
| INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS | \$ 3,820,598 | \$ 910,568 | \$ 7,230,592 | \$ (8,141,942) |

| | | | | |
|--|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding-basic | 1,314,192,247 | 667,942,486 | 1,082,118,691 | 602,506,202 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding-fully diluted | Note A | Note A | Note A | |
| Income (Loss) per share-basic | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.01 | \$ (0.01) |
| Loss per share-fully diluted | Note A | Note A | Note A | |
| Preferred dividend | \$ 24,000 | \$ 24,000 | \$ 72,000 | \$ 72,000 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW
(Unaudited)

| | Nine months ended September 30, | |
|---|--|-----------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net income (loss) available to common stockholders | \$ 7,230,592 | \$ (8,141,942) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash used in operating activities | | |
| Depreciation | 13,612 | 20,167 |
| Amortization | 139,683 | 394,417 |
| Common stock issued in connection issuance of debt | | 385,108 |
| Common stock issued in connection for services rendered | 21,000 | 878,800 |
| Series B preferred stock issued for services rendered | 52,650 | |
| Beneficial conversion feature relating to convertible debenture | | 184,736 |
| Accretion of convertible notes payable | 601,224 | 1,254,665 |
| Unrealized (gain) loss on adjustment of derivative and warrant liability to fair value of underlying securities | (10,008,023) | 3,032,858 |
| (Increase) decrease in: | | |
| Accounts receivable | 201,118 | 23,888 |
| Inventories | 16,620 | 103,128 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | (95,038) | (7,500) |
| Increase (decrease) in: | | |
| Cash overdraft | (41,113) | (26,041) |
| Accounts payable | 1,266,212 | 372,758 |
| Accrued liabilities | 195,904 | 633,076 |
| Net cash (used in) operating activities | (405,559) | (891,882) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net proceeds from issuance of convertible debentures | | 500,000 |
| Proceeds from sale of common stock | 279,500 | 526,050 |
| Net proceeds (payments) from borrowing on long term basis | 68,201 | (156,263) |
| Net proceeds to notes payable, related parties | 58,623 | 21,759 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities: | 406,324 | 891,546 |

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| | | |
|---|------------------|--------------|
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 765 | (336) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 260 | 626 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 1,025 | \$ 290 |
| Supplemental disclosures: | | |
| Interest Paid | \$ | \$ |
| Income Taxes Paid | \$ 60 | \$ |
| NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Unrealized (gain) loss in adjustment of derivative and warrant liability to fair value of underlying securities | \$ (10,008,023) | \$ 3,032,858 |
| Series B preferred stock issued for services rendered | \$ 52,650 | \$ |
| Common stock issued for services rendered | \$ 21,000 | \$ 878,800 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Accordingly, the results from operations for the nine month period ended September 30, 2009, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2009. The unaudited condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2008 financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Business and Basis of Presentation

Cyberlux Corporation (the "Company") is incorporated on May 17, 2000 under the laws of the State of Nevada. Until December 31, 2004, the Company was a development stage enterprise as defined under Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 915-10 Development Stage Entities. The Company develops, manufactures and markets long-term portable lighting products for commercial and industrial users. While the Company has generated revenues from its sale of products, the Company has incurred expenses, and sustained losses. Consequently, its operations are subject to all risks inherent in the establishment of a new business enterprise. As of September 30, 2009, the Company has accumulated losses of \$45,180,128.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of its wholly owned subsidiaries, SPE Technologies, Inc. and Hybrid Lighting Technologies, Inc. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized in the period that products are provided. For revenue from product sales, the Company recognizes revenue in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 605-10, Revenue Recognition (ASC 605-10). ASC 605-10 requires that four basic criteria must be met before revenue can be recognized: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred; (3) the selling price is fixed and determinable; and (4) collectability is reasonably assured. Determination of criteria (3) and (4) are based on management's judgments regarding the fixed nature of the selling prices of the products delivered and the collectability of those amounts. Provisions for discounts and rebates to customers, estimated returns and allowances, and other adjustments are provided for in the same period the related sales are recorded. The Company defers any revenue for which the product has not been delivered or is subject to refund until such time that the Company and the

customer jointly determine that the product has been delivered or no refund will be required. At September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company did not have any deferred revenue.

ASC 605-10 incorporates Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 605-25, Multiple-Element Arrangements (ASC 605-25). ASC 605-25 addresses accounting for arrangements that may involve the delivery or performance of multiple products, services and/or rights to use assets. The effect of implementing ASC 605-25 on the Company's financial position and results of operations was not significant.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Reclassification

Certain reclassifications have been made in prior year's financial statements to conform to classifications used in the current year.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments and related items which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents and trade receivables. The Company places its cash and temporary cash investments with credit quality institutions. At times, such investments may be in excess of the FDIC insurance limit. The Company periodically reviews its trade receivables in determining its allowance for doubtful accounts. At September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, allowance for doubtful receivable was \$7,760 and \$1,803, respectively.

Stock based compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, the beginning of the Company's first fiscal quarter of 2006, the Company adopted the fair value recognition provisions of Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 718-10, Compensation (ASC 718-10) using the modified-prospective transition method. Under this transition method, stock-based compensation expense was recognized in the financial statements for granted, modified, or settled stock options. Compensation expense recognized included the estimated expense for stock options granted on and subsequent to January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of ASC 718-10, and the estimated expense for the portion vesting in the period for options granted prior to, but not vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of ASC 718-10. Results for prior periods have not been restated, as provided for under the modified-prospective method.

ASC 718-10 requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. In the Company's pro forma information required under ASC 718-10 for the periods prior to fiscal 2006, the Company accounted for forfeitures as they occurred.

Upon adoption of ASC 718-10, the Company is using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model as its method of valuation for share-based awards granted beginning in fiscal 2006, which was also previously used for the Company's pro forma information required under ASC 718-10. The Company's determination of fair value of share-based payment awards on the date of grant using an option-pricing model is affected by the Company's stock price as well as assumptions regarding a number of highly complex and subjective variables. These variables include, but are not limited to the Company's expected stock price volatility over the term of the awards, and certain other market variables such as the risk free interest rate.

As more fully described in Note H, the Company granted stock options over the years to employees of the Company under a non-qualified employee stock option plan. As of September 30, 2009, 52,432,307 stock options were

outstanding and exercisable.

Net Income (loss) Per Common Share

The Company computes earnings per share under Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 260-10, Earnings Per Share (ASC 260-10). Net earnings (losses) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and dilutive common stock equivalents outstanding during the period. Dilutive common stock equivalents consist of shares issuable upon conversion of convertible preferred shares and the exercise of the Company's stock options and warrants (calculated using the treasury stock method). During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, common stock equivalents are not considered in the calculation of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding because they would be anti-dilutive, thereby decreasing the net loss per common share.

The following reconciliation of net income and share amounts used in the computation of income (loss) per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and three months ended September 30, 2009:

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Net Income (loss) Per Common Share (continued)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, 2009 | Three Months Ended September 30, 2008 | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009 |
|--|--|--|---|
| Net income used in computing basic net income per share | \$ 3,820,598 | \$ 910,568 | \$ 7,230,592 |
| Impact of assumed assumptions: | | | |
| Accretion of convertible debenture charged to interest expense | 169,005 | 374,575 | 601,224 |
| Impact of equity classified as liability: | | | |
| Gain on derivative and warrant liability marked to fair value | (4,676,309) | (2,754,714) | (10,008,023) |
| Net loss in computing diluted net loss per share: | \$ (686,706) | \$ (1,469,571) | \$ (2,176,207) |

The weighted average shares outstanding used in the basic net income per share computations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 was 1,314,192,247 and 1,082,118,691, respectively and 669,942,486 for the three months ended September 30, 2008. In determining the number of shares used in computing diluted loss per share, the Company did not add approximately 28,635,273,897 potentially dilutive securities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 5,340,576,417 for the three months ended September 30, 2008 because the effect would be anti-dilutive. The potentially dilutive securities added were mostly attributable to the warrants, options and convertible debentures outstanding. As a result, the diluted loss per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and three months ended September 30, 2008 was \$0.00.

Patents

The Company acquired in December 2006, for \$2,270,000, and January 2007, for \$1,387,000, patents in conjunction with the acquisitions of SPE Technologies, Inc and Hybrid Lighting Technologies, Inc, respectively. The patents have an estimated useful life of 7 years. Accordingly, the Company recorded an amortization charge to current period earnings of \$46,561 and \$131,473 for the three month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively and \$139,683 and \$394,417 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Patents are comprised of the following:

| Description | Cost | Accumulated | Net carrying |
|-------------|------|-------------|--------------|
|-------------|------|-------------|--------------|

| | | amortization and impairments | value at September 30, 2009 |
|-------------------|--------------|---|--|
| Development costs | \$ 293,750 | \$ 293,750 | \$ -0- |
| Patents | 2,294,224 | 1,502,690 | 791,534 |
| Patents | 1,387,000 | 1,387,000 | -0- |
| Total | \$ 3,974,974 | \$ 3,183,440 | \$ 791,534 |

During the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company management performed an evaluation of its intangible assets (Patents) for purposes of determining the implied fair value of the assets at acquisition date(s). The tests indicated that the recorded remaining book value of its patents exceeded their fair value, as determined by discounted cash flows and accordingly recorded an impairment charge of \$1,698,229 to current operations. Considerable management judgment is necessary to estimate the fair value. Accordingly, actual results could vary significantly from management's estimates.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company's derivative financial instruments consist of embedded derivatives related to the 10% Secured Convertible Debentures (see Note B). These embedded derivatives include certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company record the derivatives and related warrants at their fair values as of the inception date of the Note Agreement and at fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. In addition, under the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 815-40, Derivatives and Hedging; Contracts in Entity's Own Equity

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derivative Financial Instruments (continued)

(ASC 815-40) as a result of entering into the Notes, the Company is required to classify all other non-employee stock options and warrants as derivative liabilities and mark them to market at each reporting date. Any change in fair value inclusive of modifications of terms will be recorded as non-operating, non-cash income or expense at each reporting date. If the fair value of the derivatives is higher at the subsequent balance sheet date, the Company will record a non-operating, non-cash charge. If the fair value of the derivatives is lower at the subsequent balance sheet date, the Company will record non-operating, non-cash income. Conversion-related derivatives were valued using the intrinsic method and the warrants using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model with the following assumptions: dividend yield of 0%; annual volatility of 217%; and risk free interest rate from 0.18% to 2.98%. The derivatives are classified as long-term liabilities.

Registration rights

In with raising capital through the issuance of Convertible Notes, the Company has issued convertible debentures and warrants in that have registration rights with liquidated damages for the underlying shares. As the contract must be settled by the delivery of registered shares and the delivery of the registered shares is not controlled by the Company, pursuant to ASC 815-40, the net value of the of the underlying embedded derivative and warrants at the date of issuance was recorded as liabilities on the balance sheet. Liquidated damages are estimated and accrued as a liability at each reporting date. The Company has accrued an estimated \$816,586 in liquidation damages.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The Company adopted Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 220-10, Comprehensive Income (ASC 220-10) which establishes standards for the reporting and displaying of comprehensive income and its components. Comprehensive income is defined as the change in equity of a business during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owners sources. It includes all changes in equity during a period except those resulting from investments by owners and distributions to owners. ASC 220-10 requires other comprehensive income (loss) to include foreign currency translation adjustments and unrealized gains and losses on available for sale securities.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 825-10, Financial Instruments (ASC 825-10) requires disclosure of the fair value of certain financial instruments. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and short-term borrowings, as reflected in the consolidated balance sheets, approximate fair value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments. All other significant financial assets, financial liabilities and equity instruments of the Company are either recognized or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements together with other information relevant for making a reasonable assessment of future cash flows, interest rate risk and credit

risk. Where practicable the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities have been determined and disclosed; otherwise only available information pertinent to fair value has been disclosed.

Effective January 1, 2008, the company adopted Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 820-10, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (ASC 820-10) and Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 825-10, Financial Instruments (ASC 825-10), which permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. Neither of these statements had an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Furniture and fixtures | 7 years |
| Office equipment | 3 to 5 years |
| Leasehold improvements | 5 years |
| Manufacturing equipment | 3 years |

We evaluate the carrying value of items of property, plant and equipment to be held and used whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The carrying value of an item of property, plant and equipment is considered impaired when the projected undiscounted future cash flows related to the asset are less than its carrying value. We measure impairment based on the amount by which the carrying value of the respective asset exceeds its fair value. Fair value is determined primarily using the projected future cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with the risk involved.

Liquidity

As shown in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Company incurred net loss from operations of \$1,635,083 for the nine month period ended September 30, 2009. The Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$12,427,533 as of September 30, 2009.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

With the exception of those stated below, there have been no recent accounting pronouncements or changes in accounting pronouncements during the nine months ended September 30, 2009, as compared to the recent accounting pronouncements described in the Annual Report that are of material significance, or have potential material significance, to the Company.

Effective July 1, 2009, the Company adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 105-10, *Generally Accepted Accounting Principles Overall* (ASC 105-10). ASC 105-10 establishes the *FASB Accounting Standards Codification* (the Codification) as the source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Rules and interpretive releases of the SEC under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of authoritative U.S. GAAP for SEC registrants. All guidance contained in the Codification carries an equal level of authority. The Codification superseded all existing non-SEC accounting and

reporting standards. All other non-grandfathered, non-SEC accounting literature not included in the Codification is non-authoritative. The FASB will not issue new standards in the form of Statements, FASB Staff Positions or Emerging Issues Task Force Abstracts. Instead, it will issue Accounting Standards Updates (ASUs). The FASB will not consider ASUs as authoritative in their own right. ASUs will serve only to update the Codification, provide background information about the guidance and provide the bases for conclusions on the change(s) in the Codification. References made to FASB guidance throughout this document have been updated for the Codification.

In August 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2009-05, *Measuring Liabilities at Fair Value*, which provides additional guidance on how companies should measure liabilities at fair value under ASC 820. The ASU clarifies that the quoted price for an identical liability should be used. However, if such information is not available, a entity may use, the quoted price of an identical liability when traded as an asset, quoted prices for similar liabilities or similar liabilities traded as assets, or another valuation technique (such as the market or income approach). The ASU also indicates that the fair value of a liability is not adjusted to reflect the impact of contractual restrictions that prevent its transfer and indicates circumstances in which quoted prices for an identical liability or quoted price for an identical liability traded as an asset may be considered level 1 fair value measurements. This ASU is effective October 1, 2009. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard, but would not expect it to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations or financial condition.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

In September 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2009-12, *Investments in Certain Entities That Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent)*, that amends ASC 820 to provide guidance on measuring the fair value of certain alternative investments such as hedge funds, private equity funds and venture capital funds. The ASU indicates that, under certain circumstance, the fair value of such investments may be determined using net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient, unless it is probable the investment will be sold at something other than NAV. In those situations, the practical expedient cannot be used and disclosure of the remaining actions necessary to complete the sale is required. The ASU also requires additional disclosures of the attributes of all investments within the scope of the new guidance, regardless of whether an entity used the practical expedient to measure the fair value of any of its investments. This ASU is effective October 1, 2009. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard, but would not expect it to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations or financial condition.

In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2009-13, *Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force*, that provides amendments to the criteria for separating consideration in multiple-deliverable arrangements. As a result of these amendments, multiple-deliverable revenue arrangements will be separated in more circumstances than under existing U.S. GAAP. The ASU does this by establishing a selling price hierarchy for determining the selling price of a deliverable. The selling price used for each deliverable will be based on vendor-specific objective evidence if available, third-party evidence if vendor-specific objective evidence is not available, or estimated selling price if neither vendor-specific objective evidence nor third-party evidence is available. A vendor will be required to determine its best estimate of selling price in a manner that is consistent with that used to determine the price to sell the deliverable on a standalone basis. This ASU also eliminates the residual method of allocation and will require that arrangement consideration be allocated at the inception of the arrangement to all deliverables using the relative selling price method, which allocates any discount in the overall arrangement proportionally to each deliverable based on its relative selling price. Expanded disclosures of qualitative and quantitative information regarding application of the multiple-deliverable revenue arrangement guidance are also required under the ASU. The ASU does not apply to arrangements for which industry specific allocation and measurement guidance exists, such as long-term construction contracts and software transactions. ASU No. 2009-13 is effective beginning January 1, 2011. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2009-14, *Certain Revenue Arrangements That Include Software Elements a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force*, that reduces the types of transactions that fall within the current scope of software revenue recognition guidance. Existing software revenue recognition guidance requires that its provisions be applied to an entire arrangement when the sale of any products or services containing or utilizing software when the software is considered more than incidental to the product or service. As a result of the amendments included in ASU No. 2009-14, many tangible products and services that rely on software will be accounted for under the multiple-element arrangements revenue recognition guidance rather than under the software

revenue recognition guidance. Under the ASU, the following components would be excluded from the scope of software revenue recognition guidance: the tangible element of the product, software products bundled with tangible products where the software components and non-software components function together to deliver the product's essential functionality, and undelivered components that relate to software that is essential to the tangible product's functionality. The ASU also provides guidance on how to allocate transaction consideration when an arrangement contains both deliverables within the scope of software revenue guidance (software deliverables) and deliverables not within the scope of that guidance (non-software deliverables). ASU No. 2009-14 is effective beginning January 1, 2011. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

Notes payable at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008:

| | September 30, 2009 | | | December 31, 2008 | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|----------|-------------------|-------------|----------|
| | Gross | Less: | Net | Gross | Less: | Net |
| | Principal | Unamortized | | Principal | Unamortized | |
| | Amount | Discount | | Amount | Discount | |
| 10% convertible note payable, unsecured and due September, 2003; accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity; Note holder has the option to convert note principal together with accrued and unpaid interest to the Company's common stock at a rate of \$0.50 per share. The Company is in violation of the loan covenants | \$ 2,500 | | \$ 2,500 | \$ 2,500 | | \$ 2,500 |
| 10% convertible note payable, unsecured and due September, 2003; accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity; Note | 25,000 | | 25,000 | 25,000 | | 25,000 |

holder has the option to convert note principal together with accrued and unpaid interest to the Company's common stock at a rate of \$0.50 per share. The Company is in violation of the loan covenants

10% convertible debenture, due three years from date of the note with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a) \$0.03 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date.

The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. The Company is in violation of the loan covenants (see below)

\$ 1,094,091

\$ 1,094,091

\$ 1,094,091

\$

\$ 1,094,091

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

| | September 30, 2009 | | | December 31, 2008 | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|
| | Gross | Less: | | Gross | Less: | |
| | Principal | Unamortized | | Principal | Unamortized | |
| | Amount | Discount | Net | Amount | Discount | Net |
| 10% convertible debenture, due three years from date of the note with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a) \$0.6 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. The Company is in violation of the loan covenants (see | \$ 800,000 | \$ | \$ 800,000 | \$ 800,000 | \$ | \$ 800,000 |

below)

8% convertible debenture, due three years from date of the note with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights (see below)

| | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 700,000 | 700,000 | 700,000 | 700,000 |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|

| | | | | | | |
|---|------------|----|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| <p>8% convertible debenture, due March 2009 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The</p> | \$ 500,000 | \$ | \$ 500,000 | \$ 500,000 | \$ 38,813 | \$ 461,187 |
|---|------------|----|------------|------------|-----------|------------|

Company granted the
note holder a security
interest in
substantially all of
the Company's assets
and intellectual
property and
registration rights.
(See below)

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

| | September 30, 2009 | | | December 31, 2008 | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|
| | Less: | | | Gross | Less: | |
| | Gross Principal | Unamortized | | Principal | Unamortized | |
| | Amount | Discount | Net | Amount | Discount | Net |
| 6 % convertible debenture, due July 2009 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below) | \$ 500,000 | \$ | \$ 500,000 | \$ 500,000 | \$ 94,977 | \$ 405,023 |

6% convertible debenture, due September 2009 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights.
(See below)

| | | | | | |
|---------|----|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| 280,000 | \$ | \$ 280,000 | \$ 280,000 | \$ 68,530 | \$ 211,470 |
|---------|----|------------|------------|-----------|------------|

6% convertible debenture, due December 2009 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security

| | | | | | |
|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| \$ 600,000 | \$ 43,836 | \$ 556,164 | \$ 600,000 | \$ 193,425 | \$ 406,575 |
|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|

interest in
substantially all of
the Company's assets
and intellectual
property and
registration rights.
(See below)

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

| | September 30, 2009 | | | December 31, 2008 | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|
| | Less: | | Net | Gross | Less: | |
| | Gross Principal | Unamortized | | Principal | Unamortized | Net |
| | Amount | Discount | Amount | Discount | Net | |
| 8% convertible debenture, due April 2010 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. | \$ 400,000 | \$ 72,694 | \$ 327,306 | \$ 400,000 | \$ 172,420 | \$ 227,580 |

(See below)

8% convertible debenture, due May 2010 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note.

The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date.

The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights.

(See below)

| | | | | | |
|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| 150,000 | 29,041 | 120,959 | 150,000 | 66,428 | 83,562 |
|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|

8% convertible debenture, due June 2010 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note.

The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest

| | | | | | |
|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| 150,000 | 33,288 | 116,712 | 150,000 | 70,685 | 79,315 |
|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|

intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below)

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

| | September 30, 2009 | | | December 31, 2008 | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------|
| | Less: | | Net | Gross | Less: | |
| | Gross Principal | Unamortized | | Principal | Unamortized | Net |
| | Amount | Discount | Amount | Discount | Amount | Discount |
| 8% convertible debenture, due June 2010 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's | \$ 150,000 | 37,260 | \$ 112,740 | \$ 150,000 | \$ 74,658 | \$ 75,342 |

assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below)

8% convertible debenture, due July 2010 with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a)\$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below)

| | | | | | | |
|--|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| | 150,000 | 39,041 | 110,959 | 150,000 | 76,438 | 73,562 |
|--|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|

| | | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| 10% convertible notes payable, unsecured and due 2010; | 58,623 | 58,623 | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|

accrued and
unpaid interest
due at maturity;
Note holder has
the option to
convert note
principal
together with
accrued and
unpaid interest
to the Company's
common stock at
a rate of \$0.50
per share. The
Company is in
violation of the
loan covenants

| | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Total | 5,560,214 | 255,160 | 5,560,214 | 5,501,591 | 856,384 | 4,645,207 |
| Less: current maturities: | 5,560,214 | 255,160 | 5,560,214 | 5,501,591 | 856,384 | 4,645,207 |
| Long term portion | \$ -0- | \$ -0- | \$ -0- | \$ -0- | \$ -0- | \$ -0- |

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on April 23, 2005 for the issuance of an aggregate of \$1,500,000 of convertible notes (Convertible Notes) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 25,000,000 shares of the Company s common stock. The Convertible Notes accrue interest at 10% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company s common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.03 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 270.43% per annum.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$1,500,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$1,352,067. The proceeds that the Company received were net of prepaid interest of \$72,933 representing the first eight month s interest and related fees and costs of \$75,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on April 23, 2005. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$945,313 and \$554,687 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

.

Requirement to pay principal and interest when due

.

Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)

.

Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness

.

Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement

Change of control

Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$-0- and \$155,665, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on October 24, 2005 for the issuance of \$800,000 of convertible notes (Convertible Notes) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 800,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 10% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.06 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 142.28% per annum.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$800,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$775,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$25,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on October 24, 2005. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$743,770 and \$56,230 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

Requirement to pay principal and interest when due

.

Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)

.

Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness

.

Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement

.

Change of control

.

Trading market limitations

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$-0- and \$200,183, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on December 28, 2005 for the issuance of \$700,000 of convertible notes (Convertible Notes) and attached to the Convertible Notes were warrants to purchase 700,000 shares of the Company s common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company s common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 158.81% per annum.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$700,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$675,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$25,000.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on December 28, 2005. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$655,921 and \$44,079 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

.

Requirement to pay principal and interest when due

.

Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)

.

Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness

.

Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement

.

Change of control

.

Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase

Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM" or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$-0- and \$175,160, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on March 31, 2006 for the issuance of \$500,000 of convertible notes (Convertible Notes) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 19,000,000 shares of the Company s common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company s common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 11.01% per annum.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$500,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$460,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$40,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on March 31, 2006. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$136,612 and \$363,388 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

.

Requirement to pay principal and interest when due

.

Provide shares of the Company s common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)

.

Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness

.

Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement

.

Change of control

.

Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$38,813 and \$125,114, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on July 28, 2006 for the issuance of \$500,000 of convertible notes (Convertible Notes) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 15,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 6% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 10.00% per annum.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$500,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$490,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$10,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on July 28, 2006. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$200,000 and \$300,000 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

.

Requirement to pay principal and interest when due

.

Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)

.

Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness

.

Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement

.

Change of control

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Trading market limitations

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$94,977 and \$125,114, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on September 26, 2006 for the issuance of \$280,000 of convertible notes (Convertible Notes) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants

to purchase 10,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 6% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 9.36% per annum.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$280,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$259,858. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$20,142.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on September 26, 2006. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$100,513 and \$179,487 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

.

Requirement to pay principal and interest when due

.

Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)

.

Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness

.

Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement

.

Change of control

.

Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of September 30, 2009 and December 31 2008, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$68,530 and \$70,064, respectively.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on December 20, 2006 for the issuance of \$600,000 of convertible notes (Convertible Notes) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 20,000,000 shares of the Company s common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 6% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company s common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 15.00% per annum.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$600,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$590,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$10,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on December 20, 2006. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$360,000 and \$240,000 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

.

Requirement to pay principal and interest when due

.

Provide shares of the Company s common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)

.

Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness

.

Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement

Change of control

Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$149,589 and \$150,137, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on April 18, 2007 for the issuance of \$400,000 of convertible notes (Convertible Notes) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 235.00% per annum.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$400,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$360,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$40,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on April 18, 2007. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$386,378 and \$13,622 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

Requirement to pay principal and interest when due

.

Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)

.

Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness

.

Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement

.

Change of control

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Trading market limitations

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$99,726 and \$100,091, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on May 1, 2007 for the issuance of \$150,000 of convertible notes (Convertible Notes) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to

purchase 10,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 80.83% per annum.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$150,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$150,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on May 1, 2007. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$135,154 and \$14,846 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

.

Requirement to pay principal and interest when due

.

Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)

.

Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness

.

Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement

.

Change of control

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Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$37,397 and \$37,735, respectively.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on June 1, 2007 for the issuance of \$150,000 of convertible notes (Convertible Notes) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of the Company s common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company s common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 91.87% per annum.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$150,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$150,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on June 1, 2007. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$136,938 and \$13,062 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

.

Requirement to pay principal and interest when due

.

Provide shares of the Company s common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)

.

Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness

.

Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement

.

Change of control

.

Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$37,397 and \$37,535.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on June 30, 2007 for the issuance of \$150,000 of convertible notes (Convertible Notes) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of the Company s common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company s common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 85.51% per annum.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$150,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$150,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on June 30, 2007. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$135,966 and \$14,034 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

.

Requirement to pay principal and interest when due

Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)

Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness

Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement

Change of control

Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$37,397 and \$37,535, respectively.

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on July 13, 2007 for the issuance of \$150,000 of convertible notes (Convertible Notes) and attached to the Convertible Notes was warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of the Company s common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company s common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date. The effective interest rate at the date of inception was 85.13% per annum.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$150,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$150,000.

The Company's identified embedded derivatives related to the Securities Purchase Agreement entered into on July 13, 2007. These embedded derivatives included certain conversion features, variable interest features, call options and default provisions. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company allocate the relative fair values of the derivatives and related warrants as of the inception date of the Securities Purchase Agreement up to the proceeds amount and to fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. At the inception of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company allocated \$135,903 and \$14,097 to the embedded derivatives and related warrants, respectively.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

The Securities Purchase Agreement contains the following covenants:

.

Requirement to pay principal and interest when due

.

Provide shares of the Company's common stock to the Holder(s) upon exercise by the Holder(s)

.

Timely file a registration statement with the SEC and obtain effectiveness and maintain effectiveness

.

Maintain sufficient number of authorized shares, subject to Stockholder approval for full conversion of any remaining Security Purchase Agreement

.

Change of control

.

Trading market limitations

The Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to affect the registration of the shares of its common stock underlying the Security Purchase Agreement and the warrants within 30 days from the date of receipt of written demand of the Investors. The Company also agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to cause the registration statement to be declared effective no later than 90 days after the date of the Securities Purchase Agreement. If the Registration Statement is not filed and/or not declared effective as described above, the Company will be required to pay liquidated damages in the form of cash or the Company's common stock, at the Company's discretion, in an amount equal to 2% of the unpaid principal balance per month to the date on which the Registrable Securities (in the opinion of counsel to the Initial Investors) may be immediately sold to the public without registration or restriction (including, without limitation, as to volume by each holder thereof) under the 1933 Act.

As of September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company has not maintained an effective registration statement and therefore is in default of the Security Purchase agreement. As such, at the option of the Holders of a majority of the aggregate

principal amount of the outstanding Notes issued pursuant to the Purchase Agreement and through the delivery of written notice to the Company by such Holders (the "DEFAULT NOTICE"); the Notes shall become immediately due and payable and the Company shall pay to the Holder an amount equal to the greater of (i) 130% times the sum of (w) the then outstanding principal amount of this Note plus (x) accrued and unpaid interest on the unpaid principal amount of this Note to the date of payment plus (y) Default Interest (at 15% per annum), if any, plus (z) any amounts owed to the Holder pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. The then outstanding principal amount of the Note to the date of payment plus the amounts referred to in clauses (x), (y) and (z) shall collectively be known as the "DEFAULT SUM") or (ii) the "parity value" of the Default Sum to be prepaid, where parity value means (a) the highest number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of or otherwise pursuant to such Default Sum, treating the Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Prepayment Date as the "Conversion Date" for purposes of determining the lowest applicable Conversion Price, unless the Default Event arises as a result of a breach in respect of a specific Conversion Date in which case such Conversion Date shall be the Conversion Date), multiplied by (b) the highest Closing Price for the Common Stock during the period beginning on the date of first occurrence of the Event of Default and ending one day prior to the Mandatory Prepayment Date (the "DEFAULT AMOUNT") and all other amounts payable hereunder shall immediately become due and payable, together with all costs including legal fees and expenses of collection. If the Borrower fails to pay the Default Amount within five (5) business days of written notice that such amount is due and payable, then the Holder shall have the right at any time, so long as the Borrower remains in default (and so long and to the extent that there are sufficient authorized shares), to require the Borrower, upon written notice, to immediately issue, in lieu of the Default Amount, the number of shares of Common Stock of the Borrower equal to the Default Amount divided by the Conversion Price then in effect.

For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, the Company amortized the debt discount and charged to interest expense \$37,397 and \$37,535, respectively.

As of September 30, 2009, the Company has accrued \$816,586 in default provision liabilities and liquidated damages relating to the above described Securities Purchase Agreements.

Although described as a warrant, the instrument was considered a convertible debenture for accounting purposes.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE B-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)

In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 470-20, Debt, Debt With Conversions and Other Options (ASC 470-20), the Company recognized an imbedded beneficial conversion feature present in the convertible note. The Company allocated a portion of the proceeds equal to the intrinsic value of that feature to additional paid-in capital. The Company recognized and measured an aggregate of \$184,736 of the proceeds, which is equal to the intrinsic value of the imbedded beneficial conversion feature, to additional paid in capital and a discount against the convertible note payable. The debt discount attributed to the beneficial conversion feature charged to current period earnings as interest expense.

The accompanying financial statements comply with current requirements relating to warrants and embedded derivatives as described in Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 815-10, Derivatives and Hedging and ASC 470-20 as follows:

The Company allocated the proceeds received between convertible debt and detachable warrants based upon the relative fair market values on the dates the proceeds were received. The fair values of the detachable warrants and the embedded derivatives were determined under the Black-Scholes option pricing formula and the intrinsic method, respectively

Subsequent to the initial recording, the increase (or decrease) in the fair value of the detachable warrants, determined under the Black-Scholes option pricing formula and the increase (or decrease) in the intrinsic value of the embedded derivatives of the convertible debentures are recorded as adjustments to the liabilities at September 30, 2009.

The expense relating to the increase (or decrease) in the fair value of the Company's stock reflected in the change in the fair value of the warrants and derivatives is included as other income item as a gain or loss arising from convertible financing on the Company's balance sheet.

Accreted principal of \$5,305,054 and \$4,645,207 as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008.

NOTE C WARRANT PAYABLE

The Company completed an equity financing with St. George Investments, LLC (SGI), an Illinois limited liability company, on March 21, 2008 for \$1,500,000. The equity financing is structured as a 25% discount to market Warrant

transaction that provides \$500,000 in capital at closing, followed by four tranches of \$250,000 each. Each \$250,000 tranche is staggered at 60-day intervals commencing in six months on September 22, 2008, which is the date that shares are salable pursuant to Rule 144 upon exercise of the Warrant. The Company issued 7,500,000 shares of Common Stock to SGI in order to induce the SGI to purchase the \$1,500,000 Warrant. In addition, 6,763,300 additional shares of Common Stock were issued as Performance Stock in the name of SGI to remain in their original certificated form and remain in escrow with the law firm of Anslow & Jaclin, LLP acting as escrow agent. As a provision of the Warrant Purchase Agreement, we pledged 35,736,700 shares of Pledge Stock to be held in escrow as a potential remedy in the event of the occurrence of certain identified trigger events. On June 23, 2008, one trigger event, the closing price of our stock, went below the identified market price of \$0.012 per share, triggering the release from escrow of the 6,763,300 shares of Performance Stock and the 35,736,700 shares of Pledge Stock. This trigger event, as defined in the Warrant Purchase Agreement, also increased the Warrant Account by 25% of the balance, or \$375,000, in exchange for the elimination of the 25% discount to market. As of September 30, 2009 the remaining Warrant Liability balance was \$691,795.

NOTE D-WARRANT LIABILITY

Total warrant liability as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 is comprised of the following:

| | September 30, | December 31, |
|---|----------------------|---------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| Fair value of warrants relating to convertible debentures | \$ 43,532 | \$ 105,091 |
| Fair value of other outstanding warrants | 69,832 | 149,951 |
| Total | \$ 113,364 | \$ 255,042 |

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE D-WARRANT LIABILITY (continued)

Warrants were valued at the date of inception and at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model.

The assumptions used at September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 were as follows:

| | September 30, | December 31, |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| Expected volatility | 217 % | 362 % |
| Expected dividend yield | -0- % | -0- % |
| Average risk free rate | 0.18% to 2.98 % | 0.37% to 1.15 % |
| Expected life (a) | 0.56 to 4.78 yrs | 1.31 to 5.53 yrs |

(a)The expected option life is based on contractual expiration dates.

NOTE E - NOTE PAYABLE

Note payable as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, comprised of the following:

| | September 30, | December 31, |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| Note payable, 24% interest per annum; due in 90 days; secured by specific accounts receivables | \$ -0- | \$ 192,865 |

NOTE F - NOTES AND CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE-RELATED PARTY

Notes payable-related party is comprised of the following:

| | September 30, | December 31, |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| Notes payable, 12% per annum; due on demand; unsecured | \$ 210,074 | \$ 147,714 |
| Notes payable, 10% per annum, due on demand; unsecured | 976,200 | 255,109 |
| | 1,186,274 | 402,823 |
| Less: current maturities: | (1,186,274) | (402,823) |

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE G - STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (continued)

Series A - Convertible Preferred stock (continued)

In May, 2004, the Company issued 15.861 shares of its Series A Preferred stock, valued at \$5,000 per share. The stock has a stated value of \$5,000 per share and a conversion price of \$0.10 per share and warrants to purchase an aggregate of 1,600,000 shares of our common stock.

In the year ended December 31, 2004, 7 of the Series A Preferred shareholders exercised the conversion right and exchanged 19 shares of Series A Preferred for 950,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

In the year ended December 31, 2005, 20 of the Series A Preferred shareholders exercised the conversion right and exchanged 92 shares of Series A Preferred for 4,600,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

In the year ended December 31, 2006, 9 of the Series A Preferred shareholders exercised the conversion right and exchanged 20.88 shares of Series A Preferred for 1,019,032 shares of the Company's common stock.

In the year ended December 31, 2008, 1 of the Series A Preferred shareholders exercised the conversion right and exchanged 2 shares of Series A Preferred for 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

The holders of the Series A Preferred shall have the right to vote, separately as a single class, at a meeting of the holders of the Series A Preferred or by such holders' written consent or at any annual or special meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation on any of the following matters: (i) the creation, authorization, or issuance of any class or series of shares ranking on a parity with or senior to the Series A Preferred with respect to dividends or upon the liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Corporation, and (ii) any agreement or other corporate action which would adversely affect the powers, rights, or preferences of the holders of the Series A Preferred.

The holders of record of the Series A Preferred shall be entitled to receive cumulative dividends at the rate of twelve percent per annum (12%) on the face value (\$5,000 per share) when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever. All dividends, when paid, shall be payable in cash, or at the option of the Company, in shares of the Company's common stock. Dividends on shares of the Series A Preferred that have not been redeemed shall be payable quarterly in arrears, when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever, on a semi-annual basis. No dividend or distribution other than a dividend or distribution paid in Common Stock or in any other junior stock shall be declared or paid or set aside for payment on the Common Stock or on any other junior stock unless full cumulative dividends on all outstanding shares of the Series A Preferred shall have been declared and paid. These dividends are not recorded until declared by the Company. As of the nine month period ended September 30, 2009, \$0 in dividends was accumulated.

Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, and after payment of any senior liquidation preferences of any series of Preferred Stock and before any distribution or payment is made with respect to any Common Stock, holders of each share of the Series A Preferred shall be entitled to be paid

an amount equal in the greater of (a) the face value denominated thereon subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, reclassification or other similar events (the "Adjusted Face Value") plus, in the case of each share, an amount equal to all dividends accrued or declared but unpaid thereon, computed to the date payment thereof is made available, or (b) such amount per share of the Series A Preferred immediately prior to such liquidation, dissolution or winding up, or (c) the liquidation preference of \$5,000.00 per share, and the holders of the Series A Preferred shall not be entitled to any further payment, such amount payable with respect to the Series A Preferred being sometimes referred to as the "Liquidation Payments."

Because the Series A Shares include a redemption feature that is outside of the control of the Company and the stated conversion price is subject to reset, the Company has classified the Series A Shares outside of stockholders' equity in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity (ASC 480). In accordance with ASC 480, the fair value at date of issuance was recorded outside of stockholders' equity in the accompanying balance sheet. Dividends on the Series A Shares are reflected as a reduction of net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE G - STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (continued)

Series A - Convertible Preferred stock (continued)

In connection with the issuance of the Series A Preferred and related warrants, the holders were granted certain registration rights in which the Company agreed to timely file a registration statement to register the common shares and the shares underlying the warrants, obtain effectiveness of the registration statement by the SEC within ninety-five (95) days of December 31, 2003, and maintain the effectiveness of this registration statement for a preset time thereafter. In the event the Company fails to timely perform under the registration rights agreement, the Company agrees to pay the holders of the Series A Preferred liquidated damages in an amount equal to 1.5% of the aggregate amount invested by the holders for each 30-day period or pro rata for any portion thereof following the date by which the registration statement should have been effective. The initial registration statement was filed and declared effective by the SEC within the allowed time; however the Company has not maintained the effectiveness of the registration statement to date. Accordingly, the Company issued 203,867 shares of common stock as liquidated damages on December 10, 2004. The Company has not been required to pay any further liquidated damages in connection with the filing or on-going effectiveness of the registration statement.

The Company was required to record a liability relating to the detachable warrants as described in Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 815-10, Derivatives and Hedging and ASC 470-20 and as such:

Subsequent to the initial recording, the increase in the fair value of the detachable warrants, determined under the Black-Scholes option pricing formula, are accrued as adjustments to the liabilities at each reporting period.

The expense relating to the increase in the fair value of the Company's stock reflected in the change in the fair value of the warrants (noted above) is included as other comprehensive income item of an unrealized gain or loss arising from convertible financing on the Company's balance sheet.

The warrants expired unexercised in the year ended December 31, 2006.

Series B - Convertible Preferred stock

On February 19, 2004, the Company filed a Certificate of Designation creating a Series B Convertible Preferred Stock classification for 800,000 shares, increased subsequently to 3,650,000 in 2007 and 8,500,000 in 2009.

In January, 2004, April 2007, January 2009 and August 2009, the Company issued 800,000, 2,850,000, 1,000,000 and 3,850,000 shares, respectively, of its Series B Preferred in lieu of certain accrued management service fees payable and notes payable including interest payable thereon. The shares of the Series B Preferred are nonvoting and convertible, at the option of the holder, into common shares at \$0.10 per share per share. The shares issued were valued at \$1.00 per share in 2004, \$0.13 in 2007, \$0.018 in January 2009 and \$0.009 in August 2009, which

represented the fair value of the common stock the shares are convertible into. In connection with the transaction, the Company recorded a beneficial conversion discount of \$800,000 - preferred dividend relating to the issuance of the convertible preferred stock in 2004. None of the Series B Preferred shareholders have exercised their conversion right and there are 8,500,000 shares of Series B Preferred shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2009.

The holders of the Series B Preferred shall have the right to vote, separately as a single class, at a meeting of the holders of the Series B Preferred or by such holders' written consent or at any annual or special meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation on any of the following matters: (i) the creation, authorization, or issuance of any class or series of shares ranking on a parity with or senior to the Series B Preferred with respect to dividends or upon the liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Corporation, and (ii) any agreement or other corporate action which would adversely affect the powers, rights, or preferences of the holders of the Series B Preferred.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE G - STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (continued)

Series B - Convertible Preferred stock

The holders of record of the Series B Preferred shall be entitled to receive cumulative dividends at the rate of twelve percent per annum (12%) on the face value (\$1.00 per share) when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever. All dividends, when paid, shall be payable in cash, or at the option of the Company, in shares of the Company's common stock. Dividends on shares of the Series B Preferred that have not been redeemed shall be payable quarterly in arrears, when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever, on a semi-annual basis. No dividend or distribution other than a dividend or distribution paid in Common Stock or in any other junior stock shall be declared or paid or set aside for payment on the Common Stock or on any other junior stock unless full cumulative dividends on all outstanding shares of the Series B Preferred shall have been declared and paid. These dividends are not recorded until declared by the Company. As of September 30, 2009 \$1,619,500 in dividends were accumulated.

Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, and after payment of any senior liquidation preferences of any series of Preferred Stock and before any distribution or payment is made with respect to any Common Stock, holders of each share of the Series B Preferred shall be entitled to be paid an amount equal in the greater of (a) the face value denominated thereon subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, reclassification or other similar events (the "Adjusted Face Value") plus, in the case of each share, an amount equal to all dividends accrued or declared but unpaid thereon, computed to the date payment thereof is made available, or (b) such amount per share of the Series B Preferred immediately prior to such liquidation, dissolution or winding up, or (c) the liquidation preference of \$1.00 per share, and the holders of the Series B Preferred shall not be entitled to any further payment, such amount payable with respect to the Series B Preferred being sometimes referred to as the "Liquidation Payments."

Series C - Convertible Preferred stock

On November 13, 2006, the Company filed a Certificate of Designation creating a Series C Convertible Preferred Stock classification for 100,000 shares. Subsequently amended on January 11, 2007 to 700,000 shares.

In December 2006, the Company issued 100,000 shares of its Series C Preferred stock in conjunction with the acquisition of SPE Technologies, Inc. The shares of the Series C Preferred are non voting and convertible, at the option of the holder, into common shares one year from issuance. The number of common shares to be issued per Series C share is adjusted based on the average closing bid price of the previous ten days prior to the date of conversion based on divided into \$25.20. The shares issued were valued at \$25.20 per share, which represented the fair value of the common stock the shares are convertible into. None of the Series C Preferred shareholders have exercised their conversion right and there are 150,000 shares of Series C Preferred shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2009.

The holders of record of the Series C Preferred shall be entitled to receive cumulative dividends at the rate of five percent per annum (5%), compounded quarterly, on the face value (\$25.00 per share) when, if and as declared by

the Board of Directors, if ever. All dividends, when paid, shall be payable in cash, or at the option of the Company, in shares of the Company's common stock. Dividends on shares of the Series C Preferred that have not been redeemed shall be payable quarterly in arrears, when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever, at the time of conversion. These dividends are not recorded until declared by the Company. As of September 30, 2009 \$-0- in dividends were accumulated.

Common stock

The Company has authorized 5,000,000,000 shares of common stock, with a par value of \$.001 per share increasing from 1,450,000,000 on in August 2009. As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company has 1,574,511,088,532 and 814,426,120 shares issued and outstanding, respectively.

In January 2008, holders converted 2 shares of preferred stock Class A into 100,000 shares of common stock. Each share of preferred stock is convertible into 50,000 shares of common stock.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE G -STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (continued)

Common stock (continued)

In January 2008, the Company issued 100,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for services rendered. The Company valued the shares issued at \$2,300, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

In February 2008, the Company issued 6,763,300 shares of its common stock as security in conjunction with the sale of a warrant (see Note B above). The Company valued the shares issued at \$183,609, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued at the date of issuance, and charged current period earnings.

In February 2008, the Company issued 7,500,000 shares of its common stock in conjunction with the sale of a warrant (see Note B above). The Company valued the shares issued at \$202,500, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued at the date of issuance, and charged current period earnings.

In June 2008, the Company issued 5,000,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for services rendered. The Company valued the shares issued at \$70,000, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

In July 2008, the Company issued 36,000,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for services rendered. The Company valued the shares issued at \$356,400, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

In August 2008, the Company issued 35,736,700 shares of its common stock in exchange for penalties incurred. The Company valued the shares issued at \$428,840, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

In August 2008, the Company issued 6,971,116 shares of its common stock in exchange for accounts payable and other services. The Company valued the shares issued at \$62,740, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

In September 2008, the Company issued 2,200,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for services rendered. The Company valued the shares issued at \$14,520, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

In October 2008, the Company issued 10,000,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for services rendered. The Company valued the shares issued at \$29,000, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

In December 2008, the Company issued 25,500,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for services rendered. The Company valued the shares issued at \$33,200, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

In June 2009, the Company issued 10,000,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for services rendered. The Company valued the shares issued at \$13,000, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

In August 2009, the Company issued 4,000,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for services rendered. The Company valued the shares issued at \$4,800, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

In September 2009, the Company issued 4,000,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for services rendered. The Company valued the shares issued at \$3,200, which approximated the fair value of the shares issued during the periods the services were rendered.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE H - STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

Class A Warrants

The following table summarizes the changes in warrants outstanding and related prices for the shares of the Company's common stock issued to shareholders at September 30, 2009:

| | | Warrants | | | | | |
|----------|-------|--------------|------|----|----------------|-------------|-----------|
| | | Outstanding | | | | | |
| | | Weighted | | | Warrants | | |
| | | Average | | | Exercisable | | |
| | | Remaining | | | Weighted | | |
| | | Contractual | | | Number | | |
| Exercise | | Number | | | Exercise | | |
| Price | | Outstanding | | | price | | |
| | | Life (years) | | | Exercisable | | |
| | | | | | Exercise Price | | |
| \$ | 0.001 | 50,000,000 | 3.02 | \$ | 0.001 | 50,000,000 | 0.001 |
| | 0.02 | 40,000,000 | 2.66 | | 0.02 | 40,000,000 | 0.02 |
| | 0.03 | 25,000,000 | 0.63 | | 0.03 | 25,000,000 | 0.03 |
| | 0.055 | 49,760,443 | 2.90 | | 0.055 | 49,760,443 | 0.055 (a) |
| | | 164,760,443 | | | | 164,760,443 | |

(a)

See terms of warrants issued below

Transactions involving the Company's warrant issuance are summarized as follows:

NOTE H - STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

| | Weighted Average |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| | Price |
| Number of Shares | Per Share |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|----|-------|
| Outstanding at December 31, 2007 | 175,960,443 | \$ | 0.016 |
| Granted | | | |
| Exercised | | | |
| Canceled or expired | (350,000) | | .75 |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2008 | 175,610,443 | | 0.02 |
| Granted | | | |
| Exercised | | | |
| Canceled or expired | (10,850,000) | | 0.02 |
| Outstanding at September 30, 2009 | 164,760,443 | | 0.02 |
| <u>Employee Stock Options</u> | | | |

The following table summarizes the changes in options outstanding and the related prices for the shares of the Company's common stock issued to employees of the Company under a non-qualified employee stock option plan at September 30, 2009:

| Options Outstanding | | | Options Exercisable | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Warrants | | | | | |
| Outstanding | | | | | |
| Weighted | | | | | |
| Average | | | | | |
| Remaining | | | Weighted | | |
| Contractual | | | Average | | |
| Exercise Price | Number Outstanding | Life (years) | Exercise price | Number Exercisable | Exercise Price |
| \$ 0.2125 | 2,000,000 | 4.21 | \$ 0.2125 | 2,000,000 | 0.2125 |
| 0.2125 | 2,000,000 | 4.62 | 0.2125 | 2,000,000 | 0.2125 |
| 0.022 | 20,500,000 | 7.12 | 0.022 | 20,500,000 | 0.022 |
| 0.0295 | 4,000,000 | 5.60 | 0.0295 | 4,000,000 | 0.0295 |
| 0.04 | 14,430,000 | 6.82 | 0.04 | 14,430,000 | 0.04 |
| 0.10 | 9,502,307 | 4.71 | 0.10 | 9,502,307 | 0.10 |

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE H -STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS (continued)

Transactions involving stock options issued to employees are summarized as follows:

| | Number of Shares | Weighted Average Price Per Share |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Outstanding at December 31, 2007 | 52,432,307 | 0.0562 |
| Granted | | |
| Exercised | | |
| Canceled or expired | | |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2008 | 52,432,307 | 0.0562 |
| Granted | | |
| Exercised | | |
| Canceled or expired | | |
| Outstanding at September 30, 2009 | 52,432,307 | \$ 0.0562 |

The Company did not grant employee stock options in the year ended December 31, 2008 or the nine month period ended September 30, 2009.

NOTE I -RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

From time to time, the Company's principal officers have advanced funds to the Company for working capital purposes in the form of unsecured promissory notes, accruing interest at 10% to 12% per annum. As of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the balance due to the officers was \$1,186,274 and \$402,823, respectively.

NOTE J -COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**Consulting Agreements**

The Company has consulting agreements with outside contractors, certain of whom are also Company stockholders. The Agreements are generally for a term of 12 months from inception and renewable automatically from year to year unless either the Company or Consultant terminates such engagement by written notice.

Operating Lease Commitments

The Company leases office space in Durham, NC on a six year lease expiring December 31, 2012, for an annualized rent payment of \$88,020. Additionally the Company leases warehouse space on a month to month basis for \$550 per month. At September 30, 2009, schedule of the future minimum lease payments is as follows:

| | |
|------|--------|
| 2009 | 22,005 |
| 2010 | 88,020 |
| 2011 | 88,020 |
| 2012 | 88,020 |
| 2013 | |

Litigation

The Company is subject to other legal proceedings and claims, which arise in the ordinary course of its business. Although occasional adverse decisions or settlements may occur, the Company believes that the final disposition of such matters should not have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity. There was no outstanding litigation as of September 30, 2009.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE K FAIR VALUES

Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 820-10, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (ASC 820-10) defines fair value as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required or permitted to be recorded at fair value, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, such as inherent risk, transfer restrictions, and risk of nonperformance. ASC 820-10 establishes a fair value hierarchy that requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. ASC 820-10 establishes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets); or model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are significant to the measurement of fair value of assets or liabilities.

To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is disclosed is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Items recorded or measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the accompanying financial statements consisted of the following items as of September 30, 2009:

| Total | Quoted | Significant | Significant |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | Prices in | Other | Unobservable |
| | Active | Observable | Inputs |
| | Markets for | Inputs | Level 3 |
| | Identical | Level 2 | |

Instruments**Level 1****Liabilities:**

| | | |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Derivative liability | \$ (14,518,241) | \$ (14,518,241) |
| Warrant payable | (691,795) | (691,795) |
| Warrant liability | (113,364) | (113,364) |
| Total | \$ (15,323,400) | \$ (15,323,400) |

NOTE L - BUSINESS CONCENTRATION

Sales to three major customers \$49,580 or 93.1% of total sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

Purchases from the Company's three major suppliers \$36,286 or 81.3% of total purchases for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

NOTE M- GOING CONCERN MATTERS

The accompanying statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As shown in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, as of September 30, 2009, the Company incurred accumulated losses of \$45,180,128. The Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$12,427,533 as of September 30, 2009. These factors among others may indicate that the Company will be unable to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(Unaudited)

NOTE M- GOING CONCERN MATTERS (continued)

The Company is actively pursuing additional equity financing through discussions with investment bankers and private investors. There can be no assurance the Company will be successful in its effort to secure additional equity financing.

If operations and cash flows continue to improve through these efforts, management believes that the Company can continue to operate. However, no assurance can be given that management's actions will result in profitable operations or the resolution of its liquidity problems.

NOTE N SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 12, 2009, we issued 86,666,667 shares of our common stock to Barclay Lyons, LLC pursuant to a deferred purchase and assignment agreement.

On October 12, 2009, we issued 86,666,667 shares of our common stock to War Chest Capital Multi Strategy, LLC pursuant to a purchase and assignment agreement.

On October 14, 2009, we issued 110,000,000 shares of our common stock to St. George Investments, LLC pursuant to a warrant purchase agreement.

On October 22, 2009, we issued 110,000,000 shares of our common stock to St. George Investments, LLC pursuant to a warrant purchase agreement.

On October 28, 2009, we issued 86,666,667 shares of our common stock to Barclay Lyons, LLC pursuant to a deferred purchase and assignment agreement.

On October 28, 2009, we issued 86,666,667 shares of our common stock to War Chest Capital Multi Strategy, LLC pursuant to a purchase and assignment agreement.

On November 5, 2009, we issued 107,000,000 shares of our common stock to St. George Investments, LLC pursuant to a warrant purchase agreement.

On November 12, 2009, we issued 125,000,000 shares of our common stock to Barclay Lyons, LLC pursuant to a deferred purchase and assignment agreement.

On November 12, 2009, we issued 125,000,000 shares of our common stock to War Chest Capital Multi Strategy, LLC pursuant to a purchase and assignment agreement.

On November 12, 2009, we issued 109,000,000 shares of our common stock to St. George Investments, LLC pursuant to a warrant purchase agreement.

On November 19, 2009, we issued 146,000,000 shares of our common stock to St. George Investments, LLC pursuant to a warrant purchase agreement.

ITEM 2.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that are subject to significant risks and uncertainties about us, our current and planned products, our current and proposed marketing and sales, and our projected results of operations. There are several important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results and percentages and results anticipated by the forward-looking statements. The Company has sought to identify the most significant risks to its business, but cannot predict whether or to what extent any of such risks may be realized nor can there be any assurance that the Company has identified all possible risks that might arise. Investors should carefully consider all of such risks before making an investment decision with respect to the Company's stock. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of the Company and notes thereto. This discussion should not be construed to imply that the results discussed herein will necessarily continue into the future, or that any conclusion reached herein will necessarily be indicative of actual operating results in the future. Such discussion represents only the best present assessment from our Management.

Overview

The financial market collapse of the past year has caused all investors, no matter what the quality of the security or the investment risk involved, to re-evaluate their investment strategies and their allocation of capital. Cyberlux Corporation is thankful to continue to be an investment selection for you.

From the macro-economic factors such as the performance of the capital markets to the micro-economic reality of the restricted availability of small business credit, Cyberlux, like many small companies, has had to focus in the last year on its core business opportunities and the long-term growth and prosperity of the Company, sometimes at the expense of the Company's short-term objectives.

In this business environment, Cyberlux Management has focused the company on our patented LED technology, our proprietary knowledge and our product development and manufacturing capability. In the existing Department of Defense (DoD) and Homeland Security/First Responder channels, Management has significantly changed our model from competing as the prime contractor for DoD contracts. In January, we transformed our Go-to-Market strategy from competing as a prime contractor to being the supplier who supports existing prime contractors and existing contracts. In addition, Management has also significantly changed our retail product strategy to become the product innovator and supplier to large existing retail marketing companies that have the scale and capability to bring a product to market world-wide.

These Go-to-Market strategy changes are significant and have far-reaching implications for how Cyberlux Corporation creates value in the marketplace, how the business scales and grows, how brand equity is created and how the value in the underlying equity of the company grows. In the past, Cyberlux Corporation was competing on a very large, very sophisticated playing field against companies that were either better positioned or better capitalized to secure contracts and large purchase commitments.

In fact, Cyberlux found itself in this very position with the United States Air Force (USAF) contract. Despite having developed the best products directly with the USAF customer, the contract was awarded to another company who underbid us and, to our knowledge, did not have a real product in market at the time of the award. This was a significant setback which Management appealed to the USAF, then to the Government Accountability Office (GAO)

and the situation is still unresolved and Cyberlux may ultimately seek legal damages as events present an opportunity to do so. Nonetheless, the USAF contract battle was a clear indication that a Go-to-Market strategy shift was not only necessary but fundamentally required, where Cyberlux would serve those companies with existing contracts as an OEM supplier and sub-contractor rather than compete in an arena where we cannot win.

Cyberlux Corporation has continued to make hard-fought progress in the marketplace, which has required some drastic measures appropriate for the times and the circumstances, but, nonetheless progress has been made towards the Company's sustainability and future growth. On the cost control side, Management has reduced all non-essential personnel, cut all available operating costs and asked the senior management team, beginning in 3Q 2008, to defer compensation until the Company is in a good operating condition. This has resulted in a reduction of true operating expense of over 75% this year. Management is continuing the very difficult task for aligning expense to revenue, and the Company should be well positioned to take advantage of our new cost structure as we make revenue gains going forward.

Remarkably, the Company has introduced five new, very exciting product families in order to expand our military and commercial product offerings, despite the cost reduction initiatives. In the first six months of 2009, Cyberlux launched the Portable Shelter Lighting products for tents and portable structures, the Outdoor Overhead and Outdoor Area Lighting products for municipal and military street lighting opportunities, the ArcLight LED products to address the traditional fluorescent lighting replacement opportunities, the BrightEye Solar-powered Trailer-mounted Lighting System for the DoD green initiatives, and the WhiteEye product as a white light version of the BrightEye for lower cost tactical lighting needs.

With the Company's change in strategy, these new products and the existing products, are being offered to prime contractors and companies with existing contracts that contain lighting requirements. The OEM LED lighting market is approximately \$2 billion per year, and our products represent a market opportunity of approximately \$400M. If we capture a realistic market share of 1% to 3%, we would experience a rational level of growth. Management is beginning to see results that will be forthcoming over the next two quarters of performance.

Management believes these changes in Cyberlux strategy will accelerate the growth of the Company, driving Cyberlux into a sustainable, fully operating company with important customers who have ongoing needs for our products. This process is challenging, requiring significant effort and creative problem solving from every Cyberlux employee. As Cyberlux begins to grow again, the Company is committed to excellence with a vigilant focus on quality and execution, where every commitment we make is also a commitment we make to excellence. There is no shortcut; there is only consistent, day-in and day-out action, where excellence is achieved through the constant whatever it takes effort the Cyberlux employees make across our engineering, sales, marketing, manufacturing, accounting, legal and management functions.

Results of Operations

Nine months ended September 30, 2009 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2008

REVENUES

Revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 were \$53,254 as compared to \$401,162 for the same period last year.

OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 were \$1,643,705 as compared to \$2,912,426 for the same period ended September 30, 2008. Included in the nine months ended September 30, 2009 were \$26,064 in expenses for research & development. This compares to \$1,386 the nine months ended September 30, 2008..

We reported an unrealized gain for the change in fair value of warrants and debt derivatives of \$10,028,023 as compared to a loss of \$3,032,859 for the same period last year. Although the change of \$13,004,882 is unrelated to our operating activities, the decrease in included in our reported net gain.

Three months ended September 30, 2009 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2008

REVENUES

Revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2009 were \$7,157 as compared to \$69,256 for the same period last year.

OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2009 were \$491,071 as compared to \$1,357,843 for the same period ended September 30, 2008.

We reported an unrealized gain for the change in fair value of warrants and debt derivatives of \$4,676,309 as compared to a gain of \$2,754,714 for the same period last year. Although the change of \$1,921,595 is unrelated to our operating activities, the increase is included in our reported net gain.

As a result of limited capital resources and minimal revenues from operations from its inception, we have relied on the issuance of equity securities to non-employees in exchange for services. Our management enters into equity compensation agreements with non-employees if it is in our best interest under terms and conditions

consistent with the requirements of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation. In order to conserve our limited operating capital resources, we anticipate continuing to compensate non-employees for services during the next twelve months. This policy may have a material effect on our results of operations during the next twelve months.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2009, we had a working capital deficit of \$12,427,533. This compares to a working capital deficit of \$10,546,454 as of December 31, 2008. Accrued interest on notes payable was \$2,856,735 compared to accrued interest of \$2,438,682 as December 31, 2008. Accounts payable as of September 30, 2009 were \$1,790,107 and compares to \$1,239,145 as compared to December 31, 2008. As a result of our operating losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, we generated a cash flow deficit of \$405,559 from operating activities. Cash flows provided by investing activities was \$0 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Cash flows from financing activities provided \$406,324 primarily from the sale of stock for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

While we have raised capital to meet our working capital and financing needs in the past, additional financing is required in order to meet our current and projected cash flow deficits from operations and development.

By adjusting our operations and development to the level of capitalization, we believe we have sufficient capital resources to meet projected cash flow deficits through the next twelve months. However, if thereafter, we are not successful in generating sufficient liquidity from operations or in raising sufficient capital resources, on terms acceptable to us, this could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, liquidity and financial condition.

Our independent certified public accountant has stated in their report included in our December 31, 2008, Form 10-KSB that we have incurred operating losses in the last two years, and that we are dependent upon management's ability to develop profitable operations. These factors among others may raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

April 2007 Stock Purchase Agreement

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on April 18, 2007, for the sale of (i) \$400,000 in secured convertible notes, and (ii) warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of our common stock. The investors purchased all of the secured convertible notes on April 18, 2007.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes were used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

The secured convertible notes bear interest at 8%, mature three years from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the investors' option, at the lower of (i) \$0.10 or (ii) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date. The full principal amount of the secured convertible notes is due upon default under the terms of secured convertible notes. The warrants are exercisable until seven years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.02 per share. In addition, the conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted in the event that we issue common stock at a price below the fixed conversion price, below market price, with the exception of any securities issued in connection with the Securities

Purchase Agreement. The conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances such as if we pay a stock dividend, subdivide or combine outstanding shares of common stock into a greater or lesser number of shares, or take such other actions as would otherwise result in dilution of the selling stockholder's position. As of the date of this filing, the conversion price for the secured convertible debentures and the exercise price of the warrants have not been adjusted. The selling stockholders have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert or exercise their warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by them and their affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, we have granted the investors a security interest in substantially all of our assets and intellectual property and registration rights.

May 2007 Stock Purchase Agreement

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on May 1, 2007, for the sale of (i) \$150,000 in secured convertible notes, and (ii) warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of our common stock. The investors purchased all of the secured convertible notes on May 1, 2007.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes were used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

The secured convertible notes bear interest at 8%, mature three years from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the investors' option, at the lower of (i) \$0.10 or (ii) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date. The full principal amount of the secured convertible notes is due upon default under the terms of secured convertible notes. The warrants are exercisable until seven years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.02 per share. In addition, the conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted in the event that we issue common stock at a price below the fixed conversion price, below market price, with the exception of any securities issued in connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement. The conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances such as if we pay a stock dividend, subdivide or combine outstanding shares of common stock into a greater or lesser number of shares, or take such other actions as would otherwise result in dilution of the selling stockholder's position. As of the date of this filing, the conversion price for the secured convertible debentures and the exercise price of the warrants have not been adjusted. The selling stockholders have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert or exercise their warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by them and their affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, we have granted the investors a security interest in substantially all of our assets and intellectual property and registration rights.

We will still need additional investments in order to continue operations to cash flow break even. Additional investments are being sought, but we cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain such investments. Financing transactions may include the issuance of equity or debt securities, obtaining credit facilities, or other financing mechanisms. However, the trading price of our common stock and the downturn in the U.S. stock and debt markets could make it more difficult to obtain financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities. Even if we are able to raise the funds required, it is possible that we could incur unexpected costs and expenses, fail to collect significant amounts owed to us, or experience unexpected cash requirements that would force us to seek alternative financing. Further, if we issue additional equity or debt securities, stockholders may experience additional dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of our common stock. If additional financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we will have to curtail our operations again.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes will be used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

June 6, 2007 Stock Purchase Agreement

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on June 6, 2007, for the sale of (i) \$150,000 in secured convertible notes, and (ii) warrants to purchase

10,000,000 shares of our common stock. The investors purchased all of the secured convertible notes on June 6, 2007.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes were used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

The secured convertible notes bear interest at 8%, mature three years from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the investors' option, at the lower of (i) \$0.10 or (ii) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date. The full principal amount of the secured convertible notes is due upon default under the terms of secured convertible notes. The warrants are exercisable until seven years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.02 per share. In addition, the conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted in the event that we issue common stock at a price below the fixed conversion price, below market price, with the exception of any securities issued in connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement. The conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances such as if we pay a stock dividend, subdivide or combine outstanding shares of common stock into a greater or lesser number of shares, or take such other actions as would otherwise result in dilution of the selling stockholder's position. As of the date of this filing, the conversion price for the secured convertible debentures and the exercise price of the warrants have not been adjusted. The selling stockholders have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert or exercise their warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by them and their affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, we have granted the investors a security interest in substantially all of our assets and intellectual property and registration rights.

We will still need additional investments in order to continue operations to cash flow break even. Additional investments are being sought, but we cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain such investments. Financing transactions may include the issuance of equity or debt securities, obtaining credit facilities, or other financing mechanisms. However, the trading price of our common stock and the downturn in the U.S. stock and debt markets could make it more difficult to obtain financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities. Even if we are able to raise the funds required, it is possible that we could incur unexpected costs and expenses, fail to collect significant amounts owed to us, or experience unexpected cash requirements that would force us to seek alternative financing. Further, if we issue additional equity or debt securities, stockholders may experience additional dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of our common stock. If additional financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we will have to curtail our operations again.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes will be used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

June 20, 2007 Stock Purchase Agreement

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on June 20, 2007, for the sale of (i) \$150,000 in secured convertible notes, and (ii) warrants to purchase 10,000,000 shares of our common stock. The investors purchased all of the secured convertible notes on June 20, 2007.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes were used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

The secured convertible notes bear interest at 8%, mature three years from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the investors' option, at the lower of (i) \$0.10 or (ii) 25% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board for the 20 trading days before

but not including the conversion date. The full principal amount of the secured convertible notes is due upon default under the terms of secured convertible notes. The warrants are exercisable until seven years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.02 per share. In addition, the conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted in the event that we issue common stock at a price below the fixed conversion price, below market price, with the exception of any securities issued in connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement. The conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances such as if we pay a stock dividend, subdivide or combine outstanding shares of common stock into a greater or lesser number of shares, or take such other actions as would otherwise result in dilution of the selling stockholder's position. As of the date of this filing, the conversion

price for the secured convertible debentures and the exercise price of the warrants have not been adjusted. The selling stockholders have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert or exercise their warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by them and their affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, we have granted the investors a security interest in substantially all of our assets and intellectual property and registration rights.

We will still need additional investments in order to continue operations to cash flow break even. Additional investments are being sought, but we cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain such investments. Financing transactions may include the issuance of equity or debt securities, obtaining credit facilities, or other financing mechanisms. However, the trading price of our common stock and the downturn in the U.S. stock and debt markets could make it more difficult to obtain financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities. Even if we are able to raise the funds required, it is possible that we could incur unexpected costs and expenses, fail to collect significant amounts owed to us, or experience unexpected cash requirements that would force us to seek alternative financing. Further, if we issue additional equity or debt securities, stockholders may experience additional dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of our common stock. If additional financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we will have to curtail our operations again.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes will be used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

Critical Accounting Policies

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155. Accounting for certain Hybrid Financial Instruments an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140, or SFAS No. 155. SFAS No. 155 permits fair value remeasurement for any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would require bifurcation, clarifies which interest-only strips and principal-only strips are not subject to the requirements of Statement No. 133, establishes a requirement to evaluate interests in securitized financial assets to identify interests that are freestanding derivatives or that are hybrid financial instruments that contain an embedded derivative requiring bifurcation, clarifies that concentrations of credit risk in the form of subordination are not embedded derivatives, and amends SFAS No. 140 to eliminate the prohibition on a qualifying special purpose entity from holding a derivative financial instrument that pertains to a beneficial interest other than another derivative financial instrument. SFAS 155 is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS 155 to have a material impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In March 2006, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 156, Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets - an amendment to FASB Statement No. 140. Statement 156 requires that an entity recognize a servicing asset or servicing liability each time it undertakes an obligation to service a financial asset by entering into a service contract under certain situations. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006. The adoption of SFAS No.156 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48). Accounting for uncertainty in Income Taxes . FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for Income Taxes by prescribing the minimum recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. It also provides guidance on derecognition, measurement, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition and clearly scopes income

taxes out of SFAS 5, Accounting for Contingencies . FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. We have not yet evaluated the impact of adopting FIN 48 on our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

In September 2006 the Financial Account Standards Board (the FASB) issued its Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 157, Fair Value Measurements. This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This Statement applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, the Board having previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is the relevant measurement attribute. Accordingly, this Statement does not require any new fair value measurements.

However, for some entities, the application of this Statement will change current practice. FAS 157 effective date is for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company does not expect adoption of this standard will have a material impact on its financial position, operations or cash flows.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The financial statements appearing in this quarterly report on Form 10-QSB do not contain any financial measures which are not in accordance with generally accepted accounting procedures.

Inflation

In the opinion of management, inflation has not had a material effect on our financial condition or results of its operations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not maintain off-balance sheet arrangements nor do we participate in non-exchange traded contracts requiring fair value accounting treatment.

Product Research and Development

We anticipate incurring approximately \$500,000 in research and development expenditures in connection with the development of our military and Homeland Security, portable illumination, system, lighting and our hybrid lighting technology that is based on the recently acquired patent rights from Renssealer Polytechnic Institute and at the University of California Santa Barbara.

These projected expenditures are dependent upon our generating revenues and obtaining sources of financing in excess of our existing capital resources. There is no guarantee that we will be successful in raising the funds required or generating revenues sufficient to fund the projected costs of research and development during the next twelve months.

Acquisition or Disposition of Plant and Equipment

We do not anticipate the sale of any significant property, plant or equipment during the next twelve months. We do not anticipate the acquisition of any significant property, plant or equipment during the next 12 months.

ITEM 3.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a)

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

In connection with the preparation of this Report and in accordance with Item 307 of Regulation S-K, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer

and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2009.

(b)

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the three month period ended September 30, 2009, there were no changes to our internal control over financial reporting, other than the remediation of a pre-existing material weakness identified above, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1.

Legal Proceedings.

From time to time, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business.

On April 16, 2007, Casey Tool and Machine Co. filed a complaint against us in the Circuit Court for the Fourth Judicial District, Shelbyville, Illinois, alleging breach of contract for failure to pay \$14,222 on an account payable. We intend to resolve this matter in a judicious manner.

On September 5, 2007, we announced that we had commenced an action against AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, LTD., AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, and New Millennium Capital Partners II, LLC, (the Defendants) in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York for violations of the anti-fraud provisions of the Securities Act of 1934, fraud, negligent misrepresentation, breach of fiduciary duty, breach of contract, breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing and conversion. The complaint alleges that the Defendants utilized an illegal trading scheme involving deceptive secured loan financings to convert shares of Company's common stock for the Defendants' own use and benefit. The trading scheme involved the Defendants manipulating the Company's stock price downward by short sales. In addition the complaint seeks declaratory, injunctive and monetary relief. On September 17, 2007, AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, LTD., AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, New Millennium Capital Partners II, LLC and AJW Master Fund, LTD, filed an action against us in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York alleging breach of contract. On September 26, 2007, we removed the state law complaint to federal court to join the federal court complaint. On March 17, 2008, the federal court having determined that it lacked subject matter jurisdiction over the state court complaint, remanded the case back to state court. On May 1, 2008, we filed our answer and affirmative and separate defenses and our counterclaims for declaratory, injunctive and monetary relief. This litigation is currently in the discovery phase.

On September 13, 2007, Britannia Law Office commenced an action against us and our President, Mark D. Schmidt, in the General Court of Justice, Superior Court Division, Durham County, North Carolina, alleging breach of contract, additional payments due under contract, unjust enrichment, fraud and unfair trade practices arising out of a consultant agreement. On August 10, 2009, the Court granted Summary Judgment in favor of Britannia Law Office in the amount of \$34,000..

Item 2.

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

On August 5, 2009, we issued 4,000,000 shares of our common stock to Scott Elliott for \$4,800 in services.

On August 7, 2009, we issued 95,000,000 shares of our common stock to St. George Investments, LLC pursuant to a warrant purchase agreement.

On August 10, 2009, we issued 3,850,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred share (Series B shares) to management.

On August 24, 2009, we issued 30,000,000 shares of our common stock to St. George Investments, LLC pursuant to a warrant purchase agreement.

On September 16, 2009, we issued 57,777,778 shares of our common stock to Barclay Lyon, LLC pursuant to a deferred purchase and assignment agreement.

On September 16, 2009, we issued 57,777,778 shares of our common stock to War Chest Capital Multi Strategy, LLC pursuant to a purchase and assignment agreement.

On September 21, 2009, we issued 4,000,000 shares of our common stock to Scott Elliott for \$3,200 in services.

On September 30, 2009, we issued 100,000,000 shares of our common stock to St. George Investments, LLC pursuant to a warrant purchase agreement.

Item 3.

Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

On August 21, 2007, we received a Notice of Default from AJW Partners, LLC, New Millennium Capital Partners II, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC and AJW Offshore, LTD. (collectively, the Investors), claiming that we were purportedly in default of certain obligations under our notes issued to the Investors due to our refusal to honor any further conversion of notes to common stock.

Item 4.

Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

Item 5.

Other Information.

Subsequent Events.

On October 12, 2009, we issued 86,666,667 shares of our common stock to Barclay Lyons, LLC pursuant to a deferred purchase and assignment agreement.

On October 12, 2009, we issued 86,666,667 shares of our common stock to War Chest Capital Multi Strategy, LLC pursuant to a purchase and assignment agreement.

On October 14, 2009, we issued 110,000,000 shares of our common stock to St. George Investments, LLC pursuant to a warrant purchase agreement.

On October 22, 2009, we issued 110,000,000 shares of our common stock to St. George Investments, LLC pursuant to a warrant purchase agreement.

On October 28, 2009, we issued 86,666,667 shares of our common stock to Barclay Lyons, LLC pursuant to a deferred purchase and assignment agreement.

On October 28, 2009, we issued 86,666,667 shares of our common stock to War Chest Capital Multi Strategy, LLC pursuant to a purchase and assignment agreement.

On November 2, 2009, we issued 84,503,674 shares of our common stock to management which were residual shares that were registered pursuant to a Form S-8 Registration Statement.

On November 5, 2009, we issued 107,000,000 shares of our common stock to St. George Investments, LLC pursuant to a warrant purchase agreement.

On November 10, 2009, we announced that our revenue backlog had reached its highest level for all of 2009. We posted \$228,421 in order backlog for the week ending November 6, 2009.

This order backlog includes new OEM orders for our portable shelter lighting systems, OEM orders for BrightEye systems, United States Air Force orders for BrightEye 10 Meter Tower Systems and National Guard orders for BrightEye Dual Lighthouse Systems.

Over the past year, we varied our sales strategy, no longer competing as a prime contractor, but rather becoming the supporting supplier of existing prime contractors and open contracts. Additionally, we significantly changed our product strategy to focus on innovative products that can fulfill market opportunities through companies where the scale and capability to sell products world-wide already exists. While still in its infancy stages, the current order backlog is a leading indicator that these strategy changes are showing definite signs of progress.

Our OEM products include general lighting products for buildings, offices and retail applications. Our military-grade products include visible and night-vision compatible illumination systems for general mission tactical lighting, force protection, maintenance lighting, expeditionary base protection, disaster first responders, and high-intensity lighting applications, and are available through the General Services Administration (GSA) Federal Supply Schedule 56 for Specialty Lighting products under Cyberlux GSA Contract GS-07F-9409S.

On November 12, 2009, we issued 125,000,000 shares of our common stock to Barclay Lyons, LLC pursuant to a deferred purchase and assignment agreement.

On November 12, 2009, we issued 125,000,000 shares of our common stock to War Chest Capital Multi Strategy, LLC pursuant to a purchase and assignment agreement.

On November 12, 2009, we issued 109,000,000 shares of our common stock to St. George Investments, LLC pursuant to a warrant purchase agreement.

On November 19, 2009, we issued 146,000,000 shares of our common stock to St. George Investments, LLC pursuant to a warrant purchase agreement.

Item 6.

Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 and Rule 15d-14(a), promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 and Rule 15d 14(a), promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- 32.1 Certifications pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Sectopm 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

Date: November 23, 2009

By: /s/ MARK D. SCHMIDT
Mark D. Schmidt
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 23, 2009

By: /s/ DAVID D. DOWNING
David D. Downing
Chief Financial Officer (Principal
Financial Officer and Principal
Accounting Officer)