BP PLC Form 6-K October 25, 2005

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

Report of Foreign Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

for the period ended 25 October 2005

BP p.l.c. (Translation of registrant's name into English)

1 ST JAMES'S SQUARE, LONDON, SW1Y 4PD, ENGLAND (Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F |X| Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No |X|

BP p.l.c.

Group Results

3rd Quarter 2005

London 25 October 2005

#### STRONG ENVIRONMENT, STRONG PERFORMANCE

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		2005	\$ million	Ni: 2005	ne Months 2004	%
4,818	5,591	6,463	Profit for the period* Inventory holding	18,656	14,065	
(1,027)	(610)	(2,053)	(gains) losses	(3,774)	(2,137)	
3,791	4,981	4,410	Replacement cost profit	14,882	11,928	25
9.61 17.49 1.05	12.67 23.42 1.40	11.86 21.04 1.26	- per ordinary share (pence) - per ordinary share (cents) - per ADS (dollar)	38.08 70.07 4.20	29.93 54.48 3.27	29
========	=======	======			==========	===

As a result of the announced sale, Innovene operations have been treated as discontinued operations and presented accordingly within this document.

- o BP's third quarter replacement cost profit was \$4,410 million compared with \$3,791 million a year ago, an increase of 16%. The result includes the loss on re-measurement to fair value of Innovene as a result of the recently announced divestment, and significant impacts from the effects of hurricanes Katrina and Rita. For the nine months, replacement cost profit was \$14,882 million compared with \$11,928 million, up 25%.
- O The third quarter result includes a net non-operating charge of \$921 millon compared with a net non-operating charge of \$394 million in the third quarter of 2004. For the nine months, the net non-operating charge was \$1,201 million compared with a net gain of \$189 million for the nine months of 2004.
- O The third quarter trading environment was generally stronger than a year ago with higher oil and gas realizations and higher refining margins, but with lower retail marketing and olefins margins.
- 0 Net cash provided by operating activities for the quarter and nine months was \$6.4 billion and \$22.5 billion, respectively, compared with \$6.1 billion and \$18.2 billion a year ago.
- O The ratio of net debt to net debt plus equity was 19% compared with 20% a year ago.
- O The quarterly dividend, to be paid in December, is 8.925 cents per share (\$0.5355 per ADS) compared with 7.10 cents per share a year ago. For the nine months, the dividend showed an increase of 26%. In sterling terms, the quarterly dividend is 5.061 pence per share,

compared with 3.910 pence per share a year ago; for the nine months the increase was 26%. During the nine months, the company repurchased 728 million of its own shares at a cost of \$7.9 billion.

BP Group Chief Executive, Lord Browne, said:

"The recent hurricanes in the US have impacted our results. However, underlying performance is strong, amplified by high but volatile prices of oil, gas and products. The announced sale of Innovene for cash is a good outcome. We continue to invest in opportunities which remain robust to future changes in the operating environment, to pay an increasing dividend per share over time and to return excess free cash flow to investors".

\* Profit attributable to BP shareholders.

### Summary Quarterly Results

Exploration and Production's third quarter result was up 36% on a year ago reflecting higher realizations in both liquids and gas, partially offset by slightly lower volumes and higher operating costs and revenue investments.

The Refining and Marketing result reflects record refining margins but significantly lower retail marketing margins compared with a year ago.

In Gas, Power and Renewables the result increased compared with a year ago primarily due to higher contributions from the gas marketing business.

Interest and Other finance expense was \$181 million for the quarter compared with \$162 million in the previous quarter. This reflects higher interest costs partially offset by higher capitalized interest.

The effective tax rate on replacement cost profit of continuing operations was 33.7%.

Capital expenditure was 3.3 billion for the quarter; there were no significant acquisitions. Disposal proceeds were 0.2 billion.

Net debt at the end of the quarter was \$20 billion. The ratio of net debt to net debt plus equity was 19%.

During the third quarter, the company repurchased 332 million of its own shares, at a cost of \$3.8 billion. These shares are held in treasury.

On 7 October 2005, BP announced that it is to sell Innovene to INEOS. The \$9 billion cash sale, subject to regulatory approvals, includes manufacturing sites, markets and technologies. The sale is expected to be concluded early in 2006.

The commentaries above and following are based on replacement cost profit.

TNK-BP operational and financial information has been estimated.

The financial information for 2004 has been restated to reflect the following, all with effect from 1 January 2005: (a) the adoption by the group of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) (see Note 1); (b) the transfer of the aromatics and acetyls operations from the former Petrochemicals segment to the Refining and Marketing segment; (c) the transfer of the Olefins and Derivatives operations from the former Petrochemicals segment to Other businesses and corporate (as noted above we have announced the sale of Innovene and have categorized the majority of Olefins and Derivatives as discontinued operations); (d) the transfer of the Grangemouth and Lavera refineries from the Refining and Marketing segment into Olefins and Derivatives; (e) the transfer of the Mardi Gras pipeline from the Exploration and Production segment to the Refining and Marketing segment; and (f) the transfer of the Hobbs fractionator from the Gas, Power and Renewables segment to Olefins and Derivatives. Note 2 provides further detail of the resegmentation.

Non-operating Items

		Third
		Quarter
\$ million		2005
Exploration and Production		(147)
Refining and Marketing		(154)
Gas, Power and Renewables		95
Other businesses and corporate		(290)
		(496)
Taxation(a)		167
Continuing operations		(329)
Innovene Operations	(759)	
Taxation(a)	167	(592)
Total for all operations		(921)

(a) Non-operating items related to Innovene operations, primarily the loss on re-measurement to fair value, are tax effected at 22%; other nonoperating items are tax effected at 33.7%, the effective tax rate for continuing operations.

Reconciliation of Replacement Cost Profit to Profit for the Period

Third Quarter 2004	Second Quarter 2005	Third Quarter 2005	\$ million	Nine 2005	Months 2004
4,822 1,318 30	5,903 1,286 174	6,535 1,858 314	Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and	18,924 4,565 892	13,327 3,903 420
(441)	(156)	(452)	corporate Consolidation adjustment Unrealized profit	(783)	400
(95)	(4)	(285)	in inventory Net profit on transaction between continuing and	(442) ns	(248)
89	159	144	Innovene operations (a)	399	157
5,723	7,362	8,114	RC profit before interest and tax	23,555	17,959
			Interest and other		
(183)	(162)	(181)	finance expense	(544)	(528)
(1,657)	(2,291)	(2,674)	Taxation(b)	(7,444)	(5,263)
(52)	(69)	(68)	Minority interest	(198)	(128)
3,831	4,840	5 <b>,</b> 191	RC profit for continuing operations attributable to BP shareholders (c)	15,369	12 040
=========	4,040	J,191	to be shareholders (C)	========	12,040
			Inventory holding gains		
904	648	1,938	(losses) for continuing operations	3,547	1,854
			Profit for the period for continuing operations attributable to BP		
4,735	5,488	7,129	shareholders	18,916	13,894
83	103	(666)	Profit (loss) for the period from Innovene operations(d)	(260)	171
			Profit for the period		
4,818	5,591	6,463	attributable to BP shareholders	18,656	14,065
			RC profit for continuing		
3,831	4,840	5,191	operations attributable to BP shareholders RC profit for Innovene	15,369	12,040
(40)	141	(781)	±	(487)	(112)

3,791	4,981	4,410	Replacement co	ost profit	14,882	11,928
		======				=======

- (a) In the circumstances of discontinued operations, Accounting Standards require that the profits earned by the discontinued operations, in this case the Innovene operations, on sales to the continuing operations and vice versa, be eliminated on consolidation from the discontinued operations, and attributed to the continuing operations. This net adjustment principally represents the net margin on crude refined by Innovene as substantially all crude for their refineries is supplied by BP and most of the refined products manufactured are taken by BP. The profits attributable to individual segments are not affected by this adjustment. Neither does this representation indicate the profits earned by continuing or Innovene operations, as if they were standalone entities, for past periods or likely to be earned in future periods.
- (b) The third quarter effective tax rate on continuing operations of 33.7% is calculated as the tax charge (\$2,674 million) divided by RC profit for continuing operations after interest (\$8,114-\$181=\$7,933 million).
- (c) Replacement cost profit reflects the current cost of supplies. The replacement cost profit for the period is arrived at by excluding from profit inventory holding gains and losses. BP uses this measure to assist investors to assess BP's performance from period to period. Replacement cost profit is not a recognized GAAP measure. Operating cash flow is calculated from the starting point of profit before taxation which includes inventory holding gains and losses. Operating cash flow also reflects working capital movements including inventories, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables. The carrying value of these working capital items will change for various reasons, including movements in oil, gas and products prices.
- (d) See further detail in Note 3.

#### Per Share Amounts

Third	Second	d Third			
Quarter	Quarter	Quarter		Nin	e Months
2004	2005	2005		2005	2004
			===		
			Results for the		
			period (\$m)		
4,818	5,591	6,463	Profit*	18,656	14,065
3,791	4,981	4,410	Replacement cost profit	14,882	11,928
			Shares in issue at		
21,713,966	21,174,934	20,984,851	period end (thousand)20,	984,851	21,713,966
			- ADS equivalent		
3,618,994	3,529,156	3,497,475	(thousand) 3,	497,475	3,618,994
			Average number of		

21,683,963	21,270,485	21,007,316	shares outstanding (thousand) - ADS equivalent	21,238,117	21,891,936
3,613,994	3,545,081	3,501,219	(thousand)	3,539,686	3,648,656
			Per ordinary share (cents)		
22.21	26.30	30.75	Profit for the period RC profit	87.84	64.24
17.49	23.42	21.04	for the period Per ADS (cents)	70.07	54.48
133.26	157.80	184.50	Profit for the period RC profit	527.04	385.44
104.94	140.52	126.24	for the period	420.42	326.88

\* Profit attributable to BP shareholders.

Exploration and Production

Quarter 🤇	Quarter	Third Quarter 2005	\$ million	Nine 2005	
			Profit before interest and tax(a) Inventory holding (gains) losses	18,933	
	•	6,535	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax	18,924	
 16 _ _	(3) -	(106)	Restructuring, integration and rationalization costs		
(35)	(674) 25		Fair value gain (loss) on embedded derviatives Other	(887) 37	_ (35)
		(147)	Total non-operating items	(19)	, ,
135	139	177	Exploration expense of which:	476	379
34	4 /	93	Exploration expenditure written off	224	
2,479	182 2,619	2,472 7,841	Production (Net of Royalties) (b) Crude oil (mb/d) Natural gas liquids (mb/d) Total liquids (mb/d)(c) Natural gas (mmcf/d) Total hydrocarbons (mboe/d)(d)	176 2,561 8,412 4,011	2,320 190 2,510 8,433 3,964
			Average realizations (e)		

39.43 28.77 38.29 3.66 30.08	47.79 29.86 45.95 4.38 36.11	56.83 36.70 54.80 4.75 41.68	Crude oil (\$/bbl) Natural gas liquids (\$/bbl) Total liquids (\$/bbl) Natural gas (\$/mcf) Total hydrocarbons (\$/boe)	49.07 31.30 47.22 4.45 36.97	34.93 25.13 33.89 3.71 28.03
			Average oil marker prices(\$/bbl)		
41.54	51.63	61.63	Brent	53.68	36.31
43.88	53.08	63.18	West Texas Intermediate	55.43	39.18
41.82	50.10	60.91	Alaska North Slope US West Coast	52.08	37.70
			Average natural gas marker prices		
5.75	6.74	8.53	Henry Hub gas price (\$/mmbtu)(f)	7.19	5.81
			UK Gas - National		
23.63	30.15	29.26	Balancing Point (p/therm)	32.42	22.98

- (a) Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.
- (b) Includes BP's share of production of equity-accounted entities.
- (c) Crude oil and natural gas liquids.
- (d) Natural gas is converted to oil equivalent at 5.8 billion cubic feet =
  1 million barrels.
- (e) Based on turnover of consolidated subsidiaries only this excludes equity-accounted entities.
- (f) Henry Hub First of the Month Index.

#### Exploration and Production

The replacement cost profit before interest and tax for the third quarter was \$6,535 million, an increase of 36% over the third quarter of 2004. This result benefited from higher realizations in both liquids and gas, partially offset by slightly lower volumes and higher operating costs and revenue investments. The results of the third quarter were significantly affected by hurricanes Katrina and Rita and their aftermath. The effects include profits foregone owing to lost oil and gas production from the US Gulf of Mexico and additional costs incurred because of damage to facilities.

Net non-operating charges for the third quarter total \$147 million, primarily arising from fair value losses of \$53 million on embedded derivatives relating to North Sea gas contracts and a charge for impairment of \$100 million in respect of a field in the Gulf of Mexico Shelf following the hurricane damage, which continues to be assessed. The corresponding quarter in 2004 contained non-operating charges for impairments and other items of \$42 million and gains on sales of assets of \$23 million.

Production for the quarter at 3,824 mboe/d was 2% lower than the third quarter

of 2004. This primarily reflected the loss in production owing to the hurricanes in the Gulf of Mexico and higher planned maintenance shutdowns in the North Sea, partly offset by production growth from major projects in the New Profit Centres and TNK-BP.

The replacement cost profit before interest and tax of \$18,924 million for the nine months represented an increase of some 42% over the same period of the previous year. This result benefited from higher realizations and higher volumes partly offset by higher operating costs and revenue investments. The nine months result included net gains on sales of assets of \$1,061 million, fair value losses of \$887 million on embedded derivatives and charges for impairments of \$230 million.

In the Gulf of Mexico, repairs to the Thunder Horse are proceeding offshore, with production expected to start in the second half of 2006. The costs incurred to secure and repair the facility were \$107 million for the quarter.

Elsewhere, projects remain on track. In Azerbaijan, line-fill of the Baku-Tbilisi-Ceyhan (BTC) oil export pipeline continues and the inauguration of the Georgian section of the pipeline was held in early October. In Angola, Kizomba B started producing in early July. In Trinidad, both the Cannonball project and the Atlantic LNG Train 4 remain on course for start-up of production in the fourth quarter. In October, we announced the planned investment of \$2.2 billion in the Wamsutter natural gas field in Wyoming, USA.

We have had continued exploration success in Angola with the 'Juno-1' ' Astraea-1' and 'Hebe-1'oil discoveries in ultra-deepwater Block 31. These bring the number of successful discoveries that BP has drilled in Block 31 to nine. Also, we have made a second discovery offshore Sakhalin Island with the Udachnaya well.

Customer Facing Segments

Refining and Marketing

Quarter ( 2004	Quarter 2005	2005	\$ million	2005	
2,190		3,697	Profit before interest and tax(a) Inventory holding (gains) losses	8,010 (3,445)	
1,318	1,286	1,858	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax	4,565	
			Results include: Impairment and gain (loss) on sale		

(18) (206)			of businesses and fixed assets Environmental and other provisions	34 (140)	(123) (206)
_	_	-	Restructuring, integration and rationalization costs	_	_
- -	_ (733)	-	Fair value gain (loss) on embedded derivatives Other	_ (733)	-
(224)	(658)	(154)	Total non-operating items	(839)	(329)
211 696 1,417 296	210 671 1,350 305	202 687 1,328 296	Refinery throughputs(b) (mb/d) UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	192 668 1,360 300	205 712 1,351 357
2,620	2,536	2,513	Total throughput	2,520	2,625
95 <b>.</b> 1	93.1	92.6	Refining availability (%)	93.6	95.0
334 1,406 1,696 621	356 1,346 1,656 604	369 1,402 1,674 599	Oil sales volumes (mb/d) Refined products UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	354 1,357 1,660 608	318 1,359 1,689 641
4,057 2,627	3,962 2,129	4,044 2,010	Total marketing sales Trading/supply sales	3,979 2,112	4,007 2,463
6,684 3,679		6,054 3,888	Total refined product sales Crude oil	6,091 3,882	6,470 3,833
10,363	10,214	9,942	Total oil sales	9,973	10,303
4.37 6.99	5.68 9.37	7.78	Global Indicator Refining Margin(c) (\$/bbl) NWE USGC	5.46 11.31	4.13 7.70
5.01 11.28 5.48	7.45 14.53 6.30	13.40 17.57 6.52	Midwest USWC Singapore	8.28 15.02 5.94	6.23 11.58 3.90
6.39		12.35	BP Average		6.52
357 799 1,194 1,004	981	284 771 890 1,115	Chemicals production (kte) UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	3,215	986 2,410 3,521 3,026
3,354 ======	3,140		Total production	9,550	

(a) Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.

(b) Refinery throughputs exclude the Grangemouth and Lavera refineries which are now treated as discontinued operations within Other

businesses and corporate.

(c) The Global Indicator Refining Margin (GIM) is the average of six regional indicator margins weighted for BP's crude refining capacity in each region. Each regional indicator margin is based on a single representative crude with product yields characteristic of the typical level of upgrading complexity. The regional indicator margins may not be representative of the margins achieved by BP in any period because of BP's particular refinery configurations and crude and product slate. The GIM data shown above excludes the Grangemouth and Lavera refineries.

#### Customer Facing Segments

Refining and Marketing

The replacement cost profit before interest and tax for the third quarter was a record \$1,858 million. This is compared to \$1,318 million for the same period last year. The nine months' result was \$4,565 million, an increase of \$662 million, or 17%, year-on-year.

The quarter's result includes a charge of \$154 million for non-operating items. This is primarily in respect of new, and revisions to existing, environmental and other provisions. The non-operating charge for the corresponding quarter in 2004 was \$224 million.

This quarter's result reflects record refining margins and significantly lower retail marketing margins. The impact of hurricanes Katrina and Rita on the third quarter's result was significant. The effects include margin foregone due to refinery and other production shutdowns and supply disruptions to marketing operations. BP's increase in the third quarter refining margin was lower than the increase reflected in the Global Indicator Margin (GIM) as a result of the actual yield differing from the yields assumed in the GIM.

Refinery throughputs for the quarter and nine months were 2,513 mb/d and 2,520 mb/d respectively, lower than in the corresponding periods of 2004 due to the effects of the Texas City incident in March 2005 and the complete shut down of the refinery late in the quarter in advance of hurricane Rita. The Texas City refinery is expected to resume production late in the fourth quarter, with initial gasoline production expected during December.

Marketing sales were 4,044 mb/d for the third quarter and 3,979 mb/d for the first nine months of the year, compared with 4,057 mb/d and 4,007 mb/d for the corresponding periods in the previous year. The third quarter result reflects depressed retail marketing margins caused by a quarter of rapidly rising wholesale product prices not fully recovered in the market place. The marketing result was also affected by supply disruptions caused by the hurricanes in the USA, which led to plant shutdowns within the Aromatics and Acetyls business.

During the quarter, we announced plans for a second PTA plant at the BP Zhuhai Chemical Company Limited site in Guangdong Province, China, subject to approval from the Government. The new plant will have operating capacity of 900,000 tonnes a year and will be the first plant to use BP's latest generation PTA technology. Also, the transaction announced in 2004 for the sale of BP's 70% shareholding in BP Malaysia Sdn Bhd to Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera (LTAT) was successfully concluded.

During early October, BP has agreed terms for the disposal to Osterreichische Mineralol Verwaltung Aktiengesellschaft (OMV) of BP's network of 70 Retail sites in the Czech Republic and signed a letter of intent with Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited to form a 50/50 strategic joint venture covering the refining and marketing sector in India.

#### Customer Facing Segments

Gas, Power and Renewables

Third Second Third

Quarter 2004	Quarter 2005	Quarter 2005	\$ million	2005	Months 2004 ======
57	160	412	Profit before interest and tax(a) Inventory holding (gains) losses		431
30	174	314	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax	892 =====	420
16	20	(2)	Results include: Impairment and gain (loss) on sale of businesses and fixed assets	81	16
-		6	Environmental and other provisions Restructuring, integration and rationalization costs	6	_
-	67 _	91	Fair value gain (loss) on embedded derivatives Other	200	-
16	87	95	Total non-operating items	287 ======	16
485 13,585			Gas sales volumes (mmcf/d) UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World		
31,783	34,515	34,741	Total gas sales volumes	34,954 ======	-
9 7 358	4 12 317		NGL sales volumes (mb/d) UK Rest of Europe USA	7 11 358	7 4 385

535 495 576 Total NGL sales volumes	573	586		
161 162 178 Rest of World	197	190		

(a) Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.

The replacement cost profit before interest and tax for the third quarter and nine months was \$314 million and \$892 million respectively, compared with \$30 million and \$420 million a year ago.

The third quarter result is higher than the same period in 2004 primarily due to higher contributions from the gas marketing business. The nine months result is higher than the same period in 2004 reflecting higher gains from non-operating items as well as higher contribution from the operating businesses. Results reflect changes to fair value accounting following the introduction of IFRS in 2005 which have created increased volatility in the Gas, Power and Renewables results.

Other Businesses and Corporate

	uarter (	Quarter 2005	\$ million	Nine 2005	Months 2004
		(452)	Profit (loss) before interest and tax(a) Inventory holding (gains) losses	(788)	400
(441)	(156)	(452)	Replacement cost profit before interest and tax (b)	(783)	400
			Results include: Impairment and gain (loss) on sale		
(36)	34	4	of businesses and fixed assets	38	1,158
(283)	22	(296)	Environmental and other provisions Restructuring, integration and	(274)	(283)
(19)	(28)	(6)	rationalization costs Fair value gain (loss) on	(77)	(19)
-	(14)	8	embedded derivatives	(10)	-
_	3	-	Other	3	-
(338)	17		Total non-operating items	(320)	856

- (a) Profit from continuing operations and includes profit after interest and tax of equity-accounted entities.
- (b) Includes the portion of Olefins and Derivatives not included in the sale of Innovene to INEOS. This includes the equity-accounted investments in China and Malaysia that were part of Olefins and Derivatives.

Other businesses and corporate comprises Finance, the group's aluminium asset, interest income and costs relating to corporate activities. The group's interests in PetroChina and Sinopec were divested in early 2004. The third quarter's result includes a net charge of \$290 million in respect of non-operating items. This includes a charge of \$296 million relating to new, and revisions to existing, environmental and other provisions.

Dividends Payable

						June,	Sep	ptember
December	September	December				and	Dec	cember
2004	2005	2005				200	)5	2004
			Dividends p	er ordi	inary share			
7.10	8.925	8.925	cents			26.3	35	20.95
3.910	5.119	5.061	pence			14.63	80	11.577
42.60	53.55	53.55	Dividends p	er ADS	(cents)	158.1	0	125.70

BP today announced a dividend of 8.925 cents per ordinary share to be paid in December. Holders of ordinary shares will receive 5.061 pence per share and holders of American Depository Receipts (ADRs) \$0.5355 per ADS share. The dividend is payable on 5 December to shareholders on the register on 11 November. Participants in the Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRIP) or the DRIP facility in the US Direct Access Plan will receive the dividend in the form of shares, also on 5 December.

#### Outlook

BP Group Chief Executive, Lord Browne, concluded:

"World economic growth appears to have been sustained at close to trend rates, despite the disruptions and uncertainties following hurricanes Katrina and Rita.

"Crude oil prices averaged \$61.63 per barrel (Dated Brent) in the third quarter,

an increase of \$10 per barrel from the second quarter average, and more than \$20 per barrel above the same period last year. Hurricanes Katrina and Rita resulted in the loss of as much as 1.5 mmb/d of production in the US Gulf of Mexico. However, in recent weeks, the temporary loss of Gulf Coast refining capacity and signs of weaker consumption have caused crude prices to drift downward. Nonetheless, prices are expected to be well supported into the winter.

"US natural gas prices averaged \$8.53/mmbtu (Henry Hub first of month index) in the third quarter, up nearly \$2 per mmbtu versus the second quarter. Hurricanes Katrina and Rita shut in about 20% of US domestic output and raised prices to around imputed distillate parity. We expect US gas prices to continue to trade close to distillate parity.

"Average global refining margins reached a record \$12.35/bbl in the third quarter. Hurricanes Katrina and Rita caused extensive damage to refining facilities in the US Gulf, shutting-in 5mmb/d of refining capacity, of which 1.5 mmb/d is yet to return to operation. Oil product stocks and anticipated recoveries in refining capacity generally are adequate to meet current demand but the situation remains finely balanced and vunerable to further disruptions or a colder than normal winter. Therefore, refining margins are likely to remain high during the fourth quarter.

"During the third quarter, retail margins have been impacted negatively by high and rising product prices. As the fourth quarter opens, some easing in wholesale gasoline prices is evident. However, significant uncertainty exists about the strength of the consequent margin recovery and the outlook for marketing margins remains highly volatile.

"We anticipate production from the deepwater Gulf of Mexico to be back to normal, with the exception of the Shell-operated Mars project, by the end of the year. Thunder Horse is expected to start production in the second half of 2006. The Texas City refinery is expected to resume production late in the fourth quarter, with initial gasoline production expected during December.

"Our strategy is unchanged. We continue to execute it with discipline and focus. Our ability to capture the benefit of current prices and margin strength underpins continued dividend growth and continuing share buybacks subject to market conditions and constraints. Capital expenditure is now expected to be approximately \$14 billion for the year and around \$15 billion in 2006."

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The foregoing discussion, in particular the statements under "Outlook", contains forward looking statements particularly those regarding capital expenditure, costs, demand, dividends, future performance, growth and other trend projections, margins, prices, production, share buybacks, supply and the timing of projects. By their nature, forward looking statements involve risks and uncertainties and actual results may differ from those expressed in such statements depending on a variety of factors including the following: the timing of bringing new

fields on stream; industry product supply; demand and pricing; currency exchange rates; operational problems; general economic conditions including inflationary pressures; political stability and economic growth in relevant areas of the world; changes in governmental regulations; exchange rate fluctuations; development and use of new technology; the actions of competitors; natural disasters and other changes in business conditions; prolonged adverse weather conditions; wars and acts of terrorism or sabotage; and other factors discussed in this Announcement. For more information you should refer to our Annual Report and Accounts 2004 and our 2004 Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission.

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### BP p.l.c. and Subsidiaries

Summarized Group Income Statement

Quarter 2004	Second Quarter 2005	Quarter 2005		2005	e months 2004
	5 millior				nillion
65 <b>,</b> 764	83 <b>,</b> 471		Sales and other operating revenues (Note 4) Earnings from jointly controlled	255,180	·
636	739	1,020	entities - after interest and ta: Earnings from associates - after	x 2,245	1,460
		112 26		330 379	331 438
66 <b>,</b> 716	84,455	97,678	Total revenues	258,134	201,813
15	201	47	Gain on sale of businesses and fixed assets	1,448	1,629
66 <b>,</b> 731	84,656	97,725	Total revenues and other income	259,582	203,442
49,877	64,030	76 <b>,</b> 237	Purchases Production and manufacturing	197 <b>,</b> 581	153 <b>,</b> 424
		4,821	expenses	,	12,287
553	697	834	Production and similar taxes (Note Depreciation, depletion and	5)2,180	1,502
2,056	2,232	2,041	amortization Impairment and losses on sale of	6,420	6,099
37				464	
135	139	177	Exploration expense (Note 5) Distribution and administration	476	379
3,532	3,025	3,444	expenses	9,693	9,127
_	621	(46)	Fair value (gain) loss on embedded derivatives	697	-
6,627	8,010	10,052	Profit before interest and taxation from continuing operations	27,102	19,813

			Interest payable (Note 6) Other finance expense (Note 7)		297 231
			Profit before taxation from continuing operations Taxation	26,558 7,444	19,285 5,263
	·		Profit from continuing operations Profit (loss) from Innovene	19,114	
83	103	(666)	operations (Note 3)	(260)	171
4,870			Profit for the period	18,854 =======	
	5,591 69		Attributable to: BP shareholders Minority interest	18,656 198	14,065 128
4,870	5,660	6,531		18,854	,
			Earnings per share - cents Profit for the period attributable to BP shareholders		
22.21	26.30	30.75	Basic	87.84	64.24
21.96	25.94	30.54	Diluted	86.84	63.12
				======	
			Profit from continuing operations Attributable to BP shareholders		
21.83	25.81	33.87	Basic	89.06	63.46
21.58	25.46	33.62	Diluted	88.05	62.35

Summarized Group Balance Sheet

	30 September 2005	31 December 2004
	\$ m	illion
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	84,489	93,092
Goodwill	10,440	10,857
Other intangible assets	4,762	4,205
Investments in jointly controlled entities	14,110	14,556
Investments in associates	6,140	5,486
Other investments	785	467
Fixed assets	120,726	128,663
Loans and other receivables	6,367	2,419
Defined benefit pension plan surplus	2,132	2,105
	129,225	133,187
Current assets		
Inventories	19,507	15,645
Trade and other receivables	51,921	44,282

Current tax receivable Cash and cash equivalents	112 2,182	157 1,359
Innovene assets classified as held for sale	11,379	61,443
		61,443
Total assets	214,326	194,630
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	58,414	48,096
Finance debt	10,480	10,184
Current tax payable		4,131
Provisions	1,020	715
		63,126
Non-current liabilities		
Other payables	7,290	4,438
Finance debt	11,679	12,907 16,701
Deferred tax liabilities	16,404	16,701
Provisions	9,579	8,884
Defined benefit pension plan and other		
post-retirement benefit plan deficits	9,426	10,339
	54 <b>,</b> 378	53,269
Liabilities directly associated with the		
Innovene assets classified as held for sale	2,925	-
	57 <b>,</b> 303	53,269
Total liabilities		116,395
Net assets	82,726	78 <b>,</b> 235
Equity		
BP shareholders' equity	81,580	76,892
Minority interest	1,146	1,343
		78,235

Movement in BP Shareholders' Equity

Movement in BP shareholders' equity:	\$ million
At 31 December 2004 Adoption of IAS 39	76,892 (243)
As restated at 1 January 2005 Profit for the period	 76,649 18,656

Distribution to shareholders	(5,503)
Currency translation differences (net of tax)	(2,152)
Issue of ordinary share capital for employee share schemes	504
Issue of ordinary share capital for TNK-BP	1,250
Purchase of shares by ESOP trusts	(254)
Share based payment accrual (net of tax)	452
Available-for-sale investments (net of tax)	25
Cash flow hedges (net of tax)	(169)
Repurchase of ordinary share capital	(7,878)
At 30 September 2005	81,580

Summarized Group Cash Flow Statement

Quarter (	2005	Quarter 2005			months 2004
	million				illion
6,444	7,848		Operating activities Profit before taxation from continuing operations Adjustments to reconcile profits before tax to net cash provided by operating activities	26 <b>,</b> 558 Y	19 <b>,</b> 285
34	47	93	Exploration expenditure written off	224	123
2,056	2,232	2,041	Depreciation, depletion and amortization Impairment and (gain) loss on sale	6,420	6,099
22	(126)	118	of businesses and fixed assets	(984)	(818)
(763)	(843)	(1,132)	Earnings from jointly controlled entities and associates Dividends received from jointly	(2,575)	(1,791)
			controlled entities and associate		
(3,186)	(2,692) 	(5,718)	Working capital and other movements	(9 <b>,</b> 297)	(6,074)
	7,207 (470)		Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of Innovene operations	22,335 147	18,267 (46)
6,055	6 <b>,</b> 737	6 <b>,</b> 371	Net cash provided by operating activities	22,482	18,221
- (88)	- (36)	- (2)	Investing activities Capital expenditure Acquisitions, net of cash acquired Net investment in jointly controlled entities Net investment in associates	(53)	(8,481) (14) (1,514) (752)

574			Proceeds from disposal of businesse and fixed assets Proceeds from loan repayments		4,067 3
(2,768)	(2,660)	(2,916)	Net cash used in investing activities	(7,156)	(6,691)
717 (13) (130) (1,536)	482 (1,011) 149	497 (420) 2,983 (1,871)	<pre>Financing activities Net repurchase of shares Proceeds from long-term financing Repayments of long-term financing Net increase (decrease) in short-     term debt Dividends paid - BP shareholders</pre>	1,790 (3,623) 966 (5,503)	(1,283) (2,553) (4,506)
(3,157)	(4,238)	(2,559)	Net cash used in financing activities	(14,420)	(11,858)
21		(74)	Currency translation differences relating to cash and cash equivalents	(83)	13
	(161) 1,521		Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		(315) 2,056
	1,360		Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	2,182	1,741

### Summarized Group Cash Flow Statement

	Second				
Quarter ( 2004		Quarter 2005		Nine 2005	months 2004
=========	2005	2005		========	
\$	million			\$ mi	llion
			Working capital and other movements		
(46)	(102)	(86)	Interest receivable	(251)	(155)
56	78	81	Interest received	193	138
104	128	144	Interest payable	444	297
(152)	(119)	(384)	Interest paid	(835)	(471)
79	34	37	Other finance expense	100	231
41	79	66	Share-based payments	222	156
			Net operating charge for pensions ar	nd	
			other post-retirement benefits,		
39	(6)	(21)	less contributions	(37)	(18)
			Net charge for provisions,		
416	507	440	less payments	884	
(2,305)	(1,786)	(3,737)	(Increase) decrease in inventories	(6,320)	(3,309)
			(Increase) decrease in trade and		
(3,413)	(4,608)	(10,116)	other receivables	(16,041)	(6,065)
			Increase (decrease) in trade and		
			other payables	18,328	
(1,792)	(2,433)	(2,567)	Income taxes paid	(5,984)	(3,992)

(3,186) (2,692) (5,718)

### Capital Expenditure and Acquisitions

Quarter (				Nine 2005	months
========= \$	million			======== \$ m	illion
			By business		
			Exploration and Production		
	213	221	UK		555
68	37	50	Rest of Europe		161
983			USA		2,853
1,152	1,289	1,292	Rest of World (a)	3,678	4,841
2,394	2,481	2,493		7,275	8,410
			Refining and Marketing		
82	97	65	UK	205	225
	111	99	Rest of Europe	277	
	219		USA	691	829
		115	Rest of World		194
632	515	561		1,407	1,599
			Gas, Power and Renewables		
6	16	3	UK	20	12
2	- 6	4	Rest of Europe	11	
14	19	22	USA	54	
40	10	10	Rest of World	26	
62	51	39		111	199
			Other businesses and corporate		
113	82	92	UK	249	159
73		40	Rest of Europe	118	
60		29	USA		171
15	34	3	Rest of World	53	101
261	227	164		 566	575
3,349	3,274	3,257		9,359	10,783
			By geographical area		
392	408	381	UK	1,084	951
291	212	193	Rest of Europe	524	663
1,355	1,233	1,263	USA	3,760	3,891
1,311	1,421	1,420	Rest of World (a)	3,991	5,278
3,349	3 <b>,</b> 274	3,257		9,359	10,783
			Included above:		
_	66	_	Acquisitions and asset exchanges	151	14
184	125	103	Innovene operations	357	376
			1		

(a) Nine months 2004 included \$1,354 million investment in TNK's interest in Slavneft within TNK-BP.

### Exchange rates

			US dollar/sterling average rate		
1.82	1.86	1.78	for the period	1.84	1.82
1.80	1.80	1.76	US dollar/sterling period-end rate	1.76	1.80
			US dollar/euro average rate		
1.22	1.26	1.22	for the period	1.26	1.23
1.23	1.21	1.20	US dollar/euro period-end rate	1.20	1.23

### Analysis of Profit Before Interest and Tax

Quarter Q 2004	Second Quarter ( 2005	)uarter 2005		Nine 2005	
	million				illion
2,014	574 294 2,441 2,597	301 2,071 3,225	By business Exploration and Production UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	1,923 6,520 8,066	2,455 615 5,210 5,060
4,827	5,906	6,536		18,933	13,340
866 1,018	(73) 982 691 350	1,701	Refining and Marketing UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	2,939 3,821	(232) 1,947 2,997 1,021
2,190	1,950	3,697		8,010	5,733
(11) 144 14	5	4 403 22	1	2 614 151	(74) (28) 316 217
57	160	412		990	431
4		(144) 11 (361) 42	1	45 (383)	(424) (3) (585) 1,412
(441)	(161)	(452)		(788)	400

6,633	7,855	10,193		27,145	19,904
	•	(285)	Unrealized profit in inventory	•	
			Net profit on transactions between		
89	159	144	continuing and Innovene operatio	ns 399	157
6,627	8,010	10,052	Total for continuing operations	27,102	19,813
			Innovene operations		
(9)	164	(289)	UK	(67)	(99)
			Rest of Europe		483
		(220)			52
			Rest of World		11
231	293	(625)		200	447
			Net profit on transactions between		
(89)	(159)	(144)	continuing and Innovene operatio	ns (399)	(157)
140	124	(7(0)	Tatal fan Tananan anaustians	(100)	200
142	134	(769)	Total for Innovene operations	(199)	290
6,769	8,144	9,283	Total for period	26,903	20,103
			-		
			By geographical area		
513	463	1,138	UK	•	1,793
1,166	1,406	1,523	Rest of Europe	5 <b>,</b> 175	2,620
2,606	3,158	3,543	USA	10,165	7,690
2,342	2,983	3,848	Rest of World	9,556	7,710
-		10,052	Total for continuing operations	27,102	19,813

### Analysis of Replacement Cost Profit

## Before Interest and Tax

Third Second Third Quarter Quarter Quarter 2004 2005 2005 ===================================		Nine months 2005 2004 ======= \$ million
7635749392462943011,7992,4382,0702,0142,5973,225	Rest of Europe USA	2,424 2,455 1,923 615 6,511 5,197 8,066 5,060
4,822 5,903 6,535		18,924 13,327
(69) (59) 268 534 658 657 611 373 563 242 314 370	USA	(61) (315) 1,738 1,403 1,939 2,027 949 788
1,318 1,286 1,858		4,565 3,903

		Gas, Power and Renewables		
124	(17)	UK	223	(74)
(1)	(4)	Rest of Europe	1	(29)
43	378	USA	584	330
8	(43)	Rest of World	84	193
174	314		892	420
		Other businesses and corporate		
(209)	(144)	UK	(532)	(424)
30	10	Rest of Europe	45	(3)
(13)	(366)	USA	(383)	(585)
36	48	Rest of World	87	1,412
(156)	(452)		(783)	400
7,207	8,255		23,598	18,050
(4)	(285)	Unrealized profit in inventory Net profit on transactions	(442)	(248)
159	144	Innovene operations	399	157
7,362	8,114	Total for continuing operations	23,555	17,959
		Innovene operations		
152	(276)	UK	(137)	(173)
120	(169)	Rest of Europe	256	370
42	(258)	USA	(126)	(36)
17	(37)	Rest of World	(20)	3
331	(740)		(27)	164
		Net profit on transactions		
		between continuing and		
(159)	(144)	Innovene operations	(399)	(157)
172	(884)	Total for Innovene operations	(426)	7
7,534	7,230	Total for period	23,129	17,966
		By geographical area		
477	1,089	UK	2,151	1,710
1,089	1,049	Rest of Europe	3,972	2,075
2,841	2,376	USA	8,245	6,721
2,041				4 8 4 5 0
2,955	3,600	Rest of World	9,187	17,453
	(1) 43 8 174 (209) 30 (13) 36 (156) 7,207 (4) 159 7,362 152 120 42 17 331 (159) 172 7,534 477	(1) (4) (4) (4) (43) (43) (43) (43) (43) (	(1) (4) Rest of Europe 43 378 USA 8 (43) Rest of World 	124       (17)       UK       223         (1)       (4)       Rest of Europe       1         43       378       USA       584         8       (43)       Rest of World       84

Analysis of Non-operating Items

Third	Second	Third		
Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Nine	months
2004	2005	2005	2005	2004
			======	
2	S millior	l	\$ mi	illion

By business

	(23)	(3) (53)		(1,021) 1,030 (110) 82 (19) (18) (64) (725) (32)	(156) (268) (119) (10)
			Kest SI Wolld		
(224)	(658)	(154)		(839)	(329)
_ _ _16	66 _ 21 _	90 - 5 -	Gas, Power and Renewables UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	261  	_ _ _ 16
16	87	95		287	16
(44) (54) (251) 11	(6) 12 11 -	(6)  (284) 	Other businesses and corporate UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	11 (277)	(43) (54) (447) 1,400
(338)	17	(290)		(320)	856
171	(1,206) 384 (822)	167	Total before taxation for continuing operations Taxation credit (charge) Total after taxation for continuing operations	(891) 296 	(83)
	- - - -	(301) (224) (208) (26)	Innovene operations UK Rest of Europe USA Rest of World	(325) (224) (208) (26)	(5) - - -
- -	- -	(759) 167	Total before taxation for (a) Innovene operations Taxation credit (charge)	(783)(a 177	a) (5) 2
_	_	(592)	Total after taxation for Innovene operations	(606)	(3)
(394)	(822)	(921)	Total after taxation for period	(1,201)	189

(a) Includes the loss on re-measurement to fair value of \$724 million in the third quarter and impairment charges of \$24 million and \$35 million in the first and third quarters of 2005, respectively.

Depreciation of Fixed Asset Revaluation Adjustment

	uarter Q 2005	uarter 2005		Nine n 2005	2004
	nillion			======================================	
			Exploration and Production		
6	12	6	UK	25	25
98	70	64	USA	211	281
4	3	5	Rest of World	12	16
108	85 	75		248	322
			Refining and Marketing		
31	31	31	USA	93	93
31	31	31		93	93
139	116	106	Total depreciation of revaluation adjustment (a)(b)	341	415

- (a) Relates to the revaluation adjustment consequent upon the ARCO acquisition.
- (b) Excludes impairment of the revaluation adjustment which is included in non-operating items.

Net Debt Ratio - Net Debt: Net Debt + Equity

Third Second Thir Quarter Quarter Quarte 2004 2005 200	r 5	30 September 2005 2004
\$ million		\$ million
20,445 19,302 22,15 1,741 1,360 2,18	2 Cash and cash equivalents	22,159 20,445 2,182 1,741
18,704 17,942 19,97	7 Net debt	19,977 18,704
75,114 80,097 82,72 20% 18% 19	6 Equity	82,726 75,114 19% 20%

Production and Realizations

Quarter	Quarter				months
2004	2005	2005		2005	2004
			Production (a)		
			Crude oil (mb/d) (net of royalties)		
281			UK	267	315
68			Rest of Europe	71	74
495		427 1,598	USA Rest of World	511	533 1,398
1,404	1,520	1,598	Rest of World	1,556	1,390
2,298	2,437	2,313 ======	Total crude oil production	2,385 ======	2,320
			Natural gas liquids (mb/d) (net of	royalti	es)
13	20	12	UK	16	18
3			Rest of Europe	4	4
134			USA	125	138
31	31	30	Rest of World	31	30
			Total natural gas		
181	182	159	liquids production	176	190
			Liquids (b)(mb/d) (net of royalties	====== 3)	
294	310	236	UK	283	333
71	77	68	Rest of Europe	75	78
		540	USA		671
1,485	1,559	1,628	Rest of World	1,567	1,428
2,479	2,619	2,472	Total liquids production	2,561	2,510
			Natural gas (mmcf/d) (net of royalt		
903	•		UK	1,068	
110		99 2,456	Rest of Europe	109	129 2,781
		4,455	USA Rest of World		4,367
8,275	8,661	7,841	Total natural gas production	8,412	8,433
			Average realizations (c)		
			Crude oil (\$/bbl)		
40.33		57.77	UK	50.15	
39.52 38.01			USA Rest of World	49.15	35.87 33.83
39.43		56.83	BP Average	49.07	
			Natural gas liquids (\$/bbl)		
34 29	34 34	47.49	UK	36 03	28.84
27.59			USA		24.31
	33.77		Rest of World		25.81
	29.86		BP Average	31.30	25.13
			Liquids (a) (\$/bbl)	======	
40.06	47.83	57.26	ŪK	49.35	
	45.92		USA		33.96
		54.63	Rest of World		33.30
38.29	45.95	54.80 ======	BP Average	47.22	33.89 ======
_	-		Natural gas (\$/mcf)		
3.60	4.82	4.45	UK	5.01	4.03

	5.83		USA Deet of Needd	5.95 3.24	
			Rest of World BP Average	3.24 4.45	
========		======	DI Average	=======	=====

- (a) Includes BP's share of production of equity-accounted entities.
- (b) Crude oil and natural gas liquids.
- (c) Based on turnover of consolidated subsidiaries only this excludes equity-accounted entities.

#### Notes

1. Transition to International Financial Reporting Standards

For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 December 2004, BP prepared its financial statements in accordance with UK generally accepted accounting practice (UK GAAP). From 1 January 2005 BP is required to prepare consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as endorsed by the European Commission ('EC'). Consequently, financial information for interim quarters of 2005 must be prepared on the basis of IFRS.

The general principle that should be applied on first-time adoption of IFRS is that standards in force at the first reporting date (that is, for BP, 31 December 2005) should be applied retrospectively. However, IFRS 1 'First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards' contains a number of exemptions which companies are permitted to apply. BP has elected:

- not to present comparative information in accordance with IAS 32
   'Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation' and IAS 39
   'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'.
- not to restate its financial information for acquisitions occurring before 1 January 2003.
- to deem cumulative translation differences to be zero at 1 January 2003.
- to recognize all actuarial gains and losses on pensions and other post-retirement benefits directly in shareholders' equity at 1 January 2003. This is consistent with the group's adoption of FRS 17 'Retirement Benefits' in 2004.
- to apply IFRS 2 'Share-based Payment' retrospectively to all share-based payments.

As a result of the above exemptions certain changes apply from 1 January 2003 (BP's Date of Transition) followed by further changes (due to IAS 32 and IAS 39) to apply from 1 January 2005.

The quarterly information for 2005 and the restatement of financial information for the year ended 31 December 2004 and the interim quarters of 2004 have been prepared on the basis of all International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) (with the exception of IAS 32 and IAS 39 (as

amended) for the 2004 information) and Standing Interpretations Committee (SIC) and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) expected to be in effect for the year ending 31 December 2005. It is possible that there will be changes to these standards and interpretations before the end of 2005, which might require further adjustments to this information before it is included in the 2005 Annual Report and Accounts. In addition, BP has decided to early adopt IFRS 6 'Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources', the amendment to IAS 19 'Amendment to international accounting standard IAS 19 Employee Benefits: Actuarial Gains and Losses, Group Plans and Disclosures', the amendment to IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement - Cash Flow Hedge Accounting of Forecast Intra-group Transactions' and IFRIC 4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease'.

In the restatement information for the year ended 31 December 2004 and the interim quarters of 2004 financial assets and financial liabilities are accounted for on the basis of UK GAAP.

Under UK GAAP, all derivatives used for trading purposes are recognized on the balance sheet at fair value. However, derivative financial instruments used for hedging purposes are recognized by applying either the accrual method or the deferral method. Under the accrual method, amounts payable or receivable in respect of derivatives are recognized rateably in earnings over the period of the contracts. Changes in the derivative's fair value are not recognized. On the deferral method, gains and losses from derivatives are deferred and recognized in earnings or as adjustments to carrying amounts as the underlying hedged transaction matures or occurs.

From 1 January 2005 for IFRS all financial assets and financial liabilities have to be recognized initially at fair value. In subsequent periods the measurement of these financial instruments depends on their classification into one of the following measurement categories: i) financial assets or financial liabilities at-fair-value-through-profit-and-loss (such as those used for trading purposes, and all derivatives which do not qualify for hedge accounting); ii) loans and receivables; iii) available-for-sale financial assets (including certain investments held for the long term) and iv) other liabilities.

The effect of adopting IAS 39 at 1 January 2005 is shown as a movement in BP shareholders' equity for 2005.

#### Notes

1. Transition to International Financial Reporting Standards (continued)

The principal differences for the group between reporting on the basis of UK GAAP and IFRS are as follows:

- ceasing to amortize goodwill.
- setting up deferred taxation on:
- acquisitions;
- inventory valuation differences;
- unremitted earnings of subsidiaries, associates and jointly

controlled entities.

Dividend accrual

- expensing a greater proportion of major maintenance costs.
- no longer recognizing dividends proposed but not declared as a liability at the balance sheet date.
- recognizing an expense for the fair value of employee share option schemes rather than the intrinsic value.
- recording asset swaps on the basis of fair value.
- embedded derivatives measured at fair value.

BP has produced an explanatory note setting out its accounting policies under IFRS, the major differences between UK GAAP and IFRS for BP, and reconciliations of UK GAAP to IFRS for its 2003 and 2004 Income and Cash Flow Statements, its Balance Sheets at 1 January 2003, 31 December 2003, 31 December 2004 and 1 January 2005. This information can be found at the Investor Centre www.bp.com. In addition, the reconciliations for 2004 interim periods included in this report are shown below.

	Third Quarter 2004	-
	======================================	illion
Profit for the period under UK GAAP	4,541	13,351
Adjustments		
Goodwill amortization	361	1,077
Major maintenance expenditure	(35)	(123)
Share-based payments	(74)	(109)
Asset swaps	1	3
Recycling foreign exchange on disposal	-	78
Deferred tax	104	(50)
Other	(28)	(34)
Profit for the period under IFRS	4,870	14,193
	30	) September
		2004
		\$ million
BP shareholders' equity under UK GAAP		74,941
Adjustments		
Goodwill amortization		2,499
Major maintenance expenditure		(667)
Share-based payments		(299)
Asset swaps		(139)
Deferred tax		(3,971)

1,536

Other	(69)
BP shareholders' equity under IFRS	73,831
	=======

#### Notes

#### 2. Resegmentation

With effect from 1 January 2005 there have been the following changes to the business segments reported by the group.

- (a) Our petrochemicals operations were divided between the Refining and Marketing segment and Other businesses and corporate. The Aromatics and Acetyls businesses and the petrochemicals assets that are integrated with our Gelsenkirchen refinery in Germany became part of Refining and Marketing. The Olefins and Derivatives business was reported within Other businesses and corporate. This segment was also restated to include the legacy historical results of other petrochemicals assets that had been divested during 2004. In addition we also combined our Grangemouth and Lavera refineries into the Olefins and Derivatives business to maintain current operating synergies. As indicated below we have agreed to sell our Olefins and Derivatives business and have categorized the majority of this business as discontinued operations.
- (b) A small US operation, the Hobbs fractionator, which supplies petrochemicals feedstock, has been transferred from Gas, Power and Renewables to Olefins and Derivatives.
- (c) The Mardi Gras pipeline system in the Gulf of Mexico has been transferred from Exploration and Production to Refining and Marketing.

Comparative financial and operating information is shown after resegmentation and the adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards. Further information regarding these adjustments can be found at the BP investor centre www.bp.com.

3. Sale of Olefins and Derivatives business

BP announced on 7 October 2005, its intention to sell Innovene, its olefins, derivatives and refining group to UK-based INEOS for \$9 billion in cash. The transaction, which is subject to regulatory approvals, includes all Innovene's manufacturing sites, markets and technologies. The equity-accounted investments in China and Malaysia which were part of the Olefins and Derivatives business will remain with BP and are included within Other businesses and corporate.

The proposed sale was sufficiently well advanced at the end of September for the Innovene operations to be classified as a 'disposal group' and for the assets and related liabilities to be shown as held for sale at 30 September. In these circumstances the Innovene operations should be carried on the group's balance sheet at the lower of cost and fair value less costs to sell. The re-measurement to fair value resulted in a loss of \$724 million before tax.

The Innovene operations represent a separate major line of business for BP. As a result of the proposed sale, these operations have been treated as discontinued operations at 30 September 2005. A single amount is shown on the face of the income statement comprising the post-tax result of discontinued operations and the post-tax loss recognized on the remeasurement to fair value less costs to sell of the discontinued operation. That is, the income and expenses of Innovene are reported separately from the continuing operations of the BP group. The table below provides further detail of the amount shown on the income statement. The income statements for prior periods have been restated to conform this style of presentation.

In the cash flow statement the cash provided by the operating activities of Innovene has been separated from that of the rest of the group and reported as a single line item.

Notes

	uarter Qu 2005	2005		2005	
	million			======================================	llion
231	293	99	Profit before tax from Innovene operations Net profit on transactions	924	447
(89)	(159)	(144)	between continuing and Innovene operations	(399)	(157)
142	134	(45)	- Profit before taxation	525	290
_	_	(724)	Loss recognized on the re-measurement to fair value	(724)	_
142	134	(769)	-	(199)	290
(59)	(31)	(56) 159	Taxation Related to profit before tax Related to re-measurement to fair value	(220) 159	(119)
83	103	(666)	- Profit (loss) from Innovene operations -	(260)	171

3. Sale of Olefins and Derivatives business (continued)

Notes

4. Sales and other operating revenues

Third	Second	Third			
Quarter 🤇		Quarter			e Months
2004	2005	2005		2005	2004
Ş	millior	1		Şı	million
			By business		
		11,321	Exploration and Production		
•	•	68,790	Refining and Marketing	181,458	
20,443	23,110	28,917	Gas, Power and Renewables	75,694	59 <b>,</b> 852
			Other businesses		
137	174	161	and corporate	507	390
75 000	05 040	100 100	Sales by continuing	000 100	000 007
75 <b>,</b> 820	95,240	109,189	operations	290,100	226,907
7 072	7 0 4 2	0 511	Less: sales between	04 700	01 007
1,013	1,843	8,511	businesses sales to Innovene	24,123	21,367
2 1 0 2	2 026	1 1 5 0		10 107	5,956
2,105	5,920	4,158	operations	10,197	5,950
			Third party sales of		
65,764	83 471	96 520	continuing operations	255,180	199 584
=========	=======	=======	concernaring operactions	========	
			By geographical area		
20,355	29,998	37,406	UK	92,233	52,075
•	, 16,916	16 <b>,</b> 904	Rest of Europe	•	32,309
•	•	45,759	USA	•	94,037
16,552			Rest of World		47,806
			Sales by continuing		
78,882 1	L05,057	119,664	operations	316,932	226,227
10,935	17,660	18 <b>,</b> 986	Less: sales between areas	51,555	20,687
			sales to Innovene		
2,183	3,926	4,158	operations	10,197	5,956
65,764	83,471	96,520		255,180	199,584
		•		•	

### Notes

5. Operating profits are after charging:

Third Seco Quarter Quart 2004 20	er Quarter		-	Months 2004
\$ mill	ion		\$ mi	llion
		Exploration expense		
4	13 3	UK	21	9
7	- 1	Rest of Europe	2	15
58	85 120	USA	308	218
66	41 53	Rest of World	145	137
135 1	39 177		476	379
		Production and similar taxes	(a)	
51 1	53 95	UK	. ,	223
502 5			1,818	
		overseas		±,2,3
553 6	97 834		2,180	1,502

\_\_\_\_\_

- (a) Production taxes are charged against Exploration and Production's operating profit.
- 6. Interest payable

\_\_\_\_\_

161 (57)	204 (76)		Group interest payable Capitalized	632 (245)	456 (159)
104	128	144		387	297
_	-	-	Early redemption of finance leases	57	-
104	128	144		444	297
		=====			

### 7. Other finance expense

			Interest on pension and other post-retirement benefit		
502	509	502	plan liabilities	1,525	1,493
			Expected return on pension		
			and other post-retirement		
(493)	(542)	(528)	benefit plan assets	(1,617)	(1,482)
			Talana kata ƙ		
			Interest net of expected retu		
9	(33)	(26)	on plan assets	(92)	11
			Unwinding of discount		
48	50	49	on provisions	144	146
			Unwinding of discount on		
			deferred consideration for		
			acquisition of investment		
22	17	14	in TNK-BP	48	74
79	34	37		100	231

#### Notes

### 8. Dividends paid

	Second Quarter 2005			Nine 2005	Months 2004
			Dividends per ordinary share		
7.10	8.50	8.925	cents	25.925	20.6
3.860	4.450	5.119	pence	14.091	11.341
42.6	51.0	53.55	Dividends per ADS (cents)	155.55	123.6

9. Analysis of changes in net debt

Third	Second	Third		
Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Nine	Months
2004	2005	2005	2005	2004

\$	million			\$ m	illion
19,858	·	·	Opening balance Finance debt Less: Cash and cash	23,091	·
1,590	1,521	1,360	equivalents	1,359	2,056
18,268	18,043	17,942	Opening net debt	21,732	20,269
20,445	19,302	22,159	Closing balance Finance debt Less: Cash and cash	22,159	20,445
1,741	1,360	2,182	equivalents	2,182	1,741
18,704	17,942	19,977	Closing net debt	19,977	18,704
(436)	101	(2,035)	Decrease (increase) in net debt	1,755	1,565
130	(161)	896	Movement in cash and cash equivalents (excluding exchange adjustments) Net cash outflow (inflow) from financing(excluding	906	(328)
(563)	380	(3,060)	share capital)	867	2,104
_	-	-	Adoption of IAS 39	(147)	-
_		8		123	-
10	53	33	Other movements	135	31
(423) (13)		(2,123) 88	Movement in net debt before exchange effects Exchange adjustments	•	1,807 (242)
(436)	101	(2,035)	Decrease (increase) in net debt	1,755 ======	1,565

### Notes

10. TNK-BP Operational and Financial Information

Third Seco	ond Third			
Quarter Quart	ter Quarter		Nine	Months
2004 20	2005 2005		2005	2004
		=		
		Production (Net of royalties) (BP share)		
858	903 930	Crude oil (mb/d)	903	813
505	429 449	Natural gas (mmcf/d)	468	446
945	977 1,007	Total hydrocarbons (mboe/d)(a)	983	889
==============		-		
\$ mill	lion		\$ m.	illion
		Income statement (BP share)		
807	920 1,253	Profit before interest and tax	2,788	1,762
(23)	(32) (37)	Interest expense *	(98)	(79)
(222) (2	227) (347)	Taxation	(741)	(491)
(6)	(20) (46)	Minority interest	(74)	(26)

	641		Net Income	1,875	1,166
22			* Excludes unwinding of discou on deferred consideration	int	
_	_	_	Cash Flow Additional investment in TNK-BP joint venture	_	(1,416)
23	-	-	Dividends related to period prior to acquisition	-	166
23	-	-	Net investment in TNK-BP joint venture	-	(1,250)
1,031		750	Dividends received (b)	1,425	1,150
Quarter 2004	Second Quarter 2005	Quarter 2005		-	Months 2004
37.41 23.33	48.08 48.49 27.39	57.39 36.60	Average oil marker prices (\$/b Urals (NWE - cif) Urals (Med - cif) Domestic Oil	49.30 49.75	33.00 20.04

30 September 2005	31 December 2004
ties 8,744	8,294
1,219	1,227 1,194
1,219	2,421
	2005 ===================================

- (a) Natural gas is converted to oil equivalent at 5.8 billion cubic feet = 1 million barrels.
- (b) Dividends received since the inception of the TNK-BP joint venture are \$3,649 million (including \$464 million relating to the period prior to completion of the acquisition).

TNK-BP operational and financial information has been estimated and includes adjustments to net income in respect of prior periods amounting to a charge of \$8 million in 3Q 2005 and a charge of \$14 million in nine months 2005.

As reported at previous quarters, various TNK-BP group companies had received tax notifications totalling approximately \$1 billion in respect of 2001. Significant progress was made during this quarter towards resolving these matters. Claims totalling approximately \$870 million have been settled by TNK-BP for approximately \$250 million, with the lower courts also finding in favour of TNK-BP in early October in respect of a claim totalling \$143 million. BP's share of these settlements is covered by indemnities that BP had received from its co-venturers on entering into the joint venture arrangement. Audits of tax years 2002 and 2003 are currently ongoing, and no tax notifications in respect of these periods have as yet been issued.

#### Notes

11. Equity-accounted entities

The group's profit for the period includes the following in respect of equity-accounted entities.

	RC profit (loss) before interest and tax	Inventory holding gains (losses)	Profit (loss) before interest and tax
		\$ million	
Third Quarter 2005 Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	1,523 126 (2) 62	- 4 - -	1,523 130 (2) 62
Continuing operations Innovene operations	1,709	4	1,713
	1,709	4	1,713
Second Quarter 2005 Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	1,163 72 9 2	(10) - (5)	1,163 62 9 (3)
Continuing operations Innovene operations	1,246 3	(15)	1,231 3
	1,249	(15)	1,234
Third Quarter 2004 Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	980 123 6 21	(7) - (6)	980 116 6 15

Continuing operations	1,130	(13)	1,117
Innovene operations	6	2	8
	1,136	(11)	1,125

Notes

## 11. Equity-accounted entities (continued)

	Interest	Tax	Minority interest	Profit (loss) for the period
		\$ r	million	
Third Quarter 2005				
Exploration and Production		(421)	(46)	993
Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables	(6) (1)	(23) (4)	_	101 (7)
Other businesses and corporate	(17)	(4)	-	45
Continuing operations	(87)	(448)	(46)	1,132
Innovene operations	_	-	-	_
	(87)	(448)	(46)	1,132
Second Quarter 2005				
Exploration and Production		(289)	(20)	798
Refining and Marketing	(5)	(13)	_	44
Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	(3) (1)	(1)	_	5 (4)
other businesses and corporate	(1)			(4)
Continuing operations	(65)	(303)	(20)	843
Innovene operations	_	-	-	3
	(65)	(303)	(20)	846
Third Quarter 2004		=======		
Exploration and Production	(45)	(273)	(6)	656
Refining and Marketing	(4)	(22)	-	90
Gas, Power and Renewables	(2)	(1)	-	3
Other businesses and corporate	(1)	-	_ 	14
Continuing operations	. ,	(296)	(6)	763
Innovene operations	(3)	-		5
	(55)	(296)	(6)	768
		=======		

## 11. Equity-accounted entities (continued)

	RC profit (loss before interest and tax	) In h	ventory olding gains losses)	Profit (loss) before interest and tax
Nine Months 2005 Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	3,527 274 12 63		_ (10) _ (5)	3,527 264 12 58
Continuing operations Innovene operations	3,876 3		(15)	3,861 3
	3,879		(15)	3,864
Nine Months 2004 Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	2,357 293 8 69		(14) (23)	2,357 279 8 46
Continuing operations Innovene operations	2,727 (16)		(37) 8	2,690 (8)
	2,711		(29)	2,682
	Interest	Tax	Minority interest	Profit (loss) for the period
Nine Months 2005 Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	(171) (16) (6) (21)	(937) (54) (7) -	(74) _ _ _	2,345 194 (1) 37
Continuing operations Innovene operations	(214)	(998) –	(74)	2,575 3
	(214)	(998)	(74)	2,578
Nine Months 2004 Exploration and Production Refining and Marketing Gas, Power and Renewables Other businesses and corporate	(141) (12) (5) (3)	(653) (58) (1) –	(26) _ _ _	1,537 209 2 43
Continuing operations	(161)	(712)	(26)	1,791

Innovene operations	(3)	-	-	(11)
	(164)	(712)	(26)	1,780