

CINTAS CORP  
Form 10-Q  
January 04, 2008  
Table of Contents

FORM 10-Q

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended November 30, 2007

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 0-11399

CINTAS CORPORATION

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

WASHINGTON  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

31-1188630  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

6800 CINTAS BOULEVARD

P.O. BOX 625737

CINCINNATI, OHIO 45262-5737

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(513) 459-1200

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by checkmark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

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Indicate by checkmark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer  Accelerated Filer  Non-Accelerated Filer

Indicate by checkmark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding December 31, 2007
Common Stock, no par value	153,677,978

**Table of Contents**

CINTAS CORPORATION

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>Part I. Financial Information</b>	<b><u>Page No.</u></b>
Item 1. Financial Statements.	
<u>Consolidated Condensed Statements of Income -     Three Months and Six Months Ended November 30, 2007 and 2006</u>	3
<u>Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets -     November 30, 2007 and May 31, 2007</u>	4
<u>Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows -     Six Months Ended November 30, 2007 and 2006</u>	5
<u>Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements</u>	6
Item 2. <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.</u>	24
Item 3. <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.</u>	35
Item 4. <u>Controls and Procedures.</u>	35
<b>Part II. <u>Other Information</u></b>	37
Item 1. <u>Legal Proceedings.</u>	37
Item 1A. <u>Risk Factors.</u>	38
Item 2. <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.</u>	38
Item 4. <u>Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.</u>	39
Item 6. <u>Exhibits.</u>	40
<b><u>Signatures</u></b>	40
<b>Certifications</b>	

Table of Contents

## CINTAS CORPORATION

## ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

## CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

(In thousands except per share data)

	Three Months Ended November 30,		Six Months Ended November 30,	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Revenue:				
Rental uniforms and ancillary products	\$ 708,845	\$ 684,491	\$ 1,419,199	\$ 1,372,149
Other services	275,020	238,775	533,794	465,278
	983,865	923,266	1,952,993	1,837,427
Costs and expenses (income):				
Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products	392,211	380,015	783,701	758,315
Cost of other services	171,086	152,178	331,352	297,558
Selling and administrative expenses	275,125	248,628	551,835	492,756
Interest income	(1,796)	(1,623)	(3,258)	(3,149)
Interest expense	12,993	12,483	25,830	24,915
	849,619	791,681	1,689,460	1,570,395
Income before income taxes	134,246	131,585	263,533	267,032
Income taxes	51,393	49,058	99,617	99,543
Net income	\$ 82,853	\$ 82,527	\$ 163,916	\$ 167,489
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.51	\$ 1.04	\$ 1.04
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.51	\$ 1.04	\$ 1.04

See accompanying notes.

**Table of Contents**

## CINTAS CORPORATION

## CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands except share data)

	November 30, 2007 (Unaudited)	May 31, 2007
<b><u>ASSETS</u></b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 56,640	\$ 35,360
Marketable securities	97,627	120,053
Accounts receivable, net	420,667	408,870
Inventories, net	238,944	231,741
Uniforms and other rental items in service	363,802	344,931
Deferred income tax asset	33,672	----
Prepaid expenses	16,311	15,781
Total current assets	1,227,663	1,156,736
Property and equipment, at cost, net	949,396	920,243
Goodwill	1,277,929	1,245,877
Service contracts, net	160,769	171,361
Other assets, net	83,825	76,263
	\$3,699,582	\$3,570,480
<b><u>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</u></b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 73,837	\$ 64,622
Accrued compensation and related liabilities	40,750	62,826
Accrued liabilities	174,803	200,686
Income taxes:		
Current	72,474	18,584
Deferred	----	52,179
Long-term debt due within one year	1,324	4,141
Total current liabilities	363,188	403,038
Long-term liabilities:		
Long-term debt due after one year	947,473	877,074
Deferred income taxes	120,961	122,630
Accrued liabilities	120,332	----
Total long-term liabilities	1,188,766	999,704
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, no par value:		
100,000 shares authorized, none outstanding	----	----
Common stock, no par value:		
425,000,000 shares authorized,		
FY 2008: 173,069,626 issued and 153,677,303 outstanding		
FY 2007: 172,874,195 issued and 158,676,872 outstanding	128,563	120,811

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Paid-in capital	57,973	56,909
Retained earnings	2,683,644	2,533,459
Treasury stock:		
FY 2008: 19,392,323 shares, FY 2007: 14,197,323 shares	(772,041)	(580,562)
Other accumulated comprehensive income	49,489	37,121
Total shareholders' equity	2,147,628	2,167,738
	\$3,699,582	\$3,570,480

See accompanying notes.

**Table of Contents**

## CINTAS CORPORATION

## CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Six Months Ended	
	November 30,	
	2007	2006
<b><u>Cash flows from operating activities:</u></b>		
Net income	\$163,916	\$167,489
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	72,271	66,074
Amortization of deferred charges	21,341	19,679
Stock-based compensation	4,809	1,250
Deferred income taxes	3,626	999
Change in current assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions of businesses:		
Accounts receivable, net	(8,216)	(14,179)
Inventories, net	(6,719)	(19,254)
Uniforms and other rental items in service	(17,422)	(9,534)
Prepaid expenses	(453)	(2,424)
Accounts payable	8,771	7,506
Accrued compensation and related liabilities	(22,250)	515
Accrued liabilities and other	(17,425)	(28,979)
Income taxes payable	68,413	38,192
Net cash provided by operating activities	270,662	227,334
<b><u>Cash flows from investing activities:</u></b>		
Capital expenditures	(93,207)	(81,321)
Proceeds from sale or redemption of marketable securities	41,930	80,485
Purchase of marketable securities and investments	(22,861)	(11,909)
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired	(56,031)	(53,782)
Other	732	(1,049)
Net cash used in investing activities	(129,437)	(67,576)
<b><u>Cash flows from financing activities:</u></b>		
Proceeds from issuance of debt	296,000	252,460
Repayment of debt	(228,418)	(259,929)
Stock options exercised	7,752	5,781
Repurchase of common stock	(191,479)	(141,960)
Other	(3,800)	(16,085)
Net cash used in financing activities	(119,945)	(159,733)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	21,280	25

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Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	35,360	38,914
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 56,640	\$ 38,939

See accompanying notes.



**Table of Contents**

CINTAS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands except per share data)

1. Basis of Presentation

The consolidated condensed financial statements of Cintas Corporation (Cintas) included herein have been prepared by Cintas, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. While we believe that the disclosures are adequately presented, it is suggested that these consolidated condensed financial statements be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes included in our most recent Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2007. A summary of our significant accounting policies is presented on page 36 of that report. There have been no material changes in the accounting policies followed by Cintas during the fiscal year, with the exception of the new accounting standard discussed in Note 2 below.

Interim results are subject to variations and are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for a full fiscal year. In the opinion of management, adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of the consolidated results of the interim periods shown have been made.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

2. New Accounting Standards

As of June 1, 2007, Cintas adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (FAS 109), which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in the financial statements in accordance with FAS 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. It also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. As a result of the implementation of FIN 48, Cintas recorded a decrease to retained earnings as of June 1, 2007, of \$13,731. Cintas' adoption of FIN 48 is more fully described in Note 6.

FASB Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (FAS 157), defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. FAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. Cintas is currently assessing the impact of FAS 157 on its consolidated financial statements and will adopt this pronouncement on June 1, 2008.

FASB Statement No. 159, *Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* (FAS 159), allows for voluntary measurement of many financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. FAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 7, 2007. Cintas is currently assessing the impact of FAS 159 on its consolidated financial statements and whether this pronouncement will be voluntarily adopted.

**Table of Contents**

## CINTAS CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands except per share data)

**3. Earnings per Share**

The following table represents a reconciliation of the shares used to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share for the respective periods:

	Three Months Ended November 30,		Six Months Ended November 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Numerator:				
Net income	\$ 82,853	\$ 82,527	\$ 163,916	\$ 167,489
Denominator:				
Denominator for basic earnings per share-weighted average shares (000 s)	156,563	160,312	157,673	160,542
Effect of dilutive securities- employee stock options (000 s)	250	409	276	390
Denominator for diluted earnings per share-adjusted weighted average shares and assuming conversions (000 s)	156,813	160,721	157,949	160,932
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.51	\$ 1.04	\$ 1.04
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.51	\$ 1.04	\$ 1.04

**4. Goodwill, Service Contracts and Other Assets**

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill and service contracts for the six months ended November 30, 2007, by operating segment, are as follows:

	Rental Uniforms & Ancillary	Uniform Direct	First Aid, Safety &	Document Management	Total
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	Products	Sales	Fire Protection		
<u>Goodwill</u>					
Balance as of June 1, 2007	\$863,319	\$23,883	\$162,021	\$196,654	\$1,245,877
Goodwill acquired	(243)	---	678	29,678	30,113
Foreign currency translation	1,169	75	---	695	1,939
Balance as of November 30, 2007	\$864,245	\$23,958	\$162,699	\$227,027	\$1,277,929

Table of Contents

## CINTAS CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands except per share data)

	Rental Uniforms & Ancillary Products	Uniform Direct Sales	First Aid, Safety & Fire Protection	Document Management	Total
<u>Service Contracts</u>					
Balance as of June 1, 2007	\$104,285	\$699	\$45,352	\$21,025	\$171,361
Service contracts acquired	(30)	---	242	5,157	5,369
Service contracts amortization	(11,618)	(213)	(3,032)	(2,882)	(17,745)
Foreign currency translation	1,639	27	---	118	1,784
Balance as of November 30, 2007	\$ 94,276	\$513	\$42,562	\$23,418	\$160,769

Information regarding Cintas' service contracts and other assets are as follows:

	Carrying Amount	As of November 30, 2007 Accumulated Amortization	Net
Service contracts	\$324,797	\$164,028	\$160,769
Noncompete and consulting agreements	\$ 61,559	\$ 29,215	\$ 32,344
Investments	44,798	----	44,798
Other	9,016	2,333	6,683
Total	\$115,373	\$ 31,548	\$ 83,825

	Carrying Amount	As of May 31, 2007 Accumulated Amortization	Net
Service contracts	\$317,644	\$146,283	\$171,361
	\$ 58,218	\$ 24,123	\$ 34,095

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Noncompete and consulting agreements			
Investments	35,264	----	35,264
Other	8,967	2,063	6,904
Total	\$102,449	\$ 26,186	\$ 76,263

Amortization expense was \$21,341 and \$19,679 for the six months ended November 30, 2007 and November 30, 2006, respectively. Estimated amortization expense, excluding any future acquisitions, for each of the next five years is \$42,553, \$40,270, \$37,205, \$33,460 and \$27,397, respectively.

**Table of Contents**

CINTAS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands except per share data)

**5. Debt, Derivatives and Hedging Activities**

Cintas formally documents all relationships between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Cintas' hedging activities are transacted only with highly-rated institutions, reducing the exposure to credit risk in the event of nonperformance.

Cintas uses cash flow hedges to hedge the exposure of variability in short-term interest rates. These agreements effectively convert a portion of the floating rate debt to a fixed rate basis, thus reducing the impact of interest rate changes on future interest expense. The effective portion of the net gain or loss on the derivative instrument is reported as a component of other comprehensive income and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. Gains or losses on the ineffective portion of the hedge are charged to earnings in the current period. When outstanding, the effectiveness of these derivative instruments is reviewed at least every fiscal quarter. Examples of cash flow hedging instruments that Cintas may use are interest rate swaps, lock agreements and forward starting swaps. No cash flow hedging instruments were outstanding as of November 30, 2007.

Cintas used interest rate lock agreements to hedge against movements in the treasury rates at the time Cintas issued its senior notes in fiscal 2002 and in fiscal 2007. The amortization of the cash flow hedges resulted in a credit to other comprehensive income of \$69 and \$104 for the three months ended November 30, 2007 and November 30, 2006, respectively and \$138 and \$177 for the six months ended November 30, 2007 and November 30, 2006, respectively.

As discussed in Note 10, subsequent to November 30, 2007, Cintas issued \$250,000 of senior notes due 2017. During the second quarter of fiscal 2008, Cintas entered into a new interest rate lock agreement in anticipation of this issuance. This interest rate lock agreement resulted in a charge of \$3,873, net of tax, to other comprehensive income as of November 30, 2007, which will begin amortizing in other comprehensive income in the third quarter of fiscal 2008.

Cintas has certain covenants related to debt agreements. These covenants limit Cintas' ability to incur certain liens, to engage in sale-leaseback transactions and to merge, consolidate or sell all or substantially all of Cintas' assets. These covenants also require Cintas to maintain certain debt to capitalization and interest coverage ratios. Cross default provisions exist between certain debt instruments. If a default of a significant covenant were to occur, the default could result in an acceleration of the maturity of the indebtedness, impair liquidity and limit the ability to raise future capital. Cintas is in compliance with all significant debt covenants for all periods presented. Cintas' debt, net of cash and marketable securities, is \$794,530 as of November 30, 2007. For the six months ended November 30, 2007, net cash provided by operating activities was \$270,662. Capital expenditures were \$93,207 for the same period.

**6. Income Taxes**

As noted in Note 2 entitled New Accounting Standards, Cintas adopted FIN 48 in fiscal 2008. FIN 48 addresses the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Under FIN 48, companies may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position should be measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties on income taxes, accounting in interim periods and requires increased disclosures.



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**Table of Contents**

CINTAS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands except per share data)

As a result of the adoption of FIN 48, Cintas recorded a decrease to retained earnings as of June 1, 2007, and a corresponding increase in long-term accrued liabilities of \$13,731, inclusive of associated interest and penalties.

As of June 1, 2007, there was \$27,580 in total unrecognized tax benefits, which if recognized, would favorably impact Cintas effective tax rate. Cintas recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits and penalties in income tax expense in the consolidated statements of income, which is consistent with the recognition of these items in prior reporting periods. The total amount accrued for interest and penalties as of June 1, 2007, was \$15,173. Cintas records the tax liability under FIN 48 in both current and long-term accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets. The total gross unrecognized tax benefits as of June 1, 2007, were \$129,576.

In the normal course of business, Cintas provides for uncertain tax positions and the related interest, and adjusts its unrecognized tax benefits and accrued interest accordingly. During the second quarter of fiscal 2008, unrecognized tax benefits related to continuing operations increased by approximately \$1,200 and accrued interest increased by approximately \$1,600.

Cintas has a significant portion of its operations in the United States and Canada. Cintas is required to file federal income tax returns as well as state income tax returns in a majority of the domestic states and also in the Canadian provinces of Quebec, Alberta, British Columbia and Ontario. At times, Cintas is subject to audits in these jurisdictions. The audits, by nature, are sometimes complex and can require several years to resolve. The final resolution of any such tax audit could result in either a reduction in Cintas' accruals or an increase in its income tax provision, either of which could have an impact on the consolidated results of operations in any given period.

All U.S. federal income tax returns are closed to audit through fiscal 2003. Cintas is currently in advanced stages of audits in certain foreign jurisdictions and certain domestic states. The years under audit cover fiscal years back to 1999. Based on the resolution of the various audits, it is reasonably possible that the balance of unrecognized tax benefits could decrease by \$2,781 for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2008.

**7. Comprehensive Income**

Total comprehensive income represents the net change in shareholders' equity during a period from sources other than transactions with shareholders and, as such, includes net earnings. For Cintas, the only components of total comprehensive income are the change in cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments, the change in the fair value of derivatives and the change in the fair value of available-for-sale securities. The components of comprehensive income for the three and six month periods ended November 30, 2007 and November 30, 2006 are as follows:



**Table of Contents**

## CINTAS CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands except per share data)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	November 30,		November 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Net income	\$82,853	\$82,527	\$163,916	\$167,489
Other comprehensive income:				
Foreign currency translation adjustment	13,138	(6,563)	15,951	(7,094)
Change in fair value of derivatives*	(3,804)	(6,258)	(3,735)	(16,688)
Change in fair value of available-for-sale securities**	7	292	152	640
Comprehensive income	\$92,194	\$69,998	\$176,284	\$144,347

\* Net of \$2,304 and \$3,736 of tax for the three months ended November 30, 2007 and November 30, 2006, respectively. Net of \$2,304 and \$9,905 of tax for the six months ended November 30, 2007 and November 30, 2006, respectively.

\*\* Net of \$8 and \$164 of tax for the three months ended November 30, 2007 and November 30, 2006, respectively. Net of \$91 and \$375 of tax for the six months ended November 30, 2007 and November 30, 2006, respectively.

#### 8. Litigation and Other Contingencies

Cintas is subject to legal proceedings and claims arising from the ordinary course of its business, including personal injury, customer contract, environmental and employment claims. In the opinion of management, the aggregate liability, if any, with respect to such ordinary course of business actions, will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of Cintas. Cintas is party to additional litigation not considered in the ordinary course of business, including the litigation discussed below.

Cintas is a defendant in a purported class action lawsuit, *Paul Veliz, et al. v. Cintas Corporation*, filed on March 19, 2003, in the United States District Court, Northern District of California, Oakland Division, alleging that Cintas violated certain federal and state wage and hour laws applicable to its service sales representatives, whom Cintas considers exempt employees, and asserting additional related ERISA claims. On August 23, 2005, an amended complaint was filed alleging additional state law wage and hour claims under the following state laws: Arkansas, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Mexico, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin. The plaintiffs are seeking unspecified monetary damages, injunctive relief or both. Cintas denies these claims and is defending the plaintiffs' allegations. On February 14, 2006, the court ordered a majority of the opt-in plaintiffs to arbitrate their claims in accordance with the terms of their Cintas employment agreement. On February 14, 2006, the court also permitted plaintiffs to file a second amended complaint alleging state law claims in the 15 states listed above only with respect to the putative class members that may litigate their claims in court. No determination has been made by the court or an arbitrator regarding class certification. There can be no assurance as to whether a class will be certified or, if a class is certified, as to the geographic or other scope of such class. If a court or arbitrator certifies a class in this action and there is an adverse verdict on the merits, or in the event of a negotiated settlement of the action, the resulting liability and/or any increased costs of operations on an ongoing basis could be material to Cintas. Any estimated liability relating to this lawsuit is not determinable at this time.



**Table of Contents**

## CINTAS CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands except per share data)

Cintas also is a defendant in a purported class action lawsuit, *Mirna E. Serrano, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Serrano)*, filed on May 10, 2004, and pending in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division. *Serrano* alleges that Cintas discriminated against women in hiring into various service sales representative positions across all divisions of Cintas throughout the United States. On November 15, 2005, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) intervened in the *Serrano* lawsuit. The *Serrano* plaintiffs seek injunctive relief, compensatory damages, punitive damages, attorneys' fees and other remedies. Cintas is a defendant in another purported class action lawsuit, *Nelly Blanca Avalos, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Avalos)*, currently pending in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division. *Avalos* alleges that Cintas discriminated against women, African-Americans and Hispanics in hiring into various service sales representative positions in Cintas' Rental division only throughout the United States. On April 27, 2005, the EEOC intervened in the claims asserted in *Avalos*. The *Avalos* plaintiffs seek injunctive relief, compensatory damages, punitive damages, attorneys' fees and other remedies. The claims in *Avalos* originally were brought in the previously disclosed lawsuit captioned *Robert Ramirez, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Ramirez)*, filed on January 20, 2004, in the United States District Court, Northern District of California, San Francisco Division. On May 11, 2006, however, those claims were severed from *Ramirez* and transferred to the Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division, where the case was re-named *Avalos*. On July 10, 2006, *Avalos* and *Serrano* were consolidated for all pretrial purposes, including proceedings on class certification. The consolidated case is known as *Mirna E. Serrano/Blanca Nelly Avalos, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Serrano/Avalos)*, and remains pending in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division. No filings or determinations have been made in *Serrano/Avalos* as to class certification. There can be no assurance as to whether a class will be certified or, if a class is certified, as to the geographic or other scope of such class. The non-service sales representative hiring claims in the previously disclosed *Ramirez* case that have not been dismissed remain pending in the Northern District of California, San Francisco Division, but were ordered to arbitration and stayed pending the completion of arbitration. The *Ramirez* purported class action claims currently in arbitration include allegations that Cintas failed to promote Hispanics into supervisory positions, discriminated against African-Americans and Hispanics in service sales representative route assignments and discriminated against African-Americans in hourly pay in Cintas' Rental division only throughout the United States. The *Ramirez* plaintiffs seek injunctive relief, compensatory damages, punitive damages, attorneys' fees and other remedies. No filings or determinations have been made in *Ramirez* as to class certification. There can be no assurance as to whether a class will be certified or, if a class is certified, as to the geographic or other scope of such class. On February 20, 2007, the plaintiffs Colleen Grindle et al. filed a separate lawsuit in the Court of Common Pleas, Wood County, Ohio, captioned *Colleen Grindle, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Grindle)*, on behalf of a class of female employees at Cintas' Perrysburg, Ohio location who allegedly were denied hire, promotion or transfer to service sales representative positions on the basis of their gender. The *Grindle* plaintiffs seek injunctive relief, compensatory damages, punitive damages, attorneys' fees and other remedies. No filings or determinations have been made in *Grindle* as to class certification. There can be no assurance as to whether a class will be certified or, if a class is certified, as to the geographic or other scope of such class. In addition, a class action lawsuit, *Larry Houston, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Houston)*, was filed on August 3, 2005, in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on behalf of African-American managers alleging racial discrimination. On November 22, 2005, the court entered an order requiring the named plaintiffs in the *Houston* lawsuit to arbitrate all of their claims for monetary damages. If there is an adverse verdict or a negotiated settlement of all or any of these actions, the resulting liability and/or any increased costs of operations on an ongoing basis could be material to Cintas. Any estimated liability relating to these proceedings is not determinable at this time.

Other similar administrative proceedings are pending including two charges filed on November 30, 2004, by an EEOC Commissioner with the EEOC Systemic Litigation Unit alleging: (i) failure to hire and assign females to production job positions; and (ii) failure to hire females, African-Americans and Hispanics into the Management Trainee program. The investigations of these allegations are pending and no determinations have been made. On August 29, 2006, the EEOC Indianapolis District Office issued a dismissal and notice of rights and closed its file on the Clifton Cooper charge served

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**Table of Contents**

CINTAS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands except per share data)

on Cintas on March 23, 2005, by Mr. Cooper on behalf of himself and a similarly situated class with the EEOC Systemic Litigation Unit alleging discriminatory pay and treatment due to race. Mr. Cooper's claims are now part of the *Houston* arbitration matter disclosed hereinabove.

Cintas is also a defendant in a lawsuit, *J. Lester Alexander, III v. Cintas Corporation, et al.*, which was originally filed on October 25, 2004, and is currently pending in the Circuit Court of Randolph County, Alabama. The case was brought by J. Lester Alexander, III, the Chapter 7 Trustee (the Trustee) of Terry Manufacturing Company, Inc. (TMC) and Terry Uniform Company, LLC (TUC), against Cintas in Randolph County, Alabama. The Trustee seeks damages against Cintas for allegedly breaching fiduciary duties to TMC and TUC and for allegedly aiding and abetting breaches of fiduciary duties by others to those entities. The complaint also includes allegations that Cintas breached certain limited liability company agreements, or alternatively, misrepresented its intention to perform its obligations in those agreements and acted as alter egos of the bankrupt TMC and is therefore liable for all of TMC's debts. The Trustee is seeking \$50,000 in compensatory damages and \$100,000 in punitive damages. Cintas denies these claims and is vigorously defending itself against all claims in the complaint. If there is an adverse verdict on the merits or in the event of a negotiated settlement of this lawsuit, the resulting liability could be material to Cintas. Any estimated liability relating to this lawsuit is not determinable at this time.

The litigation discussed above, if decided adversely to or settled by Cintas, may, individually or in the aggregate, result in liability material to Cintas' financial condition or consolidated results of operations. Cintas may enter into discussions regarding settlement of these and other lawsuits, and may enter into settlement agreements if it believes such settlement is in the best interest of Cintas shareholders.

9. Segment Information

Cintas historically classified its businesses into two operating segments, Rentals and Other Services. The Rentals operating segment reflects the rental and servicing of uniforms and other garments, mats, mops and shop towels. In addition to these rental items, restroom and hygiene products and services are also provided within this segment. Effective June 1, 2007, this operating segment has been renamed to be Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products.

The Other Services operating segment historically consisted of the direct sale of uniforms and related items, first aid, safety and fire protection products and services, document management services and branded promotional products. Effective June 1, 2007, the Other Services operating segment was separated into three reportable operating segments: Uniform Direct Sales operating segment, First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment and Document Management Services operating segment. This change provides more visibility to these operating segments as they continue to grow and have a larger impact on Cintas' consolidated results. The Uniform Direct Sales operating segment consists of the direct sale of uniforms and related items and branded promotional products. The First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment consists of first aid, safety and fire protection products and services. The Document Management Services operating segment consists of document destruction and document retention services.

Cintas evaluates the performance of each operating segment based on several factors of which the primary financial measures are operating segment revenue and income before income taxes. The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in Note 1. Information as to the operations of Cintas' operating segments is set forth below. The information for the three month and six month periods ended November 30, 2006, have been restated to reflect the changes in the reportable operating segments described above.



**Table of Contents**

## CINTAS CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands except per share data)

	Rental Uniforms & Ancillary Products	Uniform Direct Sales	First Aid, Safety & Fire Protection	Document Management	Corporate	Total
For the three months ended November 30, 2007						
Revenue	\$ 708,845	\$ 134,455	\$ 99,153	\$ 41,412	\$ ----	\$ 983,865
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 117,999	\$ 15,750	\$ 7,346	\$ 4,348	\$ (11,197)	\$ 134,246
For the three months ended November 30, 2006						
Revenue	\$ 684,491	\$ 127,968	\$ 87,468	\$ 23,339	\$ ----	\$ 923,266
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 117,797	\$ 15,526	\$ 8,762	\$ 360	\$ (10,860)	\$ 131,585
As of and for the six months ended November 30, 2007						
Revenue	\$ 1,419,199	\$ 253,260	\$ 201,409	\$ 79,125	\$ ----	\$ 1,952,993
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 232,792	\$ 26,877	\$ 17,967	\$ 8,469	\$ (22,572)	\$ 263,533
Total assets	\$ 2,622,562	\$ 191,910	\$ 340,453	\$ 390,390	\$ 154,267	\$ 3,699,582
As of and for the six months ended November 30, 2006						
Revenue	\$ 1,372,149	\$ 244,965	\$ 175,804	\$ 44,509	\$ ----	\$ 1,837,427
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 241,877	\$ 27,429	\$ 17,941	\$ 1,551	\$ (21,766)	\$ 267,032
Total assets	\$ 2,531,085	\$ 173,427	\$ 298,465	\$ 259,866	\$ 172,221	\$ 3,435,064



**Table of Contents**

CINTAS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands except per share data)

10. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to November 30, 2007, Cintas issued \$250,000 of senior notes due 2017. This debt bears an interest rate of 6.125% paid semi-annually beginning June 1, 2008. The proceeds generated from the offering were used to reduce Cintas' outstanding commercial paper borrowings.

11. Supplemental Guarantor Information

Cintas Corporation No. 2 (Corp. 2) is the indirectly, wholly-owned principal operating subsidiary of Cintas. Corp. 2 is the issuer of the \$475,000 of long-term notes, which are unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, by Cintas Corporation and its wholly-owned, direct and indirect domestic subsidiaries.

As allowed by SEC rules, the following condensed consolidating financial statements are provided as an alternative to filing separate financial statements of the guarantors. Each of the subsidiaries presented in the condensed consolidating financial statements has been fully consolidated in Cintas' consolidated financial statements. The condensed consolidating financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of Cintas and notes thereto of which this note is an integral part.

Effective June 1, 2007, Cintas reorganized its legal structure to provide better alignment with the organizational structure of Cintas. The impact of this change is that certain subsidiary guarantor locations and their balances have moved into Corp. 2 and certain Corp. 2 locations are now subsidiary guarantors. The effect of this change is shown in the column entitled "Effect of Legal Restructure" on the May 31, 2007 consolidated balance sheet as shown below.

Condensed consolidating financial statements for Cintas, Corp. 2, the subsidiary guarantors and non-guarantors are presented on the following pages:



**Table of Contents**

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INCOME STATEMENT

THREE MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2007

	Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
Revenue:						
Rental uniforms and ancillary products	\$ ----	\$ 513,329	\$ 144,415	\$ 51,369	\$ (268)	\$ 708,845
Other services	----	356,308	143,889	17,282	(242,459)	275,020
Equity in net income of affiliates	82,853	----	----	----	(82,853)	----
	82,853	869,637	288,304	68,651	(325,580)	983,865
Costs and expenses (income):						
Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products	----	318,055	87,279	29,674	(42,797)	392,211
Cost of other services	----	238,888	120,862	10,978	(199,642)	171,086
Selling and administrative expenses	----	217,932	42,766	15,648	(1,221)	275,125
Interest income	----	----	(500)	(1,296)	----	(1,796)
Interest expense	----	12,998	(1,595)	1,590	----	12,993
	----	787,873	248,812	56,594	(243,660)	849,619
Income before income taxes	82,853	81,764	39,492	12,057	(81,920)	134,246
Income taxes	----	31,735	15,285	4,373	----	51,393
Net income	\$ 82,853	\$ 50,029	\$ 24,207	\$ 7,684	\$ (81,920)	\$ 82,853

**Table of Contents**

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INCOME STATEMENT

THREE MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2006

	Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
Revenue:						
Rental uniforms and ancillary products	\$ ----	\$ 502,623	\$ 138,631	\$ 43,389	\$ (152)	\$ 684,491
Other services	----	342,641	130,277	16,009	(250,152)	238,775
Equity in net income of affiliates	82,527	----	----	----	(82,527)	----
	82,527	845,264	268,908	59,398	(332,831)	923,266
Costs and expenses (income):						
Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products	----	318,314	79,434	25,428	(43,161)	380,015
Cost of other services	----	265,011	84,905	9,673	(207,411)	152,178
Selling and administrative expenses	----	225,676	11,815	12,697	(1,560)	248,628
Interest income	----	(843)	(3)	(777)	----	(1,623)
Interest expense	----	12,538	(1,451)	1,396	----	12,483
	----	820,696	174,700	48,417	(252,132)	791,681
Income before income taxes	82,527	24,568	94,208	10,981	(80,699)	131,585
Income taxes	----	9,397	35,995	3,666	----	49,058
Net income	\$ 82,527	\$ 15,171	\$ 58,213	\$ 7,315	\$ (80,699)	\$ 82,527

**Table of Contents**

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INCOME STATEMENT

SIX MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2007

	Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
Revenue:						
Rental uniforms and ancillary products	\$ ----	\$ 1,031,292	\$ 289,695	\$ 98,720	\$ (508)	\$ 1,419,199
Other services	----	703,195	281,694	30,423	(481,518)	533,794
Equity in net income of affiliates	163,916	----	----	----	(163,916)	----
	163,916	1,734,487	571,389	129,143	(645,942)	1,952,993
Costs and expenses (income):						
Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products	----	639,328	174,236	57,531	(87,394)	783,701
Cost of other services	----	467,628	238,638	19,395	(394,309)	331,352
Selling and administrative expenses	----	435,157	91,744	27,575	(2,641)	551,835
Interest income	----	----	(833)	(2,425)	----	(3,258)
Interest expense	----	25,867	(3,113)	3,076	----	25,830
	----	1,567,980	500,672	105,152	(484,344)	1,689,460
Income before income taxes	163,916	166,507	70,717	23,991	(161,598)	263,533
Income taxes	----	63,863	27,123	8,631	----	99,617
Net income	\$ 163,916	\$ 102,644	\$ 43,594	\$ 15,360	\$ (161,598)	\$ 163,916

**Table of Contents**

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INCOME STATEMENT

SIX MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2006

	Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
Revenue:						
Rental uniforms and ancillary products	\$ ----	\$ 1,008,146	\$ 277,871	\$ 86,436	\$ (304)	\$ 1,372,149
Other services	----	662,760	260,504	29,046	(487,032)	465,278
Equity in net income of affiliates	167,489	----	----	----	(167,489)	----
	167,489	1,670,906	538,375	115,482	(654,825)	1,837,427
Costs and expenses (income):						
Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products	----	632,626	160,882	50,693	(85,886)	758,315
Cost of other services	----	509,362	169,991	17,717	(399,512)	297,558
Selling and administrative expenses	----	453,164	19,679	23,479	(3,566)	492,756
Interest income	----	(1,694)	(5)	(1,450)	----	(3,149)
Interest expense	----	24,978	(2,834)	2,771	----	24,915
	----	1,618,436	347,713	93,210	(488,964)	1,570,395
Income before income taxes	167,489	52,470	190,662	22,272	(165,861)	267,032
Income taxes	----	19,859	72,161	7,523	----	99,543
Net income	\$ 167,489	\$ 32,611	\$ 118,501	\$ 14,749	\$ (165,861)	\$ 167,489

**Table of Contents**

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

AS OF NOVEMBER 30, 2007

	Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
<b>Assets</b>						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ ----	\$ 35,436	\$ (14,777)	\$ 35,981	\$ ----	\$ 56,640
Marketable securities	----	----	3,324	94,303	----	97,627
Accounts receivable, net	----	308,232	108,572	27,650	(23,787)	420,667
Inventories, net	----	217,502	18,922	8,662	(6,142)	238,944
Uniforms and other rental items in service	----	286,793	85,405	23,175	(31,571)	363,802
Deferred tax assets	----	----	35,787	(2,115)	----	33,672
Prepaid expenses	----	5,198	9,835	1,278	----	16,311
Total current assets	----	853,161	247,068	188,934	(61,500)	1,227,663
Property and equipment, at cost, net	----	660,190	227,560	61,646	----	949,396
Goodwill	----	----	1,248,079	29,850	----	1,277,929
Service contracts, net	----	152,468	3,146	5,155	----	160,769
Other assets, net	1,632,892	82,123	1,558,133	214,376	(3,403,699)	83,825
	\$ 1,632,892	\$ 1,747,942	\$ 3,283,986	\$ 499,961	\$ (3,465,199)	\$ 3,699,582
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders Equity</b>						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ (465,247)	\$ (2,025,831)	\$ 2,527,551	\$ 12,184	\$ 25,180	\$ 73,837
Accrued compensation and related liabilities	----	33,844	4,820	2,086	----	40,750
Accrued liabilities	----	25,974	141,601	7,273	(45)	174,803
Current income taxes payable	----	6,849	64,024	1,601	----	72,474
Long-term debt due within one year	----	853	673	----	(202)	1,324
Total current liabilities	(465,247)	(1,958,311)	2,738,669	23,144	24,933	363,188
Long-term liabilities:						
Long-term debt due after one year	----	957,054	(70,711)	98,882	(37,752)	947,473
	----	----	115,457	5,504	----	120,961

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Deferred income taxes						
Accrued liabilities	----	----	120,332	----	----	120,332
Total long-term liabilities	----	957,054	165,078	104,386	(37,752)	1,188,766
Total shareholders equity	2,098,139	2,749,199	380,239	372,431	(3,452,380)	2,147,628
	\$ 1,632,892	\$ 1,747,942	\$ 3,283,986	\$ 499,961	\$ (3,465,199)	\$ 3,699,582

**Table of Contents**

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

AS OF MAY 31, 2007

	Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2	Effect of Legal Restructure*	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
<b>Assets</b>							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ ----	\$ 1,327	\$ 32,622	\$ (24,835)	\$ 26,246	\$ ----	\$ 35,360
Marketable securities	----	36,664	(36,664)	36,664	83,389	----	120,053
Accounts receivable, net	----	271,868	26,974	109,375	24,252	(23,599)	408,870
Inventories, net	----	204,164	4,032	23,350	7,775	(7,580)	231,741
Uniforms and other rental items in service	----	273,246	33	82,621	21,482	(32,451)	344,931
Prepaid expenses	----	11,486	(6,115)	9,506	904	----	15,781
Total current assets	----	798,755	20,882	236,681	164,048	(63,630)	1,156,736
Property and equipment, at cost, net	----	619,691	25,787	218,903	55,862	----	920,243
Goodwill	----	347,516	(347,516)	1,223,896	21,981	----	1,245,877
Service contracts, net	----	102,574	60,387	3,724	4,676	----	171,361
Other assets, net	1,665,370	72,191	10,721	1,363,667	194,142	(3,229,828)	76,263
	\$ 1,665,370	\$ 1,940,727	\$ (229,739)	\$ 3,046,871	\$ 440,709	\$ (3,293,458)	\$ 3,570,480
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders Equity</b>							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ (465,247)	\$ (423,711)	\$ (1,387,144)	\$ 2,312,352	\$ 1,926	\$ 26,446	\$ 64,622
Accrued compensation and related liabilities	----	42,152	5,478	12,189	3,007	----	62,826
Accrued liabilities	----	196,158	(151,805)	150,790	6,477	(934)	200,686
Income taxes:							
Current	----	586	(23)	16,206	1,815	----	18,584
Deferred	----	----	----	50,237	1,942	----	52,179
Long-term debt due within one year	----	3,228	222,586	(221,486)	----	(187)	4,141
Total current liabilities	(465,247)	(181,587)	(1,310,908)	2,320,288	15,167	25,325	403,038

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Long-term debt due after one year	----	882,921	(221,352)	159,255	92,448	(36,198)	877,074
Deferred income taxes	----	----	----	117,485	5,145	----	122,630
Total shareholders equity	2,130,617	1,239,393	1,302,521	449,843	327,949	(3,282,585)	2,167,738
	\$ 1,665,370	\$ 1,940,727	\$ (229,739)	\$ 3,046,871	\$ 440,709	\$ (3,293,458)	\$ 3,570,480

\* The amounts in this column represent the net transfer of balances between subsidiary guarantors and Corp. 2 caused by the legal restructure as described above. The subsidiary guarantor column has been changed to reflect the new legal structure as of June 1, 2007. The combination of the Corp. 2 amounts and this column represents the restructured Corp. 2 as of June 1, 2007.



**Table of Contents**

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

SIX MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2007

	Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
<u>Cash flows from operating activities:</u>						
Net income	\$ 163,916	\$ 102,644	\$ 43,594	\$ 15,360	\$ (161,598)	\$ 163,916
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation	----	45,241	22,986	4,044	----	72,271
Amortization of deferred charges	----	19,627	675	1,039	----	21,341
Stock-based compensation	4,809	----	----	----	----	4,809
Deferred income taxes	----	----	3,626	----	----	3,626
Changes in current assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions of businesses:						
Accounts receivable, net	----	(8,028)	802	(1,178)	188	(8,216)
Inventories, net	----	(9,240)	4,479	(520)	(1,438)	(6,719)
Uniforms and other rental items in service	----	(13,514)	(2,834)	(194)	(880)	(17,422)
Prepaid expenses	----	162	(329)	(286)	----	(453)
Accounts payable	----	(188,490)	188,714	9,813	(1,266)	8,771
Accrued compensation and related liabilities	----	(13,786)	(7,369)	(1,095)	----	(22,250)
Accrued liabilities and other	----	(12,726)	(6,660)	1,072	889	(17,425)
Income taxes payable	----	6,286	62,460	(333)	----	68,413
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	168,725	(71,824)	310,144	27,722	(164,105)	270,662
<u>Cash flows from investing activities:</u>						
Capital expenditures	----	(57,966)	(31,642)	(3,599)	----	(93,207)
Proceeds from sale or redemption of marketable securities	----	----	34,254	7,676	----	41,930
Purchase of marketable securities and investments	----	(2,431)	(23,659)	(12,562)	15,791	(22,861)

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Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired	----	(46,655)	----	(9,376)	----	(56,031)
Other	18,747	109,701	(277,667)	68	149,883	732
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	18,747	2,649	(298,714)	(17,793)	165,674	(129,437)
<u>Cash flows from financing activities:</u>						
Proceeds from issuance of debt	----	296,000	----	----	----	296,000
Repayment of debt	----	(225,476)	(1,373)	----	(1,569)	(228,418)
Stock options exercised	7,752	----	----	----	----	7,752
Repurchase of common stock	(191,479)	----	----	----	----	(191,479)
Other	(3,745)	138	----	(193)	----	(3,800)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(187,472)	70,662	(1,373)	(193)	(1,569)	(119,945)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	----	1,487	10,057	9,736	----	21,280
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	----	33,949	(24,834)	26,245	----	35,360
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ ----	\$ 35,436	\$ (14,777)	\$ 35,981	\$ ----	\$ 56,640

**Table of Contents**

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

SIX MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2006

	Cintas Corporation	Corp. 2	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Eliminations	Cintas Corporation Consolidated
<u>Cash flows from operating activities:</u>						
Net income	\$ 167,489	\$ 32,611	\$ 118,501	\$ 14,749	\$ (165,861)	\$ 167,489
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation	----	40,653	22,155	3,266	----	66,074
Amortization of deferred charges	----	11,174	7,194	1,311	----	19,679
Stock-based compensation	1,250	----	----	----	----	1,250
Deferred income taxes	----	9,479	(8,264)	(216)	----	999
Changes in current assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions of businesses:						
Accounts receivable, net	----	(12,662)	(4,097)	(2,263)	4,843	(14,179)
Inventories, net	----	(17,989)	507	563	(2,335)	(19,254)
Uniforms and other rental items in service	----	(5,729)	(4,723)	211	707	(9,534)
Prepaid expenses	----	1,283	(3,405)	(302)	----	(2,424)
Accounts payable	----	(108,406)	111,538	10,294	(5,920)	7,506
Accrued compensation and related liabilities	----	215	347	(47)	----	515
Accrued liabilities and other	----	9,737	(37,242)	(2,378)	904	(28,979)
Income taxes payable	----	4,626	35,401	(1,835)	----	38,192
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	168,739	(35,008)	237,912	23,353	(167,662)	227,334
<u>Cash flows from investing activities:</u>						
Capital expenditures	----	(35,782)	(42,406)	(3,133)	----	(81,321)
Proceeds from sale or redemption of marketable securities	----	78,272	----	2,213	----	80,485
	----	(6,169)	6,364	(4,432)	(7,672)	(11,909)

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Purchase of marketable securities and investments						
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired	----	(23,546)	(30,201)	(35)	----	(53,782)
Other	(29,362)	32,603	(177,319)	(1,260)	174,289	(1,049)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(29,362)	45,378	(243,562)	(6,647)	166,617	(67,576)
<u>Cash flows from financing activities:</u>						
Proceeds from issuance of debt	----	250,000	2,460	----	----	252,460
Repayment of debt	----	(259,562)	1,786	(3,198)	1,045	(259,929)
Stock options exercised	5,781	----	----	----	----	5,781
Repurchase of common stock	(141,960)	----	----	----	----	(141,960)
Other	(3,198)	(5,799)	----	(7,088)	----	(16,085)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(139,377)	(15,361)	4,246	(10,286)	1,045	(159,733)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	----	(4,991)	(1,404)	6,420	----	25
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	----	9,461	8,674	20,779	----	38,914
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ ----	\$ 4,470	\$ 7,270	\$ 27,199	\$ ----	\$ 38,939

**Table of Contents**

CINTAS CORPORATION

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF  
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

**BUSINESS STRATEGY**

Cintas provides highly specialized products and services to businesses of all types throughout the United States and Canada. We refer to ourselves as The Service Professionals. We bring value to our customers by helping them provide a cleaner, safer, more pleasant atmosphere for their customers and employees. Our products and services are designed to improve our customers' image. We also help our customers protect their employees and their company by enhancing workplace safety and helping to ensure legal compliance in key areas of their business.

We are North America's leading provider of corporate identity uniforms through rental and sales programs, as well as a significant provider of related business services, including entrance mats, restroom products and services, first aid, safety and fire protection products and services, document management services and branded promotional products.

Our business strategy is to achieve revenue growth for all of our products and services by increasing our penetration at existing customers and by broadening our customer base to include business segments to which Cintas has not historically served. We will also continue to identify additional product and service opportunities for our current and future customers. Our long-term goal is to provide a product or service to every business in North America.

To pursue the strategy of increasing penetration, we have a highly talented and diverse team of service professionals visiting our customers on a regular basis. This frequent contact with our customers enables us to develop close personal relationships. The combination of our distribution system and these strong customer relationships provides a platform from which we launch additional products and services.

We pursue the strategy of broadening our customer base in a few ways. Cintas has a national sales organization introducing all of our products and services to prospects in all business segments. Our ever expanding range of products and services allows our sales organization to consider any type of business a prospect. We also broaden our customer base through geographic expansion, especially in our emerging businesses of first aid, safety and fire protection and document management. Finally, we will continue to evaluate strategic acquisitions as opportunities arise.

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Cintas historically classified its businesses into two operating segments, Rentals and Other Services. The Rentals operating segment reflects the rental and servicing of uniforms and other garments, mats, mops and shop towels. In addition to these rental items, restroom and hygiene products and services are also provided within this segment. Effective June 1, 2007, this operating segment has been renamed to be Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products.

The Other Services operating segment historically consisted of the direct sale of uniforms and related items, first aid, safety and fire protection products and services, document management services and branded promotional products. Effective June 1, 2007, the Other Services operating segment was separated into three reportable operating segments Uniform Direct Sales operating segment, First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment and Document Management Services operating segment. This change provides more visibility to these operating segments as they continue to grow and have a larger impact on Cintas' consolidated results. The Uniform Direct Sales operating segment consists of the direct sale of uniforms and related items and branded promotional products. The First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment consists of first aid, safety and fire protection products and services. The Document Management Services operating segment consists of document destruction and document retention services. Revenue and income before income taxes for each of these operating segments for the three and six month periods ended November 30, 2007 and November 30, 2006, are presented in Note 9 entitled Segment Information of Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.



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**Table of Contents**

**New Accounting Pronouncement**

As of June 1, 2007, Cintas adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (FAS 109), which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in the financial statements in accordance with FAS 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. It also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. As a result of the implementation of FIN 48, Cintas recorded a decrease to retained earnings as of June 1, 2007, of \$13.7 million. Cintas' adoption of FIN 48 is more fully described in Note 6 entitled Income Taxes of Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

FASB Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (FAS 157), defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. FAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. Cintas is currently assessing the impact of FAS 157 on its consolidated financial statements and will adopt this pronouncement on June 1, 2008.

FASB Statement No. 159, *Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* (FAS 159), allows for voluntary measurement of many financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. FAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 7, 2007. Cintas is currently assessing the impact of FAS 159 on its consolidated financial statements and whether this pronouncement will be voluntarily adopted.

**Three Months Ended November 30, 2007 Compared to Three Months Ended November 30, 2006**

Total revenue increased 6.6% for the three months ended November 30, 2007, over the same period in the prior fiscal year. Internal growth accounted for 4.8% of this increase. The remaining 1.8% represents growth derived through acquisitions in our Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment, our First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment and our Document Management Services operating segment.

Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products revenue increased 3.6% for the three months ended November 30, 2007, over the same period in the prior fiscal year. Internal growth accounted for 3.2% of this increase. The internal growth is primarily due to the sale of new rental programs to customers, offset by lost business. The remaining growth was generated through the acquisition of uniform and mat rental businesses.

Other Services revenue, consisting of revenue from the reportable operating segments of Uniform Direct Sales, First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services and Document Management Services, increased 15.2% for the three months ended November 30, 2007, over the same period in the prior fiscal year. Internal growth accounted for 9.2% of this increase. This internal growth was generated primarily through the increased sales of first aid, safety and fire protection products and services and document management services to customers. The additional growth was generated through a combination of acquisitions of first aid, safety and fire protection businesses and document management businesses.

Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products consists primarily of production expenses, delivery expenses and the amortization of in service inventory, including uniforms, mats, shop towels and other rental items. Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products increased \$12.2 million, or 3.2%, for the three months ended November 30, 2007, as compared to the three months ended November 30, 2006. This increase was mainly due to increased Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products revenue.

Cost of other services consists primarily of cost of goods sold (predominantly uniforms and first aid products), delivery expenses and distribution expenses in the Uniform Direct Sales operating segment, the First Aid, Safety and Fire

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**Table of Contents**

Protection Services operating segment and the Document Management Services operating segment. Cost of other services increased \$18.9 million, or 12.4%, for the three months ended November 30, 2007, as compared to the three months ended November 30, 2006. This increase was mainly due to increased Other Services volume.

Selling and administrative expenses increased 10.7% for the three months ended November 30, 2007, as compared to the three months ended November 30, 2006. In order to accelerate revenue growth, we continue to invest in our sales organization and continue to increase our marketing efforts and sales promotions. These measures combined to increase our selling costs by \$16.5 million over the prior year. In addition, administrative expenses increased by \$4.7 million as a result of an increase in legal and other professional services.

Net interest expense (interest expense less interest income) was \$11.2 million for the three months ended November 30, 2007, compared to \$10.9 million for the same period in the prior fiscal year. This increase in net interest expense is primarily due to the increased level of borrowing under the commercial paper program used to fund acquisitions and to fund the share buyback program.

Cintas' effective tax rate was 38.3% for the three months ended November 30, 2007, and 37.3% for the three months ended November 30, 2006. This increase is due to the second quarter impact of FIN 48.

Net income increased 0.4% for the three months ended November 30, 2007, from the same period in the prior fiscal year. This increase is lower than the revenue increase for the same period primarily due to the increased investment in our sales organization and increases in our marketing efforts and sales promotions as described above. Diluted earnings per share increased 3.9% for the three months ended November 30, 2007, from the same period in the prior fiscal year. This increase is greater than the net income increase of 0.4% due to the impact of the share buyback program, which is discussed in more detail below in the Financial Condition section.

**Six Months Ended November 30, 2007 Compared to Six Months Ended November 30, 2006**

Total revenue increased 6.3% for the six months ended November 30, 2007, over the same period in the prior fiscal year. Internal growth accounted for 4.5% of the increase. The remaining 1.8% represents growth derived mainly through acquisitions in our Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment, our First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment and our Document Management Services operating segment.

Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products revenue increased 3.4% for the six months ended November 30, 2007, over the same period in the prior fiscal year. Internal growth accounted for 3.1% of this increase. The internal growth is primarily due to the sale of new rental programs to customers, offset by lost business. The remaining growth was generated through the acquisition of uniform and mat rental businesses.

Other Services revenue, consisting of revenue from the reportable operating segments of Uniform Direct Sales, First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services and Document Management Services, increased 14.7% for the six months ended November 30, 2007, over the same period in the prior fiscal year. Internal growth accounted for 8.5% of this increase. This internal growth was generated primarily through the increased sales of first aid, safety and fire protection products and services and document management services to customers. The additional growth was generated through a combination of acquisitions of first aid, safety and fire protection businesses and document management businesses.

Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products consists primarily of production expenses, delivery expenses and the amortization of in service inventory, including uniforms, mats, shop towels and other rental items. Cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products increased \$25.4 million, or 3.3%, for the six months ended November 30, 2007, as compared to the six months ended November 30, 2006. This increase was mainly due to increased Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products revenue.



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**Table of Contents**

Cost of other services consists primarily of cost of goods sold (predominantly uniforms and first aid products), delivery expenses and distribution expenses in the Uniform Direct Sales operating segment, the First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment and the Document Management Services operating segment. Cost of other services increased \$33.8 million, or 11.4%, for the six months ended November 30, 2007, as compared to the six months ended November 30, 2006. This increase was mainly due to increased Other Services volume.

Selling and administrative expenses increased 12.0% for the six months ended November 30, 2007, as compared to the six months ended November 30, 2006. In order to accelerate revenue growth, we continue to invest in our sales organization and continue to increase our marketing efforts and sales promotions. These measures combined to increase our selling costs by \$33.6 million over the prior fiscal year. Share-based compensation expense was \$4.8 for the six months ended November 30, 2007, which was an increase of \$3.6 million from last year. The share-based compensation expense last year of \$1.2 million included a cumulative catch-up adjustment of \$2.2 million due to a change in estimated forfeitures for certain equity awards. In addition, administrative expenses increased by \$9.1 million as a result of an increase in legal and other professional services.

Net interest expense (interest expense less interest income) was \$22.6 million for the six months ended November 30, 2007, compared to \$21.8 million for the same period in the prior fiscal year. This increase in net interest expense is primarily due to the increased level of borrowing used to fund acquisitions and to fund the share buyback program.

Cintas' effective tax rate was 37.8% for the six months ended November 30, 2007, and 37.3% for the six months ended November 30, 2006. This increase is due to the impact of the adoption of FIN 48.

Net income decreased 2.1% for the six months ended November 30, 2007, from the same period in the prior fiscal year. This decrease is lower than the revenue increase for the same period primarily due to the increased investment in our sales organization and increases in our marketing efforts and sales promotions as described above. Diluted earnings per share were flat for the six months ended November 30, 2007, from the same period in the prior fiscal year. The diluted earnings per share include the impact of the share buyback program, which is discussed in more detail below in the Financial Condition section.

**Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products Operating Segment Results**

**Three Months Ended November 30, 2007 Compared to Three Months Ended November 30, 2006**

As discussed above, Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products revenue increased \$24.4 million, or 3.6%, and the cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products increased \$12.2 million, or 3.2%. The operating segment's gross margin was \$316.6 million, or 44.7% of revenue. This gross margin percent to sales of 44.7% was comparable to last year's second quarter of 44.5%.

Selling and administrative expenses in the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment as a percent to sales, at 28.0%, increased 70 basis points from 27.3% compared to the second quarter of the prior fiscal year. This increase was due to the increased investment in our sales organization and increases in our marketing efforts and sales promotions as described above.

Income before income taxes increased \$0.2 million to \$118.0 million for the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment for the period compared to the same period last fiscal year. Income before income taxes was 16.6% of the operating segment's revenue, which is a 60 basis point decrease compared to the second quarter of the prior fiscal year. This is primarily the result of the increased investment in our sales organization and increases in our marketing efforts and sales promotions.

**Six Months Ended November 30, 2007 Compared to Six Months Ended November 30, 2006**

As discussed above, Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products revenue increased \$47.1 million, or 3.4%, and the cost of rental uniforms and ancillary products increased \$25.4 million, or 3.3%. The operating segment's gross margin was \$635.5 million, or 44.8% of revenue. This gross margin percent of revenue of 44.8% was comparable to the six months ended November 30, 2006, of 44.7%.

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**Table of Contents**

Selling and administrative expenses for the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment as a percent to sales, at 28.4%, increased 130 basis points compared to the first six months in the prior fiscal year. This increase was due to the increased investment in our sales organization and increases in our marketing efforts and sales promotions as described above.

Income before income taxes decreased \$9.1 million to \$232.8 million for the Rental Uniforms and Ancillary Products operating segment for the period compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. Income before income taxes was 16.4% of this operating segment's revenue, which is a 120 basis point decrease compared to last year primarily as a result of the increased investment in our sales organization and increases in our marketing efforts and sales promotions.

**Uniform Direct Sales Operating Segment**

**Three Months Ended November 30, 2007 Compared to Three Months Ended November 30, 2006**

Uniform Direct Sales operating segment revenue increased \$6.5 million, or 5.1%, for the three months ended November 30, 2007, over the same period in the prior fiscal year. There were no acquisitions in the Uniform Direct Sales operating segment during the three months ended November 30, 2007.

Cost of uniform direct sales increased \$3.4 million, or 3.9%, for the three months ended November 30, 2007, due to increased Uniform Direct Sales volume. The gross margin as a percent to revenue was 32.2% for the quarter ended November 30, 2007, which was a 70 basis point improvement over the same period in the prior fiscal year. This improvement is due to both sourcing improvements for catalog products as well as the increased sales volume.

Selling and administrative expenses as a percent to revenue, at 20.5%, increased 120 basis points compared to the second quarter of the prior fiscal year. This increase is in part due to the catalog costs associated with the introduction of the new Uniform Book and new healthcare catalog.

Income before income taxes increased \$0.2 million to \$15.8 million for the Uniform Direct Sales operating segment for the period compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. Income before income taxes was 11.7% of the operating segment's revenue, which is a 40 basis point decrease compared to the prior fiscal year. This decrease is primarily due to the increased catalog costs noted above, offset by the gross margin improvements due to sourcing improvements and increased sales volume.

**Six Months Ended November 30, 2007 Compared to Six Months Ended November 30, 2006**

Uniform Direct Sales operating segment revenue increased \$8.3 million, or 3.4%, for the six months ended November 30, 2007, over the same period in fiscal 2007. There were no acquisitions in the Uniform Direct Sales operating segment during the six months ended November 30, 2007.

Cost of uniform direct sales increased \$4.5 million, or 2.6%, for the six months ended November 30, 2007, due to increased Uniform Direct Sales volume. The gross margin as a percent to revenue was 31.5% for the six months ended November 30, 2007, which was a 50 basis point improvement over the same period in the prior fiscal year. This improvement is due to both sourcing improvements for catalog products as well as the increased sales volume.

Selling and administrative expenses as a percent to revenue, at 20.9%, increased 110 basis points compared to the six months ended November 30, 2006. This increase is in part due to the catalog costs associated with the introduction of the new Uniform Book and new healthcare catalog.

Income before income taxes decreased \$0.6 million to \$26.9 million for the Uniform Direct Sales operating segment for the period compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. Income before income taxes was 10.6% of the operating segment's revenue, which is a 60 basis point decrease compared to last year. This decrease is primarily due to the increased catalog costs noted above, offset by the gross margin improvements due to sourcing improvements and increased sales volume.

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**Table of Contents**

**First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services Operating Segment**

**Three Months Ended November 30, 2007 Compared to Three Months Ended November 30, 2006**

First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment revenue increased \$11.7 million, or 13.4%, for the three months ended November 30, 2007. This operating segment's internal growth for the period was 6.2% over the same period last fiscal year. The operating segment's internal growth was negatively impacted by lower than anticipated fire suppression system installation revenue within Fire Protection. The remaining growth was generated through the acquisition of first aid, safety and fire protection businesses.

Cost of first aid, safety and fire protection services increased \$8.2 million, or 15.6%, for the three months ended November 30, 2007, due to increased First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services volume. Gross margin for the First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment is defined as revenues less cost of goods, warehouse expenses, service expenses and training expenses. The gross margin as a percent to revenue was 38.7% for the quarter ended November 30, 2007, which is a 120 basis point decrease compared to the gross margin percentage in the second quarter of the prior fiscal year. This decline is primarily due to the lower than anticipated fire suppression system installation volume.

Selling and administrative expenses as a percent to revenue, at 31.3%, increased 140 basis points compared to the second quarter of the prior fiscal year. This increase was due to the increased investment in our sales organization and increases in our marketing efforts and sales promotions as described above.

Income before income taxes for the First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment decreased \$1.4 million to \$7.3 million for the period compared to the same period of the prior fiscal year. Income before income taxes was 7.4% of the operating segment's revenue, which is a 260 basis point decrease compared to last year primarily as a result of the increased investment in our sales organization and increases in our marketing efforts and sales promotions and the lower than anticipated fire suppression system installation volume.

**Six Months Ended November 30, 2007 Compared to Six Months Ended November 30, 2006**

First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment revenue increased \$25.6 million, or 14.6%, for the six months ended November 30, 2007. This operating segment's internal growth for the period was 7.0% over the same period in the prior fiscal year. The operating segment's internal growth was negatively impacted by lower than anticipated fire suppression system installation revenue within Fire Protection. The remaining growth was generated through the acquisition of first aid, safety and fire protection businesses.

Cost of first aid, safety and fire protection services increased \$14.6 million, or 13.7%, for the six months ended November 30, 2007, due to increased First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services volume. Gross margin for the First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment is defined as revenue less cost of goods, warehouse expenses, service expenses and training expenses. The gross margin as a percent to revenue was 39.8% for the six months ended November 30, 2007, which is a 40 basis point increase over the gross margin percentage for the six months ended November 30, 2006. This improvement came in both the First Aid and Fire Protection businesses and is primarily due to a Six Sigma initiative to improve pricing on low margin accounts and the segment's increased sales volume.

Selling and administrative expenses as a percent to sales, at 30.9%, increased 170 basis points compared to the six months ended November 30, 2006. This increase was due to the increased investment in our sales organization and increases in our marketing efforts and sales promotions as described above.

Income before income taxes for the First Aid, Safety and Fire Protection Services operating segment remained flat for the period compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. Income before income taxes was 8.9% of the operating segment's revenue, which is a 130 basis point decrease compared to last year primarily as a result of the increased investment in our sales organization and increases in our marketing efforts and sales promotions.

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**Table of Contents**

**Document Management Services Operating Segment**

**Three Months Ended November 30, 2007 Compared to Three Months Ended November 30, 2006**

Document Management Services operating segment revenue increased \$18.1 million, or 77.4%, for the three months ended November 30, 2007, over the same period in the prior fiscal year. This operating segment's internal growth for the period was 42.7% over the same period in the prior fiscal year. The internal growth is primarily due to the sale of shredding services to new customers. The remaining growth was generated through the acquisition of document management businesses.

Cost of document management services increased \$7.3 million, or 61.2%, for the three months ended November 30, 2007, due to increased Document Management Services volume. Gross margin for the Document Management Services operating segment is defined as revenue less production and service costs. The gross margin as a percent to revenue was 53.6% for the quarter ended November 30, 2007, which is a 460 basis point increase over the gross margin percentage in the second quarter of the prior fiscal year. This improvement is primarily due to the segment's increased sales volume and favorable recycled paper prices relative to last fiscal year.

Selling and administrative expenses as a percent to revenue, at 43.1%, decreased 430 basis points compared to the second quarter of the prior fiscal year. This decrease is due to better leveraging of administrative functions resulting from the operating segment's increased sales volume, offset by the increased investment in our sales organization and increases in our marketing efforts and sales promotions.

Income before income taxes for the Document Management Services operating segment increased \$4.0 million to \$4.3 million for the period compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. Income before income taxes was 10.5% of the operating segment's revenue, which is a 900 basis point increase compared to the prior fiscal year primarily as a result of the operating segment's increased sales volume.

**Six Months Ended November 30, 2007 Compared to Six Months Ended November 30, 2006**

Document Management Services operating segment revenue increased \$34.6 million, or 77.8%, for the six months ended November 30, 2007, over the same period in the prior fiscal year. This operating segment's internal growth for the period was 42.9% over the same period in the prior fiscal year. The internal growth is primarily due to the sale of shredding services to new customers. The remaining growth was generated through the acquisition of document management businesses.

Cost of document management services increased \$14.7 million, or 67.0%, for the six months ended November 30, 2007, due to increased Document Management Services volume. Gross margin for the Document Management Services operating segment is defined as revenue less production and service costs. The gross margin as a percent to revenue was 53.6% for the six months ended November 30, 2007, which is a 300 basis point increase over the gross margin percentage in the first six months of the prior fiscal year. This improvement is primarily due to the operating segment's increased sales volume and favorable recycled paper prices relative to the prior fiscal year.

Selling and administrative expenses as a percent to revenue, at 42.9%, decreased 420 basis points compared to the six months ended November 30, 2006. This decrease is due to better leveraging of administrative functions resulting from the operating segment's increased sales volume, offset by the increased investment in our sales organization and increases in our marketing efforts and sales promotions.

Income before income taxes for the Document Management Services operating segment increased \$6.9 million for the period compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. Income before income taxes was 10.7% of the operating segment's revenue, which is a 720 basis point increase compared to the prior fiscal year primarily as a result of the operating segment's increased sales volume.

**Table of Contents****Liquidity and Capital Resources**

At November 30, 2007, Cintas had \$154.3 million in cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities, a decrease of \$1.1 million from May 31, 2007. This decrease was primarily due to pre-funding of employee medical costs and execution of the share buyback program as detailed below. Capital expenditures were \$93.2 million for the six months ended November 30, 2007. We expect capital expenditures for the year to be between \$180.0 million and \$200.0 million. Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities are expected to be used to finance future acquisitions, capital expenditures, expansion and additional purchases under the share buyback program as detailed below. We believe that our current cash position, funds generated from operations and the strength of our banking relationships provides sufficient means to meet our anticipated operational and capital requirements.

Net property and equipment increased by \$29.2 million from May 31, 2007 to November 30, 2007, due to our continued investment in rental facilities and equipment. Cintas opened one new rental facility in the second quarter of fiscal 2008 and had an additional seven uniform rental facilities under construction.

Subsequent to November 30, 2007, Cintas issued \$250.0 million of senior notes due 2017. This debt bears an interest rate of 6.125% paid semi-annually beginning June 1, 2008. The proceeds generated from the offering were used to reduce Cintas outstanding commercial paper borrowings.

In May 2005, Cintas announced that the Board of Directors authorized a \$500.0 million share buyback program at market prices. In July 2006, Cintas announced that the Board of Directors approved the expansion of its share buyback program by an additional \$500.0 million. For the three months ended November 30, 2007, Cintas purchased approximately 5.2 million shares of Cintas stock at an average price of \$36.86 per share for a total purchase price of approximately \$191.5 million. From the inception of the share buyback program through December 31, 2007, Cintas has purchased a total of approximately 19.4 million shares of Cintas common stock, or approximately 11% of the total shares outstanding at the beginning of the program, at an average price of \$39.81 per share for a total purchase price of approximately \$772.0 million. The maximum approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plan as of December 31, 2007, is \$228.0 million. The Board of Directors did not specify an expiration date for this program.

Following is information regarding Cintas' long-term contractual obligations and other commitments outstanding as of November 30, 2007:

(In thousands)	Payments Due by Period				
	Total	One year or less	Two to three years	Four to five years	After five Years
Long-term contractual obligations					
Long-term debt (1)	\$ 947,275	\$ 691	\$ 1,331	\$ 690,263	\$ 254,990
Capital lease obligations (2)	1,522	633	409	240	240
Operating leases (3)	64,498	20,110	26,576	11,954	5,858
Interest payments (4)	577,517	49,623	102,519	51,720	373,655
Interest swap agreements (5)	----	----	----	----	----
Unconditional purchase obligations	----	----	----	----	----
Total contractual cash obligations	\$ 1,590,812	\$ 71,057	\$ 130,835	\$ 754,177	\$ 634,743

Cintas also makes payments to defined contribution plans. The amounts of contributions made to the plans are made at the discretion of Cintas. Future contributions are assumed to increase 10% annually. Assuming this 10% increase, payments due in one year or less would be \$31,986, two to three years would be \$73,887 and four to five years would be \$89,404. Payments for years thereafter are assumed to continue increasing by 10% each year.

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- (1) Long-term debt primarily consists of \$475,000 in long-term notes and \$464,000 in commercial paper.
- (2) Capital lease obligations are classified as debt on the consolidated balance sheets.
- (3) Operating leases consist primarily of building leases and a synthetic lease on a corporate jet.

**Table of Contents**

- (4) Interest payments include interest on both fixed and variable rate debt. Rates have been assumed to remain constant for the remainder of fiscal 2008, increase 25 basis points in fiscal 2009, an additional 25 basis points in fiscal 2010 and then remain constant in future years.
- (5) Reference Note 5 entitled Debt, Derivatives and Hedging Activities of Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements for a detailed discussion of interest swap agreements.

(In thousands)	Total	Amount of Commitment Expiration Per Period			
		One year or less	Two to three years	Four to five years	After five Years
Other commercial commitments					
Lines of credit (1)	\$ 600,000	\$ ---	\$ ---	\$ 600,000	\$ ---
Standby letter of credit (2)	77,823	76,844	979	---	---
Guarantees	---	---	---	---	---
Standby repurchase obligations	---	---	---	---	---
Other commercial commitments	---	---	---	---	---
Total commercial commitments	\$ 677,823	\$ 76,844	\$ 979	\$ 600,000	\$ ---

(1) Back-up facility for the commercial paper program.

(2) Support certain outstanding long-term debt and self-insured workers' compensation and general liability insurance programs. Cintas has no off-balance sheet arrangements other than a synthetic lease on a corporate jet. The synthetic lease on the aircraft does not currently have, and is not reasonably likely to have, a current or future material effect on Cintas' financial condition, changes in Cintas' financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

**Litigation and Other Contingencies**

Cintas is subject to legal proceedings and claims arising from the ordinary course of its business, including personal injury, customer contract, environmental and employment claims. In the opinion of management, the aggregate liability, if any, with respect to such ordinary course of business actions, will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of Cintas. Cintas is party to additional litigation not considered in the ordinary course of business, including the litigation discussed below.

Cintas is a defendant in a purported class action lawsuit, *Paul Veliz, et al. v. Cintas Corporation*, filed on March 19, 2003, in the United States District Court, Northern District of California, Oakland Division, alleging that Cintas violated certain federal and state wage and hour laws applicable to its service sales representatives, whom Cintas considers exempt employees, and asserting additional related ERISA claims. On August 23, 2005, an amended complaint was filed alleging additional state law wage and hour claims under the following state laws: Arkansas, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Mexico, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin. The plaintiffs are seeking unspecified monetary damages, injunctive relief or both. Cintas denies these claims and is defending the plaintiffs' allegations. On February 14, 2006, the court ordered a majority of the opt-in plaintiffs to arbitrate their claims in accordance with the terms of their Cintas employment agreement. On February 14, 2006, the court also permitted plaintiffs to file a second amended complaint alleging state law claims in the 15 states listed above only with respect to the putative class members that may litigate their claims in court. No determination has been made by the court or an arbitrator regarding class certification. There can be no assurance as to whether a class will be certified or, if a class is certified, as to the geographic or other scope of such class. If a court or arbitrator certifies a class in this action and there is an adverse verdict on the merits, or in the event of a negotiated settlement of the action, the resulting liability and/or any increased costs of operations on an ongoing basis could be material to Cintas. Any estimated liability relating to this lawsuit is not determinable at this time.





**Table of Contents**

Cintas also is a defendant in a purported class action lawsuit, *Mirna E. Serrano, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Serrano)*, filed on May 10, 2004, and pending in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division. *Serrano* alleges that Cintas discriminated against women in hiring into various service sales representative positions across all divisions of Cintas throughout the United States. On November 15, 2005, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) intervened in the *Serrano* lawsuit. The *Serrano* plaintiffs seek injunctive relief, compensatory damages, punitive damages, attorneys' fees and other remedies. Cintas is a defendant in another purported class action lawsuit, *Nelly Blanca Avalos, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Avalos)*, currently pending in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division. *Avalos* alleges that Cintas discriminated against women, African-Americans and Hispanics in hiring into various service sales representative positions in Cintas' Rental division only throughout the United States. On April 27, 2005, the EEOC intervened in the claims asserted in *Avalos*. The *Avalos* plaintiffs seek injunctive relief, compensatory damages, punitive damages, attorneys' fees and other remedies. The claims in *Avalos* originally were brought in the previously disclosed lawsuit captioned *Robert Ramirez, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Ramirez)*, filed on January 20, 2004, in the United States District Court, Northern District of California, San Francisco Division. On May 11, 2006, however, those claims were severed from *Ramirez* and transferred to the Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division, where the case was re-named *Avalos*. On July 10, 2006, *Avalos* and *Serrano* were consolidated for all pretrial purposes, including proceedings on class certification. The consolidated case is known as *Mirna E. Serrano/Blanca Nelly Avalos, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Serrano/Avalos)*, and remains pending in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division. No filings or determinations have been made in *Serrano/Avalos* as to class certification. There can be no assurance as to whether a class will be certified or, if a class is certified, as to the geographic or other scope of such class. The non-service sales representative hiring claims in the previously disclosed *Ramirez* case that have not been dismissed remain pending in the Northern District of California, San Francisco Division, but were ordered to arbitration and stayed pending the completion of arbitration. The *Ramirez* purported class action claims currently in arbitration include allegations that Cintas failed to promote Hispanics into supervisory positions, discriminated against African-Americans and Hispanics in service sales representative route assignments and discriminated against African-Americans in hourly pay in Cintas' Rental division only throughout the United States. The *Ramirez* plaintiffs seek injunctive relief, compensatory damages, punitive damages, attorneys' fees and other remedies. No filings or determinations have been made in *Ramirez* as to class certification. There can be no assurance as to whether a class will be certified or, if a class is certified, as to the geographic or other scope of such class. On February 20, 2007, the plaintiffs Colleen Grindle et al. filed a separate lawsuit in the Court of Common Pleas, Wood County, Ohio, captioned *Colleen Grindle, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Grindle)*, on behalf of a class of female employees at Cintas' Perrysburg, Ohio location who allegedly were denied hire, promotion or transfer to service sales representative positions on the basis of their gender. The *Grindle* plaintiffs seek injunctive relief, compensatory damages, punitive damages, attorneys' fees and other remedies. No filings or determinations have been made in *Grindle* as to class certification. There can be no assurance as to whether a class will be certified or, if a class is certified, as to the geographic or other scope of such class. In addition, a class action lawsuit, *Larry Houston, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Houston)*, was filed on August 3, 2005, in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on behalf of African-American managers alleging racial discrimination. On November 22, 2005, the court entered an order requiring the named plaintiffs in the *Houston* lawsuit to arbitrate all of their claims for monetary damages. If there is an adverse verdict or a negotiated settlement of all or any of these actions, the resulting liability and/or any increased costs of operations on an ongoing basis could be material to Cintas. Any estimated liability relating to these proceedings is not determinable at this time.

Other similar administrative proceedings are pending including two charges filed on November 30, 2004, by an EEOC Commissioner with the EEOC Systemic Litigation Unit alleging: (i) failure to hire and assign females to production job positions; and (ii) failure to hire females, African-Americans and Hispanics into the Management Trainee program. The investigations of these allegations are pending and no determinations have been made. On August 29, 2006, the EEOC Indianapolis District Office issued a dismissal and notice of rights and closed its file on the Clifton Cooper charge served on Cintas on March 23, 2005, by Mr. Cooper on behalf of himself and a similarly situated class with the EEOC Systemic Litigation Unit alleging discriminatory pay and treatment due to race. Mr. Cooper's claims are now part of the *Houston* arbitration matter disclosed hereinabove.

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**Table of Contents**

Cintas is also a defendant in a lawsuit, *J. Lester Alexander, III v. Cintas Corporation, et al.*, which was originally filed on October 25, 2004, and is currently pending in the Circuit Court of Randolph County, Alabama. The case was brought by J. Lester Alexander, III, the Chapter 7 Trustee (the Trustee) of Terry Manufacturing Company, Inc. (TMC) and Terry Uniform Company, LLC (TUC), against Cintas in Randolph County, Alabama. The Trustee seeks damages against Cintas for allegedly breaching fiduciary duties to TMC and TUC and for allegedly aiding and abetting breaches of fiduciary duties by others to those entities. The complaint also includes allegations that Cintas breached certain limited liability company agreements, or alternatively, misrepresented its intention to perform its obligations in those agreements and acted as alter egos of the bankrupt TMC and is therefore liable for all of TMC's debts. The Trustee is seeking \$50 million in compensatory damages and \$100 million in punitive damages. Cintas denies these claims and is vigorously defending itself against all claims in the complaint. If there is an adverse verdict on the merits or in the event of a negotiated settlement of this lawsuit, the resulting liability could be material to Cintas. Any estimated liability relating to this lawsuit is not determinable at this time.

The litigation discussed above, if decided adversely to or settled by Cintas, may, individually or in the aggregate, result in liability material to Cintas' financial condition or results of operations. Cintas may enter into discussions regarding settlement of these and other lawsuits, and may enter into settlement agreements if it believes such settlement is in the best interest of Cintas shareholders.

**Outlook**

As we look forward to the remainder of fiscal 2008, our outlook remains positive, but guarded. In fiscal 2007, we reorganized our sales efforts to become more efficient and productive. This new sales organization continues to gain momentum, and the new business results being achieved are meeting our expectations. External market conditions through the first half of fiscal 2008 have generally been favorable. However, a deterioration of these external market conditions in the second half of fiscal 2008 may negatively impact our financial performance.

We will continue searching out additional products and services to become an even more valuable resource for our customers. We believe that the high level of customer service provided by our employee-partners and supported by our infrastructure, quality products, financial resources and corporate culture will provide for continued business success. As such, we see upside potential for all of our business units. Although difficult to predict, we anticipate continued growth in all of our operating segments.

In the marketplace, competition and related pricing pressure will continue; however, we believe cost containment initiatives, technological advances and continued leverage of our infrastructure will soften or offset any impact.

When appropriate opportunities arise, we will supplement our internal growth with strategic acquisitions.

Like most other companies, we experienced, and anticipate continuing to experience, increased costs for wages and benefits. Changes in energy costs and changes in federal and state tax laws also impact our results.

Cintas' effective tax rate was 38.3% for the three months ended November 30, 2007, and was 37.8% for the six months ended November 30, 2007. For the full fiscal year 2008, we expect our effective tax rate to be approximately 37.3%, but the quarterly effective tax rates for future quarters will fluctuate due to the implementation of FIN 48.

Cintas continues to be the target of a corporate unionization campaign by Unite Here and the Teamsters unions. These unions are attempting to pressure Cintas into surrendering our employees' rights to a government-supervised election and unilaterally accept union representation. Cintas' philosophy in regard to unions is straightforward: We believe that employees have the right to say yes to union representation and the freedom to say no through secret ballot elections. This campaign could be materially disruptive to our business and could materially adversely affect results of operations. We will continue to vigorously oppose this campaign and to defend our employees' rights.

**Table of Contents**

ITEM 3.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

In our normal operations, Cintas has market risk exposure to interest rates. This market risk exposure to interest rates has been previously disclosed on page 28 of our most recent Form 10-K.

Through its foreign operations, Cintas is exposed to foreign currency risk. Foreign currency exposures arise from transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency and from foreign denominated revenue and profit translated into U.S. dollars. The primary foreign currency to which Cintas is exposed is the Canadian dollar. Cintas does not currently use forward exchange contracts to limit potential losses in earnings or cash flows from foreign currency exchange rate movements.

ITEM 4.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

With the participation of Cintas management, including Cintas Chief Executive Officer and President, Chief Financial Officer, General Counsel and Controllers, Cintas has evaluated the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of November 30, 2007. Based on such evaluation, Cintas management, including Cintas Chief Executive Officer and President, Chief Financial Officer, General Counsel and Controllers, have concluded that Cintas disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of November 30, 2007, in ensuring (i) information required to be disclosed by Cintas in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) information required to be disclosed by Cintas in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to Cintas management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in Cintas internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter ended November 30, 2007, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. See Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on pages 29 and 30 of our most recent Form 10-K.

**Table of Contents**

*Forward-Looking Statements*

*The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor from civil litigation for forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as estimates, anticipates, predicts, projects, plans, expects, intends, target, forecast, believes, seeks, could, should, may and will or the negative versions thereof and similar expressions and by the context in which they are used. Such statements are based upon current expectations of Cintas and speak only as of the date made. We cannot guarantee that any forward-looking statement will be realized. These statements are subject to various risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ from those set forth in or implied by this Quarterly Report. Factors that might cause such a difference include, but are not limited to, the possibility of greater than anticipated operating costs including energy costs, lower sales volumes, loss of customers due to outsourcing trends, the performance and costs of integration of acquisitions, fluctuations in costs of materials and labor including increased medical costs, costs and possible effects of union organizing activities, failure to comply with government regulations concerning employment discrimination, employee pay and benefits and employee health and safety, uncertainties regarding any existing or newly-discovered expenses and liabilities related to environmental compliance and remediation, the cost, results and ongoing assessment of internal controls for financial reporting required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the initiation or outcome of litigation, higher assumed sourcing or distribution costs of products, the disruption of operations from catastrophic events, changes in federal and state tax laws and the reactions of competitors in terms of price and service. Cintas undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information or to reflect events or circumstances arising after the date on which they are made.*

*Also note that we provide a cautionary discussion of risks, uncertainties and possibly inaccurate assumptions relevant to our businesses in Part II, Item 1A, of this Quarterly Report and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended May 31, 2007. These are factors that, individually or in the aggregate, we think could cause our actual results to differ materially from expected and historical results. We note these factors for investors as permitted by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. You should understand that it is not possible to predict or identify all such factors. The risks and uncertainties described herein are not the only ones we may face. Additional risks and uncertainties presently not known to us or that we currently believe to be immaterial may also harm our business. Consequently, you should not consider the risk factors identified in Part II, Item 1A, in this Quarterly Report and in our Form 10-K for the year ended May 31, 2007, to be a complete discussion of all potential risks or uncertainties.*

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**Table of Contents**

CINTAS CORPORATION

Part II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

I. Supplemental Information: We discuss certain legal proceedings pending against us in Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q under the caption Item 1. Financial Statements, in Note 8 entitled Litigation and Other Contingencies of Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements, and Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations under Litigation and Other Contingencies. We refer you to those discussions for important information concerning those legal proceedings, including the basis for such actions and, where known, the relief sought. We provide the following additional information concerning those legal proceedings which sets forth the name of the lawsuit, the court in which the lawsuit is pending and the date on which the petition commencing the lawsuit was filed.

Wage and Hour Litigation: *Paul Veliz, et al. v. Cintas Corporation*, United States District Court, Northern District of California, Oakland Division, March 19, 2003. On August 23, 2005, an amended complaint was filed alleging additional state law wage and hour claims under the following state laws: Arkansas, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Mexico, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin. On February 14, 2006, the court permitted plaintiffs to file a second amended complaint alleging state law claims in the 15 states listed above only with respect to the putative class members that may litigate their claims in court.

Race and Gender Litigation and Related Charges: *Robert Ramirez, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Ramirez)*, United States District Court, Northern District of California, San Francisco Division, January 20, 2004, alleging class action claims of race, national origin and gender discrimination in hiring, promotion and pay; On April 27, 2005, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) intervened in *Ramirez*; *Mirna E. Serrano, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Serrano)*, United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division, May 10, 2004, alleging class action claims of gender discrimination in hiring into service sales representative positions; On November 15, 2005, the EEOC intervened in *Serrano*; On May 11, 2006, the *Ramirez* African-American, Hispanic and female failure to hire into service sales representative positions claims and the EEOC's intervention were transferred to the *Serrano* case, the remaining claims in *Ramirez* were dismissed or compelled to arbitration; *Colleen Grindle, et al. v. Cintas Corporation*, Court of Common Pleas, Wood County, Ohio, February 20, 2007, alleging class action claims on behalf of female employees at Cintas Perrysburg, Ohio rental location who allegedly were denied hire, promotion or transfer into service sales representative positions; *Larry Houston, et al. v. Cintas Corporation (Houston)*, United States District Court for the Northern District of California, August 3, 2005; On November 22, 2005, the named plaintiffs in *Houston* were ordered to arbitration; EEOC charge filed by Clifton Cooper on March 23, 2005, with the EEOC Systemic Litigation Unit; Mr. Cooper's claims are now part of the *Houston* arbitration matter; EEOC Commissioner's charge filed on November 30, 2004, with the EEOC Systemic Litigation Unit alleging: (i) failure to hire and assign females to production job positions; and (ii) failure to hire females, African-Americans and Hispanics into the Management Trainee program.

Breach of Fiduciary Duties: *J. Lester Alexander, III v. Cintas Corp., et al.*, Circuit Court, Randolph County, Alabama, October 25, 2004.

**Table of Contents**

## Item 1A. Risk Factors

The risks described in Item 1A, Risk Factors, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended May 31, 2007, describe risks that could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and the trading price of our debt or equity securities could decline. These risks are not the only risks that we face. Our business, financial condition and results of operations could also be affected by additional factors that are not presently known to us or that we currently consider to be immaterial to our operations.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(c) On May 2, 2005, Cintas announced that the Board of Directors authorized a \$500 million stock buyback program at market prices. In July 2006, Cintas announced that the Board of Directors approved the expansion of its share buyback program by an additional \$500 million. The Board did not specify an expiration date for this program.

Period	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of the publicly announced plan	Maximum approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plan
September 2007	----	----	14,197,323	\$419,438,500
October 2007	5,195,000	\$36.86	19,392,323	\$227,958,830
November 2007	----	----	19,392,323	\$227,958,830
Total	5,195,000	\$36.86	19,392,323	\$227,958,830

For the three months ended November 30, 2007, Cintas purchased 5.2 million shares of Cintas stock at an average price of \$36.86 per share for a total purchase price of approximately \$191.5 million. From the inception of the stock buyback program through December 31, 2007, Cintas has purchased a total of approximately 19.4 million shares of Cintas stock at an average price of \$39.81 per share for a total purchase price of approximately \$772.0 million. The maximum approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plan as of December 31, 2007, is \$228.0 million.

During the second quarter of fiscal 2008, Cintas also acquired 2,673 shares as payment received from employees upon the exercise of options under the stock option plan.

**Table of Contents**

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

Cintas' Annual Shareholders' meeting was held on October 23, 2007, at which the following issues were voted upon by shareholders:

Issue No. 1

Authority to elect nine Directors.

Name	Shares For	Shares - Withheld Authority
Gerald S. Adolph	147,570,399	1,685,560
Paul R. Carter	147,564,465	1,691,494
Gerald V. Dirvin	147,224,277	2,031,682
Richard T. Farmer	144,017,728	5,238,231
Scott D. Farmer	146,742,103	2,513,856
Joyce Hergenhan	147,554,877	1,701,082
Roger L. Howe	147,217,949	2,038,010
Robert J. Kohlhepp	145,511,966	3,743,993
David C. Phillips	147,565,017	1,690,942

Issue No. 2

Ratification of Ernst & Young LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal 2008.

For 147,238,912	Against 1,156,340	Abstain 860,707	Broker Non-Votes 0
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Issue No. 3

## Edgar Filing: CINTAS CORP - Form 10-Q

Shareholder proposal to adopt a policy that the Chairman of the Board of Directors be an independent director who has not previously served as an executive officer of Cintas.

For	Against	Abstain	Broker Non-Votes
37,746,153	96,667,446	1,005,315	13,837,045

### Issue No. 4

Shareholder proposal to amend Cintas Articles of Incorporation to provide that the director nominees be elected by the affirmative vote of the majority of votes cast at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders.

For	Against	Abstain	Broker Non-Votes
45,303,084	89,100,607	1,015,223	13,837,045



**Table of Contents**

Item 6. Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a)
  - 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a)
  - 32.1 Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer
  - 32.2 Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer
- Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CINTAS CORPORATION

(Registrant)

Date: January 4, 2008

/s/ William C. Gale  
William C. Gale

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Chief Accounting Officer)