

NextEra Energy Partners, LP  
Form 424B4  
June 30, 2014  
**Table of Contents**

**Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(4)  
Registration No. 333-196099**

**PROSPECTUS**

**16,250,000 Common Units**

**Representing Limited Partner Interests**

This is the initial public offering of common units representing limited partner interests of NextEra Energy Partners, LP. We are selling 16,250,000 common units.

The initial public offering price will be \$25.00 per common unit. Currently, no public market exists for the common units. After pricing of the offering, we expect that the common units will trade on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol NEP.

**We are an emerging growth company and we are eligible for reduced reporting requirements. See Prospectus Summary Emerging Growth Company Status.**

Even though we are organized as a limited partnership under state law, we will be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, we will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates on our net taxable income and distributions we make to holders of our common units will be taxable as ordinary dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits as computed for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

**Investing in the common units involves risks that are described in the Risk Factors section beginning on page 30 of this prospectus.**

These risks include the following:

We have a limited operating history and our projects may not perform as we expect.

Initially, we will depend on certain of the projects in our initial portfolio for a substantial portion of our anticipated cash flows.

On a pro forma basis, we would not have had sufficient cash available for distributions to pay the full initial quarterly distribution on all of our common units for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014 or for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Our cash available for distribution to our unitholders may be reduced as a result of restrictions on our subsidiaries cash distributions to us under the terms of their indebtedness.

NextEra will exercise substantial influence over us and we are highly dependent on NextEra and its affiliates.

Our general partner and its affiliates, including NextEra, have conflicts of interest with us and limited duties to us and our unitholders, and they may favor their own interests to the detriment of us and our other holders of our common units.

Our ability to make distributions to our unitholders depends on the ability of NEE Operating LP to make cash distributions to its limited partners.

Holders of our common units have limited voting rights and are not entitled to elect our general partner or its directors.

Our partnership agreement restricts the remedies available to holders of our common units for actions taken by our general partner that might otherwise constitute breaches of fiduciary duties.

Unitholders will experience immediate and substantial dilution in pro forma net tangible book value of \$15.38 per common unit.

Our future tax liability may be greater than expected if we do not generate NOLs sufficient to offset taxable income or if tax authorities challenge certain of our tax positions.

	<b>Per Common Unit</b>	<b>Total</b>
Public offering price	\$ 25.00	\$ 406,250,000
Underwriting discount <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 1.3125	\$ 21,328,125
Proceeds, before expenses, to us	\$ 23.6875	\$ 384,921,875

(1) Excludes a structuring fee of an aggregate of 0.94% of the gross offering proceeds payable to Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and Goldman, Sachs & Co. See Underwriting.

The underwriters may also exercise their option to purchase up to an additional 2,437,500 common units from us, at the public offering price, less the underwriting discount, for 30 days after the date of this prospectus.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The common units will be ready for delivery on or about July 1, 2014.

*Joint Book-Running Managers*

**BofA Merrill Lynch**

**Goldman, Sachs & Co.**

**Morgan Stanley**

*Co-Managers*

**Baird**

**Barclays**

**BMO Capital Markets**

**Credit Suisse**

**KeyBanc Capital Markets**

**RBC Capital Markets**

**UBS Investment  
Bank**

**Wells Fargo  
Securities**

The date of this prospectus is June 26, 2014.

**Table of Contents**

Table of Contents

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>MARKET AND INDUSTRY DATA</u>	ii
<u>CURRENCY AND EXCHANGE RATE INFORMATION</u>	ii
<u>CERTAIN TERMS USED IN THIS PROSPECTUS</u>	iii
<u>FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS</u>	vi
<u>PROSPECTUS SUMMARY</u>	1
<u>RISK FACTORS</u>	30
<u>USE OF PROCEEDS</u>	69
<u>CAPITALIZATION</u>	70
<u>DILUTION</u>	71
<u>OUR CASH DISTRIBUTION POLICY AND RESTRICTIONS ON DISTRIBUTIONS</u>	72
<u>PROVISIONS OF THE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENTS AND OTHER ARRANGEMENTS RELATING TO CASH DISTRIBUTIONS</u>	90
<u>SELECTED HISTORICAL AND PRO FORMA FINANCIAL DATA</u>	103
<u>MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS</u>	108
<u>INDUSTRY OVERVIEW</u>	128
<u>BUSINESS</u>	134
<u>MANAGEMENT</u>	153
<u>SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT</u>	165
<u>CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>	166
<u>CONFLICTS OF INTEREST AND DUTIES</u>	192
<u>DESCRIPTION OF THE COMMON UNITS</u>	200
<u>MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF THE NEE PARTNERS PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT</u>	202
<u>MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF THE NEE OPERATING LP PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT</u>	213
<u>UNITS ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE</u>	221
<u>DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS</u>	223
<u>CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME AND ESTATE TAX CONSEQUENCES TO NON-U.S. HOLDERS</u>	229
<u>CERTAIN CANADIAN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS APPLICABLE TO HOLDERS NOT RESIDENT IN CANADA</u>	233
<u>UNDERWRITING</u>	235
<u>VALIDITY OF THE COMMON UNITS</u>	242
<u>EXPERTS</u>	242
<u>WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION</u>	242
<u>INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>	F-1
<u>APPENDIX A FORM OF AGREEMENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP</u>	A-1
<u>APPENDIX B FORM OF AGREEMENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP</u>	B-1
<u>APPENDIX C GLOSSARY</u>	C-1

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus or in any free writing prospectus we may authorize to be delivered to you. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized anyone to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where an offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus is accurate as of the date on the

front cover of this prospectus. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

**Table of Contents****MARKET AND INDUSTRY DATA**

We obtained the industry, market and competitive position data used throughout this prospectus from our own internal estimates as well as from industry publications and research, surveys and studies conducted by third parties, including the U.S. Department of Energy, the U.S. Energy Information Administration, the International Energy Association, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, the National Energy Board (Canada), the Canadian Energy and Mines Ministers Conference and Bloomberg New Energy Finance. Industry publications, studies and surveys generally state that they have been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, although they do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information. While we believe our internal company research is reliable and the market definitions are appropriate, neither such research nor these definitions have been verified by any independent source. Estimates of historical growth rates in the markets where we operate are not necessarily indicative of future growth rates in such markets.

**CURRENCY AND EXCHANGE RATE INFORMATION**

In this prospectus, references to CAD and Canadian dollars are to the lawful currency of Canada and references to \$, U.S. \$ and U.S. dollars are to the lawful currency of the U.S. All dollar amounts herein are in U.S. dollars, unless otherwise stated. The following chart sets forth, for each of 2011, 2012 and 2013 and each completed month to date during 2014, the high, low, period average and period end noon buying rates in the City of New York for cable transfers of Canadian dollars as certified for customs purposes by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York expressed as Canadian dollars per U.S. \$1.00.

<b>Year</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>	<b>Average</b>	<b>Period End</b>
2011	1.0605	0.9448	0.9887	1.0168
2012	1.0417	0.9710	0.9995	0.9958
2013	1.0697	0.9839	1.0300	1.0637
January 2014	1.1171	1.0612	1.0940	1.1116
February 2014	1.1137	1.0952	1.1054	1.1075
March 2014	1.1251	1.0965	1.1107	1.1251
April 2014	1.1041	1.0902	1.0992	1.1041
May 2014	1.0973	1.0837	1.0894	1.0867
June 2014 (through June 20, 2014) <sup>(1)</sup>	1.0937	1.0766	1.0879	1.0766

<sup>(1)</sup> The noon buying rate in Canadian dollars on June 20, 2014, was U.S. \$1.00 = CAD 1.0766.

The above rates differ from the actual rates used in our predecessor's historical financial statements and the calculation of cash available for distribution we may declare and pay, if any, described elsewhere in this prospectus. Our inclusion of these exchange rates is not meant to suggest that the U.S. dollar amounts actually represent such Canadian dollar amounts or that such amounts could have been converted into Canadian dollars at any particular rate or at all.

For information on the impact of fluctuations in exchange rates on our operations, see Risk Factors Risks Related to Our Financial Activities Currency exchange rate fluctuations may affect our operations.

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**Table of Contents**

**CERTAIN TERMS USED IN THIS PROSPECTUS**

Unless the context provides otherwise, references herein to we, us, our and NEE Partners or like terms, when used in historical context, refer to the projects that NextEra (as defined below) is contributing to us in connection with the Project Transfer (as defined under Prospectus Summary Organizational Structure ). When used in the present tense or prospectively, such terms refer to NextEra Energy Partners, LP together with its consolidated subsidiaries, including NEE Operating LP (as defined below), after giving effect to the Organizational Transactions (as defined under Prospectus Summary Organizational Structure ). References herein to our general partner refer to NextEra Energy Partners GP, Inc. References herein to NEE Operating LP refer to NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP and its subsidiaries and references to NEE Operating GP refer to NextEra Energy Operating Partners GP, LLC, the general partner of NEE Operating LP. Upon the completion of this offering, we will own a controlling non-economic general partner interest, through our ownership of NEE Operating GP, and a 17.4% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP and NEE Equity (as defined below) will own a non-controlling 82.6% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP. Unless otherwise specifically noted, financial results and operating data are shown on a 100% basis and are not adjusted to reflect NextEra's non-controlling interest in NEE Operating LP. For an explanation of certain terms we use to describe our business and industry and other terms used in this prospectus see the Glossary beginning on page C-1 of this prospectus.

References within this prospectus to:

**Bluewater** refers to the wind project located in Huron County, Ontario, Canada, that is held by the Bluewater Project Entity and that will have a nameplate capacity of 59.9 MW upon its commencement of operations, which is expected to occur in the third quarter of 2014;

**Bluewater Project Entity** refers, when describing periods prior to the completion of the Organizational Transactions, to Varna Wind, Inc., a corporation formed under the laws of the Province of New Brunswick and, when describing periods after the completion of the Organizational Transactions, to Varna Wind, LP, a limited partnership formed under the laws of the Province of Ontario;

**Canadian Project Entities** refers to, collectively, the Conestogo Project Entity, Summerhaven Project Entity, Bluewater Project Entity, Sombra Project Entity and Moore Project Entity;

**Canyon Wind** refers to Canyon Wind, LLC, a limited liability company formed under the laws of the State of Delaware, which is the borrower under the credit agreement under which financing is provided to Perrin Ranch and Tuscola Bay;

**Conestogo** refers to the wind project located in Wellington County, Ontario, Canada, that is held by the Conestogo Project Entity and that has a nameplate capacity of 22.9 MW;

**Conestogo Project Entity** refers to Conestogo Wind, LP, a limited partnership formed under the laws of the Province of Ontario;

**Elk City** refers to the wind project located in Roger Mills and Beckham Counties, Oklahoma, that is held by Elk City Wind, LLC and that has a nameplate capacity of 98.9 MW;

**Genesis** refers to the solar project held by Genesis Solar, LLC, a limited liability company formed under the laws of the State of Delaware, that is composed of Genesis Unit 1 and Genesis Unit 2 and that has a nameplate capacity of 250 MW;



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Genesis Unit 1 refers to the Genesis Unit 1 utility-scale solar generating facility located in Riverside County, California, that has a nameplate capacity of 125 MW;

Genesis Unit 2 refers to the Genesis Unit 2 utility-scale solar generating facility located in Riverside County, California, that has a nameplate capacity of 125 MW;

**Table of Contents**

**Initial Portfolio** refers, collectively, to our initial portfolio of renewable energy projects, which consists of Conestogo, Elk City, Northern Colorado, Perrin Ranch, Summerhaven, Tuscola Bay, Bluewater, Genesis, Moore and Sombra;

**Logan Wind** refers to Logan Wind Energy, LLC, a limited liability company formed under the laws of the State of Delaware, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra and the owner of a wind-powered energy production facility near Peetz, Colorado, that shares certain facilities owned by Peetz Table with Northern Colorado;

**Moore** refers to the solar project located in Lambton County, Ontario, Canada, that is held by the Moore Project Entity and that has a nameplate capacity of 20 MW;

**Moore Project Entity** refers, when describing periods prior to the completion of the Organizational Transactions, to Moore Solar, Inc., a corporation formed under the laws of the Province of Ontario, and, when describing periods after the completion of the Organizational Transactions, to Moore Solar, LP, a limited partnership formed under the laws of the Province of Ontario;

**Mountain Prairie** refers to Mountain Prairie Wind, LLC, a limited liability company formed under the laws of the State of Delaware and the issuer of notes that provide financing to Elk City and Northern Colorado;

**NECOS** refers to NextEra Energy Canadian Operating Services, Inc., a corporation existing under the laws of the Province of Alberta and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra;

**NEE Equity** refers to NextEra Energy Equity Partners, LP, a limited partnership formed under the laws of the State of Delaware and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra that owns the interest in NEE Operating LP we do not own;

**NEE Management** refers to NextEra Energy Management Partners, LP, a limited partnership formed under the laws of the State of Delaware and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra;

**NEEC** refers, when describing periods prior to the completion of the Organizational Transactions, to NextEra Energy Canada, ULC, an unlimited liability corporation existing under the laws of the Province of Alberta and a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of NextEra and, when describing periods after the completion of the Organizational Transactions, to NextEra Energy Canada Partners Holdings, ULC, an unlimited liability corporation existing under the laws of British Columbia and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of NEE Operating LP;

**NEECH** refers to NextEra Energy Capital Holdings, Inc., a corporation formed under the laws of the State of Florida and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra;

**NEER** refers to NextEra Energy Resources, LLC, a limited liability company formed under the laws of the State of Delaware and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra, and its subsidiaries. Unless otherwise specifically noted, references to NEER and its affiliates exclude us and our subsidiaries, including NEE Operating LP;

**NEER ROFO Projects** refers to, collectively, the projects set forth under the heading **Business NEER ROFO Projects** elsewhere in this prospectus owned by NextEra in which we have a right of first offer under the ROFO Agreement, defined below, should NextEra decide to sell them;

**NECIP** refers to NextEra Canadian IP, Inc., a corporation formed under the laws of the Province of New Brunswick and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra;

NEOS refers to NextEra Energy Operating Services, LLC, a limited liability company formed under the laws of the State of Delaware and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra;

**Table of Contents**

NextEra refers to NextEra Energy, Inc., a corporation formed under the laws of the State of Florida, and its subsidiaries, other than us and our subsidiaries, including NEE Operating LP. Unless otherwise specifically noted, references to NextEra and its affiliates exclude us and our subsidiaries, including NEE Operating LP;

Northern Colorado refers to the wind project located in Logan County, Colorado, that is held by Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC and that has a nameplate capacity of 174.3 MW;

Peetz Table refers to Peetz Table Wind Energy, LLC, a limited liability company formed under the laws of the State of Delaware, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra and the owner of certain facilities shared by Logan Wind, Northern Colorado and PLI;

Perrin Ranch refers to the wind project located in Coconino County, Arizona, that is held by Perrin Ranch Wind, LLC and that has a nameplate capacity of 99.2 MW;

PLI refers to Peetz Logan Interconnect, LLC, a limited liability company formed under the laws of the State of Delaware, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra and the owner of the transmission line used by Northern Colorado to deliver energy output to the interconnection point;

Project Entities refers to the U.S. Project Entities together with the Canadian Project Entities;

Sombra refers to the solar project located in Lambton County, Ontario, Canada, that is held by the Sombra Project Entity and that has a nameplate capacity of 20 MW;

Sombra Project Entity refers, when describing periods prior to the completion of the Organizational Transactions, to Sombra Solar, Inc., a corporation formed under the laws of the Province of Ontario and, when describing periods after the completion of the Organizational Transactions, to Sombra Solar, LP, a limited partnership formed under the laws of the Province of Ontario;

St. Clair Holding refers, when describing periods prior to the completion of the Organizational Transactions, to St. Clair Holding, Inc., a corporation formed under the laws of the Province of Ontario, and, when describing periods after the completion of the Organizational Transactions, to St. Clair Holding, ULC, an unlimited liability company existing under the laws of the Province of British Columbia and a co-issuer issuer of notes that provide financing to Moore and Sombra;

St. Clair LP refers to St. Clair Solar, LP, a limited partnership formed under the laws of the Province of Ontario, and, when describing periods after the completion of the Organizational Transactions, a co-issuer of notes that provide financing to Moore and Sombra;

St. Clair Entities means, collectively, St. Clair Holding and St. Clair LP;

Summerhaven refers to the wind project located in Haldimand County, Ontario, Canada, that is held by the Summerhaven Project Entity and that has a nameplate capacity of 124.4 MW;

Summerhaven Project Entity refers to Summerhaven Wind, LP, a limited partnership formed under the laws of the Province of Ontario;

Trillium refers to Trillium Windpower, LP, a limited partnership formed under the laws of the Province of Ontario and the issuer of notes that provides financing to Conestogo and Summerhaven;

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Tuscola Bay refers to the wind project located in Tuscola, Bay and Saginaw Counties, Michigan, that is held by Tuscola Bay Wind, LLC and that has a nameplate capacity of 120 MW;

U.S. Project Entities refers to the U.S. Wind Project Entities together with Genesis Solar, LLC; and

U.S. Wind Project Entities refers, collectively, to Elk City Wind, LLC, Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC, Perrin Ranch Wind, LLC and Tuscola Bay Wind, LLC, each of which is a limited liability company formed under the laws of the State of Delaware.

**Table of Contents**

**FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

Some of the information in this prospectus may contain forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements give our current expectations, contain projections of results of operations or of financial condition or forecasts of future events. Words such as could, will, may, assume, forecast, position, predict, strategy, expect, intend, anticipate, believe, project, budget, potential or continue and similar expressions are used to identify forward-looking statements. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus include our expectations of plans, strategies, objectives, growth and anticipated financial and operational performance. Forward-looking statements can be affected by assumptions used or by known or unknown risks or uncertainties.

A forward-looking statement may include a statement of the assumptions or bases underlying the forward-looking statement, including industry data referenced elsewhere in this prospectus. We believe that we have chosen these assumptions or bases in good faith and that they are reasonable. However, when considering these forward-looking statements, you should keep in mind the risk factors and other cautionary statements in this prospectus. Actual results may vary materially. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. You should also understand that it is not possible to predict or identify all such factors and should not consider the following list to be a complete statement of all potential risks and uncertainties. Factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the results contemplated by such forward-looking statements include:

the failure of our projects, including any NEER ROFO Projects or any other projects we may acquire, to perform as we expect;

risks inherent in newly constructed energy projects, including underperformance relative to our expectations, system failures and outages;

risks inherent in the operation and maintenance of energy projects;

the impairment or loss of any one or more of the projects in our Initial Portfolio, such as Genesis, or any other projects we may acquire;

terrorist or other attacks and responses to such acts;

a natural disaster or other severe weather or meteorological conditions;

the occurrence of a significant incident for which we do not have adequate insurance coverage;

the failure of a supplier to fulfill its warranty or other contractual obligations;

the inability of our projects to operate or deliver energy for any reason, including if interconnection or transmission facilities on which we rely become unavailable;

liabilities and operating restrictions arising from environmental, health and safety laws and regulations;

unfavorable U.S. and Canadian federal, state, provincial and local regulatory restrictions or legislative changes;

the existence of lienholders or leaseholders that may have rights superior to our rights on the lands on which our the projects in our Initial Portfolio or any other projects we may acquire are located;

**Table of Contents**

risks associated with litigation and administrative proceedings;

a failure to comply with anti-corruption laws and regulations in the U.S. and Canada;

risks associated with our ownership or acquisition of projects that remain under construction;

the risk that our limited number of Energy Sale Counterparties are unwilling or unable to fulfill their contractual obligations to us or that they otherwise terminate their agreements with us;

our inability to renew or replace expiring or terminated agreements, such as our PPAs, RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts, at favorable rates or on a long-term basis;

energy production by our U.S. projects or availability of our U.S. projects that does not satisfy the minimum obligations under the U.S. Project Entities' PPAs;

a failure to locate and acquire interests in additional, attractive projects at favorable prices;

limits on NEE Operating LP's ability to grow and make acquisitions because of its obligations under its partnership agreement to distribute available cash;

lower prices for fuel sources used to produce energy from other technologies, which could reduce the demand for clean energy;

risks to NextEra and third party development companies relating to project siting, financing, construction, permitting, the environment, governmental approvals and the negotiation of project development agreements, reducing opportunities available to us;

risks inherent in the acquisition of existing clean energy projects;

a failure to timely anticipate the future policy direction in each country, state and province and thereby miss the relatively infrequent, irregular and often competitive procurement windows in these countries, states and provinces;

substantial competition from utilities, IPPs and other industry participants;



conflicts arising from our general partner's and NextEra's relationship with us;

increases in our tax liability; and

certain factors discussed elsewhere in this prospectus.

Each forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date of the particular statement and we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements except as required by law.

**Table of Contents**

**PROSPECTUS SUMMARY**

*The following summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. It does not contain all the information you need to consider in making your investment decision. Before making an investment decision, you should read this entire prospectus carefully and should consider, among other things, the matters set forth under Risk Factors, Selected Historical and Pro Forma Financial Data, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and our predecessor's historical financial statements and the accompanying notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. Unless otherwise indicated, the information in this prospectus assumes that the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional common units.*

**About NEE Partners**

We are a growth-oriented limited partnership formed by NextEra Energy, Inc. to own, operate and acquire contracted clean energy projects with stable, long-term cash flows through our limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP. We will own a controlling, non-economic general partner interest and a 17.4% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP. Upon the completion of this offering, we will own interests in ten wind and solar projects, nine of which will be operational and one of which is expected to be in the final stages of construction.

We intend to take advantage of favorable trends in the North American energy industry, including the ongoing trend of clean energy projects replacing aging or uneconomic projects, demand by utilities for renewable energy to meet state RPS requirements and the improving competitiveness of clean energy relative to other fuels. We plan to focus on high-quality, long-lived projects operating under long-term contracts with creditworthy counterparties that are expected to produce stable long-term cash flows. We believe our cash flow profile, geographic and technological diversity, cost-efficient business model and relationship with NextEra will provide us with a significant competitive advantage and enable us to execute our growth strategy.

Our objective is to pay stable and growing cash distributions to the holders of our common units. NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement will provide that NEE Operating LP will distribute all cash available for distribution to its unitholders on a quarterly basis and we intend to use the amount distributed to us to pay regular quarterly distributions to holders of our common units. We intend to target a three-year annual growth rate in our cash available for distribution of 12% to 15% per common unit. This target is based on NextEra's stated intention that it plans to offer us sufficient NEER ROFO Projects each year to produce such an increase. We believe that the acquisition opportunities associated with NEE Operating LP's right of first offer for the NEER ROFO Projects, other NEER projects, as well as other acquisition opportunities in North America, all of which have many of the characteristics of the projects in our Initial Portfolio, will give us the opportunity to grow our cash available for distribution over time. While we believe our targeted growth rate is reasonable, it is based on estimates and assumptions regarding a number of factors, many of which are beyond our control, and we may not be able to grow our business at a rate consistent with our expectations, if at all.

NEER is not obligated to offer us the NEER ROFO Projects at prices or on terms that allow us to achieve our targeted growth rate, or at all, and even if it offers us such opportunities, we may not be able to consummate an acquisition with NEER or might not achieve our targeted growth rate. See Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions and Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions for additional detail on how we plan to distribute available cash to our unitholders and Risk Factors for risks associated with our forecast and our ability to consummate acquisitions.



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**Table of Contents**

**About NextEra**

NextEra is one of the largest energy companies in North America, with approximately 42.8 GW of generating capacity in the U.S. and Canada as of March 31, 2014. NextEra provides retail and wholesale energy services to nearly five million customer accounts and owns generation, transmission and distribution facilities to support these services. NextEra has been recognized as the World's Most Admired Utility eight years in a row by *Fortune* magazine.

NextEra began investing in renewable energy in 1989. Since then, NextEra has deployed nearly \$20 billion of capital through NEER to develop or acquire nearly 10.9 GW of renewable energy as of March 31, 2014, increasing the capacity in their portfolio at a compound average growth rate of approximately 14% per year over the past decade, as shown in the graph below.

**NEER's North American Wind and Solar Portfolio (MW)**

NEER had over 11.3 GW of contracted clean energy capacity as of March 31, 2014, and expects its contracted clean energy capacity to increase by approximately 7.5% per year to over 13.8 GW by the end of 2016 based on currently signed contracts for an additional 2.5 GW of contracted clean energy capacity as of March 31, 2014. We believe NextEra's long history of developing, owning and operating clean energy projects provides us with a distinct competitive advantage in North America.

**NEER's Contracted Clean Energy Capacity (GW<sup>(1)</sup>)**

*Source: NextEra, as of March 31, 2014.*

<sup>(1)</sup> *Includes wind, solar, natural gas and nuclear.*

**Table of Contents****Current Operations**

Our Initial Portfolio is composed of 989.6 MW of contracted renewable energy projects in North America with a stable cash flow profile and technological, geographic and counterparty diversification. As illustrated below, the projects in our Initial Portfolio are fully contracted to creditworthy counterparties with a capacity-weighted average Moody's credit rating of A2 under long-term contracts that will have a capacity-weighted average remaining contract term of approximately 21 years as of June 30, 2014, after giving effect to the Bluewater FIT Contract.

***Initial Portfolio***

The following table provides a brief description of the projects in our Initial Portfolio:

<b>Project</b>	<b>Commercial Operation Date</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Resource</b>	<b>MW</b>	<b>Counterparty</b>	<b>Contract Expiration</b>
Northern Colorado	September 2009	Colorado, USA	Wind	174.3	Public Service Company of Colorado	2029 (22.5 MW) / 2034 (151.8 MW)
Elk City	December 2009	Oklahoma, USA	Wind	98.9	Public Service Company of Oklahoma	2030
Moore	February 2012	Ontario, Canada	Solar	20.0	Ontario Power Authority	2032
Sombra	February 2012	Ontario, Canada	Solar	20.0	Ontario Power Authority	2032
Perrin Ranch	January 2012	Arizona, USA	Wind	99.2	Arizona Public Service Company	2037
Conestogo	December 2012	Ontario, Canada	Wind	22.9	Ontario Power Authority	2032
Tuscola Bay	December 2012	Michigan, USA	Wind	120.0	DTE Electric Company	2032
Summerhaven	August 2013	Ontario, Canada	Wind	124.4	Ontario Power Authority	2033
Genesis	November 2013 (125.0 MW) / March 2014 (125.0 MW)	California, USA	Solar	250.0	Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	2039
Bluewater	3Q 2014 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	59.9	Ontario Power Authority	2034 (estimated)
<b>Total</b>				<b>989.6</b>		

The projects in our Initial Portfolio use reliable technology and are generally located in regions characterized by favorable wind and solar resource. The following charts provide an overview of the characteristics of our Initial

Portfolio by counterparty credit rating, contract duration, technology and region, in each case based on MW capacity:

**Our Initial Portfolio Characteristics (MW)**

<sup>(1)</sup> Remaining term as of June 30, 2014, after giving effect to the Bluewater FIT Contract.

For additional information regarding our Initial Portfolio, see [Current Operations](#) above. Our ability to achieve anticipated energy output at our projects is subject to numerous risks and uncertainties as described under [Risk Factors](#).

**Table of Contents****NEER ROFO Projects**

In connection with this offering, we will enter into a ROFO Agreement with NEER that, among other things, will provide NEE Operating LP with a right of first offer to acquire the NEER ROFO Projects should NEER seek to sell any of these projects. We believe that the NEER ROFO Projects, which include wind and solar projects with a combined capacity of 1,549 MW, have or, upon commencing commercial operations, will have, many of the characteristics of the projects in our Initial Portfolio, including long-term contracts with creditworthy counterparties and recently or newly constructed, long-lived facilities that we believe will generate stable cash flows. The following table provides a brief description of the NEER ROFO Projects:

<b>Project</b>	<b>Commercial Operation Date</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Resource</b>	<b>MW</b>	<b>Counterparty</b>	<b>Contract Expiration</b>
Story II	December 2009	Iowa, USA	Wind	150.0	Google Energy/City of Ames	2030
Day County	April 2010	South Dakota, USA	Wind	99.0	Basin Electric Power Co-Op	2040
Ashtabula III	December 2010	North Dakota, USA	Wind	62.4	Otter Tail Power Company	2038
Baldwin	December 2010	North Dakota, USA	Wind	102.4	Basin Electric Power Co-Op	2041
North Sky River	December 2012	California, USA	Wind	162.0	Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	2037
Mountain View	January 2014	Nevada, USA	Solar	20.0	Nevada Power Company	2039
Adelaide	3Q 2014 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	59.9	Ontario Power Authority	2034
Bornish	3Q 2014 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	72.9	Ontario Power Authority	2034
Jericho	4Q 2014 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	149.0	Ontario Power Authority	2034
East Durham	1Q 2015 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	22.4	Ontario Power Authority	2035
Goshen	1Q 2015 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	102.0	Ontario Power Authority	2035
Shafter	2Q 2015 (expected)	California, USA	Solar	20.0	Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	2035
Adelanto I and II	3Q 2015 (expected)	California, USA	Solar	27.0	Southern California Edison Co.	2035
Silver State South	3Q 2016 (expected)	Nevada, USA	Solar	250.0	Southern California Edison Co.	2036
McCoy	4Q 2016 (expected)	California, USA	Solar	250.0	Southern California Edison Co.	2036

**Total**

**1,549.0**

Under the ROFO Agreement (as defined below), however, NEER will not be obligated to offer to sell the NEER ROFO Projects. Therefore, we do not know when, if ever, these projects will be offered to NEE Operating LP. In addition, in the event that NEER elects to sell the NEER ROFO Projects, NEER will not be required to accept any offer NEE Operating LP may make to acquire any NEER ROFO Project and, following the completion of good faith negotiations with us, may choose to sell these projects to third parties or not sell the projects at all. See *Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions* ROFO Agreement.

## **Industry Overview**

### ***U.S. Energy Industry***

The energy industry is one of the largest industries in the U.S. According to Bloomberg New Energy Finance, the U.S. has a total operating energy capacity of approximately 1,016 GW as of December 2013, which is comprised of a diverse mix of fuel types, including 442 GW of natural gas-fired capacity, 234 GW of coal-fired capacity, 190 GW of renewable capacity, 99 GW of nuclear capacity and 51 GW of oil-fired capacity. Non-hydro renewable capacity increased at a compound average annual rate of approximately 15% per year from 2000 to 2013. While forecasts of future growth are dependent on a number of factors, including the rate of continued improvement in renewable energy technology and costs, government incentives, natural gas and energy prices and future emission standards regulation, industry researchers expect investment in renewable energy to continue. Bloomberg New Energy Finance, which has been analyzing the global renewable energy industry for over a decade, forecasts the U.S. renewable energy industry to grow at a compound average annual rate of approximately 10% per year from 2013 through 2020.



## Table of Contents

### *U.S. Renewable Generation Market*

Growth in renewable energy is largely attributable to its increasing cost competitiveness driven primarily by government incentives, improving technology and installation costs and the impact of increasingly stringent environmental rules and regulations on coal-fired generation.

#### *Government Incentives for Renewables*

U.S. federal, state and local governments and utilities have established various incentives to support the development of renewable energy. These incentives include accelerated tax depreciation, PTCs, ITCs, cash grants and RPS programs.

Wind and solar projects qualify for the U.S. federal Modified Accelerated Cost Recovery System depreciation.

The PTC is a U.S. federal incentive that provides a U.S. federal income tax credit on a  $\text{¢/kWh}$  basis for all energy produced by a U.S. wind project during the first ten years after it commences commercial operations.

The ITC and 1603 Cash Grant Program are U.S. federal incentives that provide an income tax credit or cash grant after the project commences commercial operations of 30% of eligible installed costs.

RPS are state regulatory programs created by state legislatures to encourage the development of renewable energy.

These incentives make the development of clean energy projects more competitive by providing tax credits or grants and accelerated depreciation for a portion of the development costs, decreasing the costs associated with developing such projects or creating demand for renewable energy assets through RPS programs.

#### *Increasing competitiveness of renewable energy*

Renewable energy technology and installation costs have improved meaningfully in recent years. Wind technology is improving as a result of taller towers, longer blades and more efficient energy conversion equipment, which allow wind projects to more efficiently capture wind resource and produce more energy. Since 2002, technology improvements have decreased the cost of wind energy in the U.S. between 24% and 39% depending on wind speed, according to IEA estimates. Solar technology is also improving as solar cell efficiencies improve and installation costs decline. Since the start of 2010, the total average installed cost of utility-scale solar has declined over 50%, according to Bloomberg New Energy Finance.

#### *Impact of increasingly stringent environmental rules and regulations on coal-fired generation*

Traditional coal-fired plants emit greenhouse gases and other pollutants. The EPA is responsible for implementing rules and regulations to protect the environment, including rules and regulations that limit emissions of greenhouse gases and other pollutants from coal-fired plants. A number of new EPA rules are emerging that are expected to

impact many coal-fired plants in the U.S. While there is some uncertainty as to the timing and requirements that will ultimately be imposed by these rules, we expect that the owners of some of the smaller, older or less efficient coal-fired plants will choose to decommission these facilities rather than make the significant investments that will be necessary to comply with environmental rules and regulations. In addition, the continued relatively low natural gas prices will put additional pressure on these plants. According to Bloomberg New Energy Finance, over 100 GW of coal-fired capacity will be retired in the U.S. by the end of 2020, relative to the capacity at the turn of the century.

## **Table of Contents**

### ***Canadian Energy Industry***

Canada is a world leader in the production and use of clean energy as a percentage of its total energy capacity. According to a November 2013 report of the NEB, total energy capacity in Canada was expected to reach 137 GW in 2013, with hydroenergy accounting for approximately 56% of total capacity and non-hydro renewable energy accounting for approximately 7%. Capacity additions will be required throughout Canada in order to replace aging projects and meet growing demand. While a majority of Canada's energy is produced by hydroenergy, non-hydro renewable energy is providing an increasing portion of Canada's energy each year. According to the NEB, renewable energy generation in Canada grew at a compound average annual rate of approximately 15% between 2000 and 2013 and is projected to grow at a compound average annual rate of approximately 9.6% between 2013 and 2020.

### ***Canadian Renewable Generation Market***

The Canadian energy industry is also benefiting from the increased competitiveness of renewable energy, due in part to improving technology and declining installation costs. In addition, government incentives make the development of clean energy projects more attractive either through renewable energy incentives and targets or by providing supportive contract prices. Furthermore, government targets and incentives at the provincial level continue to drive the growth of renewable energy in Canada.

Ontario has been a leader in supporting the development of renewable energy in Canada. The LTEP, released in December 2013 by the Ontario Ministry of Energy, suggests that by 2025, 10.7 GW of non-hydro renewable energy will be online in the province.

### ***Our Business Strategy***

Our primary business objective is to invest in contracted clean energy projects that allow us to increase our cash distributions to the holders of our common units over time. To achieve our objective, we intend to execute the following business strategy:

*Focus on contracted clean energy projects.* We intend to focus on long-term contracted clean energy projects that have recently commenced commercial operations with newer, more reliable technology, lower operating costs and relatively stable cash flows, subject to seasonal variances, consistent with the characteristics of our Initial Portfolio.

*Focus on the U.S. and Canada.* We intend to focus our investments in the U.S. and Canada, where we believe industry trends present us with significant opportunities to acquire contracted clean energy projects in diverse regions and favorable locations. By focusing on the U.S. and Canada, we believe we will be able to take advantage of NextEra's long-standing industry relationships, knowledge and experience.

*Maintain a sound capital structure and financial flexibility.* We currently have limited recourse project-level financings at the projects in our Initial Portfolio. In addition, the direct subsidiaries of NEE Operating LP will have a \$250 million revolving credit facility by the completion of this offering. We believe our cash flow profile, the long-term nature of our contracts and our ability to raise capital provide flexibility for optimizing our capital structure and distributions. We intend to continually evaluate opportunities to finance future acquisitions or refinance our existing debt consistent with NextEra's management practices, which have sought to limit recourse, optimize leverage, extend maturities and increase cash distributions to unitholders over the long term.

*Take advantage of NEER's operational excellence to maintain the value of the projects in our Initial Portfolio.* NEER will continue to provide O&M, administrative and management services to the projects in our Initial Portfolio through

existing O&M agreements, ASAs and the Management Services Agreement (as defined

## **Table of Contents**

below). Through these agreements, we will retain the same benefits and operational expertise that NextEra currently provides across its entire portfolio. We expect that these services will maximize the operational efficiencies of our portfolio, which we believe will maintain our relatively low operating costs.

*Grow our business and cash distributions through selective acquisitions of operating projects.* We believe the ROFO Agreement and our relationship with NextEra will provide us with opportunities for growth through the acquisition of projects that have or, upon the commencement of commercial operations, will have similar characteristics to the projects in our Initial Portfolio. NextEra intends to use us as its primary growth vehicle for its contracted clean energy business. NEER will grant NEE Operating LP a right of first offer to acquire the NEER ROFO Projects during the first six years following the completion of this offering. See *Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions ROFO Agreement*. We intend to focus on acquiring projects in operation, maintaining a disciplined investment approach and taking advantage of market opportunities to acquire additional projects from NEER and third parties in the future, which we believe will allow us to increase cash distributions to our unitholders over the long term. NextEra is not required, however, to offer us the opportunity to purchase any of its projects, including the NEER ROFO Projects.

## **Our Competitive Strengths**

We believe that we are well-positioned to execute our strategy and grow our cash available for distributions to our unitholders based on the following competitive strengths:

*Our relationship with NextEra.* We believe that our relationship with NextEra provides us with the following significant benefits:

*NextEra Management and Operational Expertise.* We believe we benefit from NextEra's experience, operational excellence, cost-efficient operations and reliability. Through our Management Services Agreement and other agreements with NextEra, our projects will receive the same benefits and expertise that NextEra currently provides across its entire portfolio.

*NextEra Project Development Track Record and Pipeline.* We believe that NextEra's long history of developing, owning and operating clean energy projects provides us with a competitive advantage in North America. NextEra has deployed nearly \$20 billion of capital through NEER to develop or acquire nearly 10.9 GW of renewable energy as of March 31, 2014. NEER had over 11.3 GW of contracted clean energy capacity as of March 31, 2014, and expects its contracted clean energy capacity to increase by approximately 7.5% per year to over 13.8 GW by the end of 2016, based on signed contracts for an additional 2.5 GW of contracted clean energy as of March 31, 2014.

*Contracted projects with stable cash flows from diverse, investment grade counterparties.* The contracted, geographically diverse nature of our Initial Portfolio supports stable long-term cash flows. Our Initial Portfolio is composed of 989.6 MW of renewable energy capacity. Our projects are fully contracted under long term contracts with creditworthy counterparties that have a capacity-weighted average Moody's credit rating of A2. These contracts will have a capacity-weighted average remaining contract term of approximately 21 years as of June 30, 2014, after giving effect to the Bluewater FIT Contract. These contracts generally provide for fixed price payments subject to annual escalation over the contract term.

*New, well-maintained and diverse portfolio using best-in-class equipment.* Over the past 25 years in the clean energy industry, NextEra has developed strong working relationships with the leading global equipment manufacturers. These manufacturers are generally recognized as industry-leaders that make equipment based on evolutionary improvements over decades of servicing the clean energy industry. Our Initial Portfolio is composed of renewable energy projects that have, on average, been operating for fewer than five years. Because our Initial

## **Table of Contents**

Portfolio is relatively new and uses what we believe is industry-leading technology, we believe that we will incur relatively low operating and maintenance costs and achieve our expected levels of availability and performance.

*Geographic diversification.* Our Initial Portfolio is geographically diverse across the U.S. and Canada. A geographically diverse portfolio tends to reduce the magnitude of individual project or regional deviations from historical resource conditions, providing a more stable stream of cash flows over the long term than a non-diversified portfolio. In addition, we believe the geographic diversity of our Initial Portfolio helps minimize the impact of adverse regulatory conditions in any one jurisdiction.

*An organizational structure that we expect will reduce taxes.* We do not expect to pay meaningful U.S. federal or state income tax for a period of approximately 15 years, with the possible exception of Michigan, where we expect state income tax liability could begin after a period of five years. To the extent we pursue the NEER ROFO Projects or other acquisition opportunities, these periods may be extended depending on the tax characteristics and structure of any specific acquisition. For U.S. federal income tax purposes, however, there may be alternative minimum tax ( AMT ) liability on alternative minimum taxable income ( AMTI ) for tax years prior to any regular U.S. federal income tax liability. Some states also impose state-level AMT, typically based on federal AMTI. Thus, in a situation where AMT liability exists, some corresponding state AMT liability may result. The AMTI calculation can be complex and, as such, a reasonable estimate of potential AMT liability cannot be determined at this time. Any AMT liability due, however, is not anticipated to be significant and AMT paid in a particular tax year is available as a credit to reduce regular tax liability in a future tax year. Additionally, we do not expect liability for state fixed minimum taxes/fees to be significant. See, however, Risk Factors Risks Related To Taxation Our future tax liability may be greater than expected if we do not generate NOLs sufficient to offset taxable income.

## **Risk Factors**

An investment in our common units involves risks. For more information about these risks, see Risk Factors. You should consider carefully these risk factors together with all of the other information included in this prospectus before you invest in our common units.

### *Risks Related to the Operation of Our Projects*

We have a limited operating history and our projects may not perform as we expect.

Our ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders will be affected by wind and solar conditions at our projects.

Initially, we will depend on certain of the projects in our Initial Portfolio for a substantial portion of our anticipated cash flows.

Our business is subject to liabilities and operating restrictions arising from environmental, health and safety laws and regulations.

### *Risks Related to Our Project Agreements*

We rely on a limited number of counterparties in our energy sale arrangements.

We may not be able to extend, renew or replace expiring or terminated agreements, such as our PPAs, RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts, at favorable rates or on a long-term basis.



**Table of Contents**

If the energy production by or availability of our U.S. projects is less than expected, they may not be able to satisfy minimum production or availability obligations under U.S. Project Entities' PPAs.

*Risks Related to Our Acquisition Strategy and Future Growth*

Government regulations providing incentives and subsidies for clean energy could change at any time and such changes may negatively impact our growth strategy.

Our growth strategy depends on the acquisition of projects developed by NextEra and third parties, which face risks related to project siting, financing, construction, permitting, the environment, governmental approvals and the negotiation of project development agreements.

Our ability to effectively consummate future acquisitions will also depend on our ability to arrange the required or desired financing for acquisitions.

*Risks Related to Our Financial Activities*

Restrictions in the new credit facility of NEE Operating LP's direct subsidiaries could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

Our cash available for distribution to our unitholders may be reduced as a result of restrictions on our subsidiaries' cash distributions to us under the terms of their indebtedness.

Our subsidiaries' substantial amount of indebtedness may adversely affect our ability to operate our business and our failure to comply with the terms of our indebtedness could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition.

*Risks Related to Our Relationship with NextEra*

NextEra will exercise substantial influence over us and we are highly dependent on NextEra and its affiliates.

NEER will be allowed to borrow funds received by our subsidiaries, including NEE Operating LP, each quarter as partial consideration for its obligation to provide credit support to us. NEER will use these funds for its own account without paying additional consideration or interest to us and is obligated to return these funds only as needed to cover project costs and distributions or as demanded by NEE Operating LP. Our financial condition and ability to make distributions to our unitholders, as well as our ability to grow distributions in the future, is highly dependent on NEER's performance of its obligations to return a portion of these funds.

Our general partner and its affiliates, including NextEra, have conflicts of interest with us and limited duties to us and our unitholders.

NextEra and other affiliates of our general partner are not restricted in their ability to compete with us.  
*Risks Related to this Offering and Ownership of Our Common Units*

Our ability to make distributions to our unitholders depends on the ability of NEE Operating LP to make cash distributions to its limited partners.

## **Table of Contents**

On a pro forma basis, we would not have had sufficient cash available for distributions to pay the full initial quarterly distribution on all of our common units for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014, or for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Holders of our common units have limited voting rights and are not entitled to elect our general partner or its directors.

Our partnership agreement restricts the remedies available to holders of our common units for actions taken by our general partner that might otherwise constitute breaches of fiduciary duties.

Unitholders will experience immediate and substantial dilution in pro forma net tangible book value of \$15.38 per common unit.

### *Risks Related to Taxation*

Our future tax liability may be greater than expected if we do not generate NOLs sufficient to offset taxable income or if tax authorities challenge certain of our tax positions.

Our ability to use NOLs to offset future income may be limited.

Distributions to unitholders may be taxable as dividends.

### **Our Relationship with NextEra**

One of our principal strengths is our relationship with NextEra. Upon the completion of this offering, NextEra will indirectly own and control our general partner and will appoint all of our general partner's officers and directors. NEE Equity, a wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra, will own all of our Special Voting Units (as defined below), giving it effective voting control over us with respect to certain matters and a majority of the common units of NEE Operating LP.

The following is a summary of certain agreements that we will enter into with NextEra or its affiliates in connection with this offering. Because of our relationship with NextEra, our agreements with NextEra or its affiliates may not be as favorable to us as they might have been had we negotiated them with an unaffiliated third party. For a more comprehensive discussion of the agreements that we will enter into with NextEra or its affiliates, see *Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions*. For a discussion of the risks related to our relationship with NextEra, see *Risk Factors - Risks Related to Our Relationship with NextEra*.

*Management Services Agreement.* We, NEE Operating LP and NEE Operating GP will enter into a management services agreement with NEE Management (the *Management Services Agreement*), under which:

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NEE Management will provide or arrange for the provision of operational, management and administrative services to us and our subsidiaries, including managing our day to day affairs and providing individuals to act as our general partner s executive officers and directors, in addition to those services that are provided under existing O&M agreements and ASAs between affiliates of NextEra and our subsidiaries;

NEE Operating LP will pay on our behalf all O&M or other expenses we or our subsidiaries incur;

NEE Operating LP will pay NEE Management an annual management fee equal to the greater of 1% of NEE Operating LP s EBITDA for the most recently ended fiscal year (calculated prior to the deduction of such fee and other fees paid under the Management Services Agreement) and

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**Table of Contents**

\$4 million (as adjusted for inflation beginning in 2016), which will be paid in quarterly installments of \$1 million with an additional payment each January to the extent 1% of NEE Operating LP's annual EBITDA for the preceding fiscal year exceeds \$4 million (as adjusted for inflation beginning in 2016);

NEE Operating LP will make certain payments to NEE Management based on the achievement by NEE Operating LP of certain target quarterly distribution levels to its unitholders. See *Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions*, *Management Services Agreement*, *Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions*, *Incentive Distribution Right Fee* and *Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions*, *General Restrictions and Limitations on Our Cash Distributions* and *Our Ability to Change Our Cash Distribution Policy*.

Concurrently with the execution of the *Management Services Agreement*, NEE Management will enter into a management services subcontract (the *Management Sub-Contract*) with NEER, under which NEER will provide or arrange all services to us contemplated under the *Management Services Agreement*. Additionally, NEE Management will pay NEER a fee equal to the management fee received by NEE Management under the *Management Services Agreement*.

*Cash Sweep and Credit Support Agreement.* NEE Operating LP will enter into a cash sweep and credit support agreement (the *CSCS Agreement*) with NEER, under which:

NEER will agree to continue to provide certain existing limited credit support on behalf of our subsidiaries for the projects in our Initial Portfolio and, upon our request and at NEER's option, may agree to provide credit support on behalf of any projects we may acquire in the future on similar terms, and we will reimburse NEER to the extent NEER or its affiliates are required to make payments under such credit support or to post cash collateral, subject to certain exceptions;

when our Project Entities receive revenues or when NEE Operating LP receives distributions from our subsidiaries, NEER or one of its affiliates will borrow excess funds from our subsidiaries, including NEE Operating LP, and hold them in an account of NEER or one of its affiliates for the benefit of NEER and its affiliates until such funds are required to fund distributions or pay our subsidiaries' expenses or NEE Operating LP otherwise demands the returns of such funds; and

NEE Operating LP will pay NEER an annual credit support fee that is based on NextEra's borrowing costs and that initially is projected to be approximately \$1.8 million, subject to adjustment as described herein. See *Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions*, *Cash Sweep and Credit Support Agreement*.

*ROFO Agreement.* Under the terms of the right of first offer agreement among us, NEE Operating LP and NEER (the *ROFO Agreement*), NEER will grant NEE Operating LP a right of first offer on the NEER ROFO Projects should NEER decide to sell any such projects. The term of the right of first offer will be six years following the completion of this offering. Under the *ROFO Agreement*, NEER will agree to negotiate with NEE Operating LP in good faith, for a period of 30 days, to reach an agreement with respect to any proposed sale of a NEER ROFO Project for which NEE Operating LP has a right of first offer. Under the *ROFO Agreement*, however, NEER will not be obligated to sell any of the NEER ROFO Projects and, therefore, we do not know when, if ever, these projects will be offered to NEE Operating LP. The likelihood and timing of our ability to acquire any NEER ROFO Projects will depend upon, among

other things, the determination that the acquisition is appropriate for our business at that particular time, our ability to agree on mutually acceptable terms of purchase, including price, our ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms and our ability to obtain any necessary consents. See Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions ROFO Agreement.

## **Table of Contents**

*Purchase Agreement.* In connection with the Organizational Transactions, we will enter into a purchase agreement (the Purchase Agreement ) with NEE Equity, under which we will use \$231.1 million of the net proceeds of this offering (or \$288.3 million if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units) to purchase 9,854,093 (or 12,291,593 if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units) NEE Operating LP common units from NEE Equity. The Purchase Agreement will require NEE Equity to make, until certain conditions are satisfied as set forth in the Purchase Agreement, certain payments to us in quarters in which NEE Equity receives distributions and NEE Operating LP does not make distributions on its common units at least equal to the minimum quarterly distribution. See Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions Purchase Price Adjustment and Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Purchase Agreement.

*Equity Purchase Agreement.* In connection with the Organizational Transactions, we will enter into an equity purchase agreement (the Equity Purchase Agreement ) with NEE Operating LP, under which we will use \$150.0 million of the net proceeds of this offering to purchase 6,395,907 NEE Operating LP common units from NEE Operating LP. See Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Equity Purchase Agreement.

*Exchange Agreement.* In connection with the Organizational Transactions, we will enter into an exchange agreement (the Exchange Agreement ) with NEE Operating LP and NEE Equity, under which NEE Equity can tender NEE Operating LP units to NEE Operating LP for redemption after the expiration of the purchase price adjustment period. NEE Equity has the right, at its election, to receive our common units in exchange for the NEE Operating LP units tendered on a one-for-one basis or the net proceeds from the sale by us of an equivalent number of our common units. We have the right but not the obligation, to purchase tendered NEE Operating LP units for, subject to the approval of our conflicts committee, cash or our common units.

*Summary of Conflicts of Interest and Duties.* While we believe our relationship with NextEra and its subsidiaries is a significant strength, it is also a source of potential conflicts. As described above, NextEra or certain of its affiliates will provide certain services to us, including managing our day-to-day affairs and providing individuals to act as our general partner s executive officers and directors. These executive officers may help our general partner s board of directors evaluate potential acquisition opportunities presented by NEER under the ROFO Agreement. In addition, our general partner has a duty to manage our partnership in a manner it subjectively believes is in our best interests. However, our general partner s executive officers and directors also have duties to manage our general partner in a manner beneficial to its owner, NextEra. As a result, conflicts of interest may arise between us and our common unitholders, on the one hand, and NextEra and our general partner, on the other hand. Delaware law provides that Delaware limited partnerships may, in their partnership agreements, expand, restrict or eliminate the fiduciary duties owed by the general partner to limited partners and the partnership. Under these provisions, our partnership agreement contains various provisions replacing the fiduciary duties that would otherwise be owed by our general partner with contractual standards governing the duties of the general partner and the methods of resolving conflicts of interest. The effect of these provisions is to restrict the remedies available to our common unitholders for actions taken by our general partner that might otherwise constitute breaches of fiduciary duty. Our partnership agreement also provides that affiliates of our general partner, including NextEra and its other subsidiaries and affiliates, are permitted to compete with us. By purchasing a common unit, an investor agrees to be bound by the terms of our partnership agreement and each holder of our common units is treated as having consented to various actions and potential conflicts of interest contemplated in the partnership agreement that might otherwise be considered a breach of fiduciary or other duties under applicable state law. For a more detailed description of the potential conflicts of interest between us and our general partner and its affiliates, including NextEra, see Risk Factors Risks Related to Our Relationship with NextEra and Conflicts of Interest and Duties.





**Table of Contents**

**Organizational Structure**

NextEra Energy Partners, LP is a Delaware limited partnership formed on March 6, 2014, to own a controlling non-economic general partner interest and a 17.4% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP, which will own and operate a portfolio of clean contracted energy projects. Even though we are organized as a limited partnership under state law, we will elect to be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. See Estimate of Corporate Tax Liabilities and Ratio of Unitholder Taxable Income to Distributions.

Prior to the completion of this offering, NEE Equity will contribute, in a series of transactions, the following projects, which will constitute our Initial Portfolio, to NEE Operating LP, and NEE Operating LP will issue 86,731,593 common units to NEE Equity (collectively, the Project Transfer ):

a 100% interest in each of the following wind projects: Conestogo, Elk City, Northern Colorado, Perrin Ranch, Summerhaven, Tuscola Bay and Bluewater and a 100% interest in each of the following solar projects: Genesis, Moore and Sombra, each as further described in the table set forth in Current Operations.

Concurrently with the completion of this offering, based on the initial public offering price of \$25.00 per common unit:

we will issue 76,877,500 special non-economic voting units (the Special Voting Units ) to NEE Equity that will be entitled to vote with our common units on a one-for-one basis on certain matters and as a separate class on other matters during the purchase price adjustment period;

we will issue 16,250,000 of our common units (or 18,687,500 common units if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units) to the investors in this offering in exchange for net proceeds of approximately \$381.1 million (or approximately \$438.3 million if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units), after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and structuring fees but before offering expenses (which offering expenses will be paid by NextEra);

the direct subsidiaries of NEE Operating LP will enter into a new \$250 million revolving credit facility, which will remain undrawn at the completion of this offering;

under the Purchase Agreement with NEE Equity, we will use approximately \$231.1 million (or approximately \$288.3 million if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units) of the net proceeds of this offering to purchase 9,854,093 NEE Operating LP common units (or 12,291,593 NEE Operating LP common units if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units) from NEE Equity;

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under the Equity Purchase Agreement with NEE Operating LP, we will use approximately \$150.0 million of the net proceeds from this offering to purchase 6,395,907 NEE Operating LP common units directly from NEE Operating LP and NEE Operating LP will use these net proceeds for general corporate purposes, including to fund future acquisition opportunities;

we, NEE Operating LP and NEE Operating GP will enter into the Management Services Agreement with NEE Management;

NEE Management will enter into the Management Sub-Contract with NEER;

NEE Operating LP will enter into the CSCS Agreement with NEER;

**Table of Contents**

we and NEE Operating LP will enter into the ROFO Agreement with NEER;

we and NEE Operating LP will enter into the Exchange Agreement with NEE Equity; and

we, NEE Operating LP and certain of our other subsidiaries will enter into a trademark limited licensing agreement (the U.S. Licensing Agreement ) with NextEra and NEEC will enter into a trademark limited licensing agreement (the Canadian Licensing Agreement ) with NECIP.

We refer to the foregoing transactions, including the Project Transfer, in this prospectus as the Organizational Transactions. The simplified chart below illustrates our organizational structure after the completion of the Organizational Transactions.

**Table of Contents**

**Ownership of NEE Partners**

The following diagram depicts our simplified organizational and ownership structure after giving effect to the Organizational Transactions and this offering. The below assumes no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units.

## **Table of Contents**

### **Emerging Growth Company Status**

We are an emerging growth company as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act (the JOBS Act). As such, we are eligible, for up to five years, to take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other publicly traded entities that are not emerging growth companies. These exemptions include:

the option to present only two years of audited financial statements and only two years of related Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in the registration statement of an initial public offering of common equity securities; and

not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

We intend to take advantage of these exemptions. As a result, we do not know if some investors will find our common units less attractive. The result may be a less active trading market for our common units, and our unit price may become more volatile.

Section 107 of the JOBS Act also provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an emerging growth company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We are choosing to opt out of this extended transition period and as a result, we will comply with new or revised accounting standards on the relevant dates on which adoption of such standards is required for non-emerging growth companies. Under federal securities laws, our decision to opt out of the extended transition period is irrevocable.

We will remain an emerging growth company until the earliest of: (i) the last day of the first fiscal year in which our annual gross revenues exceed \$1 billion; (ii) the last day of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of the date of this offering; (iii) the date that we become a large accelerated filer as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act, which would occur if the market value of our common units that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the last business day of our most recently completed second fiscal quarter; or (iv) the date on which we have issued more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt during the preceding three-year period.

### **Estimate of Corporate Tax Liabilities and Ratio of Unitholder Taxable Income to Distributions**

Even though we are organized as a limited partnership under state law, we will be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, we will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates on our net taxable income. We expect to generate net operating losses (NOLs) and NOL carryforwards that we can use to offset future taxable income. As a result, we do not expect to pay meaningful U.S. federal income tax for a period of approximately 15 years. This estimate is based upon assumptions we have made regarding, among other things, NEE Operating LP's income, capital expenditures, cash flows, net working capital and cash distributions. We may not generate NOLs as expected. Accordingly, our future tax liability may be greater than expected.

As a result of our treatment as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, distributions we make to holders of our common units will be taxable as ordinary dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits as computed for U.S. federal income tax purposes. We estimate that we will have limited earnings and profits for eight or more years. As a result, for these years, we expect that a meaningful



**Table of Contents**

portion of the distributions received by our unitholders will be treated first as a nontaxable return of capital to the extent of the purchaser's tax basis in its common units (reducing that basis accordingly) and thereafter as capital gain. However, the tax characterization of our distributions may not be as estimated.

**Principal Executive Offices and Internet Address**

Our principal executive offices are located at 700 Universe Boulevard, Juno Beach, Florida 33408, and our telephone number is (561) 694-4000. Our website is located at <http://www.nexteraenergypartners.com> and will be activated immediately following this offering. We expect to make available our periodic reports and other information filed with or furnished to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") free of charge through our website as soon as reasonably practicable after those reports and other information are electronically filed with or furnished to the SEC. Information on our website or any other website is not incorporated by reference herein and does not constitute a part of this prospectus.

**Table of Contents**

**The Offering**

Common units offered to the public	16,250,000 common units (or 18,687,500 common units if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full).
Common units outstanding after this offering	16,250,000 common units (or 18,687,500 common units if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full) representing a 100% limited partner interest in us.
Special Voting Units	NEE Equity will own 76,877,500 Special Voting Units (74,440,000 if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full). Special Voting Units have voting rights, but no right to receive distributions. The number of Special Voting Units will equal the number of NEE Operating LP common units held by NEE Equity.
Use of proceeds	<p>We will receive approximately \$381.1 million of net proceeds from the sale of common units offered hereby based on the initial public offering price of \$25.00 per common unit, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and structuring fees but before offering expenses (which will be paid by NextEra). If the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units, the net proceeds to us will be approximately \$438.3 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and structuring fees.</p> <p>We intend to use approximately \$231.1 million (or approximately \$288.3 million if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units) of the net proceeds of this offering to purchase 9,854,093 NEE Operating LP common units (or 12,291,593 NEE Operating LP common units if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units) from NEE Equity. See Use of Proceeds.</p> <p>We intend to use approximately \$150.0 million of the net proceeds from this offering to purchase 6,395,907 NEE Operating LP common units from NEE Operating LP. NEE Operating LP will use such net proceeds for general partnership purposes, including to fund future acquisition opportunities.</p>



After the application of the net proceeds from this offering, we will own a 17.4% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP (or a 20.1% limited partner interest if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units).

Cash distributions

We expect to pay an initial quarterly distribution of \$0.1875 per common unit, based on the assumption that we will initially distribute all cash received from NEE Operating LP, subject to various restrictions and other factors described in Our Cash Distribution

**Table of Contents**

Policy and Restrictions on Distributions. NEE Operating LP will pay all of our expenses (except U.S. federal and state income taxes), including the expenses we expect to incur as a result of being a publicly traded entity. We do not expect to be required to pay U.S. federal income tax initially.

We will make quarterly distributions, if any, within 45 days after the end of each quarter, on or about the 15th day of each February, May, August and November to holders of record on or about the first day of each such month. We will adjust the amount of our distribution for the period from the completion of this offering through September 30, 2014, based on the actual length of the period.

We intend to cause NEE Operating LP to pay a minimum quarterly distribution to the holders of its common units, including us, of \$0.1875 per common unit, or \$0.75 per common unit on an annualized basis, to the extent NEE Operating LP has sufficient cash from its operations after the establishment of cash reserves by our general partner and the payment of expenses, including: (i) expenses of NEE Operating GP and its affiliates; (ii) our general partner's expenses; and (iii) payments to NEER under the Management Services Agreement and the CSCS Agreement.

If we had completed the Organizational Transactions, including this offering, on April 1, 2013, NEE Operating LP's unaudited pro forma cash available for distribution for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014 would have been approximately \$52.1 million. This amount would have only been sufficient for NEE Operating LP to pay a cash distribution of \$0.14 per common unit per quarter (\$0.56 per common unit on an annualized basis), or approximately 75% of NEE Operating LP's minimum quarterly distribution, on all of its common units for such period, and would have only been sufficient for us to pay a cash distribution of \$0.14 per unit per quarter (\$0.56 per unit on an annualized basis), or approximately 75% of our initial quarterly distribution, on all of our common units for such period.

We believe, based on our financial forecast and related assumptions contained in Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions, that we will generate sufficient cash available for distribution to support the payment of our initial quarterly distribution of \$0.1875 per common unit on all of our common units (\$0.75 per common unit on an annualized basis). However, we do not have a legal or contractual obligation to pay quarterly distributions and we might not pay cash distributions to our unitholders in any quarter. Our actual results

of operations, cash flows and financial condition during the forecast period may vary materially from our forecast. See Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions.

Purchase price adjustment

The Purchase Agreement will provide that if, with respect to any quarter during the purchase price adjustment period, NEE Operating LP does not make distributions of available cash from operating surplus on

**Table of Contents**

its common units in any quarter in an amount at least equal to the minimum quarterly distribution, the purchase price will be reduced by an amount equal to the difference for such quarter between:

the aggregate minimum quarterly distribution in respect of NEE Operating LP common units held by NEE Partners; and

amounts actually distributed on such common units from operating surplus with respect to such quarter (the difference amount ).

Under the Purchase Agreement, in any quarter where there is a difference amount, NEE Equity will pay NEE Partners a purchase price adjustment equal to such difference amount, provided that NEE Equity will not be required to pay a purchase price adjustment in any quarter in excess of the distribution actually received by NEE Equity in such quarter in respect of its common units. If NEE Equity is unable or not required to pay the full difference amount in any quarter, the unpaid portion of the difference amount for that quarter will accrue and be payable from distributions received by NEE Equity in each subsequent quarter, concurrently with or following the payment of any other purchase price adjustments that may be payable from such distributions, provided that NEE Equity will no longer be required to pay any purchase price adjustments once the aggregate amount of purchase price adjustments paid by NEE Equity is equal to the product of the number of NEE Operating LP common units we purchase from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement multiplied by the initial public offering price.

The unpaid portion of any difference amount will not accrue any interest, regardless of when the related purchase price adjustment is paid, if at all. We will not be obligated to reimburse NEE Equity for any purchase price adjustment that we have previously received.

For the pro forma twelve months ended March 31, 2014, assuming no working capital borrowings were used to make distributions, NEE Equity would have paid purchase price adjustments to NEE Partners equal to an aggregate of \$3.1 million.

The purchase price adjustment period will end on the first business day following the distribution of available cash by NEE Operating LP in respect of any quarter beginning with the quarter ending June 30, 2017, for which each of the following tests are met:

distributions of available cash from operating surplus by NEE Operating LP on each of its outstanding common units equals or exceeds \$0.75, which is the annualized minimum quarterly distribution, for each of the three consecutive, non-overlapping four-quarter periods immediately preceding that date;

the adjusted operating surplus (as defined below) generated during each of the three consecutive, non-overlapping four-

**Table of Contents**

quarter periods immediately preceding that date equals or exceeds the sum of \$0.75, which is the annualized minimum quarterly distribution, on all of the outstanding common units on a fully diluted basis; and

any accrued and unpaid difference amount has been paid.

For additional information regarding the terms operating surplus and adjusted operating surplus see Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions.

The purchase price adjustment period will also end upon removal of NEE Operating GP or our general partner other than for cause if no units held by our general partner and its affiliates voted in favor of such removal, and such holders are not affiliates of the applicable successor general partner.

Incentive distribution right fee

Under the Management Services Agreement, NEE Operating LP will make certain payments to NEE Management, an affiliate of NextEra, based on the achievement by NEE Operating LP of certain target quarterly distribution levels to its unitholders. The calculation of the IDR Fee for each quarter will be based on hypothetical amounts that would be available for distribution to unitholders if the IDR Fee was not an operating expenditure and NEE Management held a class of equity interests in NEE Operating LP entitled to the specified percentages of distributions at each of the target quarterly distribution levels set forth below.

If, for any quarter:

NEE Operating LP has distributed available cash from operating surplus to its unitholders in an amount equal to the minimum quarterly distribution; and

during the purchase price adjustment period, NEE Operating LP has distributed available cash from operating surplus to its unitholders in an amount equal to the Aggregate Shortfall (as defined below), if any,

then, NEE Operating LP will use any remaining available cash from operating surplus for that quarter in the following manner:

*first*, to distribute 100% to all unitholders, pro rata, until each unitholder receives \$0.215625 per common unit (or a total of 115% of the minimum quarterly distribution) for that quarter (the first target quarterly distribution );

*second*, to distribute 85% to all unitholders, pro rata, and to make a payment of 15% to NEE Management in respect of the IDR Fee, until each unitholder receives \$0.234375 per common unit (or a total of 125% (including the first target quarterly distribution) of the minimum quarterly distribution) for that quarter (the second target quarterly distribution );

Table of Contents

*third*, to distribute 75% to all unitholders, pro rata, and to make a payment of 25% to NEE Management in respect of the IDR Fee, until each unitholder receives \$0.281250 per common unit (or a total of 150% (including the second target quarterly distribution) of the minimum quarterly distribution) for that quarter (the third target quarterly distribution ); and

*thereafter*, to distribute 50% to all unitholders, pro rata, and to make a payment of 50% to NEE Management in respect of the IDR Fee.

See Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Management Services Agreement and Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions Incentive Distribution Right Fee.

Early termination of the purchase price adjustment period

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the purchase price adjustment period will also end on the first business day following the distribution by NEE Operating LP of available cash in respect of any quarter beginning with the quarter ending June 30, 2015, for which each of the following tests are met:

distributions of available cash from operating surplus on each of the outstanding common units equals or exceeds \$1.125 per common unit, which is equal to 150% of the annualized minimum quarterly distribution, for the four-quarter period immediately preceding that date;

the adjusted operating surplus generated during the four-quarter period immediately preceding that date equals or exceeds the sum of:

\$1.125 per common unit, or 150% of the annualized minimum quarterly distribution, on all of the outstanding common units during that period on a fully diluted basis; and

the amount of all corresponding payments to NEE Management in respect of the IDR Fee (as described above); and

any accrued and unpaid difference amount has been paid.



Issuance of additional units

Our partnership agreement authorizes us to issue an unlimited number of additional units, including units senior to our common units, without the approval of our unitholders. Furthermore, NEE Operating LP may issue an unlimited number of additional units without the approval of our unitholders. See [Units Eligible for Future Sale](#) and [Material Provisions of the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests](#) and [Material Provisions of the NEE Operating LP Partnership Agreement Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests](#).

**Table of Contents**

Limited voting rights

Our general partner will manage and operate us. Unlike the holders of common stock in a corporation, our unitholders will have only limited voting rights with respect to matters affecting our business. For example, our unitholders will have no right to appoint our general partner or its directors on an annual or any other basis. In addition, our general partner may not be removed except by a vote of the holders of at least 66  $\frac{2}{3}$ % of the outstanding units, including the Special Voting Units, voting together as a single class. Upon the completion of this offering, NextEra, through NEE Equity, will hold 82.6% of the common units of NEE Operating LP and 82.6% of our voting power through the Special Voting Units (or 79.9% and 79.9%, respectively, if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional units). This will initially give NextEra the ability to prevent the removal of our general partner and the general partner of NEE Operating LP.

Limited call right

If at any time our general partner and its affiliates own more than 80% of the voting power of our outstanding common units, our general partner will have the right, but not the obligation, to purchase all of the outstanding common units, other than those owned by our general partner and its affiliates, at a price not less than the then-current market price of such common units. Upon the completion of this offering, our general partner will not own any of our outstanding common units and NEE Equity will hold 82.6% of our voting power through the Special Voting Units (or 79.9% if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional units).

Exchange Agreement

NEE Equity can tender NEE Operating LP units for redemption to NEE Operating LP after the expiration of the purchase price adjustment period. NEE Equity has the right, at its election, to receive our common units in exchange for the NEE Operating LP units tendered on a one-for-one basis or the net proceeds from the sale by us of an equivalent number of our common units. We have the right but not the obligation, to purchase tendered NEE Operating LP units for, subject to the approval of our conflicts committee, cash or our common units. See Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Exchange Agreement.

U.S. federal income tax considerations

Even though we are organized as a limited partnership under state law, we will be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, we will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates on our net taxable income. We expect to generate NOLs and NOL carryforwards that we can use to offset future taxable income. As a result, we do not expect to pay meaningful U.S. federal income tax for a period of approximately 15 years. This estimate is based upon assumptions we have made regarding, among other things, NEE Operating LP's income, capital expenditures, cash flows, net working

capital and cash distributions. We may not generate NOLs as expected. Accordingly, our future tax liability may be greater

**Table of Contents**

than expected. For a discussion of U.S. federal and estate tax consequences to non-U.S. holders, see Certain U.S. Federal Income and Estate Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders.

Directed unit program

At our request, the underwriters have reserved for sale up to 8.0% of the common units being offered by this prospectus for sale at the initial public offering price to our directors, officers, employees and certain other persons affiliated with us. We do not know if these persons will choose to purchase all or any portion of these reserved common units, but any purchases they do make will reduce the number of common units available to the general public. See Underwriting Reserved Common Units.

Exchange listing

We intend to apply to list our common units on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol NEP.

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**Table of Contents**

**SUMMARY HISTORICAL AND PRO FORMA FINANCIAL DATA**

The following table sets forth summary historical combined financial and operating data of our accounting predecessor and summary pro forma financial data of NextEra Energy Partners, LP for the periods and as of the dates indicated. The historical combined financial statements of our accounting predecessor as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, appearing elsewhere in this prospectus, were prepared on a carve-out basis from NextEra and are intended to represent the financial results during those periods of NextEra's contracted clean energy projects in the U.S. and Canada that will be contributed to NEE Operating LP as part of the Organizational Transactions. The following summary historical combined financial and operating data presents all of the projects and operations of our accounting predecessor on a 100% basis. Upon the completion of this offering, we will own a controlling non-economic general partner interest in NEE Operating LP through our ownership of NEE Operating GP, and will own a 17.4% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP (assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units) and NEE Equity will own a non-controlling 82.6% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP (assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units). However, as required by U.S. GAAP, we will continue to consolidate 100% of the assets and operations of NEE Operating LP in our financial statements.

The summary unaudited pro forma financial data has been derived by the application of pro forma adjustments to the historical combined financial statements of our accounting predecessor included elsewhere in this prospectus. The summary unaudited pro forma statements of operations data for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, give effect to the Organizational Transactions, including the use of the estimated net proceeds from this offering, as if they had occurred on January 1, 2013. The summary unaudited pro forma balance sheet data as of March 31, 2014, gives effect to the Organizational Transactions, including the use of the estimated net proceeds from this offering and the reimbursement of offering expenses by NEE Operating LP, as if they had occurred on March 31, 2014.

The historical combined financial statements of our accounting predecessor, from which the summary unaudited pro forma financial data have been derived, are presented in U.S. dollars and have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. For recent and historical exchange rates between Canadian dollars and U.S. dollars, see Currency and Exchange Rate Information.

The following table should be read together with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, the historical combined financial statements and the accompanying notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. Among other things, the historical combined financial statements include more detailed information regarding the basis of presentation for the information in the following table. The table should also be read together with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. The pro forma adjustments are based upon available information and certain assumptions that we believe are reasonable. Our summary unaudited pro forma financial information does not purport to represent what our results of operations or financial position would have been if we operated as a publicly traded partnership during the periods presented and may not be indicative of our future performance.

**Table of Contents**

	<b>Pro Forma</b>					
	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>		<b>Three Months Ended</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		<b>Pro Forma</b>
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>March 31, 2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31, 2013</b>
	(\$ in thousands)					
<b>Statement of Operations Data:</b>						
Operating revenues	\$ 59,498	\$ 31,946	\$ 59,498	\$ 141,796	\$ 93,415	\$ 141,796
Operating expenses:						
Operations and maintenance	11,216	8,103	12,666	29,640	16,933	35,440
Depreciation and amortization	16,436	7,808	16,436	39,427	23,599	39,427
Taxes other than income taxes and other	1,237	850	1,237	4,744	1,155	4,744
Transmission	543	525	543	2,123	2,099	2,123
Total operating expenses	29,432	17,286	30,882	75,934	43,786	81,734
Operating income	30,066	14,660	28,616	65,862	49,629	60,062
Other income (deductions):						
Interest expense	(18,748)	(10,098)	(18,748)	(41,637)	(43,195)	(41,637)
Gain on settlement of contingent consideration of project acquisition				4,809		4,809
Other net	24	(5)	24	77	673	77
Total other deductions net	(18,724)	(10,103)	(18,724)	(36,751)	(42,522)	(36,751)
Income before income taxes	11,342	4,557	9,892	29,111	7,107	23,311
Income tax (expense) benefit	(5,996)	(4,952)	(828)	(18,337)	8,891	(1,711)
Net income (loss)	\$ 5,346	\$ (395)	9,064	\$ 10,774	\$ 15,998	21,600
Less net income attributable to non-controlling interest			7,338			13,958
			\$ 1,726			\$ 7,642

Net income attributable to NEE Partners<sup>(1)</sup>

Earnings per unit<sup>(2)</sup> \$ 0.11 \$ 0.47

**Balance Sheet Data (at period end):**

Total assets	\$ 2,654,312	\$ 2,348,501	\$ 2,869,482	\$ 2,632,951	\$ 2,320,072
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 2,102,281	\$ 879,974	\$ 2,102,281	\$ 1,755,711	\$ 889,240
Long-term debt	\$ 1,395,409	\$ 1,168,816	\$ 1,395,409	\$ 1,429,370	\$ 1,380,551
Total equity	\$ 761,718	\$ 724,456	\$ 989,412	\$ 707,416	\$ 701,341

**Cash Flow Data:**

Net cash provided by (used in)

Operating activities	\$ 28,784	\$ 20,317		\$ 86,193	\$ 28,310
Investing activities	\$ (67,838)	\$ (77,382)		\$ (393,146)	\$ (346,585)
Financing activities	\$ 48,882	\$ 46,891		\$ 313,224	\$ 334,468

**Other Financial Data:**

Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 46,526	\$ 22,463	\$ 45,076	\$ 105,366	\$ 73,901	\$ 99,566
Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners <sup>(4)</sup>	\$	\$	\$ 7,843	\$	\$	\$ 17,324

Expansion Capital Expenditures <sup>(5)</sup>	\$ 124,213	\$ 267,639		\$ 902,257	\$ 1,083,076
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**Operational Data:**

GWh generated <sup>(6)</sup>	648	452	648	1,701	1,157	1,701
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**Table of Contents**

- (1) Net income attributable to NEE Partners may not recalculate to 17.4% of net income because only NEE Partners share of U.S. federal and state income taxes is included in net income.
- (2) During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, our accounting predecessor was an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra and therefore, no earnings per unit information was presented.
- (3) We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income plus interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization less certain non-cash, non-recurring items. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. This measurement is not recognized in accordance with GAAP and should not be viewed as an alternative to GAAP measures of performance. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to Adjusted EBITDA is net income. The presentation of Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items. We believe Adjusted EBITDA is useful to investors in evaluating our operating performance because:

securities analysts and other interested parties use such calculations as a measure of financial performance and borrowers' ability to service debt;

it is used by our management for internal planning purposes, including certain aspects of our consolidated operating budget and capital expenditures; and

it is used by investors to assess the ability of our assets to generate sufficient cash flows to make distributions to our unitholders.

Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations include:

it does not reflect our cash expenditures or future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;

it does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, working capital;

it does not reflect significant interest expense or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments on our outstanding debt;

it does not reflect payments made or future requirements for income taxes;



although it reflects adjustments for factors that we do not consider indicative of future performance, we may, in the future, incur expenses similar to the adjustments reflected in our calculation of Adjusted EBITDA in this prospectus; and

although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future and Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect cash requirements for such replacements.

Investors are encouraged to evaluate each adjustment and the reasons we consider it appropriate for supplemental analysis.

**Table of Contents**

The following table presents a reconciliation of net income to Adjusted EBITDA, on a historical basis and pro forma basis, as applicable, for each of the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended		Pro Forma	Year Ended		Pro Forma
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013	Three Months Ended March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2013
	(in thousands)					
Net Income (loss)	\$ 5,346	\$ (395)	\$ 9,064	\$ 10,774	\$ 15,998	\$ 21,600
Less:						
Gain on settlement of contingent consideration of project acquisition				4,809		4,809
Add:						
Depreciation and amortization	16,436	7,808	16,436	39,427	23,599	39,427
Interest expense	18,748	10,098	18,748	41,637	43,195	41,637
Income tax expense (benefit)	5,996	4,952	828	18,337	(8,891)	1,711
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 46,526	\$ 22,463	\$ 45,076	\$ 105,366	\$ 73,901	\$ 99,566

- (4) Represents Adjusted EBITDA that would have been attributable to our 17.4% controlling interest in NEE Operating LP. We define Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners as Net income attributable to NEE Partners plus NEE Partners' share of interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization less certain non-cash, non-recurring items. Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners is a non-GAAP financial measure. This measurement is not recognized in accordance with GAAP and should not be viewed as an alternative to GAAP measures of performance. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners is net income attributable to NEE Partners. The presentation of Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items. We believe Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners is useful to investors in evaluating our operating performance because it is used by investors to assess the ability of our assets to generate sufficient cash flows to make distributions to NEE Partners.

Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations include:

it does not reflect our cash expenditures or future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;

it does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, working capital;

it does not reflect significant interest expense or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments on our outstanding debt;

it does not reflect payments made or future requirements for income taxes;

although it reflects adjustments for factors that we do not consider indicative of future performance, we may, in the future, incur expenses similar to the adjustments reflected in our calculation of Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners in this prospectus; and

**Table of Contents**

although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future and Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners does not reflect cash requirements for such replacements.

Investors are encouraged to evaluate each adjustment and the reasons we consider it appropriate for supplemental analysis.

The following table presents a reconciliation of net income attributable to NEE Partners to Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners, on a historical basis and pro forma basis, as applicable, for each of the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended		Pro Forma Three Months Ended		Year Ended		Pro Forma
	March 31,		March 31,		December 31,		Year Ended
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2013	2012	December 31, 2013
	(in thousands)						
Net Income attributable to NEE Partners	\$	\$	\$	1,726	\$	\$	\$ 7,642
Less:							
Gain on settlement of contingent consideration of project acquisition							837
Add:							
Depreciation and Amortization				2,859			6,859
Interest expense				3,262			7,245
Income tax expense (benefit)				(4)			(3,585)
Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners	\$	\$	\$	7,843	\$	\$	\$ 17,324

- (5) Expansion capital expenditures for each of the periods presented consist solely of construction expenditures, which were funded through third-party financings or by NEECH.
- (6) For each period represented, GWh generated represents the amount of energy produced measured in GWh generated by our Initial Portfolio.

**Table of Contents**

**RISK FACTORS**

Limited partner interests are inherently different from shares of capital stock of a corporation, although many of the business risks to which we are subject are similar to those that would be faced by a corporation engaged in similar businesses and we will be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. We urge you to carefully consider the following risk factors together with all of the other information included in this prospectus in evaluating an investment in our common units. If any of the following risks were to occur, our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders could be materially and adversely affected. In that case, we might not be able to pay distributions to our unitholders, the trading price of our common units could decline and you could lose all or part of your investment in us.

**Risks Related to the Operation of Our Projects**

*We have a limited operating history and our projects may not perform as we expect.*

The projects in our Initial Portfolio are relatively new. Bluewater is in the final stages of construction and the remainder of our Initial Portfolio commenced operations within the past five years. In addition, we expect that many of the projects that we may acquire, including the NEER ROFO Projects, will either not have commenced operations, have recently commenced operations or otherwise have a limited operating history. As a result, our assumptions and estimates regarding the performance of these projects are and will be made without the benefit of a meaningful operating history, which may impair our ability to accurately estimate our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity. The ability of our projects to perform as we expect will also be subject to risks inherent in newly constructed energy projects, including equipment performance below our expectations, system failures and outages. The failure of some or all of our projects to perform according to our expectations could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

*Our ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders will be affected by wind and solar conditions at our projects.*

The amount of energy that a wind project can produce depends on wind speeds, air density, weather and equipment, among other factors. If wind speeds are too low, our wind projects may not perform as we expect or may not be able to generate energy at all and, if it is too high, our wind projects may have to shut down to avoid damage. As a result, the output from our wind projects can vary greatly as local wind speeds and other conditions vary. Similarly, the amount of energy that a solar project is able to produce depends on several factors, including the amount of solar energy that reaches our solar panels. Wind project or solar panel placement, interference from nearby wind projects or other structures and the effects of vegetation, snow, ice, land use and terrain also affect the amount of energy that our wind and solar projects generate. If wind, solar, meteorological, topographical or other conditions at our wind or solar projects are less conducive to energy production than our calculations based on historical conditions and our projections suggest, our projects may not produce the amount of energy we expect. The failure of some or all of our projects to perform according to our expectations could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

*Operation and maintenance of energy projects involve significant risks that could result in unplanned power outages or reduced output.*

There are risks associated with the operation of our projects. These risks include:

breakdown or failure of turbines, blades, solar panels, mirrors and other equipment;

catastrophic events, such as fires, earthquakes, severe weather, tornadoes, ice or hail storms or other meteorological conditions, landslides and other similar events beyond our control, which could severely damage or destroy a project, reduce its energy output or result in personal injury or loss of life;

**Table of Contents**

technical performance below expected levels, including the failure of wind turbines, solar panels, mirrors and other equipment to produce energy as expected due to incorrect measures of performance provided by equipment suppliers;

increases in the cost of operating the projects, including costs relating to labor, equipment, insurance and real estate taxes;

operator or contractor error or failure to perform;

serial design or manufacturing defects, which may not be covered by warranty;

extended events, including force majeure, under certain PPAs, RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts that may give rise to a termination right of the Energy Sale Counterparty;

failure to comply with permits and the inability to renew or replace permits that have expired or terminated;

the inability to operate within limitations that may be imposed by current or future governmental permits;

replacements for failed equipment, which may need to meet new interconnection standards or require system impact studies and compliance that may be difficult or expensive to achieve;

land use, environmental or other regulatory requirements;

disputes with the BLM, other owners of land on which our projects are located or adjacent landowners;

changes in law, including changes in governmental permit requirements;

government or utility exercise of eminent domain power or similar events; and

existence of liens, encumbrances and other imperfections in title affecting real estate interests.

These and other factors could require us to shut down our wind or solar projects. These factors could also degrade equipment, reduce the useful life of interconnection and transmission facilities and materially increase maintenance and other costs. Unanticipated capital expenditures associated with maintaining or repairing our projects may reduce profitability.

In addition, replacement and spare parts for solar panels, wind turbines and other key pieces of equipment may be difficult or costly to acquire or may be unavailable. For example, the projects in our Initial Portfolio do not always hold spare substation main transformers and, if any of these projects had to replace any of its substation main transformers, they would be unable to sell energy until replacement equipment were installed. Each solar and wind project requires a specific transformer design and, if we do not have an acceptable spare available, we may need to order a replacement. Order lead times can be lengthy, potentially reaching up to one year.

Any of the operational risks described above could significantly decrease or eliminate the revenues of a project, significantly increase its operating costs, cause us to default under our financing agreements or give rise to damages or penalties owed by us to an Energy Sale Counterparty, another contractual counterparty, a governmental authority or other third parties or cause defaults under related contracts or permits. Any of these events could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.



## **Table of Contents**

***Some of our projects and some NEER ROFO Projects wind turbines are not generating the amount of energy estimated by their manufacturers original power curves. Further, the manufacturers may not be able to restore energy capacity at the affected turbines.***

Wind turbine generators for our projects representing approximately 167 MW of nameplate generating capacity are not generating the amount of energy they should be according to the turbine manufacturer's original power curves. We expect that the turbine manufacturer will undertake a combination of modifications to improve the electricity generation to within guaranteed levels with respect to approximately 107 MW of the affected turbines. Because of regulatory issues, we do not expect that the energy generation with respect to the approximately 60 MW of remaining affected turbines will be able to be restored to within guaranteed levels, although we do expect some incremental improvements.

In addition, we believe that the wind turbine generators of certain NEER ROFO Projects totaling approximately 568 MW of nameplate capacity are not generating the amount of energy they should be according to the turbine manufacturer's original power curves. We expect that the turbine manufacturer will undertake a combination of modifications to improve the energy generation to within guaranteed levels with respect to approximately 162 MW of these affected turbines but that only incremental improvements will be made with respect to the remaining affected turbines due to regulatory issues. The financial analysis for each of our affected projects and the affected NEER ROFO Projects utilizes a revised power curve that reflects expected performance and not the original power curve.

Although our projections here assume that these efforts will restore the energy generation of the affected turbines as described above, we cannot assure you that the proposed efforts will restore the energy generation as expected, if at all, or that these or other turbines will not experience additional energy generation deficiencies. The occurrence of any of these events could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Initially, we will depend on certain of the projects in our Initial Portfolio for a substantial portion of our anticipated cash flows.***

Initially, we will depend on certain of the projects in our Initial Portfolio for a substantial portion of our anticipated cash flows. For example, we expect our largest project, Genesis, to account for between approximately 20% and 25% of the net generation of our Initial Portfolio and between approximately 40% and 45% of our Adjusted EBITDA for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015. We may not be able to successfully execute our acquisition strategy in order to further diversify our sources of cash flow and reduce our portfolio concentration. Consequently, the impairment or loss of any one or more of the projects in our Initial Portfolio, such as Genesis, could materially and disproportionately reduce our total energy generation and cash flows and, as a result, have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Terrorist or similar attacks could impact our projects or surrounding areas and adversely affect our business.***

Terrorists have attacked energy assets such as substations and related infrastructure in the past and may attack them in the future. Any attacks on our projects or the facilities of third parties on which our projects rely could severely damage such projects, disrupt business operations, result in loss of service to customers and require significant time and expense to repair. Additionally, energy-related facilities, such as substations and related infrastructure, are protected by limited security measures, in most cases only perimeter fencing. Cyber-attacks, including those targeting information systems or electronic control systems used to operate our energy projects and the facilities of third parties on which our projects rely could severely disrupt business operations, result in loss of service to customers and significant expense to repair security breaches or system damage. Our Initial Portfolio, as well as projects we may

acquire and the facilities of third parties on which our projects rely,

## **Table of Contents**

may be targets of terrorist acts and affected by responses to terrorist acts, each of which could fully or partially disrupt our projects' ability to produce, transmit, transport and distribute energy. To the extent such acts equate to a force majeure event under our PPAs and FIT Contracts, the Energy Sale Counterparty may terminate such PPAs or FIT Contracts if such force majeure event continues for a period ranging from 12 months to 36 months as specified in the applicable agreement. A terrorist act or similar attack could significantly decrease revenues or result in significant reconstruction or remediation costs, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

### ***Our energy production may be substantially below our expectations if a natural disaster or meteorological conditions damage our turbines, solar panels, other equipment or facilities.***

A natural disaster or other meteorological conditions could damage or require us to shut down our turbines, solar panels, other equipment or facilities, impeding our ability to maintain and operate our projects, decreasing energy production levels and our revenues. To the extent these conditions equate to a force majeure event under our PPAs and FIT Contracts, the Energy Sale Counterparty may terminate such PPAs or FIT Contracts if the force majeure event continues for a period ranging from 12 months to 36 months as specified in the applicable agreement. These conditions could also damage or reduce the useful life of interconnection and transmission facilities of third parties relied upon by our projects and increase maintenance costs. For example, Genesis is located in an area of California that has experienced substantial seismic activity, the reoccurrence of which could cause significant physical damage to Genesis' facilities and the surrounding energy transmission infrastructure. Replacement and spare parts for solar panels, wind turbines and key pieces of equipment may be difficult or costly to acquire or may be unavailable. In certain instances, our projects would be unable to sell energy until a replacement is installed. If we experience a prolonged interruption at one of our projects, our energy production could decrease. Production of less energy than expected due to these or other conditions could reduce our revenues, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

### ***We are not able to insure against all potential risks and we may become subject to higher insurance premiums.***

We are exposed to numerous risks inherent in the operation of wind and solar projects, including equipment failure, manufacturing defects, natural disasters, terrorist attacks, sabotage, vandalism and environmental risks. The occurrence of any one of these events may result in us being named as a defendant in lawsuits asserting claims for substantial damages, including environmental cleanup costs, personal injury, property damage, fines and penalties. Further, with respect to Bluewater and any future acquisitions of any projects that are under construction or development, we are, or will, be exposed to risks inherent in the construction of these projects.

We share insurance coverage with NextEra and its affiliates, for which we will reimburse NextEra under the Management Services Agreement. NextEra currently maintains liability insurance coverage for itself and its affiliates, including us, which covers legal and contractual liabilities arising out of bodily injury, personal injury or property damage, including resulting loss of use, to third parties. Additionally, NextEra also maintains coverage for itself and its affiliates, including us, for physical damage to assets and resulting business interruption, including damage caused by terrorist acts committed by a U.S. person or interest. However, such policies do not cover all potential losses and coverage is not always available in the insurance market on commercially reasonable terms. To the extent NextEra or any of its affiliates experiences covered losses under the insurance policies, the limit of our coverage for potential losses may be decreased.

NextEra may also reduce or eliminate such coverage at any time. We may not be able to maintain or obtain insurance of the type and amount we desire at reasonable rates and we may elect to self-insure a portion of our portfolio. The insurance coverage we do obtain may contain large deductibles or fail to cover certain risks or all potential losses. In

addition, our insurance policies are subject to annual review by our insurers and may not

## **Table of Contents**

be renewed on similar or favorable terms, including coverage, deductibles or premiums, or at all. If a significant accident or event occurs for which we are not fully insured, it could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Warranties provided by the suppliers of equipment for our projects may be limited by the ability of a supplier to satisfy its warranty obligations or by the expiration of applicable time or liability limits, which could reduce or void the warranty protections, or the warranties may be insufficient to compensate our losses.***

We expect to benefit from various warranties, including product quality and performance warranties, provided by suppliers in connection with the purchase of equipment necessary to operate our projects. Our suppliers may fail to fulfill their warranty obligations. For example, the supplier of solar reflector panels for Genesis, Flabeg Solar US Corp., filed for Chapter 7 bankruptcy on April 2, 2013, and may not be able to perform under its warranty. Even if a supplier fulfills its obligations, the warranty may not be sufficient to compensate us for all of our losses. In addition, these warranties generally expire within two to five years after the date each equipment item is delivered or commissioned and are subject to liability limits. If installation is delayed, we may lose all or a portion of the benefit of a warranty. If we seek warranty protection and a supplier is unable or unwilling to perform its warranty obligations, whether as a result of its financial condition or otherwise, or if the term of the warranty has expired or a liability limit has been reached, there may be a reduction or loss of warranty protection for the affected equipment, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Supplier concentration at certain of our projects may expose us to significant credit or performance risks.***

We often rely on a single supplier or a small number of suppliers to provide equipment, technology and other services required to operate our projects. If any of these suppliers cannot perform under their agreements with us, we may need to seek alternative suppliers. Alternative suppliers, products and services may not perform similarly and replacement agreements may not be available on favorable terms or at all. We may be required to make significant capital contributions to remove, replace or redesign equipment that cannot be supported or maintained by replacement suppliers. A number of factors, including the credit quality of our suppliers, may impact their ability to perform under our supply agreements. The failure of any supplier to fulfill its contractual obligations to us could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***We rely on interconnection and transmission facilities of third parties to deliver energy from our projects. If these facilities become unavailable, our projects may not be able to operate or deliver energy.***

We depend on interconnection and transmission facilities owned and operated by third parties to deliver the energy from our projects. In addition, some of our the projects in our Initial Portfolio share essential facilities, including interconnection and transmission facilities, with other projects that are owned by NextEra and its affiliates. Many of the interconnection and transmission arrangements for the projects in our Initial Portfolio are governed by separate agreements with the owners of the transmission or distribution system. Congestion, emergencies, maintenance, outages, overloads, requests by other parties for transmission service, actions or omissions by other projects with which we share facilities and other events beyond our control could partially or completely curtail deliveries of energy by our projects and increase project costs. For example, Southern California Edison recently requested approval from the California Public Utilities Commission to upgrade four transmission circuits over a 36 to 48 month time period beginning in 2016, which may limit the ability of Genesis to deliver its full output capability into the electric grid during that time period. In addition, any termination of a project's interconnection or transmission arrangements or non-compliance by an interconnection provider, the owner of shared facilities or another third party with its

obligations under an interconnection or transmission arrangement may delay or prevent our projects from delivering energy to our Energy Sale Counterparties or into the IESO-managed system, as applicable. If the interconnection or transmission arrangement for a project is terminated, we may not be able to replace it on similar terms to the existing arrangement, or at all, or we may experience significant delays or costs in connection with such

**Table of Contents**

replacement. Moreover, if we acquire any projects that are under construction or development, a failure or delay in the construction or development of interconnection or transmission facilities could delay the completion of the project. The unavailability of interconnection, transmission or shared facilities could adversely affect the operation of our projects and the revenues received, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Our business is subject to liabilities and operating restrictions arising from environmental, health and safety laws and regulations.***

Our projects are subject to numerous environmental, health and safety laws, regulations, guidelines, policies, directives and other requirements governing or relating to, among other things:

the protection of wildlife, including migratory birds, bats and threatened and endangered species, such as desert tortoises, or protected species such as eagles, and other protected plants or animals whose presence or movements often cannot be anticipated or controlled;

controlled or uncontrolled air emissions, including greenhouse gases;

water use, and discharges of process materials or pollutants into surface waters;

the storage, handling, use, transportation and distribution of hazardous or toxic substances and other regulated substances, materials, and/or chemicals;

releases of hazardous materials into the environment and the prevention of and responses to releases of hazardous materials into soil and groundwater;

federal, state, provincial or local land use, zoning, building and transportation laws and requirements, which may mandate conformance with sound levels, radar and communications interference, hazards to aviation or navigation, or other potential nuisances such as the flickering effect caused when rotating wind turbine blades periodically cast shadows through openings such as the windows of neighboring properties, which is known as shadow flicker;

the presence or discovery of archaeological, religious or cultural resources at or near our operations; and

the protection of workers health and safety.

If our projects do not comply with such laws, regulations or requirements, we may be required to pay penalties or fines, or curtail or cease operations of the affected projects. Violations of environmental and other laws, regulations and permit requirements, including certain violations of laws protecting wetlands, migratory birds, bald and golden eagles and threatened or endangered species, may also result in criminal sanctions or injunctions.

Our projects also carry inherent environmental, health and safety risks, including the potential for related civil litigation, regulatory compliance, remediation orders, fines and other penalties. For instance, our projects could malfunction or experience other unplanned events that cause spills or emissions that exceed permitted levels, resulting in personal injury, fines or property damage.

Additionally, we may be held liable for related investigatory and cleanup costs, which are typically not limited by law or regulation, for any property where there has been a release or potential release of a hazardous substance, regardless of whether we knew of or caused the release or potential release. We could also be liable for other costs, including fines, personal injury or property damage or damage to natural resources. In addition,



## **Table of Contents**

some environmental laws place a lien on a contaminated site in favor of the government as security for damages and costs it may incur for contamination and cleanup. Contained or uncontained hazardous substances on, under or near our projects, regardless of whether we own or lease the sited property, or the inability to remove or otherwise remediate such substances may restrict or eliminate our ability to operate our projects.

Our projects are designed specifically for the landscape of each project site and cover a large area. As such, archaeological discoveries could occur at our projects at any time. Such discoveries could result in the restriction or elimination of our ability to operate our business at any project. Landscape-scale projects and operations may cause impacts to certain landscape views, trails, or traditional cultural activities. Such impacts may trigger claims from citizens that our projects are infringing upon their legal rights or other claims, resulting in the restriction or elimination of our ability to operate our business at any project.

Environmental, health and safety laws and regulations have generally become more stringent over time, and we expect this trend to continue. Significant capital and operating costs may be incurred at any time to keep our projects in compliance with environmental, health and safety laws and regulations. If it is not economical to make those expenditures, or if we violate any of these laws and regulations, it may be necessary to retire projects or restrict or modify our operations, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Our projects may be adversely affected by legislative changes or a failure to comply with applicable energy regulations.***

Our Project Entities and Energy Sale Counterparties are subject to regulation by U.S. and Canadian federal, state, provincial and local authorities. The wholesale sale of electric energy in continental U.S. states other than Texas is subject to the jurisdiction of FERC and the ability of a U.S. Project Entity to charge the negotiated rates contained in its PPA is subject to that project company's maintenance of its general authorization from FERC to sell electricity at market-based rates. FERC may revoke a U.S. Project Entity's market-based rate authorization if it determines that the U.S. Project Entity can exercise market power in transmission or generation, create barriers to entry or has engaged in abusive affiliate transactions. The negotiated rates entered into under the U.S. Project Entities' PPAs could be changed by FERC if it determined such change is in the public interest. While this threshold public interest determination would require extraordinary circumstances under FERC precedent, if FERC decreases the prices paid to us for energy delivered under any of our PPAs, our revenues could be below our projections and our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders could be materially adversely affected.

The renewable energy industry in Ontario is subject to provincial government regulation. A change in government could result in a provincial government that is not supportive of renewable energy projects. Changing political priorities or a change in government in Ontario could affect the ability of the OPA to perform its obligations under our FIT Contracts and RESOP Contracts or could result in the cancellation of our FIT Contracts or RESOP contracts. The provincial government may fail to pass legislation to preserve sufficient funds for payments to various Ontario projects, including ours, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

Our Project Entities, with the exceptions of Conestogo, Sombra and Moore, are subject to the mandatory reliability standards of NERC. The NERC reliability standards are a series of requirements that relate to maintaining the reliability of the North American bulk electric system and cover a wide variety of topics including physical and cybersecurity of critical assets, information protocols, frequency and voltage standards, testing, documentation and outage management. If we fail to comply with these standards, we could be subject to sanctions, including substantial monetary penalties. Although our U.S. Project Entities are not subject to state utility rate regulation because they sell

energy exclusively on a wholesale basis, we are subject to other state regulations that may affect our projects' sale of energy and operations. Changes in state regulatory treatment are unpredictable and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

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**Table of Contents**

The structure of the industry and regulation in the U.S. and Canada is currently, and may continue to be, subject to challenges and restructuring proposals. Additional regulatory approvals may be required due to changes in law or for other reasons. We expect the laws and regulation applicable to our business and the energy industry generally to be in a state of transition for the foreseeable future. Changes in such laws and regulations could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***As a result of the FPA and FERC's regulations of transfers of control over public utilities, an investor could be required to obtain FERC approval to acquire common units that would give the investor and its affiliates indirect ownership of 10% or more in our U.S. Project Entities.***

Our U.S. Project Entities are public utilities as defined in the FPA. Any transfer of direct or indirect control over them requires pre-approval by FERC under FPA Section 203, either under existing blanket authorizations or by application. A violation of FPA Section 203 by us as the seller, or an investor as the purchaser of our voting securities, could subject the party in violation to civil or criminal penalties under the FPA, including civil penalties of up to \$1 million per day per violation and other possible sanctions imposed by FERC under the FPA. FERC generally presumes that a direct or indirect holder of 10% or more of a public utility's voting securities controls the public utility.

After the completion of this offering, we will submit an application to FERC requesting an order under FPA Section 203 or a declaratory order determining that our common units are passive, non-voting securities that will not allow any unitholders to exercise control over our public utility subsidiaries. Unless and until FERC grants our application, we will include restrictions in our partnership agreement under which an investor and its affiliates that acquire 10% or more of our outstanding Limited Partnership Interests will lose their voting rights. If FERC grants our application, the 10% restriction will automatically increase to 20%.

***We do not own all of the land on which the projects in our Initial Portfolio are located and our use and enjoyment of the property may be adversely affected to the extent that there are any lienholders or leaseholders that have rights that are superior to our rights.***

We do not own all of the land on which the projects in our Initial Portfolio are located and they generally are, and our future projects may be, located on land occupied under long-term easements, leases and rights of way. The ownership interests in the land subject to these easements, leases and rights of way may be subject to mortgages securing loans or other liens and other easement, lease rights and rights of way of third parties that were created prior to our projects easements, leases and rights of way. As a result, some of our projects' rights under such easements, leases or rights of way may be subject to the rights of these third parties. While we perform title searches, obtain title insurance, record our interests in the real property records of the projects' localities and enter into non-disturbance agreements to protect ourselves against these risks, such measures may be inadequate to protect against all risk that our rights to use the land on which our projects are or will be located and our projects' rights to such easements, leases and rights of way could be lost or curtailed. Any such loss or curtailment of our rights to use the land on which our projects are or will be located could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders. See Business Legal Proceedings.

***We are subject to risks associated with litigation or administrative proceedings that could materially impact our operations, including future proceedings related to projects we subsequently acquire.***

We are subject to risks and costs, including potential negative publicity, associated with lawsuits or claims contesting the operation or, if we acquire a project that has not reached COD at the time of the acquisition, construction of our projects. The result and costs of defending any such lawsuit, regardless of the merits and eventual outcome, may be

material. For example, individuals and interest groups may sue to challenge the issuance of a permit for a project or seek to enjoin a project's operations. We may also become subject to claims

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**Table of Contents**

based on alleged negative health effects related to acoustics, shadow flicker or other claims associated with wind turbines from individuals who live near our projects. Any such legal proceedings or disputes could materially increase the costs associated with our operations. In addition, we may subsequently become subject to legal proceedings or claims contesting the construction or operation of our projects. Any such legal proceedings or disputes could materially delay our ability to complete construction of a project in a timely manner or at all or materially increase the costs associated with commencing or continuing a project's commercial operations. Settlement of claims and unfavorable outcomes or developments relating to these proceedings or disputes, such as judgments for monetary damages, injunctions or denial or revocation of permits, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Summerhaven, Conestogo and Bluewater are subject to Domestic Content Requirements under their FIT Contracts.***

The FIT Contracts relating to Summerhaven, Conestogo and Bluewater require suppliers to source a minimum percentage of their equipment and services from Ontario resident suppliers to meet MRDCL. The MRDCL for Summerhaven and Conestogo is 25% and the MRDCL for Bluewater is 50%. Following their respective CODs, Summerhaven and Conestogo submitted reports to the OPA summarizing how they achieved the MRDCL for their respective projects ( Domestic Content Reports ) and the OPA issued letters to Summerhaven and Conestogo acknowledging the completeness of their Domestic Content Reports. Bluewater is not expected to achieve COD until the third quarter of 2014 and, accordingly, has not yet submitted a Domestic Content Report to the OPA. The OPA may not deem the Bluewater Domestic Content Report complete as required under the terms of the Bluewater FIT Contract and may request additional information from Bluewater and supporting documentation related to the activities that Bluewater undertook in order to meet its MRDCL. Following the issuance by the OPA of letters acknowledging the completeness of the Domestic Content Reports for Summerhaven, Conestogo and Bluewater, the OPA will have the right to audit these projects for a period of up to 7 years post-COD to confirm that they complied with the domestic content requirements under their respective FIT Contracts and achieved their respective MRDCLs. The failure by any of these projects to achieve its MRDCL could result in a default by such project under its FIT Contract, which default may not be possible to cure and could result in a termination of its FIT Contract, without compensation, by the OPA. A termination of the FIT Contract for Summerhaven, Conestogo or Bluewater could negatively affect revenues generated by such project and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Our cross-border operations require us to comply with anti-corruption laws and regulations of the U.S. government and non-U.S. jurisdictions.***

Doing business in the U.S. and Canada requires us to comply with anti-corruption laws and regulations of the U.S. and Canadian governments. Our failure to comply with these laws and regulations may expose us to liabilities. These laws and regulations may apply to us, NextEra and its affiliates and our individual directors, officers, employees and agents and may restrict our operations, trade practices, investment decisions and partnering activities. In particular, our Canadian operations are subject to U.S. laws and regulations, such as the FCPA, as well as Canadian anti-corruption laws. The FCPA prohibits U.S. companies and their officers, directors, employees and agents acting on their behalf from offering, promising, authorizing or providing anything of value to foreign officials for the purposes of influencing official decisions or obtaining or retaining business or otherwise securing an improper advantage. The FCPA also requires companies to make and keep books, records and accounts that accurately and fairly reflect transactions and dispositions of assets and to maintain a system of adequate internal accounting controls. As part of our business, we deal with foreign officials for purposes of the FCPA. As a result, business dealings between our employees and any such foreign official could expose us to the risk of violating anti-corruption laws even if such business practices may be customary or are not otherwise prohibited between us and a private third party. Violations

of these legal requirements are punishable by criminal fines and imprisonment, civil penalties, disgorgement of profits,

**Table of Contents**

injunctions, debarment from government contracts as well as other remedial measures. We have established policies and procedures designed to assist us and personnel acting on our behalf in complying with applicable U.S. and Canadian laws and regulations; however, these policies and procedures may not be effective and any such violation of these legal requirements, inadvertent or otherwise, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***We are subject to risks associated with our ownership or acquisition of projects that remain under construction, which could result in our inability to complete construction projects on time or at all, and make projects too expensive to complete or cause the return on an investment to be less than expected.***

As of the date of this prospectus, Bluewater remains under construction. As part of our acquisition strategy, we may choose to acquire other projects that have not yet commenced operations and remain under construction. There may be delays or unexpected developments in completing Bluewater or any future construction projects, which could cause the construction costs of these projects to exceed our expectations, result in substantial delays or prevent the project from commencing commercial operations. Various factors could contribute to construction-cost overruns, construction halts or delays or failure to commence commercial operations, including:

delays in obtaining, or the inability to obtain, necessary permits and licenses;

delays and increased costs related to the interconnection of new projects to the transmission system;

the inability to acquire or maintain land use and access rights;

the failure to receive contracted third-party services;

interruptions to dispatch at our projects;

supply interruptions;

work stoppages;

labor disputes;

weather interferences;

unforeseen engineering, environmental and geological problems, including discoveries of contamination, protected plant or animal species or habitat, archaeological or cultural resources or other

environment-related factors;

unanticipated cost overruns in excess of budgeted contingencies; and

failure of contracting parties to perform under contracts.

In addition, where we have a relationship with a third party to complete construction of any construction project, we are subject to the viability and performance of the third party. Our inability to find a replacement contracting party, where the original contracting party has failed to perform, could result in the abandonment of the construction of such project, while we could remain obligated under other agreements associated with the project, including offtake agreements.

Any of these risks could cause our financial returns on these investments to be lower than expected or otherwise delay or prevent the completion of such projects or distribution of cash to us, or could cause us to operate below expected capacity or availability levels, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.



## Table of Contents

### **Risks Related to Our Project Agreements**

*We rely on a limited number of Energy Sale Counterparties and we are exposed to the risk that they are unwilling or unable to fulfill their contractual obligations to us or that they otherwise terminate their agreements with us.*

In most instances, we sell the energy generated by each of our projects to a single Energy Sale Counterparty under a long-term PPA, RESOP Contract or FIT Contract or into the IESO-managed system subject to a FIT Contract with a single Energy Sale Counterparty. We expect that these contracts will be the primary, and possibly the exclusive, source of cash flows available to make distributions to our unitholders. Thus, the actions of even one Energy Sale Counterparty may cause variability of our overall revenue, profitability and cash flows that are difficult to predict. Similarly, significant portions of our credit risk may be concentrated among a limited number of Energy Sale Counterparties and the failure of even one of these key customers to pay its obligations to us could significantly impact our business and financial results. We expect our largest Energy Sale Counterparties, which are PG&E and the OPA, to account for an aggregate of between approximately 45% and 50% of the net generation of our Initial Portfolio and an aggregate of between approximately 75% and 80% of our Adjusted EBITDA for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015. Any or all of our Energy Sale Counterparties may fail to fulfill their obligations under their PPAs, RESOP Contracts or FIT Contracts or with us, whether as a result of the occurrence of any of the following factors or otherwise:

Specified events beyond our control or the control of an Energy Sale Counterparty may temporarily or permanently excuse the Energy Sale Counterparty from its obligation to accept and pay for delivery of energy generated by a project. These events could include a system emergency, transmission failure or curtailment, adverse weather conditions or labor disputes.

Since a governmental entity makes payments with respect to the energy produced by some of our projects under FIT Contracts and RESOP Contracts, we are subject to the risk that the governmental entity may unilaterally change or terminate its contract with us, whether as a result of legislative, regulatory, political or other activities.

The ability of our Energy Sale Counterparties to fulfill their contractual obligations to us depends on their creditworthiness. We are exposed to the credit risk of our Energy Sale Counterparties over an extended period of time due to the long-term nature of our PPAs, RESOP Contracts or FIT Contracts with them. These customers could become subject to insolvency or liquidation proceedings or otherwise suffer a deterioration of their creditworthiness when they have not yet paid for energy delivered, any of which could result in underpayment or nonpayment under such agreements.

A default or failure by us to satisfy minimum energy delivery requirements or in mechanical availability levels under our PPAs could result in damage payments to the Energy Sale Counterparty or termination of the applicable PPA.

If our Energy Sale Counterparties are unwilling or unable to fulfill their contractual obligations to us, or if they otherwise terminate such agreements prior to their expiration, we may not be able to recover contractual payments and commitments due to us. Since the number of customers that purchase wholesale bulk energy is limited, we may be unable to find a new energy purchaser on similar or favorable terms or at all. In some cases, there currently is no

economical alternative counterparty to the original Energy Sale Counterparty. For example, if the OPA fails to make payments as required by its FIT Contracts with our Ontario projects, these projects would receive only wholesale spot prices for output sold into the IESO-managed system, which could result in a reduction of cash flows and impact our ability to cover operational or financing costs for such projects. The loss of or a reduction in sales to any of our Energy Sale Counterparties could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

**Table of Contents**

***We may not be able to extend, renew or replace expiring or terminated agreements, such as our PPAs, RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts, at favorable rates or on a long-term basis.***

As of June 30, 2014, after giving effect to the Bluewater FIT Contract, the capacity weighted average remaining contract life under our PPAs and FIT and RESOP Contracts will be approximately 21 years. Our ability to extend, renew or replace our existing PPAs and FIT Contracts depends on a number of factors beyond our control, including:

whether the Energy Sale Counterparty has a continued need for energy at the time of expiration, which could be affected by, among other things, the presence or absence of governmental incentives or mandates, prevailing market prices, and the availability of other energy sources;

the satisfactory performance of our delivery obligations under such PPAs, RESOP Contracts or FIT Contracts;

the regulatory environment applicable to our Energy Sale Counterparties at the time;

macroeconomic factors present at the time, such as population, business trends and related energy demand; and

the effects of regulation on the contracting practices of our Energy Sale Counterparties.

If we are not able to extend, renew or replace on acceptable terms existing PPAs, RESOP Contracts or FIT Contracts before contract expiration, or if such agreements are otherwise terminated in accordance with their terms prior to their expiration, we may be forced to sell the energy on an uncontracted basis at prevailing market prices, which could be materially lower than we received under the contract. Alternatively, if there is no market for a project's uncontracted energy, we may be required to decommission the project before the end of its useful life. Any failure to extend or replace a significant portion of our existing PPAs, RESOP Contracts or FIT Contracts, or extending, renewing or replacing them at lower prices or with other unfavorable terms could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***If the energy production by or availability of our U.S. projects is less than expected, they may not be able to satisfy minimum production or availability obligations under U.S. Project Entities' PPAs.***

Our energy production or our projects' availability could be less than historically has been the case or less than we have projected due to various factors, including unexpected wind or solar conditions, natural disasters, equipment underperformance, operational issues, changes in law or actions taken by third parties. Our U.S. Project Entities existing PPAs contain provisions that require us to produce a minimum amount of energy or be available a minimum percentage of time over periods of time specified in the PPAs. A failure to produce sufficient energy or to be sufficiently available to meet our commitments under our PPAs could result in the payment of damages or the termination of PPAs and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.



**Table of Contents**

**Risks Related to Our Acquisition Strategy and Future Growth**

*Our growth strategy depends on locating and acquiring interests in additional projects consistent with our business strategy at favorable prices.*

We intend to pursue opportunities to acquire contracted clean energy projects that are either operational or, in limited circumstances, construction-ready or under development, from NEER and others consistent with our business strategy. Various factors could affect the availability of such projects to grow our business, including the following factors and those described in more detail in the additional risk factors below:

competing bids for a project, including the NEER ROFO Projects, from companies that may have substantially greater purchasing power, capital or other resources or a greater willingness to accept lower returns or more risk than we do;

fewer acquisition opportunities than we expect, which could result from, among other things, available projects having less desirable economic returns or higher risk profiles than we believe suitable for our acquisition strategy and future growth;

NEER's failure to complete the development of the NEER ROFO Projects or other projects that have not yet commenced commercial operations, which could result from, among other things, failure to obtain or comply with permits, failure to procure the requisite financing or interconnection or failure to satisfy the conditions to the project agreements or any of the other projects in its development pipeline, in a timely manner or at all;

our failure to successfully develop and finance projects, to the extent that we decide to acquire projects that are not yet operational or to otherwise pursue development activities with respect to new projects;

our inability to obtain the necessary consents to consummate the acquisition; and

the presence or potential presence of:

pollution, contamination or other wastes at the project site;

protected plant or animal species;

archaeological or cultural resources;

waking or shadowing effects caused by neighboring activities, which reduce potential energy production by decreasing wind speeds or reducing available insolation;

land use restrictions and other environment-related siting factors;

growing local opposition to wind and solar projects in certain markets due to concerns about noise, health, environmental or other alleged impacts of wind or solar projects; and

slower industry growth than indicated in the third party sources upon which our industry growth estimates are based.

Any of these factors could limit our acquisition opportunities and prevent us from executing our growth strategy and making cash distributions to our unitholders. In addition, antidumping cases have been filed at the U.S. Department of Commerce that seek to impose duties on solar cells manufactured in Taiwan that are

**Table of Contents**

incorporated in solar panels imported into the U.S. by Chinese companies. In June 2014, the U.S. Department of Commerce imposed preliminary tariffs ranging from 18.56% to 35.21% on such solar panels. If these cases are ultimately decided in favor of the petitioners, the price of solar panels could increase for the foreseeable future, which may make development of solar projects less competitive and adversely impact our ability to acquire solar projects in the future.

Further, even if we consummate acquisitions that we believe will be accretive to cash available for distribution per common unit, those acquisitions may decrease the cash available for distribution as a result of incorrect assumptions in our evaluation of such acquisitions, unforeseen consequences or other external events beyond our control.

Any failure to locate and acquire interest in additional, contracted clean energy projects at favorable prices could have a material adverse effect on our ability to grow our business and make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement requires that it distribute its available cash, which could limit its ability to grow and make acquisitions.***

We expect that NEE Operating LP will distribute its available cash (as defined in NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement) to its unitholders, including us, and will rely primarily upon external financing sources, including commercial borrowings and the issuance of debt and equity securities, to fund acquisitions and expansion capital expenditures. The incurrence of additional commercial borrowings or other debt to finance our growth strategy would result in increased interest expense, which in turn could have a material adverse effect on our ability to grow our business and make cash distributions to our unitholders. To the extent we or NEE Operating LP issue additional units in connection with any acquisitions or expansion capital expenditures, the payment of distributions on those additional units may increase the risk that we will be unable to maintain or increase our per unit distribution level. There are no limitations in our or NEE Operating LP's partnership agreements and we do not anticipate there being limitations in NEE Operating LP's new revolving credit facility, on our or NEE Operating LP's ability to issue additional units, including units ranking senior to our or NEE Operating LP's common units. In addition, because NEE Operating LP intends to distribute its available cash, our growth may not be as fast as that of businesses which reinvest their available cash to expand ongoing operations. As a result, to the extent NEE Operating LP is unable to finance growth externally or external financing significantly increases interest expense or results in the issuance of additional units, our cash distribution policy will significantly impair its ability to grow and increase its distributions to us.

***Lower prices for other fuel sources reduce the demand for wind and solar energy.***

The amount of wind and solar energy demand is affected by the price and availability of other fuels, including nuclear, coal, natural gas and oil, as well as other sources of renewable energy. For example, low natural gas prices have led, in some instances, to increased natural gas consumption in lieu of other energy sources. To the extent renewable energy, particularly wind and solar energy, becomes less cost-competitive due to reduced government targets and incentives that favor renewable energy, cheaper alternatives or otherwise, demand for wind and solar energy and other forms of renewable energy could decrease. Slow growth or a long-term reduction in the energy demand could have a material adverse effect on our ability to grow our business and make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Government regulations providing incentives and subsidies for clean energy could change at any time and such changes may negatively impact our growth strategy.***

Our strategy to grow our business through the acquisition of clean energy projects partly depends on current government policies that promote and support clean energy and enhance the economic viability of owning clean energy projects. Clean energy projects currently benefit from various U.S. federal, state and local governmental

incentives, such as PTCs, ITCs, the 1603 Cash Grant Program, loan guarantees, RPS, the Modified



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**Table of Contents**

Accelerated Cost-Recovery System for depreciation and other incentives, as well as similar Canadian incentives, such as FIT programs, RPS, accelerated cost recovery deductions and other commercially oriented incentives. These policies have had a significant impact on the development of clean energy and they could change at any time. These incentives make the development of clean energy projects more competitive by providing tax credits or grants and accelerated depreciation for a portion of the development costs, decreasing the costs associated with developing such projects or creating demand for renewable energy assets through RPS programs. A loss or reduction in such incentives could decrease the attractiveness of clean energy projects to developers, including NextEra, which could reduce our acquisition opportunities. Such a loss or reduction could also reduce our willingness to pursue or develop certain clean energy projects due to higher operating costs or lower PPAs, RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts.

If these policies are not renewed, the market for future clean energy PPAs or FIT Contracts may be smaller and the prices for future clean energy PPAs or FIT Contracts may be lower. For example, the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code) provides a PTC on a ¢/kWh basis for all qualifying energy produced by a qualifying U.S. wind project during the first ten years after it commences commercial operations. The PTC is no longer available for new wind projects unless they were under construction by the end of 2013 and the developer uses continuous efforts towards commencing commercial operations. Under IRS guidance, projects that were under construction by the end of 2013 and have commenced commercial operations by the end of 2015 will be deemed to have used continuous efforts. The ITC and 1603 Cash Grant Program are U.S. federal incentives that provide an income tax credit or cash grant after the project commences commercial operations of up to 30% of eligible installed costs. An owner of a project that meets the requirements of the applicable incentive has the option to choose which of the foregoing incentives to pursue. A solar project must commence commercial operations on or before December 31, 2016, to qualify for the 30% ITC. A solar project that commences commercial operations after December 31, 2016, may qualify for an ITC equal to 10% of eligible installed costs. Alternatively, in order to qualify for the 1603 Cash Grant, a solar project must have begun construction by the end of 2011 and have commenced commercial operations on or before December 31, 2016. To the extent that these policies are changed in a manner that reduces the incentives that benefit our projects, they could generate reduced revenues and reduced economic returns, experience increased financing costs and encounter difficulty obtaining financing.

Additionally, some states with RPS targets have met, or in the near future will meet, their renewable energy targets. For example, California, which has one of the most aggressive RPS in the U.S., is poised to meet its current target of 25% renewable energy generation by 2016 and has the potential to meet its goal of 33% renewable power generation by 2020 with already-proposed new renewable energy projects. Ontario anticipates meeting its non-hydro renewable energy target of 10.7 GW by 2025. If, as a result of achieving these targets, these and other U.S. states and Canadian provinces do not increase their targets in the near future, demand for additional renewable energy could decrease. To the extent other states and provinces adopt RPS targets, programs or goals, demand for renewable energy could decrease in the future. Any of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to grow our business and make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Our growth strategy depends on the acquisition of projects developed by NextEra and third parties, which face risks related to project siting, financing, construction, permitting, the environment, governmental approvals and the negotiation of project development agreements.***

Project development is a capital intensive business that relies heavily on the availability of debt and equity financing sources to fund projected construction and other capital expenditures. As a result, in order to successfully develop a project, development companies, including NextEra, must obtain sufficient financing to complete the development phase of their projects. Any significant disruption in the credit and capital markets or a significant increase in interest rates could make it difficult for development companies to raise funds when needed to secure construction financing, which would limit a project's ability to obtain financing to complete the construction of a project we may seek to

acquire.

## **Table of Contents**

Project developers, including NextEra, develop, construct, manage, own and operate clean energy and transmission facilities. A key component of their businesses is their ability to construct and operate generation and transmission facilities to meet customer needs. As part of these activities, project developers must periodically apply for licenses and permits from various regulatory authorities and abide by their respective conditions and requirements. If project developers, including NextEra, are unsuccessful in obtaining necessary licenses or permits on acceptable terms or encounter delays in obtaining or renewing such licenses or permits, or if regulatory authorities initiate any associated investigations or enforcement actions or impose penalties or reject projects, the potential number of projects that may be available for us to acquire may be reduced or potential transaction opportunities may be delayed.

If the challenges of developing projects increase for project developers, including NextEra, our pool of available opportunities may be limited, which could have a material adverse effect on our ability to grow our business and make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Our ability to effectively consummate future acquisitions will also depend on our ability to arrange the required or desired financing for acquisitions.***

We may not have sufficient availability under our credit facilities or have access to project-level financing on commercially reasonable terms when acquisition opportunities arise. An inability to obtain the required or desired financing could significantly limit our ability to consummate future acquisitions and effectuate our growth strategy. If financing is available, it may be available only on terms that could significantly increase our interest expense, impose additional or more restrictive covenants and reduce cash available for distribution. Similarly, the issuance of additional equity securities as consideration for acquisitions could cause significant unitholder dilution and reduce the cash available for distribution per unit if the acquisitions are not sufficiently accretive. Our inability to effectively consummate future acquisitions could have a material adverse effect on our ability to grow our business and make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Acquisitions of existing clean energy projects involve numerous risks.***

Our strategy includes growing our business through the acquisition of existing clean energy projects. The acquisition of existing clean energy projects involves numerous risks, including exposure to existing liabilities and unanticipated post-acquisition costs associated with the pre-acquisition activities by the project, difficulty in integrating the acquired projects into our business and, if the projects are in new markets, the risks of entering markets where we have limited experience. Additionally, we risk overpaying for such projects (or not making acquisitions on an accretive basis) and failing to retain the customers of such projects. While we will perform due diligence on prospective acquisitions, we may not discover all potential risks, operational issues or other issues in such projects. Further, the integration and consolidation of acquisitions require substantial human, financial and other resources and, ultimately, our acquisitions may divert our management's attention from our existing business concerns, disrupt our ongoing business or not be successfully integrated. Future acquisitions might not perform as expected or the returns from such acquisitions might not support the financing utilized to acquire them or maintain them. A failure to achieve the financial returns we expect when we acquire clean energy projects could have a material adverse effect on our ability to grow our business and make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Renewable energy procurement is subject to U.S. state and Canadian provincial regulations, with relatively irregular, infrequent and often competitive procurement windows.***

With few material federal policies driving the growth of renewable energy, each U.S. state and Canadian province has its own renewable energy regulations and policies. Renewable energy developers must anticipate the future policy direction in each state and province and secure viable projects before they can bid to procure a PPA or FIT Contract or

other contract through often highly competitive auctions. In particular, energy policy in the key market of Ontario is subject to a political process with respect to its FIT Program and renewable

## **Table of Contents**

energy procurements that may change dramatically as a result of changes in the provincial or political climate. A failure to anticipate accurately the future policy direction in a jurisdiction or to secure viable projects could have a material adverse effect on our ability to grow our business and make cash distributions to our unitholders.

*While we currently own only wind and solar projects, we may acquire other sources of clean energy, including natural gas and nuclear projects, and may expand to include other types of assets including transmission projects. Any future acquisition of non-renewable energy projects, including transmission projects, may present unforeseen challenges and result in a competitive disadvantage relative to our more-established competitors.*

We may acquire other sources of clean energy, including contracted natural gas and nuclear projects, and other types of projects, including transmission projects. We may be unable to identify attractive non-renewable energy or transmission acquisition opportunities or acquire such projects at a price and on terms that are attractive. In addition, the consummation of such acquisitions could expose us to increased operating costs, unforeseen liabilities or risks including regulatory and environmental issues associated with entering new sectors of the energy industry, including requiring a disproportionate amount of our management's attention and resources, which could have an adverse impact on our business and place us at a competitive disadvantage relative to more established non-renewable energy market participants. A failure to successfully integrate such acquisitions with our then-existing projects as a result of unforeseen operational difficulties or otherwise, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to grow our business and make cash distributions to our unitholders.

*We face substantial competition primarily from developers, IPPs, pension and private equity funds for opportunities in North America.*

We believe our primary competitors for opportunities in North America are developers, IPPs, pension and private equity funds. We also compete for personnel with requisite industry knowledge and experience. Furthermore, the industry has experienced and may experience volatile demand for wind turbines, solar panels and related components. If demand for this equipment increases, suppliers may give priority to other market participants, including our competitors, who may have greater resources than we do. An inability to effectively compete with developers, IPPs, pension and private equity funds for opportunities in North America could have a material adverse effect on our ability to grow our business and make cash distributions to our unitholders.

## **Risks Related to Our Financial Activities**

*Restrictions in the new credit facility of NEE Operating LP's direct subsidiaries could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.*

Upon the completion of this offering, the direct subsidiaries of NEE Operating LP will enter into a \$250 million revolving credit facility. This new credit facility will contain various covenants and restrictive provisions that will limit NEE Operating LP's ability to, among other things:

incur or guarantee additional debt;

make distributions on or redeem or repurchase common units;

make certain investments and acquisitions;

incur certain liens or permit them to exist;

enter into certain types of transactions with affiliates;

**Table of Contents**

merge or consolidate with another company; and

transfer, sell or otherwise dispose of projects.

The new credit facility also will contain covenants requiring NEE Operating LP to maintain certain financial ratios, including as a condition to making cash distributions to us and its other unitholders. NEE Operating LP's ability to meet those financial ratios and tests can be affected by events beyond our control, and it may be unable to meet those ratios and tests and therefore may be unable to make cash distributions to its unitholders including us. As a result, we may be unable to make distributions to our unitholders. In addition, the new credit facility will contain events of default customary for transactions of this nature, including the occurrence of a change of control.

The provisions of the new credit facility may affect our ability to obtain future financing and pursue attractive business opportunities and our flexibility in planning for, and reacting to, changes in business conditions. A failure to comply with the provisions of the new credit facility could result in an event of default, which could enable the lenders to declare, subject to the terms and conditions of the revolving credit facility, any outstanding principal of that debt, together with accrued and unpaid interest, to be immediately due and payable and entitle lenders to enforce their security interest. If the payment of the debt is accelerated, the revenue from the projects may be insufficient to repay such debt in full, lenders could enforce their security interest and our unitholders could experience a partial or total loss of their investment. See Description of Certain Financing Arrangements New Revolving Credit Facility.

***Our cash available for distribution to our unitholders may be reduced as a result of restrictions on our subsidiaries' cash distributions to us under the terms of their indebtedness.***

Following the completion of this offering, we and NEE Operating LP intend to pay quarterly cash distributions on all of our outstanding common units. However, in any period, our and NEE Operating LP's ability to pay cash distributions to our respective unitholders will depend on the performance of our subsidiaries as well as all of the other factors described under Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions. The ability of our subsidiaries to make distributions to us and NEE Operating LP may be restricted by, among other things, the provisions of existing and future indebtedness.

The agreements governing our subsidiaries' project-level debt contain financial tests and covenants that our subsidiaries must satisfy prior to making distributions and restrict our subsidiaries from making more than one distribution per quarter or per six-month period. If any of our subsidiaries is unable to satisfy these restrictions or is otherwise in default under such agreements, it would be prohibited from making distributions that could, in turn, limit our ability to pay cash distributions to our unitholders. Additionally, such agreements require our projects to establish a number of reserves out of their revenues, including reserves to service our debt and reserves for operation and maintenance expenses, which have already been funded. These cash reserves will affect the amount of cash distributed by NEE Operating LP, which ultimately will affect the amount of cash available for distribution to our unitholders. Also, upon the occurrence of certain events, including our subsidiaries' inability to satisfy distribution conditions for an extended period of time, our subsidiaries' revenues may be swept into one or more accounts for the benefit of the lenders under the subsidiaries' debt agreements and the subsidiaries may be required to prepay indebtedness. Restrictions preventing our subsidiaries' cash distributions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Our subsidiaries' substantial amount of indebtedness may adversely affect our ability to operate our business and our failure to comply with the terms of our indebtedness could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition.***

After giving effect to the Organizational Transactions, including this offering and the use of the offering proceeds, our consolidated indebtedness as of March 31, 2014, would have been approximately \$1.8 billion, all



**Table of Contents**

of which would have represented project-level debt. On June 13, 2014, the Bluewater Project Entity incurred CAD 170 million limited recourse financing and Genesis Solar Funding, LLC incurred \$280 million limited recourse financing. In addition, we expect that NEE Operating LP's new revolving credit facility will be undrawn upon the completion of this offering, which would permit NEE Operating LP to incur up to \$250 million of additional borrowings under such facility.

Our subsidiaries' substantial indebtedness could have important consequences. For example,

failure to comply with the covenants in the agreements governing these obligations could result in an event of default under those agreements, which could be difficult to cure, result in our bankruptcy or, with respect to subsidiary debt, result in loss of our ownership interest in one or more of our subsidiaries or in some or all of their assets as a result of foreclosure;

our subsidiaries' debt service obligations require them to dedicate a substantial portion of their cash flow to pay principal and interest on their debt, thereby reducing their cash available to execute our business plan and make cash distributions to our unitholders;

our subsidiaries' substantial indebtedness could limit our ability to fund operations of future acquisitions and our financial flexibility, which could reduce our ability to plan for and react to unexpected opportunities;

our subsidiaries' substantial debt service obligations make us vulnerable to adverse changes in general economic, credit markets, capital markets, industry, competitive conditions and government regulation that could place us at a disadvantage compared to competitors with less debt; and

our subsidiaries' substantial indebtedness could limit our ability to obtain financing for working capital including collateral postings, capital expenditures, debt service requirements, acquisitions and general corporate or other purposes.

If our subsidiaries, including NEE Operating LP, do not comply with their obligations under their debt instruments, they may be required to refinance all or a part of their indebtedness, which they may not be able to do on similar terms or at all. Increases in interest rates and changes in debt covenants may reduce the amounts that we can borrow, reduce our cash flows and increase the equity investment we may be required to make in any projects we may acquire. In addition, the project-level financing for our projects under construction prohibits distributions until such project commences operations. If our subsidiaries are not able to generate sufficient operating cash flow to repay their outstanding indebtedness or otherwise are unable to comply with the terms of their indebtedness, we could be required to reduce overhead costs, reduce the scope of our projects, sell some or all of our projects or delay construction of projects we may acquire, all of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Currency exchange rate fluctuations may affect our operations.***

We may be exposed to currency exchange rate fluctuations to the extent the cash flows generated by our projects are in multiple currencies. For example, 37% and 36% of our revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, respectively, was denominated in Canadian dollars and we expect net revenue from Canadian dollar markets to continue to represent a meaningful portion of our net revenue. Any measures that we may implement to reduce the effect of currency exchange rate fluctuations and other risks of our multinational operations may not be effective or may be overly expensive. In addition, foreign currency translation risk arises upon the translation of the financial statements of our subsidiaries whose functional currency is the Canadian dollar into U.S. dollars for the purpose of preparing our combined financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. The assets and liabilities of our Canadian dollar denominated subsidiaries are translated at the closing rate at the date of reporting and income statement items are translated at

## **Table of Contents**

the average rate for the period. These currency translation differences may have significant negative impacts. Foreign currency transaction risk also arises when we or our subsidiaries enter into transactions where the settlement occurs in a currency other than the functional currency of NextEra or our subsidiaries. Exchange differences arising from the settlement or translation of monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous financial statements are recognized as profit or loss in the period in which they arise, which could materially impact our net income.

To the extent that we engage in hedging activities to reduce our currency exchange rate exposure, we may be prevented from realizing the full benefits of exchange rate increases above the level of the hedges. However, because we are not fully hedged, we will continue to have exposure on the unhedged portion of the currency we exchange.

Additionally, our hedging activities may not be as effective as we anticipate reducing the volatility of our future cash flows. Our hedging activities can result in substantial losses if hedging arrangements are imperfect or ineffective or our hedging policies and procedures are not followed properly or do not work as intended. Further, hedging contracts are subject to the credit risk that the other party may prove unable or unwilling to perform its obligations under the contracts, particularly during periods of weak and volatile economic conditions. Certain of the financial instruments we use to hedge our exchange rate exposure must be accounted for on a mark-to-market basis. This causes periodic earnings volatility due to fluctuations in exchange rates. Any exposure to adverse currency exchange rate fluctuations could materially and adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows and our ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

### ***We are exposed to risks inherent in our use of interest rate swaps.***

Some of our subsidiaries' indebtedness accrues interest at variable rates, and some of our subsidiaries have used interest rate swaps to try to protect against market volatility. The use of interest rate swaps, however, does not eliminate the possibility of fluctuations in the value of the position or prevent losses if the value of the position declines. Such transactions may also limit the opportunity for gain if the value of a position increases. In addition, to the extent that actively quoted market prices and pricing information from external sources are not available, the valuation of these contracts will involve judgment or the use of estimates. As a result, changes in the underlying assumptions or use of alternative valuation methods could affect the reported fair value of these contracts. If the values of these financial contracts change in a manner that we do not anticipate, or if a counterparty fails to perform under a contract, it could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

### **Risks Related to Our Relationship with NextEra**

#### ***NextEra will exercise substantial influence over us and we are highly dependent on NextEra and its affiliates.***

Upon the completion of this offering, NextEra will indirectly own our general partner and have the ability to appoint all of the executive officers and directors of our general partner. In addition, NextEra, through NEE Equity, will hold 82.6% of the common units of NEE Operating LP and 82.6% of our voting power through the Special Voting Units (or 79.9% and 79.9%, respectively, if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional units). As a result, NextEra will continue to have a substantial influence on our affairs and majority voting power on certain matters requiring the approval of our unitholders that do not exclude votes of NextEra and its affiliates. This concentration of ownership may delay or prevent a change in control of NEE Partners, which could prevent unitholders from receiving a premium for their common units. In addition, certain of our project subsidiaries are party to agreements or subject to various regulatory or tax regimes that require NextEra or its affiliates to maintain certain levels of direct or indirect ownership, which could limit NextEra's ability to decrease its ownership percentage in the

future. NextEra will also have the right to appoint all of our directors.

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**Table of Contents**

We will depend on NEE Management and NEER to provide or arrange administrative and management services for us and certain of our subsidiaries under the Management Services Agreement and Management Sub-Contract, respectively, and will depend on NEER to continue to provide or arrange existing credit support on behalf of our subsidiaries under the CSCS Agreement. Any failure by NEER to perform its obligations under the Management Sub-Contract or the CSCS Agreement or the failure by us to identify and contract with replacement management service providers or provide replacement credit support on similar terms, if required, could materially impact the successful operation of our projects. Under this agreement, certain NextEra employees will provide services to us. These services will not be the primary responsibility of these employees, nor will these employees be required to act for us alone. The Management Sub-Contract and the CSCS Agreement will not require any specific individuals to be provided by NEER and NEER will have the discretion to determine which of its employees will perform services required to be provided to us.

Our future success will depend on the continued service of employees of NextEra or its affiliates, who are not obligated to remain employed with NextEra. Our future also depends on NextEra's successful renegotiation of collective bargaining agreements with its bargaining employees on acceptable terms when those agreements expire or otherwise terminate. NextEra has experienced departures of key professionals and personnel and key professionals and personnel may depart in the future, and any such departures may adversely affect our ability to achieve our objectives. The departure of a significant number of NextEra's professionals or a significant portion of the NextEra employees who work at any of our projects for any reason, or the failure to appoint qualified or effective successors in the event of such departures, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***We are highly dependent on credit support from NextEra and its affiliates. Our subsidiaries may default under contracts or become subject to cash sweeps if credit support is terminated, if NextEra or its affiliates fail to honor their obligations under credit support arrangements, or if NextEra or another credit support provider ceases to satisfy creditworthiness requirements, and we will be required in certain circumstances to reimburse NextEra for draws that are made on credit support.***

We will depend on guarantees and letters of credit that have been provided by NEECH, NEER and other NextEra affiliates to counterparties on behalf of our subsidiaries to satisfy our subsidiaries' contractual obligations to provide credit support, including under PPAs, FIT Contracts and RESOP Contracts. These NextEra affiliates also have provided credit support to lenders to fund reserve accounts, to facilitate NextEra's cash management practices, to support Genesis' debt repayment obligations in relation to its expected 1603 Cash Grant and to cover the risk that 1603 Cash Grant proceeds received by any U.S. Project Entity are later recaptured by the U.S. Treasury. We expect NEECH, NEER and other NextEra affiliates, upon our request and at NEER's option, to provide credit support on behalf of any projects we may acquire in the future on similar terms but they are under no obligation to do so. As long as NEER provides any credit support, it will be entitled to borrow excess cash from our subsidiaries. See Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Cash Sweep and Credit Support Agreement. Any failure of our subsidiaries to maintain acceptable credit support or credit support providers to honor their obligations under their respective credit support arrangements could cause, among other things, events of default to arise under our subsidiaries' PPAs, FIT Contracts or RESOP Contracts and financing agreements. Such events of default could entitle Energy Sale Counterparties to terminate their contracts with our subsidiaries or could entitle lenders to accelerate indebtedness owed to them, which could result in the insolvency of our subsidiaries. In addition, if beneficiaries draw on credit support provided by NEECH, NEER and these other NextEra affiliates, then NEE Operating LP may be required to reimburse them for the amounts drawn, which would reduce NEE Operating LP's available cash. These events could decrease our revenues, restrict distributions from our subsidiaries, or result in a sale of or foreclosure on our assets. Further, NextEra affiliates may not provide credit support in respect of new projects on the same terms on which they currently provide credit support for our existing projects, which may require us to obtain the required

credit support from third parties on less favorable terms and may prevent us from consummating the acquisition of additional projects. All of the foregoing events, including a failure of NEE Operating LP to have sufficient funds to satisfy its reimbursement obligations, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

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**Table of Contents**

*Under the CSCS Agreement, NEER or one of its affiliates will be permitted to borrow funds received by our subsidiaries, including NEE Operating LP, as partial consideration for its obligation to provide credit support to us. NEER will use these funds for its own account without paying additional consideration to us and is obligated to return these funds only as needed to cover project costs and distributions or as demanded by NEE Operating LP. Our financial condition and ability to make distributions to our unitholders, as well as our ability to grow distributions in the future, is highly dependent on NEER's performance of its obligations to return a portion of these funds.*

Under the CSCS Agreement, NEER or one of its affiliates will be permitted to borrow funds received by our subsidiaries, including NEE Operating LP, and hold them in an account of NEER or one of its affiliates to the extent the funds are not required to pay our or our subsidiaries' costs or otherwise required to be retained by our subsidiaries, until the financing agreements of our subsidiaries permit distributions to be made to NEE Operating LP, until NEE Operating LP demands such funds or, in the case of NEE Operating LP, until a minimum quarterly distribution is scheduled to be paid. To the extent that NEER and its affiliates choose to use such excess funds in their own operations instead of returning them to us, it would reduce the amount of cash available to be used for acquisitions, capital expenditures and distributions to unitholders. For example, NEER's obligation to return funds prior to a scheduled distribution date is limited to the amount required to fund NEE Operating LP's anticipated quarterly distribution, unless the return of such funds is demanded by NEE Operating LP. Our ability to grow our distributions in the future is dependent on the growth of NEE Operating LP's distributions to us, which could be limited if NEER decides to retain excess funds for its own operations instead of returning them to us. In addition, because we are managed by NEER, we may also choose not to request such funds even if they could be used for acquisitions or growth projects. Further, NEER will not pay us any interest or additional consideration for the use of these funds. If NEER or one of its affiliates realizes any earnings on NEE Operating LP's or its subsidiaries' funds prior to the return of such funds, it will be permitted to retain those earnings for its own account. The failure of NEER to return funds to our subsidiaries for any reason could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***We may not be able to consummate future acquisitions from NEER.***

Our ability to grow through acquisitions and increase distributions to unitholders is dependent in part on our ability to make acquisitions that result in an increase in cash available for distribution per unit. Our growth strategy is based in part on our right of first offer with respect to certain projects that NEER may elect to sell, as described in Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions ROFO Agreement. Such acquisitions may not be available to us on acceptable terms or at all. Other than the right of first offer with respect to any NEER ROFO Projects that NEER elects to sell during the six-year period following the completion of this offering, NEER has no obligation to make any projects available to us for potential purchase. The consummation and timing of any future acquisitions will depend upon, among other things, whether:

we are able to identify attractive acquisition candidates;

we are able to negotiate acceptable purchase agreements;

we are able to obtain financing for these acquisitions on economically acceptable terms; and

we are outbid by competitors.

Additionally, several factors could materially and adversely impact the extent to which suitable acquisition opportunities are made available from NEER, including an assessment by NEER relating to our liquidity position, the risk profile of an opportunity, its fit with our operations, limits on NEE personnel's ability to devote their time to NEE Partners and other factors. The overall question of an acquisition's suitability is highly subjective and specific to NEE Partners. For example, if NEER determines that a future acquisition opportunity other than the NEER ROFO Projects is not suitable for us, NEER will not be precluded from



## **Table of Contents**

determining that the same opportunity is suitable for itself or another NextEra affiliate. Furthermore, if NEER reduces its ownership interest in us, it may be less willing to sell the NEER ROFO Projects to us. In addition, there are limited restrictions on NEER's ability to sell the NEER ROFO Projects to a third party. An inability by NEER to identify, or a failure by NEER to make available, suitable acquisition opportunities could hinder our growth and materially adversely impact our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

We may not be able to successfully consummate any future acquisitions, whether from NEER or any third parties. Any acquisitions that may be available to us may require that we be able to access the debt and equity markets. However, we may be unable to access such markets on attractive terms or at all. If we are unable to make future acquisitions, our future growth and ability to increase distributions will be limited. Furthermore, even if we do consummate acquisitions that we believe will be accretive, they may in fact result in a decrease in cash available for distribution per unit as a result of incorrect assumptions in our evaluation of such acquisitions or unforeseen consequences or other external events beyond our control. Acquisitions involve numerous risks, including difficulties in integrating acquired businesses, inefficiencies and unexpected costs and liabilities. These events could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Our general partner and its affiliates, including NextEra, have conflicts of interest with us and limited duties to us and our unitholders, and they may favor their own interests to the detriment of us and our other holders of our common units.***

Following this offering, NextEra will indirectly own and control our general partner and will appoint all of our general partner's officers and directors. All of our general partner's executive officers and a majority of our general partner's initial directors also will be officers of NextEra. Conflicts of interest exist and may arise as a result of the relationships between our general partner and its affiliates, including NextEra, on the one hand, and us and our limited partners, on the other hand. Although our general partner has a duty to manage us in a manner beneficial to us and our limited partners, our general partner's directors and officers have fiduciary duties to manage our general partner in a manner beneficial to its owner, NextEra. In addition, under the Management Services Agreement, NEE Management will provide certain services, or arrange for certain services to be provided to us, under the Management Sub-Contract with NEER, including with respect to carrying out our day-to-day management and providing individuals to act as our general partner's executive officers. These same executive officers may help our general partner's board of directors evaluate potential acquisition opportunities presented by NEER under the ROFO Agreement.

In resolving such conflicts of interest, our general partner may favor its own interests and the interests of its affiliates, including NextEra, over the interests of our unitholders. These conflicts include the following situations, among others:

None of our partnership agreement, the Management Services Agreement, the Management Sub-Contract or any other agreement requires NextEra or its affiliates to pursue a business strategy that favors us or uses our projects or dictates what markets to pursue or grow. NextEra's directors and officers have a fiduciary duty to make these decisions in the best interests of NextEra, which may be contrary to our interests.

Contracts between us, on the one hand, and our general partner and its affiliates, on the other, are not and will not be the result of arm's-length negotiations.

Our general partner's affiliates are not limited in their ability to compete with us and neither our general partner nor its affiliates have any obligation to present business opportunities to us except for the NEER ROFO Projects.

**Table of Contents**

Our general partner is allowed to take into account the interests of parties other than us, such as NextEra, in resolving conflicts of interest.

We do not have any officers or employees and rely solely on officers and employees of our general partner and its affiliates, including NextEra. The officers of our general partner will also devote significant time to the business of NextEra and will be compensated by NextEra accordingly.

Our partnership agreement replaces the fiduciary duties that would otherwise be owed by our general partner with contractual standards governing its duties and limits our general partner's liabilities and the remedies available to our unitholders for actions that, without these limitations, might constitute breaches of fiduciary duty under applicable Delaware law.

Except in limited circumstances, our general partner has the power and authority to conduct our business without unitholder approval.

Actions taken by our general partner may affect the amount of cash available to pay distributions to unitholders.

Our general partner determines which costs incurred by it are reimbursable by us.

We reimburse our general partner and its affiliates for expenses.

Our general partner intends to limit its liability regarding our contractual and other obligations.

Our common units are subject to our general partner's limited call right.

Our general partner controls the enforcement of the obligations that it and its affiliates owe to us, including NextEra's obligations under the ROFO Agreement and its other commercial agreements with us.

We may choose not to retain counsel, independent accountants or other advisors separate from those retained by our general partner to perform services for us or for the holders of common units.

See **Conflicts of Interests and Duties**.

A decision by our general partner to favor its own interests and the interests of NextEra over our interests and the interests of our unitholders could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

*NextEra and other affiliates of our general partner are not restricted in their ability to compete with us.*

Our partnership agreement provides that our general partner will be restricted from engaging in any business activities other than acting as our general partner and those activities incidental to its ownership of interests in us. Affiliates of our general partner, including NextEra and its other subsidiaries, are not prohibited, including under the Management Services Agreement, from owning projects or engaging in businesses that compete directly or indirectly with us. NextEra currently holds interests in, and may make investments in and purchases of, entities that acquire, own and operate other power generators. NEER will be under no obligation to make any acquisition opportunities available to NEE Operating LP, other than under the ROFO Agreement.

Under the terms of our partnership agreement, the doctrine of corporate opportunity, or any analogous doctrine, does not apply to our general partner or any of its affiliates, including its executive officers and directors and NextEra. Any such person or entity that becomes aware of a potential transaction, agreement,

**Table of Contents**

arrangement or other matter that may be an opportunity for us will not have any duty to communicate or offer such opportunity to us. Any such person or entity will not be liable to us or to any limited partner for breach of any fiduciary duty or other duty by reason of the fact that such person or entity pursues or acquires such opportunity for itself, directs such opportunity to another person or entity or does not communicate such opportunity or information to us. This may create actual and potential conflicts of interest between us and affiliates of our general partner and result in less than favorable treatment of us and holders of our common units.

***We may be unable to terminate the Management Services Agreement.***

The Management Services Agreement will provide that we may only terminate the agreement upon 90 days prior written notice to NEE Management upon the occurrence of any of the following:

NEE Management defaults in the performance or observance of any material term, condition or covenant contained therein in a manner that results in material harm to us and the default continues unremedied for a period of 90 days after written notice thereof is given to NEE Management;

NEE Management engages in any act of fraud, misappropriation of funds or embezzlement that results in material harm to us;

NEE Management is reckless in the performance of its duties under the agreement and such recklessness results in material harm to us; or

upon the happening of certain events relating to the bankruptcy or insolvency of NEE Management. We will not be able to terminate the agreement for any other reason, including if NEE Management experiences a change of control. The agreement continues for twenty years and thereafter renews for successive five-year periods unless NEE Operating LP or NEE Management provides written notice to the other that it does not wish for the agreement to be renewed. If NEE Management's performance does not meet the expectations of investors and we are unable to terminate the Management Services Agreement, the market price of our common units could suffer. In addition, even if the Management Services Agreement is terminated, it may not terminate in respect of provisions relating to the payment of the IDR Fee, which could result in NextEra or its affiliates receiving payments that would otherwise be distributed to our common unitholders even though NextEra would be no longer obligated to provide services to us under the Management Services Agreement.

***If NEE Management terminates the Management Services Agreement, NEER terminates the Management Sub-Contract or either of them defaults in the performance of its obligations thereunder, we may be unable to contract with a substitute service provider on similar terms, or at all.***

We will rely on NEE Management and NEER to provide us with management services under the Management Services Agreement and the Management Sub-Contract, respectively, and will not have independent executive or senior management personnel. The Management Services Agreement will provide that NEE Management may terminate the applicable agreement upon 180 days prior written notice of termination to us if we default in the performance or observance of any material term, condition or covenant contained in the agreement in a manner that results in material harm to NEE Management or any of its affiliates other than our subsidiaries and us, and the default

continues unremedied for a period of 90 days after written notice of the breach is given to us upon the happening of certain events relating to the bankruptcy or insolvency of NEE Operating LP, us or certain NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries, or if NextEra ceases to control us. Also, the Management Sub-Contract will terminate upon the termination of the Management Services Agreement. If NEE Management terminates the Management Services Agreement, or if NEE Management defaults in the performance of its obligations under the Management Services Agreement, we may be unable to contract with a substitute service provider on similar terms or at all, and the costs of substituting service providers may be substantial. In addition, NEE Management and NEER are familiar with our projects and, as a result, NEE

## **Table of Contents**

Management and NEER have certain synergies with us. Substitute service providers would lack such synergies and may not be able to provide the same level of service to us. If we cannot locate a service provider that is able to provide us with substantially similar services as NEE Management and NEER provide under the Management Services Agreement and Management Sub-Contract, respectively, on similar terms, it would likely have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***Our arrangements with NextEra limit its liability, and we have agreed to indemnify NextEra against claims that it may face in connection with such arrangements, which may lead NextEra to assume greater risks when making decisions relating to us than it otherwise would if acting solely for its own account.***

Under the Management Services Agreement, NEE Management and its affiliates will not assume any responsibility other than to provide or arrange for the provision of the services described in the Management Services Agreement in good faith. Additionally, under the Management Services Agreement, the liability of NEE Management and its affiliates will be limited to the fullest extent permitted by law to conduct involving bad faith, fraud, willful misconduct or recklessness or, in the case of a criminal matter, to action that was known to have been unlawful. We will agree to indemnify NEE Management and its affiliates to the fullest extent permitted by law from and against any claims, liabilities, losses, damages, costs or expenses incurred by an indemnified person or threatened in connection with our operations, investments and activities or in respect of or arising from the Management Services Agreement or the services provided by NEE Management and its affiliates, except to the extent that the claims, liabilities, losses, damages, costs or expenses are determined to have resulted from the conduct in respect of which such persons have liability as described above. Additionally, the maximum amount of the aggregate liability of NEE Management or any of its affiliates in providing services under the Management Services Agreement, or of any director, officer, employee, agent or other representative of NEE Management or any of its affiliates, will be equal to the base management fee previously paid by us in the most recent calendar year under the Management Services Agreement, but in no event less than \$4.0 million. These protections may result in NEE Management and its affiliates tolerating greater risks when making decisions than otherwise would be the case, including when determining whether to use leverage in connection with acquisitions. The indemnification arrangements to which NEE Management and its affiliates are a party may also give rise to legal claims for indemnification, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.

***The credit and risk profile of our general partner and its owner, NextEra, could adversely affect our credit ratings and risk profile, which could increase our borrowing costs or hinder our ability to raise capital.***

The credit and business risk profiles of our general partner and NextEra may be considered in credit evaluations of us because our general partner, which is owned by NextEra, controls our business activities, including our and NEE Operating LP's cash distribution policy and growth strategy. Any adverse change in the financial condition of NextEra, including the degree of its financial leverage and its dependence on cash flows from us to service its indebtedness, or a downgrade of NextEra's investment-grade credit rating, may adversely affect our credit ratings and risk profile.

If we were to seek a credit rating, our credit rating may be adversely affected by the leverage of our general partner or NextEra, as credit rating agencies such as Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, Moody's Investors Service and Fitch Ratings, Inc. may consider the leverage and credit profile of NextEra because of its ownership interest in and control of us. Any adverse effect on our credit rating would increase our cost of borrowing or hinder our ability to raise financing in the capital markets, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders.





**Table of Contents**

**Risks Related to this Offering and Ownership of Our Common Units**

*Our ability to make distributions to our unitholders depends on the ability of NEE Operating LP to make cash distributions to its limited partners.*

Our cash flow is generated from distributions we receive from NEE Operating LP, which will consist solely of cash distributions that it has received from its subsidiaries. Additionally, during the purchase price adjustment period, we may receive additional cash flows from any payments we receive from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement, which will be funded solely by the distributions NEE Equity receives from NEE Operating LP. The amount of cash that NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries will be able to distribute to NEE Operating LP each quarter principally depends upon the amount of cash such subsidiaries generate from their operations. NEE Operating LP may not have sufficient available cash each quarter to continue paying distributions at its current level or at all. If NEE Operating LP reduces its per unit distribution, either because of reduced operating cash flow, higher expenses, capital requirements or otherwise, we will have less cash available for distribution to our common unitholders and would likely be required to reduce our per unit distribution.

The amount of cash that NEE Operating LP can distribute to its unitholders, including us, each quarter principally depends upon the amount of cash it generates from its operations, which will fluctuate from quarter to quarter based on, among other things:

the amount of power generated from its projects and the prices received therefor;

its operating costs;

payment of interest and principal amortization, which depends on the amount of its indebtedness and the interest payable thereon;

the ability of NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries to distribute cash under their respective financing agreements;

the completion of ongoing construction activities on time and on budget;

its capital expenditures; and

if NEE Operating LP acquires a project prior to its COD, timely completion of future construction projects.

In addition, the amount of cash that NEE Operating LP will have available for distribution will depend on other factors, some of which are beyond its control, including:

availability of borrowings under its credit facility to pay distributions;

the costs of acquisitions, if any;

fluctuations in its working capital needs;

timing and collectability of receivables;

restrictions on distributions contained in its credit facility and financing documents;

prevailing economic conditions;

access to credit or capital markets; and

the amount of cash reserves established by NEE Operating GP for the proper conduct of its business.

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**Table of Contents**

Because of these factors, NEE Operating LP may not have sufficient available cash each quarter to pay its minimum quarterly distribution of \$0.1875 per common unit or any other amount. Furthermore, the amount of cash that NEE Operating LP has available for distribution depends primarily upon its cash flow, including cash flow from financial reserves and working capital borrowings, and is not solely a function of profitability, which will be affected by non-cash items. As a result, NEE Operating LP may be able to make cash distributions during periods when it records net losses and may not be able to make cash distributions during periods when it records net income. See **Risks Related to Our Projects** for a discussion of risks affecting NEE Operating LP's ability to generate cash available for distribution.

***On a pro forma basis, we would not have had sufficient cash available for distributions to pay the full initial quarterly distribution on all of our common units for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014, or for the year ended December 31, 2013.***

NEE Operating LP must generate approximately \$69.8 million of cash available for distributions for us to pay the aggregate initial quarterly distributions for four quarters on all of our common units that will be outstanding immediately following this offering, assuming no reserves are established by our general partner. The amount of pro forma cash available for distribution was \$52.1 million and \$34.3 million for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, respectively, which would have allowed us to pay 75% and 49% of the aggregate initial quarterly distribution on all of our common units during those periods. For a calculation of our ability to make cash distributions to our unitholders based on our historical as adjusted results, see **Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions**. If NEE Operating LP is not able to generate additional cash for distribution to us in future periods, we may not be able to pay the full initial quarterly distribution or any amount on our common units even taking into account any purchase price adjustment, in which event the market price of our common units may decline materially.

***The assumptions underlying the forecast of cash available for distribution that we include under **Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions On Distributions** are inherently uncertain and are subject to significant business, economic, financial, regulatory and competitive risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those forecasted.***

The forecast of cash available for distribution set forth under **Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions On Distributions** includes our forecasted results of operations, Adjusted EBITDA and cash available for distribution for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015. We estimate that NEE Operating LP's total cash available for distribution for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, will be approximately \$87.3 million as compared to approximately \$52.1 million and \$34.3 million for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, respectively, on a pro forma basis. Most of the expected increase in cash available for distribution is attributable to increased revenues from NEE Operating LP based on current projections of production growth resulting primarily from the commencement of commercial operations at Bluewater and Genesis. Furthermore, our statement that we have established a three-year targeted annual growth rate in our cash available for distribution of 12% to 15% per common unit is based on NextEra's stated intention to us that it plans to offer us sufficient NEER ROFO Projects each year to produce such an increase. While we believe our targeted growth rate is reasonable, it is based on estimates and assumptions regarding a number of factors, many of which are beyond our control, and we may not be able to grow our business at a rate consistent with our expectations, if at all. NEER is not obligated to offer us the NEER ROFO Projects on such an accretive basis or at all, and even if it offers us such opportunities, we may not be able to consummate an acquisition or such acquisition may not be as accretive as expected. To the extent our projected growth is not achieved, our revenues during the forecast period will be adversely affected. The financial forecast has been prepared by management, and we have not received an opinion or report on it from our or any other independent auditor. For example, the financial forecast is based on a P50 production level, or the level of energy

production that we estimate our Initial Portfolio will meet or exceed 50% of the time. This assumption and the other assumptions underlying the forecast, including the assumptions related to our capital expenditures, are inherently uncertain and are subject to significant business, economic, financial, regulatory and competitive risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from

## **Table of Contents**

those forecasted. If we do not achieve the forecasted results, we may not be able to pay the full minimum quarterly distribution or any amount on our common units, in which event the market price of our common units may decline materially.

***If we incur material tax liabilities, our distributions to our unitholders may be reduced, without any corresponding reduction in the amount of the IDR Fee.***

The IDR Fee is an expense of NEE Operating LP that reduces the amount of cash available for distribution by NEE Operating LP to its owners, including us. The IDR Fee is not reduced for our income tax liabilities. Instead, we must use the cash proceeds of any distributions we receive from NEE Operating LP and any purchase price adjustment payment we receive from NEE Equity to satisfy our income tax liabilities. Any such payments of income taxes by us will reduce the amount of cash available for distribution by us to our unitholders. As a result, if we incur material income tax liabilities, our distributions to our unitholders may be reduced, without any corresponding reduction in the amount of the IDR Fee.

***Holders of our common units have limited voting rights and are not entitled to elect our general partner or its directors.***

Unlike the holders of common stock in a corporation, unitholders have only limited voting rights on matters affecting our business and, therefore, limited ability to influence management's decisions regarding our business. Unitholders will have no right on an annual or ongoing basis to elect our general partner or its board of directors. Rather, the board of directors of our general partner will be appointed by NextEra. Furthermore, if the unitholders are dissatisfied with the performance of our general partner, they will have little ability to remove our general partner. As a result of these limitations, the price at which the common units will trade could be diminished because of the absence or reduction of a takeover premium in the trading price. Our partnership agreement also contains provisions limiting the ability of unitholders to call meetings or to acquire information about our operations, as well as other provisions limiting the unitholders' ability to influence the manner or direction of management.

***Our partnership agreement restricts the remedies available to holders of our common units for actions taken by our general partner that might otherwise constitute breaches of fiduciary duties.***

Our partnership agreement contains provisions that restrict the remedies available to unitholders for actions taken by our general partner that might otherwise constitute breaches of fiduciary duties under state fiduciary duty law. For example, our partnership agreement provides that:

whenever our general partner, the board of directors of our general partner or any committee thereof (including the conflicts committee) makes a determination or takes, or declines to take, any other action in their respective capacities, our general partner, the board of directors of our general partner and any committee thereof (including the conflicts committee), as applicable, is required to make such determination, or take or decline to take such other action, in good faith, meaning that it subjectively believed that the decision was in the best interests of our partnership, and, except as specifically provided by our partnership agreement, will not be subject to any other or different standard imposed by our partnership agreement, Delaware law, or any other law, rule or regulation, or at equity;

our general partner will not have any liability to us or our unitholders for decisions made in its capacity as a general partner so long as such decisions are made in good faith;

our general partner and its officers and directors will not be liable for monetary damages to us or our limited partners resulting from any act or omission unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that our general

**Table of Contents**

partner or its officers and directors, as the case may be, acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud or willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the conduct was criminal; and

our general partner will not be in breach of its obligations under the partnership agreement (including any duties to us or our unitholders) if a transaction with an affiliate or the resolution of a conflict of interest is:

approved by the conflicts committee of our general partner's board of directors, although our general partner is not obligated to seek such approval;

approved by the vote of a majority of the outstanding common units, excluding any common units owned by our general partner and its affiliates;

determined by the board of directors of our general partner to be on terms no less favorable to us than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties; or

determined by the board of directors of our general partner to be fair and reasonable to us, taking into account the totality of the relationships among the parties involved, including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to us.

In connection with a situation involving a transaction with an affiliate or a conflict of interest, any determination by our general partner or the conflicts committee must be made in good faith. If an affiliate transaction or the resolution of a conflict of interest is not approved by our common unitholders or the conflicts committee and the board of directors of our general partner determines that the resolution or course of action taken with respect to the affiliate transaction or conflict of interest satisfies either of the standards set forth in the third and fourth subbullets above, then it will be presumed that, in making its decision, the board of directors of our general partner acted in good faith, and in any proceeding brought by or on behalf of any limited partner or the partnership challenging such determination, the person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding will have the burden of overcoming such presumption. See Conflicts of Interest and Duties.

***Our partnership agreement restricts the voting rights of unitholders owning 10% or more of our common units.***

Unitholders' voting rights are further restricted by a provision of our partnership agreement providing that any units held by a person that owns 10% (20% if our FERC application is approved) or more of any class of units then outstanding, other than our general partner, its affiliates, their transferees and persons who acquired such units with the prior approval of the board of directors of our general partner, cannot vote on any matter.

***Our partnership agreement replaces our general partner's fiduciary duties to holders of our common units with contractual standards governing its duties.***

Our partnership agreement contains provisions that eliminate the fiduciary standards to which our general partner would otherwise be held by state fiduciary duty law and replace those standards with several different contractual standards. For example, our partnership agreement permits our general partner to make a number of decisions in its individual capacity, as opposed to in its capacity as our general partner, free of any duties to us and our unitholders

other than the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing, which means that a court will enforce the reasonable expectations of the partners where the language of the partnership agreement does not provide for a clear course of action. This provision entitles our general partner and its affiliates to consider only the interests and factors that it desires and relieves it of any duty or obligation to give any consideration to any interest of, or factors affecting, us, our affiliates or our limited partners. Examples of decisions that our general partner and its affiliates may make in their individual capacities include:

how to allocate corporate opportunities among us and its affiliates;



**Table of Contents**

whether to exercise its limited call right, preemptive rights or registration rights;

whether to seek approval of the resolution of a conflict of interest by the conflicts committee of the board of directors of our general partner;

how to exercise its voting rights with respect to the units it or its affiliates own in NEE Operating LP and us;

whether to exchange its NEE Operating LP common units for our common units or, with the approval of the conflicts committee, to have NEE Operating LP redeem its NEE Operating LP common units for cash; and

whether to consent to any merger, consolidation or conversion of us or NEE Operating LP or to an amendment to our partnership agreement or the NEE Operating LP partnership agreement.

These decisions may be made by the owner of our general partner.

By purchasing a common unit, a common unitholder agrees to become bound by the provisions in the partnership agreement, including the provisions discussed above. See **Conflicts of Interest and Duties** **Duties of the General Partner**.

***Even if holders of our common units are dissatisfied, they cannot initially remove our general partner without NextEra's consent.***

Unitholders initially will be unable to remove our general partner or NEE Operating LP's general partner without NextEra's consent because NEE Equity, through its ownership of Special Voting Units, will hold sufficient voting power upon the completion of this offering to be able to prevent its removal. The vote of the holders of at least 66  $\frac{2}{3}$ % of all outstanding common units and the Special Voting Units voting together as a single class is required to remove our general partner. Following the completion of this offering, the Special Voting Units held by NEE Equity will represent 82.6% of the combined voting power of our common units and Special Voting Units (or 79.9% if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units). Also, if our general partner is removed without cause during the purchase price adjustment period and common units (including the Special Voting Units) held by NextEra and its affiliates are not voted in favor of that removal, the purchase price adjustment period will be terminated. A removal of our general partner under these circumstances may adversely affect our common units by prematurely eliminating the purchase price adjustment obligation of NEE Equity, which would otherwise have continued until NEE Operating LP had met certain distribution and performance tests. Cause is narrowly defined to mean that a court of competent jurisdiction has entered a final, non-appealable judgment finding our general partner liable to us or any limited partner for acting in bad faith or engaging in fraud or willful misconduct in its capacity as our general partner. Generally, cause does not include charges of poor management of the business, so the removal of our general partner because of unitholder dissatisfaction with the performance of our general partner in managing our partnership will most likely result in the termination of the purchase price adjustment period.

***Our general partner's interest in us and the control of our general partner may be transferred to a third party without unitholder consent.***

Our partnership agreement does not restrict the ability of NextEra to transfer all or a portion of its general partner interest or its ownership interest in our general partner to a third party. Our general partner, or our general partner's new owner, would then be in a position to replace our general partner's board of directors and officers with its own designees and thereby exert significant control over the decisions made by the board of directors and officers of our general partner.

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**Table of Contents**

***The IDR Fee may be transferred to a third party without unitholder consent.***

Under the Management Services Agreement, NextEra, through NEE Management, may transfer the IDR Fee to an unaffiliated third party, or may sell a portion of the affiliate that owns the IDR Fee to an unaffiliated third party, at any time. If NextEra transfers the IDR Fee to a third party but retains its interest in our general partner, NextEra may not have the same incentive to take the steps necessary to grow our business and oversee our operations so as to increase quarterly distributions to unitholders over time as it would if it had retained ownership of the IDR Fee. For example, a transfer of the IDR Fee by NextEra could reduce the likelihood of NextEra selling or contributing additional projects to us, which in turn would impact our ability to grow our project base.

***Unitholders will experience immediate and substantial dilution in as adjusted net tangible book value of \$15.38 per common unit.***

The initial public offering price of \$25.00 per common unit exceeds as adjusted net tangible book value of \$9.62 per common unit. Based on the initial public offering price of \$25.00 per common unit, unitholders will incur immediate and substantial dilution of \$15.38 per common unit. This dilution results primarily because the assets contributed to us by affiliates of our general partner are recorded at their historical cost in accordance with GAAP, and not their fair value. See Dilution.

***We may issue additional units without unitholder approval, which would dilute unitholder interests.***

Our partnership agreement does not limit the number of additional limited partner interests, including limited partner interests that rank senior to the common units, which we may issue at any time without the approval of our unitholders. The issuance by us of additional common units or other equity securities of equal or senior rank will have the following effects:

our existing unitholders' proportionate ownership interest in us will decrease;

the amount of cash available for distribution on each unit may decrease;

the relative voting strength of each previously outstanding unit may be diminished; and

the market price of the common units may decline.

***Reimbursements and fees owed to our general partner and its affiliates for services provided to us or on our behalf will reduce cash available for distribution to or from NEE Operating LP and from us to our common unitholders. The amount and timing of such reimbursements and fees will be determined by our general partner and there are no limits on the amount that NEE Operating LP may be required to pay.***

Under the NEE Operating LP partnership agreement, prior to making any distributions on its common units, NEE Operating LP will reimburse our general partner and its affiliates, including NextEra, for out-of-pocket expenses they incur and payments they make on our behalf and for certain payments made under credit support arrangements provided by NEER on behalf of our subsidiaries. NEE Operating LP will also pay certain fees and reimbursements under the Management Services Agreement and the CSCS Agreement prior to making any distributions on its

common units. The reimbursement of expenses and certain payments made under credit support arrangements and payment of fees, if any, to our general partner and its affiliates will reduce the amount of available cash NEE Operating LP has to pay cash distributions to us and the amount that we have available to pay distributions to our common unitholders. Under the NEE Operating LP partnership agreement, there is no limit on the fees and expense reimbursements NEE Operating LP may be required to pay. See Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions.

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**Table of Contents**

***Discretion in establishing cash reserves by NEE Operating GP may reduce the amount of cash available for distribution to unitholders.***

NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement requires its general partner to deduct from operating surplus cash reserves that it determines are necessary to fund its future operating expenditures. In addition, NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement permits its general partner to reduce available cash by establishing cash reserves for the proper conduct of its business, to comply with applicable law or agreements to which it is a party or to provide funds for future distributions to partners. These cash reserves will affect the amount of cash distributed by NEE Operating LP, which ultimately will affect the amount of cash available for distribution to our unitholders.

***While our partnership agreement requires us to distribute our available cash, our partnership agreement, including provisions requiring us to make cash distributions contained therein, may be amended.***

While our partnership agreement requires us to distribute our available cash (as defined therein), our partnership agreement, including provisions requiring us to make cash distributions contained therein, may be amended. Our partnership agreement generally may not be amended during the purchase price adjustment period without the approval of a majority of the common units held by our public common unitholders. However, our partnership agreement can be amended with the consent of our general partner and the approval of a majority of the outstanding common units (including the Special Voting Units) after the purchase price adjustment period has ended. Upon the completion of this offering, NextEra will own, through NEE Equity, approximately 82.6% of our voting power through its ownership of the Special Voting Units (or 79.9% if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full). See Material Provisions of the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement Amendment of the Partnership Agreement.

***NEE Operating LP can borrow money to pay distributions, which would reduce the amount of credit available to operate our business.***

NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement allows it to make working capital borrowings to pay distributions to its unitholders. Accordingly, if it has available borrowing capacity, it can make distributions on its common units even though cash generated by its operations may not be sufficient to pay such distributions. Any working capital borrowings by NEE Operating LP to make distributions will reduce the amount of working capital borrowings it can make for NEE Operating LP's operations. For more information, see Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Liquidity and Capital Resources.

***Increases in interest rates could adversely impact the price of our common units, our ability to issue equity or incur debt for acquisitions or other purposes and our ability to make cash distributions at our intended levels.***

Interest rates on future credit facilities and debt offerings could be higher than current levels, causing our financing costs to increase accordingly. As with other yield-oriented securities, our unit price is impacted by the level of our cash distributions and implied distribution yield. The distribution yield is often used by investors to compare and rank yield-oriented securities for investment decision-making purposes. Therefore, changes in interest rates, either positive or negative, may affect the yield requirements of investors who invest in our units, and a rising interest rate environment could adversely impact the price of our common units, our ability to issue equity or incur debt for acquisitions or other purposes and our ability to make cash distributions at our intended levels.

***There is no existing market for our common units and a trading market that will provide unitholders with adequate liquidity may not develop. The price of our common units may fluctuate significantly and unitholders could lose all or part of their investment.***

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Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for the common units. After this offering, there will be 16,250,000 publicly traded common units, assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase

**Table of Contents**

additional common units. We do not know the extent to which investor interest will lead to the development of a trading market or how liquid that market might be. Unitholders may not be able to resell their common units at or above the initial public offering price. Additionally, the lack of liquidity may result in wide bid-ask spreads, contribute to significant fluctuations in the market price of the common units and limit the number of investors who are able to buy the common units.

The initial public offering price for our common units will be determined by negotiations between us and the representatives of the underwriters and may not be indicative of the market price of the common units that will prevail in the trading market. The market price of our common units may decline below the initial public offering price. The market price of our common units may also be influenced by many factors, some of which are beyond our control, including:

our quarterly distributions;

our quarterly or annual earnings or those of other companies in our industry;

announcements by us or our competitors of significant contracts or acquisitions;

changes in accounting standards, policies, guidance, interpretations or principles;

general economic conditions;

the failure of securities analysts to cover our common units after this offering or changes in financial estimates by analysts;

future sales of our common units; and

the other factors described in these Risk Factors.

***The liability of holders of limited partner interests may not be limited if a court finds that unitholder action constitutes control of our business.***

A general partner of a partnership generally has unlimited liability for the obligations of the partnership except for those contractual obligations of the partnership that are expressly made without recourse to the general partner. Our partnership is organized under Delaware law and we conduct business in a number of other states and in Canada. The limitations on the liability of holders of limited partner interests for the obligations of a limited partnership have not been clearly established in some of the other states in which we do business. A unitholder could be liable for any and all of our obligations as if the unitholder were a general partner if a court or government agency were to determine that:

we were conducting business in a state or province but had not complied with that particular state or province's partnership statute; or

the unitholder's right to act with other unitholders to remove or replace our general partner, to approve some amendments to our partnership agreement or to take other actions under our partnership agreement constitute control of our business.

For a discussion of the implications of the limitations of liability on a unitholder, see Material Provisions of the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement Limited Liability.

***Unitholders may have liability to repay distributions that were wrongfully distributed to them.***

Under certain circumstances, unitholders may have to repay amounts wrongfully returned or distributed to them. Under Section 17-607 of the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, we may not make a



**Table of Contents**

distribution to unitholders if the distribution would cause our liabilities to exceed the fair value of our assets. Delaware law provides that for a period of three years from the date of an impermissible distribution, limited partners who received the distribution and who knew at the time of the distribution that it violated Delaware law will be liable to the limited partnership for the distribution amount. Transferees of common units are liable both for the obligations of the transferor to make contributions to the partnership that were known to the transferee at the time of transfer and for those obligations that were unknown if the liabilities could have been determined from the partnership agreement. Neither liabilities to partners on account of their partnership interest nor liabilities that are non-recourse to the partnership are counted for purposes of determining whether a distribution is permitted.

***Except in limited circumstances, our general partner has the power and authority to conduct our business without unitholder approval.***

Under our partnership agreement, our general partner has full power and authority to do all things, other than those items that require unitholder approval or with respect to which our general partner has sought conflicts committee approval, on such terms as it determines to be necessary or appropriate to conduct our business. In addition, since we will own all of the equity interests of NEE Operating GP, determinations made by NEE Operating GP under NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement will ultimately be made at the direction of our general partner. Decisions that may be made by our general partner in accordance with our or NEE Operating LP's partnership agreements include:

making any expenditures, lending or borrowing money, assuming, guaranteeing or contracting for indebtedness and other liabilities, issuing evidences of indebtedness, including indebtedness that is convertible into our securities, and incurring any other obligations;

purchasing, selling, acquiring or disposing of our securities, or issuing additional options, rights, warrants and appreciation rights relating to our securities;

acquiring, disposing, mortgaging, pledging, encumbering, hypothecating or exchanging any or all of our assets;

negotiating, executing and performing any contracts, conveyances or other instruments;

making cash distributions;

selecting and dismissing employees and agents, outside attorneys, accountants, consultants and contractors and determining their compensation and other terms of employment or hiring;

maintaining insurance for our or NEE Operating LP's benefit and the benefit of our respective partners;

forming, acquiring an interest in, contributing property to and making loans to any limited or general partnership, joint venture, corporation, limited liability company or other entity;

controlling any matters affecting our rights and obligations, including bringing and defending of actions at law or in equity, otherwise engaging in the conduct of litigation, arbitration or mediation, incurring legal expenses and settling claims and litigation;

indemnifying any person against liabilities and contingencies to the extent permitted by law;

making tax, regulatory and other filings or rendering periodic or other reports to governmental or other agencies having jurisdiction over our business or assets; and

## **Table of Contents**

entering into agreements with any of its affiliates to render services to us or to itself in the discharge of its duties as our general partner.

Our partnership agreement provides that our general partner must act in good faith when making decisions on our behalf, and our partnership agreement further provides that in order for a determination to be made in good faith, our general partner must subjectively believe that the determination is in the best interests of our partnership. See Material Provisions of the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement Meetings; Voting Rights for information regarding matters that require unitholder approval.

***Contracts between us, on the one hand, and our general partner and its affiliates, on the other hand, will not be the result of arm's-length negotiations.***

Our partnership agreement allows our general partner to determine, in good faith, any amounts to pay itself or its affiliates for any services rendered to us. Our general partner may also enter into additional contractual arrangements with any of its affiliates on our behalf. Our general partner will determine in good faith the terms of any arrangement or transaction entered into after the completion of this offering. Similarly, agreements, contracts or arrangements between us and our general partner and its affiliates that are entered into following the completion of this offering will not be required to be negotiated on an arm's-length basis, although, in some circumstances, our general partner may determine that the conflicts committee may make a determination on our behalf with respect to such arrangements.

Our general partner and its affiliates will have no obligation to permit us to use any assets or services of our general partner and its affiliates, except as may be provided in contracts entered into specifically for such use. There is no obligation of our general partner and its affiliates to enter into any contracts of this kind.

***Common unitholders will have no right to enforce the obligations of our general partner and its affiliates under agreements with us.***

Any agreements between us, on the one hand, and our general partner and its affiliates, on the other hand, will not grant to the unitholders, separate and apart from us, the right to enforce the obligations of our general partner and its affiliates in our favor.

***Our general partner decides whether to retain separate counsel, accountants or others to perform services for us.***

The attorneys, independent accountants and others who will perform services for us will be retained by our general partner. Attorneys, independent accountants and others who will perform services for us will be selected by our general partner or our conflicts committee and may perform services for our general partner and its affiliates. We may retain separate counsel for ourselves or the holders of common units in the event of a conflict of interest between our general partner and its affiliates, on the one hand, and us or the holders of common units, on the other, depending on the nature of the conflict. We do not intend to do so in most cases.

***The New York Stock Exchange does not require a publicly traded limited partnership like us to comply with certain of its corporate governance requirements.***

We have been authorized to list our common units on the New York Stock Exchange (the NYSE). Because we will be a publicly traded limited partnership, the NYSE does not require us to have, and we do not intend to have, a majority of independent directors on our general partner's board of directors or to establish a compensation committee or a nominating and corporate governance committee. Accordingly, unitholders will not have the same protections afforded to certain corporations that are subject to all of the NYSE corporate governance requirements. See Management.



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**Table of Contents****Risks Related to Taxation**

In addition to reading the following risk factors, if the unitholder is a non-U.S. investor, see *Certain U.S. Federal Income and Estate Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders* for a more complete discussion of certain expected U.S. federal income and estate tax consequences of owning and disposing of our common units. In addition to reading the following risk factors, if the unitholder is not resident in Canada, see *Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations Applicable to Holders Not Resident in Canada* for a more complete discussion of certain expected Canadian income tax considerations with respect to owning and disposing of our common units.

***Our future tax liability may be greater than expected if we do not generate NOLs sufficient to offset taxable income or if tax authorities challenge certain of our tax positions.***

Even though we are organized as a limited partnership under state law, we will be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes and thus will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates on our net taxable income. We expect to generate NOLs and NOL carryforwards that we can use to offset future taxable income. As a result, we do not expect to pay meaningful U.S. federal income tax for approximately 15 years. This estimate is based upon assumptions we have made regarding, among other things, NEE Operating LP's income, capital expenditures, cash flows, net working capital and cash distributions. Further, the IRS or other tax authorities could challenge one or more tax positions we or NEE Operating LP take, such as the classification of assets under the income tax depreciation rules, the characterization of expenses (including our share of the IDR Fee) for income tax purposes, the extent to which sales, use or goods and services tax applies to operations in a particular state or the availability of property tax exemptions with respect to our projects. Further, any change in law may affect our tax position. While we expect that our NOLs and NOL carryforwards will be available to us as a future benefit, in the event that they are not generated as expected, are successfully challenged by the IRS (in a tax audit or otherwise) or are subject to future limitations as described below, our ability to realize these benefits may be limited.

Our federal, state or Canadian tax positions may be challenged by the relevant tax authority. The process and costs, including potential penalties for nonpayment of disputed amounts, of appealing such challenges, administratively or judicially, regardless of the merits, could be material. A reduction in our expected NOLs, a limitation on our ability to use such losses, or other tax attributes, such as tax credits, and future tax audits or a challenge by tax authorities to our tax positions may result in a material increase in our estimated future income or other tax liabilities, which would negatively impact the amount of after-tax cash available for distribution to our unitholders and our financial condition.

***Our ability to use NOLs to offset future income may be limited.***

Our ability to use any NOLs generated by us could be substantially limited if we were to experience an ownership change as defined under Section 382 of the Code. In general, an ownership change would occur if our 5-percent shareholders, as defined under Section 382 of the Code, including certain groups of persons treated as 5-percent shareholders, collectively increased their ownership in us by more than 50 percentage points over a rolling three-year period. An ownership change can occur as a result of a public offering of our common units, as well as through secondary market purchases of our common units and certain types of reorganization transactions. A corporation (including any entity, such as NEE Partners, that is treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes) that experiences an ownership change will generally be subject to an annual limitation on the use of its pre-ownership change NOLs (and certain other losses and/or credits) equal to the equity value of the corporation immediately before the ownership change, multiplied by the long-term tax-exempt rate for the month in which the ownership change occurs. Such a limitation could, for any given year, have the effect of increasing the amount of our U.S. federal income tax liability, which would negatively impact the amount of after-tax cash available for distribution to our unitholders and our financial condition.



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**Table of Contents*****We will not have complete control over our tax decisions.***

We may be included in the combined or unitary tax returns of NextEra or one or more of its subsidiaries for U.S. state or local income tax purposes. We generally will pay to, or receive from, NextEra the amount of state and local income taxes that we would be required to pay to, or be entitled to receive as a refund from, the relevant taxing authorities if we were not included in such combined or unitary income tax returns and filed our return on a stand-alone basis. In addition, by virtue of our inclusion in NextEra's combined or unitary income tax returns, NextEra will effectively control all of our state and local tax decisions in connection with any combined or unitary income tax returns in which we are included. NextEra will have sole authority to respond to and conduct all tax proceedings (including tax audits) related to us, to file all state and local income tax returns on our behalf, and to determine the amount of our liability to, or entitlement to payment from, NextEra in connection with any combined or unitary income tax returns in which we are included. This may result in conflicts of interest between NextEra and us. For example, NextEra will be able to choose to contest, compromise, or settle any adjustment or deficiency proposed by the relevant taxing authority in a manner that may be beneficial to NextEra and detrimental to us.

***A valuation allowance may be required for our deferred tax assets.***

Our expected NOLs will be reflected as a deferred tax asset as they are generated until used to offset income. Valuation allowances may need to be maintained for deferred tax assets that we estimate are more likely than not to be unusable, based on available evidence at the time the estimate is made. Valuation allowances related to deferred tax assets can be affected by changes to tax laws, statutory tax rates and future taxable income levels and based on input from our auditors, tax advisors or regulatory authorities. In the event that we were to determine that we would not be able to realize all or a portion of our net deferred tax assets in the future, we would reduce such amounts through a charge to income tax expense in the period in which that determination was made, which could have a material adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations and our ability to maintain profitability.

***Distributions to unitholders may be taxable as dividends.***

Even though we are organized as a limited partnership under state law, we will be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, if we make distributions from current or accumulated earnings and profits as computed for U.S. federal income tax purposes, such distributions will generally be taxable to unitholders as ordinary dividend income for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Distributions paid to non-corporate U.S. unitholders will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at preferential rates, provided that certain holding period and other requirements are satisfied. We estimate that we will have limited earnings and profits for eight or more years. However, it is difficult to predict whether we will generate earnings and profits as computed for U.S. federal income tax purposes in any given tax year, and although we expect that a portion of our distributions to unitholders may exceed our current and accumulated earnings and profits as computed for U.S. federal income tax purposes and therefore constitute a non-taxable return of capital distribution to the extent of a stockholder's basis in its units, this may not occur. See Estimate of Corporate Tax Liabilities and Ratio of Unitholder Taxable Income to Distributions. In addition, although return-of-capital distributions are generally non-taxable to the extent of a unitholder's basis in its units, such distributions will reduce the unitholder's adjusted tax basis in its units, which will result in an increase in the amount of gain (or a decrease in the amount of loss) that will be recognized by the unitholder on a future disposition of our common units, and to the extent any return-of-capital distribution exceeds a unitholder's basis, such distributions will be treated as gain on the sale or exchange of the units.

***Unitholders who are not resident in Canada may be subject to Canadian tax on gains from the sale of common units if our common units derive more than 50% of their value from Canadian real property at any time.***

We expect that our common units should not be taxable Canadian property for Canadian federal income tax purposes and, consequently, a unitholder who is not resident in Canada should not be subject to



**Table of Contents**

Canadian federal income tax on any gain realized from a disposition of a common unit. This is based on our belief that at all times more than 50% of the value of our common units will not be derived from real property situated in Canada. However, if our common units were taxable Canadian property, a unitholder who is not resident in Canada would be subject to Canadian tax (subject to any exemption under an applicable tax treaty) on any gain realized from a disposition of a common unit that is taxable Canadian property of the non-resident at the time of the disposition. Although unitholders should consult their own advisors regarding the application of any tax treaty, many of Canada's tax treaties, including the Canada-United States Tax Convention (1980), as amended, do not provide a general exemption from Canadian tax for a gain realized from a disposition of property that derives its value principally from real property situated in Canada.

**Table of Contents**

**USE OF PROCEEDS**

We will receive approximately \$381.1 million of net proceeds from the sale of common units offered hereby, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and structuring fees but before offering expenses (which will be paid by NextEra). If the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units, the proceeds to us will be approximately \$438.3 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and structuring fees.

We intend to use approximately \$150.0 million of the net proceeds from this offering to purchase 6,395,907 NEE Operating LP common units from NEE Operating LP. NEE Operating LP will use such net proceeds for general corporate purposes, including to fund future acquisition opportunities.

We intend to use approximately \$231.1 million (or approximately \$288.3 million if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units) of the net proceeds of this offering to purchase 9,854,093 NEE Operating LP common units (or 12,291,593 NEE Operating LP common units if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units) from NEE Equity.

**Table of Contents****CAPITALIZATION**

The following table sets forth our predecessor's cash and cash equivalents and consolidated capitalization as of March 31, 2014, on: (i) a historical basis; and (ii) an as adjusted basis to give effect to the Organizational Transactions, including the application of the net proceeds of this offering in the manner set forth under the heading "Use of Proceeds."

You should read the following table in conjunction with the sections entitled "Use of Proceeds," "Selected Historical and Pro Forma Financial Data," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our accounting predecessor's combined financial statements and the accompanying notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	<b>As of March 31, 2014</b>	
	<b>Actual</b>	<b>As Adjusted</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,992	\$ 185,992
<b>Long-term debt:</b>		
New revolving credit facility <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	\$
Project-related debt	1,395,409	1,395,409
<b>Total long-term debt<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>1,395,409</b>	<b>1,395,409</b>
<b>Partners' capital:</b>		
Predecessor partners' capital	\$ 761,718	\$
Common units - public		480,505
Non-controlling interests		508,907
Total partners' capital	761,718	989,412
<b>Total capitalization</b>	<b>\$ 2,157,127</b>	<b>\$ 2,384,821</b>

(1) Concurrently with the completion of this offering, the direct subsidiaries of NEE Operating LP will enter into a new \$250 million revolving credit facility which will remain undrawn upon the completion of this offering.

(2) Excludes current portion of long-term debt of \$390.3 million. Also excludes the CAD 170 million limited recourse financing at the Bluewater Project Entity and \$280.0 million limited recourse financing at Genesis Solar Funding, LLC, which were incurred on June 13, 2014. Of the current portion equal to \$390.3 million, \$336.7 million is indebtedness of Genesis Solar that will be repaid using 1603 Cash Grant proceeds and, to the extent its 1603 Cash Grant proceeds are insufficient, equity contributions made to Genesis Solar. Genesis Solar has received to date \$306.2 million in 1603 Cash Grant proceeds and expects to receive additional 1603 Cash Grant proceeds of \$28.0 million (in which case 1603 Cash Grant proceeds would total \$334.2 million). Due to a delay in Genesis Solar's receipt of 1603 Cash Grant proceeds, NEECH has contributed equity of \$30.5 million to

Genesis Solar, which is available to cover any shortfall in Genesis Solar's aggregate 1603 Cash Grant proceeds below \$336.7 million.

Table of Contents**DILUTION**

Dilution is the amount by which the offering price paid by the purchasers of common units sold in this offering will exceed the as adjusted net tangible book value per common unit after this offering. Net tangible book value per common unit as of a particular date represents the amount of our total tangible assets less our total liabilities divided by the total number of common units outstanding as of such date. As of March 31, 2014, after giving effect to the Organizational Transactions, our net tangible book value would have been approximately \$895.9 million, or \$9.62 per common unit, assuming that NEE Equity exchanged all of its NEE Operating LP limited partnership interests for newly issued common units of NEE Partners on a one-for-one basis. Purchasers of our common units in this offering will experience substantial and immediate dilution in net tangible book value per unit as illustrated in the following table.

Initial public offering price per common unit	\$ 25.00
As adjusted net tangible book value per common unit before this offering <sup>(1)</sup>	8.06
Increase in as adjusted net tangible book value per unit attributable to purchasers in this offering	1.56
As adjusted net tangible book value per common unit after this offering	9.62
Immediate dilution in as adjusted net tangible book value per common unit attributable to purchasers in this offering <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 15.38

<sup>(1)</sup> Gives effect to the Project Transfer and the Organizational Transactions and assumes that NEE Equity exchanged all of its NEE Operating LP limited partnership interests for newly issued common units of NEE Partners on a one-for-one basis as of March 31, 2014.

Because NextEra and its affiliates will not own any common units or other economic interest in us, we have presented dilution in net tangible book value per common unit to investors in this offering assuming that NEE Equity exchanged its NEE Operating LP common units for newly issued common units of NEE Partners on a one-for-one basis in order to more meaningfully present the dilutive impact on the purchasers in this offering.

The following table sets forth, as of March 31, 2014, the differences among the number of common units purchased, the total consideration paid or exchanged and the average price per common unit paid by NEE Equity and by purchasers of our common units in this offering, assuming that NEE Equity exchanged all of its NEE Operating LP common units for newly issued common units of NEE Partners on a one-for-one basis and no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units.

	Common Units Acquired		Total Consideration (\$ in thousands)		Average Price Per Common Unit
	Number	Percent	Amount	Percent	
NEE Equity <sup>(1)</sup>	76,877,500	82.6%	\$ 508,907	55.6%	\$ 6.62

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Purchasers in the offering	16,250,000	17.4%	\$ 406,250	44.4%	\$ 25.00
Total	93,127,500	100.0%	\$ 915,157	100.0%	

- (1) The projects contributed by NEE Equity in the Project Transfer will be recorded at historical cost. The book value of the consideration to be provided by NEE Equity to NEE Operating LP in the Project Transfer as of March 31, 2014, was approximately \$742.7 million.

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**Table of Contents**

**OUR CASH DISTRIBUTION POLICY AND RESTRICTIONS ON DISTRIBUTIONS**

*The following discussion of our cash distribution policy and estimated cash available for distribution contains certain assumptions and estimates relating to our future performance. See Assumptions and Considerations below. You should read the following discussion in conjunction with Forward-Looking Statements, Risk Factors, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and our predecessor's financial statements and the accompanying notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.*

**General**

***Rationale for Our Cash Distributions***

Our partnership agreement requires us to distribute our available cash quarterly. Generally, our available cash is all cash on hand at the date of determination in respect of such quarter (including any expected distributions from NEE Operating LP and, during the purchase price adjustment period, payments from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement in respect of such quarter), less the amount of cash reserves established by our general partner. We currently expect that cash reserves would be established solely to provide for the payment of income taxes payable by NEE Partners, if any. Our cash flow is generated from distributions we receive from NEE Operating LP each quarter and, during the purchase price adjustment period, from any payments we receive from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement, which payments will be funded solely by any distributions NEE Equity receives from NEE Operating LP with respect to such quarter. NEE Operating LP's cash flow is generated solely from distributions from the Project Entities. As a result, our ability to make distributions to our unitholders depends on the ability of the Project Entities to make distributions to NEE Operating LP and the ability of NEE Operating LP to make cash distributions to its limited partners. We currently conduct no operations other than through our interest in NEE Operating LP and believe that our investors are best served by our distributing our available cash to our unitholders as described below.

***Restrictions and Limitations on Our Cash Distributions and Our Ability to Change Our Cash Distribution Policy***

It is possible that we may not receive quarterly distributions from NEE Operating LP and that our unitholders may not receive quarterly distributions from us. Neither we nor NEE Operating LP have a legal obligation to pay any distributions, except as provided in our respective partnership agreements. The requirements in our and NEE Operating LP's partnership agreements to distribute our respective available cash quarterly are subject to certain restrictions and limitations and may be changed at any time. These restrictions and limitations include the following:

Our and NEE Operating LP's ability to make distributions to our respective unitholders depends on the performance of our subsidiaries and their ability to distribute cash to us. The amount of cash that NEE Operating LP can distribute each quarter will be subject to restrictions on cash distributions under its and its subsidiaries' debt agreements, including NEE Operating LP's new revolving credit facility and financing agreements governing the debt of its subsidiaries, including the Project Entities. The financings at NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries currently permit distributions out of available cash on a quarterly or semi-annual basis so long as certain conditions are satisfied, including that reserves are funded with cash or credit support, no default or event of default has occurred and is continuing, and the applicable debt service coverage ratio is at least 1.20:1.00. Should NEE Operating LP or its subsidiaries be unable to satisfy these or other restrictions included in such agreements, NEE Operating LP may be limited in its ability to make distributions to us and we may be limited in our ability to make distributions to our unitholders. In addition, the ability of our subsidiaries to make distributions to us may be restricted by,

among other things, the provisions of future indebtedness, applicable state partnership and limited liability company laws and other laws and regulations. See Description of Certain Financing Arrangements.



**Table of Contents**

Our general partner will have authority under our partnership agreement to establish cash reserves. The establishment of those reserves could result in cash distributions to our unitholders that are below our expectations. While we currently expect that the only cash reserves to be established by our general partner for us will be for the payment of income taxes, if any, other reserves may be established in the future and any determination to establish cash reserves made by our general partner in good faith will be binding on our unitholders. Our partnership agreement provides that in order for a determination by our general partner to be considered to have been made in good faith, it must subjectively believe that the determination is in our best interests.

NEE Operating GP has authority under NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement to establish cash reserves for the proper conduct of NEE Operating LP's business, which includes compliance with applicable laws or any agreements binding on NEE Operating LP or its subsidiaries. NEE Operating GP may also establish reserves to provide for future cash distributions to NEE Operating LP's unitholders, including us. The establishment of those reserves could result in a reduction in cash distributions that we would otherwise receive from NEE Operating LP in a quarter, which in turn could result in a reduction in cash distributions to our unitholders. Since we will own all of the equity interests of NEE Operating GP, determinations made by NEE Operating GP under NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement will ultimately be made at the direction of our general partner.

While our and NEE Operating LP's respective partnership agreements require us to distribute our respective available cash, either partnership agreement, including the provisions relating to cash distributions, may be amended. During the purchase price adjustment period, our partnership agreement generally may not be amended without the approval of our common unitholders and holders of the Special Voting Units, voting as separate classes, and NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement generally may not be amended without unanimous consent by NEE Operating LP's unitholders, including us, other than, in each case, in certain limited circumstances where no unitholder approval is required. However, following the expiration of the purchase price adjustment period, our and NEE Operating LP's respective partnership agreements can be amended with the consent of our respective general partners and the approval of a majority of the outstanding common units, including common units held by our respective general partners and their affiliates, and the Special Voting Units, voting together as a class, subject to certain limitations. Following the completion of this offering, assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional units, our general partner and its affiliates, including NEE Equity, will hold 82.6% of the voting power in us and 82.6% of the outstanding common units of NEE Operating LP.

NEE Operating LP will reimburse our general partner and its affiliates for all direct and indirect expenses they incur on our behalf, including out of pocket expenses incurred by NEER and its affiliates for services provided to us under the Management Services Agreement and for credit support provided under the CSCS Agreement, and there is no limit on the amount of such expenses that may be reimbursed. NEE Operating LP will also be required to pay a management fee to NEE Management under the Management Services Agreement and a credit support fee to NEER under the CSCS Agreement regardless of the impact on cash NEE Operating LP would otherwise have available for distribution to its unitholders, including us, which could reduce or eliminate our ability to pay distributions to our unitholders.

NEE Operating LP will allow NEER or one of its affiliates to borrow funds received by our subsidiaries, including NEE Operating LP, and hold them in an account of NEER or one of its affiliates to the extent the funds are not required to pay project costs or otherwise required to be maintained by our subsidiaries, until the financing agreements of our subsidiaries permit distributions to be made to NEE Operating LP, until NEE Operating LP demands such funds or, in the case of NEE Operating LP, until such funds are required to make distributions or to pay expenses or other operating costs. Any borrowed funds will be included in the definition of "available cash" under NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement and NEE Operating LP has the

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**Table of Contents**

right to demand the return of any borrowed but unreturned funds at any time. However, since we are managed by NextEra or certain of its affiliates, we may choose not to request such funds even if they could be used for acquisitions or growth projects.

Under Section 17-607 of the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, or the Delaware LP Act, NEE Operating LP may not make a distribution to us and we may not make a distribution to our unitholders if such distribution would cause NEE Operating LP's or our liabilities to exceed the fair value of our respective assets, as applicable.

NEE Operating LP may not have sufficient cash to pay distributions to its unitholders, including us, in any quarter due to cash flow shortfalls attributable to a number of operational, financial, commercial or other factors, including increases in O&M expenses, required payments of, or reserves for, principal and interest payments on indebtedness, working capital requirements and reserves for anticipated cash needs. NEE Operating LP's cash available for distribution to its unitholders is directly impacted by the cash expenses necessary to run our business and will be reduced dollar-for-dollar to the extent such expenses increase. Further, because the amount of available cash for any quarter includes the amount of excess funds borrowed by NEER which remain unreturned, NEE Operating LP will be required to demand the return of all or a portion of such funds from NEER and distribute such funds to its unitholders to the extent that NEE Operating GP is not permitted to reserve the amount of such funds under its partnership agreement, including any reserves established to fund future distributions.

If and to the extent NEE Operating LP's cash available for distribution materially declines, it may elect to reduce its quarterly cash distributions to service or repay its indebtedness or fund capital expenditures, which could result in a reduction in cash distributions to our unitholders below levels we currently anticipate.

All available cash distributed by NEE Operating LP on any date from any source will be treated as distributed from operating surplus until the sum of all available cash distributed since the closing of this offering equals the operating surplus from the closing of this offering through the end of the quarter immediately preceding that distribution. However, operating surplus, as defined in the NEE Operating LP partnership agreement, includes certain components, including a \$35.0 million cash basket, that represent non-operating sources of cash. Accordingly, it is possible distributions that would otherwise be deemed as being made from capital surplus could be made from operating surplus. Any cash distributed by NEE Operating LP in excess of operating surplus will be deemed to be capital surplus under the NEE Operating LP partnership agreement. The NEE Operating LP partnership agreement treats a distribution of capital surplus as the repayment of the initial unit price on NEE Operating LP's common units (equal to the initial public offering price), which is a return of capital. Each time a distribution of capital surplus is made, the minimum quarterly distribution and the target quarterly distribution levels will be reduced in the same proportion as the corresponding reduction in the unrecovered initial unit price (as defined below). We do not anticipate that NEE Operating LP will make any distributions from capital surplus. See Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions.

***Our Ability to Grow Our Business and Distributions***

We intend to grow our business primarily through the acquisition of clean energy projects, which we believe will facilitate the growth of NEE Operating LP's cash available for distribution to its common unitholders and enable us to increase our cash distributions per unit over time. However, the determination of the amount of cash distributions to

be paid to holders of NEE Operating LP's common units will be made by our general partner and will depend upon NEE Operating LP's financial condition, cash flow, results of operations, long-term prospects and any other matters that our general partner deems relevant.

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**Table of Contents**

We expect that we will rely primarily upon external financing sources, including commercial bank borrowings and issuances of debt and equity securities, to fund any growth capital expenditures, including any acquisitions of NEER ROFO Projects, other NEER assets or assets from third parties. We do not have any commitment from our general partner or other affiliates, including NextEra, to provide any direct or indirect financial assistance to us following the closing of this offering, other than with respect to existing credit support on behalf of our subsidiaries as set forth in the CSCS Agreement. As a result, to the extent we are unable to finance growth externally, NEE Operating LP's cash distribution policy could significantly impair our ability to grow our business because we do not currently intend to cause NEE Operating LP to reserve meaningful amounts of cash generated from operations to fund growth opportunities. If external financing is not available on acceptable terms, our general partner may decide to direct NEE Operating LP to finance acquisitions with cash from operations, which would reduce or even eliminate NEE Operating LP's cash available for distribution and our ability to pay distributions to holders of our common units. To the extent we were to issue additional common units to fund growth capital expenditures, we will be required to use the proceeds thereof to purchase an equal number of newly issued common units from NEE Operating LP, and the payment of distributions on those additional units may increase the risk that NEE Operating LP will be unable to maintain or increase its distributions per unit to its common unitholders, including us. There are no limitations in our or NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement, and there will be no limitations under the new revolving credit facility of NEE Operating LP's direct subsidiaries, on our or NEE Operating LP's ability to issue additional common units, including other classes of units that would have priority over our common units or NEE Operating LP's common units that we hold with respect to the payment of distributions. Further, the incurrence of additional commercial bank borrowings or other debt to finance our growth would result in increased debt service obligations, which may reduce NEE Operating LP's cash available for distribution and our ability to pay distributions to holders of our common units.

**Our Initial Quarterly Distribution**

Upon the completion of this offering, our partnership agreement will provide for an initial quarterly distribution of \$0.1875 per unit for each complete quarter, or \$0.75 per unit on an annualized basis, which is equal to NEE Operating LP's minimum quarterly distribution. We intend to use the distributions we receive from NEE Operating LP, together with any payments we receive from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement, if any, less any reserves established by our general partner, to pay regular quarterly distributions to holders of our common units. Our ability to make cash distributions will be subject to the factors described above under General Restrictions and Limitations on Our Cash Distributions and Our Ability to Change Our Cash Distribution Policy. Other than the requirement in our partnership agreement to distribute all of our available cash each quarter, we have no legal obligation to make any quarterly cash distributions whatsoever, and our general partner has sole discretion to determine the amount of our cash available for distribution in each quarter. See Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions.

We will make quarterly distributions, if any, within 45 days after the end of each quarter, on or about the 15th day of each February, May, August and November to holders of record on or about the first day of each such month. If the distribution date does not fall on a business day, we will make the distribution on the first business day immediately following the indicated distribution date. We will adjust the amount of our distribution for the period from the completion of this offering through September 30, 2014, based on the actual length of the period.

**Table of Contents**

The amount of available cash we need to pay the initial quarterly distribution on all of our common units that will be outstanding immediately after this offering for one quarter and on an annualized basis is summarized in the table below.

	No exercise of option to purchase additional common units			Exercise of option to purchase additional common units		
	Aggregate initial quarterly distributions			Aggregate initial quarterly distributions		
	Number of units	One Quarter	Annualized	Number of units	One Quarter	Annualized
(In millions except per unit data)						
Common units <sup>(1)</sup>	93,127,500	\$ 17.5	\$ 69.8	93,127,500	\$ 17.5	\$ 69.8
General partner units <sup>(2)</sup>						
<b>Total</b>	<b>93,127,500</b>	<b>\$ 17.5</b>	<b>\$ 69.8</b>	<b>93,127,500</b>	<b>\$ 17.5</b>	<b>\$ 69.8</b>

(1) The total number of our common units held by public unitholders will be equal to the total number of NEE Operating LP's common units held by us.

(2) Our general partner owns a non-economic general partner interest.

**Minimum Quarterly Distribution of NEE Operating LP**

Upon the completion of this offering, NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement will provide for a minimum quarterly distribution of \$0.1875 per unit for each complete quarter, or \$0.75 per unit on an annualized basis. Assuming: (i) that NEE Partners' general partner does not establish any reserves, including reserves for income taxes payable by NEE Partners; (ii) that we do not receive any purchase price adjustments from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement; and (iii) that neither we nor NEE Operating LP issues additional classes of equity securities, the per unit cash distributions we receive from NEE Operating LP will be equal to the per unit cash distributions received by our common unitholders. The amount of available cash NEE Operating LP needs to pay the minimum quarterly distribution on all of its common units that will be outstanding immediately after this offering for one quarter and on an annualized basis is summarized in the table below.

	No exercise of option to purchase additional common units			Full exercise of option to purchase additional common units		
	Aggregate minimum quarterly distributions			Aggregate minimum quarterly distributions		
	Number of units	One Quarter	Annualized	Number of units	One Quarter	Annualized
(In millions except per unit data)						
NEE Operating LP common units held by us <sup>(1)</sup>	16,250,000	\$ 3.1	\$ 12.2	18,687,500	\$ 3.5	\$ 14.0
NEE Operating LP common units held by NEE Equity <sup>(1)</sup>	76,877,500	14.4	57.6	74,440,000	14.0	55.8

General partner units<sup>(2)</sup>

Total	93,127,500	\$ 17.5	\$ 69.8	93,127,500	\$ 17.5	\$ 69.8
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(1) The total number of NEE Operating LP s common units outstanding upon the completion of this offering will be the same regardless of whether the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units because we will use any such additional proceeds to purchase NEE Operating LP s common units from NEE Equity. The table assumes that following the completion of this offering, we will hold 17.4% (if the underwriters do not exercise their option to purchase additional units) and 20.1% (if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional units) of NEE Operating LP s outstanding common units.

(2) The general partner of NEE Operating LP owns a non-economic general partner interest.

Our general partner will hold a non-economic general partner interest in us. However, NEE Management could receive the IDR Fee under the Management Services Agreement based on the amount of

## Table of Contents

available cash from operating surplus NEE Operating LP distributes to its unitholders after the minimum quarterly and target quarterly distribution levels have been achieved and any accrued and unpaid purchase price adjustments have been paid (assuming the IDR Fee is paid out of available cash and does not constitute an operating expenditure). See

Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions Incentive Distribution Right Fee.

During the purchase price adjustment period, NEE Equity will be required to pay us a purchase price adjustment in any quarter in which we do not receive the full minimum quarterly distribution on the common units of NEE Operating LP that we hold plus any accrued and unpaid purchase price adjustments, solely out of the amount of the distributions actually received by NEE Equity in such quarter with respect to the common units of NEE Operating LP that it holds. If NEE Equity is unable to pay in full all accrued and unpaid purchase price adjustments in any quarter, the unpaid portion for that quarter will accrue and be payable from distributions received by NEE Equity in any subsequent quarter, concurrently with or following the payment of any other purchase price adjustments that may be payable from such distributions, subject to certain limitations. See Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions Purchase Price Adjustment. The practical result of the purchase price adjustment is that we are entitled to receive payment of the full minimum quarterly distribution plus any shortfall from prior quarters before distributions may be retained by NEE Equity. However, we may not receive the minimum quarterly distribution in respect of our common units of NEE Operating LP in any quarter and our receipt of a purchase price adjustment in any quarter may not be sufficient for us to pay the initial quarterly distribution to our common unitholders.

Although holders of our common units may pursue judicial action to enforce provisions of our partnership agreement, including those related to requirements to make cash distributions as described above, our partnership agreement provides that any determination made by our general partner in its capacity as our general partner must be made in good faith and that any such determination will not be subject to any other standard imposed by the Delaware LP Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity.

Our cash distribution policy, as expressed in our partnership agreement, may not be modified or repealed without amending our partnership agreement; however, the actual amount of our cash distributions for any quarter is subject to fluctuations based on the amount of cash we generate from our business and the amount of reserves our general partner and NEE Operating GP (at the direction of our general partner) establish in accordance with our and NEE Operating LP's respective partnership agreements.

In the following sections, we present in detail the basis for our belief that we will be able to fully fund our annualized initial quarterly distribution of \$0.75 per unit for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015. In those sections, we present two tables, consisting of:

Unaudited Pro Forma Cash Available for Distribution for the Twelve Months Ended March 31, 2014 and for the Year Ended December 31, 2013, in which we present the amount of cash we would have had available for distribution on a pro forma basis for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, as adjusted to give effect to the Organizational Transactions, including this offering; and

Estimated Cash Available for Distribution for the Twelve-Month Period Ending June 30, 2015, in which we calculate our ability to generate sufficient cash available for distribution for us to pay our initial



quarterly distribution on all of our common units for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015. We believe that there have not been, and we do not anticipate that there will be, any significant events during the three months ended June 30, 2014, the omitted period, that would cause the omitted period to materially change the results of the projected or historical period if such omitted period were included in the applicable historical or projected period.

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**Table of Contents**

Unless otherwise specifically noted, the amounts set forth in the following sections reflect the pro forma historical and forecasted results attributable to 100% of the assets and operations of NEE Operating LP and are not adjusted to reflect NEE Equity's 82.6% non-controlling limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP. We will own a controlling non-economic general partner interest and a 17.4% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP. Following the completion of this offering, we will consolidate the results of operations of NEE Operating LP and record a non-controlling interest deduction, initially 82.6%, for NEE Equity's retained interest in NEE Operating LP.

**Unaudited Pro Forma Cash Available for Distribution for the Twelve Months Ended March 31, 2014 and for the Year Ended December 31, 2013**

If we had completed the Organizational Transactions, including this offering, on April 1, 2013, NEE Operating LP's unaudited pro forma cash available for distribution for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014, would have been approximately \$52.1 million. This amount would have only been sufficient for NEE Operating LP to pay a cash distribution of \$0.14 per unit per quarter (\$0.56 per unit on an annualized basis), or approximately 75% of NEE Operating LP's minimum quarterly distribution, on all of its common units for such period, and would have only been sufficient for us to pay a cash distribution of \$0.14 per unit per quarter (\$0.56 per unit on an annualized basis), or approximately 75% of our initial quarterly distribution, on all of our common units for such period. If we had completed the Organizational Transactions, including this offering, on January 1, 2013, NEE Operating LP's unaudited pro forma cash available for distribution for the year ended December 31, 2013 would have been approximately \$34.3 million. This amount would have only been sufficient for NEE Operating LP to pay a cash distribution of \$0.092 per common unit per quarter (\$0.37 per common unit on an annualized basis), or approximately 49% of NEE Operating LP's minimum quarterly distribution, on all of its common units for such period, and would have only been sufficient for us to pay a cash distribution of \$0.092 per unit per quarter (\$0.37 per unit on an annualized basis), or approximately 49% of our initial quarterly distribution, on all of our common units for such period.

Assuming no working capital borrowings were used to pay distributions, NEE Equity would have paid purchase price adjustments for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013 equal to an aggregate of \$3.1 million and \$6.2 million, respectively, representing the difference between the aggregate minimum quarterly distribution in respect of NEE Operating LP common units held by NEE Partners and the amounts actually distributed on such common units, which would have allowed us to pay the full initial quarterly distribution on all of our common units for such periods.

Our calculation of unaudited pro forma cash available for distribution reflects O&M expenses that we expect to incur following the completion of this offering. An incremental, annual management fee equal to the greater of 1% of NEE Operating LP's EBITDA and \$4.0 million payable under the Management Services Agreement and the projected \$1.8 million annual credit support fee payable under the CSCS Agreement are included in the calculation of pro forma net income of NEE Operating LP. \$4.0 million of other incremental fees and expenses we expect to incur as a result of becoming a publicly traded partnership, including costs associated with SEC reporting requirements, independent auditor fees, investor relations activities, stock exchange listing, registrar and transfer agent fees, director and officer liability insurance and director compensation, are also included in the adjustments to pro forma net income of NEE Operating LP presented below. None of the incremental fees and expenses described above are reflected in our audited and unaudited combined financial statements and all of these incremental fees and expenses will be borne by NEE Operating LP. The table below assumes that our general partner has not established any reserves, including any reserves for the payment of income taxes of NEE Partners, and our calculation of unaudited pro forma cash available for distribution does not include a full year of revenues from projects that commenced commercial operations after the beginning of the relevant period. As described above, we currently do not expect that our general partner will establish any reserves other than to pay income taxes of NEE Partners and do not expect that NEE Partners will pay meaningful federal income tax for a period of approximately 15 years. As a result, we have assumed that all cash distributed by

NEE Operating LP to NEE Partners will be distributed to our common unitholders as shown in the

**Table of Contents**

table below. The table below also assumes that NEE Operating GP has not established any reserves for the proper conduct of NEE Operating LP's business, including any reserves to provide for future cash distributions to NEE Operating LP's unitholders, including us. The establishment of such reserves by NEE Operating GP could result in a reduction in cash distributions that we would otherwise receive from NEE Operating LP in a quarter, which in turn could result in a reduction in cash distributions to our unitholders.

We have based the pro forma assumptions upon currently available information and estimates. The pro forma amounts below do not purport to present the results of our operations had this offering and the related transactions contemplated in this prospectus actually been completed as of the dates indicated. Further, cash available for distribution is a cash accounting concept, while our predecessor's historical financial statements and our unaudited pro forma financial statements were prepared on an accrual basis. As a result, the amount of unaudited cash available should only be viewed as a general indicator of the amount of cash available for distribution that we might have generated had we been formed and completed the transactions contemplated in this prospectus for the period shown in the table below.

**Table of Contents**

The following table illustrates, on a pro forma basis for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, the amount of cash that would have been available for distribution to NEE Operating LP's common unitholders, including us, assuming the Organizational Transactions had been completed on April 1, 2013 and January 1, 2013, respectively. Certain of the adjustments are explained in further detail in the footnotes to such adjustments.

<b>\$ in thousands</b>	<b>Twelve Months Ended</b>	<b>Year Ended</b>
	<b>March 31, 2014</b>	<b>December 31, 2013</b>
Pro forma net income of NEE Operating LP <sup>(1)</sup>	\$27,785	\$ 21,600
Less:		
Non-cash non-recurring items	4,809	4,809
Add:		
Depreciation and amortization	48,056	39,427
Interest expense <sup>(2)</sup>	50,286	41,637
Income tax expense (benefit)	2,310	1,711
 Pro forma Adjusted EBITDA of NEE Operating LP	 123,628	 99,566
Less:		
Cash interest paid, net of amounts capitalized	39,632	39,076
Maintenance capital expenditures <sup>(3)(4)</sup>		
Expansion capital expenditures <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	758,198	902,257
Principal amortization of indebtedness	27,936	22,192
Incremental O&M expenses associated with being a publicly traded partnership <sup>(6)</sup>	4,000	4,000
Add:		
Borrowings or capital contributed to fund expansion capital expenditures	758,198	902,257
 <b>Pro forma cash available for distribution by NEE Operating LP</b>	 <b>\$ 52,060</b>	 <b>\$ 34,298</b>
 Pro forma cash available for distribution to NEE Equity	 43,002	 28,330
Pro forma cash available for distribution to NEE Partners	9,058	5,968
<b>Distributions to common unitholders of NEE Operating LP at the minimum quarterly distribution annualized rate of \$0.75 per unit<sup>(7)</sup></b>	 <b>\$ 69,846</b>	 <b>\$ 69,846</b>
Distributions to NEE Equity (representing the non-controlling interest)	57,658	57,658
Distributions to NEE Partners	12,188	12,188
	(17,786)	(35,548)

Shortfall of cash available for distribution by NEE Operating LP below aggregate annualized minimum quarterly distribution				
<b>Distributions to common unitholders of NEE Partners at the initial quarterly distribution annualized rate of \$0.75 per unit</b>	\$	<b>12,188</b>	\$	<b>12,188</b>
Pro forma Purchase Price Adjustments payable by NEE Equity to NEE Partners	\$	(3,130)	\$	(6,220)

- (1) Pro forma net income of NEE Operating LP includes the impact of the annual management fee equal to the greater of 1% of NEE Operating LP's EBITDA and \$4 million payable under the Management Services Agreement and the projected \$1.8 million annual credit support fee payable under the CSCS Agreement.
- (2) Includes interest expense associated with borrowings used to fund expansion capital expenditures.

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**Table of Contents**

- (3) Maintenance capital expenditures are cash expenditures that are made to repair, refurbish and maintain equipment reliability, integrity and safety and to comply with applicable laws and regulations, or other cash expenditures that are made to maintain, over the long term, operating capacity or operating income.
- (4) Historically, we did not make a distinction between maintenance capital expenditures and expansion capital expenditures. Based on the fact that capital expenditures for the period consisted solely of construction expenditures, we have estimated that there were no maintenance capital expenditures for the period.
- (5) Expansion capital expenditures represent cash expenditures incurred for acquisitions or capital improvements, including construction expenditures, that are expected to increase NEE Operating LP's operating income or operating capacity over the long term. Expansion capital expenditures during these periods related primarily to the construction of Genesis, Summerhaven and Bluewater.
- (6) Incremental O&M expenses will be borne by NEE Operating LP.
- (7) We believe that, on a pro forma basis for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, the debt financing arrangements of NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries would have permitted the distribution of all of their respective cash flows to us. Under such financing arrangements, distributions by NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries are permitted out of available cash on a quarterly or semi-annual basis so long as certain conditions are satisfied, including that the applicable debt service coverage ratio is at least 1.20:1.00.

**Estimated Cash Available for Distribution for the Twelve-Month Period Ending June 30, 2015**

We forecast, based on a P50 production level (as described below), that NEE Operating LP's estimated cash available for distribution during the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, will be approximately \$87.3 million. This amount would exceed by \$17.5 million the amount needed to pay NEE Operating LP's minimum quarterly distribution of \$0.1875 per unit on all of its common units for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, and exceed by \$3.0 million the amount needed to pay our initial quarterly distribution of \$0.1875 per unit on all of our common units for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015. Our forecast assumes that we will distribute all of the cash we receive from NEE Operating LP for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, to our unitholders. The assumption is based on the fact that we do not expect our general partner to establish any reserves during the forecast period that would reduce our cash available for distribution to our unitholders.

We are providing this forecast of estimated cash available for distribution to supplement the historical financial statements of our predecessor and our unaudited pro forma financial statements included elsewhere in the prospectus in support of our belief that, based on the assumptions stated herein, we should have sufficient cash available for distribution to allow NEE Operating LP to make distributions at the minimum quarterly distribution rate on all of its common units for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, including common units held by us, and allow us to make distributions at the initial quarterly distribution rate on all of our common units for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015. See Assumptions and Considerations for further information as to the assumptions we have made for the forecast. See Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates for information as to the accounting policies we have followed for the financial forecast.

Our forecast is a forward-looking statement and reflects our judgment as of the date of this prospectus of our current outlook and expectations for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015. It should be read together with the historical combined financial statements of our predecessor and the accompanying notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

We do not typically make public projections as to future earnings or other operating results. However, management has prepared this forecast to present the estimated cash available for distribution to our common unitholders for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015. This forecast was not prepared with a view toward public disclosure or with a view toward complying with the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants with respect to forecasted financial information, but, in the view of management, was prepared on a reasonable basis, reflects the best currently available estimates and judgments, and presents, to the best of management's knowledge and belief, our expected future financial performance. However, this information is not fact and should not be relied upon as being necessarily indicative of future results, and readers of this prospectus are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forecasted financial information.



**Table of Contents**

Neither our independent auditors, nor any other independent accountants, have compiled, examined, or performed any procedures with respect to the forecasted financial information contained herein, nor have they expressed any opinion or any other form of assurance on such information or its achievability, and assume no responsibility for, and disclaim any association with, the forecasted financial information.

We believe our actual results of operations during the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, will be consistent with our forecast, but our forecasted results may not be achieved. As further discussed below under Assumptions and Considerations, our forecast is based on a P50 production level, or the level of energy production that we estimate our Initial Portfolio will meet or exceed 50% of the time. For example, an annual P50 production level of 100 MWh means that we expect a particular project or group of projects to produce at least 100 MWh per year in 50 out of every 100 years. See Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Significant Factors Affecting Results of Operations and Financial Condition for a more detailed discussion of our use of P levels in our estimates of the energy production of our projects. If our estimates are not achieved, NEE Operating LP may not be able to pay the minimum quarterly distribution or any distribution and we may not be able to pay the initial quarterly distribution or any distribution on our common units.

The assumptions and estimates underlying our forecast, as described below under Assumptions and Considerations, are inherently uncertain and, although we consider them reasonable as of the date of this prospectus, they are subject to a wide variety of significant business, economic, financial and competitive risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in our forecast, including the risks and uncertainties described in Risk Factors. Accordingly, our forecast may not be indicative of our future performance and actual results may differ materially from those presented in this forecast. Inclusion of this forecast in this prospectus should not be regarded as a representation by any person that the results contained in this forecast can or will be achieved.

We do not undertake any obligation to release publicly the results of any future revisions we may make to our forecast or to update our financial forecast or the assumptions used to prepare our forecast to reflect events or circumstances after the completion of this offering. In light of this, our forecast should not be regarded as a representation by us, the underwriters or any other person that we will make such distribution. Therefore, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this information.

**Table of Contents**

For additional information relating to the principal assumptions used in preparing our forecast see Assumptions and Considerations below.

**Estimated Cash Available for Distribution**

	<b>Twelve-Month Period Ending</b>
<b>\$ in thousands</b>	<b>June 30, 2015</b>
Operating revenues of NEE Operating LP	\$ 318,674
Operating expenses	
Operations and maintenance	60,314
Depreciation and amortization	81,966
Taxes other than income taxes and other	6,721
Transmission	2,273
Total operating expenses	151,274
Operating income	167,400
Other income/(expense)	
Interest expense	(100,249)
Other income	190
Total other expense	(100,059)
Income before income taxes	67,341
Income taxes	8,925
Net Income	58,416
Add:	
Depreciation and amortization	81,966
Interest expense	100,249
Income tax expense	8,925
Adjusted EBITDA of NEE Operating LP	249,556
Less:	
Cash interest paid	95,698
Cash taxes paid	1,180
Major maintenance pre-funding	3,281
Maintenance capital expenditures <sup>(1)</sup>	4,013
Expansion capital expenditures <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	57,676
Principal amortization of indebtedness <sup>(4)</sup>	395,172
Add:	

Pre-funded expansion capital expenditures <sup>(3)</sup>	57,676
Cash grant receipts <sup>(4)</sup>	334,223
Equity contribution for cash grant shortfall	2,872
Estimated cash available for distribution to NEE Operating LP unitholders	\$ 87,307
<b>Distributions to common unitholders of NEE Operating LP at the minimum quarterly distribution annualized rate of \$0.75 per unit</b>	<b>\$ 69,846</b>
Distributions to NEE Equity (representing the non-controlling interest)	57,658
Distributions to NEE Partners	12,188
Excess of cash available for distribution by NEE Operating LP over aggregate annualized minimum quarterly distribution	17,461
<b>Distributions to common unitholders of NEE Partners at the initial quarterly distribution annualized rate of \$0.75 per unit</b>	<b>12,188</b>

- (1) Maintenance capital expenditures are cash expenditures that are made to repair, refurbish, and maintain equipment reliability, integrity and safety and to comply with applicable laws and regulations, or other cash expenditures that are made to maintain, over the long term, operating capacity or operating income.
- (2) Expansion capital expenditures represent cash expenditures incurred for acquisitions or capital improvements, including construction expenditures, that are expected to increase NEE Operating LP's operating income or operating capacity over the long term. Expansion capital expenditures are expected to be funded through third party financings or NEECH.

**Table of Contents**

- (3) Related to the completion of the Bluewater project that will be funded by NEER. The expected commencement of commercial operations of Bluewater is in the third quarter of 2014.
- (4) Includes 1603 Cash Grant Proceeds we have received and additional 1603 Cash Grant Proceeds we expect to receive immediately prior to or during the forecast period which will be used to prepay debt of Genesis Solar in accordance with its terms.

**Assumptions and Considerations**

We forecast that NEE Operating LP's cash available for distribution during the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, will be approximately \$87.3 million. This amount is \$35.2 million and \$53.0 million more than our unaudited pro forma available cash for distribution for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014, and for the year ended December 31, 2013, respectively. This increase is primarily due to the increase in cash available for distribution attributable to increased revenues from the commencement of commercial operations of Genesis and Summerhaven, as well as the expected commencement of commercial operations of Bluewater in the third quarter of 2014. Our estimates do not assume any incremental revenue, expenses or other costs or benefits associated with potential future acquisitions.

Set forth below are the material assumptions we have made to calculate our ability to generate cash available for distribution for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015. Our assumptions reflect our expectations during the forecast period. While the assumptions disclosed in this prospectus do not include all of the assumptions used to calculate our forecast, the assumptions presented are those that we believe are material to our forecast. While we believe we have a reasonable basis for our assumptions, our forecasted results may not be achieved. There will likely be differences between our forecast and our actual results and those differences may be material. If our forecast is not achieved, we may not be able to make cash distributions on our common units.

**Our Projects**

Our forecast assumes that our projects will be those that comprise our Initial Portfolio as set forth in the table below. All projects will be 100% owned by NEE Operating LP. Although making acquisitions is part of our strategy, and we may make acquisitions during the forecast period, the following projections refer only to projects in our Initial Portfolio.

<b>Commercial</b>						
<b>Project</b>	<b>Operation Date</b>	<b>Resource</b>	<b>MW</b>	<b>Counterparty</b>	<b>Contract Expiration</b>	<b>Project Financing (Maturity)</b>
Northern Colorado	September 2009	Wind	174.3	Public Service Company of Colorado	2029 (22.5 MW)/ 2034 (151.8 MW)	Mountain Prairie (2030)
Elk City	December 2009	Wind	98.9	Public Service Company of Oklahoma	2030	Mountain Prairie (2030)
Moore	February 2012	Solar	20.0	Ontario Power Authority	2032	St. Clair (2031)
Sombra	February 2012	Solar	20.0	Ontario Power Authority	2032	St. Clair (2031)
Perrin Ranch	January 2012	Wind	99.2		2037	Canyon Wind (2030)

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				Arizona Public Service Company		
Conestogo	December 2012	Wind	22.9	Ontario Power Authority	2032	Trillium (2033)
Tuscola Bay	December 2012	Wind	120.0	DTE Electric Company	2032	Canyon Wind (2030)
Summerhaven	August 2013	Wind	124.4	Ontario Power Authority	2033	Trillium (2033)
Genesis	November 2013 (125.0 MW)/ March 2014 (125.0 MW)	Solar	250.0	Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	2039	Genesis (2038)  Genesis Solar Funding (2038)
Bluewater	3Q 2014 (expected)	Wind	59.9	Ontario Power Authority	2034 (estimated)	Bluewater (2032 (expected))
<b>Total</b>			<b>989.6</b>			

## **Table of Contents**

### ***Generation***

Our ability to generate cash available for distribution is primarily a function of the volume of energy produced by our projects, which is impacted by wind and solar resource levels and the ability of our projects to produce energy. All of the energy produced by our projects is committed for sale under long-term, fixed-price contracts or is covered by long-term fixed price FIT Contracts that, in each case, are subject to adjustment in certain situations under their terms.

Our forecast for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, is based on an assumption of the expected energy produced by our projects, which we refer to as the P50 production level. The P50 production level is our estimate of the amount of energy production for the period that our Initial Portfolio will meet or exceed 50% of the time.

Our wind analysis evaluates wind speed and prevailing direction, atmospheric conditions, wake and seasonal variations for each project. Our solar analysis evaluates solar irradiance levels and prevailing direction, atmospheric conditions and seasonal variations for each project. The result of our analyses is a probabilistic assessment of a project's energy production, which is expressed through P levels. A P level is the amount of annual energy production that a particular project or group of projects will meet or exceed P% of the time. For example, an annual P50 production level of 100 MWh means that we expect a particular project or group of projects to produce at least 100 MWh per year in 50 out of every 100 years. Similarly, an annual P95 production level of 100 MWh means that we expect a particular project or group of projects to produce at least 100 MWh per year in 95 out of 100 years. For a further discussion of P levels and how P level variability of our Initial Portfolio affects our results of operations and financial condition, see Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Overview Significant Factors Affecting Results of Operations and Financial Condition Wind and Solar Resource, Weather Conditions and the Performance of Our Initial Portfolio.

Based upon the P50 production level assumption described above, we estimate the volume of energy produced across the projects in our Initial Portfolio, on an aggregate basis during the twelve months ending June 30, 2015, to be approximately 2,690 GWh, including energy produced from Bluewater, which is expected to commence commercial operations in the third quarter of 2014.

Our cash available for distribution is primarily affected by the volume of energy produced and sold by our projects because revenue from energy sales is the most significant component of our net income and net cash provided by operating activities. Our consolidated expenses, including operating expenses and debt service payments on indebtedness, are generally smaller and have less variability than the revenue from energy sales. Accordingly, increases or decreases in energy sales typically result in a proportionately greater increase or decrease in our cash available for distribution. For example, if the forecasted volume of energy produced by our Initial Portfolio for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, increased or decreased by 5% (a 5% decrease corresponds to approximately a P75 production level across our Initial Portfolio as a whole), we estimate that the forecasted cash available for distribution for this period would correspondingly increase or decrease by approximately \$16.2 million (or approximately 19%) and that Adjusted EBITDA would increase or decrease by approximately \$16.2 million (or approximately 6%). If the production level in the Initial Portfolio, taken as a whole during the forecast period, is materially below P75, we would not expect our cash generated from operations to be sufficient to pay the minimum quarterly distribution on all of the NEE Operating LP common units, which would require NEE Operating LP to borrow under its working capital facility to pay the full distribution. See Risk Factors Risks Related to the Operation of Our Projects.

### ***Operating Revenues***

Our forecast assumes revenues will be determined based on the energy produced and sold as described above under the terms of our long-term contracts, and that the exchange rate between U.S. dollars and Canadian dollars will not change from the exchange rate of \$0.92 U.S. dollars to each Canadian dollar included in our forecast.

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**Table of Contents**

Our forecast assumes: (i) revenues of \$318.7 million for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, as compared to \$169.3 million and \$141.8 million for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, respectively; and (ii) 2.7 million MWh of energy production from our Initial Portfolio for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, as compared to approximately 1.9 million MWh and 1.7 million MWh for the twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, respectively. These increases in revenues and energy production from the twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, are primarily due to the commencement of commercial operations of Genesis and Summerhaven in 2013 and 2014, as well as the expected commencement of commercial operations of Bluewater in the third quarter of 2014. The increase in revenues is also due to an increase in the average price per MWh received by our initial portfolio, as the average price per MWh under the contracts for our newly operational projects is higher than the average price per MWh under the contracts for the projects that were operating during the year ended December 31, 2013.

***Operations and Maintenance***

O&M expenses include costs associated with operating our projects and are based on historical experience, contractual arrangements and other factors. O&M expenses include interconnection costs, labor expenses, turbine servicing costs, lease royalty payments, property taxes, insurance, materials, supplies, shared services and administrative expenses attributable to our projects, costs and expenses under ASAs and O&M agreements, fees and other costs under the Management Services Agreement and costs associated with becoming a publicly traded partnership. O&M expenses also include the cost of maintaining and replacing certain parts for the projects in our Initial Portfolio to maintain our long-term operating income and operating capacity.

Our forecast assumes O&M costs of \$60.3 million for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, as compared to \$38.6 million and \$35.4 million for the pro forma twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, respectively. These increases in our O&M expenses are primarily due to the commencement of commercial operations of Genesis and Summerhaven in 2013 and 2014, as well as the expected commencement of commercial operations of Bluewater in the third quarter of 2014. These increases also include the \$4.0 million in incremental costs we expect to incur following the completion of this offering, including costs associated with SEC reporting requirements, independent auditor fees, investor relations activities, stock exchange listing, registrar and transfer agent fees, director and officer liability insurance and director compensation.

Our forecast assumes the projects in our Initial Portfolio will operate within budgeted operating costs, including repair and maintenance costs, and that there are no unusual, non-recurring or unexpected operating, repair, maintenance or other expenses.

***Depreciation and Amortization***

Our forecast assumes depreciation and amortization expense of \$82.0 million for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, as compared to \$48.1 million and \$39.4 million for the pro forma twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the pro forma year ended December 31, 2013, respectively. These increases in our depreciation and amortization expense are primarily due to commencement of commercial operations of Genesis and Summerhaven in 2013 and 2014 as well as the expected commencement of commercial operations of Bluewater in the third quarter of 2014.

Depreciation and amortization expense reflects costs associated with depreciation and amortization of our assets, based on depreciable asset lives and depreciation methodologies under GAAP. We assume a weighted average depreciable asset life of approximately 30 years for the projects in our Initial Portfolio.



For all of our U.S. projects, we elected to receive 1603 Cash Grants, which are recorded as a reduction in property, plant and equipment on our combined balance sheet and are amortized as a reduction to depreciation and amortization expense over the estimated life of the related property.

## **Table of Contents**

We also include in depreciation expense a provision for wind and solar facility dismantlement, interim asset removal costs, and accretion related to asset retirement obligations.

### ***Capital Expenditures***

Our forecast assumes expansion capital expenditures of \$57.7 million for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, compared to \$758.2 million and \$902.3 million for the pro forma twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the pro forma year ended December 31, 2013, respectively. These expansion capital expenditures relate to remaining engineering, procurement and construction costs, the purchase of wind turbines and other capital necessary to during the forecast period complete the construction of Bluewater. These expansion capital expenditures are expected to be funded through third party financings or NEECH.

We estimate that we will have maintenance capital expenditures of \$4.0 million for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, compared to no maintenance capital expenditures for the pro forma twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013. This estimate is largely based upon our historical replacement cost for equipment similar to the equipment used at our initial projects and includes costs associated with spare transformers, information technology, site infrastructure improvements and ecological studies. For the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, Summerhaven is expected to incur a one-time expenditure of approximately \$2.2 million for a spare transformer. Substantially all of the maintenance expenses associated with our wind projects are accounted for in operating and maintenance expenses, resulting in minimal maintenance capital expenditures associated with those projects in our forecast.

In addition, the forecast assumes that in accordance with the Genesis project financing, the Genesis project will pre-fund \$3.3 million in the twelve months ended June 30, 2015 toward a major maintenance outage expected to occur in 2020.

### ***Income Taxes***

Income tax expense includes federal, state and Canadian taxes on operations, as applicable. Canadian income is subject to tax in both the U.S, and Canada due to the flow through of cash and tax attributes to NEE Partners from the Canadian Project Entities for U.S. tax purposes. NEE Operating LP is a flow through entity for U.S. tax purposes. Therefore, all tax attributes of NEE Operating LP flow through to its partners, NEE Partners and NEE Equity. NEEC and the Canadian Project Entities are Canadian taxpayers. Accordingly, the taxes reflected in the NEE Partners net income include 100% of the Canadian taxes and NEE Partners allocable share (17.4%) of U.S. taxes. Also included in income tax expense is the deferred tax benefit associated with the 50% basis reduction in property for grants received in accordance with Section 1603 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

Our forecast assumes income tax expense of \$8.9 million for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, as compared to an income tax expense of \$2.3 million for the pro forma twelve months ended March 31, 2014, and \$1.7 million for the pro forma year ended December 31, 2013. The increase in tax expense of \$6.6 million compared to March 31, 2014 is primarily due to a lower deferred income tax benefit associated with 1603 Cash Grants of \$3.5 million and an increase of \$3.1 million due to higher pretax book income. The increase in tax expense of \$7.2 million compared to December 31, 2013, is primarily due to a lower deferred income tax benefit associated with 1603 Cash Grants of \$3.6 million and an increase of \$3.7 million due to higher pretax book income. Cash taxes for the twelve months ended June 30, 2015 consist of \$1.2 million of Ontario minimum taxes, which are available as an offset to future Ontario income taxes.

### ***Financing and Other***

Our forecast assumes debt service payments based on our project financing agreements, fees on letters of credit facilities and no borrowings under NEE Operating LP's new revolving credit facility. Project-level debt service for each of our projects includes a fixed amortization schedule. See "Description of Certain Financing Arrangements" for a description of our project-level financing arrangements, including applicable interest rates.

**Table of Contents**

Our forecast assumes cash interest expense of approximately \$95.7 million for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, as compared to \$39.6 million and \$39.1 million for the pro forma twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the pro forma year ended December 31, 2013, respectively. The increase is primarily due to additional indebtedness at Bluewater and Genesis Solar Funding, LLC and a full twelve months of interest on the indebtedness for the Trillium wind financing. Forecasted interest expense is based on the following assumptions:

an estimated weighted-average debt level of approximately \$1,852 million for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015; and

estimated average borrowing costs of 5.41% for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015.

Our estimate of interest expense during the forecast period also takes into account the estimated scheduled amortization of our project-level indebtedness as set forth in the table below. Our forecast assumes principal amortization of indebtedness of \$58.1 million for the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2015, as compared to \$27.9 million and \$22.2 million for the pro forma twelve months ended March 31, 2014 and for the pro forma year ended December 31, 2013, respectively. The increase is primarily due to additional indebtedness at Bluewater and Genesis Solar Funding, LLC and a full year of debt amortization for the Trillium wind financing. Our forecast excludes mandatory prepayment of Genesis Solar debt. Genesis Solar is required to repay indebtedness in the amount of \$336.7 million using 1603 Cash Grant proceeds or, to the extent of any shortfall in 1603 Cash Grant proceeds (measured on a unit by unit basis), using equity contributions. Genesis Solar has received to date \$306.2 million in 1603 Cash Grant proceeds and expects to receive additional 1603 Cash Grant proceeds of \$28.0 million (in which case 1603 Cash Grant proceeds would total \$334.2 million), all of which Genesis Solar will use to repay its debt. Due to a delay in Genesis Solar's receipt of 1603 Cash Grant proceeds, NEECH has contributed equity of \$30.5 million to Genesis Solar. Genesis Solar will return to NEECH its \$30.5 million equity contribution less any shortfall in Genesis Solar's aggregate 1603 Cash Grant proceeds below \$336.7 million; assuming that Genesis Solar receives \$28.0 million in additional 1603 Cash Grant proceeds, Genesis Solar will return \$27.6 million to NEECH.

**Scheduled Amortization of Indebtedness**

Project Financing	Twelve-Month Period Ending June 30, 2015 <sup>(1)</sup>	
	(In thousands)	
Mountain Prairie	\$ 8,304	\$ 275,614
St. Clair	7,622	140,576
Canyon	11,894	203,255
Trillium	6,532	281,791
Genesis	19,187	775,717
Bluewater	4,559	151,859
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 58,098</b>	<b>\$ 1,828,812</b>

(1)

The amortization of our project financings is principally related to the length of the applicable PPA, FIT Contract or RESOP Contract.

***Regulatory, Industry, Economic and Other Factors***

Our results of operations for the forecasted period are also based on the following assumptions:

no material nonperformance or credit-related defaults by customers, suppliers, NextEra or its affiliates;

no new or material amendments to federal, state or local laws or regulations, or new interpretation or application of existing laws or regulations in the jurisdictions in which we operate that in each case would be materially adverse to our business or our suppliers, NextEra or its affiliates or any of our customers' businesses;

**Table of Contents**

no material adverse effects to our business, industry or our suppliers, NextEra s or its affiliates or any of our customers businesses; and

no other material adverse changes in market, regulatory and overall economic conditions.

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**Table of Contents**

**PROVISIONS OF THE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENTS AND OTHER ARRANGEMENTS RELATING TO CASH DISTRIBUTIONS**

We will distribute our available cash, as defined below, in each quarter to our unitholders. Our cash flow is generated from distributions we receive from NEE Operating LP and, during the purchase price adjustment period, from payments we receive from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement, if any, which will be funded solely by the distributions NEE Equity receives from NEE Operating LP. As a result, our ability to make distributions to our unitholders depends on the ability of NEE Operating LP to make cash distributions to its limited partners, including us. Set forth below is a summary of the significant provisions of our partnership agreement, the NEE Operating LP partnership agreement and certain other agreements as they relate to cash distributions. The summary below is qualified in its entirety by reference to all of the provisions of the partnership agreements of NEE Partners and NEE Operating LP, a form of each of which has been attached as an appendix to this prospectus.

As described below under Provisions of the NEE Operating LP Partnership Agreement Relating to Cash Distributions, NEE Operating GP will have broad discretion to make certain decisions under NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement, including with respect to the establishment of cash reserves. Since we will own all of the equity interests of NEE Operating GP, decisions made by NEE Operating GP under NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement will ultimately be made at the direction of our general partner.

**Provisions of the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement Relating to Cash Distributions**

***Distributions of Available Cash by NEE Partners***

Our partnership agreement requires that, within 45 days after the end of each quarter, beginning with the quarter ending September 30, 2014, we distribute all of our available cash to common unitholders of record on the applicable record date. We will adjust the amount of our distributions for the period from the completion of this offering through September 30, 2014, based on the actual length of the period.

Our partnership agreement requires us to distribute our available cash quarterly. Generally, our available cash is all cash on hand at the date of determination in respect of such quarter (including any expected distributions from NEE Operating LP and, during the purchase price adjustment period, payments from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement in respect of such quarter), less the amount of cash reserves established by our general partner. We currently expect that cash reserves would be established solely to provide for the payment of income taxes payable by NEE Partners, if any. Our cash flow is generated from distributions we receive from NEE Operating LP and, during the purchase price adjustment period, from any payments we receive from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement, which payments will be funded solely by any distributions NEE Equity receives from NEE Operating LP.

Even though we are organized as a limited partnership under state law, we will be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, we will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates on our net taxable income. We expect to generate NOLs and NOL carryforwards that we can use to offset future taxable income. As a result, we do not expect to pay meaningful U.S. federal income tax for approximately 15 years. This estimate is based on assumptions we have made regarding, among other things, NEE Operating LP's income, capital expenditures, cash flows, net working capital and cash distributions. We may not generate NOLs as expected. Accordingly, our future tax liability may be greater than expected which would reduce cash available for distribution.

***Units Eligible for Distribution***

Upon the completion of this offering, we will have 16,250,000 common units outstanding and 76,877,500 Special Voting Units outstanding. Each common unit will be entitled to receive distributions (including upon liquidation) on a pro rata basis. Special Voting Units will not be entitled to receive any



## **Table of Contents**

distributions. Following the purchase price adjustment period, we may issue additional units to fund the redemption of NEE Operating LP common units tendered by NEE Equity under the Exchange Agreement. See Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Exchange Agreement.

### ***General Partner Interest***

Our general partner owns a non-economic, general partner interest in us, which does not entitle it to receive cash distributions. However, our general partner may in the future own common units or other equity securities in us and would be entitled to receive cash distributions on any such interests.

### ***Distributions of Cash Upon Liquidation***

If we dissolve in accordance with our partnership agreement, we will sell or otherwise dispose of our assets in a process called liquidation. We will first apply the proceeds of liquidation to the payment of our creditors and distribute any remaining proceeds pro rata to our common unitholders.

### **Intent to Distribute the Initial Quarterly Distribution**

We intend for our initial quarterly distribution to the holders of our common units to be \$0.1875 per unit, or \$0.75 per unit on an annualized basis, which is equal to NEE Operating LP's minimum quarterly distribution on its common units. However, our ability to pay the initial quarterly distribution will depend on:

the amount of distributions we receive from NEE Operating LP, as a holder of its common units; and

during the purchase price adjustment period, the amount of payments we receive from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement, if any.

Even if we receive sufficient cash from NEE Operating LP and NEE Equity to pay the initial quarterly distribution, our ability to pay the initial quarterly distribution will also depend on whether we have sufficient remaining cash after the establishment of cash reserves as determined by our general partner. Consequently, we may not be able to pay the initial quarterly distribution on our units in any quarter, even if the minimum quarterly distribution on the common units of NEE Operating LP has been paid in full.

### **Provisions of the NEE Operating LP Partnership Agreement Relating to Cash Distributions**

#### ***Distributions of Available Cash by NEE Operating LP***

##### ***General***

NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement requires that, within 45 days after the end of each quarter, beginning with the quarter ending September 30, 2014, NEE Operating LP distribute its available cash to its unitholders of record on the applicable record date. NEE Operating LP will adjust the amount of its distribution for the period from the completion of this offering through September 30, 2014, based on the actual length of the period.

##### ***Definition of Available Cash***

Available cash generally means, for any quarter, the sum of all cash and cash equivalents on hand at the end of that quarter plus the amount of excess funds borrowed by NEER which remain unreturned:

less, the amount of cash reserves established by NEE Operating GP to:

provide for the proper conduct of NEE Operating LP's business, including reserves for expected debt service requirements and future capital expenditures;

**Table of Contents**

comply with applicable law or NEE Operating LP's debt instruments or other agreements;

pay any amount necessary to make IDR Fee payments to NEE Management with respect to that quarter based on NEE Operating GP's determination of the amount of available cash that would otherwise be available for distribution in that quarter; or

provide funds for distributions to NEE Operating LP's unitholders for any one or more of the next four quarters, provided that NEE Operating GP may not establish cash reserves for future distributions if the effect of the establishment of such reserves will prevent NEE Operating LP from distributing an amount equal to the minimum quarterly distribution with respect to all common units plus the amount of any accrued and unpaid purchase price adjustments;

less, the amount of cash contributed by an affiliate of NEE Operating GP (other than us or our subsidiaries) for the purpose of funding construction costs of our subsidiaries that would otherwise constitute available cash;

plus, if NEE Operating GP so determines, all or any portion of the cash on hand on the date of determination of available cash for the quarter resulting from working capital borrowings made subsequent to the end of such quarter.

Because the amount of available cash for any quarter includes the amount of excess funds borrowed by NEER which remain unreturned, NEE Operating LP will be required to demand the return of all or a portion of such funds from NEER and distribute such funds to its unitholders to the extent that NEE Operating GP is not permitted to reserve the amount of such funds under its partnership agreement, including any reserves established to fund future distributions. In addition, the purpose and effect of the last bullet point above is to allow NEE Operating GP, if it so decides, to use cash from working capital borrowings made after the end of the quarter but on or before the date of determination of available cash for that quarter to pay distributions to unitholders. Under NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement, working capital borrowings are generally borrowings under a credit facility, commercial paper facility or similar financing arrangement that are used solely for working capital purposes or to pay distributions to partners, provided that NEE Operating LP intends to repay the borrowings within 12 months with funds other than from additional working capital borrowings.

The definitions of available cash, operating surplus and operating expenditures will exclude the impact of the repayment of \$336.7 million of indebtedness of Genesis Solar with 1603 Cash Grant proceeds or equity contributions from NEECH as described elsewhere in this prospectus as well as the receipt by Genesis Solar of such 1603 Cash Grant proceeds or equity contributions. See Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions.

***Intent to Distribute the Minimum Quarterly Distribution***

We intend to cause NEE Operating LP to pay a minimum quarterly distribution to the holders of its common units, including us, of \$0.1875 per unit, or \$0.75 per unit on an annualized basis, to the extent NEE Operating LP has sufficient cash from its operations after the establishment of cash reserves and the payment of expenses, including: (i) expenses of NEE Operating GP and its affiliates; (ii) our expenses; and (iii) payments to NEER and its affiliates under the Management Services Agreement and the CSCS Agreement. However, NEE Operating LP may not be able to pay the minimum quarterly distribution on its units in any quarter. Since we will own all of the equity interests of

NEE Operating GP, determinations made by NEE Operating GP will ultimately be made at the direction of our general partner. See Description of Certain Financing Arrangements for a discussion of the restrictions in NEE Operating LP's new revolving credit facility and the project financing agreements of NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries that may restrict its ability to make distributions.

## **Table of Contents**

### ***Incentive Distribution Right Fee***

Under the Management Services Agreement, NEE Management is entitled to receive an IDR Fee that increases based on the hypothetical amount of available cash from operating surplus that NEE Operating LP would be able to distribute to its unitholders. Since the IDR Fee is paid from NEE Operating LP's total cash on hand and increases depending on the hypothetical amount of distributions NEE Operating LP would have made to its unitholders, the IDR Fee will effectively reduce the amount of cash NEE Operating LP will have available for distribution to its unitholders. See [Payments of the Incentive Distribution Right Fee](#) for additional information.

### ***Operating Surplus and Capital Surplus***

#### *General*

All cash distributed to NEE Operating LP unitholders will be characterized as either being paid from operating surplus or capital surplus. NEE Operating LP will treat distributions of available cash from operating surplus differently than distributions of available cash from capital surplus.

#### *Operating Surplus*

Operating surplus of NEE Operating LP is defined as:

\$35.0 million (as described below); *plus*

all of NEE Operating LP's cash receipts after the closing of this offering, excluding cash from interim capital transactions (as defined below), provided that cash receipts from the termination of certain hedges prior to their specified termination date will be included in operating surplus in equal quarterly installments over the remaining scheduled life of such hedges; *plus*

working capital borrowings by NEE Operating LP made after the end of a quarter but on or before the date of determination of operating surplus for that quarter; *plus*

cash distributions paid on equity issued, other than equity issued in connection with this offering, to finance all or a portion of the construction, replacement, acquisition, development or improvement of a capital asset in respect of the period beginning on the date that NEE Operating LP enters into a binding obligation to commence the construction, replacement, acquisition, development or improvement of a capital asset and ending on the earlier to occur of the date that the capital asset commences commercial service and the date that it is abandoned or disposed of; *plus*

cash distributions paid on equity issued to pay the construction period interest on debt incurred, including periodic net payments under related interest rate swap arrangements, or to pay construction period distributions on equity issued, to finance the construction, replacement, acquisition, development or improvement of a capital asset described in the preceding bullet; *plus*

the portion of any IDR Fee payments made to NEE Management as a result of cash distributions paid on equity issued as described in the preceding two bullets; *less*

all of NEE Operating LP s operating expenditures, after the closing of this offering; *less*

the amount of cash reserves established by NEE Operating GP to provide funds for future operating expenditures; *less*

all working capital borrowings not repaid within 12 months after having been incurred, or repaid within such 12-month period with the proceeds of additional working capital borrowings.

As described above, the definition of operating surplus does not solely reflect actual cash on hand that is available for distribution to unitholders of NEE Operating LP and is not limited to cash generated by operations.

## Table of Contents

For example, the definition of operating surplus includes a provision that will enable us to direct NEE Operating LP to distribute as operating surplus up to \$35.0 million of cash that NEE Operating LP receives in the future from non-operating sources such as asset sales, issuances of securities and long-term borrowings that would otherwise be distributed as capital surplus. As a result, NEE Operating LP may distribute as operating surplus up to such amount of any cash that it receives from non-operating sources. In addition, the effect of including certain cash distributions on equity interests in operating surplus, as described above, will be to increase operating surplus by the amount of any such cash distributions.

The proceeds of working capital borrowings increase operating surplus and repayments of working capital borrowings are generally operating expenditures that reduce operating surplus at the time of repayment. However, if NEE Operating LP does not repay working capital borrowings, which increase operating surplus, during the 12-month period following the borrowing, they will be deemed to have been repaid at the end of such period, thus decreasing operating surplus at that time. When the working capital borrowings are subsequently repaid, they will not be treated as a further reduction in operating surplus because operating surplus will have been previously reduced by the deemed repayment.

Interim capital transactions are defined as:

borrowings, refinancings or refundings of indebtedness, other than working capital borrowings and items purchased on open account or for a deferred purchase price in the ordinary course of business, and sales of debt securities;

sales of equity securities;

sales or other voluntary or involuntary dispositions of assets, other than sales or other dispositions of inventory, accounts receivable and other assets in the ordinary course of business and sales or other dispositions of assets as part of normal asset retirements or replacements; and

capital contributions received.

Operating expenditures are defined as, without duplication:

all cash expenditures of NEE Operating LP and its subsidiaries, including taxes, reimbursements of expenses of NEE Operating GP and its affiliates, director and employee compensation of NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries, payments under the Management Services Agreement and the CSCS Agreement for services rendered, including management and credit support fees, or in reimbursement of draws made on credit support provided by NEER or its affiliates, debt service payments (including principal amortization payments under financing arrangements of NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries), payments made in the ordinary course of business under certain hedge contracts (provided that payments made in connection with the termination of any such hedge contract prior to the expiration of its settlement or termination date specified therein will be included in operating expenditures in equal quarterly installments over the remaining scheduled life of such

hedge contract and amounts paid in connection with the initial purchase of such a contract will be amortized at the life of such contract), maintenance capital expenditures (as described below), and repayment of working capital borrowings;

all expenses and other cash expenditures (other than federal income taxes) of NEE Partners, including reimbursements of expenses of its general partner and its affiliates as set forth in the Management Services Agreement and of NEER and its affiliates as set forth in the CSCS Agreement; and

payments of the IDR Fee to NEE Management, other than payments of the IDR Fee described in the sixth bullet in the definition of operating surplus.



**Table of Contents**

Notwithstanding the foregoing, operating expenditures will not include:

repayments of working capital borrowings where such borrowings have previously been deemed to have been repaid, as described above;

payments, including prepayments and prepayment penalties, of principal of and premium on indebtedness other than working capital borrowings and financing arrangements of NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries;

expansion capital expenditures, as described below;

payment of transaction expenses, including taxes, relating to interim capital transactions;

distributions to unitholders of NEE Operating LP; or

repurchases of partnership interests (including cash redemptions under the Exchange Agreement), excluding repurchases NEE Operating LP makes to satisfy obligations under employee benefit plans.

*Capital Surplus*

Capital surplus is defined in NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement as any distribution of available cash in excess of its cumulative operating surplus. Accordingly, except as described above, capital surplus would generally be generated by:

borrowings other than working capital borrowings;

sales of NEE Operating LP's equity and debt securities; and

sales or other dispositions of assets, other than inventory, accounts receivable and other assets sold in the ordinary course of business or as part of ordinary course retirement or replacement of assets.

*Characterization of Cash Distributions*

NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement requires that it treat all available cash distributed as coming from operating surplus until the sum of all available cash distributed since the closing of this offering equals the operating surplus from the closing of this offering through the end of the quarter immediately preceding that distribution. NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement requires that NEE Operating LP treat any amount distributed in excess of operating surplus, regardless of the source, as capital surplus. We do not anticipate that NEE Operating LP will make any distributions from capital surplus.

***Capital Expenditures***

Expansion capital expenditures are cash expenditures incurred for those acquisitions or capital improvements that are expected to increase NEE Operating LP's operating income, operating capacity or operating cash flow over the long term. Examples of expansion capital expenditures include the acquisition of equipment or additional clean energy projects to the extent such capital expenditures are expected to increase NEE Operating LP's operating capacity or its operating income. Expansion capital expenditures include interest expense associated with borrowings used to fund expansion capital expenditures.

Maintenance capital expenditures are cash expenditures incurred for those acquisitions or capital improvements that are made to maintain, over the long term, operating capacity, operating income or operating cash flow. Examples of maintenance capital expenditures are expenditures to repair, refurbish or replace NEE Operating LP's clean energy projects, to upgrade transmission networks, to maintain equipment reliability, integrity and safety and to comply with laws and regulations.

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**Table of Contents*****Purchase Price Adjustment******General***

The Purchase Agreement between NEE Partners and NEE Equity, under which NEE Partners will purchase 9,854,093 of NEE Operating LP's common units (or 12,291,593 common units if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional units) from NEE Equity (as described under Prospectus Summary Organizational Structure ) at an aggregate purchase price of \$231.1 million (or \$288.3 million if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional units) (the purchase price ), will provide for certain purchase price adjustments (the purchase price adjustments ). The purpose of the purchase price adjustments is to compensate NEE Partners in quarters in which NEE Operating LP does not make distributions on its common units at least equal to the minimum quarterly distribution with respect to common units held by NEE Partners. The practical effect of the purchase price adjustments is to increase the likelihood that during the purchase price adjustment period NEE Partners will receive cash flow each quarter at least equal to the minimum quarterly distribution and therefore increase NEE Partners' ability to pay the initial quarterly distribution to its unitholders. The purchase price adjustment in any quarter may not be sufficient for us to pay the initial quarterly distribution.

The Purchase Agreement will provide that if, with respect to any quarter during the purchase price adjustment period, NEE Operating LP does not make distributions on its common units at least equal to the minimum quarterly distribution, the purchase price will be reduced by an amount equal to the difference for such quarter (referred to as the difference amount) between:

the aggregate minimum quarterly distribution in respect of NEE Operating LP common units held by NEE Partners; and

amounts actually distributed on such common units.

Under the Purchase Agreement, in any quarter where there is a difference amount, NEE Equity will pay NEE Partners a purchase price adjustment equal to such difference amount, provided that NEE Equity will not be required to pay a purchase price adjustment in any quarter in excess of the distribution actually received by NEE Equity in such quarter in respect of its common units. If NEE Equity is unable or not required to pay the full difference amount in any quarter, the unpaid portion of the difference amount for that quarter will accrue and be payable from distributions received by NEE Equity in each subsequent quarter, concurrently with or following the payment of any other purchase price adjustments that may be payable from such distributions. The unpaid portion of any difference amount will not accrue any interest, regardless of when the related purchase price adjustment is paid, if at all. NEE Equity will no longer be required to pay any purchase price adjustments once the aggregate amount of purchase price adjustments paid by NEE Equity is equal to of \$246.4 million (or \$307.3 million if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full), calculated by multiplying the number of NEE Operating LP common units we purchase from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement by the initial public offering price. Any additional common units issued by NEE Operating LP to NEE Partners during the purchase price adjustment period will be entitled to the same accrued and unpaid difference amount as each previously outstanding common unit held by NEE Partners. During the purchase price adjustment period, NEE Equity will agree not to transfer any of its NEE Operating LP common units other than to an affiliate of NEE Equity that agrees to assume a proportional amount of NEE Equity's obligations under the Purchase Agreement, including the obligation to pay such affiliate's pro rata portion of any accrued and unpaid difference amount.

In addition, during the purchase price adjustment period, NEE Equity will be required to pay NEE Partners a purchase price adjustment in the following circumstances:

following any distribution from NEE Operating LP's capital surplus to its unitholders in excess of the aggregate initial unit price with respect to NEE Operating LP's common units, NEE Equity will pay a

**Table of Contents**

purchase price adjustment to NEE Partners equal to any difference amount, which purchase price adjustment will not exceed the amount received by NEE Equity in such distribution in excess of the aggregate initial unit price; and

following any distribution to unitholders upon a liquidation of NEE Operating LP, NEE Equity will pay a purchase price adjustment, which will not exceed the amount received by NEE Equity in respect of its common units in such distribution but otherwise will be equal to:

the unrecovered unit price in respect of each common unit held by NEE Partners plus

any accrued and unpaid difference amount, *less*

amounts received by NEE Partners in respect of such common units in such distribution.

*Purchase Price Adjustment Period*

Except as described below, the purchase price adjustment period will begin on the closing date of this offering and will extend until the first business day following the distribution of available cash by NEE Operating LP in respect of any quarter beginning with the quarter ending June 30, 2017, for which each of the following tests are met:

distributions of available cash from operating surplus by NEE Operating LP on each of its outstanding common units equals or exceeds \$0.75, which is the annualized minimum quarterly distribution, for each of the three consecutive, non-overlapping four-quarter periods immediately preceding that date;

the adjusted operating surplus generated during each of the three consecutive, non-overlapping four-quarter periods immediately preceding that date equals or exceeds \$0.75 per unit, which is the annualized minimum quarterly distribution, multiplied by the total number of outstanding common units on a fully diluted basis; and

any accrued and unpaid difference amount has been paid.

*Early Termination of the Purchase Price Adjustment Period*

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the purchase price adjustment period will automatically terminate on the first business day following the distribution by NEE Operating LP of available cash in respect of any quarter beginning with the quarter ending June 30, 2015, for which each of the following tests are met:

distributions of available cash from operating surplus by NEE Operating LP on each of its outstanding common units equals or exceeds \$1.125 per unit, which is equal to 150% of the annualized minimum quarterly distribution, for the four-quarter period immediately preceding that date;

the adjusted operating surplus generated during the four-quarter period immediately preceding that date equals or exceeds the sum of:

\$1.125 per unit, or 150% of the annualized minimum quarterly distribution, multiplied by the total number of outstanding common units during that period on a fully diluted basis; and

all corresponding payments to NEE Management in respect of the IDR Fee (as described below);  
and

**Table of Contents**

any accrued and unpaid difference amount has been paid.

*Expiration Upon Removal of NEE Operating GP or the General Partner of NEE Partners*

The purchase price adjustment period will end upon removal of NEE Operating GP or our general partner other than for cause if no units held by our general partner and its affiliates voted in favor of such removal, and such holders are not affiliates of the applicable successor general partner.

*Adjusted Operating Surplus*

Adjusted operating surplus is intended to reflect the cash generated from operations during a particular period and therefore excludes increases in working capital borrowings and net drawdowns of reserves of cash established in prior periods. Adjusted operating surplus for a period consists of:

operating surplus generated with respect to that period, excluding any amounts attributable to the item described in the first bullet point under the caption Operating Surplus and Capital Surplus Operating Surplus above; *less*

any net increase in working capital borrowings with respect to that period; *less*

any net decrease in cash reserves for operating expenditures with respect to that period not relating to an operating expenditure made with respect to that period; *plus*

any net decrease in working capital borrowings with respect to that period; *plus*

any net decrease made in subsequent periods to cash reserves for operating expenditures initially established with respect to that period to the extent such decrease results in a reduction in adjusted operating surplus in subsequent periods; *plus*

any net increase in cash reserves for operating expenditures with respect to that period required by any debt instrument for the repayment of principal, interest or premium.

***Distributions of Available Cash from Operating Surplus***

NEE Operating LP will make distributions of 100% of its available cash from operating surplus for any quarter to all of its unitholders, pro rata, assuming that NEE Operating LP does not issue additional classes of equity securities.

***Payments of the Incentive Distribution Right Fee***

Under the Management Services Agreement, NEE Management is entitled to the IDR Fee, which is calculated based on the hypothetical amount of available cash from operating surplus that NEE Operating LP would be able to distribute to its unitholders after the minimum quarterly and the target quarterly distribution levels described below have been achieved and, during the purchase price adjustment period, any Aggregate Shortfall has been paid. The

right to receive the IDR Fee is currently held by NEE Management, but may be assigned, subject to restrictions in the Management Services Agreement. Although cash used to pay the IDR Fee will be an operating expenditure, the description below assumes that any IDR Fee will not reduce NEE Operating LP's operating surplus and will be paid with available cash from operating surplus. We use this assumption in the description below for illustrative purposes to demonstrate that the calculation of IDR Fee payments for each quarter will be based on hypothetical amounts that would be available for distribution to unitholders if the IDR Fee was not an operating expense and NEE Management held a class of equity interests in NEE Operating LP entitled to such distributions based on the achievement of target quarterly distribution levels. Once the amount of IDR Fee payments is



**Table of Contents**

determined, the amount will be classified as an operating expense and operating surplus will be reduced by a like amount before available cash is distributed by NEE Operating LP to its common unitholders on a pro rata basis. The calculation of the hypothetical target quarterly distribution levels below do not include available cash from operating surplus distributed to satisfy any Aggregate Shortfall.

If, for any quarter:

NEE Operating LP has distributed available cash from operating surplus to its unitholders in an amount equal to the minimum quarterly distribution; and

during the purchase price adjustment period, NEE Operating LP has distributed available cash from operating surplus to its unitholders in an amount equal to the Aggregate Shortfall, if any, then, NEE Operating LP will use any remaining available cash from operating surplus for that quarter in the following manner:

*first*, to distribute 100% to all unitholders, pro rata, until each unitholder receives a total of \$0.215625 per unit (or 115% of the minimum quarterly distribution) for that quarter;

*second*, to distribute 85.0% to all unitholders, pro rata, and to make a payment of 15% to NEE Management in respect of the IDR Fee, until each unitholder receives a total of \$0.234375 per unit (or 125% of the minimum quarterly distribution) for that quarter;

*third*, to distribute 75% to all unitholders, pro rata, and to make a payment of 25% to NEE Management in respect of the IDR Fee, until each unitholder receives a total of \$0.281250 per unit (or 150% of the minimum quarterly distribution) for that quarter; and

*thereafter*, to distribute 50% to all unitholders, pro rata, and to make a payment of 50% to NEE Management in respect of the IDR Fee.

Aggregate Shortfall refers to the sum of the Shortfalls (as defined below) in all preceding quarters, subject to adjustment in the manner described below. For each additional common unit issued by NEE Operating LP to NEE Partners during the purchase price adjustment period, the Aggregate Shortfall will be increased by an amount equal to the portion of the Aggregate Shortfall attributable to each outstanding common unit of NEE Operating LP held by NEE Partners immediately prior to such issuance.

The Shortfall created in any quarter will be reduced, in whole or in part and without duplication, in any subsequent quarter in the amount by which the available cash from operating surplus distributed by NEE Operating LP to its unitholders in such quarter is greater than the Shortfall Threshold (as defined below), provided that the Aggregate Shortfall will be reduced only to the extent that corresponding purchase price adjustments required to be paid by NEE Operating LP have been so paid;

Shortfall refers to the amount in any quarter by which the available cash from operating surplus distributed by NEE Operating LP to its unitholders is less than the Shortfall Threshold, plus an amount equal to any purchase price adjustment required to be paid with respect to such quarter that has not been so paid.

The Shortfall Threshold initially will be \$3.0 million and will be increased by the aggregate minimum quarterly distribution per unit for all common units issued by NEE Operating LP to NEE Partners after the date of this offering.

**Table of Contents**

Please see below a hypothetical example of the quarterly process by which a distribution amount is determined under the terms of the partnership agreement, both where amounts are earned pursuant to the IDR waterfall as well where as no amounts are earned. Note that we assume below \$2.00 per unit available for distribution to our common unitholders.

**Percentage Allocations of Available Cash From Operating Surplus**

The following table sets forth the percentage allocations of available cash from operating surplus between NEE Management (in respect of the IDR Fee) and NEE Operating LP's unitholders (in respect of their common units) based on the specified target quarterly distribution levels, assuming for illustrative purposes (as described above) that the IDR Fee is paid with available cash from operating surplus and does not constitute an operating expenditure. The amounts set forth under **Marginal Percentage Interest in Available Cash** are the percentage interests of NEE Management (in respect of the IDR Fee) and the NEE Operating LP unitholders (in respect of their common units) in any available cash from operating surplus NEE Operating LP distributes or pays in respect of the IDR Fee, as the case may be, up to and including the corresponding amount in the column **Total Quarterly Distribution per Unit Target Amount**. The percentage interests shown for NEE Operating LP's unitholders and NEE Management for the minimum quarterly distribution are also applicable to quarterly distribution amounts that are less than the minimum quarterly distribution. The percentage interests assume that the Aggregate Shortfall is equal to zero and that NEE Management has not assigned its right to the IDR Fee.

	<b>Total Quarterly Distribution per Unit Target Amount</b>	<b>Marginal Percentage Interest in Available Cash</b>	
		<b>Unitholders</b>	<b>IDR Fee</b>
Minimum Quarterly Distribution	\$0.1875	100.0%	0.0%
First Target Distribution	above \$0.1875	100.0%	0.0%
	up to \$0.215625		
Second Target Quarterly Distribution	above \$0.215625	85.0%	15.0%
	up to \$0.234375		
Third Target Quarterly Distribution	above \$0.234375	75.0%	25.0%
	up to \$0.281250		
Thereafter	above \$0.281250	50.0%	50.0%

## **Table of Contents**

### ***Distributions from Capital Surplus***

#### ***How Distributions from Capital Surplus Will Be Made***

NEE Operating LP will make distributions of available cash from capital surplus, if any, in the following manner:

*first*, 100% to all unitholders until the minimum quarterly distribution is reduced to zero, as described below under Effect of a Distribution from Capital Surplus; and

*thereafter*, as if such distributions were from operating surplus, provided that because the minimum quarterly distribution is reduced to zero, NEE Operating LP will pay the IDR Fee at the highest level as described below.

The preceding discussion is based on the assumption that NEE Operating LP does not issue additional classes of equity securities.

#### ***Effect of a Distribution from Capital Surplus***

NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement treats a distribution of capital surplus as the repayment of the initial unit price on NEE Operating LP's common units (equal to the initial public offering price), which is a return of capital. The initial unit price less any distributions of capital surplus per unit is referred to as the unrecovered initial unit price. Each time a distribution of capital surplus is made, the minimum quarterly distribution and the target quarterly distribution levels will be reduced in the same proportion as the corresponding reduction in the unrecovered initial unit price. Any distribution of capital surplus before the unrecovered initial unit price is reduced to zero cannot be applied to the payment of the minimum quarterly distribution.

Once NEE Operating LP distributes capital surplus on a common unit in an amount equal to the initial unit price, the minimum quarterly distribution and the target quarterly distribution levels will be equal to zero. NEE Operating LP will then make all future distributions from operating surplus, with 100% being paid to the unitholders, pro rata. However, once the minimum quarterly distribution and the target quarterly distribution levels are reduced to zero, NEE Operating LP will pay the IDR Fee to NEE Management at the highest level, which will be equal to 100% of any distributions paid to the unitholders, effectively reducing the total cash available for distributions to unitholders. See Incentive Distribution Right Fee above.

#### ***Adjustment to the Minimum Quarterly Distribution and Target Quarterly Distribution Levels***

In addition to adjusting the minimum quarterly distribution and target quarterly distribution levels to reflect a distribution of capital surplus, if NEE Operating LP combines its units into fewer units or subdivide its units into a greater number of units, it will proportionately adjust:

the minimum quarterly distribution;

target quarterly distribution levels; and

the unrecovered initial unit price.

For example, if a two-for-one split of the common units should occur, the minimum quarterly distribution, the target distribution levels and the unrecovered initial unit price would each be reduced to 50% of its initial level. NEE Operating LP will not make any adjustment by reason of the issuance of additional units for cash or property.

**Table of Contents**

***Distributions of Cash Upon Liquidation***

If NEE Operating LP dissolves in accordance with its partnership agreement, it will sell or otherwise dispose of its assets in a process called liquidation. NEE Operating LP will first apply the proceeds of liquidation to the payment of its creditors, including any payments of the IDR Fee to which NEE Management is entitled, if any, for the quarter in which NEE Operating LP dissolves and prior quarters. NEE Operating LP will distribute any remaining proceeds to its common unitholders in accordance with the balances in their capital accounts, as adjusted to reflect any gain or loss upon the sale or other disposition of its assets in liquidation. The allocations of gain and loss in liquidation, and of income and loss prior to liquidation, are intended, to the extent possible, to cause liquidating distributions in accordance with capital accounts to be made pro rata to the common unitholders of NEE Operating LP.

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**Table of Contents**

**SELECTED HISTORICAL AND PRO FORMA FINANCIAL DATA**

The following table sets forth selected historical combined financial and operating data of our accounting predecessor and selected pro forma financial data of NextEra Energy Partners, LP for the periods and as of the dates indicated. The historical combined financial statements of our accounting predecessor as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, appearing elsewhere in this prospectus were prepared on a carve-out basis from NextEra and are intended to represent the financial results during those periods of NextEra's contracted clean energy projects in the U.S. and Canada that will be contributed to NEE Operating LP as part of the Organizational Transactions. The following selected historical combined financial and operating data presents all of the projects and operations of our accounting predecessor on a 100% basis. Upon the completion of this offering, we will own a controlling non-economic general partner interest in NEE Operating LP through our ownership of NEE Operating GP, and will own a 17.4% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP (assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units) and NEE Equity will own a non-controlling 82.6% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP (assuming no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units). However, as required by U.S. GAAP, we will continue to consolidate 100% of the assets and operations of NEE Operating LP in our financial statements.

The selected unaudited pro forma financial data has been derived by the application of pro forma adjustments to the historical combined financial statements of our accounting predecessor included elsewhere in this prospectus. The selected unaudited pro forma statements of operations data for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, give effect to the Organizational Transactions, including the use of the estimated net proceeds from this offering, as if they had occurred on January 1, 2013. The selected unaudited pro forma balance sheet data as of March 31, 2014, gives effect to the Organizational Transactions, including the use of the estimated net proceeds from this offering and the reimbursement of offering expenses by NEE Operating LP, as if they had occurred on March 31, 2014.

The historical combined financial statements of our accounting predecessor, from which the selected unaudited pro forma financial data have been derived, are presented in U.S. dollars and have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. For recent and historical exchange rates between Canadian dollars and U.S. dollars, see Currency and Exchange Rate Information.

The following table should be read together with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, the historical combined financial statements and the accompanying notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. Among other things, the historical combined financial statements include more detailed information regarding the basis of presentation for the information in the following table. The table should also be read together with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. The pro forma adjustments are based upon available information and certain assumptions that we believe are reasonable. Our selected unaudited pro forma financial information does not purport to represent what our results of operations or financial position would have been if we operated as a publicly traded partnership during the periods presented and may not be indicative of our future performance.

**Table of Contents**

	<b>Pro Forma</b>					
	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>		<b>Three Months Ended</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>		<b>Pro Forma</b>
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>March 31, 2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31, 2013</b>
	(\$ in thousands)					
<b>Statement of Operations Data:</b>						
Operating revenues	\$ 59,498	\$ 31,946	\$ 59,498	\$ 141,796	\$ 93,415	\$ 141,796
Operating expenses:						
Operations and maintenance	11,216	8,103	12,666	29,640	16,933	35,440
Depreciation and amortization	16,436	7,808	16,436	39,427	23,599	39,427
Taxes other than income taxes and other	1,237	850	1,237	4,744	1,155	4,744
Transmission	543	525	543	2,123	2,099	2,123
Total operating expenses	29,432	17,286	30,882	75,934	43,786	81,734
Operating income	30,066	14,660	28,616	65,862	49,629	60,062
Other income (deductions):						
Interest expense	(18,748)	(10,098)	(18,748)	(41,637)	(43,195)	(41,637)
Gain on settlement of contingent consideration of project acquisition				4,809		4,809
Other net	24	(5)	24	77	673	77
Total other deductions net	(18,724)	(10,103)	(18,724)	(36,751)	(42,522)	(36,751)
Income before income taxes	11,342	4,557	9,892	29,111	7,107	23,311
Income tax (expense) benefit	(5,996)	(4,952)	(828)	(18,337)	8,891	(1,711)
Net income (loss)	\$ 5,346	\$ (395)	9,064	\$ 10,774	\$ 15,998	21,600
Less net income attributable to non-controlling interest			7,338			13,958
			\$ 1,726			\$ 7,642



Net income attributable to NEE Partners<sup>(1)</sup>

Earnings per unit<sup>(2)</sup> \$ 0.11 \$ 0.47

**Balance Sheet Data (at period end):**

Total assets	\$ 2,654,312	\$ 2,348,501	\$ 2,869,482	\$ 2,632,951	\$ 2,320,072
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 2,102,281	\$ 879,974	\$ 2,102,281	\$ 1,755,711	\$ 889,240
Long-term debt	\$ 1,395,409	\$ 1,168,816	\$ 1,395,409	\$ 1,429,370	\$ 1,380,551
Total equity	\$ 761,718	\$ 724,456	\$ 989,412	\$ 707,416	\$ 701,341

**Cash Flow Data:**

Net cash provided by (used in)

Operating activities	\$ 28,784	\$ 20,317		\$ 86,193	\$ 28,310
Investing activities	\$ (67,838)	\$ (77,382)		\$ (393,146)	\$ (346,585)
Financing activities	\$ 48,882	\$ 46,891		\$ 313,224	\$ 334,468

**Other Financial Data:**

Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 46,526	\$ 22,463	\$ 45,076	\$ 105,366	\$ 73,901	\$ 99,566
Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners <sup>(4)</sup>	\$	\$	\$ 7,843	\$	\$	\$ 17,324

Expansion Capital Expenditures <sup>(5)</sup>	\$ 124,213	\$ 267,639		\$ 902,257	\$ 1,083,076
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**Operational Data:**

GWh generated <sup>(6)</sup>	648	452	648	1,701	1,157	1,701
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**Table of Contents**

- (1) Net income attributable to NEE Partners may not recalculate to 17.4% of net income because only NEE Partners share of U.S. federal and state income taxes is included in net income.
- (2) During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, our accounting predecessor was an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra and therefore, no earnings per unit information was presented.
- (3) We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income plus interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization less certain non-cash, non-recurring items. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. This measurement is not recognized in accordance with GAAP and should not be viewed as an alternative to GAAP measures of performance. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to Adjusted EBITDA is net income. The presentation of Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items. We believe Adjusted EBITDA is useful to investors in evaluating our operating performance because:

securities analysts and other interested parties use such calculations as a measure of financial performance and borrowers' ability to service debt;

it is used by our management for internal planning purposes, including certain aspects of our consolidated operating budget and capital expenditures; and

it is used by investors to assess the ability of our assets to generate sufficient cash flows to make distributions to our unitholders.

Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations include:

it does not reflect our cash expenditures or future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;

it does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, working capital;

it does not reflect significant interest expense or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments on our outstanding debt;

it does not reflect payments made or future requirements for income taxes;

although it reflects adjustments for factors that we do not consider indicative of future performance, we may, in the future, incur expenses similar to the adjustments reflected in our calculation of Adjusted EBITDA in this prospectus; and

although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future and Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect cash requirements for such replacements.

Investors are encouraged to evaluate each adjustment and the reasons we consider it appropriate for supplemental analysis.

**Table of Contents**

The following table presents a reconciliation of net income to Adjusted EBITDA, on a historical basis and pro forma basis, as applicable, for each of the periods indicated.

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>		<b>Pro Forma Three Months Ended March 31,</b>		<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>Pro Forma Year Ended December 31,</b>
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>
	<b>(in thousands)</b>					
Net Income (loss)	\$ 5,346	\$ (395)	\$ 9,064	\$ 10,774	\$ 15,998	\$ 21,600
Less:						
Gain on settlement of contingent consideration of project acquisition				4,809		4,809
Add:						
Depreciation and amortization	16,436	7,808	16,436	39,427	23,599	39,427
Interest expense	18,748	10,098	18,748	41,637	43,195	41,637
Income tax expense (benefit)	5,996	4,952	828	18,337	(8,891)	1,711
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 46,526	\$ 22,463	\$ 45,076	\$ 105,366	\$ 73,901	\$ 99,566

- (4) Represents Adjusted EBITDA that would have been attributable to our 17.4% controlling interest in NEE Operating, LP. We define Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners as Net income attributable to NEE Partners plus NEE Partners share of interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization less certain non-cash, non-recurring items. Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners is a non-GAAP financial measure. This measurement is not recognized in accordance with GAAP and should not be viewed as an alternative to GAAP measures of performance. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners is net income attributable to NEE Partners. The presentation of Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items. We believe Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners is useful to investors in evaluating our operating performance because it is used by investors to assess the ability of our assets to generate sufficient cash flows to make distributions to NEE Partners.

Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations include:

it does not reflect our cash expenditures or future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;

it does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, working capital;

it does not reflect significant interest expense or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments on our outstanding debt;

it does not reflect payments made or future requirements for income taxes;

although it reflects adjustments for factors that we do not consider indicative of future performance, we may, in the future, incur expenses similar to the adjustments reflected in our calculation of Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners in this prospectus; and

although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future and Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners does not reflect cash requirements for such replacements.

Investors are encouraged to evaluate each adjustment and the reasons we consider it appropriate for supplemental analysis.

**Table of Contents**

The following table presents a reconciliation of net income attributable to NEE Partners to Adjusted EDITDA attributable to NEE Partners, on a historical basis and pro forma basis, as applicable, for each of the periods indicated.

	<b>Three Months</b>		<b>Pro Forma</b>		<b>Year Ended</b>	<b>Pro Forma</b>
	<b>Ended</b>		<b>Three Months</b>		<b>December 31,</b>	<b>Year Ended</b>
	<b>March 31,</b>		<b>Ended</b>		<b>December 31,</b>	<b>Year Ended</b>
			<b>March 31,</b>			<b>December 31,</b>
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>
	<b>(in thousands)</b>					
Net Income attributable to NEE Partners	\$	\$	\$	1,726	\$	\$ 7,642
Less:						
Gain on settlement of contingent consideration of project acquisition						837
Add:						
Depreciation and Amortization				2,859		6,859
Interest expense				3,262		7,245
Income tax expense (benefit)				(4)		(3,585)
Adjusted EBITDA attributable to NEE Partners	\$	\$	\$	7,843	\$	\$ 17,324

- (5) Expansion capital expenditures for each of the periods presented consist solely of construction expenditures, which were funded through third-party financings or by NEECH.
- (6) For each period represented, GWh generated represents the amount of energy produced measured in GWh generated by our Initial Portfolio.

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**Table of Contents**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF  
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

*The following discussion analyzes the historical financial condition and results of operations of our accounting predecessor. The historical combined financial statements of our accounting predecessor as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, appearing elsewhere in this prospectus were prepared on a carve-out basis from NextEra and are intended to represent the financial results during those periods of NextEra's contracted clean energy projects in the U.S. and Canada that will be contributed to NEE Operating LP as part of the Organizational Transactions.*

*You should read the following discussion of the historical financial condition and results of operations of our accounting predecessor in conjunction with the historical financial statements and accompanying notes of our accounting predecessor included elsewhere in this prospectus. This discussion includes forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ from statements we make. See *Forward-Looking Statements* and *Risk Factors*.*

*We own a controlling, non-economic general partner interest and a 17.4% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP and NEE Equity owns a non-controlling 82.6% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP. Financial results are shown on a 100% basis and are not adjusted to reflect NEE Equity's non-controlling 82.6% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP.*

*The discussion and analysis below has been organized as follows:*

*overview, including a description of our business and significant factors and trends that are important to understanding the results of operations and financial condition for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and for the years ended 2013 and 2012;*

*results of operations, including an explanation of significant differences between the periods in the specific line items of the combined statement of operations;*

*liquidity and capital resources, addressing liquidity position, sources and uses of cash, capital resources and requirements, commitments, and off-balance sheet arrangements;*

*critical accounting policies, which are most important to both the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations, and which require management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgment; and*

*quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk.*

*See *Industry Overview* and *Business* for a more detailed discussion about our industry and our business, including a description of our business strengths.*

## Overview

### *Company Description*

We are a growth-oriented limited partnership formed by NextEra Energy, Inc. to own, operate and acquire contracted clean energy projects with stable, long-term cash flows through our limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP. We will own a controlling, non-economic general partner interest and a 17.4% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP. Upon the completion of this offering, we will own interests in ten wind and solar projects, nine of which will be operational and one which is expected to be in the final stages of construction. We have evaluated how the Partnership is organized and managed and have identified only one operating segment, which focuses on the distributable cash flows that will be derived from the incoming cash flows the projects receive under their long-term power sales contracts.



**Table of Contents**

We intend to take advantage of favorable trends in the North American energy industry, including the ongoing trend of clean energy projects replacing aging or uneconomic projects, demand by utilities for renewable energy to meet state RPS requirements and the improving competitiveness of clean energy relative to other fuels. We plan to focus on high-quality, long-lived projects operating under long-term contracts with creditworthy counterparties that are expected to produce stable long-term cash flows. We believe our cash flow profile, geographic and technological diversity, cost-efficient business model and relationship with NextEra will provide us with a significant competitive advantage and enable us to execute our growth strategy.

All of the projects in our Initial Portfolio are currently in operation with the exception of Bluewater, which is expected to commence commercial operations in the third quarter of 2014. The following table sets forth the projects in our Initial Portfolio and their respective commercial operation date, nameplate capacity, Energy Sale Counterparty, contract expiration and the name and maturity date of any applicable project financing agreements:

<b>Project</b>	<b>Commercial Operation Date</b>	<b>Resource</b>	<b>MW</b>	<b>Counterparty</b>	<b>Contract Expiration</b>	<b>Project Financing (Maturity)<sup>(1)</sup></b>
Northern Colorado	September 2009	Wind	174.3	Public Service Company of Colorado	2029 (22.5 MW) / 2034 (151.8 MW)	Mountain Prairie (2030)
Elk City	December 2009	Wind	98.9	Public Service Company of Oklahoma	2030	Mountain Prairie (2030)
Moore	February 2012	Solar	20.0	Ontario Power Authority	2032	St. Clair (2031)
Sombra	February 2012	Solar	20.0	Ontario Power Authority	2032	St. Clair (2031)
Perrin Ranch	January 2012	Wind	99.2	Arizona Public Service Company	2037	Canyon Wind (2030)
Conestogo	December 2012	Wind	22.9	Ontario Power Authority	2032	Trillium (2033)
Tuscola Bay	December 2012	Wind	120.0	DTE Electric Company	2032	Canyon Wind (2030)
Summerhaven	August 2013	Wind	124.4	Ontario Power Authority	2033	Trillium (2033)
Genesis	November 2013 (125.0 MW) / March 2014 (125.0 MW)	Solar	250.0	Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	2039	Genesis (2038) Genesis Solar Funding (2038)
Bluewater	3Q 2014 (expected)	Wind	59.9	Ontario Power Authority	2034 (estimated)	Bluewater (2032 (expected))
<b>Total</b>			<b>989.6</b>			

(1) See Description of Certain Financing Arrangements for a description of the existing project financings relating to our Initial Portfolio.

**Significant Factors and Trends Affecting Our Business**

Our results of operations and our ability to grow our business over time could be impacted by a number of factors and trends that affect our industry generally, our Initial Portfolio and other projects we may acquire in the future. These factors and trends include government incentives in the U.S. and Canada and the increasing competitiveness of renewable energy.

*Government Incentives*

Government incentives in the U.S. and Canada have the effect of making the development of clean energy projects more competitive by providing credits for a portion of the development costs or by providing favorable contract prices. A loss or reduction in such incentives could decrease the attractiveness of clean energy

## Table of Contents

projects to developers, including NextEra, which could reduce our acquisition opportunities. Such a loss or reduction could also reduce our willingness to pursue or develop certain clean energy projects due to higher operating costs or decreased revenues under our PPAs, RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts.

U.S. Federal, state and local governments and utilities have established various incentives to support the development of renewable energy. These incentives include accelerated tax depreciation, PTCs, ITCs, cash grants and RPS programs.

Wind and solar projects qualify for the U.S. federal Modified Accelerated Cost Recovery System depreciation schedule. This schedule allows a taxpayer to recognize the depreciation of tangible property on a five-year basis even though the useful life of such property is generally greater than five years.

The PTC is a U.S. federal incentive that provides a U.S. federal income tax credit on a ¢/kWh basis for all qualifying energy produced by a qualifying U.S. wind project during the first ten years after the project commences commercial operations. The PTC is no longer available for new wind projects unless they were under construction by the end of 2013 and the developer uses continuous efforts towards commencing commercial operations. Under IRS guidance, projects which were under construction by the end of 2013 and have commenced commercial operations by the end of 2015 will be deemed to have used continuous efforts. The expiration of the PTC has not impacted and will not impact any of the projects in our Initial Portfolio as none of our projects elected to receive PTCs.

The ITC and 1603 Cash Grant Program are U.S. federal incentives that are available after the project commences commercial operations and provide an income tax credit or cash grant for up to 30% of eligible installed costs. A solar project must commence commercial operations on or before December 31, 2016, to qualify for the 30% ITC. A solar project that commences commercial operations after December 31, 2016, may qualify for an ITC equal to 10% of eligible installed costs. Alternatively, in order to qualify for the 1603 Cash Grant, a solar project must have begun construction by the end of 2011 and have commenced commercial operations on or before December 31, 2016.

NextEra has applied for and received 1603 Cash Grants for Genesis Unit 1, Genesis Unit 2, Tuscola Bay, Perrin Ranch, Elk City and Northern Colorado. 1603 Cash Grants are treated as a 15% reduction (i.e., one half of the grant amount) to the tax basis of the property, plant and equipment and reduce the related depreciation over the useful life of the project. Genesis Solar has received \$306.2 million in 1603 Cash Grant proceeds in respect of Genesis Unit 1 and Genesis Unit 2 and expects to receive additional 1603 Cash Grant proceeds of \$28.0 million (in which case 1603 Cash Grant proceeds would total \$334.2 million).

RPS are state regulatory programs created by state legislatures to encourage the development of renewable energy. They typically require utilities to produce or procure a certain percentage of their energy needs from renewable energy. According to the DOE, twenty-nine states and the District of Columbia currently have an RPS in place and eight other states have non-binding goals supporting renewable energy. Most states with mandatory RPS programs typically set a target between 10% and 30% of total energy capacity, while other states set a MW target to achieve their RPS goals. Additionally, several states have pending legislation to adopt new RPS programs. We expect RPS programs to continue to increase demand by utilities for renewable energy in order to meet state RPS requirements.

Canada. Canada is a world leader in the production and use of clean energy as a percentage of its total energy needs. While a majority of Canada's energy is produced by hydro energy, non-hydro renewable energy is providing an increasing proportion of energy each year. Government incentives at the provincial level continue to drive the growth of renewable energy in Canada. Provincial governments have been supportive of renewable energy in general, and wind energy in particular, through renewable energy targets and incentive plans.



## **Table of Contents**

Ontario has been a leader in supporting the development of renewable energy in Canada. The LTEP, released in December 2013 by the Ontario Ministry of Energy, suggests that by 2025, 10.7 GW of non-hydro renewable energy will be online in the province.

### *Increasing Competitiveness of Renewable Energy*

Renewable energy technology and installation costs have improved meaningfully in recent years. Wind technology is improving as a result of taller towers, longer blades and more efficient energy conversion equipment, which allow wind projects to more efficiently capture wind resource and produce more energy. Over the last ten years technology improvements have decreased the cost of wind energy in the U.S. between 24% and 39% depending on wind speed, according to IEA estimates. Solar technology is also improving as solar cell efficiencies improve and installation costs decline. Since the start of 2010, the total average installed cost of utility-scale solar has declined over 50%, according to Bloomberg New Energy Finance.

### *Impact of increasingly stringent environmental rules and regulations on coal-fired generation*

Traditional coal-fired plants emit greenhouse gases and other pollutants. The EPA is responsible for implementing rules and regulations to protect the environment, including rules and regulations that limit emissions of greenhouse gases and other pollutants from coal-fired plants. A number of new EPA rules are emerging that are expected to impact many coal-fired plants in the U.S. While there is some uncertainty as to the timing, requirements and compliance dates that will ultimately be imposed by these rules, we expect that the owners of some of the smaller, older or less efficient coal-fired plants will choose to decommission these facilities rather than make the significant financial investments in these plants that will be necessary to comply with environmental rules and regulations. In addition, the continuation of lower natural gas prices will put additional pressure on these plants. According to Bloomberg New Energy Finance, over 100 MW of coal-fired capacity will be retired in the U.S. by the end of 2020.

### *Significant Factors Affecting Results of Operations and Financial Condition*

Significant factors that could affect our results of operations and financial condition are:

wind and solar resource levels, weather conditions and the performance of our Initial Portfolio;

timing of commencement of commercial operations of our Initial Portfolio;

financings; and

expenses.

#### *Wind and Solar Resource, Weather Conditions and the Performance of Our Initial Portfolio*

Wind and solar resource levels, weather conditions and the performance of our Initial Portfolio represent significant factors that could affect our operating results because these variables impact our energy sales.

Energy produced from our Initial Portfolio depends primarily on wind and solar resource levels, weather conditions at each project and the related impact of each on the performance of the projects in our Initial Portfolio. Our energy production estimates are based on internal and third-party long-term meteorological information, which includes data collected from equipment located at the project in some cases, wind and solar data from other sources and equipment power curve estimates.

Our wind analysis evaluates wind speed and prevailing direction, atmospheric conditions, wake and seasonal variations for each project. Our solar analysis evaluates solar irradiance levels and prevailing direction, atmospheric conditions, and seasonal variations for each project. The result of our analyses is a probabilistic assessment of a project's energy production, which is expressed through P levels. A P level is the amount of

**Table of Contents**

annual energy production that a particular project or group of projects will meet or exceed P% of the time. For example, an annual P50 production level of 100 MWh means that we expect a particular project or group of projects to produce at least 100 MWh per year in 50 out of every 100 years. Similarly, an annual P95 production level of 100 MWh means that we expect a particular project or group of projects to produce at least 100 MWh per year in 95 out of 100 years.

We plan for variability around a P50 production level measured on an annual basis. A P50 production level generally provides the foundation for our financial forecast. We use P75, P90 and P95 production levels measured on an annual basis as sensitivities or potential variability of output relative to our financial forecast and expectations. In addition, we typically use a P90 production level to determine the appropriate amount of indebtedness for each project.

As stated above, our P50, P75, P90 and P95 variability analysis is measured on an annual basis. Relative variability increases as the measurement period shortens, so it is likely that we will experience increased variability on a monthly or quarterly basis than on an annual basis. Therefore, our monthly and quarterly cash flow and payout ratios are likely to reflect more variability when compared to our annual cash flow and payout ratios. We also expect seasonal variability to occur. We expect to use cash reserves and NEE Operating LP's revolving credit facility to help manage short-term production and cash flow variability and the related impact on cash available for distribution to our unitholders.

The variability of output of a portfolio of projects is less than the average of the individual variability of the projects. We refer to this as the portfolio effect. The larger and more diverse the portfolio, the lower the expected variability. Our Initial Portfolio is large enough and diverse enough to produce a meaningful reduction in overall variability, as demonstrated in the following chart:

	<b>P95<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>P90<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>P75<sup>(1)</sup></b>
No portfolio effect	84%	87%	93%
Portfolio effect	88%	91%	95%

<sup>(1)</sup> As a percentage of P50.

As shown in the table above, the portfolio effect results in a reduction in the production variability across our Initial Portfolio.

We and our project lenders use annual energy production forecasts, including probability analysis, to evaluate the ability of a project to make debt service payments and to determine the nature and size of project-level debt and liquidity features, such as debt service reserves or letter of credit facilities. To date, none of the projects in our Initial Portfolio have been restricted from making distributions under the terms of our project-level financing agreements. See [Description of Certain Financing Arrangements](#) for a description of the project financings relating to the projects in our Initial Portfolio.

Our energy production and our ability to produce energy in a cost-effective manner partly depends on our ability to maintain the projects in our Initial Portfolio and the equipment that we use. We use high-quality, reliable equipment from top manufacturers for each of the projects in our Initial Portfolio. Given our manufacturers' global portfolio and strong balance sheets, the warranties that we secure for our equipment and our operating approach, we expect reliable long-term equipment operation at the projects in our Initial Portfolio. In addition, we expect high availability and

long-term production from our Initial Portfolio due to a combination of high-quality equipment, scale, operating experience, shared spare parts inventory and common operating practices with NEER.

*Timing of Commencement of Commercial Operations*

Projects commencing commercial operations could cause our operating results to vary as compared to prior periods in which a project was not in service or was in service for only a portion of the period.



**Table of Contents**

Summerhaven and Genesis Unit 1 entered commercial operations in August 2013 and November 2013, respectively. Genesis Unit 2 entered commercial operations in March 2014 and Bluewater is expected to enter commercial operations in the third quarter of 2014. Therefore, our results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2013, represent only a partial year of operating results in respect of Summerhaven and Genesis Unit 1 and no operating results from Genesis Unit 2 or Bluewater. As a result, we expect the commencement of commercial operations of these projects to have a significant impact on our revenue and expenses in late 2013 and in 2014, and therefore have a significant impact on our results of operation for the year ended December 31, 2014. When a project commences commercial operations, we incur increased fees and expenses under such project's ASA and O&M Agreement, which had and will have a negative impact on our net income in late 2013 and in 2014, respectively. Overall, we expect a positive impact in our financial condition and results of operation for the year ending December 31, 2014, and beyond due to the commencement of operations of these projects.

*Financings*

We intend to use a portion of our cash flows for interest and principal payments on borrowings under our financing arrangements. Our interest expense reflects periodic interest on debt at our Initial Portfolio and interest on borrowings, if any, under the revolving credit facility of NEE Operating LP's direct subsidiaries. Changes in interest rates could impact the amount of interest due under these financings, to the extent the interest expense is not hedged under a swap agreement.

Principal payments under our existing project financings are due on a semi-annual basis. The following table shows certain of the characteristics of our various project financings:

Project Financing	Principal Payments	Maturity	Principal Amount		
			Outstanding as of March 31, 2014 (in millions)	Twelve-Month Period Ending June 30, 2015	Thereafter <sup>(1)</sup> (in thousands)
Mountain Prairie	June and December	2030	\$ 289.4	\$ 8,304	\$ 275,614
St. Clair	February and August	2031	CAD 161.0	7,622	140,576
Canyon	March and September	2030	\$ 215.1	11,894	203,255
Trillium	February and August	2033	CAD 313.3	6,532	281,791
Genesis	February and August	2038	\$ 852.0	19,187	775,717
Bluewater	June and December	18 years after term conversion		4,559	151,859
<b>Total</b>				<b>\$ 58,098</b>	<b>\$ 1,828,812</b>

(1)

The amortization of our project financings is principally related to the length of the applicable PPA, FIT Contract or RESOP Contract.

- (2) Prior to completion of this offering, the Bluewater Project Entity and Genesis Solar Funding, LLC completed limited recourse financings of CAD 170 million and \$280 million, respectively.

See Description of Certain Financing Arrangements for a description of the existing project financings relating to our Initial Portfolio.

*Expenses*

We expect that our O&M expenses will increase by approximately \$4 million per year as a result of becoming a publicly-traded limited partnership following this offering. This increase will be due, in part, to increased third-party accounting services, filing reports with the SEC, independent auditor fees, investor relations activities, directors' fees, compensation and expenses, directors' and officers' insurance, stock exchange listing

**Table of Contents**

fees, registrar and transfer agent fees and other expenses. NEE Operating LP will reimburse NEE Partners for such expenses. Our financial statements following this offering will reflect the impact of these increased expenses, which will affect the comparability of our accounting predecessor's historical financial statements for periods prior to the completion of this offering.

We expect that NEE Operating LP's O&M expenses will also increase by approximately \$5.8 million

per year as a result of the annual management fee equal to the greater of 1% of NEE Operating LP's EBITDA and \$4 million and the projected \$1.8 million annual credit support fee, which will be paid by NEE Operating LP in quarterly installments under the Management Services Agreement and the CSCS Agreement, respectively. Our financial statements following this offering will reflect the impact of this increased expense, which will affect the comparability of our accounting predecessor's historical financial statements for periods prior to the completion of this offering. See

Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Management Services Agreement and Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Cash Sweep and Credit Support Agreement.

We anticipate that our O&M expenses for our Initial Portfolio will remain relatively stable from year to year under the O&M agreements and ASAs through which O&M and O&M services are provided to us. However, O&M expenses are likely to be higher for the year ending December 31, 2014, as compared to historical periods due to the commencement or expected commencement of commercial operations at a number of the projects in our Initial Portfolio, which will affect the comparability of our accounting predecessor's historical financial statements for periods prior to the completion of this offering. Our financial statements following any acquisition of a new project will reflect the impact of these increased expenses. In addition O&M expenses are likely to increase as we acquire new projects.

**Combined Results of Operations of Our Accounting Predecessor**

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Years Ended</b>	
	<b>March 31,</b>		<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>			
<b>Statement of Operations Data:</b>				
Operating revenues	\$ 59,498	\$ 31,946	\$ 141,796	\$ 93,415
Operating expenses:				
Operations and maintenance	11,216	8,103	29,640	16,933
Depreciation and amortization	16,436	7,808	39,427	23,599
Taxes other than income taxes and other	1,237	850	4,744	1,155
Transmission	543	525	2,123	2,099
Total operating expenses	29,432	17,286	75,934	43,786
Operating income	30,066	14,660	65,862	49,629
Other income (deductions):				
Interest expense	(18,748)	(10,098)	(41,637)	(43,195)
			4,809	

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Gain on settlement of contingent consideration of project acquisition				
Other net	24	(5)	77	673
Total deductions net	(18,724)	(10,103)	(36,751)	(42,522)
Income before income taxes	11,342	4,557	29,111	7,107
Income tax (expense) benefit	(5,996)	(4,952)	(18,337)	8,891
Net income (loss)	\$ 5,346	\$ (395)	\$ 10,774	\$ 15,998

**Table of Contents*****Three Months Ended March 31, 2014, Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2013******Operating Revenues***

Operating revenues primarily consist of income from the sale of energy under our PPAs, RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts. Operating revenues increased approximately \$27.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2014, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2013, primarily due to the commencement of commercial operations at Summerhaven in August 2013 and Genesis Unit 1 in November 2013. Changes in volume and price did not materially impact our change in operating revenues during the periods presented.

	<b>Total</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>
Three Months Ended March 31, 2014	\$ 59,498
Three Months Ended March 31, 2013	\$ 31,946
Generation three months ended March 31, 2014	648 GWh
Generation three months ended March 31, 2013	452 GWh

***Operating Expenses******Operations and Maintenance***

O&M expenses include interconnection costs, labor expenses, turbine servicing costs, lease royalty payments, property taxes, insurance, materials, supplies, shared services and administrative expenses attributable to our projects, and costs and expenses under ASA and O&M agreements. We also include the cost of maintaining and replacing certain parts for the projects in our Initial Portfolio to maintain our long-term operating income and operating capacity. O&M expense increased \$3.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2013, primarily due to the commencement of commercial operations at Summerhaven in August 2013 and Genesis Unit 1 in November 2013. The other projects in our Initial Portfolio did not have material changes in O&M expense during the periods presented.

***Depreciation and Amortization***

Depreciation and amortization expense reflects costs associated with depreciation and amortization of our assets, based on consistent depreciable asset lives and depreciation methodologies under GAAP. For all of our U.S. projects, we elected to receive 1603 Cash Grants, which are recorded as a reduction in property, plant and equipment on our combined balance sheets and are amortized as a reduction to depreciation and amortization expense over the estimated life of the related property. We also include in depreciation expense a provision for wind and solar facility dismantlement, interim asset removal costs, and accretion related to asset retirement obligations.

Depreciation and amortization increased \$8.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2014, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2013, primarily due to the commencement of commercial operations at Summerhaven in August 2013 and Genesis Unit 1 in November 2013. The other projects in our Initial Portfolio did not have material changes in depreciation and amortization during the periods presented.

***Other Income (Deductions)***

*Interest Expense*

Interest expense primarily consists of interest accrued under our project financings, partially offset by interest capitalization on qualified expenditures. Interest expense increased \$8.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2014, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2013, primarily due to entering into a

**Table of Contents**

new financing (Trillium) for the Conestogo and Summerhaven Projects for approximately CAD \$315 million on December 13, 2013, and \$150 million of incremental borrowings under the Genesis Bank Loan, as well as lower capitalized interest associated with the conclusion of construction of Genesis Unit 1 in November 2013.

**Income Taxes**

Income taxes are calculated using the Separate Return Method for each of the Project Entities that are structured as limited liability companies or corporations. Income taxes are not included for entities that are structured as flow through entities (partnerships). Income tax expense includes federal, state and Canadian taxes on operations, as applicable.

Income tax expense increased \$1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2014, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2013, primarily resulting from an increase of \$2.4 million due to higher pretax book income and an increase in the valuation allowance on deferred tax assets of \$2.9 million associated with Genesis 1603 Cash Grants, Mountain Prairie and Canyon Wind NOLs and state income tax credits on Perrin Ranch, offset by an increase in deferred tax assets related to 1603 Cash Grants on Genesis of \$2 million, and a decrease of \$2.2 million related to flow through entities.

Our effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, is 52.87% and 108.67%, respectively. Our effective tax rate is affected by recurring items, such as the relative amount of income we earn in jurisdictions, the 50% tax basis reduction due to 1603 Cash Grants, which are recognized when assets are placed into service, and valuation allowances on deferred tax assets.

The 55.8 percentage point decrease in the tax rate from March 31, 2013, to March 31, 2014, is largely caused by the impact of changes in valuation allowances and the 50% basis reduction on the receipt of 1603 Cash Grants.

The following items had the most significant impact on the change in the effective tax rate from March 31, 2013, to March 31, 2014:

State Income Taxes	(3.49%)
Change in Valuation Allowances	(74.58%)
50% Basis reduction due to 1603 Cash Grants	42.11%
Foreign Rate differential & effect of flow-thru	(16.89%)
Other	(2.95%)
Total Change	(55.80%)

*Year Ended December 31, 2013, Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2012*

**Operating Revenues**

Operating revenues primarily consist of income from the sale of energy under our PPAs, RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts. Operating revenues increased approximately \$48.4 million during the year ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012, primarily due to the commencement of commercial operations at Tuscola Bay and Conestogo in December 2012, Summerhaven in August 2013, Genesis Unit 1 in November 2013 and the acquisition of Moore and Sombra in early 2012 soon after it commenced commercial operations in February 2012. Changes in volume and price did not materially impact our change in operating revenues during the periods presented.

	<b>Total</b>
	<b>(dollars in thousands)</b>
Year Ended December 31, 2013	\$ 141,796
Year Ended December 31, 2012	\$ 93,415
Generation year ended December 31, 2013	1,701 GWh
Generation year ended December 31, 2012	1,157 GWh



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**Table of Contents*****Operating Expense******Operations and Maintenance***

O&M expenses include interconnection costs, labor expenses, turbine servicing costs, lease royalty payments, property taxes, insurance, materials, supplies, shared services and administrative expenses attributable to our projects, and costs and expenses under ASA and O&M agreements. We also include the cost of maintaining and replacing certain parts for the projects in our Initial Portfolio to maintain our long-term operating income and operating capacity. O&M expense increased \$12.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012, primarily due to the commencement of commercial operations at Tuscola Bay and Conestogo in December 2012, Summerhaven in August 2013 and Genesis Unit 1 in November 2013. The other projects in our Initial Portfolio did not have material changes in O&M expense during the periods presented.

***Depreciation and Amortization***

Depreciation and amortization expense reflects costs associated with depreciation and amortization of our assets, based on consistent depreciable asset lives and depreciation methodologies under GAAP. For all of our U.S. projects, we elected to receive 1603 Cash Grants, which are recorded as a reduction in property, plant and equipment on our combined balance sheets and are amortized as a reduction to depreciation and amortization expense over the estimated life of the related property. We also include in depreciation expense a provision for wind and solar facility dismantlement, interim asset removal costs, and accretion related to asset retirement obligations.

Depreciation and amortization increased \$15.8 million during the year ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012, primarily due to the commencement of commercial operations at Tuscola Bay and Conestogo in December 2012, Summerhaven in August 2013, Genesis Unit 1 in November 2013 and the acquisition of Moore and Sombra in early 2012 soon after it commenced commercial operations in February 2012. The other projects in our Initial Portfolio did not have material changes in depreciation and amortization during the periods presented.

***Taxes Other than Income Taxes***

Taxes other than income taxes increased by \$3.6 million during the year ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012, primarily due to an increase in property taxes as a result of the commencement of commercial operations at Tuscola Bay and Conestogo in December 2012, Summerhaven in August 2013, Genesis Unit 1 in November 2013 and the acquisition of Moore and Sombra in early 2012 soon after it commenced commercial operations in February 2012. The other projects in our Initial Portfolio did not have material changes in taxes during the periods presented.

***Other Income (Deductions)******Interest Expense***

Interest expense primarily consists of interest accrued under our project financings, partially offset by interest capitalization on qualified expenditures. Interest expense decreased \$1.6 million during the year ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012, primarily due to higher interest capitalization on qualified expenditures associated with the construction of Genesis.

***Gain on Settlement of Contingent Consideration of Project Acquisition***

Gain on settlement of contingent consideration of project acquisition increased \$4.8 million during the year ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012, primarily due to a change in estimate relating to the contingent consideration related to the acquisition of two of our projects.

## **Table of Contents**

### **Income Taxes**

Income taxes are calculated using the Separate Return Method for each of the Project Entities that are structured as limited liability companies or corporations. Income taxes are not included for entities that are structured as flow through entities (partnerships). Income tax expense includes federal, state and Canadian taxes on operations, as applicable. Also included in income tax expense is the impact of valuation allowances recorded against DTAs and the tax benefit associated with the 50% basis reduction in property for grants received in accordance with Section 1603 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

Income tax expense increased \$27.2 million during the year ended December 31, 2013, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012, primarily due to an increase in valuation allowances on the deferred tax assets of \$31.3 million associated with Genesis, Mountain Prairie and Canyon Wind NOLs and state income tax credits on Perrin Ranch, and an increase of \$7.8 million due to higher pretax book income partially offset by a lower deferred income tax benefit associated with 1603 Cash Grants of \$10.8 million.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our business requires substantial capital to fund:

current O&M costs;

debt service payments;

distributions to holders of common units;

potential investments in new acquisitions;

maintenance and expansion capital expenditures and other investments;

unforeseen events; and

other business expenses.

Our accounting predecessor's operations largely relied on, and we will continue to rely on, internally generated cash flow. We expect to satisfy our capital requirements through a combination of cash on hand, cash flow from operations, borrowings under existing and anticipated future financing arrangements and the issuance of additional equity securities as appropriate and given market conditions. We expect that these sources of funds will be adequate to provide for our short-term and long-term liquidity and capital needs. However, we are subject to business and operational risks that could adversely affect our cash flow. A material decrease in our cash flows would likely produce a corresponding adverse effect on our borrowing capacity.

As a normal part of our business, depending on market conditions, we will from time to time consider opportunities to repay, redeem, repurchase or refinance our indebtedness. In addition, changes in our operating plans, including lower than anticipated revenues, increased expenses, capital expenditures, acquisitions or other events may cause us to seek additional debt or equity financing in future periods, which may not be available on acceptable terms or at all. Debt financing, if available, could impose additional cash payment obligations, additional covenants and operating restrictions. In addition, any of the items discussed in detail under **Risk Factors** may also significantly impact our liquidity, financial condition and ability to raise additional financing in future periods.

Under the CSCS Agreement, NEE Operating LP has agreed to allow NEER or one of its affiliates to borrow distributions received and cash reserves maintained by our subsidiaries, including NEE Operating LP, and to hold those funds in accounts of NEER or one of its affiliates to the extent the funds are not required to pay

**Table of Contents**

project costs or otherwise required to be maintained by our subsidiaries. If NEER fails to return project revenues when required by our subsidiaries financings, the lenders will be entitled to draw on credit support provided by NEER in the amount of such project revenues. In addition, NEE Operating LP will have a claim under the CSCS Agreement for any funds that NEER fails to return:

when required by our subsidiaries financings;

when our subsidiaries financings otherwise permit distributions to be made to NEE Operating LP;

when the CSCS Agreement requires funds to be returned to NEE Operating LP; or

when otherwise demanded by NEE Operating LP.

If NEER or one of its affiliates realizes any earnings on the borrowed funds prior to the return of such funds, it will be permitted to retain those earnings. See Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Cash Sweep and Credit Support Agreement Credit Support Consideration.

***Liquidity Position***

At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 and 2012, our liquidity position was approximately \$124.2 million, \$111.8 million and \$355.8 million, respectively. The table below provides the components of NEE Partners liquidity position as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	<b>March 31, 2014</b>	<b>December 31, 2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,992	\$ 26,580	\$ 21,028
Restricted cash <sup>(1)</sup>	5,295	2,370	251,860
Letter of credit facilities	82,888	82,888	82,888
Total	\$ 124,175	\$ 111,838	\$ 355,776

<sup>(1)</sup> Consists primarily of cash available solely for use in financing the construction of Genesis. Management believes that our liquidity position and cash flows from operations will be adequate to finance growth, O&M, capital expenditures, distributions to our unitholders and other liquidity commitments. Management continues to regularly monitor the financing needs of our business consistent with prudent balance sheet management.

***Financing Arrangements******Revolving Credit Facility***

Concurrently with the completion of this offering, the direct subsidiaries of NEE Operating LP will enter into a new \$250 million senior secured revolving credit facility. The revolving credit facility will include borrowing capacity for letters of credit and for incremental commitments to increase the revolving credit facility to up to \$1 billion in the aggregate, subject to certain conditions. The revolving credit facility will contain certain financial covenants, including a total debt to cash flow ratio (as defined in the credit facility) of not more than 5.50 to 1.00 and a cash flow to interest expense ratio (as defined in the credit facility) of not less than 1.75 to 1.00. In general, the revolving credit facility will contain representations, warranties and covenants that are customary for this type of financing, including limitations on certain investments and restricted payments; provided, however, that NEE Operating LP will be permitted to pay distributions to its unitholders out of available cash so long as no default or event of default under the revolving credit facility has occurred and is continuing at the time of such distribution, or would result therefrom, and that the loan parties are otherwise in

**Table of Contents**

compliance with the facility's covenants. The revolving credit facility will also contain events of default that are customary for this type of financing. Loans outstanding in U.S. dollars under the revolving credit facility will bear interest at either (i) a base rate, which will be the highest of (x) the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, (y) the administrative agent's prime rate and (z) one-month London Interbank Offered Rate ( LIBOR ) plus 1.0%, in each case, plus an applicable margin; or (ii) one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR plus an applicable margin, and loans outstanding in CAD will bear interest at either (i) a Canadian prime rate, which will be the higher of (x) the Canadian prime rate of a Canadian branch of the administrative agent and (y) the one-month Canadian Dealer Offered Rate ( CDOR ) plus 1.0%, in each case, plus an applicable margin; or (ii) one-, two-, three- or six-month CDOR plus an applicable margin. The unused portion of the revolving credit facility will be subject to a commitment fee ranging from 0.375% to 0.50% per annum depending on NEE Operating LP's leverage ratio (as defined in the credit facility). NEE Operating LP and we will guarantee the payment obligations of NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries under the revolving credit facility, and NEE Operating LP will be required to comply with the covenants, and to make representations and warranties, applicable to such credit facility. Following the closing of this offering, we may incur interest expense under the revolving credit facility and other borrowing arrangements we may enter into from time to time. Affiliates of certain of the underwriters will be lenders under the new revolving credit facility. See Underwriting Other Relationships.

***Project Financings***

Most of the projects in our Initial Portfolio are subject to project financings that contain certain financial covenants and distribution tests, including debt service coverage ratios. In general, these project financings contain representations and warranties that are customary for these types of financings, including limitations on investments and restricted payments. Generally, our project financings are subject to a fixed interest rate. However, two of our project financings accrue interest at variable rates based on LIBOR. We entered into several interest rate swaps for one of these financings to hedge against interest rate movements with respect to interest payments on the loan. Under the project financings, each project will be permitted to pay distributions out of available cash on a semi-annual basis so long as certain conditions are satisfied, including that reserves are funded with cash or credit support, no default or event of default under the applicable financings has occurred and is continuing at the time of such distribution or would result therefrom, and each project is otherwise in compliance with the project financing's covenants and the applicable minimum debt service coverage ratio is satisfied. The minimum debt service coverage ratio that must be satisfied under all of our project financings is 1.20:1.00. At December 31, 2013, we were in compliance with all covenants under our project financings and our debt service coverage ratios equaled or exceeded 1.20:1.00 in all periods subsequent to obtaining each financing. See Description of Certain Financing Arrangements for a further description of the terms of our existing project financings.

***Contractual Obligations***

The following table summarizes the contractual obligations of our accounting predecessor as of December 31, 2013:

	Payments due by period					Thereafter	Total
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
							(in millions)
<b>Contractual Obligations</b>							
Long-term debt, including interest <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 444.4	\$ 125.4	\$ 127.6	\$ 126.2	\$ 126.7	\$ 1,694.4	\$ 2,644.7
Asset retirement activities <sup>(2)</sup>						87.1	87.1
Land lease payments <sup>(3)</sup>	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.0	116.3	135.5

Total	\$ 448.1	\$ 129.2	\$ 131.4	\$ 130.1	\$ 130.7	\$ 1,897.8	\$ 2,867.3
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- (1) Includes principal, interest and interest rate swaps. Variable rate interest was computed using December 31, 2013 rates.



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**Table of Contents**

- (2) Represents expected cash payments adjusted for inflation for estimated costs to perform asset retirement activities.
- (3) Represents various agreements that provide for payments to landowners for the right to use the land upon which the projects are located.

***Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements***

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

***Capital Expenditures***

Our capital expenditure program has historically focused on expenditures associated with new projects, which have been funded entirely by NEECH and project-level financings. For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, we had approximately \$65.0 million and \$189.4 million, respectively, and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, we had approximately \$647.3 million and \$518.1 million, respectively, of capital expenditures. In 2014, we have budgeted approximately \$152 million in capital expenditures primarily related to the completion of construction of Genesis and Bluewater which have been or will be funded by project-level financings and NEECH and its affiliates. For the year ending December 31, 2014, of our \$152 million capital expenditures budgeted, \$150 million is expected to be incurred for expansion capital expenditures, and \$2 million is expected to be incurred for maintenance capital expenditures, which will be funded by cash on the balance sheet at the completion of this offering. Our capital expenditure program is focused on maintaining our operational projects. We develop annual capital spending plans based on projected requirements for maintenance capital. For our wind projects, maintenance costs are usually expensed to operations and maintenance expenses instead of being capitalized to property, plant and equipment.

Following the completion of this offering, we expect to acquire additional projects. Although neither we, NEER nor any third party currently has any commitments to enter into such transactions, we may have the opportunity to acquire NEER ROFO Projects under the ROFO Agreement from time to time during the six year period following the completion of this offering, other NEER projects or projects from third parties. We do not expect to have sufficient amounts of cash on hand to fund the acquisition costs of all these projects. In order to pursue these opportunities, we will need to finance a portion of these acquisitions by raising equity or incurring debt. We believe that we will have the access to capital to pursue these opportunities, but we are subject to business, financial, operational, macroeconomic and other risks that could adversely affect our cash flows, results of operations, financial condition and ability to raise capital. A material decrease in our cash flows, deterioration in our financial condition or downturn in the financing and capital markets would likely have an adverse effect on our ability to make such investments.

In addition, we will make investments from time to time in our Initial Portfolio. Our Initial Portfolio consists of projects that have commenced commercial operations, with the exception of Bluewater, which is expected to commence commercial operations in the third quarter of 2014. Ongoing capital expenditures for projects that have already commenced commercial operations are generally not significant because most expenditures relate to repairs and maintenance and are expensed when incurred. Maintenance capital expenditures are cash expenditures that are made to repair, refurbish and maintain equipment reliability, integrity and safety and to comply with applicable laws and regulations, or other cash expenditures that, in each case, are made to maintain, over the long term, operating capacity or operating income. Examples of maintenance capital expenditures are expenditures to repair, refurbish or replace NEE Operating LP's clean energy projects, to upgrade transmission networks, to maintain equipment reliability, integrity and safety and to comply with applicable laws and regulations. For example, maintenance capital expenditures include expenditures associated with the upgrade or replacement of existing equipment and structures to maintain operating performance.

Expansion capital expenditures are cash expenditures incurred for acquisitions or capital improvements, including construction expenditures that are expected to increase NEE Operating LP s operating income or

**Table of Contents**

operating capacity over the long term. Examples of expansion capital expenditures include the acquisition of equipment or additional clean energy projects to the extent such capital expenditures are expected to increase NEE Operating LP's operating capacity or its operating income. Expansion capital expenditures include interest expense associated with borrowings used to fund expansion capital expenditures.

Capital expenditures are generally made at our Project Entities using project cash flows and reserves, although funding for major capital expenditures may be provided by additional project debt or equity capital infusions by the direct or indirect parent of our Project Entities. Therefore, distributions that we receive from our Project Entities may be made net of certain capital expenditures at the projects.

***Cash Distributions to Unitholders***

Our partnership agreement requires us to distribute our available cash quarterly. Generally, our available cash is all cash on hand at the date of determination in respect of such quarter (including any expected distributions from NEE Operating LP and, during the purchase price adjustment period, payments from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement in respect of such quarter), less the amount of cash reserves established by our general partner. We currently expect that cash reserves would be established solely to provide for the payment of income taxes payable by NEE Partners, if any. Our cash flow is generated from distributions we receive from NEE Operating LP and, during the purchase price adjustment period, from any payments we receive from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement, which payments will be funded solely by any distributions NEE Equity receives from NEE Operating LP. NEE Operating LP will pay all of our O&M expenses we expect to incur as a result of being a publicly traded entity. We do not expect to be required to pay U.S. federal income tax initially. As a result, our ability to make distributions to our unitholders depends on the ability of NEE Operating LP to make cash distributions to its limited partners, including us.

NEE Operating LP will distribute all of its available cash to its unitholders, including us, each quarter. The majority of such available cash will be derived from the operations of our Initial Portfolio. Our cash available for distribution is likely to fluctuate from quarter to quarter, and in some cases significantly, as a result of the performance of our Initial Portfolio, seasonality, maintenance and outage schedules and other factors. See [Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions Assumptions and Considerations](#).

***Cash Flows***

*Three Months Ended March 31, 2014, Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2013*

The following table reflects the changes in cash flows for the comparative periods:

<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	<b>(In millions)</b>		
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>Change</b>
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 28.8	\$ 20.3	\$ 8.5
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (67.8)	\$ (77.4)	\$ 9.6
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$ 48.9	\$ 46.9	\$ 2.0

***Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities***

Changes in net cash provided by operating activities were driven by the higher cash flows from projects that commenced commercial operations after March 2013. These projects include Summerhaven and Genesis Unit 1.



**Table of Contents***Net Cash Used in Investing Activities*

Changes in net cash used in investing activities were driven by decreased capital expenditures related to construction activities and lower restricted cash balances related to the timing of construction payments for projects that commenced commercial operations after March 2013. These projects include Summerhaven and Genesis Unit 1.

<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	<b>(In millions)</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Capital expenditures	\$ (65.0)	\$ (189.4)
Changes in restricted cash	(2.9)	112.0
Other	0.1	
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (67.8)	\$ (77.4)

*Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities*

Changes in net cash provided by financing activities are driven by lower member distributions and partially offset by the issuance of long-term debt, which relates to projects that commenced commercial operations after March 2013. These projects include Summerhaven and Genesis Unit 1.

<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	<b>(In millions)</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Member contributions-net	\$ 47.4	\$ 54.9
Issuances of long-term debt	14.7	
Other	(13.2)	(8.0)
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$ 48.9	\$ 46.9

*Year Ended December 31, 2013, Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2012*

The following table reflects the changes in cash flows for the comparative periods:

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>(In millions)</b>		
	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>Change</b>
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 86.2	\$ 28.3	\$ 57.9
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (393.1)	\$ (346.6)	\$ (46.5)
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$ 313.2	\$ 334.5	\$ (21.3)

*Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities*

Changes in net cash provided by operating activities were driven by the higher cash flows from projects that commenced commercial operations in late 2012 through 2013. These projects include Conestogo, Tuscola Bay, Summerhaven and Genesis Unit 1.



**Table of Contents***Net Cash Used in Investing Activities*

Changes in net cash used in investing activities were driven by increased capital expenditures related to construction activities, lower investments in acquisitions and lower restricted cash balances related to the timing of construction payments for projects that commenced commercial operations in 2012 through 2013. These projects include Perrin Ranch, Conestogo, Moore, Sombra, Tuscola Bay, Summerhaven and Genesis Unit 1.

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>(In millions)</b>	
	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
Capital expenditures	\$ (647.3)	(518.1)
Acquisition of project		(192.4)
Changes in restricted cash	249.5	313.6
Other	4.7	50.3
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>\$ (393.1)</b>	<b>\$ (346.6)</b>

*Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities*

Changes in net cash provided by financing activities are driven by member distributions and partially offset by the issuance of long-term debt, which relates to projects that commenced commercial operations in late 2012 through 2013. These projects include Perrin Ranch, Conestogo, Tuscola Bay, Summerhaven and Genesis Unit 1.

<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	<b>(In millions)</b>	
	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
Member contributions-net	\$ 204.7	\$ 149.4
Issuances of long-term debt	135.3	175.7
Other	(26.8)	9.4
<b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>	<b>\$ 313.2</b>	<b>\$ 334.5</b>

**Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on the combined financial statements of our accounting predecessor, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. Critical accounting policies are those that we believe are both most important to our financial condition and results of operations and require complex, subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates and assumptions about the effect of factors that are inherently uncertain. Judgments and uncertainties affecting the application of those policies may result in materially different amounts being reported under different conditions or using different assumptions. The following policies are those considered to be the most critical in understanding the judgments that are involved in preparing the combined financial statements.

*Income Taxes*

The U.S. Project Entities presented in these financial statements were historically included in the consolidated federal income tax return of NextEra. Income taxes as presented herein attribute current and deferred income taxes to the U.S.

Project Entities in a manner that is systematic, rational and consistent with the asset and liability method prescribed by ASC740, Accounting for Income Taxes. Accordingly, the U.S. Project Entities income tax provisions are prepared under the Separate Return Method. The Separate Return Method applies ASC740 to the stand-alone financial statements of each member of the consolidated group as if the group member were a separate taxpayer and a stand-alone enterprise. Accordingly, the sum of the amounts allocated to the U.S. Project Entities provisions may not equal the income taxes that would have resulted from a consolidated filing of these entities.



**Table of Contents**

The Canadian Project Entities have not been included in the consolidated U.S. tax filing of NextEra, as they are excluded from the U.S. federal income tax group. The Moore and Sombra Project Entities, as well as St. Clair Holding, were Canadian corporations that filed separate Canadian income tax returns and taxes have been provided herein on that basis. The Summerhaven and Conestogo Project Entities, as well as Trillium, are Canadian Limited Partnerships from which virtually all of the tax attributes flow through to the owner, a Canadian corporation, which is not a predecessor entity. None of the income nor any tax attributes of the flow through entities flow through to a U.S. taxpayer and are not reflected in any U.S. tax return. Because of their flow-through nature, no income taxes have been provided with regard to these entities.

Deferred income taxes arise from temporary differences between the tax and financial statement recognition of revenue and expense. In evaluating our ability to recover our deferred tax assets ( DTAs ) individually by entity and by taxing jurisdiction, we consider all available positive and negative evidence, including scheduled reversals of deferred tax liabilities ( DTLs ), projected future taxable income, tax planning strategies and recent financial operations. In projecting future taxable income, we begin with historical results and incorporate assumptions including the amount of future state, federal and foreign pretax operating income, the reversal of temporary differences and the implementation of feasible and prudent tax planning strategies. These assumptions require significant judgment about the forecasts of future taxable income and are consistent with the plans and estimates we are using to manage the underlying businesses. In evaluating the objective evidence that historical results provide, we generally consider three years of cumulative operating income (loss).

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, we have federal income tax NOL carryforwards of \$200 million and \$173.3 million, respectively, and state income tax NOL carryforwards of \$27 million and \$18 million. The NOLs will expire at various dates from 2022 through 2033, as follows:

	(in millions)	
	2013	2012
2022	0.3	0.3
2023	2.3	
2029	84.5	87.0
2030	21.9	21.9
2031	9.2	9.2
2032	72.9	72.9
2033	36.0	
Total	227.1	191.3

In addition to NOLs, we have significant property related DTAs. Based on our analysis of all of the positive and negative evidence related to our ability to recover these DTAs, we believe that it is more likely than not that the benefit from certain NOL carryforwards and other DTAs will not be realized. In recognition of this assessment, we have provided a valuation allowance against them as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, of \$78.2 million and \$28.9 million, respectively. Approximately \$51 million of the 2013 valuation allowance is related to Genesis. Genesis started construction in 2011 and experienced losses during the construction period. The fact that Genesis has had historical operating losses is objective negative evidence related to the realization of the associated DTA; therefore, a full valuation allowance has been placed on the Genesis DTAs. However, construction has been completed as scheduled and Genesis began operations in 2014 as planned. The remainder of the valuation allowance relates to losses of Mountain Prairie and Canyon Wind that, under the separate return method would not have a source of

taxable income against which to recover the DTAs. Additionally, we have \$19.3 million and \$18 million, respectively, of state income tax credits upon which there is a valuation reserve of \$2.6 million and \$1.3 million, largely due to Arizona ITCs on Perrin Ranch that have a 5 year carryforward period. If our assumptions change and we determine we will be able to realize these DTAs, the tax benefits relating to any reversal of the valuation allowance as of December 31, 2013, will be accounted for as follows: approximately \$78.2 million will be recognized as a reduction of income tax expense and \$78.2 million will be recorded as an increase in assets.

**Table of Contents**

Our effective tax rate for 2013 and 2012 is 62.9% and (125.4%), respectively. Our tax rate is affected by recurring items, such as the relative amount of income we earn in jurisdictions. It is also affected by discrete items that may occur in any given year, but are not consistent from year to year. The 188.3 percentage point swing in the tax rate from 2012 to 2013 is largely caused by the impact of changes in valuation allowances and the 50% basis reduction on the receipt of 1603 Cash Grants. Refer to Footnote 11 in the audited financial statements incorporated herein for a reconciliation of the taxes calculated at the U.S. statutory federal income tax rate to the Project Entities' effective tax rate. The following items had the most significant impact on the change in the 2012 and 2013 effective tax rates:

Change in Valuation Allowances (Genesis, Mountain Prairie, Canyon Wind)	(17.0)%
50% Basis reduction due to 1603 Cash Grants (Tuscola Bay, Perrin Ranch, Genesis)	183.3%
State Income Taxes, including impact of VAs and 50% basis reduction	25.9%
Other	(3.9)%
<b>Total Change</b>	<b>188.3%</b>

Changes in tax laws and rates could also affect recorded DTAs and DTLs in the future. Management is not aware of any such changes that would have a material effect on the company's results of operations, cash flows or financial position.

The calculation of our tax liabilities involves dealing with uncertainties in the application of complex tax laws and regulations in a multitude of jurisdictions across our North American operations.

ASC 740 provides that a tax benefit from an uncertain tax position will be recognized when it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including resolutions of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits. ASC 740 also provides guidance on measurement, derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, and disclosure and transition. There are no material uncertain tax positions recognized in the financial statements.

We recognize tax liabilities in accordance with ASC 740 and we adjust these liabilities when our judgment changes as a result of the evaluation of new information not previously available. Because of the complexity of some of these uncertainties, the ultimate resolution may result in a payment that is materially different from our current estimate of the tax liabilities. These differences will be reflected as increases or decreases to income tax expense in the period in which they are determined.

***Impairment of Long-Lived Assets***

We evaluate long-lived assets for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is required to be recognized if the carrying value of the asset exceeds the undiscounted future net cash flows associated with the asset. The impairment loss to be recognized is the amount by which the carrying value of the long-lived asset exceeds the asset's fair value. In most instances, the fair value is determined by discounting estimated future cash flows using an appropriate interest rate.

The amount of future net cash flows, the timing of such cash flows and the determination of an appropriate interest rate all involve estimates and judgments about future events. In particular, the aggregate amount of cash flows determines whether an impairment exists, and the timing of the cash flows is critical in determining fair value for the purposes of determining the impairment loss to be recognized. Because each assessment is based on the facts and circumstances associated with each long-lived asset, the effects of changes in assumptions cannot be generalized.

**Table of Contents**

**Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

We are exposed to several market risks in our normal business activities. Market risk is the potential loss that may result from market changes associated with our business. The types of market risks include interest rate and counterparty credit risks.

***Interest Rate Risk***

We are exposed to risk resulting from changes in interest rates associated with current and future issuances of debt. The debt of some of our subsidiaries accrues interest at fixed rates and the debt of some of our other subsidiaries accrues interest at variable rates. We manage our interest rate exposure by monitoring current interest rates, entering into interest rate swap contracts and using a combination of fixed rate and variable rate debt. Interest rate swaps are used to mitigate or adjust interest rate exposure when appropriate based upon market conditions or when required by financing agreements. See Note 5 to our audited combined financial statements for more information about interest rate swaps of our project subsidiaries.

We have long-term debt instruments that subject us to the risk of loss associated with movements in market interest rates. See Note 4 to our audited combined financial statements for more information about our long-term debt. See Description of Certain Financing Arrangements for a further description of the terms of our existing financings. As of December 31, 2013, less than 10% of our long-term debt, including current maturities, was exposed to such risk as the balance was either financially hedged or comprised of fixed rate debt. See Note 6 to our audited combined financial statements for more information about our hedging activity. As of March 31, 2014, the estimated fair value of our debt was approximately \$1.8 billion and the carrying value of our debt was \$1.8 billion. We estimate that a 10% decrease in market interest rates would have increased the fair value of our long-term debt by \$18 million as of March 31, 2014.

***Counterparty Credit Risk***

Risks surrounding counterparty performance and credit risk could ultimately impact the amount and timing of expected cash flows. Credit risk relates to the risk of loss resulting from non-performance or non-payment by counterparties under the terms of their contractual obligations. We intend to monitor and manage credit risk through credit policies that include a credit approval process and the use of credit mitigation measures such as prepayment arrangements in certain circumstances. We also seek to mitigate counterparty risk by having a diversified portfolio of counterparties. In addition, the projects in our Initial Portfolio are fully contracted to creditworthy counterparties with a capacity-weighted average Moody's credit rating of A2 under long-term contracts that will have a capacity-weighted average remaining contract term of approximately 21 years as of June 30, 2014, after giving effect to the Bluewater FIT Contract.

**Table of Contents****INDUSTRY OVERVIEW****U.S. Energy Industry**

The energy industry is one of the largest industries in the U.S. According to Bloomberg New Energy Finance, the U.S. has a total operating energy capacity of approximately 1,016 GW as of December 2013, which is comprised of a diverse mix of fuel types, including 442 GW of natural gas-fired capacity, 234 GW of coal-fired capacity, 190 GW of renewable capacity, 99 GW of nuclear capacity and 51 GW of oil-fired capacity. As illustrated in the table below, non-hydro renewable capacity increased at a compound average annual rate of approximately 15% per year from 2000 to 2013. While forecasts of future growth are dependent on a number of factors, including the rate of continued improvement in renewable energy technology and costs, government incentives, natural gas and energy prices and future emission standards regulation, industry researchers expect investment in renewable energy to continue. Bloomberg New Energy Finance, which has been analyzing the global renewable energy industry for over a decade, forecasts the U.S. renewable energy industry to grow at a compound average annual rate of approximately 10% per year from 2013 through 2020.

**U.S. Capacity Mix by Primary Fuel (in GW)**

<b>Fuel</b>	<b>2000<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>2013<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>2020<sup>(3)</sup></b>	<b>CAGR</b>
				<b>2013-2020</b>
Hydro	98.0	101.6	105.9	1.0%
Non-Hydro Renewables <sup>(3)</sup>	15.1	88.4	169.1	10.0%
Nuclear	98.0	99.2	104.1	1.0%
Coal	315.4	234.2	196.1	(2.0)%
Oil	281.6 <sup>(1)</sup>	50.7	41.0	(3.0)%
Natural Gas	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	442.1	490.9	2.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>808.1</b>	<b>1,016.2</b>	<b>1,107.1</b>	

(1) Source: EIA Annual Energy Outlook 2003. EIA combined gas and oil-fired generation in 2000.

(2) Source: Bloomberg New Energy Finance, includes utility-scale projects.

(3) Includes wind, solar, biomass, waste to energy and geothermal.

In response to relatively low natural gas prices over the past few years, expectations for the continued abundance of low-cost natural gas, increasingly stringent environmental regulations and supportive federal, state and local initiatives and incentives for renewable energy, industry participants have increasingly transitioned to clean energy resources. Natural gas-fired and renewable energy projects were the two largest contributors to capacity growth between 2000 and 2013.

**U.S. Capacity Additions by Fuel Type (in GW)****Fuel****2000-2013 Additions**

		<b>CAGR 2000-2013</b>
Hydro	3.6	0.0%
Non-Hydro Renewables	73.3	15%
Nuclear	1.2	0.0%
Coal	(81.2)	(2)%
Natural Gas and Oil	211.2	4%
<b>Total</b>	<b>208.1</b>	

*Source: Annual Energy Outlook 2003 and Bloomberg New Energy Finance.*

**Table of Contents**

***U.S. Renewable Generation Market***

Growth in renewable energy is largely attributable to its increasing cost competitiveness driven primarily by government incentives, improving technology and installation costs and the impact of increasingly stringent environmental rules and regulations on coal-fired generation.

***Growth Drivers of U.S. Renewable Generation***

***Government Incentives for Renewables.*** U.S. federal, state and local governments and utilities have established various incentives to support the development of renewable energy. These incentives include accelerated tax depreciation, PTCs, ITCs, cash grants and RPS programs.

Wind and solar projects qualify for the U.S. federal Modified Accelerated Cost Recovery System depreciation. This schedule allows a taxpayer to recognize the depreciation of tangible property on a five-year basis even though the useful lives of such property are generally greater than five years.

The PTC is a U.S. federal incentive that provides a U.S. federal income tax credit on a ¢/kWh basis for all qualifying energy produced by a qualifying U.S. wind project during the first ten years after it commences commercial operations. The PTC is no longer available for new wind projects unless they were under construction by the end of 2013 and the developer uses continuous efforts towards commencing commercial operations. Under IRS guidance, projects which were under construction by the end of 2013 and have commenced commercial operations by the end of 2015 will be deemed to have used continuous efforts.

The ITC and 1603 Cash Grant Program are U.S. federal incentives that are available after the project commences commercial operations and provide an income tax credit or cash grant for up to 30% of eligible installed costs. A solar project must commence commercial operations on or before December 31, 2016, to qualify for the 30% ITC. A solar project that commences commercial operations after December 31, 2016, may qualify for an ITC equal to 10% of eligible installed costs. Alternatively, in order to qualify for the 1603 Cash Grant, a solar project must have begun construction by the end of 2011 and have commenced commercial operations on or before December 31, 2016.

RPS are state regulatory programs created by state legislatures to encourage the development of renewable energy. They typically require utilities to produce or procure a certain percentage of their energy needs from renewable energy. According to the DOE, twenty-nine states and the District of Columbia currently have an RPS in place and eight other states have non-binding goals supporting renewable energy. Additionally, several states have pending legislation to adopt new RPS programs. Most states with mandatory RPS programs typically set a target between 10% and 30% of total energy capacity, while other states set a MW target to achieve their RPS goals. We expect RPS programs to continue to increase demand by utilities for renewable energy in order to meet state RPS requirements.



**Table of Contents**

**Summary of U.S. Renewable Portfolio Standards by Capacity Target or Percentage of Procured Generation**

*Source: DOE.*

*Increasing competitiveness of renewable energy.* Renewable energy technology and installation costs have improved meaningfully in recent years.

Wind technology is improving as a result of taller towers, longer blades and more efficient energy conversion equipment, which allow wind projects to more efficiently capture wind resource and produce more energy. As shown in the table below, the IEA estimates that over the last ten years technology improvements have decreased the cost of wind energy in the U.S. between 24% and 39% depending on wind speed, with the greatest improvements seen at lower wind speeds.

**U.S. Wind Levelized Cost of Energy at Various Wind Speeds Over Time (\$/MWh)**

*Source: IEA, Wind Energy Technology Roadmap, 2013 Edition. Includes effect of PTCs and MACRs.*

**Table of Contents**

Solar technology is also improving as solar cell efficiencies improve and installation costs decline. Since the start of 2010, the average total installed cost of utility-scale solar has declined over 50%, according to Bloomberg New Energy Finance.

**U.S. Solar Cost Declines and Conversion Technology Improvement**

*Source: Bloomberg New Energy Finance, H1 2014 Levelised Cost of Electricity PV and Q1 2014 PV Market Outlook, February 2014.*

These improvements in renewable energy technology and industry incentives have made renewable energy increasingly competitive on a cost of production basis with other energy sources.

***Impact of increasingly stringent environmental rules and regulations on coal-fired generation***

Traditional coal-fired plants emit greenhouse gases and other pollutants. The EPA is responsible for implementing rules and regulations to protect the environment, including rules and regulations that limit emissions of greenhouse gases and other pollutants from coal-fired plants. A number of new EPA rules are emerging that are expected to impact many coal-fired plants in the U.S. While there is some uncertainty as to the timing and requirements that will ultimately be imposed by these rules, we expect that the owners of some of the smaller, older or less efficient coal-fired plants will choose to decommission these facilities rather than make financial investments that will be necessary to comply with environmental rules and regulations. In addition, continued relatively low natural gas prices will put additional pressure on these plants. According to Bloomberg New Energy Finance, over 100 GW of coal-fired capacity will be retired in the U.S. by the end of 2020 relative to the capacity at the turn of the century.

**Table of Contents****Canadian Energy Industry**

Canada is a world leader in the production and use of clean energy as a percentage of its total energy capacity. According to a November 2013 report of the NEB, total energy capacity in Canada was expected to reach 137 GW in 2013, with hydro energy accounting for approximately 56% of total capacity and non-hydro renewable energy accounting for approximately 7%. Capacity additions will be required throughout Canada in order to replace aging projects and meet growing demand. While a majority of Canada's energy is produced by hydro energy, non-hydro renewable energy is providing an increasing portion of Canada's energy each year. According to the NEB, renewable energy generation in Canada grew at a compound average annual rate of approximately 15% between 2000 and 2013 and is projected to grow at a compound average annual rate of approximately 9.6% between 2013 and 2020.

**Canadian Capacity Mix by Primary Fuel (in GW)**

<b>Fuel</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>CAGR 2013-2020</b>
Hydro	66.6	76.9	82.1	0.9%
Non-Hydro Renewables	1.5	9.1	17.3	9.6%
Nuclear	10.5	14.3	9.8	(5.3)%
Coal	17.2	11.8	9.2	(3.5)%
Gas	7.2	20.6	25.7	3.2%
Oil	7.2	4.7	4.3	(1.3)%
<b>Total</b>	<b>110.2</b>	<b>107.4</b>	<b>148.4</b>	

*Source: NEB, November 2013.*

**Canadian Renewable Energy Market*****Growth Drivers of Canadian Renewable Energy***

The Canadian energy industry is also benefiting from the increased competitiveness of renewable energy, due in part to improving technology and declining installation costs. In addition, government incentives make the development of clean energy projects more attractive either through renewable energy incentives and targets or by providing supportive contract prices. Furthermore, government targets and incentives at the provincial level continue to drive the growth of renewable energy in Canada.

Ontario has been a leader in supporting the development of renewable energy in Canada. The LTEP, released in December 2013 by the Ontario Ministry of Energy, suggests that by 2025, 10.7 GW of non-hydro renewable energy will be online in the province.

**Table of Contents**

**Summary of Canadian Renewable Energy Initiatives by Province**

*Source: Canadian Energy and Mines Ministers Conference, August 2013.*

***Impact of environmental rules and regulations on coal-fired plants***

As evidenced by the NEB data above, coal plays a relatively minor role in Canada's energy production. Driven primarily by Canadian federal and provincial government efforts to reduce emissions of greenhouse gases, coal-fired capacity declined by over 30% from 2000 to 2013. The Canadian federal government is expected to implement a new greenhouse gas emissions standard for all coal-fired plants beginning on July 1, 2015, which we believe will lead to a further reduction in the use of coal-fired plants. In Ontario, the home of the largest coal-fired fleet in Canada, the provincial government has announced plans to completely phase out coal-fired plants in the province by the end of 2014.

**Table of Contents**

**BUSINESS**

**About NEE Partners**

We are a growth-oriented limited partnership formed by NextEra Energy, Inc. to own, operate and acquire contracted clean energy projects with stable, long-term cash flows through our limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP. We will own a controlling, non-economic general partner interest and a 17.4% limited partner interest in NEE Operating LP. Upon the completion of this offering, we will own interests in ten wind and solar projects, nine of which will be operational and one of which is expected to be in the final stages of construction.

We intend to take advantage of favorable trends in the North American energy industry, including the ongoing trend of clean energy projects replacing aging or uneconomic projects, demand by utilities for renewable energy to meet state RPS requirements and the improving competitiveness of clean energy relative to other fuels. We plan to focus on high-quality, long-lived projects operating under long-term contracts with creditworthy counterparties that are expected to produce stable long-term cash flows. We believe our cash flow profile, geographic and technological diversity, cost-efficient business model and relationship with NextEra will provide us with a significant competitive advantage and enable us to execute our growth strategy.

Our objective is to pay stable and growing cash distributions to the holders of our common units. NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement will provide that NEE Operating LP will distribute all cash available for distribution to its unitholders on a quarterly basis and we intend to use the amount distributed to us to pay regular quarterly distributions to holders of our common units. We intend to target a three-year annual growth rate in our cash available for distribution of 12% to 15% per common unit. This target is based on NextEra's stated intention that it plans to offer us sufficient NEER ROFO Projects each year to produce such an increase. We believe that the acquisition opportunities associated with NEE Operating LP's right of first offer for the NEER ROFO Projects, other NEER projects, as well as other acquisition opportunities in North America, all of which have many of the characteristics of the projects in our Initial Portfolio, will give us the opportunity to grow our cash available for distribution over time. While we believe our targeted growth rate is reasonable, it is based on estimates and assumptions regarding a number of factors, many of which are beyond our control, and we may not be able to grow our business at a rate consistent with our expectations, if at all.

NEER is not obligated to offer us the NEER ROFO Projects at prices or on terms that allow us to achieve our targeted growth rate, or at all, and even if it offers us such opportunities, we may not be able to consummate an acquisition with NEER or might not achieve our targeted growth rate. See Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions and Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions for additional detail on how we plan to distribute available cash to our unitholders and Risk Factors for risks associated with our forecast and our ability to consummate acquisitions.

**Current Operations**

Our Initial Portfolio is composed of 989.6 MW of contracted renewable energy projects in North America with a stable cash flow profile and technological, geographic and counterparty diversification. As illustrated below, the projects in our Initial Portfolio are fully contracted to creditworthy counterparties with a capacity-weighted average Moody's credit rating of A2 under long-term contracts that will have a capacity-weighted average remaining contract term of approximately 21 years as of June 30, 2014, after giving effect to the Bluewater FIT Contract.



**Table of Contents****Initial Portfolio**

The following table provides a brief description of the projects in our Initial Portfolio:

<b>Project</b>	<b>Commercial Operation Date</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Resource</b>	<b>MW</b>	<b>Counterparty</b>	<b>Contract Expiration</b>
Northern Colorado	September 2009	Colorado, USA	Wind	174.3	Public Service Company of Colorado	2029 (22.5 MW) /2034 (151.8 MW)
Elk City	December 2009	Oklahoma, USA	Wind	98.9	Public Service Company of Oklahoma	2030
Moore	February 2012	Ontario, Canada	Solar	20.0	Ontario Power Authority	2032
Sombra	February 2012	Ontario, Canada	Solar	20.0	Ontario Power Authority	2032
Perrin Ranch	January 2012	Arizona, USA	Wind	99.2	Arizona Public Service Company	2037
Conestogo	December 2012	Ontario, Canada	Wind	22.9	Ontario Power Authority	2032
Tuscola Bay	December 2012	Michigan, USA	Wind	120.0	DTE Electric Company	2032
Summerhaven	August 2013	Ontario, Canada	Wind	124.4	Ontario Power Authority	2033
Genesis	November 2013  (125.0 MW)  March 2014  (125.0 MW)	California, USA	Solar	250.0	Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	2039
Bluewater	3Q 2014 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	59.9	Ontario Power Authority	2034 (estimated)
<b>Total</b>				<b>989.6</b>		

The projects in our Initial Portfolio use reliable technology and are generally located in regions characterized by favorable wind and solar resource. The following charts provide an overview of the characteristics of our Initial Portfolio by counterparty credit rating, contract duration, technology and region, in each case based on MW capacity:

### Our Initial Portfolio Characteristics (MW)

<sup>(1)</sup> Remaining term as of June 30, 2014, after giving effect to the Bluewater FIT Contract.

For additional information regarding our Initial Portfolio, see Our Initial Portfolio below. Our ability to achieve anticipated energy output at our projects is subject to numerous risks and uncertainties as described under Risk Factors.



**Table of Contents****NEER ROFO Projects**

In connection with this offering, we will enter into the ROFO Agreement with NEER that, among other things, will provide NEE Operating LP with a right of first offer to acquire the NEER ROFO Projects should NEER seek to sell any of these projects. We believe that the NEER ROFO Projects, which include wind and solar projects with a combined capacity of 1,549 MW, have or, upon commencing commercial operations, will have, many of the characteristics of the projects in Initial Portfolio, including long-term contracts with creditworthy counterparties and recently or newly constructed, long-lived facilities that we believe will generate stable cash flows. The following table provides a brief description of the NEER ROFO Projects:

<b>Project</b>	<b>Commercial Operation Date</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Resource</b>	<b>MW</b>	<b>Counterparty</b>	<b>Contract Expiration</b>
Story II	December 2009	Iowa, USA	Wind	150.0	Google Energy/City of Ames	2030
Day County	April 2010	South Dakota, USA	Wind	99.0	Basin Electric Power Co-Op	2040
Ashtabula III	December 2010	North Dakota, USA	Wind	62.4	Otter Tail Power Company	2038
Baldwin	December 2010	North Dakota, USA	Wind	102.4	Basin Electric Power Co-Op	2041
North Sky River	December 2012	California, USA	Wind	162.0	Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	2037
Mountain View	January 2014	Nevada, USA	Solar	20.0	Nevada Power Company	2039
Adelaide	3Q 2014 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	59.9	Ontario Power Authority	2034
Bornish	3Q 2014 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	72.9	Ontario Power Authority	2034
Jericho	4Q 2014 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	149.0	Ontario Power Authority	2034
East Durham	1Q 2015 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	22.4	Ontario Power Authority	2035
Goshen	1Q 2015 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	102.0	Ontario Power Authority	2035
Shafter	2Q 2015 (expected)	California, USA	Solar	20.0	Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	2035
Adelanto I and II	3Q 2015 (expected)	California, USA	Solar	27.0	Southern California Edison Co.	2035
Silver State South	3Q 2016 (expected)	Nevada, USA	Solar	250.0	Southern California Edison Co.	2036
McCoy	4Q 2016 (expected)	California, USA	Solar	250.0	Southern California Edison Co.	2036
<b>Total</b>				<b>1,549.0</b>		

Under the ROFO Agreement, however, NEER will not be obligated to offer to sell the NEER ROFO Projects. Therefore, we do not know when, if ever, these projects will be offered to NEE Operating LP. In addition, in the event that NEER elects to sell the NEER ROFO Projects, NEER will not be required to accept any offer NEE Operating LP may make to acquire any NEER ROFO Project and, following the completion of good faith negotiations with us, may choose to sell these projects to third parties or not sell the projects at all. See Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions ROFO Agreement.

### **About NextEra**

NextEra is one of the largest energy companies in North America, with approximately 42.8 GW of generating capacity in the U.S. and Canada as of March 31, 2014. NextEra provides retail and wholesale energy services to nearly five million customer accounts and owns generation, transmission and distribution facilities to support these services. NextEra has been recognized as the World's Most Admired Utility eight years in a row by *Fortune* magazine.

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**Table of Contents**

NextEra began investing in renewable energy in 1989. Since then, NextEra has deployed nearly \$20 billion of capital through NEER to develop or acquire nearly 10.9 GW of renewable energy as of March 31, 2014, increasing the capacity in their portfolio at a compound average growth rate of approximately 14% per year over the past decade, as shown in the graph below.

**NEER's North American Wind and Solar Portfolio (MW)**

NEER had over 11.3 GW of contracted clean energy capacity as of March 31, 2014, and expects its contracted clean energy capacity to increase by approximately 7.5% per year to over 13.8 GW by the end of 2016 based on currently signed contracts for an additional 2.5 GW of contracted clean energy capacity as of March 31, 2014. We believe NextEra's long history of developing, owning and operating clean energy projects provides us with a distinct competitive advantage in North America.

**NEER's Contracted Clean Energy Capacity (GW<sup>(1)</sup>)**

*Source: NextEra, as of March 31, 2014.*

<sup>(1)</sup> *Includes wind, solar, natural gas and nuclear.*

## **Table of Contents**

### **Our Business Strategy**

Our primary business objective is to invest in contracted clean energy projects that allow us to increase our cash distributions to the holders of our common units over time. To achieve our objective, we intend to execute the following business strategy:

*Focus on contracted clean energy projects.* We intend to focus on long-term contracted clean energy projects that have recently commenced commercial operations with newer, more reliable technology, lower operating costs and relatively stable cash flows, subject to seasonal variances, consistent with the characteristics of our Initial Portfolio.

*Focus on the U.S. and Canada.* We intend to focus our investments in the U.S. and Canada, where we believe industry trends present us with significant opportunities to acquire contracted clean energy projects in diverse regions and favorable locations. By focusing on the U.S. and Canada, we believe we will be able to take advantage of NextEra's long-standing industry relationships, knowledge and experience.

*Maintain a sound capital structure and financial flexibility.* We currently have limited recourse project-level financings at the projects in our Initial Portfolio. In addition, the direct subsidiaries of NEE Operating LP will have a \$250 million revolving credit facility by the completion of this offering. We believe our cash flow profile, the long-term nature of our contracts and our ability to raise capital provide flexibility for optimizing our capital structure and distributions. We intend to continually evaluate opportunities to finance future acquisitions or refinance our existing debt consistent with NextEra's management practices, which have sought to limit recourse, optimize leverage, extend maturities and increase cash distributions to unitholders over the long term.

*Take advantage of NEER's operational excellence to maintain the value of the projects in our Initial Portfolio.* NEER will continue to provide O&M, administrative and management services to the projects in our Initial Portfolio through existing O&M agreements, ASAs and the Management Services Agreement. Through these agreements, we will retain the same benefits and operational expertise that NextEra currently provides across its entire portfolio. We expect that these services will maximize the operational efficiencies of our portfolio, which we believe will maintain our relatively low operating costs.

*Grow our business and cash distributions through selective acquisitions of operating projects.* We believe the ROFO Agreement and our relationship with NextEra will provide us with opportunities for growth through the acquisition of projects that have or, upon the commencement of commercial operations, will have similar characteristics to the projects in our Initial Portfolio. NextEra intends to use us as its primary growth vehicle for its contracted clean energy business. NEER will grant NEE Operating LP a right of first offer to acquire the NEER ROFO Projects during the first six years following the completion of this offering. See Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions ROFO Agreement. We intend to focus on acquiring projects in operation, maintaining a disciplined investment approach and taking advantage of market opportunities to acquire additional projects from NEER and third parties in the future, which we believe will allow us to increase cash distributions to our unitholders over the long term. NextEra is not required, however, to offer us the opportunity to purchase any of its projects, including the NEER ROFO Projects.

### **Our Competitive Strengths**

We believe that we are well-positioned to execute our strategy and grow our cash available for distributions to our unitholders based on the following competitive strengths:

*Our relationship with NextEra.* We believe that our relationship with NextEra provides us with the following significant benefits:

*NextEra Management and Operational Expertise.* We believe we benefit from NextEra's experience, operational excellence, cost-efficient operations and reliability. Through our

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**Table of Contents**

Management Services Agreement and other agreements with NextEra, our projects will receive the same benefits and expertise that NextEra currently provides across its entire portfolio.

*NextEra Project Development Track Record and Pipeline.* We believe that NextEra's long history of developing, owning and operating clean energy projects provides us with a competitive advantage in North America. NextEra has deployed nearly \$20 billion of capital through NEER to develop or acquire nearly 10.9 GW of renewable energy as of March 31, 2014. NEER had over 11.3 GW of contracted clean energy capacity as of March 31, 2014, and expects its contracted clean energy capacity to increase by approximately 7.5% per year to over 13.8 GW by the end of 2016, based on signed contracts for an additional 2.5 GW of contracted clean energy as of March 31, 2014.

*Contracted projects with stable cash flows from diverse, investment grade counterparties.* The contracted, geographically diverse nature of our Initial Portfolio supports stable long-term cash flows. Our Initial Portfolio is composed of 989.6 MW of renewable energy capacity. Our projects are fully contracted under long term contracts with creditworthy counterparties that have a capacity-weighted average Moody's credit rating of A2. These contracts will have a capacity-weighted average remaining contract term of approximately 21 years as of June 30, 2014, after giving effect to the Bluewater FIT Contract. These contracts generally provide for fixed price payments subject to annual escalation over the contract term.

*New, well-maintained and diverse portfolio using best-in-class equipment.* Over the past 25 years in the clean energy industry, NextEra has developed strong working relationships with the leading global equipment manufacturers. These manufacturers are generally recognized as industry-leaders that make equipment based on evolutionary improvements over decades of servicing the clean energy industry. Our Initial Portfolio is composed of renewable energy projects that have, on average, been operating for fewer than five years. Because our Initial Portfolio is relatively new and uses what we believe is industry-leading technology, we believe that we will incur relatively low operating and maintenance costs and achieve our expected levels of availability and performance.

*Geographic diversification.* Our Initial Portfolio is geographically diverse across the U.S. and Canada. A geographically diverse portfolio tends to reduce the magnitude of individual project or regional deviations from historical resource conditions, providing a more stable stream of cash flows over the long term than a non-diversified portfolio. In addition, we believe the geographic diversity of our Initial Portfolio helps minimize the impact of adverse regulatory conditions in any one jurisdiction.

*An organizational structure that we expect will reduce taxes.* We do not expect to pay meaningful U.S. federal or state income tax for a period of approximately 15 years, with the possible exception of Michigan, where we expect state income tax liability could begin after a period of five years. To the extent we pursue the NEER ROFO Projects or other acquisition opportunities, these periods may be extended depending on the tax characteristics and structure of any specific acquisition. For U.S. federal income tax purposes, however, there may be alternative minimum tax (AMT) liability on alternative minimum taxable income (AMTI) for tax years prior to any regular U.S. federal income tax liability. Some states also impose state-level AMT, typically based on federal AMTI. Thus, in a situation where AMT liability exists, some corresponding state AMT liability may result. The AMTI calculation can be complex and, as such, a reasonable estimate of potential AMT liability cannot be determined at this time. Any AMT liability due, however, is not anticipated to be significant and AMT paid in a particular tax year is available as a credit to reduce regular tax liability in a future tax year. Additionally, we do not expect liability for state fixed minimum taxes/fees to be significant. See, however, Risk Factors Risks Related To Taxation Our future tax liability may be greater than expected if we do not generate NOLs sufficient to offset taxable income.



## **Table of Contents**

### **Our Initial Portfolio**

Upon the completion of this offering, we will own interests in ten wind and solar projects, nine of which will be operational and one of which we expect to be in the final stages of construction. Each project in our Initial Portfolio sells all of its energy output under long-term, fixed-price PPAs, RESOP Contracts or FIT Contracts or into the IESO-managed system subject to FIT Contracts. We expect any project we acquire will be party to similar arrangements, but we may acquire projects with greater levels of uncontracted capacity. For a description of our project-level financing arrangements, see [Description of Certain Financing Arrangements](#). For a description of the O&M agreements and ASAs our project subsidiaries have entered into with certain affiliates of NextEra, see [Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions](#).

### ***Typical Project Agreements***

Our Project Entities have entered into agreements that are customary for wind and solar projects. These include agreements for energy sales, interconnection, construction, equipment supply, O&M services and real estate rights. Our Project Entities have also secured necessary and customary construction and operating permits.

*Energy Sale Arrangements.* Each of our Project Entities has entered into energy sale arrangements or contracts for differences, either through a PPA, RESOP Contract or a FIT Contract, under which each project generally receives a fixed price over the term of the agreement with respect to 100% of its output, subject to certain adjustments as described in more detail in the project descriptions below. The PPAs, RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts are long-term energy sale agreements or, in the case of certain FIT Contracts, contracts for differences, in each case designed to provide a stable and predictable revenue stream.

Under our U.S. Project Entities' PPAs, each party typically has the right to terminate upon written notice ranging from ten to 60 days following the occurrence of an event of default that has not been cured within the applicable cure period, if any. In addition, following an uncured event of default under a PPA by the applicable Energy Sale Counterparty, applicable Project Entities may withhold amounts due to such Energy Sale Counterparty, suspend performance, receive damages and, in most cases, receive termination payments from the applicable Energy Sale Counterparty or pursue other remedies available at law or in equity. Events of default by our U.S. Project Entities under their PPAs typically include:

failure to pay amounts due;

bankruptcy proceedings;

failure to provide certain credit support;

failure to hold necessary licenses or permits; and

breach of material obligations.



Under our Canadian Project Entities' RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts, each party has the right to terminate upon written notice of an event of default that has not been cured within the applicable cure period. In addition, following an uncured event of default under a RESOP Contract a FIT Contract by the applicable Energy Sale Counterparty, applicable Project Entities may set off amounts owed to them against amounts that are due to such Energy Sale Counterparty and pursue all other remedies available at law or in equity. Events of default by our Canadian Project Entities under their RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts typically include:

in the case of FIT Contracts, failure to pay amounts due;

failure to hold necessary licenses or permits;

## **Table of Contents**

bankruptcy proceedings; and

breach of material obligations.

Our PPAs have certain availability or production requirements, and if such requirements are not met, then in some cases the applicable Project Entity is required to pay the Energy Sale Counterparty a specified damages amount (subject to certain limitations), and in some cases the Energy Sale Counterparty has the right to terminate the PPA or reduce the contract quantity. The obligations (other than payment obligations) of each party under our PPAs, RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts are excused by force majeure events, and in some cases, the agreement may be terminated if the force majeure events continue for a continuous period of between 12 and 36 months (depending on the agreement).

*Interconnection Agreements.* Our Project Entities or their affiliates have entered into interconnection agreements with large regional utility companies, local distribution companies or independent system operators, which allow our projects to connect to the energy transmission system or, in some cases, to a distribution system. The interconnection agreements define the cost allocation and schedule for interconnection, as well as any upgrades required to connect the project to the transmission system or distribution system, as applicable.

*Construction and Equipment Supply Agreements.* Our Project Entities have entered into construction agreements with qualified contractors and equipment supply agreements with industry leading suppliers. As of March 31, 2014, all but one of the projects in our Initial Portfolio have commenced operations.

*O&M and Administrative Services.* Our Project Entities and certain other subsidiaries have entered into O&M agreements and ASAs with NextEra affiliates. Under the terms of the O&M agreements, NextEra Affiliates have agreed to provide a variety of operation, maintenance and administrative services to our Project Entities in exchange for a fixed annual fee, subject to certain adjustments. For a detailed description of the terms of the O&M agreements and ASAs applicable to our projects, see Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions.

*Real Estate Rights.* Our Project Entities and certain other subsidiaries have secured real estate property and easement rights that we believe will allow the projects in our Initial Portfolio to operate without material real estate claims until the expiration of the initial terms of applicable PPAs, RESOP Contracts or FIT Contracts and until the end of the applicable projects' expected useful lives.

### ***Northern Colorado***

*Overview.* Northern Colorado is a 174.3 MW wind project, which commenced operations in September 2009 and is located in Logan County, Colorado. Northern Colorado consists of 66 2.3 MW Siemens and 15 1.5 MW GE turbines. Northern Colorado also owns certain interconnection facilities, including a 34kV/230kV substation and an approximately eight-mile 230 kV transmission line that interconnects into a 78-mile transmission line owned by PLI that in turn interconnects to PSCo's transmission system at the PSCo Pawnee 230 kV substation.

*PPA.* Northern Colorado sells 100% of its output, including certain environmental attributes, to PSCo under a 25-year PPA with a contract capacity of 151.8 MW and a 20-year PPA with a contract capacity of 22.5 MW. Each PPA has a stated price that increases at a fixed annual rate over the life of the agreement. Northern Colorado is required to maintain credit support over the term of the PPA to secure its obligations under the Agreement. This credit support is provided by an affiliate of NextEra under the CSCS Agreement.

*Interconnection Agreement.* In June 2009, PLI, an affiliate of NextEra, entered into an interconnection agreement with PSCo for the interconnection of Northern Colorado to PSCo's transmission system. The interconnection agreement is effective until December 2039 and is renewed automatically on an annual basis

## **Table of Contents**

thereafter unless terminated by PLI under the agreement. In January 2010, PLI and Northern Colorado entered into an amended and restated transmission services agreement, which sets forth the terms and conditions under which PLI will provide transmission service to Northern Colorado from the project to PSCo's transmission system through PLI's transmission line.

### ***Elk City***

*Overview.* Elk City is a 98.9 MW wind project, which commenced operations in December 2009 and is located in Roger Mills and Beckham Counties, Oklahoma. Elk City consists of 43 2.3 MW Siemens turbines, and is interconnected to PSO's Elk City Grapevine 230 kV transmission line at PSO's Sweetwater 230 kV substation by way of an eight-mile transmission line. Southwest Power Pool, Inc. provides transmission service over its transmission system.

*PPA.* Elk City sells 100% of its output, including certain environmental attributes, to PSO under a 20-year PPA. The PPA has a stated price that increases at a fixed annual rate over the life of the agreement.

*Interconnection Agreement.* In August 2009, Elk City entered into an interconnection agreement with PSO and Southwest Power Pool, Inc., which provides for Elk City's interconnection to PSO's Sweetwater substation and Southwest Power Pool's transmission system. The interconnection agreement has an initial term of 30 years and will be automatically renewed for successive one year periods thereafter unless terminated by Elk City under the agreement.

### ***Moore***

*Overview.* We acquired Moore early in 2012 soon after it commenced commercial operations in February 2012. Moore is composed of two solar projects, each with a capacity of 10 MW. Moore uses modules manufactured by First Solar Development (Canada) Inc. (First Solar). Moore is situated on approximately 295 acres in Lambton County, Ontario. Moore is interconnected through HONI's 27.6 kV distribution feeder to Lambton Transmission Station.

*RESOP Contract.* Moore sells 100% of its output, including certain environmental attributes, to the OPA under two 20-year RESOP Contracts. The RESOP Contracts have a fixed price over the life of the agreements.

*Interconnection Agreement.* Moore has entered into two interconnection agreements with HONI that provide for Moore's interconnection to HONI's distribution system. The interconnection agreements have perpetual terms subject to Moore's right to terminate on 30 days notice and HONI's right to terminate upon an uncured material breach by Moore.

### ***Sombra***

*Overview.* We acquired Sombra early in 2012 soon after it commenced commercial operations in February 2012. Sombra is composed of two solar projects, each with a capacity of 10 MW. Sombra uses First Solar modules. Sombra is situated on approximately 250 acres in Lambton County, Ontario. Sombra is interconnected through HONI's 27.6 kV distribution feeder to Lambton Transmission Station.

*RESOP Contract.* Sombra sells 100% of its output, including certain environmental attributes, to the OPA under two 20-year RESOP Contracts. The RESOP Contracts have a fixed price over the life of the agreements.

*Interconnection Agreement.* Sombra entered into two interconnection agreements with HONI that provide for Sombra's interconnection to HONI's distribution system. The interconnection agreements have perpetual terms subject to Sombra's right to terminate on 30 days notice and HONI's right to terminate upon an uncured material breach by Sombra.

## **Table of Contents**

### ***Perrin Ranch***

*Overview.* Perrin Ranch is a 99.2 MW wind project, which commenced operations in January 2012 and is located in Coconino County, Arizona. Perrin Ranch consists of 62 1.6 MW GE turbines, and owns a single 500 kV interconnection line that is interconnected to the Navajo Project Southern Transmission System, which is jointly owned by APS and certain other parties, through a 500 kV switchyard substation.

*PPA.* Perrin Ranch sells 100% of its output, including certain environmental attributes, to APS under a 25-year PPA. The PPA has a stated price, which is fixed over the life of the agreement. Perrin Ranch is required to maintain credit support over the term of the PPA to secure its obligation under the agreement.

*Interconnection Agreement.* Perrin Ranch entered into an interconnection agreement with APS, the LADWP, NV Energy, Salt River, TEP and the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (collectively, the Co-Tenants ) effective October 21, 2011, which provides for the interconnection of Perrin Ranch to the Navajo Project Southern Transmission System owned jointly by APS, LADWP, NV Energy, Salt River, TEP and the U.S. through the Bureau of Reclamation. This interconnection agreement has a perpetual term subject to certain termination rights, including Perrin Ranch's right to terminate upon 90 days notice and the Co-Tenants' right to terminate upon an uncured material breach by Perrin Ranch and the termination of the co-tenancy agreement. Perrin Ranch is required to maintain credit support over the term of the interconnection agreement to secure its obligation under the agreement. This credit support is provided by an affiliate of NextEra under the CSCS Agreement.

### ***Conestogo***

*Overview.* Conestogo is a 22.9 MW wind project, which commenced operations in December 2012 and is located in Wellington County, Ontario. Conestogo consists of nine 2.3 MW Siemens turbines and one 2.221 MW Siemens turbine and is interconnected to HONI's 44kV distribution feeder from the M1 Fergus Transformer Station via an approximately 8.3 kilometer generation tie line (i.e., a distribution line that connects the generating facility to a point of interconnection with a shared transmission line).

*FIT Contract.* Conestogo sells 100% of its output, including certain environmental attributes, under a 20-year FIT Contract with the OPA under the OPA's FIT Program. HONI, the local distribution company where the project interconnects, pays Conestogo a fixed contract price per kilowatt-hour for the energy delivered, a percentage of which escalates annually based on the Ontario CPI. If, however, HOEP is negative, such as in cases of surplus baseload generation, Conestogo is only paid the difference between the fixed contract price, as indexed by Ontario CPI, and the absolute value of HOEP in those hours. Subject to the terms of the FIT Contract, Conestogo may be required by the OPA to post performance security if the average HOEP over a contiguous six-month period exceeds 75% of the contract price.

*Interconnection Agreement.* In October 2012, Conestogo entered into a distribution connection agreement with HONI, which provides for Conestogo's interconnection to HONI's distribution system. The interconnection agreement is governed by the Distribution System Code, which is published by the Ontario Energy Board. The interconnection agreement has a perpetual term subject to Conestogo's right to terminate on 30 days' notice and HONI's right to terminate upon an uncured material breach by Conestogo.

### ***Tuscola Bay***

*Overview.* Tuscola Bay is a 120 MW wind project, which commenced operations in December 2012 and is located in Tuscola, Bay and Saginaw Counties, Michigan. Tuscola Bay consists of 75 1.6 MW GE turbines, and is

interconnected with METC's transmission system at METC's 138 kV Manning Substation via a six-mile transmission line.

## **Table of Contents**

*PPA.* Tuscola Bay sells 100% of its output, including certain environmental attributes, to DTE Electric Company under a 20-year PPA. The PPA has a fixed price over the life of the agreement. Tuscola Bay is required to maintain credit support over the term of the PPA to secure its obligations under the agreement. The credit support is provided by an affiliate of NextEra under the CSCS Agreement.

*Interconnection Agreement.* In December 2011, Tuscola Bay entered into an interconnection agreement with METC and the Midwest Independent System Operator, Inc. that provides for Tuscola Bay's interconnection to METC's transmission system. The interconnection agreement has an initial term of 25 years and is automatically renewed for successive one-year periods thereafter.

## ***Summerhaven***

*Overview.* Summerhaven is a 124.4 MW wind project, which commenced operations in August 2013 and is located in Haldimand County, Ontario. Summerhaven consists of 56 2.221 MW Siemens turbines, and is interconnected to HONI's 230 kV NM1 transmission line by way of a 7.6 km generation tie line.

*FIT Contract.* Summerhaven sells 100% of its output into the wholesale energy market administered by the IESO. Summerhaven has also entered into a 20-year FIT Contract with the OPA under the FIT Program. This FIT Contract is structured as a contract for differences based on a fixed contract price per kilowatt-hour, a percentage of which is escalated annually by the Ontario CPI. If HOEP is less than the fixed contract price, but greater than or equal to zero, the OPA pays Summerhaven an amount calculated by multiplying the amount of energy delivered by the difference between the fixed contract price and HOEP. Conversely, if HOEP is greater than the fixed contract price, Summerhaven pays the OPA an amount calculated by multiplying the amount of energy delivered by the difference between the fixed contract price and HOEP. As a result, Summerhaven receives the full indexed contract price under the FIT Contract in hours in which HOEP is positive or zero. However, in circumstances where HOEP is negative (e.g., cases of surplus baseload generation), Summerhaven receives the indexed contract price from the OPA under the FIT Contract and the OPA will not compensate Summerhaven for the negative HOEP. Summerhaven earns the indexed contract price under the FIT Contract and not the additional amounts that Summerhaven may have to pay the IESO due to negative HOEP during those hours (i.e., if there is a negative HOEP, Summerhaven may not have to pay the IESO the absolute value of the negative HOEP for the energy delivered to the IESO). Summerhaven can mitigate this risk by employing certain energy bidding strategies in a negative HOEP environment. Summerhaven also transfers certain environmental attributes to the OPA under the FIT Contract. Subject to the terms of the FIT Contract, Summerhaven may be required by the OPA to post performance security if the average HOEP over a contiguous six-month period exceeds 75% of the contract price.

*Interconnection Agreement.* In May 2013, Summerhaven entered into a transmission connection agreement with HONI that provides for Summerhaven's interconnection to HONI's transmission system. Connection of Summerhaven to HONI's transmission system is governed by the Transmission System Code, which is published by the Ontario Energy Board. The interconnection agreement has a perpetual term subject to Summerhaven's right to terminate upon 6 months notice and HONI's right to terminate upon an uncured breach by Summerhaven.

## ***Genesis***

*Overview.* Genesis is composed of two 125 MW solar projects, Genesis Unit 1 and Genesis Unit 2, which commenced commercial operations in November 2013 and March 2014, respectively on a 1,950-acre site owned by the U.S. federal government and managed by BLM. Genesis uses Flabeg Solar US Corp. mirrors, Sener Engineering and Systems Inc. solar collector assemblies and Siemens steam turbines. Genesis is interconnected with SCE's transmission system at SCE's Colorado River Substation through an approximately 14-mile generation tie line.





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**Table of Contents**

*PPA.* Genesis has executed an agreement to sell 100% of its output, including certain environmental attributes, to PG&E under a 25-year PPA. The PPA has a stated price, which is subject to time of delivery adjustments over the life of the agreement. Genesis is required to maintain credit support over the term of the PPA to secure its obligations under the agreement. A portion of this credit support is provided by an affiliate of NextEra under the CSCS Agreement.

*Interconnection Agreement.* In August 2011, Genesis entered into an interconnection agreement with SCE and the California Independent System Operator Corporation through Genesis' partially owned subsidiary, NextEra Desert Center Blythe, LLC. This agreement provides for Genesis' interconnection to SCE's Colorado River Substation. The interconnection agreement has an initial term of 30 years and is automatically renewed for successive one-year periods thereafter.

***Bluewater***

*Overview.* Bluewater is a 59.9 MW wind project, which is expected to commence operations in the third quarter of 2014 and is located in Huron County, Ontario. Bluewater consists of 37 1.6 MW GE turbines, and will be interconnected to HONI's 115 kV Seaforth transmission station via a 23 kilometer generation tie line.

*FIT Contract.* Upon commencing commercial operations, Bluewater will sell 100% of its output into the wholesale energy market administered by the IESO at HOEP. Bluewater has also entered into a 20-year FIT Contract with the OPA under its FIT Program. This FIT Contract is structured as a contract for differences based on a fixed contract price per kilowatt-hour, a percentage of which is escalated annually by the Ontario CPI. If HOEP is less than the fixed contract price, but greater than or equal to zero, the OPA pays Bluewater an amount calculated by multiplying the amount of energy delivered by the difference between the fixed contract price and HOEP. Conversely, if HOEP is greater than the fixed contract price, Bluewater pays the OPA an amount calculated by multiplying the amount of energy delivered by the difference between the fixed contract price and HOEP. As a result, Bluewater receives the full indexed contract price under the FIT Contract in hours in which HOEP is positive or zero. However, in circumstances where HOEP is negative (e.g., cases of surplus baseload generation), Bluewater receives the indexed contract price from the OPA under the FIT Contract and the OPA will not compensate Bluewater for the negative HOEP. Bluewater earns the indexed contract price under the FIT Contract and not the additional amounts that Bluewater may have to pay the IESO due to negative HOEP during those hours (i.e., if there is a negative HOEP, Bluewater may have to pay the IESO the absolute value of the negative HOEP for the electricity delivered to the IESO). Bluewater can mitigate this risk by employing certain energy bidding strategies in a negative HOEP environment. Bluewater also will transfer certain environmental attributes to the OPA under the FIT Contract. Subject to the terms of the FIT Contract, Bluewater may be required by the OPA to post performance security if the average HOEP over a contiguous six-month period exceeds 75% of the contract price.

*Interconnection Agreement.* In May 2014, Bluewater entered into a transmission connection agreement with HONI that provides for Bluewater's interconnection to HONI's transmission system. Connection of Bluewater to HONI's transmission system will be governed by the Transmission System Code, which is published by the Ontario Energy Board. The interconnection agreement has a perpetual term subject to Bluewater's right to terminate upon 6 months notice and HONI's right to terminate upon an uncured breach by Bluewater.

**Regulatory Matters**

As owners of contracted clean energy projects and participants in wholesale energy markets, our Project Entities are subject to regulation by various U.S. and Canadian federal, state and provincial government agencies. These include the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission, FERC and public utility commissions in states and provinces

where our generating projects are located. In addition, our U.S. Project Entities and some of our Canadian Project Entities are subject to the market rules, procedures and protocols of the various regional transmission organization and independent system operator markets in which they participate.

## **Table of Contents**

### ***FPA***

Section 205 of the FPA requires public utilities to obtain FERC's approval of their rates for the wholesale sale of energy. Our U.S. Project Entities are public utilities that have been granted authority by FERC to sell electricity at market-based rates, rather than on a traditional cost-of-service basis. In accordance with the regional review schedule developed by FERC, every three years we must demonstrate to FERC that we lack market power in the relevant geographic markets in order to continue to be allowed to sell energy at market-based rates.

The FPA also gives FERC jurisdiction to review certain other activities of our U.S. Project Entities. In particular:

Section 203 of the FPA requires FERC's prior approval for any direct or indirect change of control over a public utility or its jurisdictional assets, unless otherwise granted authorization by FERC. Before or after this offering, we will submit an application to FERC requesting an order under Section 203 or a declaratory order determining that the common units to be sold in this offering are passive, non-voting securities that will not allow any unitholders to exercise control over our public utility subsidiaries. Unless and until FERC grants our application we will include restrictions in our partnership agreement under which an investor and its affiliates that acquire 10% or more of our outstanding Limited Partnership Interests will lose their voting rights. If FERC grants our application, the 10% restriction will no longer apply. However, we will include restrictions in our partnership agreement under which an investor and its affiliates that acquire 20% or more of our outstanding Limited Partnership interests will lose their voting rights.

Section 204 of the FPA gives FERC jurisdiction over a public utility's issuance of securities or its assumption of liabilities, subject to certain exceptions. However, FERC typically grants blanket approval for security issuances and the assumption of liabilities to public utilities having market-based rate authority. All of our U.S. Project Entities have received such blanket approval.

In accordance with Section 215 of the FPA, FERC has approved the NERC as the national ERO. As the ERO, NERC is responsible for the development and enforcement of mandatory reliability standards for the wholesale electric power system directly and through regional reliability organizations. Each of our U.S. Project Entities is required under the FPA to comply with NERC requirements and the requirements of the regional reliability entity for the region in which it is located.

### ***Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005***

PUHCA 2005 provides FERC with certain authority over and access to books and records of public utility holding companies and their subsidiaries that are not otherwise exempt from such requirements. We will be a public utility holding company upon the completion of the offering, but because all of our Project Entities are either Exempt Wholesale Generators or Foreign Utility Companies, as defined for purposes of PUHCA 2005, we will be exempt from all of the FERC accounting, record retention and reporting requirements of the PUHCA 2005. We and our U.S. Project Entities will be subject to state utility commission access to books and records under PUHCA 2005 in certain limited circumstances.

### ***Canadian Regulation***

In Canada, the federal government does not regulate activities related to owning wind and solar projects and participating in wholesale and retail energy markets. These activities are regulated at the provincial level. Under section 57(c) of the Ontario Energy Board Act, owners and operators of a generation facility must hold an electricity generation licence issued by the Ontario Energy Board. Transmission-connected generation projects

## **Table of Contents**

must also be licenced by the Ontario Energy Board. They must also complete the IESO market entry process, which includes facility registration and market participant registration with the IESO. Participants in the Ontario energy market must agree to be bound by and comply with all of the provisions of the market rules for the Ontario electricity market established pursuant to the Electricity Act, 1998.

## **Seasonality**

The volume of energy we generate and therefore the amount of cash flow we receive from our projects is affected by weather and seasonality. A significant portion of our solar projects' annual output is produced from May through September, when solar resources tend to be most favorable. Our wind projects produce a significant portion of their output from October through April, when wind resource tends to be most favorable. Contracted cash flows can also be impacted by PPAs that contain multipliers to incentivize output during periods characterized by high demand.

## **Competition**

We operate in a capital-intensive industry that is currently highly fragmented and diverse, with numerous industry participants. We compete on the basis of contract price and terms, as well as the location of our projects in an industry. There is a wide variation in terms of the capabilities, resources, scale and scope of the companies with which we compete, depending on the market. We believe we have numerous competitors with a varied mix of characteristics. In addition, competitive conditions may be substantially affected by various forms of energy legislation and regulation considered from time to time by federal, state, provincial and local legislatures and administrative agencies. Such laws and regulations may substantially increase the costs of acquiring, constructing and operating projects, and some of our competitors may be better able to adapt to and operate under such laws and regulations.

## **Customers**

We sell or transfer our entire energy production and certain associated environmental attributes (including Renewable Energy Credits) on a wholesale basis into the IESO-managed system subject to certain FIT Contracts, to investor owned utilities, cooperatives, power marketers, industrial companies and municipal owned entities under long-term PPAs and to provincial power agencies under RESOP Contracts and certain FIT Contracts. The generation capacity of our customers ranges in size from hundreds of MW in peak load to over 15,000-20,000 MW in peak load. Most of our customers are investment grade counterparties and recover their payments to us from recovery mechanisms established by regulation or legislation. For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013, the OPA accounted for 37% and 36%, respectively, of our total revenue.

## **Environmental Matters**

Our operations are required to comply with various environmental, health and safety laws and regulations in each of the jurisdictions in which we operate. These existing and future laws and regulations may impact existing and new projects, require us to obtain and maintain permits and approvals, comply with all environmental laws and regulations applicable within each jurisdiction and implement environmental, health and safety programs and procedures to monitor and control risks associated with the construction, operation and decommissioning of regulated or permitted energy assets, all of which involve a significant investment of time and resources.

We also incur costs in the ordinary course of business to comply with these laws, regulations and permit requirements. Environmental, health and safety laws and regulations frequently change, and often become more stringent or subject to more stringent interpretation or enforcement. Such changes in environmental, health and safety laws and regulations, or the interpretation or enforcement thereof, could require us to incur materially higher costs, or cause a

costly interruption of operations due to delays in obtaining new or amended permits.

## **Table of Contents**

The failure of our operations to comply with environmental, health and safety laws, regulations and permit requirements may result in administrative, civil and criminal penalties, imposition of investigatory, cleanup and site restoration costs and liens, denial or revocation of permits or other authorizations and issuance of injunctions to limit, suspend or cease operations.

In addition, claims by third parties for damages to persons or property, or for injunctive relief, have been brought in the past, and may be brought in the future as a result of alleged environmental, and health and safety impacts associated with our activities.

### ***Environmental U.S.***

To operate our U.S. projects, we are required to obtain from federal, state and local governmental authorities a range of environmental permits and other approvals, including those described below. In addition to being subject to these regulatory requirements, we have experienced significant opposition from private third parties during the permit application process or in subsequent permit appeal proceedings.

***Clean Water Act.*** Our projects may be covered under federal Clean Water Act regulations to prevent or contain expected discharges of oil into navigable waters or shorelines. Affected projects must possess and implement a Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasure plan that describes all oil handling operations, spill prevention practices and discharge controls, as well as measures required to contain, clean, or mitigate the effects of any oil spills. Operating permits may be required for the regulated discharge of process or cooling waters.

***BLM Right-of-Way Grants.*** Our U.S. projects may be located, or partially located, on lands administered by the BLM. Therefore, we may be required to obtain and maintain BLM right-of-way grants for access to, or operations on, such lands. Obtaining and maintaining a grant requires that the project conduct environmental reviews (discussed below) and implement a plan of development and demonstrate compliance with the plan to protect the environment, including potentially expensive measures to protect biological, archeological and cultural resources encountered on the grant.

***Environmental Reviews.*** Renewable energy projects may be subject to federal, state, or local environmental reviews, where a broad array of the project's potential environmental impacts is assessed and mitigated. An agency reviewing the project may require environmental mitigation measures to offset identified impacts prior to approval. Such measures are often implemented during operations, and may compromise or even require temporary cessation of operations under certain conditions such as seasonal migrations.

***Endangered and Protected Species.*** Federal agencies considering the permit applications for our projects are required to consult with the USFWS to consider the impact on potentially affected endangered and threatened species and their habitats under the U.S. Endangered Species Act. Our projects are also required to comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. Because the operation of clean energy projects could result in injury or fatalities to protected birds and bats, federal and state agencies may require ongoing monitoring, mitigation activities, or financial compensation as a condition to issuing a permit for a project. In addition, the USFWS has expressed its belief that it has the authority to subject a project to criminal or civil enforcement, including curtailment or shutdown, as a result of a violation of the above laws.

***Historic Preservation.*** State and federal agencies may, under the National Historic Preservation Act or similar law, require our projects to protect historic, archaeological, or religious or cultural resources located or discovered near or on our project sites. Ongoing monitoring, mitigation activities, or financial compensation may be required as a condition of conducting project operations.



Clean Air Act. Certain operations may be subject to ongoing federal, state, or local permit requirements under the Clean Air Act, which regulates the emission of air pollutants, including greenhouse gases, that may be subject to existing and/or increased monitoring and compliance costs.

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**Table of Contents**

**Local Regulations.** Our operations are subject to local environmental and land use requirements, including county and municipal land use, zoning, building, water use, and transportation requirements. Permitting at the local municipal or county level often consists of obtaining a special use or conditional use permit under a land use ordinance or code, or, in some cases, rezoning in connection with the project. Obtaining or maintaining a permit often requires us to demonstrate that the project will conform to development standards specified under the ordinance so that the project is compatible with existing land uses and protects natural and human environments. Local or state regulatory agencies may require modeling, testing, and, where applicable, ongoing mitigation of sound levels, radar and other microwave interference, and/or shadow flicker in connection with the permitting and approval process. Local or state agencies also may require decommissioning plans and the establishment of financial assurance mechanisms for carrying out the decommissioning plan.

**Environmental Canada**

We are required to obtain a range of environmental permits and other approvals from federal, provincial and local governmental authorities to build and operate our Ontario projects, including those described below. In addition to being subject to these regulatory requirements, we have experienced, and could experience in the future, significant opposition from third parties, including environmental non-governmental organizations, neighborhood groups, municipalities and First Nations (aboriginal governments or bands) during the permit application process, or during appeal proceedings, or after environmental permits are issued. We could also experience renewed opposition if any permit requires amendment.

**Ontario Renewable Energy Approvals.** In Ontario we are subject to Ontario's Environmental Protection Act, which requires proponents of significant wind and solar projects to obtain a REA. The REA application requires a variety of studies on environmental, archeological and heritage issues. Significant consultation with the public and aboriginal communities is also required. The REA process may result in environmental mitigation measures to offset identified impacts prior to approval. Such measures are often implemented during operations, and may compromise or even require temporary cessation of operations under certain conditions. Before issuing a REA, the Ontario Ministry of the Environment evaluates a broad range of potential impacts, including impacts on human health, wildlife, wetlands and water resources, communities (including aboriginal communities), scenic areas, species and heritage resources. This review can be time consuming and expensive, and an approval can be rejected or approved with conditions that are costly or difficult to comply with. Renewable energy approvals are also subject to appeal by third parties and can result and have resulted in lengthy tribunal hearings. On appeal, the tribunal has the power to revoke the REA or to impose conditions.

**Endangered and Protected Species.** We may also be subject to federal and provincial endangered species laws which prohibit harming endangered or threatened species and their habitats. We may also be subject to the Migratory Birds Convention Act, which protects migratory birds and their nests. Because the operation of renewable energy projects could result in injury or fatalities to protected birds and bats, federal or provincial agencies may require ongoing monitoring, mitigation activities, or financial compensation as a condition to issuing a permit for a project. In Ontario, if any species (or their habitats) that are listed as endangered or threatened are impacted by our projects, permits under the Endangered Species Act of 2007 may also be required. Such permits may only be issued in certain circumstances and at the discretion of the regulatory authorities. Such measures are often implemented during operations, and may compromise or even require temporary cessation of operations under certain conditions such as seasonal migrations.

**Other Approvals.** We are subject to a variety of other federal, provincial and municipal permitting and zoning requirements. Most provinces have laws that require provincial agencies to evaluate a broad array of environmental impacts before granting permits and approvals. These agencies evaluate similar issues as the permitting regimes above, including impact on wildlife, historic sites, esthetics, wetlands and water resources, scenic areas, endangered

and threatened species and communities. In addition, federal government approvals regarding, among other things, aeronautics, fisheries, navigation or species protection may be required and could in some cases trigger additional environmental mitigation requirements. Additional requirements related to the

## **Table of Contents**

permitting of transmission lines may be applicable in some cases. We are also subject to certain municipal requirements, such as building and road use permits, and other municipal approvals that may be conditioned upon difficult or costly mitigation or compensation measures that may impair a project.

### ***Management, Disposal and Remediation of Hazardous Substances U.S. and Canada***

We own and lease real property and may be subject to U.S. and Canadian requirements regarding the storage, use, transportation and disposal of petroleum products and toxic or hazardous substances, including spill prevention, control and counter-measure requirements. In the U.S., project properties and materials stored or disposed thereon may be subject to the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act and analogous state laws. In Canada, they may be subject to the Environmental Protection Act and accompanying provincial regulations. If our owned or leased properties are contaminated, whether during or prior to our ownership or operation, we could be responsible for the costs of investigation and cleanup and for any related liabilities, including claims for damage to property, persons or natural resources. That responsibility may arise even if we were not at fault and did not cause or were not aware of the contamination. In addition, waste we generate is at times sent to third party disposal facilities. If those facilities become contaminated, we and any other persons who arranged for the disposal or treatment of hazardous substances at those sites may be jointly and severally responsible for the costs of investigation and remediation, as well as for any claims for damage to third parties, their property or natural resources. We may incur significant costs in the future if we become responsible for the investigation or remediation of hazardous substances at our owned or leased properties or at third party disposal facilities.

### **Capital Investment**

Information concerning our capital expenditures is presented in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Liquidity and Capital Resources Capital Expenditures.

### **Employees**

We do not employ any of the individuals who manage our operations. The personnel that carry out these activities are employees of NextEra or its affiliates, and their services are provided to us or for our benefit under the Management Services Agreement, the ASAs and the O&M agreements of our subsidiaries. For a discussion of the individuals from NextEra's management team that are expected to be involved in our business, see Management.

### **Properties**

We believe we have obtained or will obtain sufficient third-party consents, permits, and authorizations and have provided or will provide sufficient notice, if and as required, for the transfer of the assets necessary for us to operate our business in all material respects as described in this prospectus. With respect to any consents, permits, or authorizations that have not been obtained, and any notice that has not been provided, we believe these consents, permits, or authorizations will be obtained and these notices provided after the completion of this offering, or that the failure to obtain these consents, permits or authorizations or to provide these notices will not have a material adverse effect on the operation of our business.

We believe we will have satisfactory title to all of the projects that will be contributed to NEE Operating LP prior to the completion of this offering. Record title to some of our projects may continue to be held by affiliates of NextEra until we have made the appropriate filings in the jurisdictions in which such projects are located and obtained any consents and approvals that are not obtained prior to transfer. We will make these filings and obtain these consents

upon the completion of this offering. Although title to these properties is subject to encumbrances in some cases, such as customary interests generally retained in connection with acquisition of real property, liens that can be imposed in some jurisdictions for government-initiated action to clean up environmental contamination, liens for current taxes and other burdens and easements, restrictions and other

## **Table of Contents**

encumbrances to which the underlying properties were subject at the time of acquisition by us, we believe that none of these burdens will materially detract from the value of these properties or from our interest in these properties or materially interfere with their use in the operation of our business.

Included in Genesis land leases is a right-of-way lease that provides for payments to the BLM for the right to use the public lands upon which the project is located. The lease may be renewed at expiration at Genesis option (in accordance with certain procedures set forth in the lease) and will be subject to the laws and regulations existing at the time of renewal. In connection with the terms of this lease, Genesis obtained a surety bond from a non-affiliated party in favor of BLM for approximately \$23 million. The surety bond remains in effect until the BLM is satisfied that all improvements have been removed and the right-of-way has been restored.

See Our Initial Portfolio for a description of our principal properties upon the completion of the Organizational Transactions.

## **Insurance**

We maintain insurance on terms generally carried by companies engaged in similar business and owning similar properties in the U.S. and Canada and whose projects are financed in a manner similar to our projects. As is common in the wind and solar industries, however, we do not insure fully against all the risks associated with our business either because insurance is not available or because the premiums for some coverage are prohibitive. For example, we do not maintain transmission or distribution line insurance. We maintain varying levels of insurance for the development, construction and operation phases of our projects, including property insurance, which, depending on the location of each project, may include catastrophic windstorm, flood and earthquake coverage; transportation insurance; advance loss of profits insurance; business interruption insurance; general liability and umbrella liability insurance; time element pollution liability insurance; auto liability insurance; worker's compensation and employers liability insurance; and title insurance. The all risk property insurance coverage is maintained in amounts based on the replacement value or maximum foreseeable loss of our projects (subject to certain sub-limits for windstorm, flood and earthquake risks) and the business interruption insurance generally provides 12 months of coverage in amounts that vary from project to project based on the revenue generation potential of each project. All types of coverage are subject to applicable deductibles. We generally do not maintain insurance for certain environmental risks, such as environmental contamination.

## **Safety and Maintenance**

We have business unit-specific safety rules to govern the way we conduct our operations at each of our projects. Each of our employees at the projects are required to understand and follow our health and safety plan and have the necessary U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration training or Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety training, as applicable, for certain tasks performed at our projects. We perform preventive and normal maintenance on all of our projects and make repairs and replacements when necessary or appropriate. We also conduct routine and required inspections of those projects in accordance with applicable regulation.

## **Intellectual Property**

Under the U.S. Licensing Agreement, NextEra will grant to NEE Partners a limited, personal, non-exclusive, non-transferable, non-assignable license to use the names NextEra and NextEra Energy in the U.S. Under the Canadian Licensing Agreement, NECIP will grant to NEEC a limited, personal, non-exclusive, non-transferable, non-assignable license to use the names NextEra and NextEra Energy in Canada. Other than under these limited licenses, neither NEE Partners nor only of its subsidiaries will have a legal right to use such names. See Certain

Relationships and Related Party Transactions Licensing Agreements.

**Table of Contents**

**Legal Proceedings**

We are not a party to any legal proceedings other than legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business. We are a party to various administrative and regulatory proceedings that have arisen in the ordinary course of our business. See Regulatory Matters and Environmental Matters.



**Table of Contents**

**MANAGEMENT**

**Management of NEE Partners**

Our general partner, NextEra Energy Partners GP, Inc., will manage our operations and activities on our behalf through its directors and, under the oversight of its directors and officers. Our general partner is not elected by our unitholders and may only be removed in certain limited circumstances. Unitholders will not be entitled to elect the directors of our general partner, which will all be appointed by NextEra, or directly or indirectly participate in our management or operations. Our general partner owes certain contractual duties to our unitholders as well as a fiduciary duty to its owners, NextEra and its affiliates. Our general partner will be liable, as general partner, for all of our debts (to the extent not paid from our assets), except for indebtedness or other obligations that are made expressly non-recourse to it. Our general partner therefore may cause us to incur indebtedness or other obligations that are non-recourse to it.

We do not have a board of directors. The directors of our general partner will oversee our operations. Our general partner's board of directors will be composed of seven members following the completion of this offering. NextEra will appoint all members to our general partner's board of directors, including three directors who are independent as defined under the independence standards established by the NYSE. The NYSE does not require a publicly traded limited partnership like us to have a majority of independent directors on our general partner's board of directors or to establish a compensation or a nominating and corporate governance committee. Our general partner's board of directors is required, however, to have an audit committee of at least three members within twelve months of the date our common units are first traded on the NYSE, and all of our audit committee members are required to meet the independence and experience tests established by the NYSE and the Exchange Act.

In compliance with the requirements of the NYSE, NextEra will appoint two independent members to our general partner's board of directors effective as of the completion of this offering and will appoint one independent member within twelve months of the date our common units are first traded on the NYSE. The independent members of our general partner's board of directors will serve as all of the initial members of the audit committee of our general partner's board of directors and as all of the initial members of the conflicts committee of our general partner's board of directors.

In identifying and evaluating candidates as possible director-nominees of our general partner, NextEra will assess the experience and personal characteristics of the possible nominee against the following guidelines, which NextEra may modify from time to time:

***Individual Qualifications***

Possesses integrity, competence, insight, creativity and dedication together with the ability to work with colleagues while challenging one another to achieve superior performance;

Has attained prominent position in his or her field of endeavor;

Possesses broad business experience;

Has ability to exercise sound business judgment;

Is able to draw on his or her past experience relative to significant issues facing us;

Has experience in our industry or in another industry or endeavor with practical application to our needs;

Has sufficient time and dedication for preparation as well as participation in board and committee deliberations;

**Table of Contents**

Meets such standards of independence, as applicable, and financial knowledge as may be required or desirable; and

Possesses attributes deemed appropriate given the then current needs of the board.

***Composition of the Board of our General Partner as a Whole***

A diversity of background, perspective and skills related to our business goals; and

A diversity of race, gender and age.

All of our general partner's executive officers will be employees of NextEra and will devote such portion of their time to our business and affairs as is required to manage and conduct our operations in accordance with the Management Services Agreement, under which NextEra has agreed to provide or arrange for the provision of O&M services to us. We will also use a significant number of employees of NextEra to operate our business and provide us with O&M services.

**Directors and Executive Officers of Our General Partner**

The following sets forth information for our general partner's directors and executive officers upon the completion of this offering.

<b>Name</b>	<b>Age</b>	<b>Position with NextEra Energy Partners GP, Inc.</b>
James L. Robo	51	Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, Director
Robert Byrne	52	Director Nominee
Moray P. Dewhurst	58	Chief Financial Officer, Director
Peter H. Kind	57	Director Nominee
Armando Pimentel, Jr.	51	President, Director
Charles E. Sieving	41	General Counsel, Director
Chris N. Froggatt	56	Controller and Chief Accounting Officer
Paul I. Cutler	54	Treasurer and Assistant Secretary
Mark E. Hickson	47	Vice President, Strategy and Corporate Development

The directors of our general partner hold office until the earlier of their death, resignation, removal or disqualification or until their successors have been elected and qualified. Officers serve at the discretion of the board of directors of our general partner. There are no family relationships among any of our general partner's directors or executive officers of our general partner.

***James L. Robo, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, Director***

Mr. Robo will serve as the chairman of the board and chief executive officer of our general partner. Mr. Robo also serves, since December 2013, as chairman of the board and, since July 2012, as president and chief executive officer of NextEra. From December 2006 to June 2012, Mr. Robo served as president and chief operating officer of NextEra. Mr. Robo joined NextEra as vice president of corporate development and strategy in March 2002 and became president of NEER later in 2002. He is also a director of J.B. Hunt Transport Services, Inc. and has served as J.B.

Hunt is lead independent director since 2012.

***Robert J. Byrne, Director***

Mr. Byrne will serve as an independent director. He has served as a director on the board of directors of Masonite International Corporation since June 2009 and has been chairman of the board of Masonite International Corporation since July 2010. Mr. Byrne is the founder and has served as the President of Power

**Table of Contents**

Pro-Tech Services, Inc., which specializes in the installation, maintenance and repair of emergency power and solar photovoltaic power systems since 2002. Power Pro-Tech is Mr. Byrne's fourth start-up. His other entrepreneurial ventures have been in telecommunications, private equity and educational software. From 1999 to 2001, Mr. Byrne was Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of EPIK Communications, a start-up telecommunications company which merged with Progress Telecom in 2001 and was subsequently acquired by Level3 Communications. Having begun his career in investment banking, Mr. Byrne served as Partner at Advent International, a global private equity firm, from 1997 to 1999 and immediately prior to that, from 1993 to 1997, served as a Director of Orion Capital Partners.

***Moray P. Dewhurst, Chief Financial Officer, Director***

Mr. Dewhurst will serve as chief financial officer of our general partner. Since 2011, Mr. Dewhurst has also served as vice chairman of the board and chief financial officer and executive vice president-finance of NextEra. Previously, Mr. Dewhurst served as vice chairman of the board and chief of staff of NextEra from 2009 to 2011 and as chief financial officer from 2001 to 2008. Mr. Dewhurst previously was an officer, director and member of the executive committee of Dean & Company, a management consulting and investment firm that he co-founded in 1993. Prior to forming Dean & Company, he was a senior partner at Mercer Management Consulting and its predecessor firms.

***Peter H. Kind, Director***

Mr. Kind will serve as an independent director. Mr. Kind is executive director of Energy Infrastructure Advocates LLC, an independent financial and strategic advisory firm. From 2009 to 2011, Mr. Kind was a Senior Managing Director of Macquarie Capital, an investment banking firm. From 2005 to 2009, Mr. Kind was a Managing Director of Bank of America Securities. Mr. Kind, a CPA, also has experience in the audit of large public energy companies. Mr. Kind has served as a Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee of the general partner of Enable Midstream Partners, LP since February 2014.

***Armando Pimentel, Jr., President, Director***

Mr. Pimentel will serve as the president and a member of the board of our general partner. Mr. Pimentel also serves as the president and chief executive officer of NEER, a position he has held since October 2011. Mr. Pimentel joined NextEra in February 2008 as executive vice president-finance and became chief financial officer in May 2008. Prior to joining NextEra, Mr. Pimentel was a partner at Deloitte & Touche and held various client and leadership positions in the financial services and energy industries. He also led Deloitte's power and utilities business segment. From 1996 to 1998, Mr. Pimentel worked in the Office of the Chief Accountant of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as a professional accounting fellow.

***Charles E. Sieving, General Counsel, Director***

Mr. Sieving will serve as our general counsel and a member of the board of our general partner. He has also served as executive vice president and general counsel of NextEra since December 2008. Previously, Mr. Sieving was executive vice president, general counsel, and secretary of PAETEC Holding Corp., a publicly held telecommunications company. Prior to PAETEC, he was a partner in the Corporate, Securities and Finance Practice Group of the international law firm of Hogan & Hartson, L.L.P.

***Chris N. Froggatt, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer***

Mr. Froggatt will serve as our controller and chief accounting officer of our general partner. Mr. Froggatt served as vice president of NextEra since October 2009 and has served as vice president, controller and chief accounting officer for NextEra since February 2010. Previously, Mr. Froggatt worked for 22 years with

## **Table of Contents**

Pinnacle West Capital Corp. where he served as vice president and treasurer from December 2008 until October 2009. Prior to that, Mr. Froggatt held the positions of vice president, controller and chief accounting officer for Pinnacle West and its regulated utility, Arizona Public Service.

### ***Paul I. Cutler, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary***

Mr. Cutler will serve as the treasurer and assistant secretary of our general partner. Mr. Cutler also serves, since February 2003, as treasurer for NextEra.

### ***Mark E. Hickson, Vice President, Strategy and Corporate Development***

Mr. Hickson will serve as our vice president, strategy and corporate development. Mr. Hickson has also served, since May 2012, as vice president of corporate development and operational excellence for NextEra. From August 1997 to April 2012, Mr. Hickson served as managing director in Global Mergers and Acquisitions at Merrill Lynch & Co.

## **Board Leadership Structure**

As described in our corporate governance guidelines, our general partner's board of directors believes that the decision as to who should serve as Chairman and as Chief Executive Officer, and whether the offices should be combined or separate, is properly the responsibility of the board, to be exercised from time to time in appropriate consideration of then-existing facts and circumstances. In view of the operational and financial opportunities and challenges faced by us, among other considerations, our general partner's board of directors' judgment is that the functioning of the board is generally best served by maintaining a structure of having one individual serve as both chairman and chief executive officer. The board believes that having a single person acting in the capacities of chairman and chief executive officer promotes unified leadership and direction for the board and executive management and allows for a single, clear focus for the chain of command to execute our strategic initiatives and business plans and to address its challenges. Accordingly, although the board believes that no single board leadership model is universally or permanently appropriate, the position of chairman will initially be held by the chief executive officer.

## **Director Independence**

The NYSE standards and our corporate governance guidelines require that the audit committee be composed entirely of independent directors. The NYSE standards and Rule 10A-3 under the Exchange Act include the additional requirements that members of the audit committee may not be an affiliated person of us or our subsidiaries or accept directly or indirectly any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee from us or our subsidiaries, other than their compensation as our general partner's board of directors. Compliance by audit committee members with these requirements is separately assessed by our general partner's board of directors.

Based on its review and the NYSE standards, our general partner's board of directors has determined that Byrne and Kind, constituting both of our non-employee directors, are independent under the NYSE standards, including the separate Audit Committee standards, and our corporate governance guidelines.

## **Board Role in Risk Oversight**

Our corporate governance guidelines provide that our general partner's board of directors is responsible for reviewing the process for assessing the major risks facing us and the options for their mitigation. In addition, the audit committee is responsible for reviewing and discussing with management and our registered public accounting firm our major risk exposures and the policies management has implemented to monitor such exposures, including our financial risk

exposures and risk management policies.



## **Table of Contents**

### **Committees of the Board of Directors**

The standing committees of our general partner's board of directors will be the audit committee and the conflicts committee. The committees regularly report their activities and actions to the full board, generally at the next board meeting that follows the committee meeting. Each of the committees operates under a charter approved by the board and each committee conducts an annual evaluation of its performance. The charter of the audit committee is required to comply with the NYSE corporate governance requirements. There are no NYSE requirements for the charter of the conflicts committee. Each of the committees is permitted to take actions within its authority through subcommittees, and references in this prospectus to any of those committees include any such subcommittees. The current membership and functions of the committees are described below.

#### ***Audit Committee***

Our general partner's board of directors will have an audit committee composed of three directors, all of whom will meet the independence standards and all of whom will meet the experience standards established by the NYSE and the Exchange Act. The audit committee will initially be composed of Messrs. Byrne and Kind. In compliance the requirements of the NYSE, NextEra will appoint one independent member within twelve months of the date our common units are first traded on the NYSE. The audit committee will assist the board of directors in its oversight of the integrity of our financial statements and our compliance with related legal and regulatory requirements, corporate policies and controls. The audit committee will have the sole authority to retain and terminate our independent registered public accounting firm, approve all auditing services and related fees and the terms thereof, and pre-approve any non-audit services to be rendered by our independent registered public accounting firm. The audit committee will also be responsible for confirming the independence and objectivity of our independent registered public accounting firm. Our independent registered public accounting firm will be given unrestricted access to the audit committee.

#### ***Conflicts Committee***

At least two members of our general partner's board of directors will serve on our conflicts committee. The conflicts committee will initially be composed of Messrs. Byrne and Kind. The conflicts committee will determine if the resolution of any conflict of interest referred to it by our general partner is in the best interests of our partnership. There is no requirement that our general partner seek the approval of the conflicts committee for the resolution of any conflict. The members of the conflicts committee may not be officers or employees of our general partner or directors, officers or employees of its affiliates, may not hold an ownership interest in the general partner or its affiliates other than our common units, including common units or awards under any long-term incentive plan, equity compensation plan or similar plan implemented by the general partner or the partnership, and must meet the independence and experience standards established by the NYSE and the Exchange Act to serve on an audit committee of a board of directors. Any matters approved by the conflicts committee in good faith will be deemed to be approved by all of our partners and not a breach by our general partner of any duties it may owe us or our unitholders. Any unitholder challenging any matter approved by the conflicts committee will have the burden of proving that the members of the conflicts committee did not subjectively believe that the matter was in the best interests of our partnership. Moreover, any acts taken or omitted to be taken by our general partner in reliance upon the advice or opinions of experts such as legal counsel, accountants, appraisers, management consultants and investment bankers, where our general partner (or any members of our general partner's board of directors, including any member of the conflicts committee) reasonably believes the advice or opinion to be within such person's professional or expert competence, will be conclusively presumed to have been done or omitted in good faith.

### **Executive Compensation**

We and our general partner were formed in March 2014. Accordingly, our general partner has not accrued any obligations with respect to management incentive or retirement benefits for its directors or executive officers for the 2013 fiscal year or prior periods. Because our general partner's executive officers are employed

## **Table of Contents**

by NextEra, compensation of the executive officers will be set by NextEra. Our general partner has not entered into any employment agreements with any of its executive officers. We expect that compensation for our general partner's executive officers in 2014 will continue to be determined and structured under NextEra's compensation program. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions Management Services Agreement Reimbursement of Expenses and Certain Taxes." Our general partner's executive officers, as well as the employees of NextEra who provide services to us, may participate in employee benefit plans and arrangements sponsored by NextEra, including plans that may be established in the future, and certain of such officers and employees of NextEra who provide services to us currently hold grants under NextEra's equity incentive plans and will retain these grants after the completion of this offering.

## **Compensation of Directors**

Directors of our general partner who are salaried employees of NextEra or any of its subsidiaries do not receive any additional compensation for serving as a director or committee member of our general partner's board. Effective upon the completion of this offering, the independent directors serving on our general partner's board will receive an annual cash retainer of \$50,000 and a number of our common units determined by dividing \$100,000 by the closing price of our common units on the grant date, rounded up to the nearest ten shares. These units are generally not transferable until the director ceases to be a member of our general partner's board. Independent directors who serve as chair of the audit committee or conflicts committee receive an additional annual cash retainer of \$15,000.

Each director will be fully indemnified by us for actions associated with being a director to the fullest extent permitted under Delaware law under a director indemnification agreement and our partnership agreement.

## **Long-Term Incentive Plan**

On June 18, 2014, our general partner's board of directors approved the NEE Partners 2014 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "LTIP"), which will be subject to approval by our unitholders prior to completion of the offering. The LTIP will become effective on the date of such approval. We currently expect to provide awards under LTIP to our non-employee directors. Following is a brief summary of its anticipated material terms, which will be subject to the actual terms of the LTIP.

*Purpose.* The LTIP is intended to: (i) provide participants in the LTIP with an incentive to contribute to NEE Partners success and to manage NEE Partners' business in a manner that will provide for NEE Partners' long-term growth and profitability to benefit its unitholders and other important stakeholders, including its employees and customers; and (ii) provide a means of obtaining, rewarding and retaining key personnel.

*Eligibility.* Awards may be granted to non-employee directors or other independent service providers and to individuals who are employees.

*Administration.* The LTIP generally will be administered by a committee (the "LTIP Committee") consisting of two or more directors of our general partner's board of directors.

Our general partner's board of directors will retain the authority under the LTIP to exercise any or all of the powers and authorities related to the administration and implementation of the LTIP.

**Table of Contents**

Except where authority to act on such matters is specifically reserved to our general partner's board of directors under the LTIP or applicable law, the LTIP Committee and each other committee referred to above acting in accordance with the foregoing plan provisions, will have full power and authority to interpret and construe all provisions of the LTIP, any award or any award agreement, and to make all related determinations, including the power and authority to:

designate grantees of awards;

determine the type or types of awards to be made to a grantee;

determine the number of units subject to an award;

establish the terms and conditions of each award;

prescribe the form of each award agreement; and

subject to certain limitations in the LTIP, amend, modify or supplement the terms of any outstanding award.

*Amendment and Termination.* Our general partner's board of directors will be authorized to amend, alter, suspend or terminate the LTIP as to any units as to which awards have not been made. Any amendment to the LTIP, however, will be subject to receipt of the approval of NEE Partners' unitholders if unitholder approval of the amendment is required by any law or regulation or NYSE rule or to the extent determined by our general partner's board of directors. Unitholder approval will be required for any proposed amendment to the LTIP provisions that prohibits the repricing of outstanding options or unit appreciation rights or that generally require the option price of any option to be at least equal to the fair market value of NEE Partners' units on the option grant date. Without the consent of the affected grantee of an outstanding award, no amendment, suspension or termination of the LTIP may impair the rights or obligations under that award. The LTIP will terminate automatically ten years after its effective date, unless it is earlier terminated by our general partner's board of directors.

*Awards.* The following types of awards may be made under the LTIP, subject to limitations set forth in the plan:

options, which will be non-qualified options (i.e., options that do not meet the requirements of section 422 of the Code);

restricted units;

deferred units;

performance units or other performance-based awards;

unit appreciation rights; and

other equity-based awards, including unrestricted units.

A restricted unit is an award of NEE Partners unit on which are imposed vesting restrictions that subject the unit to a substantial risk of forfeiture, as defined in section 83 of the Code. A deferred unit is an award that represents a conditional right to receive units in the future and that may be made subject to the same types of restrictions and risk of forfeiture as a restricted unit. Performance-based awards are awards of options, restricted units, deferred units, unit appreciation rights or other equity-based awards made subject to the achievement of

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**Table of Contents**

one or more pre-established performance goals over a performance period established by the LTIP Committee. An award of performance units is a performance-based award representing a right or interest denominated or payable in units, valued by reference to units, or otherwise based on or related to units that is made subject to the achievement of one or more pre-established performance goals over a performance period of up to ten years. A unit appreciation right is a right to receive upon exercise, in the form of units, cash or a combination of units and cash, the excess of the fair market value of one unit on the exercise date over the grant price of the unit appreciation right. An unrestricted unit is an award of unit that is free of restrictions other than those imposed under federal or state securities laws.

The LTIP provides that each award will be evidenced by an award agreement, which may specify terms and conditions of the award that differ from the terms and conditions which would apply under the LTIP in the absence of the different terms and conditions in the award agreement.

Awards under the LTIP may be settled in cash, NEE Partners units, other awards under the LTIP or other property. The LTIP Committee may permit or require the deferral of any payment under any award into a deferred compensation arrangement in accordance with rules and procedures established by the LTIP Committee.

*Units Available for Issuance.* Subject to the adjustments described below, the maximum number of units of NEE Partners that will be available for issuance under the LTIP will be equal to .

Units subject to an award granted under the LTIP will become available for issuance under the LTIP if the award terminates by expiration, forfeiture, cancellation, or otherwise, without the issuance of such units (except as set forth below).

The number of units available for issuance under the LTIP will not be increased by the number of units:

deducted or delivered from payment of an award in connection with NEE Partners tax withholding obligations;

tendered or withheld or subject to an award surrendered in connection with the purchase of units upon exercise of an option; or

purchased by NEE Partners with proceeds from option exercises.

The number and kinds of units for which awards may be made under the LTIP, including the unit limits described above, will be adjusted proportionately and accordingly by the LTIP Committee in the event of any change in the outstanding units of NEE Partners by reason of any unit distribution or split, reorganization, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, spin-off, combination or transaction or exchange of units or other corporate exchange, or any distribution to unitholders other than regular cash distributions or any transaction similar to the foregoing.

*Fair Market Value Determination.* For so long as NEE Partners units remains listed on the NYSE, the fair market value of a unit on an award grant date, or on any other date for which fair market value is required to be established under the LTIP, will be the closing price of the units as reported on the NYSE on the trading day immediately preceding such date. If there is no such reported closing price on the trading day immediately preceding such date, the fair market value of the unit will be the closing price of the unit as reported on the NYSE on the next preceding date on which any sale of units shall have been reported on the NYSE.

If NEE Partners units cease to be listed on the NYSE and are listed on another established national or regional stock exchange or traded on another established securities market, fair market value will similarly be determined by reference to the closing price of the units on the applicable date as reported on such other exchange or established securities market.

## **Table of Contents**

If NEE Partners' units cease to be listed on an established national or regional stock exchange or traded on another established securities market, the LTIP Committee will determine the fair market value of a unit by the reasonable application of a reasonable valuation method in a manner consistent with section 409A of the Code.

*Options.* An option granted under the LTIP will be exercisable only to the extent that it is vested. Each option will become vested and exercisable at such times and under such conditions as the LTIP Committee may approve consistent with the terms of the LTIP. No option may be exercisable more than ten years after the option grant date. The LTIP Committee may include in the option agreement provisions specifying the period during which an option may be exercised following termination of the grantee's service.

The exercise price per unit under each option granted under the LTIP may not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the unit on the option grant date.

Except in connection with a corporate transaction involving NEE Partners (including any distribution (whether in the form of cash, units, other securities or other property), unit split, extraordinary distribution, recapitalization, change in control, reorganization, merger, consolidation, split-up, spin-off, combination, repurchase or exchange of units or other securities or similar transaction), NEE Partners may not, without obtaining the grantee's approval: (i) amend the terms of outstanding options to reduce the exercise price of such outstanding options; (ii) cancel outstanding options in exchange for options with an exercise price that is less than the exercise price of the original options; or (iii) cancel outstanding options with an exercise price above the current unit price in exchange for cash or other securities.

Payment of the exercise price for units purchased under the exercise of an option may be made in such forms as are approved by the LTIP Committee. These forms may include, in the LTIP Committee's discretion, cash, cash equivalents acceptable to NEE Partners, and units.

Awards of options generally will be nontransferable, except for transfers by will or the laws of descent and distribution.

*Restricted Units and Deferred Units.* Subject to the provisions of the LTIP, the LTIP Committee will determine the terms and conditions of each award of restricted units and deferred units, including the restricted period for all or a portion of the award, the restrictions applicable to the award and the purchase price, if any, for the unit subject to the award. A grantee of restricted units will have all the rights of a unitholder, including the right to vote the units and receive distributions, except to the extent limited by the LTIP Committee or in the partnership agreement. Grantees of deferred units will have no voting or distribution rights or other rights associated with unit ownership, although the LTIP Committee may award the right to cash payment on such units upon NEE Partners' payment of a cash distribution on its units, and any such payment may be subject to payroll withholding if required.

Grantees will not vest in distributions paid on performance-based awards of restricted units or deferred units, and will be required to forfeit and repay to NEE Partners such distributions, if the performance goals for the underlying awards of restricted units or deferred units are not achieved or such awards otherwise do not vest. In addition, the LTIP Committee may subject distributions paid on time-vested awards of restricted units and deferred units to such forfeiture and repayment obligations if the underlying awards are forfeited before they vest.

The restrictions and the restricted period may differ with respect to each grantee of an award. An award will be subject to forfeiture if events specified by the LTIP Committee occur before the lapse of the restrictions. Awards of restricted units and deferred units generally will be nontransferable during the restricted period or before satisfaction of any other restrictions applicable to the awards.





## **Table of Contents**

*Performance Units and Other Performance-Based Awards.* The LTIP Committee may award performance units and other performance-based awards in such amounts and upon such terms as the LTIP Committee may determine. Each grant of a performance-based award will have an initial value or target number of units that is established by the LTIP Committee at the time of grant. The LTIP Committee may set performance goals in its discretion which, depending on the extent to which they are met, will determine the value and number of performance units or other performance-based awards that will be paid out to a grantee. The performance goals generally will be based on one or more of the performance measures described below. Performance awards may be payable in cash, units, other awards under the LTIP or other property. The LTIP Committee will establish the performance periods for performance-based awards.

*Unit Appreciation Rights.* Unit appreciation rights may be granted in conjunction with all or a part of any option or other award granted under the LTIP, or without regard to any option or other award. The LTIP Committee will determine on the grant date the time or times at which and the circumstances under which a unit appreciation right may be exercised in whole or in part, the time or times at which and the circumstances under which a unit appreciation right will cease to be exercisable, the method of exercise, the method of settlement, the form of consideration payable in settlement, the method by which units payable as consideration will be delivered or deemed delivered to grantees, and any other terms or conditions of any unit appreciation right. Exercisability of unit appreciation rights may be subject to future service requirements, to the achievement of one or more of the performance measures described above or to such other terms and conditions as the LTIP Committee may impose. Upon exercise of a unit appreciation right, the holder will be entitled to receive, in the specified form of consideration, the excess of the fair market value of one unit on the exercise date over the grant price of the unit appreciation right, as determined by the LTIP Committee. The grant price of a unit appreciation right may not be less than the fair market value of a unit on the grant date.

Except in connection with a corporate transaction involving NEE Partners (including any distribution (whether in the form of cash, units, other securities or other property), split, extraordinary distribution, recapitalization, change in control, reorganization, merger, consolidation, split-up, spin-off, combination, repurchase or exchange of units or other securities or similar transaction), NEE Partners may not, without obtaining unitholder approval: (i) amend the terms of outstanding unit appreciation rights to reduce the exercise price of such outstanding unit appreciation rights; (ii) cancel outstanding unit appreciation rights in exchange for unit appreciation rights with an exercise price that is less than the exercise price of the original unit appreciation rights; or (iii) cancel outstanding unit appreciation rights with an exercise price above the current unit price in exchange for cash or other securities.

Awards of unit appreciation rights generally will be nontransferable, except for transfers by will or the laws of descent and distribution.

*Other Equity-Based Awards.* The LTIP Committee may grant other types of equity-based or equity-related awards, including the grant or offer for sale of unrestricted units, in such amounts and subject to such terms and conditions as the LTIP Committee may determine.

*Change in Control in which Awards are not Assumed.* Upon the occurrence of a Change in Control in which outstanding awards of options, unit appreciation rights, restricted unit, deferred units or other equity-based awards are not assumed or continued, the following provisions will apply to the awards:

Except with respect to performance-based awards, either of the following will occur:

all outstanding awards of restricted units and deferred units will be deemed to have vested, and the units subject to such deferred units will be delivered immediately before the Change in Control, and 15 days before the scheduled completion of the Change in Control, all outstanding options and unit appreciation rights will become immediately exercisable and will remain exercisable for a period of 15 days (subject to completion of the Change in Control); or

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**Table of Contents**

the LTIP Committee may elect to cancel any outstanding awards of options, restricted unit, deferred units and unit appreciation rights and require payment or delivery to the holders of such awards an amount in cash or securities having a value (as determined by the LTIP Committee): (i) in the case of restricted units and deferred units equal to the price per unit paid to holders of units under the Change in Control; and (ii) in the case of options or unit appreciation rights, equal to the product of the number of units subject to such options or unit appreciation rights multiplied by the amount, if any, by which (a) the price per unit paid to holders of units under the Change in Control exceeds (b) the option price per unit appreciation right price applicable to such options and unit appreciation rights.

For performance-based awards: (i) if less than half of the performance period has lapsed, the awards will be converted into restricted units or performance units assuming target performance has been achieved (or into unrestricted unit if no further restrictions apply); (ii) if at least half of the performance period has lapsed, the awards will be converted into restricted units or performance units based on actual performance to date (or into unrestricted units if no further restrictions apply); and (iii) if actual performance is not determinable, the awards will be converted into restricted units or performance units assuming target performance has been achieved, based on the discretion of the LTIP Committee (or into unrestricted unit if no further restrictions apply).

Other equity-based awards will be governed by the terms of the applicable award agreement.

*Change in Control in which Awards are Assumed.* Except as otherwise provided in the applicable award agreement, another agreement with the grantee, or another writing, upon the occurrence of a Change in Control in which outstanding awards of options, unit appreciation rights, restricted unit, deferred units or other equity-based awards are being assumed or continued, the LTIP and such awards (to the extent the awards are assumed or continued) will continue in the manner and under the terms specified in any writing providing for assumption or continuation of such awards, which may specify the substitution for such awards of new options, unit appreciation rights, restricted unit, common units and other equity-based awards relating to the units of a successor entity, or a parent or subsidiary thereof. In the event of such a substitution, appropriate adjustments will be made to the number of units subject to the original awards (disregarding any transaction consideration that is not units) and to option and unit appreciation right exercise prices.

*Definition of Change in Control.* The LTIP generally defines a *Change in Control* to mean the occurrence of any person, other than a person approved by the general partner, becoming the general partner of NEE Partners.

*U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences.* The following summarizes the U.S. federal income tax consequences of awards that may be granted under the LTIP.

*Options.* An option holder will not realize taxable income upon the grant of an option. When an option holder exercises the option, however, the difference between the exercise price of the option and the fair market value of the units subject to the option on the date of exercise will constitute compensation income taxable to the option holder. We will be entitled to a tax deduction equal to the amount of compensation income taxable to the option holder. If an option holder tenders units in payment of part or all of the exercise price of an option, no gain or loss will be recognized with respect to the units tendered. In such an event, the option holder will be treated as receiving an equivalent number of units under the exercise of the option in a nontaxable exchange. The tax basis of the units tendered will be treated as the substituted tax basis for an equivalent number of units received, and the units received will be treated as having been held for the same holding period as the holding period that expired with respect to the

tendered units. The difference between the aggregate exercise price and the aggregate fair market value of the units received under the exercise of the option will be taxed as ordinary income, just as if the option holder had paid the exercise price in cash.

**Table of Contents**

*Restricted Units.* A grantee of a restricted unit (an actual transfer of ownership interest) will not recognize any taxable income for U.S. federal income tax purposes in the year of the award if the unit subject to restrictions (that is, the restricted unit is nontransferable and subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture). The grantee, however, may elect under section 83(b) of the Code to recognize compensation income in the year of the award in an amount equal to the fair market value of the units on the date of the award, determined without regard to the restrictions, in which case we will be entitled to a tax deduction in the year of the grant and no tax deduction in the year of vesting. The grantee will have to find other assets to pay for the payroll tax withholding on an 83(b) election. If the grantee does not make such a section 83(b) election, the fair market value of the units on the date on which the restrictions lapse will be treated as compensation income to the grantee and will be taxable in the year in which the restrictions lapse. We will be entitled to a deduction for compensation paid equal to the amount treated as compensation income to the grantee in the year in which the grantee is taxed on the income.

*Deferred Units and Performance-Based Awards.* A distribution of units or a payment of cash in satisfaction of deferred units or a performance-based award will be taxable as ordinary income when the distribution or payment is actually or constructively received by the recipient. The amount taxable as ordinary income is the aggregate fair market value of the unit determined as of the date it is received or, in the case of a cash award, the amount of the cash payment. We will be entitled to deduct the amount of such payments when such payments are taxable as compensation to the recipient.

*Unit Appreciation Rights.* The grant of unit appreciation rights will not result in taxable income to the holder. Upon exercise of a unit appreciation right, the holder will recognize ordinary income in an amount equal to the cash or the fair market value of the unit received by the holder. We will be entitled to a deduction equal to the amount of any compensation income taxable to the grantee.

*Unrestricted unit.* A holder of unrestricted units will be required to recognize ordinary income in an amount equal to the fair market value of the units on the date of the award, reduced by the amount, if any, paid for such units. We will be entitled a tax deduction in the amount of any compensation income taxable to the grantee. Upon the holder's disposition of the unrestricted units, any gain realized in excess of the amount reported as ordinary income will be reportable by the holder as a capital gain, and any loss will be reportable as a capital loss. Capital gain or loss will be long-term if the holder has held the units for more than one year. Otherwise, the capital gain or loss will be short-term.

*Tax Withholding.* Payment of the taxes imposed on awards made under the LTIP may be made by withholding from payments otherwise due and owing to the holder.

**Table of Contents****SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT**

The following table sets forth the beneficial ownership of our units that will be owned upon the completion of this offering by:

each person known by us to be a beneficial owner of more than 5% of the units;

each of the directors and director nominees of our general partner;

each of our general partner's named executive officers; and

all of our general partner's directors and executive officers as a group.

The amounts and percentage of units beneficially owned are reported on the basis of regulations of the SEC governing the determination of beneficial ownership of securities. Under the rules of the SEC, a person is deemed to be a beneficial owner of a security if that person has or shares voting power, which includes the power to vote or to direct the voting of such security, or investment power, which includes the power to dispose of or to direct the disposition of such security. Except as indicated by footnote, the persons named in the table below have sole voting and investment power with respect to all of the units shown as beneficially owned by them, subject to community property laws where applicable.

The following table does not include any common units that directors, director nominees and executive officers may purchase in this offering through the directed unit program described under Underwriting. Percentage of total units to be beneficially owned after this offering is based on common units outstanding after this offering and assumes that the Special Voting Units are common units. The table also assumes that the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units is not exercised.

Name of Beneficial Owner <sup>(1)</sup>	Common Units To Be	
	Beneficially Owned	Percentage of Common Units To Be Beneficially Owned
NextEra <sup>(2)</sup>	76,877,500	82.6%
James L. Robo		*
Moray P. Dewhurst		*
Armando Pimentel, Jr.		*
Charles E. Sieving		*
Chris N. Froggatt		*
Paul I. Cutler		*
All directors and executive officers as a group (nine persons)		*

- \* Less than 1%.
- (1) Unless otherwise indicated, the address for all beneficial owners in this table is c/o NextEra Energy Partners, LP, 700 Universe Boulevard, Juno Beach, Florida 33408, Attn: Corporate Secretary.
- (2) Following this offering, NEE Equity will hold the non-economic Special Voting Units that will provide NEE Equity with an aggregate number of votes on certain matters that may be submitted for a vote of our common unitholders that is equal to the aggregate number of common units of NEE Operating LP held by NEE Equity on the relevant record date. See Prospectus Summary Organizational Structure.



**Table of Contents**

**CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

**O&M Agreements**

*U.S. Projects*

*Wind*

The U.S. Wind Project Entities entered into O&M agreements with NEOS, dated as of the following dates:

with respect to Elk City Wind, LLC, May 21, 2009;

with respect to Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC, April 12, 2009;

with respect to Perrin Ranch Wind, LLC, August 23, 2012 (with an effective date of June 29, 2012); and

with respect to Tuscola Bay Wind, LLC, August 22, 2012 (each, a U.S. Wind O&M Agreement and collectively, the U.S. Wind O&M Agreements ).

*Term.* Each of the U.S. Wind O&M Agreements has a term of 20 years, which will be automatically extended for an additional five-year period unless the applicable U.S. Wind Project Entity provides prior notice to NEOS that it does not wish the term to be automatically extended.

*Services.* NEOS provides all day-to-day O&M, including:

maintaining care, custody and control over each project;

performing the obligations of each U.S. Wind Project Entity under its PPA(s);

hiring, training and supervising all employees pertaining to O&M at the project and project site and providing all necessary technical and engineering support;

providing all materials, supplies, parts, equipment, vehicles and other items necessary for normal O&M;

maintaining, controlling and storing inventory;

performing inspections of the project;

scheduling and managing all outages and maintenance shutdowns;

performing tear-downs and major overhauls of major equipment;

performing on-site management and disposal of all wastes;

providing notice to the applicable U.S. Wind Project Entity in the event of an emergency and taking action to prevent or mitigate damage, injury or loss;

using good faith efforts to maximize revenue from the production of power, subject to reasonable limitations;

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**Table of Contents**

keeping and maintaining books and records of all O&M, including operating logs, maintenance reports and regulatory records;

obtaining and maintaining all necessary approvals, permits and licenses; and

ensuring compliance with all applicable laws, regulations, standards, warranties, manuals and other requirements.

NEOS must provide each U.S. Wind Project Entity for its review a proposed annual budget no later than 90 days prior to the beginning of each operating year, which budget will be agreed between NEOS and the U.S. Wind Project Entity.

*Compensation.* In consideration for the performance of O&M, NEOS receives a fixed annual fee paid in monthly installments. The annual fee for each project was \$1,250 for each MW of nameplate capacity for the first year of the term of the applicable U.S. Wind O&M Agreement and is adjusted annually based on the U.S. CPI. In addition to the fixed annual fee, NEOS is entitled to be reimbursed for those reasonable and actual direct costs that are incurred by NEOS in the performance of its duties, including direct labor costs and employee bonuses, maintenance costs, equipment rentals, parts and supplies and costs of consultants and subcontractors. These costs are reimbursable to the extent set forth in an annual budget approved by the applicable U.S. Wind Project Entity and NEOS for those costs or otherwise approved by the U.S. Wind Project Entity prior to the incurrence of such costs. Each of the U.S. Wind O&M Agreements also requires that the applicable U.S. Wind Project Entity provide, or pay for costs incurred by NEOS, for utility services consumed by the project, including any natural gas consumed, energy purchased or water supplied to the project. For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, NEOS received a total of approximately \$164,000 and \$645,000, respectively, in compensation under the U.S. Wind O&M Agreements, which includes payments in respect of service fees.

*Termination.* Each U.S. Wind Project Entity or NEOS may terminate the applicable U.S. Wind O&M Agreement if there is a material default by the other party that is not cured during the applicable cure period. In addition, each U.S. Wind Project Entity may terminate its U.S. Wind O&M Agreement if any of the following events occurs:

a voluntary winding-up of NEOS commenced by NEOS;

an involuntary winding-up instituted against NEOS that is not stayed, dismissed or terminated within 90 days after commencement;

an event of force majeure affecting NEOS performance of the agreed services for the applicable period; or

for convenience upon 180 days prior written notice to NEOS.

NEOS may also terminate the agreement if any of the following events occur:

a payment default by the applicable U.S. Wind Project Entity that is not cured during the cure period;

a voluntary winding-up of the applicable U.S. Wind Project Entity;

an involuntary winding-up instituted against the applicable U.S. Wind Project Entity that is not stayed, dismissed or terminated within 90 days after commencement;

the failure of the applicable U.S. Wind Project Entity to be an affiliate of NEOS;

**Table of Contents**

the failure of the applicable U.S. Wind Project Entity or any affiliate of NEOS to own all or substantially all of the assets and properties included in the U.S. Wind Project Entity's project, by reason of the exercise of remedies of secured parties under financing agreements.

*Solar*

Genesis Solar, LLC entered into an O&M agreement (the "Genesis O&M Agreement"), dated as of August 22, 2011, with NEOS.

*Term.* The Genesis O&M Agreement has a term of 30 years, which will be automatically extended for an additional five-year period unless Genesis Solar, LLC provides prior notice to NEOS that it does not wish the term to be automatically extended.

*Services.* NEOS provides all day-to-day O&M, including:

maintaining care, custody and control over the project;

performing the obligations of Genesis Solar, LLC under the PPA;

hiring, training and supervising all employees pertaining to O&M at the project and project site and providing all necessary technical and engineering support;

providing all materials, supplies, parts, equipment, vehicles and other items necessary for normal O&M;

maintaining, controlling and storing inventory;

performing inspections of the project;

scheduling and managing all outages and maintenance shutdowns;

performing teardowns and major overhauls of major equipment;

performing on-site management of and disposal of all wastes;

providing notice to Genesis Solar, LLC in the event of an emergency and taking action to prevent or mitigate damage, injury or loss;

using good faith efforts to maximize revenue from the production of power by the project, subject to reasonable limitations;

keeping and maintaining books and records of all O&M relating to the project, including operating logs, maintenance reports and regulatory records;

obtaining and maintaining all necessary approvals, permits and licenses;

ensuring compliance with all applicable laws, regulations, standards, warranties, manuals and other requirements;

cooperating with Genesis Solar, LLC in connection with obtaining financing for the project; and

using and controlling the shared interconnection facilities as necessary to perform the services.

NEOS must provide to Genesis Solar, LLC for its review a proposed annual budget no later than 120 days prior to the beginning of each operating year, which budget will be agreed between NEOS and Genesis Solar, LLC.

**Table of Contents**

*Compensation.* In consideration for the performance of O&M, NEOS receives a fixed annual fee paid in monthly installments. The annual fee was \$1,000,000 in 2013 and is adjusted annually based on the U.S. CPI. In addition to the fixed annual fee, NEOS is entitled to be reimbursed for those reasonable and actual direct costs that are incurred by NEOS in the performance of its duties, including direct labor costs and employee bonuses, maintenance costs, equipment rentals, parts and supplies and costs of consultants and subcontractors. These costs are reimbursable to the extent set forth in an annual budget approved by Genesis Solar, LLC and NEOS for those costs or otherwise approved by Genesis Solar, LLC prior to the incurrence of such costs. The Genesis O&M Agreement also requires that Genesis Solar, LLC provide, or pay for costs incurred by NEOS, for utility services consumed by the Genesis project, including any natural gas consumed, energy purchased or water supplied to the project. For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, NEOS received a total of approximately \$251,000 and \$83,000, respectively, in compensation under the Genesis O&M Agreement, which includes payment in respect of the services fee.

*Termination.* Either party may terminate the Genesis O&M Agreement if there is a material default thereunder by the other party that is not cured during the applicable cure period. In addition, Genesis Solar, LLC may terminate the Genesis O&M Agreement if any of the following events occur:

a voluntary winding-up of NEOS;

an involuntary winding-up instituted against NEOS that is not stayed, dismissed or terminated within 90 days after commencement; or

an event of force majeure affecting NEOS performance of the agreed services for the applicable period.

NEOS may also terminate the agreement if any of the following events occur:

a payment default by Genesis Solar, LLC that is not cured during the cure period;

a voluntary winding-up of Genesis Solar, LLC;

an involuntary winding-up instituted against Genesis Solar, LLC that is not stayed, dismissed or terminated within 90 days after commencement; or

the failure of NEER or an affiliate to control Genesis directly or indirectly.

***Canadian Projects***

Each of the Canadian Project Entities entered into an O&M agreement with NECOS, dated as of the following dates:

with respect to the Conestogo Project Entity, November 16, 2012;

with respect to the Summerhaven Project Entity, August 2, 2013;

with respect to the Sombra Project Entity, April 27, 2012;

with respect to the Moore Project Entity, April 27, 2012; and

with respect to the Bluewater Project Entity, June 10, 2014 (each, a Canadian O&M Agreement and collectively, the Canadian O&M Agreements ).



**Table of Contents**

*Term.* The Canadian O&M Agreement for each of Moore and Sombra has a term of 25 years and the Canadian O&M Agreement for each of Summerhaven, Conestogo and Bluewater has a term of 20 years. The initial term for each Canadian O&M Agreement will be automatically extended for an additional five-year period unless the applicable Canadian Project Entity provides prior notice to NECOS that it does not wish the term to be automatically extended.

*Services.* NECOS provides all day-to-day O&M, including:

maintaining care, custody and control over the project;

performing the obligations of the applicable Canadian Project Entity under its respective FIT or RESOP Contract;

hiring, training and supervising all employees pertaining to O&M at the project and project site and providing all necessary technical and engineering support;

providing all materials, supplies, parts, equipment, vehicles and other items necessary for normal O&M;

maintaining, controlling and storing the inventory;

performing inspections of the project;

scheduling and managing all outages and maintenance shutdowns;

performing teardowns and major overhauls of major equipment;

performing on-site management of and disposal of all wastes;

providing notice to the applicable Canadian Project Entity in the event of an emergency and taking action to prevent or mitigate damage, injury or loss;

using good faith efforts to maximize revenue from the production of power, subject to reasonable limitations;

keeping and maintaining books and records of all O&M, including operating logs, maintenance reports and regulatory records;

obtaining and maintaining all necessary approvals, permits and licenses; and

ensuring compliance with all applicable laws, regulations, standards, warranties, manuals and other requirements.

NECOS must provide each Canadian Project Entity for its review a proposed annual budget no later than 90 days prior to the beginning of each operating year, which budget will be agreed between NECOS and the applicable Canadian Project Entity.

*Compensation.* In consideration for the performance of O&M, NECOS will receive an annual fee, paid in monthly installments, as full compensation for all costs NECOS incurs in supporting the project (other than reimbursable costs). The annual fee was CAD 1,250 and CAD 1,497 for our Canadian wind and solar projects, respectively, for each MW of nameplate capacity for the first year of the term of the applicable Canadian O&M Agreement and is adjusted annually based on the Canada CPI. In addition to

**Table of Contents**

the fixed annual fee, NECOS is entitled to be reimbursed for those reasonable and actual direct costs that are incurred by NECOS in the performance of its duties, including direct labor costs and employee bonuses, maintenance costs, equipment rentals, parts and supplies and costs of consultants and subcontractors. The aforementioned costs are reimbursable to the extent set forth in an annual budget approved by the applicable Canadian Project Entity and NECOS or otherwise approved by the Canadian Project Entity prior to the incurrence of such costs. For the three months ended March 31, 2014, and for the year ended December 31, 2013, NECOS received a total of approximately CAD 74,000 and CAD 892,000, respectively, in compensation under the Canadian O&M Agreements, which includes payments in respect of services fees and reimbursement for expenses.

*Termination.* Each Canadian Project Entity or NECOS may terminate the applicable Canadian O&M Agreement if there is a material default by the other party that is not cured during the applicable cure period. In addition, each Canadian Project Entity may terminate its Canadian O&M Agreement if any of the following events occur:

a voluntary winding-up of NECOS;

an involuntary winding-up instituted against NECOS that is not stayed, dismissed or terminated within 90 days after commencement;

an event of force majeure affecting NECOS performance of the agreed services for the applicable period; or

with respect to each Canadian Project Entity other than the Bluewater Project Entity, for convenience upon 180 days prior written notice to NECOS.

In addition, NECOS may terminate the applicable Canadian O&M Agreement if any of the following events occur:

a payment default by the applicable Canadian Project Entity that is not cured during the cure period;

a voluntary winding-up of the applicable Canadian Project Entity;

an involuntary winding-up of the applicable Canadian Project Entity that is not terminated within 90 days after commencement;

upon 180 days notice if the applicable Canadian Project Entity fails to remain an affiliate of NECOS; or

upon 180 days notice if the applicable Canadian Project Entity or any other affiliate of NECOS ceases to own all or substantially all of the assets and properties included in the Canadian Project

Entity's project, by reason of the exercise of remedies of secured parties under financing agreements.

**Administrative Services Agreements**

Each of the U.S. Project Entities, Canyon Wind, Mountain Prairie and Genesis Solar Funding, LLC entered into an ASA with NEER, dated as of the following dates:

with respect to Genesis Solar, LLC, August 22, 2011;

with respect to Elk City Wind, LLC, May 21, 2009, and amended as of February 22, 2010;

**Table of Contents**

with respect to Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC, April 10, 2009;

with respect to Perrin Ranch Wind, LLC, August 23, 2012 (with an effective date of June 29, 2012;

with respect to Tuscola Bay Wind, LLC, August 23, 2012;

with respect to Canyon Wind, August 23, 2012;

with respect to Mountain Prairie Wind, February 22, 2010; and

with respect to Genesis Solar Funding, LLC, June 13, 2014 (each, a U.S. Project ASA and collectively, the U.S. Project ASAs ).

*Term.* Each of the U.S. Project ASAs, except the U.S. Project ASA for each of Genesis Solar, LLC and Genesis Solar Funding LLC, has a term of 20 years, which will be extended for additional five-year periods, unless the applicable U.S. Project Entity or Canyon Wind or Mountain Prairie, as applicable, informs NEER in writing that it does not intend to extend the term of the agreement. The U.S. Project ASA for each of Genesis Solar, LLC and Genesis Solar Funding, LLC has a term of 25 years, which will be extended for an additional five-year period, unless Genesis Solar, LLC or Genesis Solar Funding LLC, respectively, informs NEER in writing that it does not intend to extend the term of the agreement.

*Services.* NEER provides administrative services for the projects including:

monitoring O&M;

collecting amounts due to each U.S. Project Entity with respect to its project, to Canyon Wind with respect to its ownership interests in Tuscola Bay and Perrin Ranch, to Mountain Prairie with respect to the operation of Northern Colorado and Elk City, or to Genesis Solar Funding, LLC with respect to its financing agreements;

using funds of the applicable U.S. Project Entity, Canyon Wind, Mountain Prairie or Genesis Solar Funding, LLC to pay costs, expenses and obligations, including tax obligations, of the U.S. Project Entity with respect to the project or, with respect to Genesis Solar Funding, LLC, to make payments in accordance with its financing agreements;

administering the performance of the obligations of each U.S. Project Entity, Canyon Wind and Mountain Prairie under applicable project agreements and performing all acts and preparing all deliverables necessary for each U.S. Project Entity, Canyon Wind and Mountain Prairie to comply with its obligations under such project agreements;

administering the performance of the obligations of Genesis Solar Funding, LLC under its financing agreements;

negotiating contracts for the operation of each project;

maintaining insurance;

arranging for appropriate representation of each U.S. Project Entity, Canyon Wind and Mountain Prairie before any governmental authority and arranging for the issuance and maintenance of any permits required by the projects, or with respect to Canyon Wind, required by Canyon Wind for its ownership interests in the projects;

**Table of Contents**

maintaining the principal office and the registered office and agent of each U.S. Project Entity, Canyon Wind, Mountain Prairie and Genesis Solar Funding, LLC and maintaining the books and records not maintained under the U.S. Wind O&M Agreement or the Genesis O&M Agreement;

maintaining the existence of each U.S. Project Entity, Canyon Wind, Mountain Prairie and Genesis Solar Funding, LLC and each of their qualification to do business and their registration;

preparing and delivering reports required under project agreements;

preparing and delivering audited financial statements;

releasing work activities, authorizing expenditures and paying invoices in accordance with the budget;

maintaining bank accounts in the name of each U.S. Project Entity, Canyon Wind, Mountain Prairie and Genesis Solar Funding, LLC, making investments as directed by the applicable U.S. Project Entity or Canyon Wind, Mountain Prairie or Genesis Solar Funding, LLC, as applicable, and making disbursements in accordance with the project agreements and financing agreements;

engaging professional consultants;

preparing tax returns; and

performing all duties related or services incidental to all such duties.

*Compensation.* In consideration for the performance of the services, NEER will receive an annual fee, which will be the full and complete compensation for all costs incurred by NEER in performing administrative services, except for all out of pocket expenses for which NEER is entitled to reimbursement from the U.S. Project Entity or Canyon Wind, Mountain Prairie or Genesis Solar Funding, LLC. The annual fee payable under each of the U.S. Project ASAs in 2013 was:

with respect to Genesis Solar, LLC, \$125,000;

with respect to Elk City Wind, LLC, \$136,000;

with respect to Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC, \$143,000;

with respect to Perrin Ranch Wind, LLC, \$128,000;

with respect to Tuscola Bay Wind, LLC, \$128,000;

with respect to Canyon Wind, \$128,000, and

with respect to Mountain Prairie, \$134,000.

These amounts are adjusted annually based on the U.S. CPI in each case. For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, NEER received a total of approximately \$228,000 and \$2,683,000, respectively, in compensation under the U.S. Project ASAs, which includes payments in respect of administrative fees and reimbursement for expenses.



**Table of Contents**

*Termination.* Each U.S. Project Entity, Canyon Wind, Mountain Prairie or Genesis Solar Funding, LLC may terminate its U.S. Project ASA with or without cause, but if without cause, only upon 90 days prior written notice to NEER. NEER may terminate a U.S. Project ASA without cause upon 180 days prior written notice to the applicable U.S. Project Entity if:

the U.S. Project Entity, Canyon Wind, Mountain Prairie or Genesis Solar Funding, LLC or an affiliate ceases to own all or substantially all of the assets included in the project; or

the U.S. Project Entity, Canyon Wind, Mountain Prairie or Genesis Solar Funding, LLC is no longer an affiliate of NEER or its permitted assigns.

In addition, NEER is permitted to terminate a U.S. Project ASA upon a voluntary winding-up of the applicable U.S. Project Entity.

***Canadian Projects***

Other than the Bluewater Project Entity, each of the Canadian Project Entities, St. Clair Holding and Trillium entered into an ASA with NEEC as of the following applicable date, which was subsequently assigned by NEEC to NECOS on May 17, 2014, and the Bluewater Project Entity entered into an ASA with NECOS as of the following applicable date:

with respect to the Summerhaven Project Entity, September 13, 2013;

with respect to the Conestogo Project Entity, September 13, 2013;

with respect to the Moore Project Entity, April 27, 2012;

with respect to the Sombra Project Entity, April 27, 2012;

with respect to St. Clair Holding, April 27, 2012, and to which St. Clair LP was added as a party on June 13, 2014;

with respect to Trillium, December 12, 2013; and

with respect to Bluewater, June 10, 2014 (each, a Canadian ASA and, collectively, the Canadian ASAs ).  
*Term.* Each of the Canadian ASAs has a term of 20 years, which may be automatically extended for additional five-year periods from the initial expiration date, unless the Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities, or Trillium informs NECOS in writing that it does not, or they do not, intend to extend the term of the agreement.

*Services.* NECOS provides administrative services for the projects including:

monitoring O&M;

collecting amounts due to the applicable Canadian Project Entity with respect to its project or to the St. Clair Entities or Trillium with respect to its or their indirect ownership interest in Moore and Sombra;

using funds of the applicable Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities and Trillium to pay costs, expenses and obligations, including tax obligations, of the applicable Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities and Trillium with respect to the project;

**Table of Contents**

administering the performance of project agreements and performing all acts and preparing all deliverables necessary for each applicable Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities and Trillium to comply with its or their obligations under such project agreements;

negotiating contracts for the operation of each project;

maintaining insurance;

arranging for appropriate representation of the applicable Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities and Trillium before any governmental authority and arranging for the issuance and maintenance of any permits required by the project, or with respect to the St. Clair Entities, required for their indirect ownership interests in Moore and Sombra or, with respect to Trillium, required for its indirect ownership interests in Conestogo and Summerhaven; excluding permits that are the responsibility of NECOS under the Canadian O&M Agreement;

maintaining the principal office and the registered office and agent of the applicable Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities and Trillium, and maintaining the books and records not maintained under the Canadian O&M Agreement;

maintaining the existence of the applicable Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities and Trillium, its or their qualification to do business and its registration;

preparing and delivering reports required under project agreements;

preparing and delivering audited financial statements;

releasing work activities, authorizing expenditures and paying invoices in accordance with the budget;

maintaining bank accounts in the name of each applicable Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities and Trillium, making investments as directed by the applicable Canadian Project Entity and making disbursements in accordance with the project agreements and financing agreements;

engaging professional consultants;

preparing tax returns; and

performing all duties related or services incidental to all such duties.

*Compensation.* In consideration for the performance of the services, NECOS will receive an annual fee, which will be the full and complete compensation for all costs incurred by NECOS in performing administrative services, except for all out of pocket expenses for which NECOS is entitled to reimbursement from the Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities and Trillium. The annual fee payable under each of the Canadian ASAs is:

with respect to each of the Summerhaven Project Entity, the Conestogo Project Entity and Trillium, CAD 150,000; and

with respect to each of the Moore Project Entity, the Sombra Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities and the Bluewater Project Entity, CAD 125,000,

## **Table of Contents**

which amounts are adjusted annually based on the Canada CPI.

For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, NEEC received a total of approximately CAD 231,000 and CAD 1,273,000, respectively, in compensation under the Canadian ASAs, which includes payments in respect of administrative fees and reimbursement for expenses.

*Termination.* Each Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities and Trillium may terminate the applicable Canadian ASA at any time with or without cause, but if without cause, only upon 90 days prior written notice to NECOS. NECOS may terminate a Canadian ASA without cause upon 180 days prior written notice to the applicable Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities or Trillium if:

the applicable Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities, Trillium or any affiliate ceases to own all or substantially all or, with respect to the St. Clair Entities and Trillium, ceases to directly or indirectly own all or substantially all, of the assets included in the project; or

the applicable Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities or Trillium is no longer an affiliate of NECOS or its permitted assigns.

In addition, NECOS is permitted to terminate a Canadian ASA upon a voluntary winding-up of the Canadian Project Entity, the St. Clair Entities or Trillium that is the counterparty to that Canadian ASA.

On June 13, 2014, St. Clair LP was added as a party to the ASA with respect to St. Clair Holding and will receive administrative services from NECOS on the same terms and conditions pursuant to which St. Clair Holding receives administrative services from NECOS thereunder.

## **Shared Facilities Agreements**

Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC entered into an Amended and Restated Shared Facilities Agreement (the Northern Colorado SFA ) dated March 11, 2010, with PLI, Logan Wind and Peetz Table. PLI, Logan Wind and Peetz Table are each indirect subsidiaries of NextEra Energy, Inc.

*Term and Termination.* The Northern Colorado SFA will continue in effect until terminated by mutual agreement of the parties or without further action by any party on the date that all parties or their successors and assigns permanently cease operation of the applicable projects for the production or transmission of energy.

*Facilities and Access.* Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC is granted the right to access and use certain shared transmission facilities, including the transmission facilities operation, maintenance and administration building and the on-site control room and related equipment. Such right of access and use may be restricted or suspended if a force majeure event occurs that prevents a party from fulfilling its obligations (other than for payment obligations) under the Northern Colorado SFA or a material breach occurs that is not cured within 30 days after the breaching party receives notice from any other party of such breach. In the event of such a breach, the party that gives notice of such breach may:

cure the breach on behalf of the breaching party

suspend the breaching party's access to the shared facilities for so long as the default continues uncured, provided, that if a non-breaching party cures such a breach, the breaching party is required, upon demand, to reimburse such party the reasonable costs of curing such breach.

**Table of Contents**

*Changes in Ownership or Law.* If the membership interests of Peetz Table, Logan, Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC and PLI are not at least 50% beneficially owned by the same indirect or direct parent, the parties are required to

negotiate and implement a mutually acceptable ownership structure for the shared facilities that allows for the common ownership of such facilities; and

execute a mutually agreeable agreement that recognizes such common ownership and satisfies any applicable regulatory requirements.

If a change in law or regulations necessitates an amendment of the Northern Colorado SFA, the parties are required to negotiate a mutually agreeable amendment.

*Shared Costs.* The costs and expenses incurred in the operation and maintenance of the shared facilities are shared equally among Peetz Table, Logan, Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC and PLI. Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC is not required to pay any fees in addition to such costs and expenses. For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, Northern Colorado Wind's share of such costs and expenses was \$12,607 and \$71,165, respectively.

Genesis Solar, LLC entered into a Shared Facilities Agreement (the Genesis SFA), dated August 12, 2011, with NextEra Desert Center Blythe, LLC and McCoy Solar, LLC, each of which is an indirect subsidiary of NextEra Energy, Inc.

*Term and Termination.* The Genesis SFA will continue in effect until terminated:

by mutual agreement of the parties;

without further action by any party on the date that all parties or their successors and assigns permanently cease operation of the applicable projects for the production or transmission of electric energy; or

upon the occurrence of a material default under the Genesis SFA, as noted below.

*Facilities and Access.* Genesis Solar, LLC is granted the right to access and use certain shared transmission facilities. At this time, use of certain proposed shared transmission facilities is not deemed necessary for the interconnection of Genesis, so they have not yet been constructed and they are unlikely to be constructed in the foreseeable future. Such right of access and use may be restricted or suspended if a force majeure event occurs that prevents a party from fulfilling its obligations (other than payment obligations) under the Genesis SFA or a material breach occurs that is not cured within 30 days after the breaching party receives notice from any other party of such breach. In the event of such a breach, the party that gives notice of such breach may:

cure the breach on behalf of the breaching party;

suspend the breaching party's access to the shared facilities owned by such notifying party for so long as the default continues uncured; or

terminate the Genesis SFA; provided, that in the event of a material breach that could result in another party being in breach of the interconnection agreement, the non-breaching party can cure the breach or suspend the breaching party's access to the facilities owned by such party without providing the breaching party notice and the opportunity to cure.



## **Table of Contents**

If a non-breaching party cures such a breach, the breaching party is required, upon demand, to reimburse such party for the reasonable costs of curing such breach.

*Change in Law.* If a change in law or regulations necessitates an amendment of the Genesis SFA, to satisfy any regulatory requirements, the parties are required to negotiate a mutually agreeable amendment.

*Shared Costs.* The costs of operating and maintaining the Genesis shared facilities are shared equally between Genesis Solar, LLC and McCoy Solar, LLC, each of which owns a fifty percent membership interest in the entity that owns the shared facilities (NextEra Desert Center Blythe, LLC). Each of Genesis Solar, LLC and McCoy Solar, LLC is liable for the retail station power service of its respective project. For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, Genesis Solar, LLC did not have any costs operating, maintaining and insuring the shared facilities.

The Bluewater Project Entity entered into a Shared Facilities Agreement (the Bluewater SFA ), dated June 10, 2014, with Goshen Wind, LP, an indirect subsidiary of NextEra Energy, Inc.

*Term and Termination.* The Bluewater SFA will continue in effect until terminated:

by mutual agreement of the parties; or

without further action by either party upon the earlier to occur of (i) the date that either of the parties or their successors and assigns permanently cease operation of its respective project for the production of electric energy, or (ii) the date the lease agreement for the operations and maintenance building and warehouse leased by the Bluewater Project Entity for Bluewater terminates.

*Facilities and Access.* Goshen Wind, LP is granted the right to access and use the operations and maintenance building and warehouse leased by the Bluewater Project Entity for Bluewater, certain equipment owned by the Bluewater Project Entity, including vehicles and office equipment, and miscellaneous onsite communications equipment used by the Bluewater Project Entity. The right of access to and use of such building and equipment is granted to the extent Goshen Wind, LP's access and use do not (i) limit in any material respect the Bluewater Project Entity's ability to perform its obligations under any agreement it has entered into or (ii) adversely affect the operations or profitability of the Bluewater Project Entity in any material respect.

*Changes in Ownership or Law.*

If the membership interests of the Bluewater Project Entity and Goshen Wind, LP are not at least 50% beneficially owned by the same indirect or direct parent, the parties are required to negotiate and implement a mutually acceptable ownership structure for the shared facilities that allows for the common ownership of such facilities; and execute a mutually agreeable agreement that recognizes such common ownership.

If a change in law or regulations necessitates an amendment of the Bluewater SFA, to satisfy any regulatory requirements, the parties are required to negotiate a mutually agreeable amendment.

*Shared Costs.* 40% of the costs of operating and maintaining the shared facilities are allocated to the Bluewater Project Entity and 60% of such costs are allocated to Goshen Wind, LP.



## **Table of Contents**

### **Transmission Services Agreement**

Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC entered into an Amended and Restated Transmission Services Agreement dated January 18, 2010, with PLI, an indirect subsidiary of NextEra Energy, Inc. (the Northern Colorado TSA ).

*Term.* The Northern Colorado TSA will continue in effect until December 31, 2032 and will be automatically extended for successive one-year periods unless Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC provides prior notice to PLI that it does not wish the term to be automatically extended.

*Services.* PLI provides transmission service for Northern Colorado from PLI's transmission line to the PSCo transmission system.

*Compensation.* Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC pays PLI a monthly transmission service charge to compensate PLI for operating and maintaining the transmission line. Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC also pays PLI any sales or use taxes payable by PLI with respect to the transmission services performed under the Northern Colorado TSA. For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, PLI received a total of approximately \$0.5 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, in compensation under the Northern Colorado TSA.

*Termination.* Either party to the Northern Colorado TSA may terminate the Northern Colorado TSA upon the other party's payment default or failure to perform any other material term in the Northern Colorado TSA that is not cured during the applicable cure period and the later of: (i) after notice is given; or (ii) filing with FERC of a notice of termination.

### **New Project Adverse Effect Agreement**

Perrin Ranch Wind, LLC and Tuscola Bay Wind, LLC each entered into a New NextEra Energy Resources Project Adverse Effect Agreement, dated September 27, 2012, with NEER (collectively, the Adverse Effect Agreements ). Under the Adverse Effect Agreements, each of Perrin Ranch Wind, LLC and Tuscola Bay Wind, LLC agrees that NEER or any of NEER's affiliates may construct a new wind farm or expansion of an existing wind farm:

located within 2.5 miles of any of its project's wind turbines; or

which has the right to use any transmission, interconnection or other facilities of its project (a New NextEra Project ), provided that if it is determined by a curtailment consultant that such New NextEra Project will have a detrimental effect on Perrin Ranch or Tuscola Bay, as applicable, upon the commencement of operations at such New NextEra Project, the New NextEra Project will agree to be curtailed prior to the curtailment of Perrin Ranch or Tuscola Bay, as applicable.

NEER has also agreed that prior to the transfer to a non-affiliate of any direct or indirect interest in an affiliate of NEER that has the right to construct a New NextEra Project the non-affiliate will be required to become a party to the applicable Adverse Effect Agreement.

### **Genesis Technical Support and Services Agreement**

Genesis Solar, LLC entered into a Technical Support and Services Agreement, dated August 22, 2011, with NEER (the Genesis Technical Support and Services Agreement ).

*Term and Termination.* The Genesis Technical Support and Services Agreement may be terminated by either party at any time by giving the other party prior written notice of the effective date of the termination.

**Table of Contents**

*Services.* NEER:

arranges for the provision of services performed by third parties;

pays for travel related expenses and other incidental expenses incurred in connection with the provision of services, for which expenses it is reimbursed;

provides project siting and development services;

provides engineering services; and

provides construction and construction management services.

*Compensation.* NEER is reimbursed for the costs charged by third parties for the provision of third party services and is reimbursed for the actual cost of all other services provided. For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, the amount due to NEER under the Genesis Technical Support and Services Agreement was \$1.2 million and \$12.9 million, respectively, consisting of reimbursements for third-party expenses and the cost of services provided.

**Management Services Agreement**

In connection with this offering, we, NEE Operating GP and NEE Operating LP will enter into the Management Services Agreement with NEE Management, under which NEE Management, will agree to provide or arrange for other service providers, including affiliates of NextEra, to provide management, operational and administration services to our subsidiaries and us.

The following is a summary of certain provisions of our Management Services Agreement and is qualified in its entirety by reference to all of the provisions of such agreement. Because this description is only a summary of the Management Services Agreement, it does not necessarily contain all of the information that you may find useful. We therefore urge you to review the Management Services Agreement in its entirety. A copy of the form of Management Services Agreement has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

Concurrently with the execution of the Management Services Agreement, NEE Management will enter into the Management Sub-Contract with NEER, under which NEER will provide or arrange all services to us contemplated under the Management Services Agreement. Additionally, NEE Management will pay NEER a fee equal to the management fee received by NEE Management under the Management Services Agreement.

***Services Rendered***

Under the Management Services Agreement, NEE Management or certain of its affiliates will provide or arrange for the provision by an appropriate service provider of the following services:

causing or supervising the carrying out of all day-to-day management, secretarial, accounting, banking, treasury, legal, administrative, human resources, liaison, representative, regulatory and reporting functions and obligations;

supervising the establishment and maintenance of books and records;

where requested to do so, identifying, evaluating and recommending to our subsidiaries and us maintenance capital expenditures, expansion capital expenditures, acquisitions or dispositions from time-to-time and assisting in negotiating the terms thereof;

**Table of Contents**

recommending and, where requested to do so, assisting in the raising of funds whether by way of debt, equity or otherwise, including the preparation, review or distribution of any prospectus or offering memorandum in respect thereof and assisting with communications support in connection therewith;

recommending to our subsidiaries and us suitable candidates to serve on the boards of directors or their equivalents of our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement and us;

making recommendations with respect to the exercise of any voting rights to which our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement and we are entitled in respect of their and our respective subsidiaries;

making recommendations with respect to the payment of distributions by our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement and us, including distributions by NEE Partners and NEE Operating LP to holders of their respective common units;

making recommendations with respect to the hiring, and monitoring and providing oversight of, accounting, financial or legal advisors and technical, commercial, marketing and other independent experts;

managing litigation or commencing litigation after consulting with, and subject to the approval of, our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement or us;

attending to all matters necessary for any reorganization, bankruptcy proceedings, dissolution or winding up of our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement or us, subject to approval by the relevant board of directors or its equivalent;

causing or supervising the timely preparation and filing of all tax returns by our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement and us and all tax-related regulatory filings and reports;

causing or supervising the timely preparation and submission of annual financial statements and quarterly interim financial statements of our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement and us to be:

prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and audited at least to such extent and with such frequency as may be required by law or regulation or in order to comply with any debt covenants; and

submitted to such subsidiaries or us for prior approval;

causing or supervising compliance by our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement and us with all regulatory requirements applicable to them and us in respect of our and such subsidiaries' business activities, including preparing or causing to be prepared and filing or causing to be filed all regulatory filings and reports, including all reports and documents required under the Exchange Act and other applicable securities laws;

assisting our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement and us in connection with communications with investors and lenders, including presentations, conference calls and other related matters, and investor relations generally;



## Table of Contents

making recommendations in relation to and effecting the entry into appropriate insurance policies covering assets of our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement and us, together with other applicable insurance against other risks, including directors and officers insurance as the relevant subsidiary or we deem appropriate;

arranging for individuals to carry out the functions of director, principal executive, accounting and financial officers for purposes of applicable securities laws and the regulations of any stock exchange on which our units are listed and otherwise to act as senior officers of our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement or us as agreed from time-to-time, subject to the approval of the relevant subsidiary or us;

advising our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement and us regarding the maintenance of compliance with applicable laws and other obligations; and

providing all such other services as may from time-to-time be agreed with our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement and us that are reasonably related to such subsidiaries and our day-to-day operations.

These activities will be subject to the supervision of our general partner's board of directors.

### *Management Fee*

Under the Management Services Agreement, NEE Operating LP will initially pay NEE Management an annual management fee equal to the greater of 1% of NEE Operating LP's EBITDA (calculated prior to the deduction of such fee and other fees paid under the Management Services Agreement) and \$4 million (adjusted for inflation beginning in 2016), which will be paid in quarterly installments of \$1 million (adjusted for inflation beginning in 2016) with an additional payment each January to the extent 1% of NEE Operating LP's annual EBITDA during the prior year exceeded \$4 million (adjusted for inflation beginning in 2016). NEE Operating LP may add new subsidiaries as recipients of services under the Management Services Agreement with NEE Management's prior written consent (not to be unreasonably withheld). EBITDA will be calculated on a consolidated basis in respect of NEE Operating LP and its subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement.

In addition, under the Management Services Agreement, NEE Management will be entitled to receive an IDR Fee based on the hypothetical amount of distributions NEE Operating LP would be able to make to its unitholders without giving effect to the IDR Fee as an operating expense. These IDR Fee payments to NEE Management under the Management Services Agreement will continue for so long as the NEE Operating LP partnership agreement remains in effect, even if the Management Services Agreement otherwise terminates in accordance with its terms. See

Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions Provisions of the NEE Operating LP Partnership Agreement Relating to Cash Distributions Payments of the Incentive Distribution Right Fee.

### *Reimbursement of Expenses and Certain Taxes*

NEE Operating LP will be required to pay NEE Management all other out of pocket fees, costs and expenses incurred in connection with the provision of services on our behalf, including those of any third party, and to reimburse NEE Management and its affiliates for any such fees, costs and expenses. Such out of pocket fees, costs and expenses are

expected to include, among other things:

fees, costs and expenses as a result of our being a publicly traded entity, including costs associated with annual, quarterly and current reports, independent auditor fees, governance and compliance, registrar and transfer agent fees, exchange listing fees, tax return preparation and filing, legal, advisory and consulting fees, director compensation and directors and officers liability insurance premiums;

**Table of Contents**

fees, costs and expenses relating to any debt or equity financing (including the arrangement thereof);

out of pocket fees, costs and expenses incurred in connection with O&M services to the extent not otherwise provided in the ASAs or existing O&M agreements;

taxes, licenses and other statutory fees or penalties levied against or in respect of our subsidiaries or us in respect of services provided under the Management Services Agreement;

amounts paid by NEE Management or its affiliates (other than our subsidiaries or us) under indemnification, contribution or similar arrangements;

fees, costs and expenses relating to financial reporting, regulatory filings, investor relations and similar activities and the fees, costs and expenses of agents, advisors, consultants and other persons who provide services to or on behalf of our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement or us;

any other fees, costs and expenses incurred by NEE Management or its affiliates (other than our subsidiaries or us) that are reasonably necessary for the performance by NEE Management of its duties and functions under the Management Services Agreement; and

premiums, deductibles and other costs, fees and expenses for insurance policies covering assets of our subsidiaries and us, together with other applicable insurance in respect of our subsidiaries and us against other risks.

NEE Operating LP will initially not be required to reimburse NEE Management for the salaries and other compensation of NEE Management's management, personnel or support staff who carry out any services or functions for us or overhead for such persons. However, to the extent that NEE Management determines in good faith that additional operational staff is needed for the provision of the services under the Management Services Agreement after the date NEE Management entered into the Management Services Agreement, NEE Operating LP will be required to reimburse NEE Management for the salaries and other compensation of such staff.

Further, NEE Operating LP will be required to pay all fees, expenses and costs incurred in connection with the investigation, acquisition, holding or disposal of any asset or business that is made or that is proposed to be made by our subsidiaries or us. Where the acquisition or proposed acquisition involves an investment that is made alongside one or more other persons, including NextEra or its affiliates (other than our subsidiaries or us), such fees, costs and expenses will be allocated in proportion to the notional amount of the investment made (or that would have been made in the case of an unconsummated acquisition) among all joint investors. Such additional fees, expenses and costs represent allocable out of pocket costs associated with investment activities that will be undertaken on our behalf under the Management Services Agreement.

NEE Operating LP will also be required to pay or reimburse NEE Management for all sales, use, value added, withholding or other taxes or customs duties or other governmental charges levied or imposed by reason of the Management Services Agreement or any agreement it contemplates, other than income taxes, corporate taxes, capital

gains taxes or other similar taxes payable by NEE Management or its affiliates (other than our subsidiaries or us).

*Indemnification and Limitation on Liability*

Under the Management Services Agreement, NEE Management will not assume any responsibility other than to provide or arrange for the provision of the services described in the Management Services Agreement in good faith and will not be responsible for any action that we take in following or declining to follow the advice or

## Table of Contents

recommendations of NEE Management. The maximum amount of the aggregate liability of NEE Management or any of its affiliates in providing services under the Management Services Agreement or otherwise, or of any director, officer, employee, member, partner, agent, stockholder or other representative of NEE Management or any of its affiliates (other than our subsidiaries and us), will be equal to the base management fee previously paid by NEE Operating LP in the most recent calendar year under the Management Services Agreement (but in no event less than \$4.0 million). We have also agreed to indemnify each of NEE Management, its affiliates and its and its affiliates directors, officers, agents, members, partners, stockholders, employees and other representatives to the fullest extent permitted by law from and against any claims, liabilities, losses, damages, costs or expenses (including legal fees) incurred by an indemnified person or threatened in connection with the respective businesses, investments and activities of our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement and us or in respect of or arising from the Management Services Agreement or the services provided by NEE Management, except to the extent that the claims, liabilities, losses, damages, costs or expenses are determined to have resulted from the indemnified person's bad faith, fraud, willful misconduct or recklessness or, in the case of a criminal matter, conduct that the indemnified person knew was unlawful.

### *Amendment*

Any amendment of, supplement to or waiver of the Management Services Agreement must be approved by each party bound by such amendments, supplement or waiver and, if in the determination of our general partner the amendment, supplement or waiver would be adverse in any material respect to the holders of our common units representing limited partner interests, by the conflicts committee of our general partner.

All fees, expenses, taxes and other costs for which NEE Operating LP is required to reimburse NEE Management under the Management Services Agreement will be operating expenditures and, therefore, reduce the cash available for distribution to its unitholders, including us, in accordance with NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement. See Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions.

### *Termination*

The term of the Management Services Agreement will be twenty years and will automatically renew for successive five-year periods unless NEE Operating LP or NEE Management provides written notice that it does not wish for the agreement to be renewed. However, NEE Operating LP will be able to terminate the Management Services Agreement prior to the expiration of its term upon 90 days' prior written notice of termination to NEE Management only if any of the following occurs:

NEE Management defaults in the performance or observance of any material term, condition or agreement contained in the agreement in a manner that results in material harm to our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement and us and the default continues unremedied for a period of 90 days after written notice of the breach is given to NEE Management;

NEE Management engages in any act of fraud, misappropriation of funds or embezzlement against our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement or us that results in material harm to such subsidiaries or us;

NEE Management is reckless in the performance of its duties under the agreement and such recklessness results in material harm to our subsidiaries receiving services under the Management Services Agreement and us; or

certain events relating to the bankruptcy or insolvency of NEE Management.

NEE Operating LP will not have a right to terminate for any other reason, including if NEE Management experiences a change of control. NEE Operating LP will only be able to terminate the Management Services Agreement with the approval of a majority of our general partner's board of directors and conflicts committee.

## **Table of Contents**

Our Management Services Agreement will expressly provide that the agreement may not be terminated by us due solely to the poor performance or the underperformance of any of our operations.

NEE Management will be able to terminate the Management Services Agreement upon 180 days prior written notice of termination to us if we default in the performance or observance of any material term, condition or agreement contained in the agreement in a manner that results in material harm to NEE Management or any of its affiliates other than our subsidiaries and us and the default continues unremedied for a period of 90 days after written notice of the breach is given to us. NEE Management will also be able terminate the Management Services Agreement upon the occurrence of certain events relating to a bankruptcy or insolvency of any of our subsidiaries or us (but only with respect to the affected entities) or if NextEra and its affiliates cease to control our general partner and the general partner of NEE Operating LP.

Notwithstanding any termination of the Management Services Agreement as described above, payments of the IDR Fee to NEE Management under the Management Services Agreement will continue for so long as the NEE Operating LP partnership agreement remains in effect.

### *Outside Activities*

The Management Services Agreement will not prohibit NextEra or its affiliates from pursuing other business activities or providing services to third parties that compete directly or indirectly with us.

## **Cash Sweep and Credit Support Agreement**

NEER and certain of its affiliates have provided credit support (letters of credit and guarantees) to, among other persons, Energy Sale Counterparties, interconnection providers, permitting authorities and lenders to our subsidiaries to satisfy contractual and permit obligations of our subsidiaries, to substitute for cash reserves they are required to maintain and to facilitate NextEra's cash management practices. Continuing credit support for our Initial Portfolio (excluding credit support for obligations related to the 1603 Cash Grant, credit support for NextEra's cash management practices and credit support that substitutes for cash reserves) for the three months ended March 31, 2014, and for the year ended December 31, 2013, was approximately \$120.0 million and \$100.0 million, respectively, on a pro forma basis. Under the CSCS Agreement, NEER will agree to continue to provide, or cause its affiliates to continue to provide, such credit support for the projects in our Initial Portfolio, and may, upon our request and at NEER's option, agree to provide additional credit support required from time to time for the projects in our Initial Portfolio and credit support on behalf of any projects we may acquire in the future on similar terms to the existing credit support.

To the extent that any letter of credit or guarantee is called upon and NEER or its affiliates other than our subsidiaries or us are required to make payments to the relevant counterparty, or to the extent NEER or its affiliates (other than our subsidiaries or us) are required to post cash collateral for or on behalf of our subsidiaries, NEE Operating LP will be required to reimburse NEER or such affiliates for such payments or cash collateral, subject to certain exceptions. Those exceptions include draws on, or cash collateral in replacement of or substitution for, credit support: (i) provided for debt repayment obligations relating to the 1603 Cash Grant (other than to the extent 1603 Cash Grant proceeds received following any such draw are not required to be used to repay debt); (ii) provided for recapture of 1603 Cash Grant proceeds; (iii) provided by NEER to cover any obligations of us or our subsidiaries with respect to reserve accounts that are required to be maintained under the terms of third-party debt financings. and (iv) provided by NEER or its affiliates to allow NextEra to access cash reserves or project revenues for its cash management practices. To the extent that cash collateral posted by NEER or its affiliates (other than our subsidiaries or us) in replacement of or substitution for the foregoing credit support is later released from reserve accounts to which the cash collateral was posted and distributed to NEE Operating LP, then NEE Operating LP will be required to return such cash collateral to

NEER or such affiliates. If NEE Operating LP is required to reimburse NEER or its affiliates for draws on credit support or for posted cash collateral, such reimbursements would constitute an operating expenditure under NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement and reduce the cash available for distributions to NEE Operating LP's unitholders, including us.



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**Table of Contents**

*Credit Support Compensation*

As partial compensation for NEER's agreement under the Management Services Agreement to continue to provide, or to cause its affiliates to continue to provide, credit support on behalf of our subsidiaries, NEE Operating LP will pay NEER a credit support fee that is projected initially to equal \$1.8 million per year and will be paid on a quarterly basis. The fee will be calculated as a fixed percentage of the aggregate amount of continuing credit support provided by NEER or its affiliates to our subsidiaries, excluding credit support for which our subsidiaries do not have reimbursement obligations as described above. The fixed percentage used to determine the credit support fee is derived from NextEra's borrowing costs under its existing letter of credit facility and may be adjusted from time to time if such borrowing costs change. If the aggregate amount of such credit support by NEER or its affiliates increases or decreases, the credit support fee will be adjusted accordingly as determined in good faith by NEER.

In addition, when our Project Entities receive revenues or when NEE Operating LP receives distributions from our subsidiaries, NEER or one of its affiliates will borrow excess funds without paying any interest for the purpose of engaging in certain cash management transactions that benefit NextEra. When project revenues received by our Project Entities exceed two months of projected O&M expenses, the borrowers are permitted to provide credit support to the lenders in an amount equal to any such excess revenues which permits it to borrow such excess project revenues. If NEER provides such credit support for the borrowers, the CSCS Agreement will require the borrowers to designate NEER or one of its affiliates to receive the excess project revenues, subject to NEER's obligation to return all such revenues when distributions to NEE Operating LP are permitted to be paid, to return the portion of such revenues periodically when needed to cover project costs or to return such revenues as NEE Operating LP may demand. Similarly, the CSCS Agreement will allow NEER or one of its affiliates to borrow funds held by NEE Operating LP or its subsidiaries that are not subject to project financings, subject to NEER's obligation to return all borrowed funds to the extent required to fund distributions or expenses and to return borrowed funds upon the demand of NEE Operating LP at any time. If NEER or one of its affiliates realizes any earnings on NEE Operating LP's or its subsidiaries' funds prior to the return of such funds, it will be permitted to retain those earnings as partial compensation to NEER for providing credit support under the CSCS Agreement which NEER believes is on a basis more advantageous to our subsidiaries than if such credit support had been obtained from an unaffiliated third party. NEER will have the right to borrow excess funds of our subsidiaries on the terms described above so long as it has provided any credit support under the CSCS Agreement for which NEE Operating LP is required to pay a credit support fee, even if such credit support is nominal.

If NEER fails to return project revenues when required by our subsidiaries' financings, the lenders will be entitled to draw on credit support provided by NEER in the amount of such project revenues. In addition, NEE Operating LP will have a claim under the CSCS Agreement for any funds that NEER fails to return: (i) when required by our subsidiaries' financings; (ii) when our subsidiaries' financings otherwise permit distributions to be made to NEE Operating LP; (iii) when NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement requires funds to be returned to NEE Operating LP; or (iv) when otherwise demanded by NEE Operating LP.

NEE Operating LP will be required to pay NEER all out-of-pocket fees, costs and expenses incurred by NEER or any of its affiliates other than our subsidiaries and us in connection with the provision of credit support under the CSCS Agreement for which NEE Operating LP is required to pay the credit support fee.

*Amendment*

Any amendment of, supplement to or waiver of the CSCS Agreement must be approved by each party that will be bound by such amendments, supplement of waiver and, if in the determination of our general partner the amendment, supplement or waiver would be adverse in any material respect to the holders of our common units representing

limited partner interests, by the conflicts committee of our general partner.

**Table of Contents**

The credit support fee under the CSCS Agreement will be an operating expenditure and, therefore, reduce the cash available for distribution to its unitholders, including us, in accordance with NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement. See Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions.

*Termination*

The term of the CSCS Agreement will be ten years and will automatically renew for successive five-year periods unless NEE Operating LP or NEER provides written notice that it does not wish for the agreement to be renewed. However, NEE Operating LP will be able to terminate the CSCS Agreement prior to the expiration of its term upon 90 days' prior written notice of termination to NEER only if any of the following occurs:

NEER defaults in the performance or observance of any material term, condition or agreement contained in the agreement in a manner that results in material harm to our subsidiaries and us and the default continues unremedied for a period of 90 days after written notice of the breach is given to NEER;

NEER engages in any act of fraud, misappropriation of funds or embezzlement against us that results in material harm to our subsidiaries and us;

NEER is reckless in the performance of its duties under the agreement and such recklessness results in material harm to our subsidiaries and us; or

certain events relating to the bankruptcy or insolvency of NEER.

NEE Operating LP will not have a right to terminate for any other reason, including if NEER experiences a change of control. NEE Operating LP will only be able to terminate the CSCS Agreement with the approval of our general partner's board of directors and our conflicts committee.

NEER will be able to terminate the CSCS Agreement upon 180 days' prior written notice of termination to us if we default in the performance or observance of any material term, condition or agreement contained in the agreement in a manner that results in material harm to NEER or any of its affiliates other than our subsidiaries and us and the default continues unremedied for a period of 90 days after written notice of the breach is given to us. NEER will also be able to terminate the CSCS Agreement upon the occurrence of certain events relating to a bankruptcy or insolvency of any of our subsidiaries or us (but only with respect to the affected entities) or if NextEra or its affiliates (other than our subsidiaries and us) cease to control our general partner and the general partner of NEE Operating LP.

**Table of Contents****ROFO Agreement**

Under the ROFO Agreement, NEER will grant NEE Operating LP and its affiliates a right of first offer on any proposed sale of any of the NEER ROFO Projects for a period of six years following the completion of this offering. The NEER ROFO Projects consist of NEER's 100% interest in the following projects:

<b>Project</b>	<b>Commercial Operation Date</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Resource</b>	<b>MW</b>	<b>Counterparty</b>	<b>Contract Expiration</b>
Story II	December 2009	Iowa, USA	Wind	150.0	Google Energy/City of Ames	2030
Day County	April 2010	South Dakota, USA	Wind	99.0	Basin Electric Power Co-Op	2040
Ashtabula III	December 2010	North Dakota, USA	Wind	62.4	Otter Tail Power Company	2038
Baldwin	December 2010	North Dakota, USA	Wind	102.4	Basin Electric Power Co-Op	2041
North Sky River	December 2012	California, USA	Wind	162.0	Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	2037
Mountain View	January 2014	Nevada, USA	Solar	20.0	Nevada Power Company	2039
Adelaide	3Q 2014 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	59.9	Ontario Power Authority	2034
Bornish	3Q 2014 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	72.9	Ontario Power Authority	2034
Jericho	4Q 2014 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	149.0	Ontario Power Authority	2034
East Durham	1Q 2015 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	22.4	Ontario Power Authority	2035
Goshen	1Q 2015 (expected)	Ontario, Canada	Wind	102.0	Ontario Power Authority	2035
Shafter	2Q 2015 (expected)	California, USA	Solar	20.0	Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	2035
Adelanto I and II	3Q 2015 (expected)	California, USA	Solar	27.0	Southern California Edison Co.	2035
Silver State South	3Q 2016 (expected)	Nevada, USA	Solar	250.0	Southern California Edison Co.	2036
McCoy	4Q 2016 (expected)	California, USA	Solar	250.0	Southern California Edison Co.	2036
<b>Total</b>				<b>1,549.0</b>		

This right of first offer will not apply to a merger of NEER with or into, or sale of substantially all of NEER's assets to, an unaffiliated third party, any sale of any NEER ROFO Project following which NEER continues to hold directly or indirectly 100% of the ownership interests in and maintains control over such NEER ROFO Project or any sale of NEE Equity's or its affiliates' direct or indirect interests in NEE Operating LP.

Prior to engaging in any negotiation regarding any sale of any NEER ROFO Project, NEER will deliver a written notice to NEE Operating LP setting forth the material terms and conditions of the proposed transaction. During the 30-day period after the delivery of such notice, NEE Operating LP and NEER will negotiate in good faith to reach an agreement on the transaction. If an agreement is not reached within such 30-day period, NEER will be able within the next 270 calendar days to sell such NEER ROFO Project to a third party (or to agree in writing to undertake such transaction with a third party) on terms in all material respects no less favorable to NEER than those offered under the written notice.

Under the ROFO Agreement, NEER will not be obligated to sell the NEER ROFO Projects and, therefore, we do not know when, if ever, these projects will be offered to NEE Operating LP. Even if an offer is made to NEE Operating LP, NEE Operating LP and NEER may not reach an agreement on the terms for the sale of the applicable NEER ROFO Project. In addition, any offer to sell under the ROFO Agreement will be subject to an inherent conflict of interest due to the overlapping management of us, on the one hand, and NEER and its affiliates, on the other hand. NEER may offer a NEER ROFO Project to NEE Operating LP that has commenced commercial services or that is earlier in the development stage, including following commencement of its construction, depending on the facts and circumstances applicable to such asset. Consequently, there may be delays or unexpected developments in completing future construction projects, which could cause the construction costs of these projects to exceed our expectations.

Notwithstanding the significance of the services to be rendered by NEER or its designated affiliates on our behalf or of the projects that NEE Operating LP may elect to acquire from NEER in accordance with the terms of the ROFO Agreement or otherwise, NEER will not owe fiduciary duties to us or our unitholders. Any material transaction between us and NEER, including the proposed acquisition of any NEER ROFO Project, will be subject to our related party transaction policy and, to the extent referred by our general partner, the approval of our conflicts committee. Those of our general partner's executive officers who will continue to have economic

**Table of Contents**

interests in NextEra or its affiliates following the completion of this offering may be conflicted when advising our conflicts committee or otherwise participating in the negotiation or approval of such transactions. See Risk Factors Risks Related to Our Relationship with NextEra and Conflicts of Interests and Duties.

The ROFO Agreement can be amended by written agreement of all parties to the agreement. However, we may not agree to any amendment or modification that would, in the determination of our general partner, be adverse in any material respect to the holders of our common units without the prior approval of the conflicts committee. NEER may terminate the ROFO Agreement in the event of: (i) the withdrawal of our general partner in accordance with our partnership agreement; (ii) the removal of our general partner in circumstances where our units (including the Special Voting Units) held by our general partner and its affiliates did not vote in favor of such removal; (iii) NextEra's ceasing to control, directly or indirectly, NextEra Energy Partners GP, Inc. or any other person or entity that is our general partner; or (iv) NextEra's failure to own, directly or indirectly, at least (a) 50.1% of the voting interests of NEER, (b) at least 33.33% of the economic interests of NEER or (c) more of the economic interests in NEER than any other person or entity. In addition, NEE Operating LP and NEER will each be permitted to terminate the ROFO Agreement upon 90 days' prior written notice if the other party materially breaches or defaults in the performance of its obligations under the ROFO Agreement or under any transaction agreement entered into in connection with the NEER ROFO Projects, and the breach or default continues for a period of 90 days after written notice is given specifying the breach or default and requiring it to be remedied.

**Licensing Agreements**

Under the U.S. Licensing Agreement, NextEra will grant to NEE Partners a limited, personal, non-exclusive, non-transferable, non-assignable license to use the names NextEra and NextEra Energy in the U.S. Under the Canadian Licensing Agreement, NECIP will grant to NEEC a limited, personal, non-exclusive, non-transferable, non-assignable license to use the names NextEra and NextEra Energy in Canada. Other than under these limited licenses, neither NEE Partners nor NEEC nor any of their respective subsidiaries will have a legal right to use such names. The Licensing Agreements can be amended only by written agreement of all parties to such agreements.

Each Licensing Agreement terminates on the tenth anniversary of its effective date (the License Termination Date). NextEra may cancel the U.S. Licensing Agreement, and NECIP may terminate the Canadian Licensing Agreement, prior to the License Termination Date if the licensee is in material breach thereof by providing written notice of breach to such licensee describing the nature of the breach in sufficient detail for the licensee to understand what it must do to cure. A licensee receiving notice of breach will have thirty (30) days to cure the breach, at which time the applicable License Agreement will automatically terminate with respect to the licensee if the breach is uncured.

NextEra may also terminate the U.S. License Agreement, and NECIP may terminate the Canadian Licensing Agreement, at its sole discretion, with respect to a licensee (i) if the licensee attempts to assign or transfer any of its rights or to delegate any of its duties under the applicable License Agreement or attempts to sublicense its rights to use the licensed names, and in such case there will be no remedy period and the applicable License Agreement will terminate effective immediately; (ii) the licensee fails to perform any of its obligations under the applicable License Agreement and, with respect to certain obligations, fails to remedy such breach within thirty (30) days after receiving written notice from NextEra or NECIP, as applicable; (iii) the licensee becomes insolvent, files, or shall have filed against it a petition in bankruptcy, seeking protection from its creditors or commits any other act of insolvency, and in such case there will be no remedy period and this Agreement will terminate effective immediately; or (iv) NextEra or NECIP, as applicable, determines in its sole and absolute discretion and for any reason whatsoever that it wishes to revoke the entire license (or any portion of the license) provided under the applicable License Agreement and no longer provide the licensee any further right to use or otherwise limit the licensee's right to use the licensed names for any reason whatsoever, and in such case the licensee must cease any and all use of the licensed names immediately.

upon receipt of notice by NextEra or NECIP, as applicable.

## **Table of Contents**

### **Registration Rights Agreement**

We will enter into a registration rights agreement with NextEra and certain of its affiliates, including NEE Equity, under which NextEra and its affiliates will be entitled to demand registration rights, including the right to demand that a shelf registration statement be filed, and piggyback registration rights, for our common units that it owns or acquires, including through the exchange of NEE Equity's common units of NEE Operating LP for our common units in accordance with the Exchange Agreement.

### **Tax Sharing Agreement**

We will be included in certain state tax filings of NextEra, as required by law, and will therefore enter into a tax sharing agreement with NextEra. This agreement will require us to reimburse NextEra for any tax liabilities associated with our taxable income calculated on a separate return basis. As a result, we will only be required to make payments to NextEra to the extent that we generate taxable income on a separate return basis. Our tax benefits, such as net operating losses, for each taxing jurisdiction would also be computed on a separate return basis and would be used to offset our taxable income from each respective jurisdiction in future years on a separate return basis. Currently, we do not expect NEE Partners to make any cash payments to NextEra under this agreement for at least five years.

### **Exchange Agreement**

We will enter into the Exchange Agreement with NEE Operating LP and NEE Equity, under which NEE Equity can tender NEE Operating LP units for redemption to NEE Operating LP after the expiration of the purchase price adjustment period. NEE Equity has the right to receive, at its election, either common units of NEE Partners or a cash amount equal to the net proceeds from the sale by us of an equivalent number of our common units issued to fund such redemption; provided that NEE Operating LP will only be required to pay the cash amount to the extent it has received corresponding capital contributions from us, although the Exchange Agreement will not require us to make such capital contributions. In addition, we have the right but not the obligation, to directly purchase such tendered common units for, subject to the approval of our conflicts committee, cash or our common units.

The Exchange Agreement also provides that, subject to certain exceptions, NEE Equity will not have the right to exchange its NEE Operating LP units if NEE Operating LP or we determine that such exchange would be prohibited by law or regulation or would violate other agreements to which we may be subject, and NEE Operating LP and we may impose additional restrictions on exchange that either of us determines necessary or advisable so that we are not treated as a publicly traded partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If NEE Equity elects to receive our common units in exchange for NEE Equity's tendered NEE Operating LP units, the exchange will be on a one-for-one basis, subject to adjustment in the event of splits or combinations of units, distributions of warrants or other unit purchase rights, specified extraordinary distributions and similar events. If NEE Equity elects to receive cash in exchange for NEE Equity's tendered NEE Operating LP units, or if we exercise our right to purchase tendered NEE Operating LP units for cash, the amount of cash payable will be based on the net proceeds received by us in a sale of an equivalent number of our common units.

### **Purchase Agreement**

Prior to this offering, we will enter into the Purchase Agreement with NEE Equity, under which we will use \$231.1 million of the net proceeds of this offering (or \$288.3 million if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units) to purchase 9,854,093 (or 12,291,593 if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional common units in full) of NEE Operating LP's common units from NEE Equity. In addition, during



the purchase price adjustment period, the Purchase Agreement will provide for certain

## **Table of Contents**

payments to us in quarters in which NEE Operating LP does not make distributions on its common units at least equal to the minimum quarterly distribution until certain conditions are satisfied as set forth in the Purchase Agreement. The aggregate amount of such payments cannot exceed the product of the number of NEE Operating LP common units we purchase from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement multiplied by the initial public offering price. See

Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions Provisions of the NEE Operating LP Partnership Agreement Relating to Cash Distributions Purchase Price Adjustment.

## **Equity Purchase Agreement**

Prior to this offering, we will enter into the Equity Purchase Agreement with NEE Operating LP, under which we will use \$150.0 million of the proceeds of this offering to purchase 6,395,907 of NEE Operating LP's common units from NEE Operating LP. NEE Operating LP will use the funds it receives under the Equity Agreement for general corporate purposes, including to fund future acquisition opportunities.

## **Procedures for Review, Approval and Ratification of Related-Person Transactions**

Our general partner's board of directors has adopted a Related Person Transaction Approval Policy that establishes procedures for the identification, review and approval of related person transactions. Under the policy, the management of our general partner is charged with primary responsibility for determining whether, based on the facts and circumstances, a proposed transaction is a related person transaction. For the purposes of the policy, a related person is any director or executive officer of our general partner, any nominee for director, any unitholder known to us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of any class of our voting securities, and any immediate family member of any such person.

To assist management in making this determination, the policy sets forth certain categories of transactions that are deemed to be pre-approved by the board under the policy. If, after applying these categorical standards and weighing all of the facts and circumstances, management determines that a proposed transaction is a related person transaction, management must present the proposed transaction to our general partner's board of directors for review or, if impracticable under the circumstances, to the chairman of the board. The board must then either approve or reject the transaction in accordance with the terms of the policy. The board of our general partner may, but is not required to, seek the approval of the conflicts committee for the resolution of any related person transaction.

Table of Contents

**CONFLICTS OF INTEREST AND DUTIES**

**Conflicts of Interest**

Conflicts of interest exist and may arise as a result of the relationships between our general partner and its affiliates, including NextEra, on the one hand, and us and our limited partners, on the other hand. Our general partner's directors and officers have fiduciary duties to manage our general partner in a manner beneficial to its owners. At the same time, our general partner has a duty to manage us in a manner beneficial to us and our limited partners, unless this duty is amended in accordance with the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act (the Delaware Act). The Delaware Act provides that Delaware limited partnerships may, in their partnership agreements, expand, restrict or eliminate the fiduciary duties otherwise owed by a general partner to limited partners and the partnership. Under these provisions, our partnership agreement contains various provisions replacing the fiduciary duties that would otherwise be owed by our general partner with contractual standards governing the duties of the general partner and the methods of resolving conflicts of interest. Our partnership agreement also specifically defines the remedies available to limited partners for actions taken that, without these defined liability standards, might constitute breaches of fiduciary duty under applicable Delaware law. In addition, NextEra or certain of its affiliates will provide certain services to us under the Management Services Agreement, including with respect to carrying out our day-to-day management and providing individuals to act as our general partner's executive officers. These same executive officers may help our general partner's board of directors evaluate potential acquisition opportunities presented by NEER under the ROFO Agreement. Because some of these officers of our general partner are also officers of NextEra, such directors and officers have fiduciary duties to NextEra that may cause them to pursue business strategies that disproportionately benefit NextEra or that otherwise are not in our best interests.

Whenever a conflict arises between our general partner or its affiliates, on the one hand, and us or any other partner, on the other, our general partner will resolve that conflict. Our general partner may seek the approval of such resolution from the conflicts committee of our general partner's board of directors. There is no requirement that our general partner seek the approval of the conflicts committee for the resolution of any conflict, and, under our partnership agreement, our general partner may decide to seek such approval or resolve a conflict of interest in any other way permitted by our partnership agreement, as described below, in its sole discretion. Our general partner will decide whether to refer the matter to the conflicts committee on a case-by-case basis. An independent third party is not required to evaluate the fairness of the resolution.

Our general partner will not be in breach of its obligations under the partnership agreement or its duties to us or our limited partners if the resolution of the conflict is:

approved by the conflicts committee;

approved by the vote of a majority of the outstanding common units, excluding any common units owned by our general partner or any of its affiliates;

determined by our general partner's board of directors to be on terms no less favorable to us than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties; or

determined by our general partner's board of directors to be fair and reasonable to us, taking into account the totality of the relationships between the parties involved, including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to us.

If our general partner does not seek approval from the conflicts committee and our general partner's board of directors determines that the resolution or course of action taken with respect to the conflict of interest satisfies either of the standards set forth in the third and fourth bullet points above, then it will be presumed that, in making its decision, the board of directors acted in good faith, and in any proceeding brought by or on behalf

## **Table of Contents**

of any limited partner or the partnership challenging such determination, the person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding will have the burden of overcoming such presumption. Unless our partnership agreement specifically provides for the factors to be considered in the resolution of a conflict, our general partner or its conflicts committee may consider any factors it determines in good faith. Under our partnership agreement, to act in good faith means that the actor subjectively believes that such actor is acting in the best interests of the partnership or meets the standard required by our partnership agreement (e.g., a transaction on terms no less favorable to the partnership than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties). See Management Committees of the Board of Directors Conflicts Committee for information about the conflicts committee of our general partner's board of directors.

Conflicts of interest could arise in the situations described below, among others. Because we depend on cash distributions from NEE Operating LP in order to make cash distributions to our unitholders, the discussion below includes situations that may arise due to potential conflicts of interest among us, our unitholders and NEE Operating GP, which is an affiliate of our general partner and of NextEra, as applicable.

***Neither our partnership agreement, nor the Management Services Agreement nor any other agreement requires NextEra or its affiliates to pursue a business strategy that favors us or grows our business. NextEra's directors and officers have a fiduciary duty to make these decisions in the best interests of NextEra, which may be contrary to our interests.***

Because some of our general partner's officers and directors are also officers of NextEra and its affiliates, such directors and officers have fiduciary duties to NextEra and its affiliates that may cause them to pursue business strategies that disproportionately benefit NextEra or that otherwise are not in our best interests. For example, in originating and recommending acquisition opportunities (except with respect to NEER ROFO Projects), NextEra has significant discretion to determine the suitability of opportunities for us and to allocate such opportunities to us or to itself or third parties.

***Contracts between us, on the one hand, and our general partner and its affiliates, on the other, are intended to reflect a fair market value but are not and will not be the result of arm's-length negotiations.***

Neither our partnership agreement nor any of the other agreements, contracts and arrangements between us and our general partner and its affiliates are or will be the result of arm's-length negotiations. Our partnership agreement generally provides that any affiliated transaction, such as an agreement, contract or arrangement between us and our general partner and its affiliates that does not receive unitholder or conflicts committee approval is intended to reflect a fair market value and must be determined by our general partner's board of directors to be:

on terms no less favorable to us than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties; or

fair and reasonable to us, taking into account the totality of the relationships between the parties involved, including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to us.

Our general partner and its affiliates have no obligation to permit us to use any projects or assets of our general partner or its affiliates, except as may be provided in contracts entered into specifically dealing with that use. Our general partner may also enter into additional contractual arrangements with any of its affiliates on our behalf. There is no obligation of our general partner and its affiliates to enter into any contracts of this kind.

***Our general partner's affiliates may compete with us and neither our general partner nor its affiliates have any obligation to present business opportunities to us.***

Our partnership agreement provides that our general partner is restricted from engaging in any business activities other than those incidental to its ownership of interests in us. However, affiliates of our general partner

## **Table of Contents**

are permitted to engage in other businesses or activities, including those that might be in direct competition with us. NextEra may acquire, develop or dispose of clean energy or other projects without any obligation to offer NEE Operating LP the opportunity to acquire those projects, other than under the ROFO Agreement. In addition, under our partnership agreement, the doctrine of corporate opportunity, or any analogous doctrine, will not apply to the general partner and its affiliates. As a result, neither the general partner nor any of its affiliates have any obligation to present business opportunities to us.

***Our general partner is allowed to take into account the interests of parties other than us, such as NextEra, in resolving conflicts of interest.***

Our partnership agreement contains provisions that permissibly modify and reduce the standards to which our general partner would otherwise be held by state fiduciary duty law. For example, our partnership agreement permits our general partner to make a number of decisions in its individual capacity, as opposed to in its capacity as our general partner or otherwise, free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to us and our unitholders, including any duty to act in the best interests of us or our unitholders, other than the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing, which means that a court will enforce the reasonable expectations of the partners where the language of the partnership agreement does not provide for a clear course of action. This entitles our general partner to consider only the interests and factors that it desires and relieves it of any duty or obligation to give any consideration to any interest of, or factors affecting, us, our affiliates or any limited partner. Examples of decisions that our general partner may make in its individual capacity include the allocation of corporate opportunities among us and its affiliates, the exercise of its limited call right, whether to seek approval of the resolution of a conflict of interest by the conflicts committee of the board of directors of our general partner, how to exercise its voting rights with respect to the units it or its affiliates own and whether to consent to any merger, consolidation or conversion of the partnership or amendment to the partnership agreement.

***We do not have any officers or employees and rely solely on officers and employees of our general partner and its affiliates, including NextEra.***

All of our general partner's officers are also officers of NextEra. These officers will devote a portion of their productive time to our business and affairs as is required to manage and conduct our operations. These officers are also required to devote time to the affairs of NextEra or its affiliates and are compensated by them for the services rendered to them. Our non-executive directors devote as much time as is necessary to prepare for and attend board of directors and committee meetings.

Affiliates of our general partner conduct businesses and activities of their own in which we have no economic interest. There could be material competition for the time and effort of the officers and employees who provide services to our general partner.

***Our partnership agreement replaces the fiduciary duties that would otherwise be owed by our general partner with contractual standards governing its duties and limits our general partner's liabilities and the remedies available to our unitholders for actions that, without the limitations, might constitute breaches of fiduciary duty under applicable Delaware law.***

In addition to the provisions described above, our partnership agreement contains provisions that restrict the remedies available to our limited partners for actions that might constitute breaches of fiduciary duty under applicable Delaware law. For example, our partnership agreement:

permits our general partner to make a number of decisions in its individual capacity, as opposed to in its capacity as our general partner. This entitles our general partner to consider only the interests and factors that it desires, and it has no duty or obligation to give any consideration to any interest of, or factors affecting, us, our affiliates or any limited partner. Decisions may be made by the owner of our general partner;



**Table of Contents**

provides that the general partner shall not have any liability to us or our limited partners for decisions made in its capacity so long as such decisions are made in good faith;

generally provides that in a situation involving a transaction with an affiliate or a conflict of interest, any determination by our general partner must be made in good faith. If an affiliate transaction or the resolution of a conflict of interest is not approved by our public common unitholders or the conflicts committee and our general partner's board of directors determines that the resolution or course of action taken with respect to the affiliate transaction or conflict of interest is either on terms no less favorable to us than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties or is fair and reasonable to us, considering the totality of the relationships between the parties involved, including other transactions that may be particularly advantageous or beneficial to us, then it will be presumed that in making its decision, our general partner's board of directors acted in good faith, and in any proceeding brought by or on behalf of any limited partner or us challenging such decision, the person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding will have the burden of overcoming such presumption; and

provides that our general partner and its officers and directors will not be liable for monetary damages to us or our limited partners resulting from any act or omission unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that our general partner or its officers or directors, as the case may be, acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud or willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the conduct was criminal.

By purchasing a common unit, a common unitholder will be deemed to have agreed to become bound by the provisions in the partnership agreement, including the provisions described above.

***Except in limited circumstances, our general partner and NEE Operating GP have the power and authority to conduct our business without unitholder approval.***

Under our partnership agreement and the NEE Operating LP partnership agreement, our general partner and NEE Operating GP have full power and authority to do all things, other than those items that require unitholder approval or with respect to which our general partner or NEE Operating GP have sought conflicts committee approval, on such terms as they determine to be necessary or appropriate to conduct our business, including the following:

the making of any expenditures, the lending or borrowing of money, the assumption or guarantee of, or other contracting for, indebtedness and other liabilities, the issuance of evidences of indebtedness, including indebtedness that is convertible into or exchangeable for equity interests of us or NEE Operating LP, and the incurring of any other obligations;

the making of tax, regulatory and other filings, or rendering of periodic or other reports to governmental or other agencies having jurisdiction over our business or projects;

the acquisition, disposition, mortgage, pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation or exchange of any or all of our assets or the merger or other combination of us with or into another person;

the negotiation, execution and performance of any contracts, conveyances or other instruments;

the distribution of cash held by us or NEE Operating LP;

the selection and dismissal of employees and agents, outside attorneys, accountants, consultants and contractors and the determination of their compensation and other terms of employment or hiring;

**Table of Contents**

the maintenance of insurance for our benefit and the benefit of our partners and indemnitees;

the selection of the members of our general partner's board of directors and senior management and the composition of the committees of our general partner's board of directors;

the formation of, or acquisition of an interest in, and the contribution of property and the making of loans to, any further limited or general partnerships, joint ventures, corporations, limited liability companies or other entities;

the control of any matters affecting our rights and obligations, including the bringing and defending of actions at law or in equity and otherwise engaging in the conduct of litigation, arbitration or mediation and the incurring of legal expense and the settlement of claims and litigation;

the indemnification of any person against liabilities and contingencies to the extent permitted by law;

the purchase, sale or other acquisition or disposition of our equity interests, or the issuance of additional options, rights, warrants and appreciation rights relating to our equity interests; and

the entering into of agreements with any of its affiliates to render services to us or to itself in the discharge of its duties as our or NEE Operating LP's general partner.

In addition, through NEE Equity's ownership of the Special Voting Units, NEE Equity will be entitled to an aggregate number of votes on certain matters that may be submitted for a vote of our common unitholders that is equal to the aggregate number of common units of NEE Operating LP held by NEE Equity on the relevant record date, which immediately following this offering, would constitute 82.6% of the voting interests of NEE Partners. See "Material Provisions of the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement" for information regarding the voting rights of unitholders.

***Actions taken by our general partner and NEE Operating GP may affect the amount of cash available to pay distributions to unitholders.***

The amount of cash that is available for distribution to unitholders is affected by decisions of our general partner and NEE Operating GP regarding such matters as:

amount and timing of asset purchases and sales;

cash expenditures;

borrowings;

issuance of additional units; and

the creation, reduction or increase of reserves in any quarter.

In addition, borrowings by us and our affiliates do not constitute a breach of any duty owed by NEE Operating GP to its unitholders, including us. For example, in the event NEE Operating LP has not generated sufficient cash from operations to pay the minimum quarterly distribution on its common units, the NEE Operating LP partnership agreement permits NEE Operating LP to borrow funds, which would enable NEE Operating LP to make this distribution on all outstanding units. The NEE Operating LP partnership agreement provides that NEE Operating LP and its subsidiaries may borrow funds from NEE Operating GP and its affiliates or other third parties, but NEE Operating LP may not lend funds to its general partner or its affiliates, other than in connection with certain transactions specified in the CSCS Agreement.

## **Table of Contents**

***We will compensate NEE Management, NEER and their affiliates, including our general partner, for managing our business and also reimburse them for expenses and for draws on certain credit support provided on our behalf.***

Under the Management Services Agreement, NEE Operating LP will reimburse NEE Management and its affiliates, including our general partner, for out of pocket expenses incurred in connection with services provided to NEE Operating LP, and NEE Operating LP will also pay a management fee to NEE Management. NEE Management, an affiliate of our general partner, will also receive certain payments under the Management Services Agreement based on the amount of distributions made by NEE Operating LP to its unitholders. Under the CSCS Agreement, NEE Operating LP will pay a credit support fee to NEER, reimburse NEER for certain draws on credit support provided and certain cash collateral posted under the CSCS Agreement and for out of pocket expenses incurred in connection with the provision of such credit support, and allow NEER to borrow and temporarily hold our excess funds and cash reserves for the purpose of engaging in certain cash management transactions that benefit NextEra.

***Our general partner intends to limit its liability regarding our obligations.***

Our general partner intends to limit its liability under contractual arrangements so that the other party to such agreements has recourse only to our assets and not against our general partner or any of its affiliates or its or their assets. Our partnership agreement permits our general partner to limit its or our liability, even if we could have obtained terms that are more favorable without the limitation on liability.

***Common units are subject to our general partner's limited call right.***

Our general partner may exercise its right to call and purchase common units as provided in the partnership agreement or assign this right to one of its affiliates or to us free of any liability or obligation to us or our partners. As a result, a common unitholder may have his common units purchased from him at an undesirable time or price. See Material Provisions of the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement Limited Call Right.

***Limited partners have no right to enforce obligations of our general partner and its affiliates under agreements with us.***

Any agreements between us, on the one hand, and our general partner and its affiliates, on the other, will not grant the limited partners, separate and apart from us, the right to enforce the obligations of our general partner and its affiliates in our favor.

***We may choose not to retain separate counsel, independent accountants or others to perform services for us or for the holders of common units.***

The attorneys, independent accountants and others who will perform services for us will be retained by our general partner. Attorneys, independent accountants and others who will perform services for us will be selected by our general partner or the audit committee and may also perform services for our general partner and its affiliates. We may retain separate counsel for ourselves or the holders of common units in the event of a conflict of interest between our general partner and its affiliates, on the one hand, and us or the holders of common units, on the other, depending on the nature of the conflict. We do not intend to do so in most cases.

## **Duties of the General Partner**

The Delaware Act provides that Delaware limited partnerships may, in their partnership agreements, expand, restrict or eliminate the fiduciary duties otherwise owed by a general partner to limited partners and the partnership.

Under these provisions, our partnership agreement contains various provisions replacing the fiduciary duties that would otherwise be owed by our general partner with contractual standards governing the duties of the

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**Table of Contents**

general partner and the methods of resolving conflicts of interest. We have adopted these provisions to allow our general partner and its affiliates to engage in transactions with us that otherwise might be prohibited or restricted by state-law fiduciary standards and to take into account the interests of other parties in addition to our interests when resolving conflicts of interest. We believe this is appropriate and necessary because our general partner's board of directors has fiduciary duties to manage our general partner in a manner beneficial to our limited partners and its owner, NextEra. Without these provisions, the general partner's ability to make decisions involving conflicts of interests would be restricted. These provisions benefit our general partner by enabling it to take into consideration all parties involved in the proposed action. These provisions also strengthen the ability of our general partner to attract and retain experienced and capable directors. These provisions represent a detriment to the limited partners, however, because they restrict the remedies available to limited partners for actions that, without those provisions, might constitute breaches of fiduciary duty, as described below, and permit our general partner to take into account the interests of third parties in addition to our interests when resolving conflicted interests. The following is a summary of:

the fiduciary duties imposed on general partners of a limited partnership by the Delaware Act in the absence of partnership agreement provisions to the contrary;

the contractual duties of our general partner contained in our partnership agreement that replace the fiduciary duties that would otherwise be imposed by Delaware law on our general partner; and

certain rights and remedies of limited partners contained in the Delaware Act.

***State law fiduciary duty standards***

Fiduciary duties are generally considered to include an obligation to act in good faith and with due care and loyalty. The duty of care, in the absence of a provision in a partnership agreement providing otherwise, would generally require a general partner of a Delaware limited partnership to use that amount of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent person would use in similar circumstances and to consider all material information reasonably available in making business decisions. The duty of loyalty, in the absence of a provision in a partnership agreement providing otherwise, would generally prohibit a general partner of a Delaware limited partnership from taking any action or engaging in any transaction where a conflict of interest is present unless such transaction were entirely fair to the partnership.

***Partnership agreement standards***

Our partnership agreement contains provisions that waive or consent to conduct by our general partner and its affiliates that might otherwise raise issues as to compliance with fiduciary duties or applicable law. For example, our partnership agreement provides that when our general partner is acting in its capacity as our general partner, as opposed to in its individual capacity, it must act in good faith, meaning that it subjectively believed that the decision was in our best interests, and will not be subject to any other standard under applicable law, other than the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing. In addition, when our general partner is acting in its individual capacity, as opposed to in its capacity as our general partner, it may act free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to us or the limited partners, other than the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing. These standards reduce the obligations to which our general partner would otherwise be held under applicable Delaware law.

Our partnership agreement generally provides that affiliated transactions and resolutions of conflicts of interest not approved by the public common unitholders or the conflicts committee of our general partner's board of directors must be determined by our general partner's board of directors to be:

on terms no less favorable to us than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties; or



## **Table of Contents**

fair and reasonable to us, taking into account the totality of the relationships between the parties involved, including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to us.

If our general partner does not seek approval from the public common unitholders or the conflicts committee and our general partner's board of directors determines that the resolution or course of action taken with respect to the conflict of interest satisfies either of the standards set forth in the bullet points above, then it will be presumed that, in making its decision, our general partner's board of directors acted in good faith, and in any proceeding brought by or on behalf of any limited partner or the partnership challenging such determination, the person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding will have the burden of overcoming such presumption. These standards reduce the obligations to which our general partner would otherwise be held. In addition to the other more specific provisions limiting the obligations of our general partner, our partnership agreement further provides that our general partner, its affiliates and their officers and directors will not be liable for monetary damages to us or, our limited partners for losses sustained or liabilities incurred as a result of any acts or omissions unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that such person acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud or willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the conduct was criminal.

### ***Rights and remedies of limited partners***

The Delaware Act generally provides that a limited partner may institute legal action on behalf of the partnership to recover damages from a third party where a general partner has wrongfully refused to institute the action or where an effort to cause a general partner to do so is not likely to succeed. These actions include actions against a general partner for breach of its contractual duties under the partnership agreement.

A transferee of or other person acquiring a common unit will be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the provisions in the partnership agreement, including the provisions described above. See Description of the Common Units Transfer of Common Units. The failure of a limited partner to sign our partnership agreement does not render the partnership agreement unenforceable against that person.

Under our partnership agreement, we must indemnify our general partner and its officers, directors and managers, to the fullest extent permitted by law, against liabilities, costs and expenses incurred by our general partner or these other persons. We must provide this indemnification unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that these persons acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud or willful misconduct. We also must provide this indemnification for criminal proceedings unless our general partner or these other persons acted with knowledge that their conduct was unlawful. Thus, our general partner could be indemnified for its negligent acts if it meets the requirements set forth above. To the extent that these provisions purport to include indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 (the Securities Act), in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is contrary to public policy and therefore unenforceable. See Material Provisions of the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement Indemnification regarding the duties of our general partner.

**Table of Contents**

**DESCRIPTION OF THE COMMON UNITS**

**The Units**

All holders of common units are entitled to participate in partnership distributions and exercise the rights or privileges available to limited partners under our partnership agreement. For a description of the rights and privileges of limited partners under our partnership agreement, including voting rights, see Material Provisions of the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement.

**Transfer Agent and Registrar**

*Duties*

Computershare Trust Company, N.A. will serve as registrar and transfer agent for the common units. We will pay all fees charged by the transfer agent for transfers of common units, except the following that must be paid by unitholders:

surety bond premiums to replace lost or stolen certificates, taxes and other governmental charges;

special charges for services requested by a common unitholder; and

other similar fees or charges.

There will be no charge to unitholders for disbursements of our cash distributions. We will indemnify the transfer agent, its agents and each of their stockholders, directors, officers and employees against all claims and losses that may arise out of acts performed or omitted for its activities in that capacity, except for any liability due to any gross negligence or intentional misconduct of the indemnified person or entity.

***Resignation or Removal***

The transfer agent may resign, by notice to us, or be removed by us. The resignation or removal of the transfer agent will become effective upon our appointment of a successor transfer agent and registrar and its acceptance of the appointment. If no successor has been appointed and has accepted the appointment within 30 days after notice of the resignation or removal, our general partner may act as the transfer agent and registrar until a successor is appointed.

**Transfer of Common Units**

By transfer of common units in accordance with our partnership agreement, each transferee of common units will be admitted as a limited partner with respect to the common units transferred when such transfer or admission is reflected in our register and such limited partner becomes the record holder of the common units so transferred. Each transferee:

will become bound and will be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the terms and conditions of our partnership agreement;

represents that the transferee has the capacity, power and authority to enter into our partnership agreement; and

makes the consents, acknowledgements and waivers contained in our partnership agreement, such as the approval of all transactions and agreements we are entering into in connection with our formation and this offering and its consent to various actions and potential conflicts of interest contemplated in the partnership agreement that might otherwise be considered a breach of fiduciary or other duties under applicable state law.

**Table of Contents**

We are entitled to treat the nominee holder of a common unit as the absolute owner in the event such nominee is the record holder of such common unit. In that case, the beneficial holder's rights are limited solely to those that it has against the nominee holder as a result of any agreement between the beneficial owner and the nominee holder.

Common units are securities and are transferable according to the laws governing transfer of securities. Until a common unit has been transferred on our register, we and the transfer agent may treat the record holder of the unit as the absolute owner for all purposes, except as otherwise required by law or stock exchange regulations.

**Table of Contents**

**MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF THE NEE PARTNERS PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT**

The following is a summary of the material provisions of our partnership agreement. The form of our partnership agreement is included in this prospectus as Appendix A. We will provide prospective investors with a copy of our partnership agreement upon request at no charge.

We summarize the following provisions of our partnership agreement elsewhere in this prospectus:

with regard to distributions of available cash, see Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions;

with regard to the duties of our general partner, see Conflicts of Interest and Duties; and

with regard to the transfer of common units, see Description of the Common Units Transfer of Common Units.

**Organization and Duration**

Our partnership was formed on March 6, 2014, and will have a perpetual existence unless terminated under the terms of our partnership agreement.

**Purpose**

Our purpose under the partnership agreement is limited to any business activity that is approved by our general partner and that lawfully may be conducted by a limited partnership organized under Delaware law.

Although our general partner has the ability to cause us to engage in activities other than the business of owning, operating and acquiring contracted clean energy projects, our general partner may decline to do so free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to us or the limited partners, including any duty to act in the best interests of us or the limited partners, other than the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing. Our general partner is authorized in general to perform all acts it determines to be necessary or appropriate to carry out our purposes and to conduct our business.

**Capital Contributions**

Unitholders are not obligated to make additional capital contributions, except as described below under Limited Liability. Our general partner is not obligated to make any capital contributions.

**Meetings; Voting Rights**

We refer to our common units and the Special Voting Units described below as voting units. For purposes of this summary, matters described as requiring the approval of a unit majority require:

during the purchase price adjustment period, the approval of a majority of the outstanding common units (excluding any common units held by our general partner and its affiliates) and a majority of the outstanding Special Voting Units, voting as separate classes; and

after the purchase price adjustment period, the approval of a majority of the outstanding common units and the Special Voting Units, voting together as a single class.

**Table of Contents**

The following table sets forth a summary of the unitholder vote required for the matters specified below. Our general partner and its affiliates, including NEE Equity, will have no duty or obligation whatsoever to us or the limited partners, including any duty to act in the best interests of us or the limited partners, in their voting of the Special Voting Units or any common units they acquire, other than the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

Issuance of additional units	No approval right.
Amendment of the partnership agreement	Certain amendments may be made by the general partner without the approval of the unitholders. Other amendments generally require the approval of a unit majority as described above. See Amendment of the Partnership Agreement.
Certain matters relating to NEE Operating LP	Any matters relating to NEE Operating LP which require the consent or approval of a unit majority (as defined under NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement), including certain amendments of NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement, will require the approval of a unit majority. And any other matters requiring approval by a higher percentage of NEE Operating LP common units will require the approval by a corresponding percentage of our common unitholders (including Special Voting Units, as applicable), subject to certain exceptions.
Merger of our partnership or the sale of all or substantially all of our assets	Unit majority in certain circumstances. See Merger, Consolidation, Conversion, Sale or Other Disposition of Assets.
Dissolution of our partnership	Unit majority. See Termination and Dissolution.
Continuation of our business upon dissolution	Unit majority. See Termination and Dissolution.
Withdrawal of the general partner	Under most circumstances, the approval of unitholders holding at least a majority of the outstanding common units, excluding common units held by our general partner and its affiliates (including the Special Voting Units), is required for the withdrawal of our general partner prior to June 30, 2024, in a manner that would cause a dissolution of our partnership. See Withdrawal or Removal of the General Partner.
Removal of the general partner	Not less than 66 $\frac{2}{3}$ % of the outstanding units, voting as a single class, including units held by our general partner and its affiliates (including the Special Voting Units). Any removal of our general partner is also subject to the approval of a successor general partner by a unit majority. See Withdrawal or Removal of the General Partner.
Transfer of the general partner interest	Our general partner may transfer all, but not less than all, of its general partner interest in us without a vote of our unitholders to an affiliate or another person in connection

with its merger or consolidation with or into, or sale of all or substantially all of its assets to, such person. The approval of a majority of the outstanding common units, excluding common units held by our general partner and its affiliates (including the Special Voting Units), is required in other circumstances for a transfer of the general partner interest to a third party prior to June 30, 2024. See Transfer of General Partner Units.

Transfer of ownership interests in our general partner

No approval right. See Transfer of Ownership Interests in the General Partner.

203



## **Table of Contents**

Except as described below regarding a person or group owning 10% or more of the voting power of any class of units then outstanding, record holders of our common units on the record date will be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, meetings of our limited partners and to act upon matters for which approvals may be solicited.

Our general partner does not anticipate that any meeting of unitholders will be called in the foreseeable future. Any action that is required or permitted to be taken by the unitholders may be taken either at a meeting of the unitholders or, if authorized by our general partner, without a meeting if consents in writing describing the action so taken are signed by holders of the number of units that would be necessary to authorize or take that action at a meeting where all limited partners were present and voted. Meetings of the unitholders may be called by our general partner or by unitholders owning at least 10% of the voting power of the class for which a meeting is proposed. Unitholders may vote either in person or by proxy at meetings. The holders of a majority of the voting power of the class or classes for which a meeting has been called represented in person or by proxy will constitute a quorum unless any action by the unitholders requires approval by holders of a greater percentage of the voting power, in which case the quorum will be the greater percentage.

Each record holder of one or more common units is entitled to one vote for each common unit held on any matter presented to the holders of common units for a vote. Additional limited partnership interests having special voting rights could be issued. See Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests. However, if at any time any person or group, other than our general partner and its affiliates, acquires an aggregate of 10% or more of the voting power of any class of units then outstanding, that person or group will lose voting rights on all of its units and the units may not be voted on any matter and will not be considered to be outstanding when sending notices of a meeting of unitholders, calculating required votes, determining the presence of a quorum or for other similar purposes. To the extent a unitholder is able in the aggregate to exercise 10% or more of the voting power of any class of units then outstanding as the result of the reduction in voting power described above or as the result of the proportional voting described below, such unitholder shall only be entitled to vote less than 10% of the voting power of the class of units it owns and the incremental voting power above this amount shall be voted proportionally with all other votes of the same class of units owned by such unitholder. The 10% threshold discussed above will automatically increase to 20% if FERC grants our application under FPA Section 203 or a petition for declaratory order seeking a determination by FERC that the acquisition of our common units by an investor in any amount will not result, directly or indirectly, in a change of control or merger or consolidation with respect to our direct or indirect public utility subsidiaries or otherwise require separate authorization pursuant to FPA Section 203. This loss of voting rights does not apply to any person or group that acquires the units from our general partner or its affiliates and any transferees of that person or group who are notified by our general partner that they will not lose their voting rights or to any person or group who acquires the units with the prior approval of our general partner's board of directors. Common units held in nominee or street name account will be voted by the broker or other nominee in accordance with the instruction of the beneficial owner unless the arrangement between the beneficial owner and his nominee provides otherwise.

Any notice, demand, request, report or proxy material required or permitted to be given or made to record holders of common units under our partnership agreement will be delivered to the record holder by us or by the transfer agent.

### ***Special Voting Units***

NEE Equity will hold the same number of Special Voting Units as the number of common units of NEE Operating LP held by NEE Equity. Each Special Voting Unit will be entitled to one vote on certain matters that may be submitted to our common unitholders for a vote. Our common units and the Special Voting Units will be treated as a single class on all such matters submitted for a vote of our common unitholders other than votes requiring a unit majority during the purchase price adjustment period as described above. If the ratio at which common units of NEE Operating LP held by NEE Equity are exchangeable for our common units changes from one-for-one, the number of votes to which

the holders of the Special Voting Units are entitled will be adjusted accordingly. Additional limited partner interests having special voting rights could also be issued. See Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests below.

## Table of Contents

### **Limited Liability**

Assuming that a limited partner does not participate in the control of our business within the meaning of the Delaware Act and that the limited partner otherwise acts in conformity with the provisions of the partnership agreement, the limited partner's liability under the Delaware Act will be limited, subject to possible exceptions, to the amount of capital that the limited partner is obligated to contribute to us for the limited partner's common units plus the limited partner's share of any undistributed profits and assets. If it were determined, however, that the right, or exercise of the right, by the limited partners as a group:

to remove or replace the general partner;

to approve some amendments to the partnership agreement; or

to take other action under the partnership agreement;

constituted participation in the control of our business for the purposes of the Delaware Act, then the limited partners could be held personally liable for our obligations under the laws of Delaware, to the same extent as the general partner. This liability would extend to persons who transact business with us who reasonably believe that the limited partner is a general partner. Neither the partnership agreement nor the Delaware Act specifically provides for legal recourse against the general partner if a limited partner were to lose limited liability through any fault of the general partner. While this does not mean that a limited partner could not seek legal recourse, we know of no precedent for this type of a claim in Delaware case law.

Under the Delaware Act, a limited partnership may not make a distribution to a partner if, after the distribution, all liabilities of the limited partnership, other than liabilities to partners on account of their limited partner interests and liabilities for which the recourse of creditors is limited to specific property of the partnership, would exceed the fair value of the assets of the limited partnership, except that the fair value of property that is subject to a liability for which the recourse of creditors is limited is included in the assets of the limited partnership only to the extent that the fair value of that property exceeds that liability. For the purpose of determining the fair value of the assets of a limited partnership, the Delaware Act provides that the fair value of property subject to liability for which recourse of creditors is limited will be included in the assets of the limited partnership only to the extent that the fair value of that property exceeds the non-recourse liability. The Delaware Act provides that a limited partner who receives a distribution and knew at the time of the distribution that the distribution was in violation of the Delaware Act will be liable to the limited partnership for the amount of the distribution for three years. Under the Delaware Act, a substituted limited partner of a limited partnership is liable for the obligations of his assignor to make contributions to the partnership, except that such person is not obligated for liabilities unknown to him at the time he became a limited partner and that could not be ascertained from the partnership agreement.

Our subsidiaries conduct business in the U.S. and Canada and we may have subsidiaries that conduct business in other countries in the future. Maintenance of our limited liability as a limited partner of our operating subsidiaries may require compliance with legal requirements in the jurisdictions in which our operating subsidiaries conduct business, including qualifying our subsidiaries to do business there.

Limitations on the liability of limited partners or members for the obligations of a limited partnership have not been clearly established in many jurisdictions. If, by virtue of our limited partner interests in NEE Operating LP or

otherwise, it were determined that we were conducting business in any state without compliance with the applicable limited partnership statute, or that the right or exercise of the right by the limited partners as a group to remove or replace the general partner, to approve some amendments to the partnership agreement, or to take other action under the partnership agreement constituted participation in the control of our business for purposes of the statutes of any relevant jurisdiction, then the limited partners could be held personally liable for our obligations under the law of that jurisdiction to the same extent as the general partner under the circumstances. We will operate in a manner that the general partner considers reasonable and necessary or appropriate to preserve the limited liability of the limited partners.

## **Table of Contents**

### **Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests**

Our partnership agreement authorizes us to issue an unlimited number of additional partnership interests for the consideration and on the terms and conditions determined by our general partner without the approval of the common unitholders.

It is likely that we will fund acquisitions through the issuance of additional common units or other partnership interests. Holders of any additional common units that we issue will be entitled to share equally with the then-existing holders of common units in our distributions of available cash. In addition, our issuance of additional common units or other partnership interests may dilute the value of the interests of the then-existing holders of common units in our net assets.

According to Delaware law and the provisions of our partnership agreement, we may also issue additional partnership interests that, as determined by our general partner, may have special voting rights to which the common units are not entitled. Our partnership agreement does not prohibit the issuance by our subsidiaries of equity interests, which may effectively rank senior to the common units.

### **Amendment of the Partnership Agreement**

#### ***General***

Amendments to our partnership agreement may be proposed only by our general partner. However, our general partner will have no duty or obligation to propose any amendment and may decline to do so free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to us or the limited partners, including any duty to act in the best interests of us or the limited partners, other than the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing. In order to adopt a proposed amendment, other than the amendments described below, our general partner is required to seek written approval of the holders of the number of units and other interests, if any, required to approve the amendment or call a meeting of the limited partners to consider and vote upon the proposed amendment. Except as described below, an amendment must be approved by a unit majority.

#### ***Prohibited Amendments***

No amendment may be made that would:

enlarge the obligations of any limited partner without its consent, unless such is deemed to have occurred as a result of an amendment approved by at least a majority of the type or class of limited partner interests so affected; or

enlarge the obligations of, restrict in any way any action by or rights of, or reduce in any way the amounts distributable, reimbursable or otherwise payable by us to our general partner or any of its affiliates without our general partner's consent, which consent may be given or withheld at its option.

The provisions of our partnership agreement preventing the amendments having the effects described in any of the clauses above can be amended upon the approval of the holders of at least 90% of the outstanding voting units voting together as a single class (including the Special Voting Units). Upon the completion of this offering, NextEra and its affiliates will hold approximately 82.6% of our voting power through NEE Equity's ownership of the Special Voting

Units (excluding common units purchased by directors, officers, employees and certain other persons affiliated with us in our directed unit program).

**Table of Contents**

***No Unitholder Approval***

Our general partner generally may make amendments to our partnership agreement without the approval of any limited partner to reflect:

a change in our name, the location of our principal office, our registered agent or our registered office;

the admission, substitution, withdrawal or removal of partners in accordance with our partnership agreement;

a change that our general partner determines to be necessary or appropriate to qualify or continue our qualification as a limited partnership or a partnership in which the limited partners have limited liability under the laws of any state or to ensure that our subsidiaries will not be taxable as corporations or otherwise taxed as entities for federal income tax purposes;

an amendment that is necessary, in the opinion of our counsel, to prevent us or our general partner or its directors, officers, agents or trustees from, in any manner, being subjected to the provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940, the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, or plan asset regulations adopted under ERISA whether substantially similar to plan asset regulations currently applied or proposed by the U.S. Department of Labor;

following the grant of our application under FPA Section 203, an amendment to lower the 20% percentage threshold described above to 10% that our general partner determines to be necessary or appropriate to comply with Section 203 of the FPA or an act or order by FERC relating to us or our subsidiaries;

an amendment that our general partner determines to be necessary or appropriate for the authorization or issuance of additional partnership interests or in connection with splits or combinations of our partnership interests in accordance with our partnership agreement;

any amendment expressly permitted in our partnership agreement to be made by our general partner acting alone;

an amendment effected, necessitated or contemplated by a merger agreement that has been approved under the terms of our partnership agreement;

any amendment that our general partner determines to be necessary or appropriate to reflect and account for the formation by us of, or our investment in, any corporation, partnership or other entity, in

connection with our conduct of activities permitted by our partnership agreement;

a change in our fiscal year or taxable year and any other changes that our general partner determines to be necessary or appropriate as a result of such change;

conversions into, mergers with or conveyances to another limited liability entity that is newly formed and has no assets, liabilities or operations at the time of the conversion, merger or conveyance other than those it receives by way of the conversion, merger or conveyance; or

any other amendments substantially similar to any of the matters described in the clauses above.

In addition, our general partner may make amendments to our partnership agreement without the approval of any limited partner if our general partner determines that those amendments:

do not adversely affect in any material respect the limited partners considered as a whole or any particular class of partnership interests as compared to other classes of partnership interests;



## **Table of Contents**

are necessary or appropriate to satisfy any requirements, conditions or guidelines contained in any opinion, directive, order, ruling or regulation of any federal or state agency or judicial authority or contained in any federal or state statute;

are necessary or appropriate to facilitate the trading of limited partner interests or to comply with any rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any securities exchange on which the limited partner interests are or will be listed or admitted to trading;

are necessary or appropriate for any action taken by our general partner relating to splits or combinations of units under the provisions of our partnership agreement; or

are required to effect the intent expressed in this prospectus or the intent of the provisions of our partnership agreement or are otherwise contemplated by our partnership agreement.

### ***Opinion of Counsel and Unitholder Approval***

For amendments of the type not requiring unitholder approval, our general partner will not be required to obtain an opinion of counsel to the effect that an amendment will not affect the limited liability of any limited partner under Delaware law. No other amendments to our partnership agreement will become effective without the approval of holders of at least 90% of the outstanding voting units voting as a single class unless we first obtain such an opinion.

In addition to the above restrictions, any amendment that would have a material adverse effect on the rights or preferences of any type or class of partnership interests in relation to other classes of partnership interests will require the approval of at least a majority of the type or class of partnership interests so affected. Any amendment that would reduce the percentage of units required to take any action, other than to remove our general partner or call a meeting of unitholders, must be approved by the affirmative vote of limited partners whose aggregate outstanding units constitute not less than the percentage sought to be reduced. Any amendment that would increase the percentage of units required to remove our general partner must be approved by the affirmative vote of limited partners whose aggregate outstanding units constitute not less than 90% of the outstanding voting units. Any amendment that would increase the percentage of units required to call a meeting of unitholders must be approved by the affirmative vote of limited partners whose aggregate outstanding units constitute at least a majority of the outstanding voting units.

### **Amendment of the IDR Fee and Purchase Price Adjustment Provisions**

Any amendment to the provisions relating to the IDR Fee or the purchase price adjustment contained in the Purchase Agreement or Management Services Agreement that would materially amend such provisions or would otherwise materially adversely affect holders of our common units, will require the approval of the holders of at least a unit majority.

### **Merger, Consolidation, Conversion, Sale or Other Disposition of Assets**

A merger, consolidation or conversion of us requires the prior consent of our general partner. However, our general partner will have no duty or obligation to consent to any merger, consolidation or conversion and may decline to do so free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to us or the limited partners, including any duty to act in the best interest of us or the limited partners.

In addition, NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement generally prohibits our general partner without the prior approval of the holders of a unit majority, from causing us to, among other things, sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of our assets in a single transaction or a series of related transactions. Our general partner may, however, mortgage, pledge, hypothecate or grant a security interest in all or substantially all of our assets without such approval. Our general partner may also sell any or all of our assets under a foreclosure or other realization upon those encumbrances without that approval. Finally, our general

## **Table of Contents**

partner may consummate any merger of us with another limited liability entity without the prior approval of our unitholders if we are the surviving entity in the transaction, our general partner has received an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability, the transaction would not result in an amendment to the partnership agreement requiring unitholder approval, each of our units will be an identical unit of our partnership following the transaction, and the partnership interests to be issued by us in such merger do not exceed 20% of our outstanding partnership interests immediately prior to the transaction.

If the conditions specified in the partnership agreement are satisfied, our general partner may convert us or any of our subsidiaries into a new limited liability entity or merge us or any of our subsidiaries into, or convey all of our assets to, a newly formed entity if the sole purpose of that conversion, merger or conveyance is to effect a mere change in our legal form into another limited liability entity, our general partner has received an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability and the general partner determines that the governing instruments of the new entity provide the limited partners and the general partner with the same rights and obligations as contained in the partnership agreement. The unitholders are not entitled to dissenters' rights of appraisal under the partnership agreement or applicable Delaware law in the event of a conversion, merger or consolidation, a sale of substantially all of our assets or any other similar transaction or event.

## **Termination and Dissolution**

We will continue as a limited partnership until dissolved and terminated under our partnership agreement. We will dissolve upon:

the election of our general partner to dissolve us, if approved by the holders of units representing a unit majority;

there being no limited partners, unless we are continued without dissolution in accordance with applicable Delaware law;

the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of our partnership; or

the withdrawal or removal of our general partner or any other event that results in its ceasing to be our general partner, other than by reason of a transfer of its general partner interest in accordance with our partnership agreement or withdrawal or removal followed by approval and admission of a successor.

Upon a dissolution under the last clause above, the holders of a unit majority may also elect, within specific time limitations, to continue our business on the same terms and conditions described in our partnership agreement by appointing as a successor general partner an entity approved by the holders of units representing a unit majority, subject to our receipt of an opinion of counsel to the effect that the action would not result in the loss of limited liability of any limited partner.

## **Liquidation and Distribution of Proceeds**

Upon our dissolution, unless we are continued as a new limited partnership, the liquidator authorized to wind up our affairs will, acting with all of the powers of our general partner that are necessary or appropriate to, liquidate our

assets and apply the proceeds of the liquidation to our common unitholders on a pro rata basis. The liquidator may defer liquidation or distribution of our assets for a reasonable period of time or distribute assets to partners in kind if it determines that a sale would be impractical or would cause undue loss to our partners.

**Withdrawal or Removal of the General Partner**

Except as described below, our general partner has agreed not to withdraw voluntarily as our general partner prior to June 30, 2024, without obtaining the approval of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding common units, excluding common units held by NextEra and its affiliates (including the Special

## **Table of Contents**

Voting Units), and furnishing an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability. On or after June 30, 2024, our general partner may withdraw as general partner without first obtaining approval of any unitholder by giving 90 days' written notice, and that withdrawal will not constitute a violation of our partnership agreement. Notwithstanding the information above, our general partner may withdraw without unitholder approval upon 90 days' notice to the limited partners if at least 50% of voting power in respect of the common units are held or controlled by one person and its affiliates other than NextEra and its affiliates.

Upon voluntary withdrawal of our general partner by giving written notice to the other partners, the holders of a unit majority may select a successor to that withdrawing general partner. If a successor is not elected, or is elected but an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability cannot be obtained, we will be dissolved, wound up and liquidated, unless within a specified period after that withdrawal, the holders of a unit majority agree to continue our business by appointing a successor general partner. See Termination and Dissolution.

Our general partner may not be removed unless that removal is approved by the vote of the holders of not less than 66  $\frac{2}{3}$ % of the outstanding voting units, voting together as a single class, including the Special Voting Units, and we receive an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability. Any removal of our general partner is also subject to the approval of a successor general partner by a unit majority. The ownership of more than 33  $\frac{1}{3}$ % of the outstanding units by NextEra and its affiliates would give them the practical ability to prevent our general partner's removal, even after the expiration of the purchase price adjustment period. Upon the completion of this offering, NextEra and its affiliates will hold approximately 82.6% of our voting power through NEE Equity's ownership of the Special Voting Units (excluding common units purchased by directors, officers, employees and certain other persons affiliated with us in our directed unit program).

If our general partner is removed as our general partner under circumstances where cause does not exist and units held by the general partner and its affiliates are not voted in favor of that removal, the purchase price adjustment period will end in accordance with the Purchase Agreement. See Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions Provisions of the NEE Operating LP Partnership Agreement Relating to Cash Distributions Purchase Price Adjustment Expiration Upon Removal of NEE Operating GP or the General Partner of NEE Partners.

In the event of removal of a general partner or withdrawal of a general partner, we will be required to reimburse the departing general partner for all amounts due the departing general partner, including, without limitation, all employee-related liabilities, including severance liabilities, incurred for the termination of any employees employed by the departing general partner or its affiliates for our benefit.

## **Transfer of General Partner Units**

Except for transfer by our general partner of all, but not less than all, of its general partner units to:

an affiliate of our general partner (other than an individual); or

another entity as part of the merger or consolidation of our general partner with or into such entity or the transfer by our general partner of all or substantially all of its assets to such entity, our general partner may not transfer all or any of its general partner units to another person prior to June 30, 2024, without the approval of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding common units, excluding common units

(and the Special Voting Units) held by NextEra and its affiliates. As a condition of this transfer, the transferee must assume, among other things, the rights and duties of our general partner, agree to be bound by the provisions of our partnership agreement, and furnish an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability matters.

In general, our general partner and its affiliates may, at any time, transfer common units to one or more persons, without unitholder approval.

## **Table of Contents**

### **Transfer of Ownership Interests in the General Partner**

At any time, NextEra and its affiliates may sell or transfer all or part of their direct or indirect interest in our general partner without the approval of our unitholders.

### **Limited Call Right**

If at any time our general partner and its affiliates control more than 80% of the voting power of the then-issued and outstanding limited partner interests of any class, our general partner will have the right, which it may assign in whole or in part to any of its affiliates or to us, to acquire all, but not less than all, of the limited partner interests of such class held by unaffiliated persons as of a record date to be selected by our general partner, on at least ten but not more than 60 days' notice. The common units and Special Voting Units will be considered a single class for this purpose. The purchase price in the event of this purchase is the greater of:

the highest cash price paid by either of our general partner or any of its affiliates for any limited partner interests of the class purchased within the 90 days preceding the date on which our general partner first mails notice of its election to purchase those limited partner interests; and

the current market price calculated in accordance with our partnership agreement as of the date three business days before the date the notice is mailed.

As a result of our general partner's right to purchase outstanding limited partner interests, a holder of limited partner interests may have his limited partner interests purchased at a price that may be lower than market prices at various times prior to such purchase or lower than a unitholder may anticipate the market price to be in the future. The tax consequences to a unitholder of the exercise of this call right are the same as a sale by that unitholder of his common units in the market.

### **Status as Limited Partner**

By transfer of common units in accordance with our partnership agreement, each transferee of common units will be admitted as a limited partner with respect to the common units transferred when such transfer and admission is reflected in our register. Except as described under Limited Liability, the common units will be fully paid, and unitholders will not be required to make additional contributions.

### **Indemnification**

Under our partnership agreement, in most circumstances, we will indemnify the following persons, to the fullest extent permitted by law, from and against all losses, claims, damages or similar events:

our general partner;

any departing general partner;

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any person who is or was an affiliate of a general partner or any departing general partner;

any person who is or was a director, officer, managing member, manager, general partner, fiduciary or trustee of our subsidiaries, us or any entity set forth in the preceding three bullet points;

any person who is or was serving as director, officer, managing member, manager, general partner, fiduciary or trustee of another person owing certain duties to us or any of our subsidiaries at the request of our general partner or any departing general partner or any of their affiliates; and

any person designated by our general partner.



## **Table of Contents**

Any indemnification under these provisions will only be out of our assets. Our general partner will not be personally liable for, or have any obligation to contribute or lend funds or assets to us to enable us to effectuate, indemnification. We will purchase insurance against liabilities asserted against and expenses incurred by our general partner's directors and executive officers, regardless of whether we would have the power to indemnify such persons against such liabilities under our partnership agreement.

## **Reimbursement of Expenses**

Our partnership agreement requires us to reimburse our general partner for all direct and indirect expenses it incurs or payments it makes on our behalf and all other expenses allocable to us or otherwise incurred by our general partner in connection with operating our business. These expenses include salary, bonus, incentive compensation and other amounts paid to persons who perform services for us or on our behalf and expenses allocated to our general partner by its affiliates. The general partner is entitled to determine in good faith the expenses that are allocable to us.

## **Books and Reports**

Our general partner is required to keep appropriate books of our business at our principal offices. The books will be maintained for financial reporting purposes on an accrual basis. For tax and fiscal reporting purposes, our fiscal year is the calendar year.

We will mail or make available to record holders of common units, within 105 days after the close of each fiscal year, an annual report containing audited financial statements and a report on those financial statements by our independent public accountants. Except for our fourth quarter, we will also mail or make available summary financial information within 50 days after the close of each quarter.

## **Right to Inspect Our Books and Records**

Our partnership agreement provides that a limited partner can, for a purpose reasonably related to his interest as a limited partner, upon reasonable written demand stating the purpose of such demand and at his own expense, have furnished to him:

a current list of the name and last known address of each record holder;

copies of our partnership agreement and our certificate of limited partnership and all amendments thereto; and

certain information regarding the status of our business and financial condition.

Our general partner may, and intends to, keep confidential from the limited partners, trade secrets or other information the disclosure of which our general partner determines is not in our best interests or that we are required by law or by agreements with third parties to keep confidential. Our partnership agreement limits the right to information that a limited partner would otherwise have under Delaware law.



**Table of Contents**

**MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF THE NEE OPERATING LP PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT**

The following is a summary of the material provisions of the partnership agreement of NEE Operating LP. The form of the NEE Operating LP partnership agreement is included in this prospectus as Appendix B. We will provide prospective investors with a copy of the NEE Operating LP partnership agreement upon request at no charge.

We summarize the provisions of the NEE Operating LP partnership agreement regarding distributions of available cash elsewhere in this prospectus. See Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions.

**Organization and Duration**

NEE Operating LP was organized in March 2014 and will have a perpetual existence unless terminated under the terms of its partnership agreement.

**Purpose**

NEE Operating LP's purpose under the partnership agreement is limited to any business activity that is approved by its general partner and that lawfully may be conducted by a limited partnership organized under Delaware law.

Although NEE Operating GP has the ability to cause it and its subsidiaries to engage in activities other than the business of owning, operating and acquiring contracted clean energy projects, NEE Operating GP may decline to do so free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to NEE Operating LP or the limited partners, including any duty to act in the best interests of NEE Operating LP or the limited partners, other than the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing. NEE Operating GP is authorized in general to perform all acts it determines to be necessary or appropriate to carry out its purposes and to conduct its business. Since we will own all of the equity interests of NEE Operating GP, determinations made by NEE Operating GP under NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement will ultimately be made at the direction of our general partner.

**Capital Contributions**

Unitholders are not obligated to make additional capital contributions, except as described below under Limited Liability. NEE Operating GP is not obligated to make any capital contributions.

**Meetings; Voting Rights**

Record holders of units on the record date will be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, meetings of NEE Operating LP's limited partners and to act upon matters for which approvals may be solicited. For purposes of this summary, matters described as requiring the approval of a unit majority require:

during the purchase price adjustment period, the approval of all of the outstanding common units; and

after the purchase price adjustment period, the approval of a majority of the outstanding common units. We do not anticipate that any meeting of NEE Operating LP unitholders will be called in the foreseeable future. Any action that is required or permitted to be taken by the unitholders may be taken either at a meeting of the unitholders

or without a meeting if consents in writing describing the action so taken are signed by holders of the number of units that would be necessary to authorize or take that action at a meeting where all limited partners were present and voted. Meetings of the unitholders may be called by NEE Operating GP. Unitholders may vote either in person or by proxy at meetings. The holders of a majority of the outstanding units of the class

## **Table of Contents**

or classes for which a meeting has been called represented in person or by proxy will constitute a quorum unless any action by the unitholders requires approval by holders of a greater percentage of the units, in which case the quorum will be the greater percentage.

Each record holder of a common unit is entitled to a number of votes on any matter presented to the holders of common units for a vote that is equal to the holder's percentage interest in NEE Operating LP common units, although additional limited partner interests having special voting rights could be issued. See Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests. Common units held in nominee or street name account will be voted by the broker or other nominee in accordance with the instruction of the beneficial owner unless the arrangement between the beneficial owner and his nominee provides otherwise.

Any notice, demand, request, report or proxy material required or permitted to be given or made to record holders of common units under NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement will be delivered to the record holder by NEE Operating LP or by the transfer agent.

## **Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests**

NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement authorizes NEE Operating LP to issue an unlimited number of additional partnership interests for the consideration and on the terms and conditions determined by its general partner without the approval of the common unitholders.

In accordance with Delaware law and the provisions of its partnership agreement, NEE Operating LP may also issue additional partnership interests that, as determined by NEE Operating GP, may have special voting rights to which the common units are not entitled. In addition, NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement does not prohibit the issuance by its subsidiaries of equity interests, which may effectively rank senior to the common units.

At any time when NEE Partners issues additional common units, NEE Operating LP will issue an equivalent number of common units to NEE Partners. As a result, if NEE Partners issues additional common units to fund acquisitions or for other purposes, NEE Operating LP will be required to issue a like amount of common units to NEE Partners, which may dilute the value of the interests of the then-existing holders of NEE Operating LP's common units in NEE Operating LP's net assets.

## **Transfer of Common Units**

By transfer of common units in accordance with NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement, each transferee of common units will be admitted as a limited partner with respect to the common units transferred when such transfer or admission is reflected in NEE Operating LP's register and such limited partner becomes the record holder of the common units so transferred. Each transferee:

will become bound and will be deemed to have agreed to be bound by the terms and conditions of NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement;

represents that the transferee has the capacity, power and authority to enter into NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement; and

makes the consents, acknowledgements and waivers contained in NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement, such as the approval of all transactions and agreements NEE Operating LP is entering into in connection with its formation and this offering.

NEE Operating LP is entitled to treat the nominee holder of a common unit as the absolute owner in the event such nominee is the record holder of such common unit. In that case, the beneficial holder's rights are

## **Table of Contents**

limited solely to those that it has against the nominee holder as a result of any agreement between the beneficial owner and the nominee holder.

Common units are securities and are transferable according to the laws governing transfer of securities. Until a common unit has been transferred on NEE Operating LP's register, NEE Operating LP and the transfer agent may treat the record holder of the unit as the absolute owner for all purposes, except as otherwise required by law or stock exchange regulations.

## **Amendment of NEE Operating LP's Partnership Agreement**

### ***General***

Amendments to NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement may be proposed only by NEE Operating GP. However, NEE Operating GP will have no duty or obligation to propose any amendment and may decline to do so free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to NEE Operating LP or the limited partners, including any duty to act in the best interests of NEE Operating LP or the limited partners, other than the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing. In order to adopt a proposed amendment, other than the amendments described below, NEE Operating GP is required to seek written approval of the holders of the number of units and other interests, if any, required to approve the amendment or call a meeting of the limited partners to consider and vote upon the proposed amendment. Except as described below, an amendment must be approved by a unit majority.

### ***Prohibited Amendments***

No amendment may be made that would:

enlarge the obligations of any limited partner without its consent, unless such is deemed to have occurred as a result of an amendment approved by at least a majority of the type or class of limited partner interests so affected; or

enlarge the obligations of, restrict in any way any action by or rights of, or reduce in any way the amounts distributable, reimbursable or otherwise payable by NEE Operating LP to NEE Operating GP or any of its affiliates without its consent, which consent may be given or withheld at its option.

The provisions of NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement preventing the amendments having the effects described in any of the clauses above can be amended upon the approval of the holders of at least 90% of the outstanding units voting together as a single class (including units owned by NEE Operating GP and its affiliates). Upon the completion of this offering, NEE Operating GP and its affiliates, other than us, will own approximately 82.6% of the outstanding common units of NEE Operating LP through NEE Equity.

### ***No Unitholder Approval***

NEE Operating GP may generally make amendments to NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement without the approval of any limited partner to reflect:

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a change in NEE Operating LP's name, the location of NEE Operating LP's principal office, its registered agent or its registered office;

the admission, substitution, withdrawal or removal of partners in accordance with the partnership agreement;

a change that NEE Operating GP determines to be necessary or appropriate to qualify or continue NEE Operating LP's qualification as a limited partnership or a partnership in which the limited



**Table of Contents**

partners have limited liability under the laws of any state or to ensure that none of NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries will be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise taxed as an entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes;

an amendment that is necessary, in the opinion of NEE Operating LP's counsel, to prevent NEE Operating LP or its general partner or its directors, officers, agents or trustees from, in any manner, being subjected to the provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940, the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, or plan asset regulations adopted under ERISA whether substantially similar to plan asset regulations currently applied or proposed by the U.S. Department of Labor;

an amendment that NEE Operating GP determines to be necessary or appropriate for the authorization or issuance of additional partnership interests;

any amendment expressly permitted in NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement to be made by NEE Operating GP acting alone;

an amendment effected, necessitated or contemplated by a merger agreement that has been approved under the terms of NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement;

any amendment that NEE Operating GP determines to be necessary or appropriate to reflect and account for the formation by NEE Operating LP of, or NEE Operating LP's investment in, any corporation, partnership or other entity, in connection with NEE Operating LP's conduct of activities permitted by its partnership agreement;

a change in NEE Operating LP's fiscal year or taxable year and any other changes that NEE Operating GP determines to be necessary or appropriate as a result of such change;

conversions into, mergers with or conveyances to another limited liability entity that is newly formed and has no assets, liabilities or operations at the time of the conversion, merger or conveyance other than those it receives by way of the conversion, merger or conveyance; or

any other amendments substantially similar to any of the matters described in the clauses above.

In addition, NEE Operating GP may make amendments to NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement without the approval of any limited partner if the NEE Operating GP determines that those amendments:

do not adversely affect in any material respect the limited partners considered as a whole or any particular class of partnership interests as compared to other classes of partnership interests;

are necessary or appropriate to satisfy any requirements, conditions or guidelines contained in any opinion, directive, order, ruling or regulation of any federal or state agency or judicial authority or contained in any federal or state statute;

are necessary or appropriate to facilitate the trading of limited partner interests or to comply with any rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any securities exchange on which the limited partner interests are or will be listed or admitted to trading;

are necessary or appropriate for any action taken by NEE Operating GP relating to splits or combinations of units under the provisions of the partnership agreement; or

are required to effect the intent expressed in this prospectus or the intent of the provisions of NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement or are otherwise contemplated by the partnership agreement.

## **Table of Contents**

### ***Opinion of Counsel and Unitholder Approval***

For amendments of the type not requiring unitholder approval, NEE Operating GP will not be required to obtain an opinion of counsel to the effect that an amendment will not affect the limited liability of any limited partner under Delaware law. No other amendments to the partnership agreement will become effective without the approval of holders of at least 90% of the outstanding units voting as a single class unless NEE Operating LP first obtains such an opinion.

In addition to the above restrictions, any amendment that would have a material adverse effect on the rights or preferences of any type or class of partnership interests in relation to other classes of partnership interests will require the approval of at least a majority of the type or class of partnership interests so affected. Any amendment that would reduce the percentage of units required to take any action, other than to remove NEE Operating GP or call a meeting of unitholders, must be approved by the affirmative vote of limited partners whose aggregate outstanding units constitute not less than the percentage sought to be reduced. Any amendment that would increase the percentage of units required to remove NEE Operating GP must be approved by the affirmative vote of limited partners whose aggregate outstanding units constitute not less than 90% of outstanding units. Any amendment that would increase the percentage of units required to call a meeting of unitholders must be approved by the affirmative vote of limited partners whose aggregate outstanding units constitute at least a majority of the outstanding units.

### **Merger, Consolidation, Conversion, Sale or Other Disposition of Assets**

A merger, consolidation or conversion of NEE Operating LP requires the prior consent of NEE Operating GP. However, NEE Operating GP will have no duty or obligation to consent to any merger, consolidation or conversion and may decline to do so free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to NEE Operating LP or the limited partners, including any duty to act in the best interest of NEE Operating LP or the limited partners.

In addition, the partnership agreement generally prohibits NEE Operating GP without the prior approval of the holders of a unit majority, from causing NEE Operating LP to, among other things, sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of NEE Operating LP's assets in a single transaction or a series of related transactions. The general partner may, however, mortgage, pledge, hypothecate or grant a security interest in all or substantially all of NEE Operating LP's assets without such approval. NEE Operating GP may also sell any or all of NEE Operating LP's assets under a foreclosure or other realization upon those encumbrances without that approval. Finally, NEE Operating GP may consummate any merger with another limited liability entity without the prior approval of NEE Operating LP's unitholders if NEE Operating LP is the surviving entity in the transaction, the general partner has received an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability, the transaction would not result in an amendment to the partnership agreement requiring unitholder approval, each of NEE Operating LP's units will be an identical unit of the partnership following the transaction, and the partnership interests to be issued by NEE Operating LP in such merger do not exceed 20% of NEE Operating LP's outstanding partnership interests immediately prior to the transaction.

If the conditions specified in the partnership agreement are satisfied, NEE Operating GP may convert NEE Operating LP or any of its subsidiaries into a new limited liability entity or merge NEE Operating LP or any of its subsidiaries into, or convey all of NEE Operating LP's assets to, a newly formed entity if the sole purpose of that conversion, merger or conveyance is to effect a mere change in NEE Operating LP's legal form into another limited liability entity, the general partner has received an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability and NEE Operating GP determines that the governing instruments of the new entity provide the limited partners and NEE Operating GP with the same rights and obligations as contained in the partnership agreement. The unitholders are not entitled to dissenters' rights of appraisal under the partnership agreement or applicable Delaware law in the event of a conversion, merger or consolidation, a sale of substantially all of NEE Operating LP's assets or any other similar transaction or event.



## **Table of Contents**

### **Termination and Dissolution**

NEE Operating LP will continue as a limited partnership until dissolved and terminated under the partnership agreement. NEE Operating LP will dissolve upon:

the election of NEE Operating GP to dissolve it, if approved by the holders of units representing a unit majority;

there being no limited partners, unless NEE Operating LP is continued without dissolution in accordance with applicable Delaware law;

the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of NEE Operating LP's partnership; or

the withdrawal or removal of NEE Operating GP or any other event that results in its ceasing to be NEE Operating GP, other than by reason of a transfer of its general partner interest in accordance with the partnership agreement or withdrawal or removal followed by approval and admission of a successor.

Upon a dissolution under the last clause above, the holders of a unit majority may also elect, within specific time limitations, to continue NEE Operating LP's business on the same terms and conditions described in NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement by appointing as a successor general partner an entity approved by the holders of units representing a unit majority, subject to NEE Operating LP's receipt of an opinion of counsel to the effect that the action would not result in the loss of limited liability of any limited partner.

### **Liquidation and Distribution of Proceeds**

Upon NEE Operating LP's dissolution, unless it is continued as a new limited partnership, the liquidator authorized to wind up NEE Operating LP's affairs will, acting with all of the powers of NEE Operating GP that are necessary or appropriate to, liquidate NEE Operating LP's assets and apply the proceeds of the liquidation as described in

Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions Provisions of the NEE Partnership Agreement Relating to Cash Distributions Distributions of Cash Upon Liquidation. The liquidator may defer liquidation or distribution of NEE Operating LP's assets for a reasonable period of time or distribute assets to partners in kind if it determines that a sale would be impractical or would cause undue loss to NEE Operating LP's partners.

### **Withdrawal or Removal of the General Partner**

NEE Operating GP may voluntarily withdraw as general partner or NEE Operating LP without first obtaining approval of any unitholder by giving 90 days' written notice that such withdrawal will not violate the partnership agreement only if our general partner has withdrawn or been removed as our general partner. Upon voluntary withdrawal of NEE Operating GP by giving written notice to the other partners, the holders of a unit majority may select a successor. If a successor is not elected, or is elected but an opinion of counsel regarding limited liability cannot be obtained, NEE Operating LP will be dissolved, wound up and liquidated, unless, within a specified period after that withdrawal, the holders of a unit majority agree to continue NEE Operating LP's business by appointing a

successor general partner. See Termination and Dissolution.

NEE Operating GP may not be removed unless our general partner is removed as our general partner. If our general partner is removed as general partner by unitholders, NEE Operating GP will also be removed as general partner of NEE Operating LP. Any removal of NEE Operating GP is also subject to the approval of a successor general partner by the vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding common units voting as a separate class. Upon the completion of this offering, NEE Equity will own 82.6% of the outstanding common units of NEE Operating LP.

## **Table of Contents**

If NEE Operating GP is removed as NEE Operating LP's general partner under circumstances where cause does not exist and units held by NEE Operating GP and its affiliates are not voted in favor of that removal, the purchase price adjustment period will end in accordance with the Purchase Agreement. See Provisions of the Partnership Agreements and Other Arrangements Relating to Cash Distributions Provisions of the NEE Operating LP Partnership Agreement Relating to Cash Distributions Purchase Price Adjustment Expiration Upon Removal of NEE Operating GP or the General Partner of NEE Partners.

In the event of removal of a general partner or withdrawal of a general partner, NEE Operating LP will be required to reimburse the departing general partner for all amounts due the departing general partner, including, without limitation, all employee-related liabilities, including severance liabilities, incurred for the termination of any employees employed by the departing general partner or its affiliates for NEE Operating LP's benefit.

## **Transfer of General Partner Units**

Prior to June 30, 2024, NEE Operating GP and its affiliates may not transfer general partner units unless a majority of unitholders approve the transfer or the transfer is of the entire general partner interest in connection with a merger, consolidation or transfer of substantially all of NEE Operating LP's assets. After June 30, 2024, NEE Operating GP and its affiliates may at any time transfer units to one or more persons without unitholder approval.

## **Transfer of Ownership Interests in the General Partner**

At any time, NextEra and its affiliates, including us, may sell or transfer all or part of their direct or indirect interest in NEE Operating GP without the approval of NEE Operating LP's unitholders.

## **Status as Limited Partner**

By transfer of common units in accordance with the partnership agreement, each transferee of common units will be admitted as a limited partner with respect to the common units transferred when such transfer and admission is reflected in NEE Operating LP's register. Except as described under Limited Liability, the common units will be fully paid and unitholders will not be required to make additional contributions.

## **Indemnification**

Under its partnership agreement, in most circumstances, NEE Operating LP will indemnify the following persons, to the fullest extent permitted by law, from and against all losses, claims, damages or similar events:

NEE Operating GP;

any departing general partner;

any person who is or was an affiliate of a general partner or any departing general partner;

any person who is or was a director, officer, managing member, manager, general partner, fiduciary or trustee of NEE Operating LP, any of NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries or any entity set forth in the preceding three bullet points;

any person who is or was serving as director, officer, managing member, manager, general partner, fiduciary or trustee of another person owing certain duties to NEE Operating LP or any of its subsidiaries at the request of NEE Operating GP or any departing general partner or any of their affiliates; and

any person designated by NEE Operating GP.



**Table of Contents**

Any indemnification under these provisions will only be out of NEE Operating LP's assets. Unless it otherwise agrees, NEE Operating GP will not be personally liable for NEE Operating LP's indemnification obligations, or have any obligation to contribute or lend funds or assets to NEE Operating LP to enable it to effectuate indemnification.

**Reimbursement of Expenses**

NEE Operating LP's partnership agreement requires NEE Operating LP to reimburse NEE Operating GP for all direct and indirect expenses it incurs or payments it makes on NEE Operating LP's behalf or otherwise incurred by NEE Operating GP in connection with operating NEE Operating LP's business.

**Books and Reports**

NEE Operating GP is required to keep appropriate books of NEE Operating LP's business at NEE Operating LP's principal offices. The books will be maintained for financial reporting purposes on an accrual basis. For tax and fiscal reporting purposes, NEE Operating LP's fiscal year is the calendar year.

**Table of Contents**

**UNITS ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE**

Future sales of substantial amounts of our common units in the public market, or the perception that such sales may occur, could adversely affect the prevailing market price of our common units. We cannot predict the effect, if any, future sales of common units, or the availability of common units for future sales, will have on the market price of our common units prevailing from time to time. The number of common units available for future sale in the public market is subject to legal and contractual restrictions, some of which are described below. The expiration of these restrictions could permit sales of substantial amounts of our common units in the public market, or could create the perception that these sales may occur, which could adversely affect the prevailing market price of our common units. These factors could also make it more difficult for us to raise funds through future offerings of our common units.

**Rule 144**

The 16,250,000 common units sold in this offering will generally be freely transferable without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act, other than any units purchased in this offering through the directed unit program, which will be subject to the lock-up restrictions described below. None of our directors or officers own any common units prior to this offering; however, they may purchase common units through the directed unit program or otherwise. See **Underwriting Reserved Common Units**. Assuming all of the units reserved for issuance under the directed unit program are sold to participants in the program, 1,137,500 common units will be held by persons who have contractually agreed not to sell such units for 180 days following the date of this prospectus. Any common units owned by an affiliate of ours may not be resold publicly except in compliance with the registration requirements of the Securities Act or under an exemption under Rule 144 or otherwise. Rule 144 permits securities acquired by an affiliate of the issuer to be sold into the market in an amount that does not exceed, during any three-month period, the greater of:

1% of the total number of the common units outstanding, which will equal approximately 162,500 common units immediately after this offering; or

the average weekly reported trading volume of the common units for the four calendar weeks prior to the sale.

Upon the completion of this offering, none of our common units will be restricted. Any common units acquired by any of our affiliates, including our general partner's directors and executive officers, will be restricted and may not be resold publicly except in compliance with the registration requirements of the Securities Act, Rule 144 or otherwise.

Sales under Rule 144 are also subject to specific manner of sale provisions, holding period requirements, notice requirements and the availability of current public information about us. A person who is not deemed to have been an affiliate of ours at any time during the 90 days preceding a sale, and who has beneficially owned his common units for at least six months (provided we are in compliance with the current public information requirement) or one year (regardless of whether we are in compliance with the current public information requirement), would be entitled to sell those common units under Rule 144 without regard to the volume limitations, manner of sale provisions and notice requirements of Rule 144.

**Our Partnership Agreement**

Our partnership agreement provides that we may issue an unlimited number of partnership interests of any type without a vote of the unitholders. Any issuance of additional common units or other equity interests would result in a corresponding decrease in the proportionate ownership interest in us represented by, and could adversely affect the cash distributions to and market price of, common units then outstanding. See Material Provisions of the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement Issuance of Additional Partnership Interests.

**Table of Contents**

**Registration Rights Agreement**

We plan to enter into a registration rights agreement with NextEra and certain of its affiliates under which NextEra and its affiliates will be entitled to certain registration rights with respect to any of our common units that they hold, including common units that NEE Equity will have the right to exchange for NEE Operating LP common units following the purchase price adjustment period. See **Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions** **Registration Rights Agreement**. NextEra and its affiliates will also be able to sell any units or other partnership interests in private transactions at any time, subject to compliance with applicable laws.

**Lock-Up Agreements**

We, NextEra, our general partner and its directors and executive officers, as well as all of the participants in the directed unit program, have agreed with the underwriters not to sell or offer to sell any common units for a period of 180 days from the date of this prospectus. For a description of these lock-up provisions, see **Underwriting**.

**Registration Statement on Form S-8**

We intend to file a registration statement on Form S-8 under the Securities Act following this offering to register all common units issued or reserved for issuance under our long-term incentive plan. We expect to file this registration statement as soon as practicable after this offering. Common units covered by the registration statement on Form S-8 will be eligible for sale in the public market, subject to applicable vesting requirements and the terms of applicable lock-up agreements described above.

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**Table of Contents****DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS**

The following is a description of the material terms of our and our subsidiaries' outstanding indebtedness upon the completion of this offering.

**New Revolving Credit Facility**

Concurrently with the completion of this offering, the direct subsidiaries of NEE Operating LP will enter into a new \$250 million senior secured revolving credit facility. The revolving credit facility will include borrowing capacity for letters of credit and for incremental commitments to increase the revolving credit facility to up to \$1 billion in the aggregate, subject to certain conditions. The revolving credit facility will contain certain financial covenants, including a total debt to cash flow ratio (as defined in the credit facility) of not more than 5.50 to 1.00 and a cash flow to interest expense ratio (as defined in the credit facility) of not less than 1.75 to 1.00. In general, the revolving credit facility will contain representations, warranties and covenants that are customary for this type of financing, including limitations on certain investments and restricted payments; provided, however, that NEE Operating LP will be permitted to pay distributions to its unitholders out of available cash so long as no default or event of default under the revolving credit facility has occurred and is continuing at the time of such distribution, or would result therefrom, and that the loan parties are otherwise in compliance with the facility's covenants. The revolving credit facility will also contain events of default that are customary for this type of financing. Loans outstanding in U.S. dollars under the revolving credit facility will bear interest at either (i) a base rate, which will be the highest of (x) the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, (y) the administrative agent's prime rate and (z) one-month LIBOR plus 1%, in each case, plus an applicable margin; or (ii) one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR plus an applicable margin, and loans outstanding in CAD will bear interest at either (i) a Canadian prime rate, which will be the higher of (x) the Canadian prime rate of a Canadian branch of the administrative agent and (y) the one-month CDOR plus 1.0%, in each case, plus an applicable margin; or (ii) one-, two-, three- or six-month CDOR plus an applicable margin. The unused portion of revolving credit facility will be subject to a commitment fee ranging from 0.375% to 0.50% per annum depending on NEE Operating LP's leverage ratio (as defined in the credit facility). NEE Operating LP and we will guarantee the payment obligations of NEE Operating LP's subsidiaries under the revolving credit facility, and NEE Operating LP will be required to comply with the covenants, and to make the representations and warranties, applicable to such credit facility. Following the closing of this offering, we may incur interest expense under the revolving credit facility and other borrowing arrangements we may enter into from time to time. Affiliates of certain of the underwriters will be lenders under the new revolving credit facility. See **Underwriting** **Other Relationships**.

**Project Financing Arrangements*****Trillium (Conestogo and Summerhaven)***

On December 12, 2013, Trillium issued approximately CAD 315 million principal amount of limited-recourse senior secured amortizing notes (the **Trillium Notes**) maturing in February 2033. Substantially all of the proceeds from the sale of the Trillium Notes were used to repay, in part, loans related to the construction of Conestogo and Summerhaven. The Trillium Notes are secured by liens on those wind projects' assets and certain other assets of, and the ownership interest in, Trillium and the entities that own the projects, which are wholly owned subsidiaries of Trillium. As of March 31, 2014, approximately CAD 313.3 million aggregate principal amount of Trillium Notes was outstanding.

Certain obligations, including approximately CAD 24 million in unpaid construction costs and costs of initial spare parts, and approximately CAD 2.3 million for the operations and maintenance reserve are guaranteed by NEECH until the obligations and conditions related to the wind projects are satisfied or met, which is expected by mid-2014.

NEECH has posted two letters of credit on behalf of Trillium, one for approximately CAD 13.1 million for debt service reserves and another for CAD 10.6 million for wind data reserves.

**Table of Contents**

The annual interest rate of the Trillium Notes is 5.803%, and principal and interest on the Trillium Notes are payable semi-annually in February and August.

Trillium may distribute excess cash flows to its owner semi-annually, provided that specific conditions are met. These conditions include:

the reserves and other accounts must be fully funded;

no default or event of default must have occurred and be continuing or must result from the distribution of funds; and

the debt service coverage ratio for the last 12 months must be equal to or greater than 1.20:1.00.

The indenture relating to the Trillium Notes contains default and related mandatory redemption provisions relating to the failure to make required payments or to observe other covenants in the indenture and related documents, actions by Trillium or by other parties under specified agreements relating to the wind projects or the indenture, the termination of certain of such specified agreements and certain bankruptcy-related events.

***St. Clair (Moore and Sombra)***

On September 21, 2012, St. Clair Holding issued approximately CAD 171.8 million principal amount of limited-recourse senior secured notes (the St. Clair Notes ) maturing in August 2031. Substantially all of the proceeds from the sale of the notes were used to reimburse NextEra, in part, for its costs related to the acquisition of Moore and Sombra. The St. Clair Notes are secured by liens on Moore and Sombra's assets and certain other assets of, and the ownership interests in, St. Clair Holding and the entities that own the projects. As of March 31, 2014, approximately CAD 161 million aggregate principal amount of St. Clair Notes was outstanding. On June 13, 2014, the indenture relating to the St. Clair Notes was amended and St. Clair LP became jointly and severally liable with St. Clair Holding for the obligations under the St. Clair Notes.

Certain obligations of the St. Clair Entities in relation to Moore and Sombra are guaranteed by NEECH. NEECH has posted a letter of credit on behalf of the St. Clair Entities for approximately CAD 8.3 million for debt service reserves.

The annual interest rate of the St. Clair Notes is 4.881%, and principal and interest on the St. Clair Notes are payable semi-annually in February and August.

St. Clair Entities may distribute excess cash flows to their respective owners semi-annually, provided that specific conditions are met. These conditions include:

the reserves and other accounts must be fully funded;

no default or event of default must have occurred and be continuing or must result from the distribution of funds; and

the debt service coverage ratio for the last 12 months and for the projected next 12 months must be equal to or greater than 1.20:1.00.

The indenture relating to the St. Clair Notes contains default and related acceleration provisions relating to the failure to make required payments or to observe other covenants in the indenture and related documents, actions by the St. Clair Entities or by other parties under specified agreements relating to the solar projects or the indenture, the termination of certain of such specified agreements and certain events in bankruptcy.



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**Table of Contents**

***Canyon Wind (Perrin Ranch and Tuscola Bay)***

On September 27, 2012, Canyon Wind borrowed approximately \$232 million under a limited-recourse senior secured variable rate term loan agreement. The loan matures in December 2030. Substantially all of the loan proceeds were used to reimburse NextEra, in part, for its capital contributions related to the development and construction of Perrin Ranch and Tuscola Bay. The loan is secured by liens on those wind generating projects' assets and certain other assets of, and the ownership interest in, Canyon Wind and the entities that own the wind projects, which are wholly owned subsidiaries of Canyon Wind. As of March 31, 2014, approximately \$215.1 million aggregate principal amount of indebtedness was outstanding under the loan agreement.

Certain obligations under the Canyon Wind loan agreement are guaranteed by NEECH. NEECH has provided two guarantees for Canyon Wind including a \$21.2 million guarantee for debt service reserves and a \$4.6 million guarantee for operations and maintenance reserves. NEECH has also entered into Cash Grant Recapture Agreements for Tuscola Bay and Perrin Ranch under which NEECH agrees to reimburse the U.S. Treasury the amount of any of the cash grants for the two projects that is recaptured or disallowed. The current scheduled maximum amounts for Tuscola Bay and Perrin Ranch are \$54.9 million and \$31 million, respectively, each of which step down on an annual basis until reaching \$0.0 as of December 13, 2017, and January 15, 2017 respectively.

Interest on the loan accrues at the three-month LIBOR plus 2.25% (with periodic step-ups over time). Interest on the loan is payable quarterly and principal on the loan is payable semi-annually in March and September. Upon funding of the loan, Canyon Wind entered into several interest rate swaps for 95% of the principal amount of the loan to hedge against interest rate movements with respect to interest payments on the loan. These swaps require quarterly payments by or to Canyon Wind over the tenor of the loan.

Canyon Wind may distribute excess cash flows to its owner semi-annually, provided that specific conditions are met. These conditions include:

the reserves and other accounts must be fully funded;

no default or event of default must have occurred and be continuing or must result from the distribution of funds; and

the debt service coverage ratio for the last 12 months must be equal to or greater than 1.20:1.00.

The loan agreement contains default and related acceleration provisions relating to the failure to make required payments or to observe other covenants in the loan agreement and related documents, actions by Canyon Wind or by other parties under specified agreements relating to the wind projects or the loan agreement, the termination of certain of such specified agreements and certain bankruptcy-related events.

***Genesis***

On August 26, 2011, Genesis Solar, LLC issued a \$702 million principal amount note (the "Genesis Project Note") and entered into a \$150 million variable rate term loan facility (the "Genesis Bank Loan") and an \$82.9 million letter of credit facility (the "Genesis LC Facility" and, together with the Genesis Bank Loan, the "Genesis Bank Debt"). The proceeds from the issuance of the Genesis Project Note and the Genesis Bank Loan were used by Genesis Solar, LLC

for the construction of the solar project. The Genesis LC Facility is used to support certain reserves associated with the financing, as well as security for obligations under power purchase and interconnection agreement obligations of Genesis Solar, LLC.

The Genesis Project Note was issued to Genesis Solar 2011 Pass-Through Trust, a Delaware statutory trust, which purchased the Genesis Project Note with the proceeds from the issuance of approximately \$562 million of principal amount 3.875% Series A trust certificates due 2038 (the Genesis A Certificates ) and \$140 million of 5.125% Series B trust certificates due 2038 (the Genesis B Certificates ). The DOE has guaranteed

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**Table of Contents**

payment of 80% of the principal and interest on both the Genesis Project Note and the Genesis Bank Loan under its Financial Institution Partnership Program. The Genesis A Certificates indirectly benefit from 100% of all payments made under the DOE guarantee. The Genesis B Certificates do not materially benefit from the DOE guarantee.

Until certain conditions or obligations related to the Genesis Project are met, certain obligations under the Genesis Bank Debt and the Genesis Project Note, including all or a portion of the debt payment obligations, are guaranteed by NEECH. The NEECH guarantee contains default and acceleration provisions relating to, among other things, NextEra's ratio of funded debt to total capitalization exceeding a specified ratio.

Interest on the Genesis Project Note is payable semi-annually in February and August. The Genesis Project Note accrues interest at 4.125% per year and amortizes to maturity in 2038. The Genesis Bank Loan accrues interest at LIBOR plus 1.20% (with periodic step-ups over time), and amortizes to maturity by August 2019 (though if Genesis Solar has sufficient available cash, it is required to prepay the Genesis Bank Loan in scheduled amounts that would result in the Genesis Bank Loan's repayment in full by August 2017). The Genesis LC Facility accrues interest at LIBOR plus 2% (with periodic step-ups over time), and expires in August 2017. The Genesis Bank Debt and the Genesis Project Note are secured by all of the assets of, and the equity interest in, Genesis Solar, LLC. As of March 31, 2014, approximately \$150.0 million of Genesis Bank Debt was outstanding and \$702 million aggregate principal amount of the Genesis Project Note was outstanding. \$336.7 million of Genesis Solar's indebtedness will be repaid using 1603 Cash Grant proceeds and, to the extent its 1603 Cash Grant proceeds are insufficient, equity contributions made to Genesis Solar. Genesis Solar has received to date \$306.2 million in 1603 Cash Grant proceeds and expects to receive additional 1603 Cash Grant proceeds of \$28.0 million (in which case 1603 Cash Grant proceeds would total \$334.2 million). Due to a delay in Genesis Solar's receipt of 1603 Cash Grant proceeds, NEECH has contributed equity of \$30.5 million to Genesis Solar, which is available to cover any shortfall in Genesis Solar's aggregate 1603 Cash Grant proceeds below \$336.7 million.

Genesis Solar may distribute excess cash flows to its owner semi-annually, provided that specific conditions are met. These conditions include:

the reserves and other accounts must be fully funded;

no default or event of default must have occurred and be continuing or must result from the distribution of funds; and

the debt service coverage ratio for the last 12 months and the projected next 12 months must be equal to or greater than 1.20:1.00.

The financing documents relating to the Genesis Project Debt contain default and related acceleration provisions for, among other things, the failure to make required payments, failure to comply with certain covenants (including a requirement that construction of the Genesis Project must be completed by a certain date), certain bankruptcy-related events, and other actions by Genesis Solar, LLC or other parties as specified in the financing documents.

On June 13, 2014, Genesis Solar Funding, LLC issued \$280 million principal amount of notes (the Genesis Holdco Note), which, together with the Genesis Project Note and the Genesis Bank Debt, are collectively referred to as the Genesis Project Debt. The proceeds from the issuance of the Genesis Holdco Note were used to fund distributions to NextEra and its affiliates and to pay transaction-related fees and expenses.

Certain obligations under the Genesis Holdco Note are guaranteed by NEECH. NEECH has provided a \$31.4 million guarantee for debt service reserve.

**Table of Contents**

Interest (and, beginning in 2018, principal) on the Genesis Holdco Note will be payable semi-annually in March and September. The Genesis Holdco Note will accrue interest at 5.60% per year and will amortize to maturity in 2038. The Genesis Holdco Note is secured by all of the assets of, and the equity interests in, Genesis Solar Funding, LLC and the equity interests in Genesis Solar Holdings, LLC.

Genesis Solar Funding, LLC may distribute excess cash flows to its owner semi-annually, provided that specific conditions are met. These conditions include, among others:

the debt service reserve account must be fully funded;

no default or event of default must have occurred and be continuing or must result from the distribution of funds; and

the debt service coverage ratio for the last 12 months must be equal to or greater than 1.20:1.00.

The financing documents relating to the Genesis Holdco Note contain default and related acceleration provisions for, among other things, the failure to make required payments, failure to comply with certain covenants, certain bankruptcy-related events, the occurrence of certain events of default under the Genesis Project Note and Genesis Bank Debt, and other actions by Genesis Solar Funding, LLC or other parties as specified in the financing documents.

***Mountain Prairie (Northern Colorado and Elk City)***

On March 25, 2010, Mountain Prairie issued approximately \$305 million principal amount of limited-recourse senior secured notes (the Mountain Prairie Notes) maturing in March 2030. Substantially all of the proceeds from the sale of the notes were used to reimburse NextEra, in part, for its capital contributions related to the development and construction of Northern Colorado and Elk City. The Mountain Prairie Notes are secured by liens on Northern Colorado and Elk City's assets and certain other assets of, and the ownership interests in, Mountain Prairie and the entities that own the wind projects. As of March 31, 2014, approximately \$289.4 million aggregate principal amount of Mountain Prairie Notes was outstanding.

Certain obligations under the Mountain Prairie Notes are guaranteed by NEECH. NEECH has provided 2 guarantees for Mountain Prairie including a \$14.9 million guarantee for debt service reserve and a \$5.6 million guarantee for operations and maintenance reserves.

The annual interest rate of the Mountain Prairie Notes is 6.56%, and principal and interest on the Mountain Prairie Notes are payable semi-annually in June and December.

Mountain Prairie may distribute excess cash flows to its owner semi-annually, provided that specific conditions are met. These conditions include:

the reserves and other accounts must be fully funded;

no default or event of default must have occurred and be continuing or must result from the distribution of funds; and

the debt service coverage ratio for the last 12 months must be equal to or greater than 1.20:1.00.

The indenture contains default and related acceleration provisions relating to the failure to make required payments or to observe other covenants in the indenture and related documents, actions by Mountain Prairie or by other parties under specified agreements relating to the wind projects or the indenture, the termination of certain of such specified agreements and certain events in bankruptcy.

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**Table of Contents**

***Bluewater***

On June 13, 2014, the Bluewater Project Entity borrowed CAD 170 million under a Canadian limited-recourse senior secured variable rate construction and term loan agreement. The loan will mature 18 years from the date construction loans that are not required to be repaid convert to term loans, which is expected to occur by or in the fourth quarter of 2014 or, if the conversion has not occurred by then, no later than April 4, 2016. The majority of the loan proceeds were used to repay, in part, affiliate loans, and to reimburse affiliates of the Bluewater Project Entity for capital contributions made to cover costs, related to the development and construction of Bluewater. The loan is secured by liens on the wind generating facility's assets and certain other assets of, and the ownership interest in, the Bluewater Project Entity.

Certain obligations under the Bluewater loan agreement have been guaranteed by NEECH. NEECH has provided guarantees to fund CAD 10.4 million for debt service reserves, CAD 0.4 million for operations and maintenance reserves and up to CAD 12.5 million for any unpaid construction and development costs above the funds available in the construction completion account.

Interest on the loan accrues at the three-month Canadian Dealer Offered Rate ( CDOR ) plus 2.00% (with periodic step-ups over time) or the prime rate for Canadian loans plus 1.00% (with periodic step-ups over time). Interest on the loan will be payable quarterly and principal on the loan will be payable semi-annually in June and December following the term conversion date. Upon funding of the loan, the Bluewater Project Entity has entered and will enter into several interest rate swaps for 95% of the loan amount to hedge against interest rate movements with respect to interest payments on the loan. These swaps will require quarterly payments over the tenor of the loan.

The Bluewater Project Entity may distribute excess cash flows to its owner semi-annually, provided that specific conditions are met. These conditions include, among others:

the reserves and other accounts must be fully funded;

no default or event of default shall have occurred and be continuing or shall result from the distribution of funds; and

the debt service coverage ratio for the last 12 months must be equal to or greater than 1.20:1.00.

The loan agreement contains default and related acceleration provisions relating to the failure to make required payments or to observe other covenants in the loan agreement and related documents, actions by Bluewater or by other parties under specified agreements relating to the wind projects or the loan agreement, the termination of certain of such specified agreements and certain bankruptcy-related events.

**Table of Contents**

**CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME AND ESTATE TAX CONSEQUENCES TO NON-U.S. HOLDERS**

The following is a summary of certain U.S. federal income and estate tax consequences to non-U.S. holders, defined below, of the purchase, ownership and disposition of our common units as of the date of this prospectus. Except where otherwise noted, this summary deals only with common units purchased in this offering that are held as capital assets (within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code) by a non-U.S. holder.

As used herein, a non-U.S. holder means a beneficial owner of our common units that is not for U.S. federal income tax purposes any of the following:

an individual who is a citizen or resident of the U.S.;

a corporation (or any other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes) created or organized in or under the laws of the U.S., any state thereof or the District of Columbia;

any entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes;

an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or

a trust if it: (i) is subject to the primary supervision of a court within the U.S. and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust; or (ii) has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

If any entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds our common units, the tax treatment of a partner in that partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. If you are a partner of a partnership holding common units, you should consult your tax advisors.

This summary is based upon provisions of the Code, applicable U.S. Treasury regulations, rulings and other administrative pronouncements issued by the IRS, and judicial decisions, all as of the date of this prospectus. Those authorities may change or be subject to differing interpretations, perhaps retroactively, so as to result in U.S. federal income and estate tax consequences different from those summarized below. We cannot assure you that a change in law or the interpretation thereof will not alter significantly the tax considerations that we describe in this summary.

This summary does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income and estate taxation and does not deal with foreign, state, local, alternative minimum or other tax considerations that may be relevant to non-U.S. holders in light of their particular circumstances. In addition, this summary does not address the U.S. federal income and estate tax consequences applicable to you if you are subject to special treatment under the U.S. federal income tax laws (including if you are a U.S. expatriate, financial institution, insurance company, tax-exempt organization, dealer in securities, broker, controlled foreign corporation, passive foreign investment company, a partnership or other pass-through entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes (or an investor in such a pass-through entity), a person who acquired common units as compensation or otherwise in connection with the performance of services, or a person who has acquired common units as part of a straddle, hedge, conversion transaction or other integrated investment).



We have not and will not seek any rulings from the IRS regarding the matters described below. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a position contrary to any of the tax consequences described below.

**If you are considering the purchase of our common units, you should consult your own tax advisors concerning the particular U.S. federal income, estate and other tax consequences to you of the ownership and disposition of the common units, as well as the consequences to you arising under the laws of any other applicable taxing jurisdiction in light of your particular circumstances.**

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**Table of Contents**

**Distributions**

We intend to pay regular cash distributions on our common units for the foreseeable future. See Our Cash Distribution Policy and Restrictions on Distributions. Even though we are organized as a limited partnership under state law, we will be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, distributions on our common units will constitute dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes to the extent paid from our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles. See Prospectus Summary Estimate of Corporate Tax Liabilities and Ratio of Unitholder Taxable Income to Distributions. Any distributions that exceed both our current and our accumulated earnings and profits will generally constitute a non-taxable return of capital to the extent of your basis in our common units (reducing that basis accordingly) and thereafter will be treated as gain from the sale of the common units (the tax treatment of which is generally described below under Gain on Disposition of Common Units ).

The gross amount of dividends paid to a non-U.S. holder generally will be subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax at a 30% rate, or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty. However, dividends that are effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business by the non-U.S. holder within the U.S. (and, where required by an applicable income tax treaty, are attributable to a permanent establishment maintained by the non-U.S. holder in the U.S.) generally are not subject to the withholding tax, provided certain certification and disclosure requirements are satisfied. Instead, such dividends are generally subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis in the same manner as if the non-U.S. holder were a U.S. person as defined under the Code. A corporate non-U.S. holder may be subject to an additional branch profits tax at a 30% rate (or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty) on its effectively connected earnings and profits attributable to such dividends.

A non-U.S. holder that wishes to claim the benefit of an applicable income tax treaty for dividends will be required to provide the applicable withholding agent with a valid IRS Form W-8BEN (or other applicable form) and certify under penalties of perjury that such holder is not a U.S. person as defined under the Code and is eligible for treaty benefits. This certification must be provided to the applicable withholding agent prior to the payment of dividends and may be required to be updated periodically. If our common units are held through a non-U.S. partnership or non-U.S. intermediary, the non-U.S. partnership or non-U.S. intermediary may also be required to comply with additional certification requirements under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations.

It is possible that a distribution made to a non-U.S. holder may be subject to overwithholding because, for example, at the time of the distribution, we or the relevant withholding agent may not be able to determine how much of the distribution constitutes dividends or the proper documentation establishing the benefits of any applicable treaty has not been properly supplied. If there is any overwithholding on distributions made to a non-U.S. holder, such non-U.S. holder may obtain a refund of the overwithheld amount by timely filing an appropriate claim for refund with the IRS. Non-U.S. holders should consult their tax advisors regarding the applicable withholding tax rules and the possibility of obtaining a refund of any overwithheld amounts.

**Gain on Disposition of Common Units**

Any gain realized by a non-U.S. holder on the disposition of common units generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax unless:

the gain is effectively connected with a trade or business of the non-U.S. holder in the U.S. (and, where required by an applicable income tax treaty, the gain is attributable to a permanent establishment maintained by the non-U.S. holder in the U.S.);

the non-U.S. holder is an individual who is present in the U.S. for 183 days or more in the taxable year of that disposition and certain other conditions are met; or

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## **Table of Contents**

subject to certain exceptions (described below), our common units constitutes U.S. real property interests by reason of our status as a United States real property holding corporation (a USRPHC) for U.S. federal income tax purposes at any time during the shorter of the five-year period ending on the date of the disposition or the period that the non-U.S. holder held our common units.

Gain described in the first or third bullet point above will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis generally in the same manner as if the non-U.S. holder were a U.S. person as defined under the Code. In the case of a non-U.S. holder described in the second bullet point above, except as otherwise provided by an applicable income tax treaty, any gain, which may be offset by certain U.S. source capital losses, will be subject to a 30% tax even though the individual is not considered a resident of the U.S. under the Code.

With respect to the third bullet point above, we believe that we are not currently and will not become a USRPHC. However, because the determination of whether we are a USRPHC depends on the fair market value of our U.S. real property relative to the fair market value of our interests in real property located outside the U.S. and our other business assets and because the definition of U.S. real property is not entirely clear, there can be no assurance that we are not a USRPHC now or will not become one in the future. Even if we were to become a USRPHC, however, as long as our common units are regularly traded on an established securities market (as to which there can be no assurance), such common units will be treated as U.S. real property interests only if the non-U.S. holder actually or constructively holds or held more than five percent of such regularly traded common units at any time during the applicable period described in the third bullet point above.

## **Information Reporting and Backup Withholding**

We must report annually to the IRS and to you the amount of dividends paid to you and the amount of tax, if any, withheld with respect to such dividends. The IRS may make this information available to the tax authorities in the country in which you are resident, under the terms of an income tax treaty or tax information exchange agreement.

Payments of dividends in respect of, or proceeds on the disposition of, our common units made to a non-U.S. holder may be subject to additional information reporting and backup withholding unless such non-U.S. holder establishes an exemption, for example by properly certifying that such non-U.S. holder is not a U.S. person as defined under the Code on an IRS Form W-8BEN or another appropriate form (provided that the payor does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that such non-U.S. holder is a U.S. person).

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding tax rules may be allowed as a refund or a credit against your U.S. federal income tax liability, provided the required information is timely furnished by you to the IRS under the terms of an income tax treaty or a tax information exchange agreement.

## **Legislation Affecting Taxation of Common Units Held By or Through Foreign Entities**

Legislation enacted in 2010 (commonly known as FATCA) and existing guidance issued thereunder will require, after June 30, 2014, withholding at a rate of 30% on dividends in respect of, and, after December 31, 2016, gross proceeds from the sale of (which for this purpose include any distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits), our common units held by or through certain foreign financial institutions (including investment funds), unless such institution enters into an agreement with the U.S. Treasury to report, on an annual basis, information with respect to interests in, and accounts maintained by, the institution to the extent such interests or accounts are held by certain U.S. persons and by certain non-U.S. entities that are wholly or partially owned by U.S. persons and to withhold on certain payments. Accordingly, the entity or entities through which our common units are held will affect the determination of whether such withholding is required. Similarly, dividends in respect of, and gross proceeds from the sale of (which for this purpose include any



**Table of Contents**

distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits), our common units held by an investor that is a non-financial non-U.S. entity that does not qualify under certain exemptions will be subject to withholding at a rate of 30%, unless such entity either: (i) certifies that such entity does not have any substantial United States owners; or (ii) provides certain information regarding the entity's substantial United States owners, which will in turn be provided to the IRS. An intergovernmental agreement between the U.S. and an applicable foreign country, or future U.S. Treasury regulations or other guidance, may modify these requirements. We will not pay any additional amounts to unitholders in respect of any amounts withheld under the rules described in this paragraph. Stockholders are encouraged to consult their tax advisors regarding the possible implications of the legislation on their investment in our common units.

**Federal Estate Tax**

Common units that are owned (or treated as owned) by an individual who is not a citizen or resident of the U.S. (as specially defined for U.S. federal estate tax purposes) at the time of death will likely be included in such individual's gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes, unless an applicable estate or other tax treaty provides otherwise, and, therefore, may be subject to U.S. federal estate tax.

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**Table of Contents**

**CERTAIN CANADIAN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS APPLICABLE TO HOLDERS**

**NOT RESIDENT IN CANADA**

The following is a summary of the principal Canadian federal income tax consequences under the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the Canadian Tax Act ) generally applicable to a holder of our common units who, at all relevant times, is not and is not deemed to be resident in Canada for purposes of the Canadian Tax Act and does not use or hold and is not deemed to use or hold our common units in connection with a business carried on in Canada (a Non-Resident Holder ).

This summary is not applicable to a Non-Resident Holder who does not, or is deemed not to, deal at arm's length with NEE Partners for purposes of the Canadian Tax Act, who is affiliated with NEE Partners for the purposes of the Canadian Tax Act or who is an insurer carrying on business in Canada and elsewhere. Any such Non-Resident Holder should consult its own tax advisors with respect to an investment in our common units.

This summary is based on the current provisions of the Canadian Tax Act, all specific proposals to amend the Canadian Tax Act publicly announced by or on behalf of the Minister of Finance (Canada) prior to the date hereof (the Tax Proposals ) and the current administrative and assessing policies and practices of the Canada Revenue Agency (the CRA ) published in writing prior to the date hereof. This summary assumes that all Tax Proposals will be enacted in the form proposed but no assurance can be given that the Tax Proposals will be enacted in the form proposed or at all. This summary does not otherwise take into account or anticipate any changes in law, whether by judicial, administrative or legislative action or decision or changes in the CRA's administrative and assessing policies and practices, nor does it take into account other federal, provincial, territorial or foreign income tax legislation or considerations which may differ significantly from those described herein. A Non-Resident Holder should consult its own tax advisors in respect of the provincial, territorial or foreign income tax consequences to them of holding or disposing of our common units.

This summary assumes that NEE Partners and NEE Operating LP will not be considered to carry on business in Canada. Management intends to organize and conduct the affairs of each of these entities, to the extent possible, so that neither should be considered to carry on business in Canada for purposes of the Canadian Tax Act. However, no assurance can be given in this regard. If NEE Partners or NEE Operating LP carries on business in Canada, the tax implications to NEE Partners and NEE Operating LP, and to Non-Resident Holders, may be materially and adversely different than as set out in this prospectus.

This summary assumes that our common units are not, and will not at any relevant time be, taxable Canadian property as defined in the Canadian Tax Act of any Non-Resident Holder. Taxable Canadian property at a particular time includes, but is not limited to, an interest in a partnership if more than 50% of the fair market value of the interest is derived from certain Canadian properties (including Canadian real property) during the 60-month period immediately preceding the particular time. In general, our common units will not constitute taxable Canadian property of any Non-Resident Holder at a particular time, unless: (i) at any time during the 60-month period immediately preceding the particular time, more than 50% of the fair market value of our common units was derived, directly or indirectly (excluding through a corporation, partnership or trust, the shares or interests in which were not themselves taxable Canadian property ), from one or any combination of (a) real or immovable property situated in Canada, (b) Canadian resource property as defined in the Canadian Tax Act, (c) timber resource property as defined in the Canadian Tax Act and (d) options in respect of, or interests in, or for civil law rights in, such property, whether or not such property exists; or (ii) our common units are otherwise deemed to be taxable Canadian property. Since the assets of NEE Partners will consist principally of units of NEE Operating LP, our common units generally would be taxable Canadian property at a particular time if the units of NEE Operating LP held by NEE Partners derived, directly or

indirectly (excluding through a corporation, partnership or trust, the shares or interests in which were not themselves taxable Canadian property ), more than 50% of their fair market value from properties described in (a) to (d) above, at any time in the 60-month period preceding the particular time. Management does not expect the common units of



## **Table of Contents**

NEE Partners to be taxable Canadian property of any Non-Resident Holder because it anticipates that at all times more than 50% of the fair market value of our common units will not be derived from properties described in (a) to (d) above. However, no assurance can be given in this regard and reference is made to the discussion under Risk Factors above.

## **Taxation of Income or Loss**

A Non-Resident Holder will not be subject to Canadian federal income tax under Part I of the Canadian Tax Act on its share of income from a business carried on by NEE Partners outside Canada or the non-business income earned by NEE Partners from sources in Canada.

NEE Partners will be deemed to be a non-resident person in respect of certain amounts paid or credited, or deemed to be paid or credited, to it by a person resident or deemed to be resident in Canada (including amounts paid through NEE Operating LP), including dividends and interest. Dividends and interest (other than interest exempt from Canadian federal withholding tax) paid or deemed to be paid by a person resident or deemed to be resident in Canada to NEE Partners will be subject to withholding tax under Part XIII of the Canadian Tax Act at the rate of 25%. However, a U.S. partnership that has elected to be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes should be allowed any benefits to which it would be entitled under the Canada-United States Income Tax Convention (1980), as amended (the Treaty) if it were a corporation resident in the U.S. and entitled to benefits under the Treaty. Although NEE Partners will elect to be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, it may not satisfy the technical requirements for eligibility for Treaty benefits and application will be made to the CRA requesting that Treaty benefits be granted to NEE Partners under the competent authority provision of the Treaty. If such application were granted, NextEra Energy Canada ULC would look through NEE Operating LP and take into account any reduced rate of Canadian federal withholding tax that would be applicable to NEE Partners if it were a corporation entitled to benefits under the Treaty.

**Table of Contents****UNDERWRITING**

Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC are acting as representatives of each of the underwriters named below. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in an underwriting agreement among us and the underwriters, we have agreed to sell to the underwriters, and each of the underwriters has agreed, severally and not jointly, to purchase from us, the number of common units set forth opposite its name below.

<b>Underwriter</b>	<b>Number of Common Units</b>
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated	4,875,000
Goldman, Sachs & Co.	4,062,500
Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC	2,437,500
Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated	609,375
Barclays Capital Inc.	609,375
BMO Capital Markets Corp	609,375
Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC	609,375
KeyBanc Capital Markets Inc.	609,375
RBC Capital Markets, LLC	609,375
UBS Securities LLC	609,375
Wells Fargo Securities, LLC	609,375
 Total	 16,250,000

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the underwriting agreement, the underwriters have agreed, severally and not jointly, to purchase all of the common units sold under the underwriting agreement if any of these common units are purchased. If an underwriter defaults, the underwriting agreement provides that the purchase commitments of the nondefaulting underwriters may be increased or the underwriting agreement may be terminated.

We, our general partner and NEER have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make in respect of those liabilities.

The underwriters are offering the common units, subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued to and accepted by them, subject to approval of legal matters by their counsel, including the validity of the common units, and other conditions contained in the underwriting agreement, such as the receipt by the underwriters of officer's certificates and legal opinions. The underwriters reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify offers to the public and to reject orders in whole or in part.

**Commissions and Discounts**

The representatives have advised us that the underwriters propose initially to offer the common units to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus and to dealers at that price less a concession not in excess of \$0.78 per common unit. After the initial offering, the public offering price, concession or any other term

of the offering may be changed.

The following table sets forth the public offering price, underwriting discount and proceeds before expenses to us. The information assumes either no exercise or full exercise by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional common units.

	<b>Per Unit</b>	<b>Without Option</b>	<b>With Option</b>
Public offering price	\$ 25.00	\$ 406,250,000	\$ 467,187,500
Underwriting discount	\$ 1.3125	\$ 21,328,125	\$ 24,527,344
Proceeds, before expenses, to us	\$ 23.6875	\$ 384,921,875	\$ 442,660,156

## **Table of Contents**

We will also pay to Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and Goldman, Sachs & Co. an aggregate structuring fee equal to 0.94% of the gross proceeds of this offering for the evaluation, analysis and structuring of our partnership. We have agreed to reimburse the underwriters for certain of their expenses in an amount up to \$45,000.

The expenses of the offering, not including the underwriting discount (and the structuring fee), are estimated at \$19.3 million and will be paid by NextEra. In addition, the underwriters have agreed to reimburse NextEra \$2,130,680 (or \$2,450,282 if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units) for certain expenses in connection with this offering.

## **Option to Purchase Additional Common Units**

We have granted an option to the underwriters, exercisable for 30 days after the date of this prospectus, to purchase up to 2,437,500 additional common units at the public offering price, less the underwriting discount. If the underwriters exercise this option, each will be obligated, subject to conditions contained in the underwriting agreement, to purchase a number of additional common units proportionate to that underwriter's initial amount reflected in the above table.

## **Reserved Common Units**

At our request, the underwriters have reserved for sale, at the initial public offering price, up to 8.0% of the common units offered by this prospectus for sale to our general partner's directors, officers and employees. If these persons purchase reserved common units, this will reduce the number of common units available for sale to the general public. Any reserved common units that are not so purchased will be offered by the underwriters to the general public on the same terms as the other common units offered by this prospectus.

## **No Sales of Similar Securities**

We, our general partner, our general partner's directors and executive officers, and certain of our affiliates, including NextEra, have agreed not to sell or transfer any common units or securities convertible into, exchangeable for, exercisable for, or repayable with common units, for 180 days after the date of this prospectus without first obtaining the written consent of Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC. Specifically, we and these other persons have agreed, with certain limited exceptions (as described below), not to directly or indirectly:

offer, pledge, sell or contract to sell any common units;

sell any option or contract to purchase any common units;

purchase any option or contract to sell any common units;

grant any option, right or warrant for the sale of any common units;

lend or otherwise dispose of or transfer any common units;

request or demand that we file a registration statement related to the common units; or

enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, the economic consequence of ownership of any common units whether any such swap or transaction is to be settled by delivery of common units or other securities, in cash or otherwise.

This lock-up provision applies to common units and to securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for or repayable with common units. It also applies to common units owned now or acquired later by the person executing the agreement or for which the person executing the agreement later acquires the power of disposition.

## **Table of Contents**

Our general partner, our general partner's directors and executive officers, and certain of our affiliates, including NextEra, are permitted to transfer common units or securities convertible into, exchangeable for, exercisable for, or repayable with common units, without the written consent of Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC provided that (1) Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC receive a signed lock-up agreement for the balance of the lockup period from each donee, trustee, distributee, or transferee, as the case may be, (2) any such transfer does not involve a disposition for value, (3) such transfers are not required to be reported with the SEC on Form 4 in accordance with Section 16 of the Exchange Act and (4) the transferor does not otherwise voluntarily effect any public filing or report regarding such transfers:

as a bona fide gift or gifts;

to any trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the transferor or the immediate family of the transferor (for purposes of this lock-up agreement, immediate family means any relationship by blood, marriage or adoption, not more remote than first cousin);

as a distribution to limited partners or stockholders of the transferor; or

to the transferor's affiliates or to any investment fund or other entity controlled or managed by the transferor.

Furthermore, the individual subject to the lock-up may sell common units purchased on the open market following this offering so long as such sales are not required to be reported with the SEC on Form 4 in accordance with Section 16 of the Exchange Act and such person does not otherwise voluntarily effect any public filing or report regarding such sales.

## **New York Stock Exchange**

Our common units have been approved for listing on the NYSE under the symbol NEP. In order to meet the requirements for listing on that exchange, the underwriters have undertaken to sell a minimum number of common units to a minimum number of beneficial owners as required by that exchange.

Before this offering, there has been no public market for our common units. The initial public offering price will be determined through negotiations among us and the representatives. In addition to prevailing market conditions, the factors to be considered in determining the initial public offering price are:

the valuation multiples of publicly traded companies that the representatives believe to be comparable to us;

our financial information;

the history of, and prospects for, NEE Partners and the industry in which we compete;

an assessment of our management, its past and present operations, and the prospects for, and timing of, our future revenues;

the present state of our development;

the recent market prices of, and demand for, publicly traded equity securities of generally comparable companies; and

the above factors in relation to market values and various valuation measures of other companies engaged in activities similar to ours.

## **Table of Contents**

An active trading market for the common units may not develop. It is also possible that after the offering the common units will not trade in the public market at or above the initial public offering price.

The underwriters do not expect to sell more than 5% of the common units in the aggregate to accounts over which they exercise discretionary authority.

## **Price Stabilization, Short Positions and Penalty Bids**

Until the distribution of the common units is completed, SEC rules may limit underwriters and selling group members from bidding for and purchasing our common units. However, the representatives may engage in transactions that stabilize the price of the common units, such as bids or purchases to peg, fix or maintain that price.

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell our common units in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, purchases on the open market to cover positions created by short sales and stabilizing transactions. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of common units than they are required to purchase in the offering. Covered short sales are sales made in an amount not greater than the underwriters' option to purchase additional common units described above. The underwriters may close out any covered short position by either exercising their option to purchase additional common units or purchasing common units in the open market. In determining the source of common units to close out the covered short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of common units available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase common units through the option granted to them. Naked short sales are sales in excess of such option. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing common units in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of our common units in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of various bids for or purchases of common units made by the underwriters in the open market prior to the completion of the offering.

The underwriters may also impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased common units sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

Similar to other purchase transactions, the underwriters' purchases to cover the syndicate short sales may have the effect of raising or maintaining the market price of our common units or preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of our common units. As a result, the price of our common units may be higher than the price that might otherwise exist in the open market. The underwriters may conduct these transactions on the NYSE, in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

Neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of our common units. In addition, neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation that the representatives will engage in these transactions or that these transactions, once commenced, will not be discontinued without notice.

## **Electronic Distribution**

In connection with the offering, certain of the underwriters or securities dealers may distribute prospectuses by electronic means, such as e-mail.

## **Other Relationships**



Some of the underwriters and their affiliates have engaged in, and may engage in, investment banking and other commercial dealings in the ordinary course of business with us or our affiliates. They have received, or may receive, customary fees and commissions for these transactions. Affiliates of Merrill, Lynch, Pierce, Fenner

## **Table of Contents**

& Smith Incorporated, Goldman, Sachs & Co., Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, Barclays Capital Inc., Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, KeyBanc Capital Markets Inc., RBC Capital Markets, LLC, UBS Securities LLC and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC will also be lenders under the new credit facility of NEE Operating LP's direct subsidiaries and are lenders or act as lead arrangers, bookrunners, placement agents or administrative agents under various credit facilities for our subsidiaries or for NextEra and its affiliates.

In addition, in the ordinary course of their business activities, the underwriters and their affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Such investments and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of ours or our affiliates. The underwriters and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

## **Notice to Prospective Investors in the European Economic Area**

In relation to each member state of the European Economic Area that has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a relevant member state), other than Germany with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that relevant member state (the relevant implementation date), an offer of common units described in this prospectus may not be made to the public in that relevant member state other than:

to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;

to fewer than 100 or, if the relevant member state has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 PD Amending Directive, 150, natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the Prospectus Directive), as permitted under the Prospectus Directive, subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by the Issuer for any such offer; or

in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive; provided that no such offer of securities shall require us or any underwriter to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive.

For purposes of this provision, the expression an offer of securities to the public in any relevant member state means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the securities to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the securities, as the expression may be varied in that relevant member state by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that relevant member state, and the expression Prospectus Directive means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the relevant member state), and includes any relevant implementing measure in the relevant member state, and includes any relevant implementing measure in each relevant member state. The expression 2010 PD Amending Directive means Directive 2010/73/EU.

We have not authorized and do not authorize the making of any offer of securities through any financial intermediary on their behalf, other than offers made by the underwriters with a view to the final placement of the securities as contemplated in this prospectus. Accordingly, no purchaser of the securities, other than the underwriters, is authorized

to make any further offer of the securities on behalf of us or the underwriters.

## **Table of Contents**

### **Notice to Prospective Investors in the United Kingdom**

Our partnership may constitute a collective investment scheme as defined by section 235 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (FSMA) that is not a recognised collective investment scheme for the purposes of FSMA and that has not been authorised or otherwise approved. As an unregulated scheme, it cannot be marketed in the United Kingdom to the general public, except in accordance with FSMA. This prospectus is only being distributed in the United Kingdom to, and is only directed at: (1) if the partnership is a CIS and is marketed by a person who is an authorised person under FSMA, (a) investment professionals falling within Article 14(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Promotion of Collective Investment Schemes) (Exemptions) Order 2001, as amended (the CIS Promotion Order) or (b) high net worth companies and other persons falling within Article 22(2)(a) to (d) of the CIS Promotion Order; or (2) otherwise, if marketed by a person who is not an authorised person under FSMA, (a) persons who fall within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005, as amended (the Financial Promotion Order) or (b) Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Financial Promotion Order; and (3) in both cases (1) and (2) to any other person to whom it may otherwise lawfully be made, (all such persons together being referred to as relevant persons). Our partnership's common units are only available to, and any invitation, offer or agreement to subscribe, purchase or otherwise acquire such common units will be engaged in only with, relevant persons. Any person who is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this prospectus or any of its contents.

An invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of FSMA) in connection with the issue or sale of any common units which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this prospectus will only be communicated or caused to be communicated in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of FSMA does not apply to us.

### **Notice to Prospective Investors in Switzerland**

This prospectus is being communicated in Switzerland to a small number of selected investors only. Each copy of this prospectus is addressed to a specifically named recipient and may not be copied, reproduced, distributed or passed on to third parties. Our common units are not being offered to the public in Switzerland, and neither this prospectus nor any other offering materials relating to our common units may be distributed in connection with any such public offering.

We have not been registered with the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority FINMA as a foreign collective investment scheme pursuant to Article 120 of the Collective Investment Schemes Act of June 23, 2006 (the CISA). Accordingly, our common units may not be offered to the public in or from Switzerland, and neither this prospectus nor any other offering materials relating to our common units may be made available through a public offering in or from Switzerland. Our common units may only be offered and this prospectus may only be distributed in or from Switzerland by way of private placement exclusively to qualified investors (as this term is defined in the CISA and its implementing ordinance).

### **Notice to Prospective Investors in Germany**

This document has not been prepared in accordance with the requirements for a securities or sales prospectus under the German Securities Prospectus Act (*Wertpapierprospektgesetz*), the German Sales Prospectus Act (*Verkaufprospektgesetz*), or the German Investment Act (*Investmentgesetz*). Neither the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (*Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht* BaFin) nor any other German authority has been notified of the intention to distribute our common units in Germany. Consequently, our common units may not be distributed in Germany by way of public offering, public advertisement or in any similar manner and this document and any other document relating to the offering, as well as information or statements contained therein,

may not be supplied to the public in Germany or used in connection with any offer for subscription of our common units to the public in Germany or any other means of public marketing. Our common units are being offered and sold in Germany only to qualified investors, which

## **Table of Contents**

are referred to in Section 3, paragraph 2, no. 1, in connection with Section 2 no. 6, of the German Securities Prospectus Act, Section 8f paragraph 2 no. 4 of the German Sales Prospectus Act, and in Section 2 paragraph 11 sentence 2 no. 1 of the German Investment Act. This document is strictly for use of the person who has received it. It may not be forwarded to other persons or published in Germany.

The offering does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation or an offer to buy our common units in any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation is unlawful.

## **Notice to Prospective Investors in the Netherlands**

Our common units may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, in the Netherlands, other than to qualified investors (*gekwalificeerde beleggers*) within the meaning of Article 1:1 of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act (*Wet op het financieel toezicht*).

## **Notice to Prospective Investors in Australia**

No placement document, prospectus, product disclosure statement or other disclosure document has been lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, in relation to the offering. This prospectus does not constitute a prospectus, product disclosure statement or other disclosure document under the Corporations Act 2001 (the Corporations Act ), and does not purport to include the information required for a prospectus, product disclosure statement or other disclosure document under the Corporations Act.

Any offer in Australia of the common units may only be made to persons (the Exempt Investors ), who are:

(a) sophisticated investors (within the meaning of section 708(8) of the Corporations Act), professional investors (within the meaning of Section 708(11) of the Corporations Act) or otherwise pursuant to one or more exemptions contained in Section 708 of the Corporations Act; and

(b) wholesale clients (within the meaning of Section 761G of the Corporations Act);

so that it is lawful to offer the common units without disclosure to investors under Chapters 6D and 7 of the Corporations Act.

The common units applied for by Exempt Investors in Australia must not be offered for sale in Australia in the period of 12 months after the date of allotment under the offering, except in circumstances where disclosure to investors under Chapters 6D and 7 of the Corporations Act would not be required pursuant to an exemption under both Section 708 and Subdivision B of Division 2 of Part 7.9 of the Corporations Act or otherwise or where the offer is pursuant to a disclosure document which complies with Chapters 6D and 7 of the Corporations Act. Any person acquiring common units must observe such Australian on-sale restrictions.

This prospectus contains general information only and does not take account of the investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of any particular person. It does not contain any securities recommendations or financial product advice. Before making an investment decision, investors need to consider whether the information in this prospectus is appropriate to their needs, objectives and circumstances, and, if necessary, seek expert advice on those matters.

## **Notice to Prospective Investors in Hong Kong**

No advertisement, invitation or document relating to the common units has been or may be issued or has been or may be in the possession of any person for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to common units which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to professional investors as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance and any rules made under that Ordinance.

**Table of Contents**

**VALIDITY OF THE COMMON UNITS**

The validity of the common units will be passed upon for us by Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, New York, New York. Certain legal matters in connection with the common units offered hereby will be passed upon for the underwriters by Baker Botts L.L.P., Houston, Texas.

**EXPERTS**

The combined financial statements of NextEra Energy Partners, LP (Predecessor) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, included in this Prospectus, have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing herein (which report expresses an unqualified opinion and includes an explanatory paragraph regarding the basis of presentation of the combined financial statements). Such combined financial statements are included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

The financial statement of NextEra Energy Partners, LP as of March 6, 2014, included in this Prospectus, has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing herein. Such financial statement is included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

**WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION**

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 regarding the common units. This prospectus does not contain all of the information found in the registration statement. For further information regarding us and the common units offered by this prospectus, you may desire to review the full registration statement, including its exhibits and schedules, filed under the Securities Act. The registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, including its exhibits and schedules, may be inspected and copied at the public reference room maintained by the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. Copies of the materials may also be obtained from the SEC at prescribed rates by writing to the public reference room maintained by the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330.

The SEC maintains a web site on the Internet at <http://www.sec.gov>. Our registration statement, of which this prospectus forms a part, can be downloaded from the SEC's web site and can also be inspected and copied at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus or in any free writing prospectus we may authorize to be delivered to you. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where an offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus is accurate as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus only. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects, including our ability to pay distributions on the common units, may have changed since that date.

Upon the completion of this offering, we will file with or furnish to the SEC periodic reports and other information. These reports and other information may be inspected and copied at the public reference facilities maintained by the SEC or obtained from the SEC's website as provided above. Our website is located at \_\_\_\_\_ and we make our periodic reports and other information filed with or furnished to the SEC available, free of charge, through our



website, as soon as reasonably practicable after those reports and other information are electronically filed with or furnished to the SEC. Information on our website or any other website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus and does not constitute a part of this prospectus.

**Table of Contents**

**INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

<b>NextEra Energy Partners, LP Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</b>	
<u>Introduction</u>	F-2
<u>Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014</u>	F-4
<u>Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations for the Year Ended December 31, 2013</u>	F-5
<u>Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2014</u>	F-6
<b>NextEra Energy Partners, LP (Predecessor) Unaudited Condensed Combined Financial Statements</b>	
<u>Condensed Combined Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013</u>	F-10
<u>Condensed Combined Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013</u>	F-11
<u>Condensed Combined Statements of Changes in Members' Equity for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014</u>	F-12
<u>Condensed Combined Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013</u>	F-13
<u>Notes to Condensed Combined Financial Statements</u>	F-14
<b>NextEra Energy Partners, LP (Predecessor) Audited Combined Financial Statements</b>	
<u>Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u>	F-21
<u>Combined Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012</u>	F-22
<u>Combined Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2013 and 2012</u>	F-23
<u>Combined Statements of Changes in Members' Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012</u>	F-24
<u>Combined Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012</u>	F-25
<u>Notes to Combined Financial Statements</u>	F-26
<b>NextEra Energy Partners, LP Financial Statements</b>	
<u>Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u>	F-46
<u>Balance Sheet as of March 6, 2014 (date of inception)</u>	F-47
<u>Notes to Balance Sheet</u>	F-48
<u>Unaudited Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2014</u>	F-49
<u>Notes to Balance Sheet</u>	F-50

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP**

**UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**Introduction**

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements of NextEra Energy Partners, LP are presented to show the financial position and results of operations as if the Organizational Transactions and the use of the estimated net proceeds from this offering as described under "Use of Proceeds" had occurred on the dates and for the periods indicated below. We derived the following unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements by applying pro forma adjustments to the historical combined financial statements of our accounting predecessor included elsewhere in this prospectus. The historical combined financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, and as of March 31, 2014 and for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, appearing elsewhere in this prospectus, are intended to represent the financial results for those periods of NextEra's clean energy assets in the U.S. and Canada, that will be contributed to NEE Operating, LP as part of the Project Transfer.

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2013 and for the three months ended March 31, 2014, have been derived from our accounting predecessor's financial data (as derived from the combined financial statements appearing elsewhere in this prospectus) and giving pro forma effect to the Organizational Transactions, including the use of the estimated net proceeds from this offering and the reimbursement of offering expenses, as if they had occurred on January 1, 2013. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2014, gives effect to the Organizational Transactions, including the use of the estimated net proceeds from this offering and the reimbursement of offering expenses by NEE Operating LP, as if they had occurred on March 31, 2014.

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information is presented for informational purposes only. The unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information does not purport to represent what our results of operations or financial condition would have been had the transactions to which the pro forma adjustments relate actually occurred on the dates indicated, and they do not purport to project our results of operations or financial condition for any future period or as of any future date. Actual effects of these transactions may differ from the pro forma adjustments. However, management believes that the assumptions provide a reasonable basis for presenting the significant effects of the transactions as contemplated and that the pro forma adjustments are factually supportable, give appropriate effect to those assumptions and are properly applied in the unaudited pro forma financial data.

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated balance sheet and statements of operations should be read in conjunction with the sections entitled "Prospectus Summary," "Organizational Structure," "Use of Proceeds," "Capitalization," "Selected Historical and Pro Forma Financial Data," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our historical combined financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Our unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements give effect to the following:

the contribution by NEE Equity of the projects in our Initial Portfolio to NEE Operating LP in exchange for 86,731,593 common units of NEE Operating LP;

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the issuance by us of 16,250,000 common units to the public in this offering, representing a 100% limited partner interest in us, and the receipt by us of approximately \$381.1 million in net proceeds;

our entry into the Purchase Agreement with NEE Equity, and the use of \$231.1 million of the net proceeds of this offering to purchase 9,854,093 NEE Operating LP common units from NEE Equity;

F-2

**Table of Contents**

our entry into the Equity Purchase Agreement with NEE Operating LP, and the use of \$150.0 million of the net proceeds of this offering to purchase 6,395,907 NEE Operating LP common units directly from NEE Operating LP; and

our entry into the Management Services Agreement with NEE Operating LP, NEE Operating GP and NEE Management.

F-3

Table of Contents**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP****UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS****For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014****(in thousands)**

	<b>Predecessor Actual</b>	<b>Pro Forma Adjustments</b>	<b>NEE Partners Pro Forma</b>
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 59,498	\$	\$ 59,498
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operations and maintenance	11,216	1,450 <sup>(a)</sup>	12,666
Depreciation and amortization	16,436		16,436
Taxes other than income taxes and other	1,237		1,237
Transmission	543		543
Total operating expenses	29,432	1,450	30,882
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	30,066	(1,450)	28,616
OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)			
Interest expense	(18,748)		(18,748)
Other net	24		24
Total other deductions net	(18,724)		(18,724)
INCOME BEFORE TAXES	11,342	(1,450)	9,892
Income taxes			
(Expense) Benefit attributable to flow through entities		(548) <sup>(b)</sup>	(548)
Other income tax (expense) benefit	(5,996)	5,716 <sup>(c)</sup>	(280)
Total income tax (expense) benefit	(5,996)	5,168	(828)
NET INCOME	\$ 5,346	3,718	9,064
Less net income attributable to non-controlling interest		7,338 <sup>(d)</sup>	7,338
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP		\$ (3,620)	\$ 1,726
Earnings per unit (based on 16,250,000 units outstanding)			\$ 0.11

See F-7 for footnote explanations.



Table of Contents**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP****UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS****For the Year Ended December 31, 2013****(in thousands)**

	<b>Predecessor Actual</b>	<b>Pro Forma Adjustments</b>	<b>NEE Partners Pro Forma</b>
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>	\$ 141,796	\$	\$ 141,796
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>			
Operations and maintenance	29,640	5,800 <sup>(e)</sup>	35,440
Depreciation and amortization	39,427		39,427
Taxes other than income taxes and other	4,744		4,744
Transmission	2,123		2,123
Total operating expenses	75,934	5,800	81,734
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	65,862	(5,800)	60,062
<b>OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)</b>			
Interest expense	(41,637)		(41,637)
Gain on settlement of contingent consideration for project acquisition	4,809		4,809
Other net	77		77
Total other deductions-net	(36,751)		(36,751)
<b>INCOME BEFORE TAXES</b>	29,111	(5,800)	23,311
Income taxes			
(Expense) Benefit attributable to flow through entities		(2,621) <sup>(f)</sup>	(2,621)
Other income tax (expense) benefit	(18,337)	19,247 <sup>(g)</sup>	910
Total income tax (expense) benefit	(18,337)	16,626	(1,711)
<b>NET INCOME</b>	\$ 10,774	10,826	21,600
Less net income attributable to non-controlling interest		13,958 <sup>(h)</sup>	13,958
<b>NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP</b>		\$ (3,132)	\$ 7,642
Earnings per unit (based on 16,250,000 units outstanding)			\$ 0.47



See F-7 for footnote explanations.

F-5

Table of Contents**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP****UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET****As of March 31, 2014****(in Thousands)**

	<b>Predecessor Actual</b>	<b>Pro Forma Adjustments</b>	<b>NEE Partners Pro Forma</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,992	\$ 406,250 (i) (231,103)(j) (25,147)(k)	\$ 185,992 (l)
Accounts receivable	357,742		357,742
Restricted cash	5,295		5,295
Prepaid expenses	1,347		1,347
Other current assets	8,685	(1,424)(m)	7,261
Total current assets	409,061	148,576	557,637
Non-current assets:			
Property, plant and equipment, net	2,102,281		2,102,281
Construction work in progress	47,459		47,459
Deferred income taxes	34,812	66,594 (n)	101,406
Other non-current assets	60,699		60,699
Total non-current assets	2,245,251	66,594	2,311,845
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 2,654,312</b>	<b>\$ 215,170</b>	<b>\$ 2,869,482</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY</b>			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 28,919		\$ 28,919
Due to related parties	3,832		3,832
Current maturities of long-term debt	390,271		390,271
Accrued interest	12,885		12,885
Other current liabilities	9,026	(108)(o)	8,918
Total current liabilities	444,933	(108)	444,825
Non-current liabilities:			
Long-term debt	1,395,409		1,395,409
Asset retirement obligation	15,308		15,308
Other non-current liabilities	36,944	(12,416)(p)	24,528

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Total non-current liabilities	1,447,661	(12,416)	1,435,245
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>1,892,594</b>	<b>(12,524)</b>	<b>1,880,070</b>
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</b>			
<b>MEMBERS EQUITY</b>			
General partners			
Limited partners		480,505(q)	480,505
Additional paid in capital	722,887	(722,887)(r)	
Retained earnings	63,706	(63,706)(r)	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(24,875)	24,875 (r)	
Members equity/Members equity attributable to NEE			
Partners, LP	761,718	(281,213)	480,505
Noncontrolling interest		508,907 (s)	508,907
<b>TOTAL MEMBERS EQUITY</b>	<b>761,718</b>	<b>227,694</b>	<b>989,412</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 2,654,312</b>	<b>\$ 215,170</b>	<b>\$ 2,869,482</b>

F-6

**Table of Contents****1. Basis of Presentation, Transactions and this Offering**

The unaudited pro forma financial data has been derived by the application of pro forma adjustments to the historical combined financial statements of our accounting predecessor included elsewhere in this prospectus. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated statement of operations data for the year ended December 31, 2013 and for the three months ended March 31, 2014, give effect to the Organizational Transactions, including the use of the estimated net proceeds from this offering and the reimbursement of offering expenses by NEE Operating LP, as if they had occurred on January 1, 2013. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated balance sheet data as of March 31, 2014, give effect to the Organizational Transactions, including the use of the estimated net proceeds from this offering, as if they had occurred on March 31, 2014. The adjustments are based on currently available information and certain estimates and assumptions and therefore the actual effects of these transactions may differ from the pro forma adjustments.

Upon completion of this offering, we anticipate incurring incremental operations and maintenance expenses of approximately \$4 million per year as a result of becoming a publicly traded limited partnership, including increased third-party accounting services, required filings with the SEC, independent auditor fees, investor relations activities, directors fees, compensation and expenses, directors and officers insurance, stock exchange listing fees, registrar and transfer agent fees and other expenses. NEE Operating LP will reimburse us for such expenses. The unaudited pro forma financial statements do not reflect these incremental operations and maintenance expenses.

**2. Pro Forma Adjustments and Assumptions**

The adjustments are based on currently available information and certain estimates and assumptions and therefore the actual effects of these transactions will differ from the pro forma adjustments. A general description of these transactions and adjustments is provided as follows:

- (a) Reflects an increase of \$1.5 million in operations and maintenance expense as a result of the quarterly \$1 million management fee and \$0.5 million credit support fee, both of which will be paid by NEE Operating LP under the Management Services Agreement and the CSCS Agreement, respectively.
- (b) Reflects an increase of \$0.5 million of Canadian federal and provincial income tax expense associated with Canadian flow-through partnerships.
- (c) Reflects the net difference between the income tax provision of the predecessor entity as calculated under the separate return method and the pro forma tax provision of the Partnership. The Partnership has calculated the income tax provision of the predecessor entity using the separate return method, which means that the Partnership applied ASC 740 to the stand-alone financial statements of each member of the combined group that was not a flow through entity as if the group member were a separate taxpayer and a stand-alone enterprise. Accordingly, the pro forma tax provision for the Partnership includes several differences from the predecessor entity including those described below:

Inclusion of U.S. Federal income tax expense for Trillium, St. Clair and Varna due to restructuring and tax status changes associated with the formation of Operating LP.	\$(0.2) million
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Removal of Valuation Allowances resulting in the recognition of deferred tax assets (DTAs) associated with 1603 Cash Grants at Genesis and net operating losses (NOLs) at Canyon Wind and Mountain Prairie.	\$8.0 million
Removal of the taxes attributable to the 82.6% noncontrolling interest.	\$(2.6) million
Changes to state income taxes resulting from the above items as well as the application of state taxes on an apportioned basis in the pro forma rather than on the separate return method in the predecessor financial statements.	\$0.9 million

F-7

**Table of Contents**

- (d) Represents an 82.6% non-controlling interest in the net income of NEE Operating LP retained by NextEra:

Pro forma income before income taxes, as reported	9,892
Pro forma Canadian income taxes	(1,008)
Pro forma net income allocable to noncontrolling interest	8,884
Noncontrolling interest	82.6%
Pro forma noncontrolling interest adjustment	7,338

- (e) Reflects an increase of \$5.8 million in operations and maintenance expense as a result of the annual management fee of \$4 million and \$1.8 million credit support fee, both of which will be paid by NEE Operating LP under the Management Services Agreement and the CSCS Agreement, respectively.
- (f) Reflects an increase of \$2.6 million of Canadian federal and provincial income tax expense associated with Canadian flow-through partnerships.
- (g) Reflects the net difference between the income tax provision of the predecessor entity as calculated under the separate return method and the pro forma tax provision of the Partnership. The Partnership has calculated the income tax provision of the predecessor entity using the separate return method, which means that the Partnership applied ASC 740 to the stand-alone financial statements of each member of the combined group that was not a flow through entity as if the group member were a separate taxpayer and a stand-alone enterprise. Accordingly, the pro forma tax provision for the Partnership includes several differences from the predecessor entity including those described below:

Inclusion of U.S. Federal income tax expense for Trillium, St. Clair and Varna due to restructuring and tax status changes associated with the formation of Operating LP.	\$(1.5) million
Removal of Valuation Allowances on resulting in the recognition of deferred tax assets (DTAs) associated with 1603 Cash Grants at Genesis and net operating losses (NOLs) at Canyon Wind and Mountain Prairie.	\$43.0 million
Removal of the taxes attributable to the 82.6% noncontrolling interest.	(\$25.3) million
Changes to state income taxes resulting from the above items as well as the application of state taxes on an apportioned basis in the pro forma rather than on the separate return method in the predecessor financial statements.	\$2.4 million

- (h) Represents an 82.6% non-controlling interest in the net income of NEE Operating LP retained by NextEra:

Pro forma income before income taxes, as reported	23,311
Pro forma Canadian income taxes	(6,412)
Pro forma net income allocable to noncontrolling interest	16,899
Noncontrolling interest	82.6%
Pro forma noncontrolling interest adjustment	13,958

- (i) Reflects the gross proceeds of \$406.3 million from the issuance and sale of 16,250,000 common units at an initial public offering price of \$25.00 per unit. If the underwriters were to exercise in full their option to purchase additional common units, gross proceeds would equal \$467.2 million.
- (j) Reflects the purchase by the Partnership of 9,854,093 NEE Operating LP common units for \$231.1 million.

F-8

**Table of Contents**

- (k) Reflects the underwriting discounts and commissions and structuring fees before offering expenses (which will be paid by NextEra)
- (l) Reflects the purchase by the Partnership from NEE Operating LP of 6,395,907 NEE Operating LP common units for \$150.0 million. The cash remains on the consolidated balance sheet.
- (m) Reflects the removal of current deferred tax assets of the predecessor entity that will not exist in the Partnership in the amount of \$1.4 million.
- (n) Reflects the removal of noncurrent deferred tax assets of the predecessor entity that will not exist for the Partnership in the amount of \$34.8 million, and the inclusion of \$101.4 million noncurrent deferred tax assets for the estimated income tax effects of the increase in the tax basis of purchased interests, based on an effective tax rate of 44.91%, which includes a provision for U.S. federal and state income taxes and Canadian federal and provincial income taxes.
- (o) Reflects the removal of current deferred tax liabilities of the predecessor entity that will not exist for the Partnership in the amount of \$0.1 million.
- (p) Reflects the removal of noncurrent deferred tax liabilities of the predecessor entity that will not exist for the Partnership in the amount of \$17.1 million and the inclusion of noncurrent deferred tax liabilities for Trillium and Varna in the amount of \$4.7 million.
- (q) Reflects the following activity in the limited partner interest:

Total net proceeds	\$ 381.1 million
The estimated income tax effects of the increase in the tax basis of the purchased interests, based on an effective tax rate of 44.91%	101.4 million
Historical deferred tax liabilities of St. Clair attributable to the Partnership	(1.2) million
Historical deferred tax liabilities of Trillium and Varna attributable to the Partnership	(0.8) million
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 480.5 million</b>

- (r) Reflects the allocation of the historical amounts to noncontrolling interest.
- (s) Reflects the following activity in the noncontrolling interest:



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Reclassify historical additional paid in capital	\$ 722.9 million
Reclassify historical retained earnings	63.7 million
Reclassify historical deferred tax liabilities	17.2 million
Reclassify historical deferred tax liabilities of St. Clair attributable to the Partnership	1.2 million
Application of \$231.1 million of the net proceeds of this offering to the purchase of 9,854,093 NEE Operating LP common units from NEE Equity in accordance with the Purchase Agreement	(231.1) million
Reclassify the historical deferred tax assets	(36.2) million
Reclassify historical accumulated other comprehensive income	(24.9) million
Inclusion of the Trillium and Varna deferred tax liabilities attributable to the noncontrolling interest	(3.9) million
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 508.9 million</b>

F-9

**Table of Contents****NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)****CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)****(in thousands)****(unaudited)**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2014</b>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2013</b>
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 59,498</b>	<b>\$ 31,946</b>
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>		
Operations and maintenance	11,216	8,103
Depreciation and amortization	16,436	7,808
Taxes other than income taxes and other	1,237	850
Transmission	543	525
Total operating expenses	29,432	17,286
<b>OPERATING INCOME</b>	<b>30,066</b>	<b>14,660</b>
<b>OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)</b>		
Interest expense	(18,748)	(10,098)
Other net	24	(5)
Total other deductions net	(18,724)	(10,103)
<b>INCOME BEFORE TAXES</b>	<b>11,342</b>	<b>4,557</b>
<b>INCOME TAXES</b>	<b>5,996</b>	<b>4,952</b>
<b>NET INCOME (LOSS)</b>	<b>\$ 5,346</b>	<b>\$ (395)</b>
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF TAX</b>		
Net unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges:		
Effective portion of net unrealized gain (losses) (net of \$1,900 tax benefit and \$1,330 tax expense, respectively)	(3,101)	2,347
Reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to net income (net of \$376 and \$355 tax expense, respectively)	615	627
Unrealized losses on foreign currency translation	(6,885)	(8,130)
Total other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(9,371)	(5,156)
<b>COMPREHENSIVE LOSS</b>	<b>(4,025)</b>	<b>(5,551)</b>

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PRO FORMA INCOME INFORMATION (see note 1)			
Historical income before taxes	\$	11,342	\$ 4,557
Pro forma income taxes		9,036	5,149
Pro forma net income	\$	2,306	\$ (592)
Historical total other comprehensive loss, net of tax		(9,371)	(5,156)
Pro forma comprehensive loss	\$	(7,065)	\$ (5,748)

F-10

**Table of Contents****NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)****CONDENSED COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS****(in thousands)****(unaudited)**

	<b>As of December 31, 2013</b>	<b>As of March 31, 2014</b>	<b>Pro forma As of March 31, 2014</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26,580	\$ 35,992	\$ 35,992
Accounts receivable	203,072	357,742	357,742
Restricted cash	2,370	5,295	5,295
Prepaid expenses	1,392	1,347	1,347
Other current assets	6,178	8,685	8,685
Total current assets	239,592	409,061	409,061
Non-current assets:			
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,755,711	2,102,281	2,102,281
Construction work in progress	542,052	47,459	47,459
Deferred income taxes	29,010	34,812	34,812
Other noncurrent assets	66,586	60,699	60,699
Total noncurrent assets	2,393,359	2,245,251	2,245,251
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 2,632,951</b>	<b>\$ 2,654,312</b>	<b>\$ 2,654,312</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY</b>			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 42,489	\$ 28,919	\$ 28,919
Due to related parties	15,153	3,832	3,832
Current maturities of long-term debt	370,251	390,271	390,271
Accrued interest	16,052	12,885	12,885
Other current liabilities	10,333	9,026	9,101
Total current liabilities	454,278	444,933	445,008
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term debt	1,429,370	1,395,409	1,395,409
Asset retirement obligation	14,901	15,308	15,308
Other noncurrent liabilities	26,986	36,944	43,009
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,471,257	1,447,661	1,453,726

<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	1,925,535	1,892,594	1,898,734
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</b>			
<b>MEMBERS EQUITY:</b>			
Additional paid in capital	664,560	722,887	722,887
Retained earnings	58,360	63,706	57,566
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(15,504)	(24,875)	(24,875)
<b>TOTAL MEMBERS EQUITY</b>	707,416	761,718	755,578
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS EQUITY</b>	\$ 2,632,951	\$ 2,654,312	\$ 2,654,312

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

Table of Contents**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)****CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY****(in thousands)****(unaudited)**

	<b>Contributed Capital and Retained Earnings</b>	<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss</b>	<b>Members Equity</b>
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 722,920	\$ (15,504)	\$ 707,416
Net income	5,346		5,346
Members' contributions	94,897		94,897
Members' distributions	(36,570)		(36,570)
Other comprehensive loss		(9,371)	(9,371)
Balances, March 31, 2014	\$ 786,593	\$ (24,875)	\$ 761,718

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed combined financial statements.

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2014</b>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2013</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ 5,346	\$ (395)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	16,436	7,808
Intangible amortization	(116)	(127)
Amortization of deferred financing costs	1,530	717
Deferred income taxes	5,996	4,952
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(9,072)	(1,968)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,080	6,572
Other non-current assets	(24)	628
Accounts payable	(1,454)	(691)
Due to related parties	2,195	1,369
Other current liabilities	5,585	1,091
Other non-current liabilities	282	361
Net cash provided by operating activities	28,784	20,317
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Capital expenditures	(65,001)	(189,426)
Proceeds from asset disposals		38
Insurance proceeds	88	
Change in restricted cash	(2,925)	112,006
Net cash used in investing activities	(67,838)	(77,382)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Members contributions	82,826	96,289
Members distributions	(35,460)	(41,402)
Issuances of long-term debt	14,748	
Deferred financing costs		(508)
Retirements of long-term debt	(13,232)	(7,488)
Net cash provided by financing activities	48,882	46,891

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(416)	(179)
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>9,412</b>	<b>(10,353)</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	<b>26,580</b>	<b>21,027</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS END OF PERIOD</b>	<b>\$ 35,992</b>	<b>\$ 10,674</b>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:</b>		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 9,375	\$ 8,819
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Members contributions for construction costs and other expenditures	\$ 12,071	\$ 49,681
Members net distributions for convertible investment tax credit payments	\$	\$ 66,834
Change in accounts receivable for convertible investment tax credits	\$ 149,935	
Members noncash distributions	\$ 1,110	\$ 8,424
New asset retirement obligations	\$ 292	\$ 274
Net change in accrued but not paid for capital expenditures	\$ 47,141	\$ 28,532

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed combined financial statements.



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**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(unaudited)**

The accompanying combined financial statements should be read in conjunction with the 2013 annual financial statements accompanying this Form S-1 Registration Statement. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for fair financial statement presentation have been made. The results of operations for an interim period generally will not give a true indication of results for the year.

**NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING POLICIES**

*Revenue* Revenue recognized for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, includes revenues from operations located outside of the U.S. This revenue was approximately \$22 million and \$6.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

*Inventories* Spare parts inventories are stated at the lower of weighted average cost or market and are included in other current assets in the Company's combined balance sheets. Spare parts inventory was \$6.1 million and \$4.3 million as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

*Property, Plant and Equipment, net* Property, plant and equipment consists primarily of development, engineering and construction costs for the renewable energy assets, equipment, land, substations and transmission lines. Property, plant and equipment, excluding land, is recorded at cost and depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives ranging from three to 30 years, commencing on the date the assets are placed in service. Maintenance and repairs of property, plant and equipment are charged to operations and maintenance expenses.

Convertible Investment Tax Credits (CITCs) of \$595.1 million and \$445.1 million as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, are recorded as a reduction in property, plant and equipment in the combined balance sheets and are amortized as a corresponding reduction to depreciation expense over the estimated life of the related asset.

Total net long-lived assets held by operations outside the U.S. amounted to approximately \$621 million and \$625.9 million, respectively, as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

*Construction Work in Progress* Construction work in progress includes construction materials, turbine generators, solar panel assemblies and other equipment, third-party engineering costs, capitalized interest and other costs directly associated with the development and construction of the various projects. Upon commencement of plant operations, costs associated with construction work in progress are transferred to property, plant and equipment, net.

Construction Work in Progress decreased and Property, Plant and Equipment, net and CITCs increased at March 31, 2014, primarily due to the second unit of the Genesis facility going into service in March 2014.

*Subsequent Events (updated as of June 10, 2014)* The Company has evaluated subsequent events for recognition through May 19, 2014 and for disclosure through the time it issued its financial statements on June 10, 2014.

*Pro Forma Information* The pro forma information for all periods presented gives effect to an adjustment to include income taxes of partnerships that were flow through entities in the predecessor periods, and for which the parent

(taxpayer) is not a predecessor entity. The taxes on the flow through entities include a valuation allowance on deferred tax assets associated with interest expense on the financing entities that, on a separate return basis, would not be realizable.

**Table of Contents****NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)****NOTES TO CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****(unaudited)****NOTE 2 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITY**

The Company recognizes all derivative instruments, when required to be marked to market, on the balance sheet as either assets or liabilities and measures them at fair value each reporting period. In connection with its debt financings in September 2012, the Company entered into interest rate swap agreements to manage interest rate cash flow risk. Under the interest rate swap agreements, the Company pays a fixed rate of interest and receives a floating rate of interest over the term of the agreements without the exchange of the underlying notional amounts. These agreements allow the Company to offset the variability of its floating-rate loan interest cash flows with the variable interest cash flows received from the interest rate swap agreements. The commencement and termination dates of the interest rate swap agreements and the related hedging relationship coincide with the corresponding dates of the underlying variable-rate debt instrument, which matures in 2030. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the combined notional amounts of the swap agreements were approximately \$204.4 million and \$211.8 million, respectively. In order to apply hedge accounting, the transactions must be designated as hedges and must be highly effective in offsetting the hedged risk. For interest rate swaps, generally the Company assesses a hedging instrument's effectiveness by using non-statistical methods including dollar value comparisons of the change in the fair value of the derivative to the change in the fair value or cash flows of the hedged item. Hedge effectiveness is tested at the inception of the hedge and on at least a quarterly basis throughout the hedge's life. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives accounted for as cash flow hedges are deferred and recorded as a component of AOCI. The amounts deferred in AOCI are recognized in earnings when the hedged transactions occur. Any amounts excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness, as well as the ineffective portion of the gain or loss is reported in current earnings.

Approximately \$3.8 million of net losses included in AOCI at March 31, 2014, is expected to be reclassified into interest expense within the next 12 months as interest payments are made. Such amount assumes no change in interest rates. Cash flows from these interest rate swap contracts are reported in cash flows from operating activities in the Company's combined statements of cash flows.

The fair values of the Company's derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedging instruments are included in the Company's combined balance sheets as follows:

	<b>March 31, 2014</b>		<b>December 31, 2013</b>	
	<b>Assets</b>	<b>Liabilities</b>	<b>Assets</b>	<b>Liabilities</b>
	<b>(in millions)</b>			
<b>Interest rate swaps:</b>				

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Other non-current assets	\$ 14.2	\$	\$ 18.2	\$
Other current liabilities	\$	\$ 3.7	\$	\$ 3.7

Gains (losses) related to the Company's cash flow hedges are recorded in the Company's combined financial statements as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2014	Three Months Ended March 31, 2013
	(in millions)	
<b>Interest rate swaps:</b>		
Gains (losses) recognized in OCI	\$ (5.0)	\$ 3.7
Losses reclassified from AOCI to net income <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ (1.0)	\$ (1.0)

<sup>(a)</sup> Included in interest expense.

**Table of Contents****NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)****NOTES TO CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****(unaudited)****NOTE 3 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

The fair value of assets and liabilities are determined using either unadjusted quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) or pricing inputs that are observable (Level 2) whenever that information is available and using unobservable inputs (Level 3) to estimate fair value only when relevant observable inputs are not available. The Company uses several different valuation techniques to measure the fair value of assets and liabilities relying primarily on the market approach of using prices and other market information for identical or comparable assets and liabilities for those assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Certain financial instruments may be valued using multiple inputs including discount rates, counterparty credit ratings and credit enhancements. The Company's assessment of the significance of any particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the fair value measurement of its assets and liabilities and the placement of those assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy levels. Non-performance risk, including the consideration of a credit valuation adjustment, is also considered in the determination of fair value for all assets and liabilities measured at fair value. All transfers between fair value hierarchy levels occur at the beginning of the period in which the transfer occurred.

*Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash* Cash equivalents and restricted cash consist of short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. The Company primarily holds these investments in money market funds. The fair value of these funds is calculated using current market prices.

*Interest Rate Swaps* The Company estimates the fair value of its derivatives using a discounted cash flows valuation technique based on the net amount of estimated future cash inflows and outflows related to the swap agreements. The primary inputs used in the fair value measurements include the contractual terms of the derivative agreements, current interest rates and credit spreads. The significant inputs from the resulting fair value measurement are market-observable inputs and the measurements are reported as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

The Company's financial assets and liabilities and other fair value measurements made on a recurring basis by fair value hierarchy level are as follows (in millions):

	<b>March 31, 2014</b>			
	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Assets:</b>				
Cash equivalents	\$ 36.0	\$	\$	\$ 36.0
Restricted cash	5.3			5.3
Interest rate swaps		14.2		14.2

<b>Total assets</b>	\$ 41.3	\$ 14.2	\$	\$ 55.5
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Interest rate swaps	\$	\$ (3.7)	\$	\$ (3.7)
<b>Total liabilities</b>	\$	\$ (3.7)	\$	\$ (3.7)

F-16

Table of Contents**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)****NOTES TO CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****(unaudited)**

	<b>December 31, 2013</b>			
	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Assets:</b>				
Cash equivalents	\$ 26.6	\$	\$	\$ 26.6
Restricted cash	2.4			2.4
Interest rate swaps		14.5		14.5
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 29.0</b>	<b>\$ 14.5</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 43.5</b>

*Fair Value of Financial Instruments Recorded at the Carrying Amount* The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and restricted cash approximate their fair values. The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of other financial instruments, excluding assets and liabilities which are recorded at fair value and disclosed above, are as follows (in millions):

	<b>March 31, 2014</b>		<b>December 31, 2013</b>	
	<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>
Notes receivable <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ 3.7	\$ 3.7	\$ 3.7	\$ 3.7
Long-term debt, including current maturities <sup>(b)</sup>	\$ 1,785.7	\$ 1,830.6	\$ 1,799.6	\$ 1,814.8

(a) Primarily classified as held to maturity. Fair value approximates carrying amount as they bear interest primarily at variable rates and have short to mid-term maturities (Level 2).

(b) Fair value is estimated based on the borrowing rates as of each date for similar issues of debt with similar remaining maturities (Level 2).

**NOTE 4 ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**

<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)</b>	<b>Total</b>
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	<b>Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges</b>	<b>Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Foreign Currency Translation (in millions)</b>	
Balances, December 31, 2012	\$ (3.8)	\$ 2.4	\$ (1.4)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassification	2.4	(8.2)	(5.8)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI to interest expense	0.6		0.6
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	3.0	(8.2)	(5.2)
Balances, March 31, 2013	\$ (0.8)	\$ (5.8)	\$ (6.6)
Balances, December 31, 2013	\$ 8.9	\$ (24.4)	\$ (15.5)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassification	(3.1)	(6.9)	(10.0)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI to interest expense	0.6		0.6
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	(2.5)	(6.9)	(9.4)
Balances, March 31, 2014	\$ 6.4	\$ (31.3)	\$ (24.9)



**Table of Contents****NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)****NOTES TO CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****(unaudited)****NOTE 5 INCOME TAXES**

The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, is 52.87% and 108.67%, respectively. The effective tax rate is affected by recurring items, such as the relative amount of income earned in jurisdictions, the 50% tax basis reduction due to 1603 cash grants that are recognized when assets are placed into service, and valuation allowances on deferred tax assets.

A reconciliation (in millions) of the U.S. federal income tax at the statutory rate to income tax expense for the quarters ended March 31 is as follows:

	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Income tax expense at 35% statutory rate	\$ 4.0	\$ 1.6
Increases (reductions) resulting from:		
State income taxes net of federal tax benefit	0.6	0.4
1603 cash grants	(6.6)	(4.6)
Valuation allowance	10.5	7.6
Effect of flow through entity & foreign tax differential	(2.5)	(0.2)
Other	0.0	0.2
Income tax expense	\$ 6.0	\$ 5.0

**NOTE 6 INTANGIBLE LIABILITIES**

The Company's intangible liabilities are the result of an acquisition in 2012. That acquisition resulted in St. Clair assuming liabilities for the acquired RESOP Contracts. The acquired value represents the fair value of the RESOP Contracts, which were out-of-the-money contracts, at the acquisition date. The recorded intangible liabilities are amortized to operating revenues over the term of the RESOP Contracts through February 2032, according to the cash flow benefits or detriments associated with the contracts as determined at acquisition. The liabilities as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were \$7.9 million and \$8.3 million, respectively and are included in other noncurrent liabilities in the accompanying combined balance sheets. NEE Partners recorded \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million of amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The remaining change in the liabilities for the year ended relates to foreign currency translation. Estimated amortization over the next five years is approximately \$0.5 million in each year.

**NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

*Land Use Commitments* The Project Owners are parties to various agreements that provide for payments to landowners for the right to use the land upon which the projects are located. These leases and easements can typically be renewed by the Project Owners for numerous terms. The annual fees range from minimum rent payments varying by lease to maximum rent payments of a certain percentage of gross revenues, varying by lease. Total lease expense was \$2.6 million and \$2.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and is classified as operations and maintenance expenses in the Company's accompanying combined statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

Genesis land leases include a right-of-way lease/grant that provides for payments to the BLM for the right to use the public lands upon which the project is located. The lease may be renewed at expiration at Genesis' option and will be subject to the regulations existing at the time of renewal. In connection with the

Table of Contents**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)****NOTES TO CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****(unaudited)**

terms of this lease, Genesis obtained a surety bond from a non-affiliated party in favor of BLM for \$23 million. The surety bond remains in effect until the BLM is satisfied that there is no outstanding liability on the bond or satisfactory replacement bond coverage is furnished.

As the base rent and the MW capacity fee are both based on fair value, these payments are considered contingent rent and, therefore, expense is recognized as incurred.

The total minimum rental commitments at March 31, 2014 under these land use agreements are as follows (in millions):

<b>Year Ending December 31,</b>	<b>Land Use Commitments</b>
2014 (Remaining)	\$ 2.8
2015	3.6
2016	3.7
2017	3.8
2018	3.8
Thereafter	113.2
<b>Total minimum land use payments</b>	<b>\$ 130.9</b>

*Development, Engineering, and Construction Commitments* Certain Project Owners had several open EPC contracts procured to develop, engineer and construct the various solar- and wind-power generating facilities. Those contracts require varying payment terms and some include performance obligations that allow the companies to receive liquidated damages if the contractor does not perform. During the three months ended March 31, 2014 the Project Owners have purchased \$68.2 million under these contracts, which have been capitalized in construction work in progress. At March 31, 2014, Bluewater had several open EPC contracts related to the procurement of materials and services in connection with development, engineering, and construction of the related projects. Total commitments as of March 31, 2014, were \$512.3 million and the remaining commitment as of March 31, 2014 was \$34.4 million.

*Letter of Credit Facility* In conjunction with the debt agreements entered into by Genesis, Genesis entered into a letter of credit facility (the LOC Facility), under which Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A. (the LOC Lender) may issue standby letters of credit not to exceed \$82.9 million, with a maturity date of August 15, 2017 (Maturity). In April 2012, the LOC Lender's credit rating was downgraded, and the LOC Lender was replaced with Rabobank Nederland in

November 2012.

The LOC Facility is being utilized to support Genesis debt service reserve obligations under the loan agreements, development security and performance assurance collateral required under the PPA and other obligations relating to the Project, including the LGIA. The LOC Facility does not benefit from a DOE guarantee.

F-19

Table of Contents**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)****NOTES TO CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****(unaudited)**

The purpose and amounts of the contemplated letters of credit are as follows (in millions):

<b>LOC Facility Purpose</b>	<b>Amount (in millions)</b>	<b>Approximate LOC Outstanding Dates as of</b>
		<b>March 31, 2014</b>
Debt Service Reserve	\$ 35.0	4/1/2014 Maturity
Operations & Maintenance Reserve	10.0	12/2/2013 Maturity
PPA Security	25.0	9/9/2011 Maturity
LGIA	11.7	9/23/2011 Maturity
Permit Requirements	1.2	12/20/2010 Maturity
Total	\$ 82.9	

In connection with the California Energy Commission ( CEC ) approval, Genesis and an affiliate entered into a standby letter of credit in favor of Riverside County Fire Department on December 20, 2010 for \$0.9 million, which will automatically renew each year until no later than December 31, 2015 unless written notice is provided that the letter of credit will not be extended. On January 11, 2011, Genesis and an affiliate entered into an additional standby letter of credit in favor of Riverside County Fire Department for \$0.4 million, which will automatically renew each year until no later than December 31, 2044 unless written notice is provided that the letter of credit will not be extended. Both letters of credit remained in effect as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

*Legal and Other Related Matters* A complaint was filed on December 27, 2010, which challenged BLM's approval of the proposed construction and operation of Genesis. While the Company was not named as a defendant in the complaint, it was granted Intervenor-Defendant status in the action on April 18, 2011.

As a result of motions practice, five of the seven claims were dismissed and two remain. The Court entered a scheduling order requiring the Plaintiffs to file for summary judgment by a certain date, which the Plaintiffs subsequently failed to do. Genesis will move for summary judgment and a court decision is expected for the second quarter of 2014. Although the Company is unable to predict with certainty the outcome of this matter, it is expected that the ultimate resolution will not have a material adverse impact on the Company's operations and accompanying financial statements.



**Table of Contents**

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the General Partner of

NextEra Energy Partners, LP:

We have audited the accompanying combined balance sheets of NextEra Energy Partners, LP (the Predecessor ) as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related combined statements of operations and comprehensive income, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2013. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Predecessor's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Predecessor is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Predecessor's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such combined financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of NextEra Energy Partners, LP at December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2013, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1 to the combined financial statements, the combined financial statements were prepared using the historical basis of NextEra Energy, Inc. ( NEE ) in the assets and liabilities of the Predecessor, and include all revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities attributed to the Predecessor. The combined financial statements also include certain allocations related to income taxes from NEE. These allocations may not be reflective of the actual level of assets, liabilities, or costs which would have been incurred had the Predecessor operated as a separate entity apart from NEE.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Boca Raton, Florida

April 3, 2014 (May 19, 2014 as to the immaterial restatement disclosed in Note 2)

**Table of Contents****NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)****COMBINED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)****(in thousands)**

	<b>Year Ended December 31, 2013</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31, 2012</b>
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 141,796	\$ 93,415
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Operations and maintenance	29,640	16,933
Depreciation and amortization	39,427	23,599
Taxes other than income taxes and other	4,744	1,155
Transmission	2,123	2,099
Total operating expenses	75,934	43,786
OPERATING INCOME	65,862	49,629
OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)		
Interest expense	(41,637)	(43,195)
Gain on settlement of contingent consideration of project acquisition	4,809	
Other net	77	673
Total other deductions net	(36,751)	(42,522)
INCOME BEFORE TAXES	29,111	7,107
INCOME TAX (EXPENSE) BENEFIT	(18,337)	8,891
NET INCOME	\$ 10,774	\$ 15,998
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF TAX		
Net unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges:		
Effective portion of net unrealized gains (losses) (net of \$4,344 and \$14 tax expense, respectively)	9,929	(3,795)
Reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to net income (net of \$1,212 and \$0 tax expense, respectively)	2,770	
Unrealized gains (losses) on foreign currency translation	(26,759)	2,351
Total other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(14,060)	(1,444)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	(3,286)	14,554

PRO FORMA INCOME INFORMATION (see note 1)



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Historical income before taxes	\$	29,111	\$	7,107
Pro forma income tax (expense) benefit (unaudited)		(21,437)		8,891
Pro forma net income (unaudited)	\$	7,674	\$	15,998
Historical total other comprehensive loss, net of tax		(14,060)		(1,444)
Pro forma comprehensive income (loss) (unaudited)	\$	(6,386)	\$	14,554

F-22

**Table of Contents****NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)****COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS**

(in thousands)

	As of December 31, 2013	Pro forma As of December 31, 2013 (note 1) (unaudited)	As of December 31, 2012	Pro forma As of December 31, 2012 (note 1) (unaudited)
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26,580	\$ 26,580	\$ 21,028	\$ 21,028
Accounts receivable	203,072	203,072	90,623	90,623
Restricted cash	2,370	2,370	251,860	251,860
Prepaid expenses	1,392	1,392	757	757
Other current assets	6,178	6,178	15,790	15,790
Total current assets	239,592	239,592	380,058	380,058
Non-current assets:				
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,755,711	1,755,711	889,240	889,240
Construction work in progress	542,052	542,052	965,663	965,663
Deferred income taxes	29,010	29,010	43,496	43,496
Other noncurrent assets	66,586	66,586	41,615	41,615
Total noncurrent assets	2,393,359	2,393,359	1,940,014	1,940,014
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 2,632,951</b>	<b>\$ 2,632,951</b>	<b>\$ 2,320,072</b>	<b>\$ 2,320,072</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY</b>				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 42,489	\$ 42,489	\$ 152,938	\$ 152,938
Due to related parties	15,153	15,153	6,694	6,694
Current maturities of long-term debt	370,251	370,251	22,394	22,394
Accrued interest	16,052	16,052	14,391	14,391
Other current liabilities	10,333	10,368	18,638	18,638
Total current liabilities	454,278	454,313	215,055	215,055
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Long-term debt	1,429,370	1,429,370	1,380,551	1,380,551
Asset retirement obligation	14,901	14,901	8,791	8,791
Other noncurrent liabilities	26,986	30,051	14,334	14,334

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Total noncurrent liabilities	1,471,257	1,474,322	1,403,676	1,403,676
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>1,925,535</b>	<b>1,928,635</b>	<b>1,618,731</b>	<b>1,618,731</b>
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</b>				
<b>MEMBERS EQUITY:</b>				
Additional paid-in capital	664,560	664,560	655,198	655,198
Retained earnings	58,360	55,260	47,587	47,587
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(15,504)	(15,504)	(1,444)	(1,444)
<b>TOTAL MEMBERS EQUITY</b>	<b>707,416</b>	<b>704,316</b>	<b>701,341</b>	<b>701,341</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 2,632,951</b>	<b>\$ 2,632,951</b>	<b>\$ 2,320,072</b>	<b>\$ 2,320,072</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

Table of Contents

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY**

(in thousands)

	Contributed Capital		Accumulated Other		
	and Retained Earnings		Comprehensive	Loss	Members' Equity
Balances, December 31, 2011	\$	280,161	\$		\$ 280,161
Net income		15,998			15,998
Members' contributions		781,286			781,286
Members' distributions		(374,660)			(374,660)
Other comprehensive loss				(1,444)	(1,444)
Balances, December 31, 2012		702,785		(1,444)	701,341
Net income		10,774			10,774
Members' contributions		508,287			508,287
Members' distributions		(498,926)			(498,926)
Other comprehensive loss				(14,060)	(14,060)
Balances, December 31, 2013	\$	722,920	\$	(15,504)	\$ 707,416

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

**Table of Contents****NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)****COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(in thousands)**

	<b>Year Ended December 31, 2013</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31, 2012</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net income	\$ 10,774	\$ 15,998
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	39,427	23,599
Intangible amortization	(499)	(426)
Amortization of deferred finance costs	3,550	2,015
Deferred income taxes	18,337	(8,941)
Gain on settlement of contingent consideration of project acquisition	(4,809)	
Loss on disposal of assets	148	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	6,884	(7,666)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(2,061)	(1,388)
Other noncurrent assets	(26)	384
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	20,206	2,847
Due to related parties	(396)	3,374
Other current liabilities	(8,063)	(1,766)
Other noncurrent liabilities	2,721	280
Net cash provided by operating activities	86,193	28,310
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Capital expenditures	(647,251)	(518,111)
Proceeds from convertible investment tax credits		50,793
Acquisition of project		(192,362)
General sales tax reimbursement related to acquired project		21,480
Settlement of lien and performance holdbacks related to acquired project		(21,995)
Insurance proceeds	4,615	
Changes in restricted cash	249,490	313,610
Net cash used in investing activities	(393,146)	(346,585)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Members contributions	329,869	289,805
Members distributions	(125,180)	(140,425)
Issuances of long-term debt	135,252	175,723
Deferred financing costs	(850)	(1,658)

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Retirements of long-term debt	(22,192)	(5,837)
Proceeds from related party note		191,144
Retirement of related party note		(174,284)
Payment of contingent consideration for project acquisition	(3,675)	
<b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>	<b>313,224</b>	<b>334,468</b>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(719)	1,098
<b>NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>5,552</b>	<b>17,291</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	<b>21,028</b>	<b>3,737</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS END OF PERIOD</b>	<b>\$ 26,580</b>	<b>\$ 21,028</b>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:</b>		
Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized	\$ 39,076	\$ 41,302
Members noncash contributions for construction costs and other expenditures	\$ 178,417	\$ 467,400
Members net noncash distributions for convertible investment tax credit payments	\$ 64,826	\$
Members noncash contributions for the forgiveness of intercompany note and accrued interest	\$	\$ 24,081
Members noncash distributions	\$ 308,920	\$ 234,235
Contingent consideration recorded for project acquisition	\$	\$ 8,800
New asset retirement obligations additions	\$ 5,399	\$ 6,668
Net change in accrued but not paid for capital expenditures	\$ 76,589	\$ 97,565

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

**Table of Contents****NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)****NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012****NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS**

The accompanying combined financial statements of NextEra Energy Partners, LP ( NEE Partners or the Company ) have been prepared in connection with the proposed initial public offering (or the Offering ) of common units of NEE Partners. NEE Partners was formed on March 6, 2014, and is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of NextEra Energy, Inc. (or NEE ), a Florida corporation whose common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange. Prior to the offering, NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP, a NEE Partners subsidiary intends to acquire a portfolio of renewable energy assets, located in the U.S. and Canada from NextEra Energy Resources, LLC ( NEER ), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of NEE. NEE Partners' financial statements include the combined renewable energy assets that NEE Partners intends to acquire through an interest in NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP. These combined financial statements are viewed as the predecessor financial statements of NEE Partners ( Predecessor ). All of the renewable energy projects are under long-term contractual arrangements for the energy produced from these projects. Subsequent to the Offering, NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP will be comprised of the following projects:

<b>Project Name</b>	<b>MW</b>	<b>Commercial Operation Date</b>	<b>Counterparty</b>	<b>Contract Expiration</b>	<b>Project Financing (Maturity)</b>
Northern Colorado	174.3	Sept. 2009	Public Service Company of Colorado	2029 (22.5 MW) 2034 (151.8 MW)	Mountain Prairie (2030)
Elk City	98.9	Dec. 2009	Public Service Company of Oklahoma	2030	Mountain Prairie (2030)
Moore <sup>(a)</sup>	20.0	Feb. 2012	Ontario Power Authority <sup>(b)</sup>	2032	St. Clair (2031)
Sombra <sup>(a)</sup>	20.0	Feb. 2012	Ontario Power Authority <sup>(b)</sup>	2032	St. Clair (2031)
Perrin Ranch	99.2	Jan. 2012	Arizona Public Service Company	2037	Canyon Wind (2030)
Conestogo <sup>(a)</sup>	22.9	Dec. 2012	Ontario Power Authority <sup>(b)</sup>	2032	Trillium (2033)
Tuscola Bay	120.0	Dec. 2012	DTE Electric Company	2032	Canyon Wind (2030)
Summerhaven <sup>(a)</sup>	124.4	Aug. 2013	Ontario Power Authority	2033	Trillium (2033)
Genesis	250.0	125 MW Nov. 2013; 125 MW Mar. 2014	Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	2039	Genesis (2038) Genesis Solar Funding (2038)
Bluewater <sup>(a)</sup>	59.9	Q3 2014 (expected)	Ontario Power Authority	2034 (Estimated)	Bluewater (18 years after commercial operation)
<b>Total</b>	<b>989.6</b>				

- (a) Canadian Project Company
- (b) These projects are interconnected directly to a distribution system and are paid directly by the owner of the distribution system, Hydro One Networks Inc.

**NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING POLICIES**

*Basis of presentation* The Company's combined financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. The combined financial statements were prepared using NEE's historical basis in the assets and liabilities of the Predecessor, and include all revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities attributed to the Predecessor. The historical combined financial statements also include certain allocations related to income taxes from NEE. Management believes the assumptions and methodology underlying the allocations are reasonable. However, such allocations may not be indicative of the actual level of assets, liabilities and costs that would have been incurred by the Predecessor if it had operated as an independent, publicly-traded company during the periods prior to the Offering or of the costs expected to be incurred in the future. In the opinion of management, the adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the combined financial statements, in accordance with GAAP have been made. The combined financial statements include NEE Partners' accounts and operations and those of its subsidiaries in which NEE Partners has a controlling interest. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated in combination. In the opinion of management, any adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the combined financial statements, in accordance with GAAP, have been made.



**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

*Immaterial Restatement* Subsequent to the issuance of the Company's combined financial statements as of December 31, 2013, we determined that the Asset retirement obligations and Property, plant and equipment-net balances were overstated by \$5.3 million in the December 31, 2013 balance sheet. As a result, the accompanying combined financial statements have been corrected to reduce these balances. The impact of this error was insignificant to our combined statement of operations and comprehensive income, and had no impact on net cash flow. The Company has corrected the error associated with historical balance sheet amounts, the related supplemental disclosure of cash flow information in the statement of cash flows, the Asset retirement obligation disclosure in Note 2 and the Property, plant and equipment disclosure in Note 3.

*Consolidations* The usual condition for a controlling financial interest is ownership of a majority of the voting interests of an entity. However, a controlling financial interest may also exist through arrangements that do not involve controlling, voting interests. As such, NEE Partners applies the guidance of Accounting Standards Concepts (ASC) 810, *Consolidations*, or ASC 810, to determine when an entity that is insufficiently capitalized or not controlled through its voting interests, referred to as a variable interest entity, or VIE, should be consolidated.

*Use of Significant Estimates* The preparation of combined financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the combined financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In recording transactions and balances resulting from business operations, the Company uses estimates based on the best information available. Estimates are used for such items as plant depreciable lives, tax provisions, asset retirement obligations, fair value measurements, purchase price allocations, environmental liabilities and legal costs incurred in connection with recorded loss contingencies, among others. As better information becomes available or actual amounts are determinable, the recorded estimates are revised. Consequently, operating results can be affected by revisions to prior accounting estimates.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents* Cash equivalents consist of short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. The Company primarily holds investments in money market funds.

*Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts* Accounts receivables are reported on the balance sheet at the invoiced or estimated amount adjusted for any write-offs and the estimated allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts is reviewed periodically based on amounts past due and significance. There was no allowance for doubtful accounts recorded as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, as amended (Recovery Act), provided for an option to elect a cash grant (convertible investment tax credits (CITCs)) for a certain renewable energy property (renewable property)). As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, accounts receivable arising from CITCs were \$180.4 million and \$66.8 million, respectively. The 2012 receivable of \$66.8 million was collected in February 2013 by NEER and accounted for as a non-cash distribution from the Company.

*Restricted Cash* Restricted cash consists primarily of funds held to satisfy the requirements of certain subsidiary debt agreements and these funds are held within subsidiaries per the terms of such debt agreements. These funds are used to pay for certain capital or operating expenditures and current debt service payments as well as to fund required equity contributions, pursuant to the restrictions contained in the debt agreements. For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, the restricted cash balances presented in the combined balance

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

sheets related almost entirely to cash accounts restricted for the use in connection with the construction of Genesis. Those funds are reported as current assets based on the timing of the anticipated use of those funds in construction activities within the next twelve months.

*Revenue Recognition* Revenue is generated primarily from various non-affiliated parties under long-term Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs), Feed-in-Tariff (FIT) contracts and Long-Term Renewable Energy Standard Offer Program (RESOP) contracts. The PPAs are accounted for as operating leases. GAAP requires minimum lease payments to be recognized over the term of the lease and contingent rents to be recorded when the achievement of the contingency becomes probable. None of the Company's operating leases have minimum lease payments, so revenue from these contracts is recognized as energy and any related renewable energy attributes are delivered. Contingent rental revenues from these contracts were \$88.6 million and \$63.1 million in 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Revenue is recognized as energy and any related renewable energy attributes are delivered, which is when revenue is earned based on energy delivered at rates stipulated in the respective PPAs, FIT Contracts and RESOP Contracts. See Note 10 for more information regarding these contracts.

Revenue recognized in 2013 and 2012 includes revenues from operations located outside of the United States. This revenue was approximately \$51.4 million and \$26.3 million in 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Revenue also includes the amortization of an intangible contract liability recognized as part of an acquisition and the sale of state tax credits by Elk City Wind, LLC which are recognized as they are generated. The revenue related to the amortization of the intangible liability was \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million in 2013 and 2012, respectively. The revenue related to the sale of state tax credits was \$6.4 million and \$3.0 million in 2013 and 2012, respectively.

*Concentration of Credit Risk* Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of accounts receivable and derivative instruments. Accounts receivable are comprised primarily of amounts due from various non-affiliated parties who are counterparties to the PPAs, FIT contracts and RESOP contracts. There are a limited number of counterparties, which counterparties are entities engaged in the energy industry, and this concentration may impact the overall exposure to credit risk, either positively or negatively, in that the counterparties may be similarly affected by changes in economic, industry or other conditions. If any of these customers' receivable balances should be deemed uncollectible, it could have a material adverse effect on the Company's combined results of operations and financial condition. However, management does not believe significant credit risk exists at December 31, 2013, because of the creditworthiness of the counterparties. All amounts due from such counterparties at December 31, 2013 and 2012 have been collected.

*Inventories* Spare parts inventories are stated at the lower of weighted average cost or market and are included in other current assets in the Company's combined balance sheets. Spare parts inventory was \$4.3 million and \$2.7 million as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

*Prepaid Expenses* Prepaid expenses primarily include prepayments for insurance and certain land lease contracts. The prepaid is amortized over the term of the arrangement according to the benefits the contractual arrangement provides.

*Property, Plant and Equipment, net* Property, plant and equipment consists primarily of development, engineering and construction costs for the renewable energy assets, equipment, land, substations and transmission lines. Property, plant and equipment, excluding land, is recorded at cost and depreciated on a

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives ranging from 3 to 30 years, commencing on the date the assets are placed in service. Maintenance and repairs of property, plant and equipment are charged to operations and maintenance expenses.

CITCs of \$445.1 million and \$264.7 million as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, are recorded as a reduction in property, plant and equipment in the combined balance sheets and are amortized as a corresponding reduction to depreciation expense over the estimated life of the related asset. See Note 3.

*Construction Work in Progress* Construction work in progress includes construction materials, turbine generators, solar panel assemblies and other equipment, third-party engineering costs, capitalized interest and other costs directly associated with the development and construction of the various projects. Interest capitalized for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, was approximately \$30.0 million and \$15.0 million, respectively. Upon commencement of plant operations, costs associated with construction work in progress are transferred to property, plant and equipment, net.

*Impairment of Long-Lived Assets* Long-lived assets that are held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate carrying values may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized if the total future estimated undiscounted cash flows expected from an asset are less than its carrying value. An impairment charge is measured by the difference between an asset's carrying value and fair value. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, no impairment adjustments were necessary.

*Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* Derivative instruments, when required to be marked to market, are recorded on the Company's combined balance sheets as either an asset or liability measured at fair value. For interest rate swaps, generally the Company assesses a hedging instrument's effectiveness by using non-statistical methods including dollar value comparisons of the change in the fair value of the derivative to the change in the fair value or cash flows of the hedged item. See Note 6.

*Fair Value of Financial Instruments* The carrying amount of the Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, restricted cash, accounts payable and certain accrued expenses approximates fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments. The fair value of cash and cash equivalents is calculated using current market prices. The Company estimates fair value of long-term debt using estimated current rates for similar borrowings.

*Fair Value Measurements* The Company uses several different valuation techniques to measure the fair value of assets and liabilities relying primarily on the market approach of using prices and other market information for identical or comparable assets and liabilities for those assets and liabilities that are measured on a recurring basis. Certain

financial instruments may be valued using multiple inputs including discount rates, counterparty credit ratings and credit enhancements. The Company's assessment of the significance of any particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the fair value measurement of its assets and liabilities and the placement of those assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy levels.

*Interest Costs* The Company recognizes interest expense using the effective interest method over the life of the related debt. Certain of the Company's debt include escalating interest rates (see Note 4) that are incorporated into the effective interest rate for the related debt. Deferred interest includes interest expense recognized in excess of the interest payments accrued for the related debt's stated interest payments and is recorded in other non-current liabilities in the Company's combined balance sheets.

*Deferred Financing Costs* Deferred financing costs include fees and costs incurred to obtain long-term debt and are amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate established at debt

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

issuance. The Company incurred \$42.8 million in deferred financing fees in connection with the issuance of debt. The Company added \$5.6 million and \$10.9 million of deferred financing costs during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Deferred financing costs net of accumulated amortization were \$36.3 million and \$34.3 million at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and are included in other noncurrent assets in the Company's accompanying combined balance sheets. The amortization of deferred financing costs totaled \$3.6 million and \$2.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Amortization expense is included in interest expense in the Company's accompanying combined statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). See Note 4.

*Asset Retirement Obligations* Retirement obligations are those for which a legal obligation exists under enacted laws, statutes, and written or oral contracts, including obligations arising under the doctrine of promissory estoppel, and for which the timing or method of settlement may be conditional on a future event.

The Company accounts for asset retirement obligations and conditional asset retirement obligations (collectively, AROs) in accordance with GAAP which requires that a liability for the fair value of an ARO be recognized in the period in which it is incurred if it can be reasonably estimated with the offsetting, associated asset retirement cost capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the long-lived asset. The asset retirement cost is subsequently allocated to expense using a systematic and rational method over the asset's estimated useful life. Changes in the ARO resulting from the passage of time are recognized as an increase in the carrying amount of the liability and as accretion expense, which is included in depreciation and amortization expense in the Company's combined statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). Changes resulting from revisions to the timing or amount of the original estimate of cash flows are recognized as an increase or a decrease in the asset retirement cost, or income when the asset retirement cost is depleted.

The Company recorded accretion expense of \$0.7 million and \$0.1 million in 2013 and 2012, respectively. Additionally, new AROs were established amounting to \$5.4 million and \$6.7 million in 2013 and 2012, respectively.

*Business Combinations* The Company accounts for its business combinations in accordance with ASC 805, *Business Combinations*, or ASC 805. ASC 805 requires an acquirer to recognize and measure in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at fair value at the acquisition date. ASC 805 also requires an acquirer to recognize and measure the goodwill acquired or a gain from a bargain purchase in the business combination and determines what information to disclose to enable users of an entity's financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred. See Note 13.

*Harmonized Sales Taxes* For the Company's Canadian projects, a Harmonized Sales Tax ( HST ) composed of a federal and provincial component with taxes collected on sales are netted against those paid on goods and services. The HST collected on sales are recorded as a HST payable while those paid on goods and services are recorded as a HST receivable. As such, these taxes have no impact on the Company's reported earnings. The net HST is payable or refundable monthly. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, the HST receivable was approximately \$5.1 million and \$11.2 million, respectively, and is included in other current assets in the accompanying combined balance sheets. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 the HST payable was approximately \$2.2 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, and is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying combined balance sheets.

*Income Taxes* The U.S. Project Entities presented in these combined financial statements were historically included in the consolidated federal income tax return of NEE. Income taxes as presented herein attribute current and deferred income taxes to the U.S. Project Entities in a manner that is systematic, rational and



**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

consistent with the asset and liability method prescribed by ASC 740, Accounting for Income Taxes. Accordingly, the U.S. Project Entities' income tax provisions are prepared under the *Separate Return Method*. The Separate Return Method applies ASC 740 to the stand-alone financial statements of each member of the consolidated group as if the group member were a separate taxpayer and a stand-alone enterprise. Accordingly, the sum of the amounts allocated to the U.S. Project Entities' provisions may not equal the income taxes that would have resulted from a consolidated filing of these entities. Furthermore, certain tax attributes, such as net operating loss carry forwards and valuation allowances, which are reflected herein, may or may not exist on a consolidated basis.

The Canadian Project Entities have not been included in the consolidated U.S. tax filing of NEE, as they are excluded from the U.S. federal income tax group. The Moore and Sombra Project Entities, as well as St. Clair, were Canadian corporations that filed separate Canadian income tax returns and taxes have been provided herein on that basis. Summerhaven and Conestogo Project Entities, as well as Trillium, are Canadian Limited Partnerships from which virtually all of the tax attributes flow through to the owner, which is not a predecessor entity. Because of their flow-through nature, no income taxes have been provided with regard to these entities. No income taxes are provided for Canadian Project Entities that are structured as Canadian Limited Partnerships.

*Foreign Operations and Currency Translation* The Company's reporting currency is the U.S. dollar. The Company's functional currency for its Canadian Project Companies is the Canadian dollar because Canada is the primary economic environment in which it conducts its Canadian operations. The assets and liabilities of the Canadian Project Companies are translated to U.S. dollars at exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The income and expenses of the Canadian Project Companies are translated to U.S. dollars at exchange rates in effect during each respective period. These adjustments are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI).

*Earnings Per Share* During the years presented, the Company was an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of NEE and accordingly, no earnings per share has been calculated.

*Subsequent Events* The Company has evaluated subsequent events through April 3, 2014 which is the date the combined financial statements were available to be issued. As of this date, there were no such events that required disclosure.

*Recent Accounting Pronouncements* Effective January 1, 2013, the Company adopted FASB Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2013-02, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. The adoption of this ASU did not impact the Company's results of operations, cash flows or financial position.

*Unaudited Pro Forma Information* The unaudited pro forma information for all periods presented gives effect to an adjustment to include income taxes of partnerships that were flow through entities in the predecessor periods, and for which the parent (taxpayer) is not a predecessor entity. The taxes on the flow through entities include a valuation allowance on deferred tax assets associated with interest expense on the financing entities that, on a separate return basis, would not be realizable.

F-31

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

**NOTE 3 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Property, plant and equipment consists of the following as of December 31 (in millions):

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>Range of Useful Lives (in years)</b>
Power-generation assets	\$ 1,713.8	\$ 883.5	5-30
Land improvements and buildings	81.1	42.2	25-30
Land	6.4	6.0	
Other depreciable assets	46.0	11.4	3-30
Property, plant and equipment, gross	1,847.3	943.1	
Net of:			
Accumulated depreciation	(91.6)	(53.9)	
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 1,755.7	\$ 889.2	

Depreciation expense for the years ended 2013 and 2012 was \$38.7 million and \$23.4 million, respectively. Total net long-lived assets held by operations outside the U.S. amounted to approximately \$625.9 million and \$506.1 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

**NOTE 4 DEBT**

The Company's long-term debt agreements require quarterly or semi-annual payments of principal and interest. The carrying value and future principal payments of the Company's long-term debt consist of the following (in millions):

							<b>Total Carrying Value</b>	
	<b>2014 (Current)</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>Thereafter</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Canyon Wind:</b>								

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Term loan maturing																		
2030 LIBOR <sup>(a)</sup> + 2.25	3.25%	\$	11.9	\$	11.8	\$	11.9	\$	11.8	\$	12.0	\$	163.6	\$	223.0	\$	231.9	
<b>Mountain Prairie:</b>																		
Senior secured notes maturing																		
2030	6.56%		7.8		8.8		10.1		11.2		12.4		239.1		289.4		296.0	
<b>Genesis:</b>																		
Project note maturing																		
2038	4.125%		300.0										402.0		702.0		702.0	
Bank loan maturing																		
2019	LIBOR <sup>(a)</sup> +1.2	1.3%	37.1		31.9		33.4		32.8						135.2			
<b>St. Clair:</b>																		
Canadian dollar denominated																		
Senior secured notes maturing																		
2031	4.881%		7.7		7.9		8.1		8.3		8.5		114.0		154.5		173.1	
<b>Trillium:</b>																		
Canadian dollar denominated																		
Senior secured notes maturing																		
2033	5.803%		5.8		8.0		9.4		10.2		10.8		251.4		295.6			
<b>Less: Total current maturities of long-term debt</b>																		
		\$	370.3												\$	370.3	\$	22.4
<b>Total long-term debt</b>																		
		\$		\$	68.4	\$	72.9	\$	74.3	\$	43.7	\$	1,170.1	\$	1,429.4	\$	1,380.6	

(a) LIBOR, London InterBank Offered Rate, is three-month LIBOR.

Table of Contents

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company is in compliance with all financial debt covenants.

*Canyon Wind, Mountain Prairie, St. Clair and Trillium* Substantially all of the proceeds from the term loan and senior secured notes were used to reimburse NEER, in part, for its capital contributions related to the development and construction of the facilities. The term loan and senior secured notes are secured by liens on the facilities' assets and certain other assets of, and the ownership interest, in the legal entities that own the projects ( "Project Owners" ). Total assets secured by these liens were approximately \$1,294.5 million and \$1,261.0 million as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The debt agreements contain default and related acceleration provisions. Such provisions include but are not limited to the failure to make required payments or to comply with other covenants in the loan agreement and related documents, actions by the Project Owners or by other parties under specified agreements relating to the projects or the loan agreement and certain bankruptcy-related events.

The Canyon Wind loan agreement contains provisions which, under certain conditions, restrict the payment of dividends and other distributions. As of December 31, 2013 no such conditions existed.

*Genesis Project Note and Bank Loan* Genesis was funded with a combination of NEER equity contributions and project level debt. The debt funding occurred on August 26, 2011 and was achieved through the issuance of a \$702.0 million project note ( "Project Note" ), a \$150.0 million variable-rate term loan, and an \$82.9 million letter of credit facility. Principal payments on the Project Note begin in 2020, except for any CITC proceeds received, which are required to be used for repayment of principal in accordance with the loan agreement, and any shortfall required to be contributed by NEER to achieve any minimum payment amounts.

The term loan represents a credit agreement to obtain a bank loan facility (the "Bank Loan" ). The Bank Loan is funded, subject to satisfaction of certain conditions precedent, as needed for construction of the project no more frequently than once per month.

The Bank Loan is *pari passu* to the Project Note. The financing documents related to the Bank Loan contain default and related acceleration provisions for, among other things, the failure to make required payments, failure to comply with certain covenants (including a requirement that construction of the Genesis Project must be completed by CODs as defined by the power purchase agreement and large generator interconnection agreement), certain bankruptcy-related events, and other actions by Genesis or other parties. In addition, NEECH, a wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra, entered into a guarantee agreement to guarantee the payment of certain obligations in connection with the development, engineering, construction and financing activities of the project. At inception the guarantee was \$1,408.0 million, which would be adjusted by the required capital contributions made by NEER. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, the guarantee was approximately \$1,049.2 million and \$1,214.2 million, respectively.

Under the terms of the Bank Loan payments are accelerated to meet the target loan balance defined in the agreement if Genesis has excess cash.

The DOE has guaranteed 80% of the principal amount and regularly scheduled interest on both the Project Note and the Bank Loan.

The letter of credit facility is used to support certain reserves associated with the Genesis financing as well as security for obligations under power purchase and interconnection agreement obligations.

The Project Note, Bank Loan, and letter of credit facility are secured by liens on all of Genesis' assets, which are approximately \$1,277.4 million and \$1,010.3 million as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

**NOTE 5 CASH MANAGEMENT AGREEMENTS**

The debt agreements require the Company to maintain certain unrestricted and restricted cash accounts. In place of maintaining balances in these accounts, all of the Project Owners except the Genesis Project Owner have entered into cash management guarantee agreements with NEECH, a wholly owned subsidiary of NEE. The guarantee agreements allow NEECH to sweep excess cash balances out of the Project Owners' cash accounts and into NEECH's cash accounts with a guarantee in place that requires NEECH to remit the cash back to the Project Owners as it is needed to fund operations, debt payments, and other expenditures. The cash sweep into NEECH's cash account is accounted for as an equity distribution and the cash remitted back to the Project Owners is accounted for as an equity contribution on the accompanying combined statements of changes in members' equity. Restricted cash as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 approximates \$2.4 million and \$251.9 million, respectively. Total amount of NEECH guarantees associated with cash management practices as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$60.2 million and \$59.8 million, respectively.

**NOTE 6 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITY**

The Company recognizes all derivative instruments, when required to be marked to market, on the balance sheet as either assets or liabilities and measures them at fair value each reporting period. In connection with its debt financings in September 2012, the Company entered into interest rate swap agreements to manage interest rate cash flow risk. Under the interest rate swap agreements, the Company pays a fixed rate of interest and receives a floating rate of interest over the term of the agreements without the exchange of the underlying notional amounts. These agreements allow the Company to offset the variability of its floating-rate loan interest cash flows with the variable interest cash flows received from the interest rate swap agreements. The commencement and termination dates of the interest rate swap agreements and the related hedging relationship coincide with the corresponding dates of the underlying variable-rate debt instrument, which matures in 2030. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, the combined notional amounts of the swap agreements were approximately \$211.8 million and \$220.2 million, respectively. In order to apply hedge accounting, the transactions must be designated as hedges and must be highly effective in offsetting the hedged risk. For interest rate swaps, generally the Company assesses a hedging instrument's effectiveness by using non-statistical methods including dollar value comparisons of the change in the fair value of the derivative to the change in the fair value or cash flows of the hedged item. Hedge effectiveness is tested at the inception of the hedge and on at least a quarterly basis throughout the hedge's life. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives accounted for as cash flow hedges are deferred and recorded as a component of AOCI. The amounts deferred in AOCI are recognized in earnings when the hedged transactions occur. Any amounts excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness, as well as the ineffective portion of the gain or loss is reported in current earnings.

Approximately \$3.8 million of net losses included in AOCI at December 31, 2013 is expected to be reclassified into interest expense within the next 12 months as interest payments are made. Such amount assumes no change in interest rates. Cash flows from these interest rate swap contracts are reported in cash flows from operating activities in the Company's combined statements of cash flows.



**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

The fair values of the Company's derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedging instruments are included in the Company's combined balance sheets as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2013</b>		<b>December 31, 2012</b>	
	<b>Assets</b>	<b>Liabilities</b>	<b>Assets</b>	<b>Liabilities</b>
	<b>(in millions)</b>			
<b>Interest rate swaps:</b>				
Other non-current assets	\$ 18.2	\$	\$	\$
Other current liabilities	\$	\$ 3.7	\$	\$ 3.8

Gains (losses) related to the Company's cash flow hedges are recorded in the Company's combined financial statements as follows:

	<b>Year Ended</b>	<b>Year Ended</b>
	<b>December 31, 2013</b>	<b>December 31, 2012</b>
	<b>(in millions)</b>	
<b>Interest rate swaps:</b>		
Gains (losses) recognized in OCI	\$ 14.3	\$ (3.8)
Gains reclassified from AOCI to net income <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ 4.0	\$

<sup>(a)</sup> Included in interest expense.

**NOTE 7 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

The fair value of assets and liabilities are determined using either unadjusted quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) or pricing inputs that are observable (Level 2) whenever that information is available and using unobservable inputs (Level 3) to estimate fair value only when relevant observable inputs are not available. The Company uses several different valuation techniques to measure the fair value of assets and liabilities relying primarily on the market approach of using prices and other market information for identical or comparable assets and liabilities for those assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Certain financial instruments may be valued using

multiple inputs including discount rates, counterparty credit ratings and credit enhancements. The Company's assessment of the significance of any particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the fair value measurement of its assets and liabilities and the placement of those assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy levels. Non-performance risk, including the consideration of a credit valuation adjustment, is also considered in the determination of fair value for all assets and liabilities measured at fair value. All transfers between fair value hierarchy levels occur at the beginning of the period in which the transfer occurred.

*Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash* Cash equivalents and restricted cash consist of short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. The Company primarily holds these investments in money market funds. The fair value of these funds is calculated using current market prices.

*Interest Rate Swaps* The Company estimates the fair value of its derivatives using a discounted cash flows valuation technique based on the net amount of estimated future cash inflows and outflows related to the swap agreements. The primary inputs used in the fair value measurements include the contractual terms of the derivative agreements, current interest rates and credit spreads. The significant inputs from the resulting fair value measurement are market-observable inputs and the measurements are reported as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Table of Contents

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

*Contingent Consideration* The Company accrued contingent consideration related to a March 2012 acquisition as discussed in Notes 13 and 15. Contingent consideration is required to be reported at fair value at each reporting date. The Company determined this fair value measurement using information provided by the counterparty to the arrangement and its own internal cash flow estimates. The significant inputs and assumptions used in the fair value measurement included expected or modeled energy output contractually defined in the acquisition contract, the projects' actual energy output, and the related project's contract price. This fair value measurement is sensitive to actual production from the projects. The other inputs used in the fair value measurement are known and do not change over time. The fair values determined as of the acquisition date and as of December 31, 2012, were consistent and therefore no changes in fair value were reported for 2012. This liability was settled in 2013 for \$3.7 million. The difference between the fair value at December 31, 2012 and the fair value of the consideration paid in settling the liability was reported in earnings. See Note 13.

The Company's financial assets and liabilities and other fair value measurements made on a recurring basis by fair value hierarchy level are as follows (in millions):

	<b>December 31, 2013</b>			<b>Total</b>
	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	
<b>Assets:</b>				
Cash equivalents	\$ 26.6	\$	\$	\$ 26.6
Restricted cash	2.4			2.4
Interest rate swaps		14.5		14.5
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 29.0</b>	<b>\$ 14.5</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 43.5</b>

	<b>December 31, 2012</b>			<b>Total</b>
	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	
<b>Assets:</b>				
Cash equivalents	\$ 21.0	\$	\$	\$ 21.0
Restricted cash	251.9			251.9
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 272.9</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 272.9</b>

<b>Liabilities:</b>			
Interest rate swaps	\$	\$ 3.8	\$ 3.8
Contingent consideration			8.8
<b>Total liabilities</b>	\$	\$ 3.8	\$ 8.8
			\$ 12.6

*Fair Value of Financial Instruments Recorded at the Carrying Amount* The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and restricted cash approximate their fair values. The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of other financial instruments, excluding assets and liabilities which are recorded at fair value and disclosed above, are as follows (in millions):

	December 31, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Notes receivable <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ 3.7	\$ 3.7	\$ 11.9	\$ 11.9
Long-term debt, including current maturities <sup>(b)</sup>	\$ 1,799.6	\$ 1,814.8	\$ 1,402.9	\$ 1,460.7

<sup>(a)</sup> Primarily classified as held to maturity. Fair value approximates carrying amount as they bear interest primarily at variable rates and have short to mid-term maturities (Level 2).

Table of Contents

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

- (b) Fair value is estimated based on the borrowing rates as of each date for similar issues of debt with similar remaining maturities (Level 2).

**NOTE 8 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Each project entered into O&M and administrative services agreements with subsidiaries of NEER whereby the projects pay a certain annual fee plus actual costs incurred in connection with certain services performed under these agreements. These services include O&M and administrative services. The Company's operating expenses for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 include \$2.3 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, related to such services. Additionally, Northern Colorado Wind Energy, LLC pays an affiliate for transmission services. The Company's transmission expense for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 represents the fees paid for these services. The net payables at December 31, 2013 and 2012, for these services, as well as for payroll and other payments made on behalf of these projects, were approximately \$15.1 million and \$6.7 million, respectively, and are included in due to related parties on the Company's combined balance sheets.

*Related Party Notes* On March 27, 2012, Moore and Sombra executed a promissory note with NEEC, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of NEER, for \$95.5 million and \$95.6 million, respectively. The \$191.1 million of proceeds received from the issuance of the notes were used to acquire the solar facilities as discussed in Note 13. These related party notes were settled through the proceeds from issuance of \$175.7 million senior secured notes with a unrelated third party bank. The remaining unpaid principal of \$20.6 million and the related accrued interest of \$3.5 million were forgiven by NEEC and were recorded as a non-cash equity contribution in the Company's accompanying combined balance sheets and statements of changes in members' equity.

**NOTE 9 ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**

	<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)</b>		
	<b>Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Foreign Currency Translation (in millions)</b>		<b>Total</b>
	<b>Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges</b>	<b>Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Foreign Currency Translation (in millions)</b>	
Balances, December 31, 2011	\$ (3.8)	\$ 2.4	\$ (1.4)

Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassification

Balances, December 31, 2012	(3.8)	2.4	(1.4)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassification	9.9	(26.8)	(16.9)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI to interest expense	2.8		2.8
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	12.7	(26.8)	(14.1)
Balances, December 31, 2013	\$ 8.9	\$ (24.4)	\$ (15.5)

**NOTE 10 ENERGY SALES CONTRACTS**

The Project Owners have entered into a variety of energy sales contracts including PPAs, RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts. These contracts between the projects and non-affiliated counterparties stipulate the prices and terms for the sale of energy. The PPAs obligate the counterparty to take all or part of the output from a project for a stipulated price and defined term, typically 20 or more years commencing at COD. The RESOP Contracts and FIT Contracts obligate the project to deliver all output to the counterparty or into the IESO-

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

managed system, as applicable, for a stipulated price and defined term, typically 20 or more years commencing at COD. The prices can be fixed at a stated amount throughout the contractual period or may fluctuate during the term.

Certain PPAs include minimum production levels to be delivered by the project or require the project to achieve availability thresholds. An extended failure to deliver minimum energy quantities or to meet minimum availability levels could, in some cases, entitle the purchaser to claim and receive damages or, in certain cases, terminate the contract or reduce the contract price. Capital Holdings has also guaranteed performance obligations for some PPAs and payment of any obligations from the transactions contemplated by certain agreements. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, the total guarantees related to these agreements totaled approximately \$81.9 million. The projects with PPAs include Perrin Ranch, Tuscola Bay, Northern Colorado, Elk City and Genesis.

RESOP Contracts are long-term fixed-price agreements, between the projects and Ontario Power Authority. The projects with RESOP Contracts include Moore and Sombra.

FIT Contracts are long-term fixed-price agreements with certain price escalations based on Ontario CPI between the projects and Ontario Power Authority for electricity delivered to the Ontario, Canada grid. The projects with FIT Contracts include Conestogo, Summerhaven and Bluewater. HONI, the local distribution company to which Conestogo connects, pays Conestogo a fixed price. Summerhaven and Bluewater sell their output into the IESO-managed system. The FIT Contracts are structured as contracts for differences. Although these contracts are based on fixed prices, there are certain circumstances where the pricing may vary. When HOEP is negative, Conestogo is paid only the difference between the indexed contract price and the absolute value of HOEP during those hours, and Summerhaven and Bluewater earn the indexed contract price but may not be compensated for negative HOEP.

**NOTE 11 INCOME TAXES**

The components of income tax expense (benefit) are as follows for the years ended December 31, (in millions):

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
Federal:		
Current	\$	\$
Deferred	12.3	(10.1)
Total federal	12.3	(10.1)

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State:		
Current		
Deferred	2.2	(2.2)
Total State	2.2	(2.2)
Foreign		
Current		
Deferred	3.8	3.4
Total foreign	3.8	3.4
Total income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 18.3	\$ (8.9)

F-38



**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

A reconciliation of U.S. federal income tax at the statutory rate to the project entities' actual income taxes is as follows for the years ended December 31 (in millions):

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
Income tax expense at 35% statutory rate	\$ 10.3	\$ 2.5
Increases (reductions) resulting from:		
State income taxes net of federal tax benefit	1.4	(1.5)
1603 Cash Grants	(31.5)	(20.6)
Foreign tax differential	(1.2)	(1.1)
Effect of flow through entity	(3.8)	
Valuation allowance	43.0	11.7
Other net	0.1	0.1
<b>Income tax expense (benefit)</b>	<b>\$ 18.3</b>	<b>\$ (8.9)</b>

The effective tax rate was 62.9% and (125.4)% for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. These items are stated at the enacted tax rates that are expected to be in effect when taxes are actually paid or recovered. The Project Entities believe that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets as shown below, net of the valuation allowances, will be realized due to sufficient future taxable income.

The income tax effects of temporary differences giving rise to combined deferred income tax liabilities and assets as of December 31, for the Company are as follows (in millions):

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
<b>Deferred tax liabilities:</b>		
Property	\$ (185.5)	\$ (154.3)
Net unrealized gains	(5.6)	
Other	(0.3)	(0.2)

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Total deferred tax liabilities	(191.4)	(154.5)
Deferred tax asset:		
Net operating loss	227.1	191.3
Property	35.1	9.0
Tax credit carryforwards	19.3	18.0
Power purchase agreements	2.2	2.5
Net unrealized gains		1.5
Intangible	1.9	0.9
Other	0.4	0.1
Valuation allowance	(78.2)	(28.9)
Total deferred tax asset	207.8	194.4
Net deferred tax asset	\$ 16.4	\$ 39.9

F-39

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities included on the combined balance sheets are as follows as of December 31 (in millions):

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
Other current assets	\$ 1.4	\$
Deferred income taxes	29.0	43.5
Other current liabilities	(0.2)	(0.2)
Other noncurrent liabilities	(13.8)	(3.4)
<b>Net accumulated deferred income taxes</b>	<b>\$ 16.4</b>	<b>\$ 39.9</b>

The components of deferred tax assets relating to net operating loss carryforwards and tax credit carryforwards at December 31, 2013 are as follows (in millions):

	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Expiration Dates</b>
<b>Net operating loss carryforwards:</b>		
Federal	\$ 200.0	2029 - 2033
State	27.0	2022 - 2033
Foreign	0.1	2031 - 2033
<b>Net operating loss carryforwards</b>	<b>\$ 227.1</b>	
<b>Tax credit carryforwards</b>	<b>\$ 19.3</b>	<b>2017 - 2029</b>

Accounting guidelines prescribes a more-likely-than-not recognition threshold and establishes measurement requirements for financial statement reporting of income tax positions which the Company has adopted. The Company has assessed the impact of these accounting guidelines and has concluded there is no material impact on the combined financial statements. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 there were no material uncertain tax positions. The open tax years are 2011, 2012 and 2013.

**NOTE 12 OTHER AGREEMENTS & GUARANTEES**

Perrin Ranch entered into a Large Generator Interconnection Agreement ( LGIA ) with APS for the purposes of interconnecting Perrin Ranch with the Navajo Project southern transmission system. Under the terms of the LGIA, APS is required to reimburse Perrin Ranch for costs incurred to upgrade the interconnection facilities. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, Perrin Ranch had a long-term note receivable of approximately \$3.4 million and \$3.1 million, respectively, related to this agreement included in other non-current assets and a corresponding reduction to property, plant and equipment. Additionally, NEECH has provided a \$1.1 million guarantee on behalf of Perrin Ranch Wind in connection with its performance of obligations related to the LGIA.

Tuscola Bay entered into a Generator Interconnection Agreement ( GIA ) with METC and the Midwest Independent Transmission System Operator, Inc. for the purpose of interconnecting Tuscola Bay with METC s transmission system. Under the terms of the GIA, METC is required to reimburse the Tuscola Bay for a portion of the costs incurred to upgrade the interconnection facilities. As of December 31, 2012, Canyon Wind, as the project owner, had a short-term note receivable of approximately \$8.4 million related to this agreement included in other current assets. The receivable was collected in February 2013.

Elk City entered into a LGIA with Southwest Power Pool, Inc. and PSO for the purpose of interconnecting Elk City with PSO s transmission system. Under the terms of the LGIA, Elk City is entitled to

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

reimbursement from other generators connecting to the same new SPP substation for a portion of the costs incurred to upgrade the interconnection facilities. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, Elk City had accounts receivable of \$0.3 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, related to this agreement included in other non-current assets.

**NOTE 13 ACQUISITION OF ASSETS**

On February 22, 2012, construction of Moore and Sombra was substantially complete with all 40 MW operational. On March 5, 2012, St. Clair acquired the Moore and Sombra solar facilities from First Solar. The projects were substantially complete with all 40 MW operational at closing. The OPA consented to assigning the power purchase agreements with FSDCI to Moore and Sombra as of the closing. Additionally on March 5, 2012, certain substantial performance lien holdbacks and other pending construction liabilities were still payable to First Solar. These performance lien holdbacks amounted to \$22.1 million, and are included within \$32.1 million of total liabilities assumed as part of the acquisition. The performance lien holdbacks were subsequently paid by Moore and Sombra, of which \$20.8 million was reimbursed by NEEC and settled as equity contributions. The general sales tax on the acquisition amounted to \$21.5 million. A receivable was recorded for the expected reimbursement of such taxes from the Canadian government, which is included within the \$21.8 million of other assets assumed as part of the acquisition. The general sales tax reimbursement received by the projects was remitted to NEEC.

Funds to purchase the solar facilities acquired by Moore and Sombra were paid by NEEC on March 9, 2012, pursuant to an intercompany note agreement between Moore and Sombra and NEEC. This agreement was executed on March 27, 2012. See Note 4 and Note 8 regarding the financing of this acquisition.

The total purchase price of the acquisition was allocated to the projects' identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on the respective assets and liabilities' fair values as of March 5, 2012. The fair values were determined and allocated based on assumptions related to purchase price, future cash flows, discount rates, asset lives, revenue contract forecasts, and market-based revenue forecasts using then currently available information. Purchase price was based on cash consideration as well as assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Consideration included an initial payment of \$192.4 million and a contingent payment estimated at \$8.8 million at the acquisition date and due at the end of a test period, subject to adjustment during that test period. The contingent consideration was included in accrued expenses at December 31, 2012, with a fair value of \$8.8 million. See Notes 7 and 15 for more information about this liability and its fair value measurement. There was no goodwill recorded as a result of the acquisition transaction. The fair value of the power purchase agreements' non-current liabilities assumed was determined using a discounted cash flow analysis considering variables such as net capacity factors, discount rates based on the projects' weighted average cost of capital, and proxy prices for expected power purchase agreements at market rates.

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The estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and related purchase price adjustments are as follows (in millions):

Purchase price assigned to the transaction	\$ 201.2
Property, plant and equipment	211.5
Other assets	21.8
Total assets acquired	233.3
Total liabilities assumed	32.1
Net identifiable assets acquired	\$ 201.2

F-41

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

The fair values indicated above and related purchase price include a measurement period adjustment related to property, plant and equipment and contingent consideration for the energy performance bonus test described above and in Note 15 of approximately \$8.8 million.

The amount of revenue earned prior to the March 5, 2012 acquisition date was not significant. The amount of revenue, operating income and net income from Moore and Sombra from March 5, 2012 through December 31, 2012 was \$25.9 million, \$18.8 million and \$12.0 million, respectively. The amount of revenue, operating income and net income for the year ended December 31, 2013, was \$26.2 million, \$22.9 million and \$20.6 million, respectively.

**NOTE 14 INTANGIBLE LIABILITIES**

The Company's intangible liabilities as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 include amounts established from its business acquisition as described in Note 13. That acquisition resulted in St. Clair assuming liabilities for the acquired RESOP Contracts. The acquired value represents the fair value of the RESOP Contracts, which were out-of-the-money contracts, at the acquisition date. The recorded intangible liabilities will be amortized to operating revenues over the term of the RESOP Contracts through February 2032, according to the cash flow benefits or detriments associated with the contracts as determined at acquisition. The liabilities as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 were \$8.3 million and \$9.5 million, respectively and are included in other noncurrent liabilities in the accompanying combined balance sheets. NEE Partners recorded \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million of amortization in 2013 and 2012, respectively. The remaining change in the liabilities for the year ended relates to foreign currency translation. Estimated amortization over the next five years is approximately \$0.5 million in each year.

**NOTE 15 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

*Land Use Commitments* The Project Owners are parties to various agreements that provide for payments to landowners for the right to use the land upon which the projects are located. These leases and easements can typically be renewed by the Project Owners for numerous terms. The annual fees range from minimum rent payments varying by lease to maximum rent payments of a certain percentage of gross revenues, varying by lease. Total lease expense was \$5.8 million and \$2.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and is classified as operations and maintenance expenses in the Company's accompanying combined statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

Genesis' land leases include a right-of-way lease/grant that provides for payments to the BLM for the right to use the public lands upon which the project is located. The lease may be renewed at expiration at Genesis' option and will be subject to the regulations existing at the time of renewal. In connection with the terms of this lease, Genesis obtained a surety bond from a non-affiliated party in favor of BLM for \$23.0 million. The surety bond remains in effect until the

BLM is satisfied that there is no outstanding liability on the bond or satisfactory replacement bond coverage is furnished.

As the base rent and the MW capacity fee are both based on fair value, these payments are considered contingent rent and, therefore, expense is recognized as incurred.

F-42



**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

The total minimum rental commitments at December 31, 2013 under these land use agreements are as follows (in millions):

<b>Year Ending December 31,</b>	<b>Land Use Commitments</b>
2014	\$ 3.7
2015	3.8
2016	3.8
2017	3.9
2018	4.0
Thereafter	116.3
<b>Total minimum land use payments</b>	<b>\$ 135.5</b>

*Development, Engineering, and Construction Commitments* Certain Project Owners had several open EPC contracts procured to develop, engineer and construct the various solar- and wind-power generating facilities. Those contracts require varying payment terms and some include performance obligations that allow the companies to receive liquidated damages if the contractor does not perform. During the years ended December 2013 and 2012, the Project Owners have purchased \$228.2 million and \$162.7 million under these contracts, respectively, which have been capitalized in construction work in progress. At December 31, 2013, Genesis and Bluewater had several open EPC contracts related to the procurement of materials and services in connection with development, engineering, and construction of the related projects. Total commitments as of December, 2013, were \$1,123.4 million and the remaining commitment as of December 31, 2013 was \$62.8 million.

*Letter of Credit Facility* In conjunction with the debt agreements entered into by Genesis, Genesis entered into a letter of credit facility (the LOC Facility), under which Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A. (the LOC Lender) may issue standby letters of credit not to exceed \$82.9 million, with a maturity date of August 15, 2017 (Maturity). In April 2012, the LOC Lender's credit rating was downgraded, and the LOC Lender was replaced with Rabobank Nederland in November 2012.

The LOC Facility is being utilized to support Genesis' debt service reserve obligations under the loan agreements, development security and performance assurance collateral required under the PPA and other obligations relating to the Project, including the LGIA. The LOC Facility does not benefit from a DOE guarantee.

The purpose and amounts of the contemplated letters of credit are as follows (in millions):

<b>LOC Facility Purpose</b>	<b>Amount (in millions)</b>	<b>Approximate LOC Outstanding Dates as of 12/31/13</b>
Debt Service Reserve	\$ 35.0	4/1/2014 Maturity
Operations & Maintenance Reserve	10.0	12/2/2013 Maturity
PPA Security	25.0	9/9/2011 Maturity
LGIA	11.7	9/23/2011 Maturity
Permit Requirements	1.2	12/20/2010 Maturity
Total	\$ 82.9	

In connection with the California Energy Commission ( CEC ) approval, Genesis and an affiliate entered into a standby letter of credit in favor of Riverside County Fire Department on December 20, 2010 for

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012**

\$0.9 million, which will automatically renew each year until no later than December 31, 2015 unless written notice is provided that the letter of credit will not be extended. On January 11, 2011, Genesis and an affiliate entered into an additional standby letter of credit in favor of Riverside County Fire Department for \$0.4 million, which will automatically renew each year until no later than December 31, 2044 unless written notice is provided that the letter of credit will not be extended. Both letters of credit remained in effect as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

*Legal and Other Related Matters* A complaint was filed on December 27, 2010, which challenged BLM's approval of the proposed construction and operation of Genesis. While the Company was not named as a defendant in the complaint, it was granted Intervenor-Defendant status in the action on April 18, 2011.

As a result of motions practice, five of the seven claims were dismissed and two remain. The Court entered a scheduling order requiring the Plaintiffs to file for summary judgment by a certain date, which the Plaintiffs subsequently failed to do. Genesis will move for summary judgment and a court decision is expected for the second quarter of 2014. Although the Company is unable to predict with certainty the outcome of this matter, it is expected that the ultimate resolution will not have a material adverse impact on the Company's operations and accompanying financial statements.

In January 2012, Native American artifacts were found in an approximate 350-acre area in the western portion of Genesis and, in response, BLM and CEC mandated a work stoppage over the affected area. Under the Programmatic Agreement, the Historic Properties Treatment Plan governs the protocol to be followed when such artifacts are discovered during construction. The first step is determination of whether the artifact findings are potentially significant and whether avoidance of the site is feasible. If avoidance is not feasible, the second step is development of a testing plan to evaluate the site. If the artifact findings are determined to be significant, a controlled grading plan must be submitted to the BLM and CEC.

Genesis submitted the required documentation to the BLM and CEC, and a controlled grading plan was approved by the BLM in February 2012. The work stoppage mandate was then reduced from the original affected acreage to 126 acres in the solar field and an additional 38 acres in the drainage channel, allowing certain critical path work to resume. In March 2012, Genesis responded to the BLM and CEC explaining its position that avoidance of the remaining work stoppage areas is infeasible. In May 2012, the BLM and CEC granted a Notice to Proceed ( NTP ) on the remaining affected acreage, predicated upon Genesis' implementation of the mitigation plan described in the NTP.

On May 17, 2012, a complaint was filed by the Colorado River Indian Tribes ( CRIT ), which sought to restrain trenching ordered by the BLM to determine what types of artifacts may have been located within a limited area, which is comprised of roughly 126 acres within the 1,950 acre project footprint at the site. This lawsuit did not seek to prevent other construction activities that were ongoing elsewhere at Genesis. Genesis intervened in the action on

May 17, 2012 and opposed the Plaintiff's motion for Temporary Restraining Order. The Plaintiff's motion for Temporary Restraining Order and Preliminary Injunction was denied. Subsequently, the Plaintiff appealed the decision and sought an emergency injunction before the Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit, which was also denied. Genesis reached a confidential non-monetary settlement with the CRIT and a Stipulation of Dismissal was filed on January 28, 2013, ending the litigation.

*Energy Performance Bonus Agreement* Under the EPC Contracts an energy performance test was to be performed on Moore and Sombra after COD. In the event that the actual energy production for these facilities was greater than the adjusted expected energy production for such facilities as defined in the EPC Contracts these

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP (Predecessor)**  
**NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(unaudited)**

projects would pay FSDCI a one- time Energy Performance Test Bonus for the production from May 2012 through May 2013 based on a contractually defined energy model. At acquisition and as of December 31, 2012, the Company had estimated the fair value of the bonus payout to be \$8.8 million. See Notes 7 and 13.

Upon the conclusion of the energy performance test period in May 2013, FSDCI updated its analysis using final production data and the assumptions agreed to by the parties during the test period which was confirmed by the Company. The updated analysis resulted in a final energy performance test bonus of \$3.7 million which was paid in June 2013. The difference between the amount estimated and accrued, \$8.8 million, and the final amount paid, \$3.7 million, represents an adjustment that occurred after the measurement period had concluded for a business acquisition. This gain, \$4.8 million, is included in other income in the Company's accompanying combined statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2013.

F-45

**Table of Contents**

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the General Partner of

NextEra Energy Partners, LP:

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of NextEra Energy Partners, LP (the Company ) as of March 6, 2014 (date of inception). This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the balance sheet is free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the balance sheet, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall balance sheet presentation. We believe that our audit of the balance sheet provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such balance sheet presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of NextEra Energy Partners, LP as of March 6, 2014 (date of inception), in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Boca Raton, Florida

April 3, 2014

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**Table of Contents****NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP****Balance Sheet**

	<b>As of March 6, 2014 (date of inception)</b>
<b>Partners equity</b>	
General partner	\$ 10,000
General partner contribution receivable	(10,000)
Limited partner	100
Limited partner contribution receivable	(100)
 Total partners equity	 \$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the balance sheet.

F-47

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP**

**NOTES TO BALANCE SHEET**

**As of March 6, 2014 (date of inception)**

**NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS**

NextEra Energy Partners, LP ( NEE Partners , or the Company ), was formed as a Delaware limited partnership on March 6, 2014 and is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of NextEra Energy, Inc., a Florida corporation whose common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange. NEE Partners intends to be a growth-oriented limited partnership which was formed to own, operate and acquire clean and contracted generation assets with stable long-term cash flows. NEE Partners plans to acquire a limited partner interest in NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP ( NEE Operating LP ). NEE Partners also plans to own 100% of and control the general partner of NEE Operating LP.

**NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING POLICIES**

*Basis of presentation* The NEE Partners balance sheet has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. Separate statements of income, changes in partners equity and cash flows have not been presented in the financial statements because there have been no activities of NEE Partners other than those related to its formation.

*Subsequent Events* The Company has evaluated subsequent events through April 3, 2014 which is the date the balance sheet was available to be issued. As of this date, there were no subsequent events that required disclosure.

**NOTE 3 PARTNERS EQUITY**

NEE Partners is owned by its general partner, NextEra Energy Partners GP, Inc. and its limited partner, NextEra Energy Equity Partners, LP. In accordance with the NEE Partners partnership agreement, the general partner has agreed to fund \$10,000 and the limited partner has agreed to fund \$100. The contribution receivables from the general partner and the limited partner are reflected as a reduction to partners equity.



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**Table of Contents****NextEra Energy Partners, LP****Balance Sheet****(unaudited)**

	<b>As of March 31, 2014</b>
<b>Partners equity</b>	
General partner	\$ 10,000
General partner contribution receivable	(10,000)
Limited partner	100
Limited partner contribution receivable	(100)
Total partners equity	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the balance sheet.

F-49

**Table of Contents**

**NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP**

**NOTES TO BALANCE SHEET**

**As of March 31, 2014 (unaudited)**

**NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS**

NextEra Energy Partners, LP ( NEE Partners, or the Company ), was formed as a Delaware limited partnership on March 6, 2014, and is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra Energy, Inc., a Florida corporation whose common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange. NEE Partners intends to be a growth-oriented limited partnership formed to own, operate and acquire clean and contracted generation assets with stable long-term cash flows. NEE Partners plans to acquire a limited partner interest in NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP ( NEE Operating LP ). NEE Partners also plans to own 100% of and control the general partner of NEE Operating LP.

**NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING POLICIES**

*Basis of presentation* The NEE Partners balance sheet has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. Separate statements of income, changes in partners equity and cash flows have not been presented in the financial statements because there have been no activities of NEE Partners other than those related to its formation. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for fair financial statement presentation have been made.

*Subsequent Events* The Company has evaluated subsequent events through May 19, 2014, which is the date the balance sheet was available to be issued. As of this date, there were no subsequent events that required disclosure.

**NOTE 3 PARTNERS EQUITY**

NEE Partners is owned by its general partner, NextEra Energy Partners GP, Inc. and its limited partner, NextEra Energy Equity Partners, LP. In accordance with the NEE Partners partnership agreement, the general partner has agreed to fund \$10,000 and the limited partner has agreed to fund \$100. The contribution receivables from the general partner and the limited partner are reflected as a reduction to partners equity.

**FIRST AMENDED AND RESTATED  
AGREEMENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP  
OF  
NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP**

A Delaware Limited Partnership

Dated as of

, 2014

**Table of Contents**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<b>Page</b>
<b>ARTICLE I</b>	
<b>DEFINITIONS</b>	
Section 1.1 Definitions	A-1
Section 1.2 Construction	A-9
<b>ARTICLE II</b>	
<b>ORGANIZATION</b>	
Section 2.1 Formation	A-9
Section 2.2 Name	A-9
Section 2.3 Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices	A-9
Section 2.4 Purpose and Business	A-9
Section 2.5 Powers	A-10
Section 2.6 Term	A-10
Section 2.7 Title to Partnership Assets	A-10
<b>ARTICLE III</b>	
<b>RIGHTS OF LIMITED PARTNERS</b>	
Section 3.1 Limitation of Liability	A-10
Section 3.2 Management of Business	A-10
Section 3.3 Rights of Limited Partners	A-11
<b>ARTICLE IV</b>	
<b>CERTIFICATES; RECORD HOLDERS; TRANSFER OF PARTNERSHIP</b>	
<b>INTERESTS; REDEMPTION OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS</b>	
Section 4.1 Certificates	A-11
Section 4.2 Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost or Stolen Certificates	A-12
Section 4.3 Record Holders	A-12
Section 4.4 Transfer Generally	A-13
Section 4.5 Registration and Transfer of Limited Partner Interests	A-13
Section 4.6 Transfer of the General Partner's General Partner Interest	A-14
Section 4.7 Restrictions on Transfers	A-15
<b>ARTICLE V</b>	
<b>CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND ISSUANCE OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS</b>	
Section 5.1 Organizational Transactions	A-15
Section 5.2 Interest and Withdrawal	A-16
Section 5.3 Issuances and Cancellations of Special Voting Units	A-16
Section 5.4 Issuances of Additional Partnership Interests	A-16
Section 5.5 Limited Preemptive Right	A-17

Section 5.6 Splits and Combinations	A-17
Section 5.7 Fully Paid and Non-Assessable Nature of Limited Partner Interests	A-18

ARTICLE VI

ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Section 6.1 Distributions to Record Holders	A-18
---	------

A-i

**Table of Contents**

	<b>Page</b>
<b>ARTICLE VII</b>	
<b>MANAGEMENT AND OPERATION OF BUSINESS</b>	
Section 7.1 Management	A-18
Section 7.2 Certificate of Limited Partnership	A-20
Section 7.3 Restrictions on the General Partner's Authority to Sell Assets of the Partnership Group	A-20
Section 7.4 Reimbursement of the General Partner	A-21
Section 7.5 Outside Activities	A-21
Section 7.6 Loans from the General Partner; Loans or Contributions from the Partnership or Group Members	A-22
Section 7.7 Indemnification	A-23
Section 7.8 Liability of Indemnitees	A-24
Section 7.9 Resolution of Conflicts of Interest; Standards of Conduct and Modification of Duties	A-25
Section 7.10 Other Matters Concerning the General Partner	A-27
Section 7.11 Purchase or Sale of Partnership Interests	A-27
Section 7.12 Reliance by Third Parties	A-27
<b>ARTICLE VIII</b>	
<b>BOOKS, RECORDS, ACCOUNTING AND REPORTS</b>	
Section 8.1 Records and Accounting	A-27
Section 8.2 Fiscal Year	A-28
Section 8.3 Reports	A-28
<b>ARTICLE IX</b>	
<b>TAX MATTERS</b>	
Section 9.1 Tax Characterizations, Elections and Information	A-28
Section 9.2 Withholding	A-28
<b>ARTICLE X</b>	
<b>ADMISSION OF PARTNERS</b>	
Section 10.1 Admission of Limited Partners	A-29
Section 10.2 Admission of Successor General Partner	A-30
Section 10.3 Amendment of Agreement and Certificate of Limited Partnership	A-30
<b>ARTICLE XI</b>	
<b>WITHDRAWAL OR REMOVAL OF PARTNERS</b>	
Section 11.1 Withdrawal of the General Partner	A-30
Section 11.2 Removal of the General Partner	A-31
Section 11.3 Interest of Departing General Partner and Successor General Partner	A-31
Section 11.4 Withdrawal of Limited Partners	A-33
<b>ARTICLE XII</b>	
<b>DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION</b>	
Section 12.1 Dissolution	A-33

Section 12.2 Continuation of the Business of the Partnership After Dissolution	A-33
Section 12.3 Liquidator	A-34
Section 12.4 Liquidation	A-34

A-ii

**Table of Contents**

	<b>Page</b>
Section 12.5 Cancellation of Certificate of Limited Partnership	A-34
Section 12.6 Return of Contributions	A-35
Section 12.7 Waiver of Partition	A-35

ARTICLE XIII

AMENDMENT OF PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT; MEETINGS; RECORD DATE; VOTING

Section 13.1 Amendments to be Adopted Solely by the General Partner	A-35
Section 13.2 Amendment Procedures	A-36
Section 13.3 Amendment Requirements	A-36
Section 13.4 Special Meetings	A-37
Section 13.5 Notice of a Meeting	A-38
Section 13.6 Record Date	A-38
Section 13.7 Postponement and Adjournment	A-38
Section 13.8 Waiver of Notice; Approval of Meeting	A-38
Section 13.9 Quorum and Voting	A-39
Section 13.10 Conduct of a Meeting	A-39
Section 13.11 Action Without a Meeting	A-39
Section 13.12 Right to Vote and Related Matters	A-40
Section 13.13 Restricted Transactions and Reductions in Voting Power	A-40
Section 13.14 Special Voting Units	A-40

ARTICLE XIV

MERGER, CONSOLIDATION OR CONVERSION

Section 14.1 Authority	A-41
Section 14.2 Procedure for Merger, Consolidation or Conversion	A-41
Section 14.3 Approval by Limited Partners	A-42
Section 14.4 Certificate of Merger or Certificate of Conversion	A-43
Section 14.5 Effect of Merger, Consolidation or Conversion	A-43

ARTICLE XV

RIGHT TO ACQUIRE LIMITED PARTNER INTERESTS

Section 15.1 Right to Acquire Limited Partner Interests	A-44
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ARTICLE XVI

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 16.1 Addresses and Notices; Written Communications	A-46
Section 16.2 Binding Effect	A-46
Section 16.3 Integration	A-46
Section 16.4 Creditors	A-46
Section 16.5 Waiver	A-46
Section 16.6 Third-Party Beneficiaries	A-46
Section 16.7 Counterparts	A-47
Section 16.8 Applicable Law; Forum; Venue and Jurisdiction; Waiver of Trial by Jury	A-47
Section 16.9 Invalidity of Provisions	A-47
Section 16.10 Consent of Partners	A-47





Table of Contents

**FIRST AMENDED AND RESTATED AGREEMENT OF  
LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP**

THIS FIRST AMENDED AND RESTATED AGREEMENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP, dated as of , 2014, is entered into by and between NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, GP, INC., a Delaware corporation, as the General Partner, and NextEra Energy Equity Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership, together with any other Persons who become Partners in the Partnership or parties hereto as provided herein. In consideration of the covenants, conditions and agreements contained herein, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

**ARTICLE I**

**DEFINITIONS**

Section 1.1 Definitions. The following definitions shall be for all purposes, unless otherwise clearly indicated to the contrary, applied to the terms used in this Agreement.

***Affiliate*** means, with respect to any Person, any other Person that directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries controls, is controlled by or is under common control with, the Person in question. As used herein, the term ***control*** means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise. For purposes of the use of the term Group in Section 13.13, a Person will be deemed to ***control*** if such Person owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of the voting securities of the subject Person.

***Agreement*** means this First Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of NextEra Energy Partners, LP, as it may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

***Associate*** means, when used to indicate a relationship with any Person, (a) any corporation or organization of which such Person is a director, officer, manager, general partner or managing member or is, directly or indirectly, the owner of 10% or more of any class of voting stock or other voting interest, (b) any trust or other estate in which such Person has at least a 10% beneficial interest or as to which such Person serves as trustee or in a similar fiduciary capacity, and (c) any relative or spouse of such Person, or any relative of such spouse, who has the same principal residence as such Person.

***Available Cash*** means, with respect to any Quarter ending prior to the Liquidation Date:

(a) the sum of:

(i) all cash and cash equivalents of the Partnership on hand at the end of such Quarter; and

(ii) all cash and cash equivalents of the Partnership expected, on the date of determination of Available Cash with respect to such Quarter, to be received by the Partnership from distributions on OpCo Common Units by the Operating Partnership or payments from NEE Equity under the Purchase Agreement, in each case, made with respect to such Quarter subsequent to the end of such Quarter, less;

(b) the amount of any cash reserves established by the General Partner to:

(i) provide for the proper conduct of the business of the Partnership subsequent to such Quarter, including the payment of income taxes by the Partnership; or

(ii) comply with applicable law or any loan agreement, security agreement, mortgage, debt instrument or other agreement or obligation to which the Partnership is a party or by which it is bound or its assets are subject;

A-1

**Table of Contents**

provided, that disbursements made by the Partnership or cash reserves established, increased or reduced after the end of such Quarter but on or before the date of determination of Available Cash with respect to such Quarter shall be deemed to have been made, established, increased or reduced, for purposes of determining Available Cash, within such Quarter if the General Partner so determines.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Available Cash with respect to the Quarter in which the Liquidation Date occurs and any subsequent Quarter shall equal zero.

**Board of Directors** means, with respect to the General Partner, its board of directors or board of managers, if the General Partner is a corporation or limited liability company, or the board of directors or board of managers of the general partner of the General Partner, if the General Partner is a limited partnership, as applicable.

**Business Day** means Monday through Friday of each week, except that a legal holiday recognized as such by the government of the United States of America or the State of Florida shall not be regarded as a Business Day.

**Capital Contribution** means (a) any cash, cash equivalents or the Fair Market Value of Contributed Property, net of Liabilities, that a Partner contributes to the Partnership or that is contributed or deemed contributed to the Partnership on behalf of a Partner, net of any liabilities either assumed by the Partnership upon such contribution or to which such property or other consideration is subject when contributed (including, in the case of an underwritten offering of Units, the amount of any underwriting discounts or commissions) or (b) current distributions that a Partner is entitled to receive but otherwise waives.

**Cash Sweep and Credit Support Agreement** means the Cash Sweep and Credit Support Agreement, dated as of , 2014, between the Operating Partnership and NextEra Energy Resources, LLC.

**Cash Sweep Withdrawals** has the meaning set forth in the Cash Sweep and Credit Support Agreement.

**Cause** means a court of competent jurisdiction has entered a final, non-appealable judgment finding the General Partner liable for actual fraud or willful misconduct to the Partnership or any Limited Partner in the General Partner's capacity as a general partner of the Partnership.

**Certificate** means a certificate in such form (including global form if permitted by applicable rules and regulations) as may be adopted by the General Partner and issued by the Partnership evidencing ownership of one or more classes of Partnership Interests. The initial form of certificate approved by the General Partner for the Common Units is attached as Exhibit A to this Agreement.

**Certificate of Limited Partnership** means the Certificate of Limited Partnership of the Partnership filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware as referenced in Section 7.2, as such Certificate of Limited Partnership may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

**Closing Date** means the first date on which Common Units are sold by the Partnership to the IPO Underwriters pursuant to the provisions of the Underwriting Agreement.

**Closing Price** means, in respect of any class of Limited Partner Interests, as of the date of determination, means the last sale price on such day, regular way, or in case no such sale takes place on such day, the average of the last closing bid and ask prices on such day, regular way, in either case as reported on the principal National Securities Exchange on which such Limited Partner Interests are listed or admitted to trading or, if such Limited Partner Interests of such class are not listed or admitted to trading on any National Securities Exchange, the average of the high bid and low

ask prices on such day in the over-the-counter market, as reported by such other system then in use, or, if on any such day such Limited Partner Interests of such class are not

A-2

**Table of Contents**

quoted by any such organization, the average of the closing bid and ask prices on such day as furnished by a professional market maker making a market in such Limited Partner Interests of such class selected by the General Partner, or if on any such day no market maker is making a market in such Limited Partner Interests of such class, the fair value of such Limited Partner Interests on such day as determined by the General Partner.

**Code** means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and in effect from time to time. Any reference herein to a specific section or sections of the Code shall be deemed to include a reference to any corresponding provision of any successor law.

**Combined Interest** has the meaning given such term in Section 11.3(a).

**Commission** means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

**Common Unit** means a Limited Partner Interest having the rights and obligations specified with respect to Common Units in this Agreement. A Special Voting Unit is not a Common Unit.

**Conflicts Committee** means a committee of the Board of Directors of the General Partner composed of two or more directors, each of whom (a) is not an officer or employee of the General Partner, (b) is not an officer, director or employee of any Affiliate of the General Partner (other than Group Members), (c) is not a holder of any ownership interest in the General Partner or its Affiliates or the Partnership Group other than (i) Common Units and (ii) awards that are granted to such director in his capacity as a director under any long-term incentive plan, equity compensation plan or similar plan implemented by the General Partner or the Partnership and (d) is determined by the Board of Directors of the General Partner to be independent under the independence standards, established by the Exchange Act, the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder and the National Securities Exchange on which the Common Units are listed or admitted to trading (or if no such National Securities Exchange, the New York Stock Exchange), for directors who serve on an audit committee of a board of directors.

**Contributed Property** means each property or other asset, in such form as may be permitted by the Delaware Act, but excluding cash, contributed to the Partnership.

**Current Market Price** as of any date of any class of Limited Partner Interests, means the average of the daily Closing Prices per Limited Partner Interest of such class for the 20 consecutive Trading Days immediately prior to such date.

**Delaware Act** means the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, 6 Del C. Section 17-101, et seq., as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.

**Departing General Partner** means a former general partner from and after the effective date of any withdrawal or removal of such former general partner pursuant to Section 11.1 or Section 11.2.

**Derivative Partnership Interests** means any options, rights, warrants, appreciation rights, tracking, profit and phantom interests and other derivative securities relating to, convertible into or exchangeable for Partnership Interests.

**Event of Withdrawal** has the meaning given such term in Section 11.1(a).

**Exchange Act** means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.

***Exchange Agreement*** means the Exchange Agreement, dated as of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014, among NEE Equity, the Partnership, the General Partner and the Operating Partnership.

**Table of Contents**

***Fair Market Value*** means, with respect to any property or asset, the fair market value of that property or asset, as determined by the General Partner in good faith.

***FERC*** means the U.S. Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or any successor to the powers thereof.

***FERC Application*** means an application under FPA Section 203 or a petition for declaratory order seeking a determination by FERC that the Common Units are passive, non-voting securities for purposes of FPA Section 203 such that the acquisition of Common Units by an acquiror in any amount will not result, directly or indirectly, in a change of control or merger or consolidation with respect to the Partnership's direct or indirect public utility subsidiaries or otherwise require separate authorization pursuant to FPA Section 203.

***FPA*** means the Federal Power Act, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.

***General Partner*** means NextEra Energy Partners, GP, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and its successors and permitted assigns that are admitted to the Partnership as general partner of the Partnership, in their capacity as general partner of the Partnership (except as the context otherwise requires).

***General Partner Interest*** means the non-economic management interest of the General Partner in the Partnership (in its capacity as general partner without reference to any Limited Partner Interest), which includes any and all rights, powers and benefits to which the General Partner is entitled as provided in this Agreement, together with all obligations of the General Partner to comply with the terms and provisions of this Agreement. The General Partner Interest does not include any rights to ownership or profits or losses or any rights to receive distributions from operations or upon the liquidation or winding-up of the Partnership.

***Group*** means two or more Persons that, with or through any of their respective Affiliates or Associates, have any contract, arrangement, understanding or relationship for the purpose of acquiring, holding, voting (except voting pursuant to a revocable proxy or consent given to such Person in response to a proxy or consent solicitation made to 10 or more Persons), exercising investment power or disposing of any Partnership Interests with any other Person that beneficially owns, or whose Affiliates or Associates beneficially own, directly or indirectly, Partnership Interests.

***Group Member*** means a member of the Partnership Group.

***Group Member Agreement*** means the partnership agreement of any Group Member, other than the Partnership, that is a limited or general partnership, the limited liability company agreement of any Group Member that is a limited liability company, the certificate of incorporation and bylaws or similar organizational documents of any Group Member that is a corporation, the joint venture agreement or similar governing document of any Group Member that is a joint venture and the governing or organizational or similar documents of any other Group Member that is a Person other than a limited or general partnership, limited liability company, corporation or joint venture, as such may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

***IDR Fee*** has the meaning given such term in the Management Services Agreement.

***Indemnitee*** means (a) the General Partner, (b) any Departing General Partner, (c) any Person who is or was an Affiliate of the General Partner or any Departing General Partner, (d) any Person who is or was a manager, managing member, general partner, director, officer, fiduciary or trustee of (i) any Group Member, the General Partner or any Departing General Partner or (ii) any Affiliate of any Group Member, the General Partner or any Departing General Partner, (e) any Person who is or was serving at the request of the General Partner or any Departing General Partner or



any Affiliate of the General Partner or any Departing General Partner as a manager, managing member, general partner, director, officer, fiduciary or trustee of another Person owing a

A-4

**Table of Contents**

fiduciary duty to any Group Member; provided that a Person shall not be an Indemnitee by reason of providing, on a fee-for-services basis, trustee, fiduciary or custodial services, and (f) any Person the General Partner designates as an Indemnitee for purposes of this Agreement because such Person's status, service or relationship exposes such Person to potential claims, demands, suits or proceedings relating to the Partnership Group's business and affairs.

***Initial Limited Partners*** means the Organizational Limited Partner and the IPO Underwriters upon the issuance by the Partnership of Common Units as described in Section 5.1(a) in connection with the Initial Public Offering.

***Initial Public Offering*** means the initial offering and sale of Common Units to the public (including the offer and sale of Common Units pursuant to the Over-Allotment Option), as described in the IPO Registration Statement.

***IPO Registration Statement*** means the Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-196099) as it has been or as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, filed by the Partnership with the Commission under the Securities Act to register the offering and sale of the Common Units in the Initial Public Offering.

***IPO Underwriter*** means each Person named as an underwriter in Schedule I to the Underwriting Agreement who purchases Common Units pursuant thereto.

***Liability*** means any liability or obligation of any nature, whether accrued, contingent or otherwise.

***Limited Partner*** means, unless the context otherwise requires, each Initial Limited Partner, each additional Person that becomes a Limited Partner pursuant to the terms of this Agreement and any Departing General Partner upon the change of its status from General Partner to Limited Partner pursuant to Section 11.3, in each case, in such Person's capacity as a limited partner of the Partnership.

***Limited Partner Interest*** means an interest of a Limited Partner in the Partnership, which may be evidenced by Common Units, Special Voting Units or other Partnership Interests (other than a General Partner Interest) or a combination thereof (but excluding Derivative Partnership Interests), and includes any and all benefits to which such Limited Partner is entitled as provided in this Agreement, together with all obligations of such Limited Partner pursuant to the terms and provisions of this Agreement.

***Liquidation Date*** means (a) in the case of an event giving rise to the dissolution of the Partnership of the type described in clauses (a) and (b) of the third sentence of Section 12.2, the date on which the applicable time period during which the holders of Outstanding Units have the right to elect to continue the business of the Partnership has expired without such an election being made and (b) in the case of any other event giving rise to the dissolution of the Partnership, the date on which such event occurs.

***Liquidator*** means one or more Persons selected by the General Partner to perform the functions described in Section 12.4 as liquidating trustee of the Partnership within the meaning of the Delaware Act.

***Management Services Agreement*** means the Management Services Agreement, dated as of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014, among the Operating Partnership, the Partnership, NextEra Energy Operating Partners, GP, LP and NEE Management.

***Merger Agreement*** has the meaning given such term in Section 14.1.

***National Securities Exchange*** means an exchange registered with the Commission under Section 6(a) of the Exchange Act (or any successor to such Section).

A-5

**Table of Contents**

**NEE Equity** means NextEra Energy Equity Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership.

**NEE Management** means NextEra Energy Management Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership.

**Notice of Election to Purchase** has the meaning given such term in Section 15.1(b).

**OpCo Common Units** means limited partner interests in the Operating Partnership having the rights and obligations specified with respect to Common Units in the OpCo Partnership Agreement, as it may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

**OpCo Partnership Agreement** means agreement of limited partnership of the Operating Partnership, as it may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

**Operating Partnership** means NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership.

**Opinion of Counsel** means a written opinion of counsel (who may be regular counsel to, or the general counsel or other inside counsel of, the Partnership or the General Partner or any of its Affiliates) acceptable to the General Partner or to such other person selecting such counsel or obtaining such opinion.

**Option Closing Date** means the date or dates on which any Common Units are sold by the Partnership to the IPO Underwriters upon exercise of the Over-Allotment Option.

**Organizational Limited Partner** means NEE Equity in its capacity as the organizational limited partner of the Partnership pursuant to this Agreement.

**Outstanding** means, with respect to Partnership Interests, all Partnership Interests that are issued by the Partnership and reflected as outstanding in the Register as of the date of determination; provided, however, that Restricted Interests shall not be entitled to be voted on any matter and shall not be considered to be Outstanding when sending notices of a meeting of Limited Partners to vote on any matter (unless otherwise required by law), calculating required votes, determining the presence of a quorum or for other similar purposes under this Agreement, except that Partnership Interests so owned shall be considered to be Outstanding for purposes of Section 11.1(b)(iv) (such Partnership Interests shall not, however, be treated as a separate class of Partnership Interests for purposes of this Agreement or the Delaware Act).

**Over-Allotment Option** means the over-allotment option to purchase additional Common Units granted to the IPO Underwriters by the Partnership pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement.

**Partners** means the General Partner and the Limited Partners.

**Partnership** means NextEra Energy Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership.

**Partnership Group** means, collectively, the Partnership and its Subsidiaries.

**Partnership Interest** means the General Partner Interest and any class or series of equity interest in the Partnership, which shall include any Limited Partner Interests but shall exclude any Derivative Partnership Interests.

**Percentage Interest** means as of any date of determination (a) as to any Unitholder with respect to Units, the product obtained by multiplying (i) 100% less the percentage applicable to clause (b) below by (ii) the quotient obtained by

dividing (A) the number of Units held by such Unitholder, as the case may be, by (B) the total number of Outstanding Units, and (b) as to the holders of other Partnership Interests issued by the Partnership in accordance with Section 5.4, the percentage established as a part of such issuance.

A-6

## **Table of Contents**

**Person** means an individual or a corporation, firm, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust, estate, unincorporated organization, association, government agency or political subdivision thereof or other entity.

**Plan of Conversion** has the meaning given such term in Section 14.1.

**Pro Rata** means (a) when used with respect to Units or any class thereof, apportioned among all designated Units in accordance with their relative Percentage Interests and (b) when used with respect to Partners or Record Holders, apportioned among all Partners or Record Holders in accordance with their relative Percentage Interests.

**Purchase Date** means the date determined by the General Partner as the date for purchase of all Outstanding Limited Partner Interests of a certain class (other than Limited Partner Interests owned by the General Partner and its Affiliates) pursuant to Article XV.

**Purchase Agreement** means the Purchase Agreement, dated as of , 2014, between the Partnership and NEE Equity.

**Purchase Price Adjustment** has the meaning given such term in the Purchase Agreement.

**Purchase Price Adjustment Period** has the meaning given such term in the Purchase Agreement.

**Quarter** means, unless the context requires otherwise, a fiscal quarter of the Partnership or, with respect to the fiscal quarter of the Partnership that includes the Closing Date, the portion of such fiscal quarter after the Closing Date.

**Record Date** means the date established by the General Partner or otherwise in accordance with this Agreement for determining (a) the identity of the Record Holders entitled to receive notice of, or entitled to exercise rights in respect of, any lawful action of Limited Partners (including voting) or (b) the identity of Record Holders entitled to receive any report or distribution or to participate in any offer.

**Record Holder** means (a) with respect to any class of Partnership Interests for which a Transfer Agent has been appointed, the Person in whose name a Partnership Interest of such class is registered on the books of the Transfer Agent and the Register as of the Partnership's close of business on a particular Business Day or (b) with respect to other classes of Partnership Interests, the Person in whose name any such other Partnership Interest is registered in the Register as of the Partnership's close of business on a particular Business Day.

**Register** has the meaning given such term in Section 4.5(a) of this Agreement.

**Restricted Interests** means Limited Partner Interests with respect to which voting power may not be exercised pursuant to clauses (i) and (ii) of Section 13.13(a).

**Securities Act** means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.

**Special Approval** means approval by a majority of the members of the Conflicts Committee acting in good faith.

**Special Voting Unit** means a Partnership Interest having the rights and obligations specified with respect to Special Voting Units in this Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, holders of Special Voting Units, in their capacity as such, shall not have any rights to ownership or profits or losses or any rights to receive distributions from operations or upon the liquidation or winding-up of the Partnership.

A-7

**Table of Contents**

**Subsidiary** means, with respect to any Person, (a) a corporation of which more than 50% of the voting power of shares entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors or other governing body of such corporation is owned, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, by such Person, by one or more Subsidiaries of such Person or a combination thereof, (b) a partnership (whether general or limited) in which such Person or a Subsidiary of such Person is, at the date of determination, a general or limited partner of such partnership, but only if such Person, directly or by one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, or a combination thereof, controls such partnership on the date hereof; or (c) any other Person (other than a corporation or a partnership) in which such Person, one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, or a combination thereof, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, has the power to elect or direct the election of a majority of the directors or other governing body of such Person.

**Surviving Business Entity** has the meaning given such term in Section 14.2(b).

**Trading Day** means a day on which the principal National Securities Exchange on which the referenced Partnership Interests of any class are listed or admitted for trading is open for the transaction of business or, if such Partnership Interests are not listed or admitted for trading on any National Securities Exchange, a day on which banking institutions in New York City are not legally required to be closed.

**Transaction Documents** has the meaning given such term in Section 7.1(b).

**transfer** has the meaning given such term in Section 4.4(a).

**Transfer Agent** means such bank, trust company or other Person (including the General Partner or one of its Affiliates) as may be appointed from time to time by the General Partner to act as registrar and transfer agent for any class of Partnership Interests in accordance with the Exchange Act and the rules of the National Securities Exchange on which such Partnership Interests are listed (if any); provided that, if no such Person is appointed as registrar and transfer agent for any class of Partnership Interests, the General Partner shall act as registrar and transfer agent for such class of Partnership Interests.

**Treasury Regulation** means the United States Treasury regulations promulgated under the Code.

**Underwriting Agreement** means the Underwriting Agreement, dated as of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014, among the IPO Underwriters, the Partnership, the General Partner and NextEra Energy Resources, LLC, providing for the purchase of Common Units by the IPO Underwriters.

**Unit** means a Partnership Interest that is designated by the General Partner as a Unit and shall include Common Units and Special Voting Units.

**Unit Majority** means (i) during the Purchase Price Adjustment Period, at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units (excluding Common Units owned by the General Partner and its Affiliates), voting as a class, and at least a majority of the Outstanding Special Voting Units, voting as a class, and (ii) after the end of the Purchase Price Adjustment Period, at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units and Special Voting Units, voting together as a single class.

**Unitholders** means the Record Holders of Units.

**Unrestricted Person** means (a) each Indemnitee, (b) each Partner, (c) each Person who is or was a member, partner, director, officer, employee or agent of any Group Member, a General Partner or any Departing General Partner or any



Affiliate of any Group Member, a General Partner or any Departing General Partner and (d) any Person the General Partner designates from time to time as an Unrestricted Person for purposes of this Agreement.

**U.S. GAAP** means United States generally accepted accounting principles, as in effect from time to time, consistently applied.

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**Table of Contents**

*Withdrawal Opinion of Counsel* has the meaning given such term in Section 11.1(b).

Section 1.2 **Construction**. Unless the context requires otherwise: (a) any pronoun used in this Agreement shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine or neuter forms, and the singular form of nouns, pronouns and verbs shall include the plural and vice versa; (b) references to Articles and Sections refer to Articles and Sections of this Agreement; (c) the terms include, includes, including or words of like import shall be deemed to be followed by the words without limitation ; and (d) the terms hereof, herein or hereunder refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. The table of contents and headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only, and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement. The General Partner has the power to construe and interpret this Agreement and to act upon any such construction or interpretation. Any construction or interpretation of this Agreement by the General Partner and any action taken pursuant thereto and any determination made by the General Partner in good faith shall, in each case, be conclusive and binding on all Record Holders and all other Persons for all purposes.

**ARTICLE II**

**ORGANIZATION**

Section 2.1 **Formation**. The General Partner and the Organizational Limited Partner have formed the Partnership as a limited partnership pursuant to the provisions of the Delaware Act and hereby amend and restate the original Agreement of Limited Partnership of NextEra Energy Partners, LP in its entirety. This amendment and restatement shall become effective on the date of this Agreement. Except as expressly provided to the contrary in this Agreement, the rights, duties, liabilities and obligations of the Partners and the administration, dissolution and termination of the Partnership shall be governed by the Delaware Act. All Partnership Interests shall constitute personal property of the record owner thereof for all purposes.

Section 2.2 **Name**. The name of the Partnership shall be NextEra Energy Partners, LP. Subject to applicable law, the Partnership's business may be conducted under any other name or names as determined by the General Partner, including the name of the General Partner. The words Limited Partnership, L.P., Ltd. or similar words or letters shall be included in the Partnership's name where necessary for the purpose of complying with the laws of any jurisdiction that so requires. The General Partner may change the name of the Partnership at any time and from time to time and shall notify the Limited Partners of such change in the next regular communication to the Limited Partners.

Section 2.3 **Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices**. Unless and until changed by the General Partner, the registered office of the Partnership in the State of Delaware shall be located at [ ], and the registered agent for service of process on the Partnership in the State of Delaware at such registered office shall be [ ]. The principal office of the Partnership shall be located at 700 Universe Boulevard, Juno Beach, Florida 33408, or such other place as the General Partner may from time to time designate by notice to the Limited Partners. The Partnership may maintain offices at such other place or places within or outside the State of Delaware as the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate. The address of the General Partner shall be 700 Universe Boulevard, Juno Beach, Florida 33408, or such other place as the General Partner may from time to time designate by notice to the Limited Partners.

Section 2.4 **Purpose and Business**. The purpose and nature of the business to be conducted by the Partnership shall be to (a) engage directly in, or enter into or form, hold and dispose of any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other arrangement to engage indirectly in, any business activity that is approved by the General Partner and that lawfully may be conducted by a limited partnership organized pursuant to the Delaware Act and, in connection therewith, to exercise all of the rights and powers conferred upon the Partnership pursuant to the

agreements relating to such business activity, and (b) do anything necessary or appropriate to the foregoing, including the making of capital contributions or loans to a Group

A-9

**Table of Contents**

Member. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the General Partner shall have no duty or obligation to propose or approve the conduct by the Partnership of any business and may decline to do so free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership or any Limited Partner and, in declining to so propose or approve, shall not be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity and the General Partner in determining whether to propose or approve the conduct by the Partnership of any business shall be permitted to do so in its sole and absolute discretion.

Section 2.5 **Powers**. The Partnership shall be empowered to do any and all acts and things necessary, appropriate, proper, advisable, incidental to or convenient for the furtherance and accomplishment of the purposes and business described in Section 2.4 and for the protection and benefit of the Partnership.

Section 2.6 **Term**. The term of the Partnership commenced upon the filing of the Certificate of Limited Partnership in accordance with the Delaware Act and shall continue in existence until the dissolution of the Partnership in accordance with the provisions of Article XII. The existence of the Partnership as a separate legal entity shall continue until the cancellation of the Certificate of Limited Partnership as provided in the Delaware Act.

Section 2.7 **Title to Partnership Assets**. Title to the assets of the Partnership, whether real, personal or mixed and whether tangible or intangible, shall be deemed to be owned by the Partnership as an entity, and no Partner, individually or collectively, shall have any ownership interest in such assets of the Partnership or any portion thereof. Title to any or all assets of the Partnership may be held in the name of the Partnership, the General Partner, one or more of its Affiliates or one or more nominees of the General Partner or its Affiliates, as the General Partner may determine. The General Partner hereby declares and warrants that any assets of the Partnership for which record title is held in the name of the General Partner or one or more of its Affiliates or one or more nominees of the General Partner or its Affiliates shall be held by the General Partner or such Affiliate or nominee for the use and benefit of the Partnership in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement; provided, however, that the General Partner shall use reasonable efforts to cause record title to such assets (other than those assets in respect of which the General Partner determines that the expense and difficulty of conveyancing makes transfer of record title to the Partnership impracticable) to be vested in the Partnership or one or more of the Partnership's designated Affiliates as soon as reasonably practicable; provided, further, that, prior to the withdrawal or removal of the General Partner or as soon thereafter as practicable, the General Partner shall use reasonable efforts to effect the transfer of record title to the Partnership and, prior to any such transfer, will provide for the use of such assets in a manner satisfactory to any successor General Partner. All assets of the Partnership shall be recorded as the property of the Partnership in its books and records, irrespective of the name in which record title to such assets of the Partnership is held.

**ARTICLE III**

**RIGHTS OF LIMITED PARTNERS**

Section 3.1 **Limitation of Liability**. The Limited Partners shall have no liability under this Agreement except as expressly provided in this Agreement or the Delaware Act.

Section 3.2 **Management of Business**. No Limited Partner, in its capacity as such, shall participate in the operation, management or control (within the meaning of the Delaware Act) of the Partnership's business, transact any business in the Partnership's name or have the power to sign documents for or otherwise bind the Partnership. No action taken by any Affiliate of the General Partner or any officer, director, employee, manager, member, general partner, agent or trustee of the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, or any officer, director, employee, manager, member, general partner, agent or trustee of a Group Member, in its capacity as such, shall be deemed to be participating in the control

of the business of the Partnership by a limited partner of the Partnership (within the meaning of Section 17-303(a) of the Delaware Act) nor shall any such action affect, impair or eliminate the limitations on the liability of the Limited Partners under this Agreement.

A-10

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**Table of Contents**

Section 3.3 Rights of Limited Partners.

(a) Each Limited Partner shall have the right, for a purpose reasonably related to such Limited Partner's interest as a Limited Partner in the Partnership, upon reasonable written demand stating the purpose of such demand, and at such Limited Partner's own expense:

(i) to obtain from the General Partner either (A) the Partnership's most recent filings with the Commission on Form 10-K and any subsequent filings on Form 10-Q and 8-K or (B) if the Partnership is no longer subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, the information specified in, and meeting the requirements of, Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act or any successor or similar rule or regulation under the Securities Act (provided that the foregoing materials shall be deemed to be available to a Limited Partner in satisfaction of the requirements of this Section 3.3(a)(i) if posted on or accessible through the Partnership's or the Commission's website);

(ii) to obtain a current list of the name and last known business, residence or mailing address of each Partner; and

(iii) to obtain a copy of this Agreement and the Certificate of Limited Partnership and all amendments thereto.

(b) The rights to information granted the Limited Partners pursuant to Section 3.3(a) replace in their entirety any rights to information provided for in Section 17-305(a) of the Delaware Act and each of the Partners and each other Person or Group who acquires an interest in Partnership Interests hereby agrees to the fullest extent permitted by law that they do not have any rights as Partners to receive any information either pursuant to Sections 17-305(a) of the Delaware Act or otherwise except for the information identified in Section 3.3(a).

(c) The General Partner may keep confidential from the Limited Partners, for such period of time as the General Partner deems reasonable, (i) any information that the General Partner determines is in the nature of trade secrets or (ii) other information the disclosure of which the General Partner determines (A) is not in the best interests of the Partnership Group, (B) could damage the Partnership Group or its business or (C) that any Group Member is required by law or regulation or by agreement with any third party to keep confidential (other than agreements with Affiliates of the Partnership the primary purpose of which is to circumvent the obligations set forth in this Section 3.3).

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement or Section 17-305 of the Delaware Act, each of the Partners, each other Person or Group who acquires an interest in a Partnership Interest and each other Person bound by this Agreement hereby agrees to the fullest extent permitted by law that they do not have rights to receive information from the Partnership or any Indemnitee for the purpose of determining whether to pursue litigation or assist in pending litigation against the Partnership or any Indemnitee relating to the affairs of the Partnership except pursuant to the applicable rules of discovery relating to litigation commenced by such Person or Group.

**ARTICLE IV**

**CERTIFICATES; RECORD HOLDERS; TRANSFER OF PARTNERSHIP**

**INTERESTS; REDEMPTION OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS**

Section 4.1 Certificates. Owners of Partnership Interests and, where appropriate, Derivative Partnership Interests, shall be recorded in the Register and ownership of such interests shall be evidenced by a physical certificate or book entry notation in the Register. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, unless the General Partner shall determine otherwise in respect of some or all of any or all classes of Partnership Interests and Derivative Partnership Interests, Partnership Interests and Derivative Partnership Interests shall not be evidenced by physical certificates.

Certificates, if any, shall be executed on behalf of the Partnership by the Chief Executive Officer, President, Chief Financial Officer or any Vice President and the Secretary, any Assistant Secretary, or other authorized officer of the General Partner, and shall bear the legend set forth in

A-11

## Table of Contents

Section 4.7(c). The signatures of such officers upon a certificate may be facsimiles. In case any officer who has signed or whose signature has been placed upon such certificate shall have ceased to be such officer before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the Partnership with the same effect as if he were such officer at the date of its issuance. If a Transfer Agent has been appointed for a class of Partnership Interests, no Certificate for such class of Partnership Interests shall be valid for any purpose until it has been countersigned by the Transfer Agent; provided, however, that, if the General Partner elects to cause the Partnership to issue Partnership Interests of such class in global form, the Certificate shall be valid upon receipt of a certificate from the Transfer Agent certifying that the Partnership Interests have been duly registered in accordance with the directions of the Partnership. With respect to any Partnership Interests that are represented by physical certificates, the General Partner may determine that such Partnership Interests will no longer be represented by physical certificates and may, upon written notice to the holders of such Partnership Interests and subject to applicable law, take whatever actions it deems necessary or appropriate to cause such Partnership Interests to be registered in book entry or global form and may cause such physical certificates to be cancelled or deemed cancelled.

### Section 4.2 Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost or Stolen Certificates.

(a) If any mutilated Certificate is surrendered to the Transfer Agent, the appropriate officers of the General Partner on behalf of the Partnership shall execute, and the Transfer Agent shall countersign and deliver in exchange therefor, a new Certificate evidencing the same number and type of Partnership Interests or Derivative Partnership Interests as the Certificate so surrendered.

(b) The appropriate officers of the General Partner, on behalf of the Partnership, shall execute and deliver, and the Transfer Agent shall countersign, a new Certificate in place of any Certificate previously issued, if the Record Holder of the Certificate:

(i) makes proof by affidavit, in form and substance satisfactory to the General Partner, that a previously issued Certificate has been lost, destroyed or stolen;

(ii) requests the issuance of a new Certificate before the General Partner has notice that the Certificate has been acquired by a purchaser for value in good faith and without notice of an adverse claim;

(iii) if requested by the General Partner, delivers to the General Partner a bond, in form and substance satisfactory to the General Partner, with surety or sureties and with fixed or open penalty as the General Partner may direct to indemnify the Partnership, the Partners, the General Partner and the Transfer Agent against any claim that may be made on account of the alleged loss, destruction or theft of the Certificate; and

(iv) satisfies any other reasonable requirements imposed by the General Partner or the Transfer Agent.

If a Limited Partner fails to notify the General Partner within a reasonable period of time after such Limited Partner has notice of the loss, destruction or theft of a Certificate, and a transfer of the Limited Partner Interests represented by the Certificate is registered before the Partnership, the General Partner or the Transfer Agent receives such notification, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the Limited Partner shall be precluded from making any claim against the Partnership, the General Partner or the Transfer Agent for such transfer or for a new Certificate.

(c) As a condition to the issuance of any new Certificate under this Section 4.2, the General Partner may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto and any other expenses (including the fees and expenses of the Transfer Agent) reasonably connected therewith.



Section 4.3 Record Holders. The names and addresses of Unitholders as they appear in the Register shall be the official list of Record Holders of the Partnership Interests for all purposes. The Partnership and the General Partner shall be entitled to recognize the Record Holder as the Partner with respect to any Partnership Interest and, accordingly, shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to, or interest in, such Partnership

A-12

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**Table of Contents**

Interest on the part of any other Person or Group, regardless of whether the Partnership or the General Partner shall have actual or other notice thereof, except as otherwise provided by law or any applicable rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which such Partnership Interests are listed or admitted to trading. Without limiting the foregoing, when a Person (such as a broker, dealer, bank, trust company or clearing corporation or an agent of any of the foregoing) is acting as nominee, agent or in some other representative capacity for another Person or Group in acquiring and/or holding Partnership Interests, as between the Partnership on the one hand, and such other Person or Group on the other, such representative Person shall be the Limited Partner with respect to such Partnership Interest upon becoming the Record Holder in accordance with Section 10.1(b) and have the rights and obligations of a Partner hereunder as, and to the extent, provided herein, including Section 10.1(c).

Section 4.4 Transfer Generally.

(a) The term transfer, when used in this Agreement with respect to a Partnership Interest, shall be deemed to refer to a transaction (i) by which the General Partner assigns all or any part of its General Partner Interest to another Person, and includes a sale, assignment, gift, pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation, mortgage, exchange or any other disposition by law or otherwise or (ii) by which the holder of a Limited Partner Interest assigns such Limited Partner Interest to another Person who is or becomes a Limited Partner as a result thereof, and includes a sale, assignment, gift, exchange or any other disposition by law or otherwise, excluding a pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation or mortgage but including any transfer upon foreclosure of any pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation or mortgage.

(b) No Partnership Interest shall be transferred, in whole or in part, except in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this Article IV. Any transfer or purported transfer of a Partnership Interest not made in accordance with this Article IV shall be null and void, and the Partnership shall have no obligation to effect or recognize any such transfer or purported transfer.

(c) Nothing contained in this Agreement shall be construed to prevent or limit a disposition by any stockholder, member, partner or other owner of the General Partner or any Limited Partner of any or all of such Person's shares of stock, membership interests, partnership interests or other ownership interests in the General Partner or such Limited Partner and the term transfer shall not include any such disposition.

Section 4.5 Registration and Transfer of Limited Partner Interests.

(a) The General Partner shall keep, or cause to be kept by the Transfer Agent on behalf of the Partnership, one or more registers in which, subject to such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe and subject to the provisions of Section 4.5(b), the registration and transfer of Limited Partner Interests, and any Derivative Partnership Interests as applicable, shall be recorded (the *Register* ).

(b) The General Partner shall not recognize any transfer of Limited Partner Interests evidenced by Certificates until the Certificates evidencing such Limited Partner Interests are surrendered for registration of transfer. No charge shall be imposed by the General Partner for such transfer; provided, that as a condition to the issuance of any new Certificate under this Section 4.5, the General Partner may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed with respect thereto and any other expenses (including the fees and expenses of the Transfer Agent) reasonably connected therewith. Upon surrender of a Certificate for registration of transfer of any Limited Partner Interests evidenced by a Certificate, and subject to the provisions of this Section 4.5(b), the appropriate officers of the General Partner on behalf of the Partnership shall execute and deliver, and in the case of Certificates evidencing Limited Partner Interests for which a Transfer Agent has been appointed, the Transfer Agent shall countersign and deliver, in the name of the holder or the designated transferee or transferees, as required pursuant to the holder's instructions, one or more new Certificates evidencing the same aggregate number and

type of Limited Partner Interests as was evidenced by the Certificate so surrendered. Upon the proper surrender of a Certificate, such transfer shall be recorded in the Register.

A-13

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**Table of Contents**

(c) Upon the receipt by the General Partner of proper transfer instructions from the Record Holder of uncertificated Partnership Interests, such transfer shall be recorded in the Register.

(d) Except as provided in Section 4.6, by acceptance of any Limited Partner Interests pursuant to a transfer in accordance with this Article IV, each transferee of a Limited Partner Interest (including any nominee, or agent or representative acquiring such Limited Partner Interests for the account of another Person or Group) (i) shall be admitted to the Partnership as a Limited Partner with respect to the Limited Partner Interests so transferred to such Person when any such transfer or admission is reflected in the Register and such Person becomes the Record Holder of the Limited Partner Interests so transferred, (ii) shall become bound, and shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound, by the terms of this Agreement, (iii) shall be deemed to represent that the transferee has the capacity, power and authority to enter into this Agreement and (iv) shall be deemed to make any consents, acknowledgements or waivers contained in this Agreement, all with or without execution of this Agreement by such Person. The transfer of any Limited Partner Interests and the admission of any new Limited Partner shall not constitute an amendment to this Agreement.

(e) Subject to (i) the foregoing provisions of this Section 4.5, (ii) Section 4.3, (iii) Section 4.7, (iv) with respect to any class or series of Limited Partner Interests, the provisions of any statement of designations or an amendment to this Agreement establishing such class or series, (v) any contractual provisions binding on any Limited Partner and (vi) provisions of applicable law, including the Securities Act, Limited Partner Interests shall be freely transferable.

(f) The General Partner and its Affiliates shall have the right at any time to transfer their Common Units to one or more Persons, provided that NEE Equity may not transfer its Special Voting Units to any Person other than to an Affiliate of NEE Equity to which NEE Equity has also transferred the same number of its OpCo Common Units in accordance with the OpCo Partnership Agreement.

**Section 4.6 Transfer of the General Partner's General Partner Interest.**

(a) Subject to Section 4.6(c) below, prior to \_\_\_\_\_, 2024, the General Partner shall not transfer all or any part of its General Partner Interest to a Person unless such transfer (i) has been approved by the prior written consent or vote of the holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units (excluding Common Units held by the General Partner and its Affiliates) or (ii) is of all, but not less than all, of its General Partner Interest to (A) an Affiliate of the General Partner (other than an individual) or (B) another Person (other than an individual) in connection with the merger or consolidation of the General Partner with or into such other Person or the transfer by the General Partner of all or substantially all of its assets to such other Person.

(b) Subject to Section 4.6(c) below, on or after \_\_\_\_\_, 2024, the General Partner may transfer all or any part of its General Partner Interest without Unitholder approval.

(c) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no transfer by the General Partner of all or any part of its General Partner Interest to another Person shall be permitted unless (i) the transferee agrees to assume the rights and duties of the General Partner under this Agreement and to be bound by the provisions of this Agreement, (ii) the Partnership receives an Opinion of Counsel that such transfer would not result in the loss of limited liability of any Limited Partner under the Delaware Act and (iii) such transferee also agrees to purchase all (or the appropriate portion thereof, if applicable) of the partnership or membership interest of the General Partner as the general partner or managing member, if any, of each other Group Member. In the case of a transfer pursuant to and in compliance with this Section 4.6, the transferee or successor (as the case may be) shall, subject to compliance with the terms of Section 10.2, be admitted to the Partnership as the General Partner effective immediately prior to the transfer of the General Partner Interest, and the business of the Partnership shall continue without dissolution.

A-14

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**Table of Contents**

Section 4.7 Restrictions on Transfers.

(a) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Article IV, no transfer of any Partnership Interests shall be made if such transfer would (i) violate the then-applicable federal or state securities laws or rules and regulations of the Commission, any state securities commission or any other governmental authority with jurisdiction over such transfer, (ii) terminate the existence or qualification of the Partnership under the laws of the jurisdiction of its formation, or (iii) cause the Operating Partnership or the Operating Partnership's Subsidiaries to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for federal income tax purposes (to the extent not already so treated or taxed). The Partnership may issue stop transfer instructions to any Transfer Agent in order to implement any restriction on transfer contemplated by this Agreement.

(b) The General Partner may impose restrictions on the transfer of Partnership Interests if it receives an Opinion of Counsel that such restrictions are necessary to (i) avoid a significant risk of the Operating Partnership or the Operating Partnership's Subsidiaries becoming taxable as a corporation or otherwise becoming taxable as an entity for federal income tax purposes (to the extent not already so treated or taxed) or (ii) preserve the uniformity of the Limited Partner Interests (or any class or classes thereof). The General Partner may impose such restrictions by amending this Agreement; provided, however, that any amendment that would result in the delisting or suspension of trading of any class of Limited Partner Interests on the principal National Securities Exchange on which such class of Limited Partner Interests is then listed or admitted to trading must be approved, prior to such amendment being effected, by the holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Limited Partner Interests of such class.

(c) Each certificate or book entry evidencing Partnership Interests shall bear a conspicuous legend in substantially the following form:

THE HOLDER OF THIS SECURITY ACKNOWLEDGES FOR THE BENEFIT OF NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP THAT THIS SECURITY MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED IF SUCH TRANSFER (AS DEFINED IN THE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT) WOULD (A) VIOLATE THE THEN APPLICABLE FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY WITH JURISDICTION OVER SUCH TRANSFER OR (B) TERMINATE THE EXISTENCE OR QUALIFICATION OF NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE. THIS SECURITY MAY BE SUBJECT TO ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON ITS TRANSFER PROVIDED IN THE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT. COPIES OF SUCH AGREEMENT MAY BE OBTAINED AT NO COST BY WRITTEN REQUEST MADE BY THE HOLDER OF RECORD OF THIS SECURITY TO THE SECRETARY OF THE GENERAL PARTNER AT THE PRINCIPAL OFFICE OF THE PARTNERSHIP. THE RESTRICTIONS SET FORTH ABOVE SHALL NOT PRECLUDE THE SETTLEMENT OF ANY TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING THIS SECURITY ENTERED INTO THROUGH THE FACILITIES OF ANY NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGE ON WHICH THIS SECURITY IS LISTED OR ADMITTED TO TRADING.

**ARTICLE V**

**CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND ISSUANCE OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS**

Section 5.1 Organizational Transactions. In connection with the formation of the Partnership under the Delaware Act, the General Partner made an initial Capital Contribution to the Partnership in the amount of \$10,000 and was admitted as the General Partner and NEE Equity made an initial Capital Contribution to the Partnership in the amount of \$100 and was admitted as a Limited Partner of the Partnership.

(a) On the Closing Date and pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement, each IPO Underwriter contributed cash to the Partnership in exchange for the issuance by the Partnership of Common Units to each IPO Underwriter, all as set forth in the Underwriting Agreement.

A-15

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**Table of Contents**

(b) On the Closing Date, the Partnership made a capital contribution to the Operating Partnership in the amount of \$ \_\_\_\_\_, in exchange for \_\_\_\_\_ OpCo Common Units.

(c) On the Closing Date, the Partnership purchased \_\_\_\_\_ OpCo Common Units from NEE Equity, for an aggregate purchase price of \$ \_\_\_\_\_.

(d) Upon the exercise, if any, of the Over-Allotment Option, each IPO Underwriter shall contribute cash to the Partnership on the Option Closing Date in exchange for the issuance by the Partnership of Common Units to each IPO Underwriter, all as set forth in the Underwriting Agreement, and the Partnership will use such cash to purchase OpCo Common Units from NEE Equity as set forth in the Purchase Agreement.

(e) No Limited Partner Interests will be issued or issuable as of or at the Closing Date other than (i) the Common Units issued to the IPO Underwriters as described in subparagraphs (a) and (d) in this Section 5.1 and (ii) the Special Voting Units to NEE Equity as described in Section 5.3.

(f) Neither the General Partner nor any Limited Partner will be required to make any additional Capital Contribution to the Partnership pursuant to this Agreement.

**Section 5.2 Interest and Withdrawal.**

No interest shall be paid by the Partnership on Capital Contributions. No Partner shall be entitled to the withdrawal or return of its Capital Contribution, except to the extent, if any, that distributions made pursuant to this Agreement or upon termination of the Partnership may be considered as such by law and then only to the extent provided for in this Agreement. Except to the extent expressly provided in this Agreement, no Partner shall have priority over any other Partner either as to the return of Capital Contributions or as to profits, losses or distributions. Any such return shall be a compromise to which all Partners agree within the meaning of Section 17-502(b) of the Delaware Act.

**Section 5.3 Issuances and Cancellations of Special Voting Units.**

(a) On the date of this Agreement the Partnership shall issue a number of Special Voting Units to NEE Equity equal to the total number of OpCo Common Units held of record by NEE Equity;

(b) In the event that NEE Equity becomes the record holder of an additional OpCo Common Unit or ceases to be the record holder of any OpCo Common Unit (including in connection with any purchase of OpCo Common Units by the Partnership following the exercise of the Over-Allotment Option as described in Section 5.1(d)), the Partnership shall issue Special Voting Units to NEE Equity or cancel Special Voting Units held by NEE Equity such that the number of Special Voting Units held by NEE Equity is equal to the number of OpCo Common Units held by NEE Equity; provided that no Special Voting Units shall be cancelled in connection with a transfer of Special Voting Units by NEE Equity to an Affiliate in accordance with Section 4.5(f). The determination of the General Partner as to the number of OpCo Common Units held of record by NEE Equity and the number of Special Voting Units held by NEE Equity shall be made by the General Partner in its sole discretion absent manifest error, which determination shall be conclusive and binding on all Partners.

**Section 5.4 Issuances of Additional Partnership Interests.**

(a) The Partnership may issue additional Partnership Interests (other than General Partner Interests) and Derivative Partnership Interests for any Partnership purpose at any time and from time to time to such Persons for such consideration and on such terms and conditions as the General Partner shall determine, all without the approval of any



Partner.

A-16

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**Table of Contents**

(b) Each additional Partnership Interest authorized to be issued by the Partnership pursuant to Section 5.5(a) may be issued in one or more classes, or one or more series of any such classes, with such designations, preferences, rights, powers and duties (which may be senior to existing classes and series of Partnership Interests), as shall be fixed by the General Partner, including (i) the right to share in Partnership profits and losses or items thereof; (ii) the right to share in Partnership distributions; (iii) the rights upon dissolution and liquidation of the Partnership; (iv) whether, and the terms and conditions upon which, the Partnership may or shall be required to redeem the Partnership Interest; (v) whether such Partnership Interest is issued with the privilege of conversion or exchange and, if so, the terms and conditions of such conversion or exchange; (vi) the terms and conditions upon which each Partnership Interest will be issued, evidenced by Certificates and assigned or transferred; (vii) the method for determining the Percentage Interest as to such Partnership Interest; and (viii) the right, if any, of each such Partnership Interest to vote on Partnership matters, including matters relating to the relative rights, preferences and privileges of such Partnership Interest.

(c) The General Partner shall take all actions that it determines to be necessary or appropriate in connection with (i) each issuance of Partnership Interests and Derivative Partnership Interests pursuant to this Section 5.5, (ii) the conversion of the Combined Interest into Units pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, (iii) reflecting admission of such additional Limited Partners in the Register as the Record Holders of such Limited Partner Interests and (iv) all additional issuances of Partnership Interests. The General Partner shall determine the relative rights, powers and duties of the holders of the Units or other Partnership Interests being so issued. The General Partner shall do all things necessary to comply with the Delaware Act and is authorized and directed to do all things that it determines to be necessary or appropriate in connection with any future issuance of Partnership Interests or in connection with the conversion of the Combined Interest into Units pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, including compliance with any statute, rule, regulation or guideline of any federal, state or other governmental agency or any National Securities Exchange on which the Units or other Partnership Interests are listed or admitted to trading.

(d) No fractional Units shall be issued by the Partnership.

Section 5.5 Limited Preemptive Right. Except as provided in this Section 5.6 or as otherwise provided in a separate agreement by the Partnership, no Person shall have any preemptive, preferential or other similar right with respect to the issuance of any Partnership Interest, whether unissued, held in the treasury or hereafter created. The General Partner shall have the right, which it may from time to time assign in whole or in part to any of its Affiliates, to purchase Partnership Interests from the Partnership whenever, and on the same terms that, the Partnership issues Partnership Interests to Persons other than the General Partner and its Affiliates, to the extent necessary to maintain the Percentage Interests of the General Partner and its Affiliates equal to that which existed immediately prior to the issuance of such Partnership Interests.

Section 5.6 Splits and Combinations.

(a) Subject to Section 5.6(d), the Partnership may make a Pro Rata distribution of Partnership Interests to all Record Holders or may effect a subdivision or combination of Partnership Interests so long as, after any such event, each Partner shall have the same Percentage Interest in the Partnership as before such event, and any amounts calculated on a per Unit basis or stated as a number of Units are proportionately adjusted, provided, however, that the Partnership may not effect a subdivision or combination of Partnership Interests described in this Section 5.6(a) unless the Operating Partnership also effects an equivalent subdivision or combination.

(b) Whenever such a distribution, subdivision or combination of Partnership Interests is declared, the General Partner shall select a Record Date as of which the distribution, subdivision or combination shall be effective and shall send notice thereof at least 20 days prior to such Record Date to each Record Holder as of a date not less than 10 days prior to the date of such notice (or such shorter periods as required by applicable law). The General Partner also may cause

a firm of independent public accountants selected by it to calculate the number of Partnership Interests to be held by each Record Holder after giving effect to such distribution, subdivision or combination. The General Partner shall be entitled to rely on any certificate provided by such firm as conclusive evidence of the accuracy of such calculation.

A-17

**Table of Contents**

(c) Promptly following any such distribution, subdivision or combination, the Partnership may issue Certificates or uncertificated Partnership Interests to the Record Holders of Partnership Interests as of the applicable Record Date representing the new number of Partnership Interests held by such Record Holders, or the General Partner may adopt such other procedures that it determines to be necessary or appropriate to reflect such changes. If any such combination results in a smaller total number of Partnership Interests Outstanding, the Partnership shall require, as a condition to the delivery to a Record Holder of Partnership Interests represented by Certificates, the surrender of any Certificate held by such Record Holder immediately prior to such Record Date.

(d) The Partnership shall not issue fractional Units upon any distribution, subdivision or combination of Units. If a distribution, subdivision or combination of Units would result in the issuance of fractional Units but for the provisions of Section 5.4(d) and this Section 5.6(d), each fractional Unit shall be rounded to the nearest whole Unit (with fractional Units equal to or greater than a 0.5 Unit being rounded to the next higher Unit).

Section 5.7 Fully Paid and Non-Assessable Nature of Limited Partner Interests. All Limited Partner Interests issued pursuant to, and in accordance with the requirements of, this Article V shall be fully paid and non-assessable Limited Partner Interests in the Partnership, except as such non-assessability may be affected by Sections 17-303, 17-607 or 17-804 of the Delaware Act.

**ARTICLE VI**

**ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS**

Section 6.1 Distributions to Record Holders.

(a) Except as otherwise contemplated by Section 5.4 in respect of other Partnership Interests issued pursuant hereto, within 45 days following the end of each Quarter commencing with the Quarter ending on September 30, 2014 an amount equal to 100% of Available Cash with respect to such Quarter shall be distributed in accordance with this Article VI by the Partnership to the Partners as of the Record Date selected by the General Partner. All distributions required to be made under this Agreement shall be made subject to Sections 17-607 and 17-804 of the Delaware Act.

(b) The Partnership will make distributions to all Common Unitholders, Pro Rata.

(c) Notwithstanding Section 6.1(a), in the event of the dissolution and liquidation of the Partnership, all cash received during or after the Quarter in which the Liquidation Date occurs shall be applied and distributed solely in accordance with, and subject to the terms and conditions of, Section 12.4.

(d) Each distribution in respect of a Partnership Interest shall be paid by the Partnership, directly or through the Transfer Agent or through any other Person or agent, only to the Record Holder of such Partnership Interest as of the Record Date set for such distribution. Such payment shall constitute full payment and satisfaction of the Partnership's liability in respect of such payment, regardless of any claim of any Person who may have an interest in such payment by reason of an assignment or otherwise.

**ARTICLE VII**

**MANAGEMENT AND OPERATION OF BUSINESS**

Section 7.1 Management.

(a) Except as delegated to the Manager Group (as defined in the Management Services Agreement) as set forth in the Management Services Agreement or as otherwise provided therein, the General Partner shall conduct, direct and manage all activities of the Partnership. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, but without limitation on the ability of the General Partner to delegate its rights and power to other

A-18

**Table of Contents**

Persons, all management powers over the business and affairs of the Partnership shall be exclusively vested in the General Partner and no Limited Partner in its capacity as such shall have any management power over the business and affairs of the Partnership. In addition to the powers now or hereafter granted to a general partner of a limited partnership under applicable law or that are granted to the General Partner under any other provision of this Agreement, the General Partner, subject to Section 7.3, shall have full power and authority to do all things and on such terms as it determines to be necessary or appropriate to conduct the business of the Partnership, to exercise all powers set forth in Section 2.5 and to effectuate the purposes set forth in Section 2.4, including the following:

- (i) the making of any expenditures, the lending or borrowing of money, the assumption or guarantee of, or other contracting for, indebtedness and other liabilities, the issuance of evidences of indebtedness, including indebtedness that is convertible into or exchangeable for Partnership Interests, and the incurring of any other obligations;
- (ii) the making of tax, regulatory and other filings or rendering of periodic or other reports to governmental or other agencies having jurisdiction over the business or assets of the Partnership;
- (iii) the acquisition, disposition, mortgage, pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation or exchange of any or all of the assets of the Partnership or the merger or other combination of the Partnership with or into another Person (the matters described in this clause (iii) being subject, however, to any prior approval that may be required by Section 7.3 and Article XIV);
- (iv) the use of the assets of the Partnership (including cash on hand) for any purpose consistent with the terms of this Agreement, including (A) the financing of the conduct of the operations of the Partnership Group; (B) subject to Section 7.6(a), the lending of funds to other Persons (including other Group Members); (C) the repayment or guarantee of obligations of any Group Member; and (D) the making of capital contributions to any Group Member;
- (v) the negotiation, execution and performance of any contracts, conveyances or other instruments (including instruments that limit the liability of the Partnership under contractual arrangements to all or particular assets of the Partnership, with the other party to the contract having no recourse against the General Partner or its assets other than its interest in the Partnership, even if the same results in the terms of the transaction are less favorable to the Partnership than would otherwise be the case);
- (vi) the distribution of cash held by the Partnership;
- (vii) the selection and dismissal of employees (including employees having titles such as president, vice president, secretary and treasurer ) and agents, internal and outside attorneys, accountants, consultants and contractors and the determination of their compensation and other terms of employment or hiring;
- (viii) the maintenance of insurance for the benefit of the Partnership Group, the Partners and Indemnites;
- (ix) the formation of, or acquisition of an interest in, and the contribution of property and the making of loans to, any further limited or general partnerships, joint ventures, corporations, limited liability companies or other Persons (including the acquisition of interests in, and the contributions of property to, any Group Member from time to time) subject to the restrictions set forth in Section 2.4;
- (x) the control of any matters affecting the rights and obligations of the Partnership, including the bringing and defending of actions at law or in equity and otherwise engaging in the conduct of litigation, arbitration or mediation and the incurring of legal expense and the settlement of claims and litigation;

(xi) the indemnification of any Person against liabilities and contingencies to the extent permitted by law;

(xii) the entering into of listing agreements with any National Securities Exchange and the delisting of some or all of the Limited Partner Interests from, or requesting that trading be suspended on, any such exchange (subject to any prior approval that may be required under Section 4.7);

A-19

**Table of Contents**

(xiii) the purchase, sale or other acquisition or disposition of Partnership Interests, or the issuance of Derivative Partnership Interests;

(xiv) the undertaking of any action in connection with the Partnership's participation in the management of any Group Member; and

(xv) the entering into of agreements with any of its Affiliates to render services to a Group Member or to itself in the discharge of its duties as General Partner of the Partnership.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, the Delaware Act or any applicable law, rule or regulation, each of the Partners and each other Person who may acquire an interest in Partnership Interests hereby (i) approves, ratifies and confirms the execution, delivery and performance by the parties thereto of this Agreement and the Group Member Agreement of each other Group Member, the Management Services Agreement, the Exchange Agreement, the Purchase Agreement and the other agreements described in or filed as exhibits to the IPO Registration Statement that are related to the transactions contemplated by the IPO Registration Statement and to which the Partnership is a party (collectively, the ***Transaction Documents***) (in each case other than this Agreement, without giving effect to any amendments, supplements or restatements thereof entered into after the date such Person becomes bound by the provisions of this Agreement); (ii) agrees that the General Partner (on its own or on behalf of the Partnership) is authorized to execute, deliver and perform the agreements referred to in clause (i) of this sentence and the other agreements, acts, transactions and matters described in or contemplated by the IPO Registration Statement on behalf of the Partnership without any further act, approval or vote of the Partners or the other Persons who may acquire an interest in Partnership Interests or otherwise bound by this Agreement; and (iii) agrees that the execution, delivery or performance by the General Partner, any Group Member or any Affiliate of any of them of this Agreement or any agreement authorized or permitted under this Agreement (including the exercise by the General Partner or any Affiliate of the General Partner of the rights accorded pursuant to Article XV) shall not constitute a breach by the General Partner of any duty or any other obligation of any type whatsoever that the General Partner may owe the Partnership or the Limited Partners or any other Persons under this Agreement (or any other agreements) or of any duty existing at law, in equity or otherwise.

**Section 7.2 Certificate of Limited Partnership.** The General Partner has caused the Certificate of Limited Partnership to be filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware as required by the Delaware Act. The General Partner shall use all reasonable efforts to cause to be filed such other certificates or documents that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate for the formation, continuation, qualification and operation of a limited partnership (or a partnership in which the limited partners have limited liability) in the State of Delaware or any other state in which the Partnership may elect to do business or own property. To the extent the General Partner determines such action to be necessary or appropriate, the General Partner shall file amendments to and restatements of the Certificate of Limited Partnership and do all things to maintain the Partnership as a limited partnership (or a partnership or other entity in which the limited partners have limited liability) under the laws of the State of Delaware or of any other state in which the Partnership may elect to do business or own property. Subject to the terms of Section 3.3(a), the General Partner shall not be required, before or after filing, to deliver or mail a copy of the Certificate of Limited Partnership, any qualification document or any amendment thereto to any Limited Partner.

**Section 7.3 Restrictions on the General Partner's Authority to Sell Assets of the Partnership Group.**

Except as provided in Article XII and Article XIV, the General Partner may not sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of the assets of the Partnership Group, taken as a whole, in a single transaction or a series of related transactions without the approval of holders of a Unit Majority; provided, however, that this provision shall not preclude or limit the General Partner's ability to mortgage, pledge, hypothecate or grant a security interest in all or



substantially all of the assets of the Partnership Group and shall not apply to any forced sale of any or all of the assets of the Partnership Group pursuant to the foreclosure of, or other realization upon, any such encumbrance.

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**Table of Contents**

Section 7.4 Reimbursement of the General Partner.

(a) Except as provided in the Management Services Agreement and elsewhere in this Agreement, the General Partner shall not be compensated for its services as a general partner or managing member of any Group Member.

(b) Subject to the Management Services Agreement, and without duplication, the General Partner shall be reimbursed on a monthly basis, or such other basis as the General Partner may determine, for (i) all direct and indirect expenses it incurs or payments it makes on behalf of the Partnership Group and (ii) all other expenses allocable to the Partnership Group or otherwise incurred by the General Partner or its Affiliates in connection with managing and operating the Partnership Group's business and affairs (including expenses allocated to the General Partner by its Affiliates). The General Partner shall determine the expenses that are allocable to the Partnership Group. Reimbursements pursuant to this Section 7.4 shall be in addition to any reimbursement to the General Partner as a result of indemnification pursuant to Section 7.7. This provision does not affect the ability of the General Partner and its Affiliates to enter into an agreement to provide services to any Group Member for a fee or otherwise than for cost.

(c) The General Partner, without the approval of the Limited Partners (who shall have no right to vote in respect thereof), may propose and adopt on behalf of the Partnership employee benefit plans, employee programs and employee practices (including plans, programs and practices involving the issuance of Partnership Interests or options to purchase or rights, warrants or appreciation rights or phantom or tracking interests relating to Partnership Interests), or cause the Partnership to issue Partnership Interests in connection with, or pursuant to, any employee benefit plan, employee program or employee practice maintained or sponsored by the General Partner or any of its Affiliates in each case for the benefit of employees and directors of the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, in respect of services performed, directly or indirectly, for the benefit of the Partnership Group. The Partnership agrees to issue and sell to the General Partner or any of its Affiliates any Partnership Interests that the General Partner or such Affiliates are obligated to provide to any employees, consultants and directors pursuant to any such employee benefit plans, employee programs or employee practices. Expenses incurred by the General Partner in connection with any such plans, programs and practices (including the net cost to the General Partner or such Affiliates of Partnership Interests purchased by the General Partner or such Affiliates from the Partnership to fulfill options or awards under such plans, programs and practices) shall be reimbursed in accordance with Section 7.4(b). Any and all obligations of the General Partner under any employee benefit plans, employee programs or employee practices adopted by the General Partner as permitted by this Section 7.4(c) shall constitute obligations of the General Partner hereunder and shall be assumed by any successor General Partner approved pursuant to Section 11.1 or Section 11.2 or the transferee of or successor to all of the General Partner's General Partner Interest pursuant to Section 4.6.

Section 7.5 Outside Activities.

(a) The General Partner, for so long as it is the General Partner of the Partnership, (i) agrees that its sole business will be to act as a general partner or managing member, as the case may be, of the Partnership and any other partnership or limited liability company of which the Partnership is, directly or indirectly, a partner or member and to undertake activities that are ancillary or related thereto (including being a Limited Partner in the Partnership) and (ii) shall not engage in any business or activity or incur any debts or liabilities except in connection with or incidental to (A) its performance as general partner or managing member, if any, of one or more Group Members or as described in or contemplated by the IPO Registration Statement or (B) the acquiring, owning or disposing of debt securities or equity interests in any Group Member.

(b) Subject to the terms of Section 7.5(c), each Unrestricted Person (other than the General Partner) shall have the right to engage in businesses of every type and description and other activities for profit and to engage in and possess an interest in other business ventures of any and every type or description, whether in businesses engaged in or

anticipated to be engaged in by any Group Member, independently or with others,

A-21

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**Table of Contents**

including business interests and activities in direct competition with the business and activities of any Group Member, and none of the same shall constitute a breach of this Agreement or any duty otherwise existing at law, in equity or otherwise, to any Group Member or any Partner; provided such Unrestricted Person does not engage in such business or activity using confidential or proprietary information provided by or on behalf of the Partnership to such Unrestricted Person. None of any Group Member, any Limited Partner or any other Person shall have any rights by virtue of this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, or the partnership relationship established hereby in any business ventures of any Unrestricted Person.

(c) Subject to the terms of Sections 7.5(a) and (b), but otherwise notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, (i) the engaging in competitive activities by any Unrestricted Person (other than the General Partner) in accordance with the provisions of this Section 7.5 is hereby approved by the Partnership and all Partners, (ii) it shall be deemed not to be a breach of any duty otherwise existing at law, in equity or otherwise, of the General Partner or any other Unrestricted Person for the Unrestricted Persons (other than the General Partner) to engage in such business interests and activities in preference to or to the exclusion of the Partnership and (iii) the Unrestricted Persons shall have no obligation hereunder or as a result of any duty otherwise existing at law, in equity or otherwise, to present business opportunities to the Partnership. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the doctrine of corporate opportunity, or any analogous doctrine, shall not apply to any Unrestricted Person (including the General Partner). No Unrestricted Person (including the General Partner) who acquires knowledge of a potential transaction, agreement, arrangement or other matter that may be an opportunity for the Partnership, shall have any duty to communicate or offer such opportunity to the Partnership, and such Unrestricted Person (including the General Partner) shall not be liable to the Partnership, to any Limited Partner or any other Person bound by this Agreement for breach of any duty otherwise existing at law, in equity or otherwise, by reason of the fact that such Unrestricted Person (including the General Partner) pursues or acquires for itself, directs such opportunity to another Person or does not communicate such opportunity or information to the Partnership, provided such Unrestricted Person does not engage in such business or activity using confidential or proprietary information provided by or on behalf of the Partnership to such Unrestricted Person.

(d) The General Partner and each of its Affiliates may acquire Units or other Partnership Interests and, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, shall be entitled to exercise, at their option, all rights relating to all Units and/or other Partnership Interests acquired by them. The term Affiliates when used in this Section 7.5(d) with respect to the General Partner shall not include any Group Member.

**Section 7.6 Loans from the General Partner: Loans or Contributions from the Partnership or Group Members.**

(a) The General Partner or any of its Affiliates may lend to any Group Member, and any Group Member may borrow from the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, funds needed or desired by the Group Member for such periods of time and in such amounts as the General Partner may determine; provided, however, that in any such case the lending party may not charge the borrowing party interest at a rate greater than the rate that would be charged the borrowing party or impose terms less favorable to the borrowing party than would be charged or imposed on the borrowing party by unrelated lenders on comparable loans made on an arm's-length basis (without reference to the lending party's financial abilities or guarantees), all as determined by the General Partner. The borrowing party shall reimburse the lending party for any costs (other than any additional interest costs) incurred by the lending party in connection with the borrowing of such funds. For purposes of this Section 7.6(a) and Section 7.6(b), the term Group Member shall include any Affiliate of a Group Member that is controlled by the Group Member.

(b) The Partnership may lend or contribute to any Group Member, and any Group Member may borrow from the Partnership, funds on terms and conditions determined by the General Partner. No Group Member may lend funds to the General Partner or any of its Affiliates (other than another Group Member); provided, however, that Cash Sweep

Withdrawals shall not be subject to this Section 7.6(b).

A-22

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**Table of Contents**

(c) No borrowing by any Group Member or the approval thereof by the General Partner shall be deemed to constitute a breach of any duty or any other obligation of any type whatsoever, expressed or implied, of the General Partner or its Affiliates to the Partnership or the Limited Partners existing hereunder, or existing at law, in equity or otherwise by reason of the fact that the purpose or effect of such borrowing is directly or indirectly to enable distributions to the General Partner or its Affiliates (including in their capacities as Limited Partners) to exceed the General Partner's or its Affiliates' Percentage Interest of the total amount distributed to all Limited Partners.

Section 7.7 Indemnification.

(a) To the fullest extent permitted by law but subject to the limitations expressly provided in this Agreement, all Indemnitees shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Partnership from and against any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities, joint or several, expenses (including legal fees and expenses), judgments, fines, penalties, interest, settlements or other amounts arising from any and all threatened, pending or completed claims, demands, actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, and whether formal or informal and including appeals, in which any Indemnitee may be involved, or is threatened to be involved, as a party or otherwise, by reason of its status as an Indemnitee and acting (or omitting or refraining to act) in such capacity on behalf of or for the benefit of the Partnership; provided, that the Indemnitee shall not be indemnified and held harmless pursuant to this Agreement if there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter for which the Indemnitee is seeking indemnification pursuant to this Agreement, the Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was unlawful; provided, further, no indemnification pursuant to this Section 7.7 shall be available to any Indemnitee (other than a Group Member) with respect to any such Affiliate's obligations pursuant to the Transaction Documents. Any indemnification pursuant to this Section 7.7 shall be made only out of the assets of the Partnership, it being agreed that the General Partner shall not be personally liable for such indemnification and shall have no obligation to contribute or loan any monies or property to the Partnership to enable it to effectuate such indemnification.

(b) To the fullest extent permitted by law, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) incurred by an Indemnitee who is indemnified pursuant to Section 7.7(a) in defending any claim, demand, action, suit or proceeding shall, from time to time, be advanced by the Partnership prior to a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter for which the Indemnitee is seeking indemnification pursuant to this Section 7.7, the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified, upon receipt by the Partnership of any undertaking by or on behalf of the Indemnitee to repay such amount if it shall be ultimately determined that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified as authorized by this Section 7.7.

(c) The indemnification provided by this Section 7.7 shall be in addition to any other rights to which an Indemnitee may be entitled under this Agreement, any other agreement, including the Management Services Agreement, pursuant to any vote of the holders of Outstanding Limited Partner Interests, as a matter of law, in equity or otherwise, both as to actions in the Indemnitee's capacity as an Indemnitee and as to actions in any other capacity (including any capacity under the Underwriting Agreement), and shall continue as to an Indemnitee who has ceased to serve in such capacity and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, successors, assigns and administrators of the Indemnitee.

(d) The Partnership may purchase and maintain (or reimburse the General Partner or its Affiliates for the cost of) insurance, on behalf of the General Partner, its Affiliates and such other Persons as the General Partner shall determine, against any liability that may be asserted against, or expense that may be incurred by, such Person in connection with the Partnership's activities or such Person's activities on behalf of the Partnership, regardless of whether the Partnership would have the power to indemnify such Person against such liability under the provisions of this Agreement.



**Table of Contents**

(e) For purposes of this Section 7.7: (i) the Partnership shall be deemed to have requested an Indemnitee to serve as fiduciary of an employee benefit plan whenever the performance by it of its duties to the Partnership also imposes duties on, or otherwise involves services by, it to the plan or participants or beneficiaries of the plan; (ii) excise taxes assessed on an Indemnitee with respect to an employee benefit plan pursuant to applicable law shall constitute fines within the meaning of Section 7.7(a); and (iii) action taken or omitted by it with respect to any employee benefit plan in the performance of its duties for a purpose reasonably believed by it to be in the best interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plan shall be deemed to be for a purpose that is in the best interests of the Partnership.

(f) In no event may an Indemnitee subject the Limited Partners to personal liability by reason of the indemnification provisions set forth in this Agreement.

(g) An Indemnitee shall not be denied indemnification in whole or in part under this Section 7.7 because the Indemnitee had an interest in the transaction with respect to which the indemnification applies if the transaction was otherwise permitted by the terms of this Agreement.

(h) The provisions of this Section 7.7 are for the benefit of the Indemnitees and their heirs, successors, assigns, executors and administrators and shall not be deemed to create any rights for the benefit of any other Persons.

(i) No amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 7.7 or any provision hereof shall in any manner terminate, reduce or impair the right of any past, present or future Indemnitee to be indemnified by the Partnership, nor the obligations of the Partnership to indemnify any such Indemnitee under and in accordance with the provisions of this Section 7.7 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may arise or be asserted.

Section 7.8 Liability of Indemnitees.

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this Agreement, no Indemnitee shall be liable for monetary damages to the Partnership, the Limited Partners, or any other Persons who have acquired interests in the Partnership Interests, for losses sustained or liabilities incurred as a result of any act or omission of an Indemnitee unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter in question, the Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was criminal.

(b) The General Partner may exercise any of the powers granted to it by this Agreement and perform any of the duties imposed upon it hereunder either directly or by or through its agents, and the General Partner shall not be responsible for any misconduct or negligence on the part of any such agent appointed by the General Partner in good faith.

(c) To the extent that, at law or in equity, an Indemnitee has duties (including fiduciary duties) and liabilities relating thereto to the Partnership or to the Partners, the General Partner and any other Indemnitee acting in connection with the Partnership's business or affairs shall not be liable to the Partnership or to any Partner for its good faith reliance on the provisions of this Agreement.

(d) Any amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 7.8 or any provision hereof shall be prospective only and shall not in any way affect the limitations on the liability of the Indemnitees under this Section 7.8 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may arise or be asserted.



A-24

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**Table of Contents****Section 7.9 Resolution of Conflicts of Interest; Standards of Conduct and Modification of Duties.**

(a) Unless otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement or any Group Member Agreement, whenever a potential conflict of interest exists or arises between the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, on the one hand, and the Partnership, any Group Member or any Partner, on the other, any resolution or course of action by the General Partner or its Affiliates in respect of such conflict of interest shall be permitted and deemed approved by all Partners, and shall not constitute a breach of this Agreement, of any Group Member Agreement, of any agreement contemplated herein or therein, or of any duty stated or implied by law or equity, if the resolution or course of action in respect of such conflict of interest is (i) approved by Special Approval, (ii) approved by the vote of a majority of the Outstanding Common Units (excluding Common Units and Special Voting Units owned by the General Partner and its Affiliates), (iii) determined by the Board of Directors of the General Partner to be on terms no less favorable to the Partnership than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties or (iv) determined by the Board of Directors of the General Partner to be fair and reasonable to the Partnership, taking into account the totality of the relationships between the parties involved (including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to the Partnership). The General Partner shall be authorized but not required in connection with its resolution of such conflict of interest to seek Special Approval or Unitholder approval of such resolution, and the General Partner may also adopt a resolution or course of action that has not received Special Approval or Unitholder approval. Unless otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement or any Group Member Agreement, whenever the General Partner makes a determination to refer or not to refer any potential conflict of interest to the Conflicts Committee for Special Approval or to seek or not to seek Unitholder Approval, then the General Partner shall be entitled, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to make such determination or to take or decline to take such other action free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership or any Limited Partner, and the General Partner shall not, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity, and the General Partner in making such determination or taking or declining to take such other action shall be permitted to do so in its sole and absolute discretion. If Special Approval is sought, then it shall be presumed that, in making its decision, the Conflicts Committee acted in good faith, and if the Board of Directors of the General Partner determines that the resolution or course of action taken with respect to a conflict of interest satisfies either of the standards set forth in clauses (iii) or (iv) above, then it shall be presumed that, in making its decision, the Board of Directors of the General Partner acted in good faith. In any proceeding brought by any Limited Partner or by or on behalf of such Limited Partner or any other Limited Partner or the Partnership challenging any action by the Conflicts Committee with respect to any matter referred to the Conflicts Committee for Special Approval by the General Partner, any action by the Board of Directors of the General Partner in determining whether the resolution or course of action taken with respect to a conflict of interest satisfies either of the standards set forth in clauses (iii) or (iv) above, the Person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding shall have the burden of overcoming the presumption that the Conflicts Committee or the Board of Directors of the General Partner, as applicable, acted in good faith; in all cases subject to the provisions for conclusive determination in Section 7.9(b). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or any duty otherwise existing at law or equity, the existence of the conflicts of interest described in the IPO Registration Statement are hereby approved by all Partners and shall not constitute a breach of this Agreement.

(b) Whenever the General Partner or the Board of Directors, or any committee thereof (including the Conflicts Committee), makes a determination or takes or declines to take any other action, or any Affiliate of the General Partner causes the General Partner to do so, in its capacity as the general partner of the Partnership as opposed to in its individual capacity, whether under this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement or any other agreement, then, unless another express standard is provided for in this Agreement, the General Partner, the Board of Directors or such committee or such Affiliates causing the General Partner to do so, shall make such determination or take or decline to take such other action in good faith and shall not be subject to any other or different standards (including fiduciary

standards) imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at

A-25

**Table of Contents**

equity. A determination or other action or inaction will conclusively be deemed to be in good faith for all purposes of this Agreement, if the Person or Persons making such determination or taking or declining to take such other action subjectively believe that the determination or other action or inaction is in the best interests of the Partnership Group; provided, that if the Board of Directors of the General Partner is making a determination or taking or declining to take an action pursuant to clause (iii) or clause (iv) of the first sentence of Section 7.9(a), then in lieu thereof, such determination or other action or inaction will conclusively be deemed to be in good faith for all purposes of this Agreement if the members of the Board of Directors of the General Partner making such determination or taking or declining to take such other action subjectively believe that the determination or other action or inaction meets the standard set forth in clause (iii) or clause (iv) of the first sentence of Section 7.9(a), as applicable.

(c) Whenever the General Partner makes a determination or takes or declines to take any other action, or any of its Affiliates causes it to do so, in its individual capacity as opposed to in its capacity as the general partner of the Partnership, whether under this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement or any other agreement contemplated hereby or otherwise, then the General Partner, or such Affiliates causing it to do so, are entitled, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to make such determination or to take or decline to take such other action free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership or any Limited Partner, and the General Partner, or such Affiliates causing it to do so, shall not, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity, and the Person or Persons making such determination or taking or declining to take such other action shall be permitted to do so in their sole and absolute discretion. By way of illustration and not of limitation, whenever the phrase, the General Partner at its option, or some variation of that phrase, is used in this Agreement, it indicates that the General Partner is acting in its individual capacity. For the avoidance of doubt, whenever the General Partner votes or transfers its Partnership Interests, or refrains from voting or transferring its Partnership Interests, it shall be acting in its individual capacity.

(d) The General Partner's organizational documents may provide that determinations to take or decline to take any action in its individual, rather than representative, capacity may or shall be determined by its members, if the General Partner is a limited liability company, stockholders, if the General Partner is a corporation, or the members or stockholders of the General Partner's general partner, if the General Partner is a partnership.

(e) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the General Partner and its Affiliates shall have no duty or obligation, express or implied, to (i) sell or otherwise dispose of any asset of the Partnership Group other than in the ordinary course of business or (ii) permit any Group Member to use any facilities or assets of the General Partner and its Affiliates, except as may be provided in contracts entered into from time to time specifically dealing with such use. Any determination by the General Partner or any of its Affiliates to enter into such contracts shall be at its option.

(f) Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement or required by the Delaware Act, neither the General Partner nor any other Indemnitee shall have any duties or liabilities, including fiduciary duties, to the Partnership or any Limited Partner and the provisions of this Agreement, to the extent that they restrict, eliminate or otherwise modify the duties and liabilities, including fiduciary duties, of the General Partner or any other Indemnitee otherwise existing at law or in equity, are agreed by the Partners to replace such other duties and liabilities of the General Partner or such other Indemnitee.

(g) The Unitholders hereby authorize the General Partner, on behalf of the Partnership as a general partner or managing member of a Group Member, to approve actions by the general partner or managing member of such Group Member similar to those actions permitted to be taken by the General Partner pursuant to this Section 7.9.



**Table of Contents**

Section 7.10 Other Matters Concerning the General Partner.

(a) The General Partner and any other Indemnitee may rely and shall be protected in acting or refraining from acting upon any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, consent, order, bond, debenture or other paper or document believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties.

(b) The General Partner and any other Indemnitee may consult with legal counsel, accountants, appraisers, management consultants, investment bankers and other consultants and advisers selected by it, and any act taken or omitted to be taken in reliance upon the advice or opinion (including an Opinion of Counsel) of such Persons as to matters that the General Partner or such Indemnitee, respectively, reasonably believes to be within such Person's professional or expert competence shall be conclusively presumed to have been done or omitted in good faith and in accordance with such advice or opinion.

(c) The General Partner shall have the right, in respect of any of its powers or obligations hereunder, to act through any of its duly authorized officers, a duly appointed attorney or attorneys-in-fact or the duly authorized officers of the Partnership or any Group Member.

Section 7.11 Purchase or Sale of Partnership Interests. The General Partner may cause the Partnership to purchase or otherwise acquire Partnership Interests or Derivative Partnership Interests. As long as Partnership Interests are held by any Group Member, such Partnership Interests shall not be considered Outstanding for any purpose, except as otherwise provided herein. The General Partner or any Affiliate of the General Partner may also purchase or otherwise acquire and sell or otherwise dispose of Partnership Interests for its own account, subject to the provisions of Articles IV and X.

Section 7.12 Reliance by Third Parties. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, any Person (other than the General Partner and its Affiliates) dealing with the Partnership shall be entitled to assume that the General Partner and any officer of the General Partner authorized by the General Partner to act on behalf of and in the name of the Partnership has full power and authority to encumber, sell or otherwise use in any manner any and all assets of the Partnership and to enter into any authorized contracts on behalf of the Partnership, and such Person shall be entitled to deal with the General Partner or any such officer as if it were the Partnership's sole party in interest, both legally and beneficially. Each Limited Partner hereby waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any and all defenses or other remedies that may be available against such Person to contest, negate or disaffirm any action of the General Partner or any such officer in connection with any such dealing. In no event shall any Person (other than the General Partner and its Affiliates) dealing with the General Partner or any such officer or its representatives be obligated to ascertain that the terms of this Agreement have been complied with or to inquire into the necessity or expedience of any act or action of the General Partner or any such officer or its representatives. Each and every certificate, document or other instrument executed on behalf of the Partnership by the General Partner or its representatives shall be conclusive evidence in favor of any and every Person relying thereon or claiming thereunder that (a) at the time of the execution and delivery of such certificate, document or instrument, this Agreement was in full force and effect, (b) the Person executing and delivering such certificate, document or instrument was duly authorized and empowered to do so for and on behalf of the Partnership and (c) such certificate, document or instrument was duly executed and delivered in accordance with the terms and provisions of this Agreement and is binding upon the Partnership.

**ARTICLE VIII**

**BOOKS, RECORDS, ACCOUNTING AND REPORTS**

Section 8.1 Records and Accounting. The General Partner shall keep or cause to be kept at the principal office of the Partnership appropriate books and records with respect to the Partnership's business, including the Register and all other books and records necessary to provide to the Limited Partners any information required to be provided pursuant to Section 3.3(a). Any books and records maintained by or on behalf of the Partnership in

A-27

## **Table of Contents**

the regular course of its business, including the Register, books of account and records of Partnership proceedings, may be kept on, or be in the form of, computer disks, hard drives, punch cards, magnetic tape, photographs, micrographics or any other information storage device; provided, that the books and records so maintained are convertible into clearly legible written form within a reasonable period of time. The books of the Partnership shall be maintained, for financial reporting purposes, on an accrual basis in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The Partnership shall not be required to keep books maintained on a cash basis and the General Partner shall be permitted to calculate cash-based measures by making such adjustments to its accrual basis books to account for non-cash items and other adjustments as the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate.

Section 8.2 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Partnership shall be a fiscal year ending December 31.

Section 8.3 Reports.

(a) Whether or not the Partnership is subject to the requirement to file reports with the Commission, as soon as practicable, but in no event later than 105 days after the close of each fiscal year of the Partnership (or such shorter period as required by the Commission), the General Partner shall cause to be mailed or made available, by any reasonable means (including posting on or accessible through the Partnership's or the Commission's website) to each Record Holder of a Unit as of a date selected by the General Partner, an annual report containing financial statements of the Partnership for such fiscal year of the Partnership, presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP, including a balance sheet and statements of operations, Partnership equity and cash flows, such statements to be audited by a firm of independent public accountants selected by the General Partner, and such other information as may be required by applicable law, regulation or rule of the Commission or any National Securities Exchange on which the Units are listed or admitted to trading, or as the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate.

(b) Whether or not the Partnership is subject to the requirement to file reports with the Commission, as soon as practicable, but in no event later than 50 days after the close of each Quarter (or such shorter period as required by the Commission) except the last Quarter of each fiscal year, the General Partner shall cause to be mailed or made available, by any reasonable means (including posting on or accessible through the Partnership's or the Commission's website) to each Record Holder of a Unit, as of a date selected by the General Partner, a report containing unaudited financial statements of the Partnership and such other information as may be required by applicable law, regulation or rule of the Commission or any National Securities Exchange on which the Units are listed or admitted to trading, or as the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate.

## **ARTICLE IX**

### **TAX MATTERS**

Section 9.1 Tax Characterizations, Elections and Information

(a) The Partnership is authorized and has elected to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

(b) The General Partner shall determine whether the Partnership shall make any other tax elections permitted by the Code or state, local or foreign tax law.

(c) The tax information reasonably required by Record Holders for U.S. federal income tax reporting purposes shall be furnished to Record Holders on or before the date required under the Code and treasury regulations thereunder.



Section 9.2 Withholding. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the General Partner is authorized to take any action that may be required to cause the Partnership and other Group Members to comply with any withholding requirements established under the Code or any other federal, state or local law including

**Table of Contents**

pursuant to Sections 1441, 1442, 1445, 1471 and 1472 of the Code, or established under any foreign law. To the extent that the Partnership is required or elects to withhold and pay over to any taxing authority any amount resulting from the allocation or distribution of income to any Partner, the General Partner may treat the amount withheld as a distribution of cash pursuant to Section 6.1 in the amount of such withholding from such Partner.

**ARTICLE X**

**ADMISSION OF PARTNERS**

Section 10.1 Admission of Limited Partners.

(a) Upon the issuance by the Partnership of Special Voting Units to NEE Equity on the Closing Date, NEE Equity shall, by acceptance of the Special Voting Units, and upon becoming the Record Holder of such Special Voting Units, be admitted to the Partnership as an Initial Limited Partner in respect of the Special Voting Units issued to it.

(b) Upon the issuance by the Partnership of Common Units to the IPO Underwriters on the Closing Date, such Persons shall, by acceptance of such Partnership Interests, and upon becoming the Record Holders of such Partnership Interests, be admitted to the Partnership as Initial Limited Partners in respect of the Common Units issued to them and be bound by this Agreement, all with or without execution of this Agreement by such Persons.

(c) By acceptance of any Limited Partner Interests transferred in accordance with Article IV or acceptance of any Limited Partner Interests issued pursuant to Article V or pursuant to a merger, consolidation or conversion pursuant to Article XIV, each transferee of, or other such Person acquiring, a Limited Partner Interest (including any nominee, agent or representative acquiring such Limited Partner Interests for the account of another Person or Group, which nominee, agent or representative shall be subject to Section 10.1(d) below) (i) shall be admitted to the Partnership as a Limited Partner with respect to the Limited Partner Interests so transferred or issued to such Person when such Person becomes the Record Holder of the Limited Partner Interests so transferred or acquired, (ii) shall become bound, and shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound, by the terms of this Agreement, (iii) shall be deemed to represent that the transferee or acquirer has the capacity, power and authority to enter into this Agreement and (iv) shall be deemed to make any consents, acknowledgements or waivers contained in this Agreement, all with or without execution of this Agreement by such Person. The transfer of any Limited Partner Interests and the admission of any new Limited Partner shall not constitute an amendment to this Agreement. A Person may become a Limited Partner without the consent or approval of any of the Partners. A Person may not become a Limited Partner without acquiring a Limited Partner Interest and becoming the Record Holder of such Limited Partner Interest.

(d) With respect to Units that are held for a Person's account by another Person that is the Record Holder (such as a broker, dealer, bank, trust company or clearing corporation, or an agent of any of the foregoing), such Record Holder shall, in exercising the rights of a Limited Partner in respect of such Units, including the right to vote, on any matter, and unless the arrangement between such Persons provides otherwise, take all action as a Limited Partner by virtue of being the Record Holder of such Units in accordance with the direction of the Person who is the beneficial owner of such Units, and the Partnership shall be entitled to assume such Record Holder is so acting without further inquiry. The provisions of this Section 10.1(d) are subject to the provisions of Section 4.3.

(e) The name and mailing address of each Record Holder shall be listed in the Register. The General Partner shall update the Register from time to time as necessary to reflect accurately the information therein (or shall cause the Transfer Agent to do so, as applicable).

(f) Any transfer of a Limited Partner Interest shall not entitle the transferee to share in the profits and losses, to receive distributions, to receive allocations of income, gain, loss, deduction or credit or any similar item or to any other rights to which the transferor was entitled until the transferee becomes a Limited Partner pursuant to Section 10.1(b).

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**Table of Contents**

Section 10.2 Admission of Successor General Partner. A successor General Partner approved pursuant to Section 11.1 or Section 11.2 or the transferee of or successor to all of the General Partner Interest pursuant to Section 4.6 who is proposed to be admitted as a successor General Partner shall be admitted to the Partnership as the General Partner, effective immediately prior to the withdrawal or removal of the predecessor or transferring General Partner, pursuant to Section 11.1 or 11.2 or the transfer of the General Partner Interest pursuant to Section 4.6, provided, however, that no such successor shall be admitted to the Partnership until compliance with the terms of Section 4.6 has occurred and such successor has executed and delivered such other documents or instruments as may be required to effect such admission. Any such successor is hereby authorized to and shall, subject to the terms hereof, carry on the business of the members of the Partnership Group without dissolution.

Section 10.3 Amendment of Agreement and Certificate of Limited Partnership. To effect the admission to the Partnership of any Partner, the General Partner shall take all steps necessary or appropriate under the Delaware Act to amend the Register and any other records of the Partnership to reflect such admission and, if necessary, to prepare as soon as practicable an amendment to this Agreement and, if required by law, the General Partner shall prepare and file an amendment to the Certificate of Limited Partnership.

**ARTICLE XI**

**WITHDRAWAL OR REMOVAL OF PARTNERS**

Section 11.1 Withdrawal of the General Partner.

(a) The General Partner shall be deemed to have withdrawn from the Partnership upon the occurrence of any one of the following events (each such event herein referred to as an Event of Withdrawal );

(i) The General Partner voluntarily withdraws from the Partnership by giving written notice to the other Partners pursuant to Section 11.1(b);

(ii) The General Partner transfers all of its General Partner Interest pursuant to Section 4.6;

(iii) The General Partner is removed pursuant to Section 11.2;

(iv) The General Partner (A) makes a general assignment for the benefit of creditors; (B) files a voluntary bankruptcy petition for relief under Chapter 7 of the United States Bankruptcy Code; (C) files a petition or answer seeking for itself a liquidation, dissolution or similar relief (but not a reorganization) under any law; (D) files an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to contest the material allegations of a petition filed against the General Partner in a proceeding of the type described in clauses (A)-(C) of this Section 11.1(a)(iv); or (E) seeks, consents to or acquiesces in the appointment of a trustee (but not a debtor-in-possession), receiver or liquidator of the General Partner or of all or any substantial part of its properties;

(v) A final and non-appealable order of relief under Chapter 7 of the United States Bankruptcy Code is entered by a court with appropriate jurisdiction pursuant to a voluntary or involuntary petition by or against the General Partner; or

(vi) (A) if the General Partner is a corporation, a certificate of dissolution or its equivalent is filed for the General Partner, or 90 days expire after the date of notice to the General Partner of revocation of its charter without a reinstatement of its charter, under the laws of its state of incorporation; (B) if the General Partner is a partnership or a limited liability company, the dissolution and commencement of winding up of the General Partner; (C) if the General Partner is acting in such capacity by virtue of being a trustee of a trust, the termination of the trust; (D) if the General

Partner is a natural person, his death or adjudication of incompetency; and (E) otherwise upon the termination of the General Partner.

If an Event of Withdrawal specified in Section 11.1(a)(iv), (v) or (vi)(A), (B), (C) or (E) occurs, the withdrawing General Partner shall give notice to the Limited Partners within 30 days after such occurrence. The Partners hereby agree that only the Events of Withdrawal described in this Section 11.1 shall result in the withdrawal of the General Partner from the Partnership.

**Table of Contents**

(b) Withdrawal of the General Partner from the Partnership upon the occurrence of an Event of Withdrawal shall not constitute a breach of this Agreement under the following circumstances: (i) in respect of the Event of Withdrawal specified in Section 11.1(a)(i), at any time during the period beginning on the Closing Date and ending at 12:00 midnight, Eastern Standard Time, on \_\_\_\_\_, 2024, the General Partner voluntarily withdraws by giving at least 90 days advance notice of its intention to withdraw to the Limited Partners; provided, that prior to the effective date of such withdrawal, the withdrawal is approved by Unitholders holding at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units (excluding Common Units and Special Voting Units held by the General Partner and its Affiliates) and the General Partner delivers to the Partnership an Opinion of Counsel ( Withdrawal Opinion of Counsel ) that such withdrawal (following the selection of the successor General Partner) would not result in the loss of the limited liability under the Delaware Act of any Limited Partner; (ii) in respect of the Event of Withdrawal specified in Section 11.1(a)(i), at any time after 12:00 midnight, Eastern Standard Time, on \_\_\_\_\_, 2024, the General Partner voluntarily withdraws by giving at least 90 days advance notice to the Unitholders, such withdrawal to take effect on the date specified in such notice; (iii) at any time that the General Partner ceases to be the General Partner pursuant to Section 11.1(a)(ii) or is removed pursuant to Section 11.2; or (iv) notwithstanding clause (i) of this sentence, at any time that the General Partner voluntarily withdraws by giving at least 90 days advance notice of its intention to withdraw to the Limited Partners, such withdrawal to take effect on the date specified in the notice, if at the time such notice is given one Person and its Affiliates (other than the General Partner and its Affiliates) own beneficially or of record or control at least 50% of the Outstanding Units. The withdrawal of the General Partner from the Partnership upon the occurrence of an Event of Withdrawal shall also constitute the withdrawal of the General Partner as general partner or managing member, if any, to the extent applicable, of the other Group Members. If the General Partner gives a notice of withdrawal pursuant to Section 11.1(a)(i), the holders of a Unit Majority, may, prior to the effective date of such withdrawal, elect a successor General Partner. The Person so elected as successor General Partner shall automatically become the successor general partner or managing member, to the extent applicable, of the other Group Members of which the General Partner is a general partner or a managing member. Any successor General Partner elected in accordance with the terms of this Section 11.1 shall be subject to the provisions of Section 10.2.

Section 11.2 Removal of the General Partner. The General Partner may be removed if such removal is approved by the Unitholders holding at least 66 2/3% of the Outstanding Units (including Units held by the General Partner and its Affiliates) voting as a single class. Any such action by such holders for removal of the General Partner must also provide for the election of a successor General Partner by the holders of a Unit Majority. Such removal shall be effective immediately following the admission of a successor General Partner pursuant to Section 10.2. The removal of the General Partner shall also automatically constitute the removal of the General Partner as general partner or managing member, to the extent applicable, of the other Group Members of which the General Partner is a general partner or a managing member. If a Person is elected as a successor General Partner in accordance with the terms of this Section 11.2, such Person shall, upon admission pursuant to Section 10.2, automatically become a successor general partner or managing member, to the extent applicable, of the other Group Members of which the General Partner is a general partner or a managing member. The right of the holders of Outstanding Units, voting together as a single class, to remove the General Partner shall not exist or be exercised unless the Partnership has received an opinion opining as to the matters covered by a Withdrawal Opinion of Counsel. Any successor General Partner elected in accordance with the terms of this Section 11.2 shall be subject to the provisions of Section 10.2.

Section 11.3 Interest of Departing General Partner and Successor General Partner.

(a) In the event of (i) withdrawal of the General Partner under circumstances where such withdrawal does not violate this Agreement or (ii) removal of the General Partner by the holders of Outstanding Units under circumstances where Cause does not exist, if the successor General Partner is elected in accordance with the terms of Section 11.1 or Section 11.2, the Departing General Partner shall have the option, exercisable prior to the effective date of the withdrawal or removal of such Departing General Partner, to require its successor to purchase its General Partner

Interest and its or its Affiliates general partner interest (or equivalent interest), if

A-31

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**Table of Contents**

any, in the other Group Members (collectively, the Combined Interest ) in exchange for an amount in cash equal to the fair market value of such Combined Interest, such amount to be determined and payable as of the effective date of its withdrawal or removal. If the General Partner is removed by the Unitholders under circumstances where Cause exists or if the General Partner withdraws under circumstances where such withdrawal violates this Agreement, and if a successor General Partner is elected in accordance with the terms of Section 11.1 or Section 11.2 (or if the business of the Partnership is continued pursuant to Section 12.2 and the successor General Partner is not the former General Partner), such successor shall have the option, exercisable prior to the effective date of the withdrawal or removal of such Departing General Partner (or, in the event the business of the Partnership is continued, prior to the date the business of the Partnership is continued), to purchase the Combined Interest for such fair market value of such Combined Interest. In either event, the Departing General Partner shall be entitled to receive all reimbursements due such Departing General Partner pursuant to Section 7.4, including any employee-related liabilities (including severance liabilities), incurred in connection with the termination of any employees employed by the Departing General Partner or its Affiliates (other than any Group Member) for the benefit of the Partnership or the other Group Members.

For purposes of this Section 11.3(a), the fair market value of the Combined Interest shall be determined by agreement between the Departing General Partner and its successor or, failing agreement within 30 days after the effective date of such Departing General Partner's withdrawal or removal, by an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert that is selected by the Departing General Partner and its successor and that, in turn, may rely on other experts, and the determination by which shall be conclusive as to such matter. If such parties cannot agree upon one independent investment banking firm or other independent expert within 45 days after the effective date of such withdrawal or removal, then the Departing General Partner shall designate an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert, the Departing General Partner's successor shall designate an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert, and such firms or experts shall mutually select a third independent investment banking firm or independent expert, which third independent investment banking firm or other independent expert shall determine the fair market value of the Combined Interest. In making its determination, such third independent investment banking firm or other independent expert may consider the then-current trading price of Units on any National Securities Exchange on which Units are then listed or admitted to trading, the value of the Partnership's assets, the rights and obligations of the Departing General Partner, the value of the General Partner Interest and other factors it may deem relevant.

(b) If the Combined Interest is not purchased in the manner set forth in Section 11.3(a), the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) shall become a Limited Partner and its Combined Interest shall be converted into Common Units pursuant to a valuation made by an investment banking firm or other independent expert selected pursuant to Section 11.3(a), without reduction in such Partnership Interest (but subject to proportionate dilution by reason of the admission of its successor). Any successor General Partner shall indemnify the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) as to all debts and liabilities of the Partnership arising on or after the date on which the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) becomes a Limited Partner. For purposes of this Agreement, conversion of the Combined Interest of the Departing General Partner to Common Units will be characterized as if the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) contributed its Combined Interest to the Partnership in exchange for the newly issued Common Units.

(c) If a successor General Partner is elected in accordance with the terms of Section 11.1 or Section 11.2 (or if the business of the Partnership is continued pursuant to Section 12.2 and the successor General Partner is not the former General Partner) and the option described in Section 11.3(a) is not exercised by the party entitled to do so, the successor General Partner shall, at the effective date of its admission to the Partnership, contribute to the Partnership cash in the amount equal to the product of (x) the quotient obtained by dividing (A) the Percentage Interest of the General Partner Interest of the Departing General Partner by (B) a percentage equal to 100% less the Percentage



Interest of the General Partner Interest of the Departing General Partner and (y) the Fair Market Value of the Partnership's assets on such date, net of Liabilities.

(d) In such event, such successor General Partner shall, subject to the following sentence, be entitled to its Percentage Interest of all Partnership allocations and distributions to which the Departing General Partner was

A-32

**Table of Contents**

entitled. In addition, the successor General Partner shall cause this Agreement to be amended to reflect that, from and after the date of such successor General Partner's admission, the successor General Partner's interest in all Partnership distributions and allocations shall be its Percentage Interest.

Section 11.4 Withdrawal of Limited Partners. No Limited Partner shall have any right to withdraw from the Partnership; provided, however, that when a transferee of a Limited Partner's Limited Partner Interest becomes a Record Holder of the Limited Partner Interest so transferred, such transferring Limited Partner shall cease to be a Limited Partner with respect to the Limited Partner Interest so transferred.

**ARTICLE XII**

**DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION**

Section 12.1 Dissolution. The Partnership shall not be dissolved by the admission of additional Limited Partners or by the admission of a successor General Partner in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. Upon the removal or withdrawal of the General Partner, if a successor General Partner is elected pursuant to Section 11.1, Section 11.2 or Section 12.2, the Partnership shall not be dissolved and such successor General Partner shall continue the business of the Partnership. The Partnership shall dissolve, and (subject to Section 12.2) its affairs shall be wound up, upon:

- (a) an Event of Withdrawal of the General Partner as provided in Section 11.1(a) (other than Section 11.1(a)(ii)), unless a successor is elected and a Withdrawal Opinion of Counsel is received as provided in Section 11.1(b) or 11.2 and such successor is admitted to the Partnership pursuant to Section 10.2;
- (b) an election to dissolve the Partnership by the General Partner that is approved by the holders of a Unit Majority;
- (c) the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of the Partnership pursuant to the provisions of the Delaware Act; or
- (d) at any time there are no Limited Partners, unless the Partnership is continued without dissolution in accordance with the Delaware Act.

Section 12.2 Continuation of the Business of the Partnership After Dissolution. Upon (a) dissolution of the Partnership following an Event of Withdrawal caused by the withdrawal or removal of the General Partner as provided in Section 11.1(a)(i) or (iii) and the failure of the Partners to select a successor to such Departing General Partner pursuant to Section 11.1 or Section 11.2, then, to the maximum extent permitted by law, within 90 days thereafter, or (b) dissolution of the Partnership upon an event constituting an Event of Withdrawal as defined in Section 11.1(a)(iv), (v) or (vi), then, to the maximum extent permitted by law, within 180 days thereafter, the holders of a Unit Majority may elect to continue the business of the Partnership on the same terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement by appointing as a successor General Partner a Person approved by the holders of a Unit Majority. Unless such an election is made within the applicable time period as set forth above, the Partnership shall conduct only activities necessary to wind up its affairs. If such an election is so made, then:

- (i) the Partnership shall continue without dissolution unless earlier dissolved in accordance with this Article XII;
- (ii) if the successor General Partner is not the former General Partner, then the interest of the former General Partner shall be treated in the manner provided in Section 11.3; and
- (iii) the successor General Partner shall be admitted to the Partnership as General Partner, effective as of the Event of Withdrawal, by agreeing in writing to be bound by this Agreement;

A-33

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**Table of Contents**

provided, that the right of the holders of a Unit Majority to approve a successor General Partner and to continue the business of the Partnership shall not exist and may not be exercised unless the Partnership has received an Opinion of Counsel that (x) the exercise of the right would not result in the loss of limited liability of any Limited Partner under the Delaware Act.

Section 12.3 Liquidator. Upon dissolution of the Partnership in accordance with the provisions of Article XII, the General Partner shall select one or more Persons to act as Liquidator. The Liquidator (if other than the General Partner) shall be entitled to receive such compensation for its services as may be approved by holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units and Special Voting Units, voting together as a single class. The Liquidator (if other than the General Partner) shall agree not to resign at any time without 15 days prior notice and may be removed at any time, with or without cause, by notice of removal approved by holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units and Special Voting Units, voting together as a single class. Upon dissolution, removal or resignation of the Liquidator, a successor and substitute Liquidator (who shall have and succeed to all rights, powers and duties of the original Liquidator) shall within 30 days thereafter be approved by holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units and Special Voting Units, voting together as a single class. The right to approve a successor or substitute Liquidator in the manner provided herein shall be deemed to refer also to any such successor or substitute Liquidator approved in the manner herein provided. Except as expressly provided in this Article XII, the Liquidator approved in the manner provided herein shall have and may exercise, without further authorization or consent of any of the parties hereto, all of the powers conferred upon the General Partner under the terms of this Agreement (but subject to all of the applicable limitations, contractual and otherwise, upon the exercise of such powers, other than the limitation on sale set forth in Section 7.3) necessary or appropriate to carry out the duties and functions of the Liquidator hereunder for and during the period of time required to complete the winding up and liquidation of the Partnership as provided for herein.

Section 12.4 Liquidation. The Liquidator shall proceed to dispose of the assets of the Partnership, discharge its liabilities and otherwise wind up its affairs in such manner and over such period as determined by the Liquidator, subject to Section 17-804 of the Delaware Act and the following:

(a) The assets may be disposed of by public or private sale or by distribution in kind to one or more Partners on such terms as the Liquidator and such Partner or Partners may agree. If any property is distributed in kind, the Partner receiving the property shall be deemed for purposes of Section 12.4(c) to have received cash equal to its Fair Market Value, net of Liabilities; and contemporaneously therewith, appropriate cash distributions must be made to the other Partners. The Liquidator may defer liquidation or distribution of the Partnership's assets for a reasonable time if it determines that an immediate sale or distribution of all or some of the Partnership's assets would be impractical or would cause undue loss to the Partners. The Liquidator may distribute the Partnership's assets, in whole or in part, in kind if it determines that a sale would be impractical or would cause undue loss to the Partners.

(b) Liabilities of the Partnership include amounts owed to the Liquidator as compensation for serving in such capacity (subject to the terms of Section 12.3) and amounts to Partners otherwise than in respect of their distribution rights under Article VI. With respect to any liability that is contingent, conditional or unmatured or is otherwise not yet due and payable, the Liquidator shall either settle such claim for such amount as it thinks appropriate or establish a reserve of cash or other assets to provide for its payment. When paid, any unused portion of the reserve shall be distributed as additional liquidation proceeds.

(c) All property and all cash in excess of that required to discharge liabilities as provided in Section 12.4(b) shall be distributed to the Partners in accordance with the priorities for distributions set forth in Article VI, and such distribution shall be made by the end of such taxable period (or, if later, within 90 days after said date of such occurrence).

Section 12.5 Cancellation of Certificate of Limited Partnership. Upon the completion of the distribution of Partnership cash and property as provided in Section 12.4 in connection with the liquidation of the Partnership,

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**Table of Contents**

the Certificate of Limited Partnership and all qualifications of the Partnership as a foreign limited partnership in jurisdictions other than the State of Delaware shall be canceled and such other actions as may be necessary to terminate the Partnership shall be taken.

Section 12.6 Return of Contributions. The General Partner shall not be personally liable for, and shall have no obligation to contribute or loan any monies or property to the Partnership to enable it to effectuate, the return of the Capital Contributions of the Limited Partners or Unitholders, or any portion thereof, it being expressly understood that any such return shall be made solely from assets of the Partnership.

Section 12.7 Waiver of Partition. To the maximum extent permitted by law, each Partner hereby waives any right to partition of the Partnership property.

**ARTICLE XIII**

**AMENDMENT OF PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT; MEETINGS; RECORD DATE; VOTING**

Section 13.1 Amendments to be Adopted Solely by the General Partner. Each Partner agrees that the General Partner, without the approval of any Partner, may amend any provision of this Agreement and execute, swear to, acknowledge, deliver, file and record whatever documents may be required in connection therewith, to reflect:

- (a) a change in the name of the Partnership, the location of the principal office of the Partnership, the registered agent of the Partnership or the registered office of the Partnership;
- (b) admission, substitution, withdrawal or removal of Partners in accordance with this Agreement;
- (c) a change that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate to qualify or continue the qualification of the Partnership as a limited partnership or a partnership in which the Limited Partners have limited liability under the laws of any state or to ensure that the Operating Partnership and the Operating Partnership's Subsidiaries will not be treated as associations taxable as corporations or otherwise taxed as entities for federal income tax purposes;
- (d) a change that the General Partner determines (i) does not adversely affect the Limited Partners considered as a whole or any particular class of Partnership Interests as compared to other classes of Partnership Interests in any material respect, (ii) to be necessary or appropriate to (A) satisfy any requirements, conditions or guidelines contained in any opinion, directive, order, ruling or regulation of any federal or state agency or judicial authority or contained in any federal or state statute (including the Delaware Act) or (B) facilitate the trading of the Units (including the division of any class or classes of Outstanding Units into different classes to facilitate uniformity of tax consequences within such classes of Units) or comply with any rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which the Units are or will be listed or admitted to trading, (iii) to be necessary or appropriate in connection with action taken by the General Partner pursuant to Section 5.6 or (iv) is required to effect the intent expressed in the IPO Registration Statement or the intent of the provisions of this Agreement or is otherwise contemplated by this Agreement;
- (e) a change in the fiscal year or taxable year of the Partnership and any other changes that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate as a result of a change in the fiscal year or taxable year of the Partnership including a change in the definition of Quarter and the dates on which distributions are to be made by the Partnership;
- (f) an amendment that is necessary, in the Opinion of Counsel, to prevent the Partnership, or the General Partner or its directors, officers, trustees or agents from in any manner being subjected to the provisions

A-35

**Table of Contents**

of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, or plan asset regulations adopted under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, regardless of whether such are substantially similar to plan asset regulations currently applied or proposed by the United States Department of Labor;

(g) an amendment to lower the percentage thresholds set forth in clauses (a) and (b) of Section 13.13 to 10% that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate to comply with Section 203 of the FPA or an act or order by FERC relating to any Group Member;

(h) an amendment that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate in connection with the authorization or issuance of any class or series of Partnership Interests pursuant to Section 5.5;

(i) any amendment expressly permitted in this Agreement to be made by the General Partner acting alone;

(j) an amendment effected, necessitated or contemplated by a Merger Agreement approved in accordance with Section 14.3;

(k) an amendment that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate to reflect and account for the formation by the Partnership of, or investment by the Partnership in, any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other entity, in connection with the conduct by the Partnership of activities permitted by the terms of Section 2.4;

(l) a merger, conveyance or conversion pursuant to Section 14.3(d); or

(m) any other amendments substantially similar to the foregoing.

Section 13.2 Amendment Procedures. Amendments to this Agreement may be proposed only by the General Partner. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the General Partner shall have no duty or obligation to propose or approve any amendment to this Agreement and may decline to do so free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership, any Limited Partner or any other Person bound by this Agreement, and, in declining to propose or approve an amendment to this Agreement, to the fullest extent permitted by law shall not be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity, and the General Partner in determining whether to propose or approve any amendment to this Agreement shall be permitted to do so in its sole and absolute discretion. An amendment to this Agreement shall be effective upon its approval by the General Partner and, except as otherwise provided by Section 13.1 or Section 13.3, the holders of a Unit Majority, unless a different percentage of Outstanding Units is required under this Agreement. Each proposed amendment that requires the approval of the holders of a specified percentage of Outstanding Units shall be set forth in a writing that contains the text of the proposed amendment. If such an amendment is proposed, the General Partner shall seek the written approval of the requisite percentage of Outstanding Units or call a meeting of the Unitholders to consider and vote on such proposed amendment. The General Partner shall notify all Record Holders upon final adoption of any amendments. The General Partner shall be deemed to have notified all Record Holders as required by this Section 13.2 if it has posted or made accessible such amendment through the Partnership's or the Commission's website.

Section 13.3 Amendment Requirements.



(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 13.1 and Section 13.2, no provision of this Agreement that establishes a percentage of Outstanding Units (including Units deemed owned by the General Partner) required to take any action shall be amended, altered, changed, repealed or rescinded in any respect that would have the effect of (i) in the case of any provision of this Agreement other than Section 11.2 or Section 13.4, reducing such percentage or (ii) in the case of Section 11.2 or Section 13.4, increasing such percentages, unless

A-36

**Table of Contents**

such amendment is approved by the written consent or the affirmative vote of holders of Outstanding Common Units and Special Voting Units, voting together as a single class, whose aggregate Outstanding Common Units and Special Voting Units, voting together as a single class, constitute (x) in the case of a reduction as described in subclause (a)(i) hereof, not less than the voting requirement sought to be reduced, (y) in the case of an increase in the percentage in Section 11.2, not less than 90% of the Outstanding Units or (z) in the case of an increase in the percentage in Section 13.4, not less than a majority of the Outstanding Units.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 13.1 and Section 13.2, no amendment to this Agreement may (i) enlarge the obligations of any Limited Partner without its consent, unless such shall be deemed to have occurred as a result of an amendment approved pursuant to Section 13.3(c) or (ii) enlarge the obligations of, restrict in any way any action by or rights of, or reduce in any way the amounts distributable, reimbursable or otherwise payable to, the General Partner or any of its Affiliates without its consent, which consent may be given or withheld at its option.

(c) Except as provided in Section 14.3, and without limitation of the General Partner's authority to adopt amendments to this Agreement without the approval of any Partner as contemplated in Section 13.1, any amendment that would have a material adverse effect on the rights or preferences of any class of Partnership Interests in relation to other classes of Partnership Interests must be approved by the holders of not less than a majority of the Outstanding Partnership Interests of the class affected.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, any amendment to the provisions relating to the IDR Fee or the Purchase Price Adjustment contained in the Purchase Agreement or the Management Services Agreement that would materially amend, alter, supplement or replace the provisions relating to the IDR Fee or the Purchase Price Adjustment or would otherwise materially adversely affect the holders of the Common Units shall be approved by holders of a Unit Majority.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, prior to the approval by the Partnership, as a holder of OpCo Common Units, of (i) any amendment of the OpCo Partnership Agreement that requires approval by holders of a Unit Majority (as defined therein), such amendment shall also be approved by holders of a Unit Majority hereunder, and (ii) any amendment of the OpCo Partnership Agreement that requires approval by holders of at least 90% of the OpCo Common Units, such amendment shall also be approved by holders of at least 90% of the Outstanding Units hereunder.

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, except for amendments pursuant to Section 13.1 and except as otherwise provided by Section 14.3(b), no amendments shall become effective without the approval of the holders of at least 90% of the Outstanding Units unless the Partnership obtains an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that such amendment will not affect the limited liability of any Limited Partner under applicable partnership law of the state under whose laws the Partnership is organized.

(g) Except as provided in Section 13.1, this Section 13.3 shall only be amended with the approval of the holders of at least 90% of the Outstanding Units; provided that clauses (d) and (e)(i) of this Section 13.3 may be amended with the approval of the holders of a Unit Majority.

Section 13.4 Special Meetings. All acts of Limited Partners to be taken pursuant to this Agreement shall be taken in the manner provided in this Article XIII. Special meetings of the Limited Partners may be called by the General Partner or by Limited Partners owning 20% or more of the Outstanding Units of the class or classes for which a meeting is proposed. Limited Partners shall call a special meeting by delivering to the General Partner one or more requests in writing stating that the signing Limited Partners wish to call a special meeting and indicating the specific purposes for which the special meeting is to be called and the class or classes of Units for which the meeting is

proposed. No business may be brought by any Limited Partner before such special meeting except the business listed in the related request. Within 60 days after receipt of such a call from Limited Partners or within such greater time as may be reasonably necessary for the Partnership to comply with any statutes, rules, regulations, listing agreements or similar requirements governing the holding of a meeting or the solicitation of

A-37

## Table of Contents

proxies for use at such a meeting, the General Partner shall send a notice of the meeting to the Limited Partners either directly or indirectly. A meeting shall be held at a time and place determined by the General Partner on a date not less than 10 days nor more than 60 days after the time notice of the meeting is given as provided in Section 16.1. Limited Partners shall not be permitted to vote on matters that would cause the Limited Partners to be deemed to be taking part in the management and control of the business and affairs of the Partnership so as to jeopardize the Limited Partners limited liability under the Delaware Act or the law of any other state in which the Partnership is qualified to do business. If any such vote were to take place, it shall be deemed null and void to the extent necessary so as not to jeopardize the Limited Partners limited liability under the Delaware Act or the law of any other state in which the Partnership is qualified to do business.

Section 13.5 Notice of a Meeting. Notice of a meeting called pursuant to Section 13.4 shall be given to the Record Holders of the class or classes of Units for which a meeting is proposed in writing by mail or other means of written communication in accordance with Section 16.1.

Section 13.6 Record Date. For purposes of determining the Limited Partners who are Record Holders of the class or classes of Limited Partner Interests entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of the Limited Partners or to give approvals without a meeting as provided in Section 13.11, the General Partner shall set a Record Date, which shall not be less than 10 nor more than 60 days before (a) the date of the meeting (unless such requirement conflicts with any rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which the Units are listed or admitted to trading or U.S. federal securities laws, in which case the rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of such National Securities Exchange or U.S. federal securities laws shall govern) or (b) in the event that approvals are sought without a meeting, the date by which such Limited Partners are requested in writing by the General Partner to give such approvals.

Section 13.7 Postponement and Adjournment. Prior to the date upon which any meeting of Limited Partners is to be held, the General Partner may postpone such meeting one or more times for any reason by giving notice to each Limited Partner entitled to vote at the meeting so postponed of the place, date and hour at which such meeting would be held. Such notice shall be given not fewer than two days before the date of such meeting and otherwise in accordance with this Article XIII. When a meeting is postponed, a new Record Date need not be fixed unless the aggregate amount of such postponement shall be for more than 45 days after the original meeting date. Any meeting of Limited Partners may be adjourned by the General Partner one or more times for any reason, including the failure of a quorum to be present at the meeting with respect to any proposal or the failure of any proposal to receive sufficient votes for approval. No vote of the Limited Partners shall be required for any adjournment. A meeting of Limited Partners may be adjourned by the General Partner as to one or more proposals regardless of whether action has been taken on other matters. When a meeting is adjourned to another time or place, notice need not be given of the adjourned meeting and a new Record Date need not be fixed, if the time and place thereof are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken, unless such adjournment shall be for more than 45 days. If the adjournment is for more than 45 days or if a new Record Date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in accordance with this Article XIII. At any adjourned meeting, the Partnership may transact any business which might have been transacted at the original meeting.

Section 13.8 Waiver of Notice: Approval of Meeting. The transactions of any meeting of Limited Partners, however called and noticed, and whenever held, shall be as valid as if it had occurred at a meeting duly held after call and notice in accordance with Sections 13.4 and 13.5, if a quorum is present either in person or by proxy. Attendance of a Limited Partner at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of the meeting, except when the Limited Partner attends the meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened; and except that attendance at a meeting is not a waiver of any right to disapprove of any matters submitted for consideration or to object to the failure to submit for

consideration any matters required to be included in the notice of the meeting, but not so included, if such objection is expressly made at the beginning of the meeting.

A-38

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**Table of Contents**

Section 13.9 Quorum and Voting. The presence, in person or by proxy, of holders of a majority of the Outstanding Units of the class or classes for which a meeting has been called (including Outstanding Units deemed owned by the General Partner and its Affiliates) shall constitute a quorum at a meeting of Limited Partners of such class or classes unless any such action by the Limited Partners requires approval by holders of a different percentage of such Units, in which case the quorum shall be such different percentage. At any meeting of the Limited Partners duly called and held in accordance with this Agreement at which a quorum is present, the act of Limited Partners holding Outstanding Units that in the aggregate represent a majority of the Outstanding Units entitled to vote at such meeting shall be deemed to constitute the act of all Limited Partners, unless a different percentage is required with respect to such action under the provisions of this Agreement, in which case the act of the Limited Partners holding Outstanding Units that in the aggregate represent at least such different percentage shall be required. The Limited Partners present at a duly called or held meeting at which a quorum is present may continue to transact business until adjournment, notwithstanding the exit of enough Limited Partners to leave less than a quorum, if any action taken (other than adjournment) is approved by the required percentage of Outstanding Units specified in this Agreement.

Section 13.10 Conduct of a Meeting. The General Partner shall have full power and authority concerning the manner of conducting any meeting of the Limited Partners or solicitation of approvals in writing, including the determination of Persons entitled to vote, the existence of a quorum, the satisfaction of the requirements of Section 13.4, the conduct of voting, the validity and effect of any proxies and the determination of any controversies, votes or challenges arising in connection with or during the meeting or voting. The General Partner shall designate a Person to serve as chairman of any meeting and shall further designate a Person to take the minutes of any meeting. All minutes shall be kept with the records of the Partnership maintained by the General Partner. The General Partner may make such other regulations consistent with applicable law and this Agreement as it may deem advisable concerning the conduct of any meeting of the Limited Partners or solicitation of approvals in writing, including regulations in regard to the appointment of proxies, the appointment and duties of inspectors of votes and approvals, the submission and examination of proxies and other evidence of the right to vote, and the submission and revocation of approvals in writing.

Section 13.11 Action Without a Meeting. If authorized by the General Partner, any action that may be taken at a meeting of the Limited Partners may be taken without a meeting if an approval in writing setting forth the action so taken is signed by Limited Partners owning not less than the minimum percentage of the Outstanding Units (including Units deemed owned by the General Partner and its Affiliates), that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all the Limited Partners were present and voted (unless such provision conflicts with any rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which the Units are listed or admitted to trading, in which case the rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of such National Securities Exchange shall govern). Prompt notice of the taking of action without a meeting shall be given to the Limited Partners who have not approved in writing. The General Partner may specify that any written ballot submitted to Limited Partners for the purpose of taking any action without a meeting shall be returned to the Partnership within the time period, which shall be not less than 20 days, specified by the General Partner. If a ballot returned to the Partnership does not vote all of the Outstanding Units held by such Limited Partners, the Partnership shall be deemed to have failed to receive a ballot for the Outstanding Units that were not voted. If approval of the taking of any permitted action by the Limited Partners is solicited by any Person other than by or on behalf of the General Partner, the written approvals shall have no force and effect unless and until (a) approvals sufficient to take the action proposed are deposited with the Partnership in care of the General Partner, (b) approvals sufficient to take the action proposed are dated as of a date not more than 90 days prior to the date sufficient approvals are first deposited with the Partnership and (c) an Opinion of Counsel is delivered to the General Partner to the effect that the exercise of such right and the action proposed to be taken with respect to any particular matter (i) will not cause the Limited Partners to be deemed to be taking part in the management and control of the business and affairs of the Partnership so as to jeopardize the Limited Partners' limited liability, and (ii) is otherwise permissible under the state statutes then governing the rights, duties and liabilities of the

Partnership and the Partners.

A-39

**Table of Contents**

Section 13.12 Right to Vote and Related Matters.

(a) Only those Record Holders of the Outstanding Units on the Record Date set pursuant to Section 13.6 (and also subject to the limitations contained in the definition of Outstanding ) shall be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, a meeting of Limited Partners or to act with respect to matters as to which the holders of the Outstanding Units have the right to vote or to act. All references in this Agreement to votes of, or other acts that may be taken by, the Outstanding Units shall be deemed to be references to the votes or acts of the Record Holders of such Outstanding Units.

(b) With respect to Units that are held for a Person's account by another Person that is the Record Holder (such as a broker, dealer, bank, trust company or clearing corporation, or an agent of any of the foregoing), such Record Holder shall, in exercising the voting rights in respect of such Units on any matter, and unless the arrangement between such Persons provides otherwise, vote such Units in favor of, and in accordance with the direction of, the Person who is the beneficial owner of such Units, and the Partnership shall be entitled to assume such Record Holder is so acting without further inquiry. The provisions of this Section 13.12(b) (as well as all other provisions of this Agreement) are subject to the provisions of Section 4.3.

Section 13.13 Restricted Transactions and Reductions in Voting Power.

(a) If any Person (other than the General Partner and its Affiliates) shall purchase or otherwise acquire Common Units in an amount that would result in such Person, together with any related Group, owning, controlling and/or holding with power to vote 10% or more of then Outstanding Limited Partner Interests such transaction shall be deemed a Restricted Transaction.

(i) The entire amount of Limited Partner Interests held by a Person and any related Group that has engaged in a Restricted Transaction shall not be entitled to vote on any matter.

(ii) To the extent any holder of Limited Partner Interests together with any related Group (other than the General Partner and its Affiliate) is able in the aggregate to exercise 10% or more of the voting power of the Outstanding Limited Partner Interests as the result of the reduction in voting power imposed pursuant to clause (i) or as the result of proportional voting pursuant to this clause (ii), such holder (together with any such Group) shall only be entitled to vote less than 10% of the voting power of the Outstanding Limited Partner Interests and the incremental voting power above this amount shall be voted proportionally with all other votes of the same class of Limited Partner Interests.

(b) The reduction in voting power pursuant to subsections (a)(i) or (a)(ii) of this Section 13.13 shall not apply to (i) any Person or Group who acquired 10% or more of the Outstanding Partnership Interests of any class then Outstanding directly from the General Partner or its Affiliates (other than the Partnership), (ii) any Person or Group who acquired 10% or more of the Outstanding Partnership Interests of any class then Outstanding directly or indirectly from a Person or Group described in clause (i) provided that, upon or prior to such acquisition, the General Partner shall have notified such Person or Group in writing that such limitation shall not apply, or (iii) any Person or Group who acquired 10% or more of any Partnership Interests issued by the Partnership with the prior approval of the Board of Directors of the General Partner.

(c) The 10% threshold set forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this Section 13.13 shall automatically increase to 20% upon approval by FERC of the FERC Application without material restriction or condition, subject to Section 13.1(g).

Section 13.14 Special Voting Units. Each of the Partners and each other Person who may acquire Partnership Interests agrees that the holders of Special Voting Units shall be entitled to receive notice of, be included in any requisite quora for and participate in any and all approvals, votes or other actions of the Partners on an pro rata basis as, and treating



such Persons for all purposes as if they are, Limited Partners holding Common Units, including any and all notices, quora, approvals, votes and other actions that may be taken

A-40

**Table of Contents**

pursuant to the requirements of the Delaware Act or any other applicable law, rule or regulation, except as otherwise explicitly provided hereunder, including in respect of votes requiring approval by holders of a Unit Majority during the Purchase Price Adjustment Period. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of all Special Voting Units voting separately as a class shall be required to alter, amend or repeal this Section 13.14 or to adopt any provision inconsistent therewith.

**ARTICLE XIV**

**MERGER, CONSOLIDATION OR CONVERSION**

Section 14.1 Authority. The Partnership may merge or consolidate with or into one or more corporations, limited liability companies, statutory trusts or associations, real estate investment trusts, common law trusts or unincorporated businesses, including a partnership (whether general or limited (including a limited liability partnership)) or convert into any such entity, whether such entity is formed under the laws of the State of Delaware or any other state of the United States of America, pursuant to a written plan of merger or consolidation ( *Merger Agreement* ) or a written plan of conversion ( *Plan of Conversion* ), as the case may be, in accordance with this Article XIV.

Section 14.2 Procedure for Merger, Consolidation or Conversion.

(a) Merger, consolidation or conversion of the Partnership pursuant to this Article XIV requires the prior consent of the General Partner; provided, however, that, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the General Partner shall have no duty or obligation to consent to any merger, consolidation or conversion of the Partnership and may decline to do so free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership or any Limited Partner and, in declining to consent to a merger, consolidation or conversion, shall not be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity, and the General Partner in determining whether to consent to any merger, consolidation or conversion of the Partnership shall be permitted to do so in its sole and absolute discretion.

(b) If the General Partner shall determine to consent to the merger or consolidation, the General Partner shall approve the Merger Agreement, which shall set forth:

(i) name and state of domicile of each of the business entities proposing to merge or consolidate;

(ii) the name and state of domicile of the business entity that is to survive the proposed merger or consolidation (the Surviving Business Entity );

(iii) the terms and conditions of the proposed merger or consolidation;

(iv) the manner and basis of exchanging or converting the equity securities of each constituent business entity for, or into, cash, property or interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity; and (A) if any general or limited partner interests, securities or rights of any constituent business entity are not to be exchanged or converted solely for, or into, cash, property or general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity, the cash, property or interests, rights, securities or obligations of any general or limited partnership, corporation, trust, limited liability company, unincorporated business or other entity (other than the Surviving Business Entity) which the holders of such general or limited partner interests, securities or rights are to receive in exchange for, or upon conversion of their interests, securities or rights; and (B) in the case of securities represented by certificates, upon the surrender of such certificates, which cash, property or general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity or any general or limited partnership,

corporation, trust, limited liability company, unincorporated business or other entity (other than the Surviving Business Entity), or evidences thereof, are to be delivered;

A-41

**Table of Contents**

(v) a statement of any changes in the constituent documents or the adoption of new constituent documents (the articles or certificate of incorporation, articles of trust, declaration of trust, certificate or agreement of limited partnership, operating agreement or other similar charter or governing document) of the Surviving Business Entity to be effected by such merger or consolidation;

(vi) the effective time of the merger, which may be the date of the filing of the certificate of merger pursuant to Section 14.4 or a later date specified in or determinable in accordance with the Merger Agreement (provided, that if the effective time of the merger is to be later than the date of the filing of such certificate of merger, the effective time shall be fixed at a date or time certain at or prior to the time of the filing of such certificate of merger and stated therein); and

(vii) such other provisions with respect to the proposed merger or consolidation that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate.

(c) If the General Partner shall determine to consent to the conversion, the General Partner shall approve the Plan of Conversion, which shall set forth:

(i) the name of the converting entity and the converted entity;

(ii) a statement that the Partnership is continuing its existence in the organizational form of the converted entity;

(iii) a statement as to the type of entity that the converted entity is to be and the state or country under the laws of which the converted entity is to be incorporated, formed or organized;

(iv) the manner and basis of exchanging or converting the equity securities of each constituent business entity for, or into, cash, property or interests, rights, securities or obligations of the converted entity;

(v) in an attachment or exhibit, the certificate of limited partnership of the Partnership;

(vi) in an attachment or exhibit, the certificate of limited partnership, articles of incorporation, or other organizational documents of the converted entity;

(vii) the effective time of the conversion, which may be the date of the filing of the articles of conversion or a later date specified in or determinable in accordance with the Plan of Conversion (provided, that if the effective time of the conversion is to be later than the date of the filing of such articles of conversion, the effective time shall be fixed at a date or time certain at or prior to the time of the filing of such articles of conversion and stated therein); and

(viii) such other provisions with respect to the proposed conversion that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate.

Section 14.3 Approval by Limited Partners. Except as provided in Section 14.3(d), the General Partner, upon its approval of the Merger Agreement or the Plan of Conversion, as the case may be, shall direct that the Merger Agreement or the Plan of Conversion, as applicable, be submitted to a vote of Limited Partners, whether at a special meeting or by written consent, in either case in accordance with the requirements of Article XIII. A copy or a summary of the Merger Agreement or the Plan of Conversion, as the case may be, shall be included in or enclosed with the notice of a special meeting or the written consent and, subject to any applicable requirements of Regulation 14A pursuant to the Exchange Act or successor provision, no other disclosure regarding the proposed merger, consolidation or conversion shall be required.

(a) Except as provided in Section 14.3(d) and Section 14.3(e), the Merger Agreement or Plan of Conversion, as the case may be, shall be approved upon receiving the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of a Unit Majority unless the Merger Agreement or Plan of Conversion, as the case may be, effects an amendment to any provision of this Agreement that, if contained in an amendment to this Agreement adopted pursuant to Article XIII, would require for its approval the vote or consent of a greater percentage of the Outstanding Units or of any class of Limited Partners, in which case such greater percentage vote or consent shall be required for approval of the Merger Agreement or the Plan of Conversion, as the case may be.

**Table of Contents**

(b) Except as provided in Section 14.3(d) and Section 14.3(e), after such approval by vote or consent of the Limited Partners, and at any time prior to the filing of the certificate of merger or articles of conversion pursuant to Section 14.4, the merger, consolidation or conversion may be abandoned pursuant to provisions therefor, if any, set forth in the Merger Agreement or Plan of Conversion, as the case may be.

(c) Notwithstanding anything else contained in this Article XIV or in this Agreement, the General Partner is permitted, without Limited Partner approval, to convert the Partnership or any Group Member into a new limited liability entity, to merge the Partnership or any Group Member into, or convey all of the Partnership's assets to, another limited liability entity that shall be newly formed and shall have no assets, liabilities or operations at the time of such conversion, merger or conveyance other than those it receives from the Partnership or other Group Member if (i) the General Partner has received an Opinion of Counsel that the conversion, merger or conveyance, as the case may be, would not result in the loss of limited liability under the laws of the jurisdiction governing the other limited liability entity (if that jurisdiction is not Delaware) of any Limited Partner as compared to its limited liability under the Delaware Act or cause the Operating Partnership or the Operating Partnership's Subsidiaries to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for federal income tax purposes (to the extent not previously treated as such), (ii) the sole purpose of such conversion, merger, or conveyance is to effect a mere change in the legal form of the Partnership into another limited liability entity and (iii) the General Partner determines that the governing instruments of the new entity provide the Limited Partners and the General Partner with substantially the same rights and obligations as are herein contained.

(d) Additionally, notwithstanding anything else contained in this Article XIV or in this Agreement, the General Partner is permitted, without Limited Partner approval, to merge or consolidate the Partnership with or into another limited liability entity if (i) the General Partner has received an Opinion of Counsel that the merger or consolidation, as the case may be, would not result in the loss of the limited liability of any Limited Partner under the laws of the jurisdiction governing the other limited liability entity (if that jurisdiction is not Delaware) as compared to its limited liability under the Delaware Act or cause the Operating Partnership or the Operating Partnership's Subsidiaries to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for federal income tax purposes (to the extent not previously treated as such), (ii) the merger or consolidation would not result in an amendment to this Agreement, other than any amendments that could be adopted pursuant to Section 13.1, (iii) the Partnership is the Surviving Business Entity in such merger or consolidation, (iv) each Unit outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of the merger or consolidation is to be an identical Unit of the Partnership after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, and (v) the number of Partnership Interests to be issued by the Partnership in such merger or consolidation does not exceed 20% of the Partnership Interests Outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of such merger or consolidation.

(e) Pursuant to Section 17-211(g) of the Delaware Act, an agreement of merger or consolidation approved in accordance with this Article XIV may (i) effect any amendment to this Agreement or (ii) effect the adoption of a new partnership agreement for the Partnership if it is the Surviving Business Entity. Any such amendment or adoption made pursuant to this Section 14.3 shall be effective at the effective time or date of the merger or consolidation.

Section 14.4 Certificate of Merger or Certificate of Conversion. Upon the required approval by the General Partner and the Unitholders of a Merger Agreement or the Plan of Conversion, as the case may be, a certificate of merger or certificate of conversion or other filing, as applicable, shall be executed and filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware or the appropriate filing office of any other jurisdiction, as applicable, in conformity with the requirements of the Delaware Act or other applicable law.

Section 14.5 Effect of Merger, Consolidation or Conversion.

A-43

**Table of Contents**

(a) At the effective time of the merger:

(i) all of the rights, privileges and powers of each of the business entities that has merged or consolidated, and all property, real, personal and mixed, and all debts due to any of those business entities and all other things and causes of action belonging to each of those business entities, shall be vested in the Surviving Business Entity and after the merger or consolidation shall be the property of the Surviving Business Entity to the extent they were of each constituent business entity;

(ii) the title to any real property vested by deed or otherwise in any of those constituent business entities shall not revert and is not in any way impaired because of the merger or consolidation;

(iii) all rights of creditors and all liens on or security interests in property of any of those constituent business entities shall be preserved unimpaired; and

(iv) all debts, liabilities and duties of those constituent business entities shall attach to the Surviving Business Entity and may be enforced against it to the same extent as if the debts, liabilities and duties had been incurred or contracted by it.

(b) At the effective time of the conversion:

(i) the Partnership shall continue to exist, without interruption, but in the organizational form of the converted entity rather than in its prior organizational form;

(ii) all rights, title, and interests to all real estate and other property owned by the Partnership shall continue to be owned by the converted entity in its new organizational form without reversion or impairment, without further act or deed, and without any transfer or assignment having occurred, but subject to any existing liens or other encumbrances thereon;

(iii) all liabilities and obligations of the Partnership shall continue to be liabilities and obligations of the converted entity in its new organizational form without impairment or diminution by reason of the conversion;

(iv) all rights of creditors or other parties with respect to or against the prior interest holders or other owners of the Partnership in their capacities as such in existence as of the effective time of the conversion will continue in existence as to those liabilities and obligations and may be pursued by such creditors and obligees as if the conversion did not occur;

(v) a proceeding pending by or against the Partnership or by or against any of Partners in their capacities as such may be continued by or against the converted entity in its new organizational form and by or against the prior partners without any need for substitution of parties; and

(vi) the Partnership Interests that are to be converted into partnership interests, shares, evidences of ownership, or other securities in the converted entity as provided in the plan of conversion shall be so converted, and Partners shall be entitled only to the rights provided in the Plan of Conversion.

**ARTICLE XV**

**RIGHT TO ACQUIRE LIMITED PARTNER INTERESTS**



Section 15.1 Right to Acquire Limited Partner Interests.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if at any time the General Partner and its Affiliates hold more than 80% of the total Limited Partner Interests of any class then Outstanding (and treating the Common Units and Special Voting Units as a single class of Limited Partner Interests), the General Partner shall then have the right, which right it may assign and transfer in whole or in part to the Partnership or any Affiliate of the General Partner, exercisable at its option, to purchase all, but not less than all, of such Limited

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**Table of Contents**

Partner Interests of such class (and treating the Common Units and Special Voting Units as a single class of Limited Partner Interests) then Outstanding held by Persons other than the General Partner and its Affiliates, at the greater of (x) the Current Market Price as of the date three Business Days prior to the date that the notice described in Section 15.1(b) is mailed and (y) the highest price paid by the General Partner or any of its Affiliates for any such Limited Partner Interest of such class purchased during the 90-day period preceding the date that the notice described in Section 15.1(b) is mailed.

(b) If the General Partner any Affiliate of the General Partner or the Partnership elects to exercise the right to purchase Limited Partner Interests granted pursuant to Section 15.1(a), the General Partner shall deliver to the applicable Transfer Agent notice of such election to purchase (the Notice of Election to Purchase ) and shall cause the Transfer Agent to mail a copy of such Notice of Election to Purchase to the Record Holders of Limited Partner Interests of such class (as of a Record Date selected by the General Partner), together with such information as may be required by law, rule or regulation, at least 10, but not more than 60, days prior to the Purchase Date. Such Notice of Election to Purchase shall also be filed and distributed as may be required by the Commission or any National Securities Exchange on which such Limited Partner Interests are listed. The Notice of Election to Purchase shall specify the Purchase Date and the price (determined in accordance with Section 15.1(a)) at which Limited Partner Interests will be purchased and state that the General Partner, its Affiliate or the Partnership, as the case may be, elects to purchase such Limited Partner Interests, upon surrender of Certificates representing such Limited Partner Interests, in the case of Limited Partner Interests evidenced by Certificates, or instructions agreeing to such redemption in exchange for payment, at such office or offices of the Transfer Agent as the Transfer Agent may specify, or as may be required by any National Securities Exchange on which such Limited Partner Interests are listed. Any such Notice of Election to Purchase mailed to a Record Holder of Limited Partner Interests at his address as reflected in the Register shall be conclusively presumed to have been given regardless of whether the owner receives such notice. On or prior to the Purchase Date, the General Partner, its Affiliate or the Partnership, as the case may be, shall deposit with the Transfer Agent or exchange agent cash in an amount sufficient to pay the aggregate purchase price of all of such Limited Partner Interests to be purchased in accordance with this Section 15.1. If the Notice of Election to Purchase shall have been duly given as aforesaid at least 10 days prior to the Purchase Date, and if on or prior to the Purchase Date the deposit described in the preceding sentence has been made for the benefit of the holders of Limited Partner Interests subject to purchase as provided herein, then from and after the Purchase Date, notwithstanding that any Certificate or redemption instructions shall not have been surrendered for purchase or provided, respectively, all rights of the holders of such Limited Partner Interests (including any rights pursuant to Article IV, Article V, Article VI, and Article XII) shall thereupon cease, except the right to receive the purchase price (determined in accordance with Section 15.1(a)) for Limited Partner Interests therefor, without interest, upon surrender to the Transfer Agent of the Certificates representing such Limited Partner Interests, in the case of Limited Partner Interests evidenced by Certificates, or instructions agreeing to such redemption, and such Limited Partner Interests shall thereupon be deemed to be transferred to the General Partner, its Affiliate or the Partnership, as the case may be, in the Register, and the General Partner or any Affiliate of the General Partner, or the Partnership, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the Record Holder of all such Limited Partner Interests from and after the Purchase Date and shall have all rights as the Record Holder of such Limited Partner Interests (including all rights as owner of such Limited Partner Interests pursuant to Article IV, Article V, Article VI and Article XII).

(c) In the case of Limited Partner Interests evidenced by Certificates, at any time from and after the Purchase Date, a holder of an Outstanding Limited Partner Interest subject to purchase as provided in this Section 15.1 may surrender his Certificate evidencing such Limited Partner Interest to the Transfer Agent in exchange for payment of the amount described in Section 15.1(a), therefor, without interest thereon, in accordance with procedures set forth by the General Partner.



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**Table of Contents**

**ARTICLE XVI**

**GENERAL PROVISIONS**

Section 16.1 Addresses and Notices; Written Communications.

(a) Any notice, demand, request, report or proxy materials required or permitted to be given or made to a Partner under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed given or made when delivered in person or when sent by first class United States mail or by other means of written communication to the Partner at the address described below. Except as otherwise provided herein, any notice, payment or report to be given or made to a Partner hereunder shall be deemed conclusively to have been given or made, and the obligation to give such notice or report or to make such payment shall be deemed conclusively to have been fully satisfied, upon sending of such notice, payment or report to the Record Holder of such Partnership Interests at his address as shown in the Register, regardless of any claim of any Person who may have an interest in such Partnership Interests by reason of any assignment or otherwise. An affidavit or certificate of making of any notice, payment or report in accordance with the provisions of this Section 16.1 executed by the General Partner, the Transfer Agent or the mailing organization shall be prima facie evidence of the giving or making of such notice, payment or report. If any notice, payment or report addressed to a Record Holder at the address of such Record Holder appearing in the Register is returned by the United States Postal Service marked to indicate that the United States Postal Service is unable to deliver it, such notice, payment or report and any subsequent notices, payments and reports shall be deemed to have been duly given or made without further mailing (until such time as such Record Holder or another Person notifies the Transfer Agent or the Partnership of a change in his address) if they are available for the Partner at the principal office of the Partnership for a period of one year from the date of the giving or making of such notice, payment or report to the other Partners. Any notice to the Partnership shall be deemed given if received by the General Partner at the principal office of the Partnership designated pursuant to Section 2.3. The General Partner may rely and shall be protected in relying on any notice or other document from a Partner or other Person if believed by it to be genuine.

(b) The terms in writing, written communications, written notice and words of similar import shall be deemed satisfied under this Agreement by use of e-mail and other forms of electronic communication.

(c) *Further Action.* The parties shall execute and deliver all documents, provide all information and take or refrain from taking action as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Agreement.

Section 16.2 Binding Effect. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, legal representatives and permitted assigns.

Section 16.3 Integration. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement among the parties hereto pertaining to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings pertaining thereto.

Section 16.4 Creditors. None of the provisions of this Agreement shall be for the benefit of, or shall be enforceable by, any creditor of the Partnership.

Section 16.5 Waiver. No failure by any party to insist upon the strict performance of any covenant, duty, agreement or condition of this Agreement or to exercise any right or remedy consequent upon a breach thereof shall constitute waiver of any such breach of any other covenant, duty, agreement or condition.

Section 16.6 Third-Party Beneficiaries. Each Partner agrees that (a) any Indemnitee shall be entitled to assert rights and remedies hereunder as a third-party beneficiary hereto with respect to those provisions of this Agreement

affording a right, benefit or privilege to such Indemnitee and (b) any Unrestricted Person shall be entitled to assert rights and remedies hereunder as a third-party beneficiary hereto with respect to those provisions of this Agreement affording a right, benefit or privilege to such Unrestricted Person.

A-46

**Table of Contents**

Section 16.7 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, all of which together shall constitute an agreement binding on all the parties hereto, notwithstanding that all such parties are not signatories to the original or the same counterpart. Each party shall become bound by this Agreement immediately upon affixing its signature hereto or, in the case of a Person acquiring a Limited Partner Interest, pursuant to Section 10.1(a) or (b) without execution hereof.

Section 16.8 Applicable Law; Forum; Venue and Jurisdiction; Waiver of Trial by Jury.

(a) This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to the principles of conflicts of law.

(b) Each of the Partners and each Person or Group holding any beneficial interest in the Partnership (whether through a broker, dealer, bank, trust company or clearing corporation or an agent of any of the foregoing or otherwise):

(i) irrevocably agrees that any claims, suits, actions or proceedings (A) arising out of or relating in any way to this Agreement (including any claims, suits or actions to interpret, apply or enforce the provisions of this Agreement or the duties, obligations or liabilities among Partners or of Partners to the Partnership, or the rights or powers of, or restrictions on, the Partners or the Partnership), (B) brought in a derivative manner on behalf of the Partnership, (C) asserting a claim of breach of a duty (including a fiduciary duty) owed by any director, officer, or other employee of the Partnership or the General Partner, or owed by the General Partner, to the Partnership or the Partners, (D) asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the Delaware Act or (E) asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine shall be exclusively brought in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware, in each case regardless of whether such claims, suits, actions or proceedings sound in contract, tort, fraud or otherwise, are based on common law, statutory, equitable, legal or other grounds, or are derivative or direct claims;

(ii) irrevocably submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware in connection with any such claim, suit, action or proceeding;

(iii) agrees not to, and waives any right to, assert in any such claim, suit, action or proceeding that (A) it is not personally subject to the jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or of any other court to which proceedings in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware may be appealed, (B) such claim, suit, action or proceeding is brought in an inconvenient forum, or (C) the venue of such claim, suit, action or proceeding is improper;

(iv) expressly waives any requirement for the posting of a bond by a party bringing such claim, suit, action or proceeding; and

(v) consents to process being served in any such claim, suit, action or proceeding by mailing, certified mail, return receipt requested, a copy thereof to such party at the address in effect for notices hereunder, and agrees that such services shall constitute good and sufficient service of process and notice thereof; provided, nothing in clause (v) hereof shall affect or limit any right to serve process in any other manner permitted by law.

Section 16.9 Invalidity of Provisions. If any provision or part of a provision of this Agreement is or becomes for any reason, invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions and/or parts thereof contained herein shall not be affected thereby and this Agreement shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be reformed and construed as if such invalid, illegal or unenforceable provision, or part of a provision, had never been contained herein, and such provisions and/or part shall be reformed so that it would be valid, legal and enforceable to the maximum extent possible.

Section 16.10 Consent of Partners. Each Partner hereby expressly consents and agrees that, whenever in this Agreement it is specified that an action may be taken upon the affirmative vote or consent of less than all of the Partners, such action may be so taken upon the concurrence of less than all of the Partners and each Partner shall be bound by the results of such action.

**Table of Contents**

Section 16.11 Facsimile and Email Signatures. The use of facsimile signatures and signatures delivered by email in portable document (.pdf) or similar format affixed in the name and on behalf of the Transfer Agent of the Partnership on certificates representing Common Units is expressly permitted by this Agreement.

*[REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK.]*

A-48



**Table of Contents**

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

**GENERAL PARTNER:**

NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS GP, INC.

By:  
Name:  
Title:

**ORGANIZATIONAL LIMITED  
PARTNER:**

NEXTERA ENERGY EQUITY PARTNERS,  
LP

By:  
Name:  
Title:

Table of Contents

EXHIBIT A

to the First Amended and Restated  
Agreement of Limited Partnership of  
NextEra Energy Partners, LP  
Certificate Evidencing Common Units  
Representing Limited Partner Interests in  
NextEra Energy Partners, LP

No. \_\_\_\_\_ Common Units \_\_\_\_\_

In accordance with Section 4.1 of the First Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of NextEra Energy Partners, LP, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time (the Partnership Agreement), NextEra Energy Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the Partnership), hereby certifies that (the Holder) is the registered owner of Common Units representing limited partner interests in the Partnership (the Common Units) transferable on the books of the Partnership, in person or by duly authorized attorney, upon surrender of this Certificate properly endorsed. The rights, preferences and limitations of the Common Units are set forth in, and this Certificate and the Common Units represented hereby are issued and shall in all respects be subject to the terms and provisions of, the Partnership Agreement. Copies of the Partnership Agreement are on file at, and will be furnished without charge on delivery of written request to the Partnership at, the principal office of the Partnership located at 700 Universe Boulevard, Juno Beach, Florida 33408. Capitalized terms used herein but not defined shall have the meanings given them in the Partnership Agreement.

THE HOLDER OF THIS SECURITY ACKNOWLEDGES FOR THE BENEFIT OF NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP THAT THIS SECURITY MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED IF SUCH TRANSFER (AS DEFINED IN THE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT) WOULD (A) VIOLATE THE THEN APPLICABLE FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY WITH JURISDICTION OVER SUCH TRANSFER OR (B) TERMINATE THE EXISTENCE OR QUALIFICATION OF NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE. THIS SECURITY MAY BE SUBJECT TO ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON ITS TRANSFER PROVIDED IN THE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT. COPIES OF SUCH AGREEMENT MAY BE OBTAINED AT NO COST BY WRITTEN REQUEST MADE BY THE HOLDER OF RECORD OF THIS SECURITY TO THE SECRETARY OF THE GENERAL PARTNER AT THE PRINCIPAL OFFICE OF THE PARTNERSHIP. THE RESTRICTIONS SET FORTH ABOVE SHALL NOT PRECLUDE THE SETTLEMENT OF ANY TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING THIS SECURITY ENTERED INTO THROUGH THE FACILITIES OF ANY NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGE ON WHICH THIS SECURITY IS LISTED OR ADMITTED TO TRADING.

The Holder, by accepting this Certificate, is deemed to have (i) requested admission as, and agreed to become, a Limited Partner and to have agreed to comply with and be bound by and to have executed the Partnership Agreement, (ii) represented and warranted that the Holder has all right, power and authority and, if an individual, the capacity necessary to enter into the Partnership Agreement, and (iii) made the waivers and given the consents and approvals

contained in the Partnership Agreement.

Ex A-1

**Table of Contents**

This Certificate shall not be valid for any purpose unless it has been countersigned and registered by the Transfer Agent. This Certificate shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware

Dated:

NextEra Energy Partners, LP

By: NextEra Energy Partners GP, Inc.

By:

By:

Countersigned and Registered by:

as Transfer Agent and Registrar

By:

Authorized Signature

Ex A-2

**Table of Contents**

[Reverse of Certificate]

**ABBREVIATIONS**

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription on the face of this Certificate, shall be construed as follows according to applicable laws or regulations:

TEN COM as tenants in common

UNIF GIFT TRANSFERS MIN ACT

TEN ENT as tenants by the entireties

Custodian

JT TEN as joint tenants with right of survivorship under Uniform Gifts/Transfers to CD Minors Act (State) and not as tenants in common

(Cust)

(Minor)

Additional abbreviations, though not in the above list, may also be used.

Ex A-3

**Table of Contents**

ASSIGNMENT OF COMMON UNITS OF  
NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP

FOR VALUE RECEIVED,

hereby assigns, conveys, sells and transfers unto

(Please print or typewrite name and address of assignee)

(Please insert Social Security or other identifying  
number of assignee)

\_\_\_\_\_ Common Units representing limited partner interests evidenced by this Certificate, subject to the Partnership Agreement, and does hereby irrevocably constitute and appoint \_\_\_\_\_ as its attorney-in-fact with full power of substitution to transfer the same on the books of NextEra Energy Partners, LP.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

NOTE: The signature to any endorsement hereon must correspond with the name as written upon the face of this Certificate in every particular, without alteration, enlargement or change.

(Signature)

(Signature)

**THE SIGNATURE(S)**

**MUST BE**

**GUARANTEED BY AN**

**ELIGIBLE**

**GUARANTOR**

**INSTITUTION (BANKS,**

**STOCKBROKERS,**

**SAVINGS AND LOAN**

**ASSOCIATIONS AND**

**CREDIT UNIONS WITH**

**MEMBERSHIP IN AN**

**APPROVED**

**SIGNATURE**

**GUARANTEE**

**MEDALLION**

**PROGRAM),**

**PURSUANT TO**

**S.E.C. RULE 17Ad-15**

No transfer of the Common Units evidenced hereby will be registered on the books of the Partnership, unless the Certificate evidencing the Common Units to be transferred is surrendered for registration or transfer.

Ex A-4

Table of Contents

**Appendix B**

**FIRST AMENDED AND RESTATED  
AGREEMENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP  
OF  
NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP  
A Delaware Limited Partnership**

Dated as of

, 2014



**Table of Contents**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

		<b>Page</b>
<b>ARTICLE I</b>		
<b>DEFINITIONS</b>		
Section 1.1	Definitions	B-1
Section 1.2	Construction	B-14
<b>ARTICLE II</b>		
<b>ORGANIZATION</b>		
Section 2.1	Formation	B-14
Section 2.2	Name	B-15
Section 2.3	Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices	B-15
Section 2.4	Purpose and Business	B-15
Section 2.5	Powers	B-15
Section 2.6	Term	B-15
Section 2.7	Title to Partnership Assets	B-15
<b>ARTICLE III</b>		
<b>RIGHTS OF LIMITED PARTNERS</b>		
Section 3.1	Limitation of Liability	B-16
Section 3.2	Management of Business	B-16
Section 3.3	Rights of Limited Partners	B-16
<b>ARTICLE IV</b>		
<b>CERTIFICATES; RECORD HOLDERS; TRANSFER OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS</b>		
Section 4.1	Certificates	B-16
Section 4.2	Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost or Stolen Certificates	B-17
Section 4.3	Record Holders	B-17
Section 4.4	Transfer Generally	B-18
Section 4.5	Registration and Transfer of Limited Partner Interests	B-18
Section 4.6	Transfer of the General Partner's General Partner Interest	B-19
Section 4.7	Restrictions on Transfers	B-20
<b>ARTICLE V</b>		
<b>CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND ISSUANCE OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS</b>		

Section 5.1	Organizational Transactions	B-21
Section 5.2	Interest and Withdrawal	B-21
Section 5.3	Capital Accounts	B-21
Section 5.4	Issuances of Additional Partnership Interests	B-22

B-i

**Table of Contents**

	<b>Page</b>	
Section 5.5	Issuances of Securities by NEE Partners	B-23
Section 5.6	Unit Option Plans	B-23
Section 5.7	Limited Preemptive Right	B-25
Section 5.8	Splits and Combinations	B-25
Section 5.9	Redemption, Repurchase or Forfeiture of NEE Partners Common Units	B-26
Section 5.10	Fully Paid and Non-Assessable Nature of Limited Partner Interests	B-26

ARTICLE VI

ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Section 6.1	Allocations for Capital Account Purposes	B-26
Section 6.2	Allocations for Tax Purposes	B-29
Section 6.3	Requirement and Characterization of Distributions; Distributions to Record Holders	B-30
Section 6.4	Distributions of Available Cash from Operating Surplus	B-30
Section 6.5	Distributions of Available Cash from Capital Surplus	B-30
Section 6.6	Adjustment of Minimum Quarterly Distribution	B-30

ARTICLE VII

MANAGEMENT AND OPERATION OF BUSINESS

Section 7.1	Management	B-31
Section 7.2	Certificate of Limited Partnership	B-32
Section 7.3	Restrictions on the General Partner's Authority to Sell Assets of the Partnership Group	B-32
Section 7.4	Reimbursement of the General Partner	B-33
Section 7.5	Outside Activities	B-33
Section 7.6	Loans from the General Partner; Loans or Contributions from the Partnership or Group Members	B-34
Section 7.7	Indemnification	B-34
Section 7.8	Liability of Indemnitees	B-36
Section 7.9	Resolution of Conflicts of Interest; Standards of Conduct and Modification of Duties	B-36
Section 7.10	Other Matters Concerning the General Partner	B-38
Section 7.11	Purchase or Sale of Partnership Interests	B-38
Section 7.12	Reliance by Third Parties	B-39

ARTICLE VIII

BOOKS, RECORDS, ACCOUNTING AND REPORTS

Section 8.1	Records and Accounting	B-39
Section 8.2	Fiscal Year	B-39

ARTICLE IX

TAX MATTERS

Section 9.1	Tax Returns and Information	B-39
-------------	-----------------------------	------

Section 9.2	Tax Characterization	B-40
Section 9.3	Tax Elections	B-40
Section 9.4	Tax Controversies	B-40

**Table of Contents**

	<b>Page</b>
Section 9.5      Withholding	B-40

ARTICLE X

ADMISSION OF PARTNERS

Section 10.1    Admission of Limited Partners	B-40
Section 10.2    Admission of Successor General Partner	B-41
Section 10.3    Amendment of Agreement and Certificate of Limited Partnership	B-41

ARTICLE XI

WITHDRAWAL OR REMOVAL OF PARTNERS

Section 11.1    Withdrawal of the General Partner	B-42
Section 11.2    Removal of the General Partner	B-43
Section 11.3    Interest of Departing General Partner and Successor General Partner	B-43
Section 11.4    Withdrawal of Limited Partners	B-44

ARTICLE XII

DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION

Section 12.1    Dissolution	B-44
Section 12.2    Continuation of the Business of the Partnership After Dissolution	B-44
Section 12.3    Liquidator	B-45
Section 12.4    Liquidation	B-45
Section 12.5    Cancellation of Certificate of Limited Partnership	B-46
Section 12.6    Return of Contributions	B-46
Section 12.7    Waiver of Partition	B-46
Section 12.8    Capital Account Restoration	B-46

ARTICLE XIII

AMENDMENT OF PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT; MEETINGS; RECORD DATE

Section 13.1    Amendments to be Adopted Solely by the General Partner	B-46
Section 13.2    Amendment Procedures	B-47
Section 13.3    Amendment Requirements	B-48
Section 13.4    Special Meetings	B-48
Section 13.5    Notice of a Meeting	B-48
Section 13.6    Record Date	B-49
Section 13.7    Postponement and Adjournment	B-49
Section 13.8    Waiver of Notice; Approval of Meeting	B-49
Section 13.9    Quorum and Voting	B-49
Section 13.10    Conduct of a Meeting	B-49
Section 13.11    Action Without a Meeting	B-50
Section 13.12    Right to Vote and Related Matters	B-50

B-iii

**Table of Contents**

	<b>Page</b>	
ARTICLE XIV		
MERGER, CONSOLIDATION OR CONVERSION		
Section 14.1	Authority	B-51
Section 14.2	Procedure for Merger, Consolidation or Conversion	B-51
Section 14.3	Approval by Limited Partners	B-52
Section 14.4	Certificate of Merger or Certificate of Conversion	B-53
Section 14.5	Effect of Merger, Consolidation or Conversion	B-53
ARTICLE XV		
GENERAL PROVISIONS		
Section 15.1	Addresses and Notices; Written Communications	B-54
Section 15.2	Binding Effect	B-55
Section 15.3	Integration	B-55
Section 15.4	Creditors	B-55
Section 15.5	Waiver	B-55
Section 15.6	Third-Party Beneficiaries	B-55
Section 15.7	Counterparts	B-55
Section 15.8	Applicable Law; Forum; Venue and Jurisdiction; Waiver of Trial by Jury	B-55
Section 15.9	Invalidity of Provisions	B-56
Section 15.10	Consent of Partners	B-56
Section 15.11	Facsimile and Email Signatures	B-56

Table of Contents

**FIRST AMENDED AND RESTATED AGREEMENT OF  
LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP**

THIS FIRST AMENDED AND RESTATED AGREEMENT OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP OF NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP dated as of , 2014, is entered into by and between NextEra Energy Operating Partners GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as the General Partner, NextEra Energy Equity Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership and NextEra Energy Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership, together with any other Persons who become Partners in the Partnership or parties hereto as provided herein. In consideration of the covenants, conditions and agreements contained herein, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

**ARTICLE I**

**DEFINITIONS**

Section 1.1 Definitions. The following definitions shall be for all purposes, unless otherwise clearly indicated to the contrary, applied to the terms used in this Agreement.

**Adjusted Capital Account** means the Capital Account maintained for each Partner as of the end of each taxable period of the Partnership, (a) increased by any amounts that such Partner is obligated to restore under the standards set by Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(c) (or is deemed obligated to restore under Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(g) and 1.704-2(i)(5)) and (b) decreased by the items described in Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(4), (5) and (6). The foregoing definition of Adjusted Capital Account is intended to comply with the provisions of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith. The Adjusted Capital Account of a Partner in respect of any Partnership Interest shall be the amount that such Adjusted Capital Account would be if such Partnership Interest were the only interest in the Partnership held by such Partner from and after the date on which such Partnership Interest was first issued.

**Adjusted Property** means any property the Carrying Value of which has been adjusted pursuant to Section 5.3(d).

**Affiliate** means, with respect to any Person, any other Person that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries controls, is controlled by or is under common control with, the Person in question. As used herein, the term control means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.

**Agreed Allocation** means any allocation, other than a Required Allocation, of an item of income, gain, loss or deduction pursuant to the provisions of Section 6.1, including a Curative Allocation (if appropriate to the context in which the term Agreed Allocation is used).

**Agreed Value** of any Contributed Property means the fair market value of such property or other consideration at the time of contribution and, in the case of an Adjusted Property, the fair market value of such Adjusted Property on the date of the revaluation event as described in Section 5.3(d), in both cases as determined by the General Partner. The General Partner shall use such method as it determines to be appropriate to allocate the aggregate Agreed Value of Contributed Properties contributed to the Partnership in a single or integrated transaction among each separate property on a basis proportional to the fair market value of each Contributed Property.



***Agreement*** means this First Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP, as it may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

B-1

**Table of Contents**

**Associate** means, when used to indicate a relationship with any Person, (a) any corporation or organization of which such Person is a director, officer, manager, general partner or managing member or is, directly or indirectly, the owner of 20% or more of any class of voting stock or other voting interest, (b) any trust or other estate in which such Person has at least a 20% beneficial interest or as to which such Person serves as trustee or in a similar fiduciary capacity, and (c) any relative or spouse of such Person, or any relative of such spouse, who has the same principal residence as such Person.

**Available Cash** means, with respect to any Quarter ending prior to the Liquidation Date:

(a) the sum of:

(i) all cash and cash equivalents of the Partnership Group (or the Partnership's proportionate share of cash and cash equivalents in the case of Subsidiaries that are not wholly owned) on hand at the end of such Quarter;

(ii) all Unreturned Excess Funds; and

(iii) if the General Partner so determines, all or any portion of additional cash and cash equivalents of the Partnership Group (or the Partnership's proportionate share of cash and cash equivalents in the case of Subsidiaries that are not wholly owned) on hand on the date of determination of Available Cash with respect to such Quarter resulting from Working Capital Borrowings made subsequent to the end of such Quarter, less;

(b) the amount of any cash reserves established by the General Partner (or the Partnership's proportionate share of cash reserves in the case of Subsidiaries that are not wholly owned) to:

(i) provide for the proper conduct of the business of the Partnership Group, including reserves for expected debt service requirements and future capital expenditures, subsequent to such Quarter;

(ii) comply with applicable law or any loan agreement, security agreement, mortgage, debt instrument or other agreement or obligation to which any Group Member is a party or by which it is bound or its assets are subject; and

(iii) provide funds for distributions under Section 6.4 or Section 6.5 in respect of any one or more of the next four Quarters, less;

(c) the amount of any Construction Contributions or Genesis Cash Grant Proceeds that would otherwise constitute Available Cash.

provided, however, that the General Partner may not establish cash reserves pursuant to subclause (b)(iii) above if the effect of such reserves would be that the Partnership is unable to distribute the Minimum Quarterly Distribution on all Common Units with respect to such Quarter plus any Aggregate Shortfall (as defined in the Management Services Agreement); and, provided further, that disbursements made by a Group Member or cash reserves established, increased or reduced after the end of such Quarter but on or before the date of determination of Available Cash with respect to such Quarter shall be deemed to have been made, established, increased or reduced, for purposes of determining Available Cash, within such Quarter if the General Partner so determines.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, *Available Cash* with respect to the Quarter in which the Liquidation Date occurs and any subsequent Quarter shall equal zero.

**Board of Directors** means, with respect to the NEE Partners General Partner, its board of directors or board of managers, if the NEE Partners General Partner is a corporation or limited liability company, or the board of directors or board of managers of the general partner of the NEE Partners General Partner, if the NEE Partners General Partner is a limited partnership, as applicable.

**Book-Tax Disparity** means, with respect to any item of Contributed Property or Adjusted Property, as of the date of any determination, the difference between the Carrying Value of such Contributed Property or Adjusted Property and the adjusted basis thereof for federal income tax purposes as of such date. A Partner s

**Table of Contents**

share of the Partnership's Book-Tax Disparities in all of its Contributed Property and Adjusted Property will be reflected by the difference between such Partner's Capital Account balance as maintained pursuant to Section 5.3 and the hypothetical balance of such Partner's Capital Account computed as if it had been maintained strictly in accordance with federal income tax accounting principles.

**Business Day** means Monday through Friday of each week, except that a legal holiday recognized as such by the government of the United States of America or the State of Florida shall not be regarded as a Business Day.

**Capital Account** means the capital account maintained for a Partner pursuant to Section 5.3. The Capital Account of a Partner in respect of any Partnership Interest shall be the amount that such Capital Account would be if such Partnership Interest were the only interest in the Partnership held by such Partner from and after the date on which such Partnership Interest was first issued.

**Capital Contribution** means (a) any cash, cash equivalents or the Net Agreed Value of Contributed Property that a Partner contributes to the Partnership or that is contributed or deemed contributed to the Partnership on behalf of a Partner or (b) current distributions that a Partner is entitled to receive but otherwise waives.

**Capital Improvement** means (a) the acquisition (through an asset acquisition, merger, stock acquisition or other form of investment), (b) the construction or development of new capital assets by a Group Member, (c) the replacement or expansion of, or addition or improvement to, existing capital assets by a Group Member or (d) a capital contribution by a Group Member to a Person that is not a Subsidiary in which a Group Member has, or after such Capital Contribution will have, directly or indirectly, an equity interest, to fund such Group Member's pro rata share of the cost of the acquisition, construction, development, replacement or expansion of, or addition or improvement to, capital assets by such Person, in each case if and to the extent such acquisition, construction, development, replacement, expansion, addition or improvement is made to increase over the long-term, the operating capacity, operating income or operating cash flow of the Partnership Group, in the case of clauses (a), (b) and (c), or such Person, in the case of clause (d), from the operating capacity or operating income of the Partnership Group or such Person, as the case may be, existing immediately prior to such acquisition, construction, development, replacement, expansion, addition, improvement or Capital Contribution. For purposes of this definition, long-term generally refers to a period of not less than twelve months.

**Capital Surplus** means Available Cash distributed by the Partnership in excess of Operating Surplus, as described in Section 6.3(a).

**Cash Sweep and Credit Support Agreement** means the Cash Sweep and Credit Support Agreement, dated as of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014, between the Partnership and NextEra Energy Resources, LLC.

**Cash Sweep Withdrawals** has the meaning set forth in the Cash Sweep and Credit Support Agreement.

**Carrying Value** means (a) with respect to a Contributed Property or Adjusted Property, the Agreed Value of such property reduced (but not below zero) by all depreciation, amortization and cost recovery deductions charged to the Partners' Capital Accounts in respect of such property and (b) with respect to any other Partnership property, the adjusted basis of such property for federal income tax purposes, all as of the time of determination; provided that the Carrying Value of any property shall be adjusted from time to time in accordance with Sections 5.3(d) and to reflect changes, additions or other adjustments to the Carrying Value for dispositions and acquisitions of Partnership properties, as deemed appropriate by the General Partner.

***Cause*** means a court of competent jurisdiction has entered a final, non-appealable judgment finding the General Partner liable for actual fraud or willful misconduct to the Partnership or any Limited Partner in the General Partner's capacity as a general partner of the Partnership.

B-3

**Table of Contents**

***Certificate*** means a certificate in such form (including global form if permitted by applicable rules and regulations) as may be adopted by the General Partner and issued by the Partnership evidencing ownership of one or more classes of Partnership Interests. The initial form of certificate approved by the General Partner for the Common Units is attached as Exhibit A to this Agreement.

***Certificate of Limited Partnership*** means the Certificate of Limited Partnership of the Partnership filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware as referenced in Section 7.2, as such Certificate of Limited Partnership may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

***Closing Date*** means the first date on which NEE Partners Common Units are sold by NEE Partners to the IPO Underwriters pursuant to the provisions of the Underwriting Agreement.

***Code*** means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and in effect from time to time. Any reference herein to a specific section or sections of the Code shall be deemed to include a reference to any corresponding provision of any successor law.

***Combined Interest*** has the meaning given such term in Section 11.3(a).

***Commences Commercial Service*** means the date upon which a Capital Improvement is first put into commercial service by a Group Member following completion of construction, replacement, improvement or expansion and testing, as applicable.

***Commission*** means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

***Common Unit*** means a Limited Partner Interest having the rights and obligations specified with respect to Common Units in this Agreement.

***Conflicts Committee*** means a committee of the Board of Directors of the NEE Partners General Partner composed of two or more directors, each of whom (a) is not an officer or employee of the NEE Partners General Partner, (b) is not an officer, director or employee of any Affiliate of the NEE Partners General Partner (other than Group Members), (c) is not a holder of any ownership interest in the NEE Partners General Partner or its Affiliates, including NEE Partners, or the Partnership Group other than (i) NEE Partners Common Units and (ii) awards that are granted to such director in his capacity as a director under any long-term incentive plan, equity compensation plan or similar plan implemented by the NEE Partners General Partner or NEE Partners and (d) is determined by the Board of Directors of the NEE Partners General Partner to be independent under the independence standards, established by the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder and by the National Securities Exchange on which the NEE Partners Common Units are listed or admitted to trading (or if no such National Securities Exchange, the New York Stock Exchange), for directors who serve on an audit committee of a board of directors.

***Construction Contributions*** means cash or cash equivalents contributed to any Group Member by an Affiliate of the General Partner (other than NEE Partners or any Group Member) for the purpose of funding construction costs or related expenses of any Group Member (or other Person that is not a Subsidiary of a Group Member, as contemplated in the definition of *Capital Improvement* ).

***Construction Debt*** means debt incurred to fund (a) all or a portion of a Capital Improvement, (b) interest payments (including periodic net payments under related interest rate swap agreements) and related fees on other Construction Debt or (c) distributions on Construction Equity.

***Construction Equity*** means equity issued to fund (a) all or a portion of a Capital Improvement, (b) interest payments (including periodic net payments under related interest rate swap agreements) and related fees on Construction Debt or (c) distributions on other Construction Equity. Construction Equity does not include equity issued in connection with the Initial Public Offering.

B-4

**Table of Contents**

***Construction Period*** means the period beginning on the date that a Group Member (or other Person that is not a Subsidiary of a Group Member, as contemplated in the definition of Capital Improvement ) enters into a binding obligation to commence a Capital Improvement and ending on the earlier to occur of the date that such Capital Improvement Commences Commercial Service and the date that the Group Member abandons or disposes of such Capital Improvement.

***Contributed Property*** means each property or other asset, in such form as may be permitted by the Delaware Act, but excluding cash, contributed or deemed contributed to the Partnership. Once the Carrying Value of a Contributed Property is adjusted pursuant to Section 5.3(d), such property or other asset shall no longer constitute a Contributed Property, but shall be deemed an Adjusted Property.

***Curative Allocation*** means any allocation of an item of income, gain, deduction, loss or credit pursuant to the provisions of Section 6.1(b)(x).

***Delaware Act*** means the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, 6 Del C. Section 17-101, et seq., as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.

***Departing General Partner*** means a former general partner from and after the effective date of any withdrawal or removal of such former general partner pursuant to Section 11.1 or Section 11.2.

***Derivative Partnership Interests*** means any options, rights, warrants, appreciation rights, tracking, profit and phantom interests and other derivative securities relating to, convertible into or exchangeable for Partnership Interests.

***Depreciation*** means, for each taxable period, an amount equal to the depreciation, amortization or other cost recovery deduction allowable with respect to an asset for such taxable year for U.S. federal income tax purposes, except that if the Carrying Value of an asset differs from its adjusted basis for U.S. federal income tax purposes, Depreciation shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to such beginning Carrying Value as the U.S. federal income tax depreciation, amortization or other cost recovery deduction for such taxable period bears to such beginning adjusted tax basis; provided, however, that if the adjusted basis for U.S. federal income tax purposes of an asset is zero, Depreciation shall be determined with reference to such beginning Carrying Value using any reasonable method selected by the General Partner in accordance with Treasury Regulation 1.704-3.

***Economic Risk of Loss*** has the meaning set forth in Treasury Regulation Section 1.752-2(a).

***Equity Plan*** means any unit or equity purchase plan, restricted unit or equity plan or other similar equity compensation plan now or hereafter adopted by NEE Partners or the NEE Partners General Partner.

***Event of Withdrawal*** has the meaning given such term in Section 11.1(a).

***Exchange Act*** means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.

***Exchange Agreement*** means the Exchange Agreement, dated as of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014, among NEE Partners, NEE Equity and the Partnership.

***Expansion Capital Expenditures*** means cash expenditures for Capital Improvements. Expansion Capital Expenditures shall include interest (including periodic net payments under related interest rate swap agreements) and related fees paid during the Construction Period on Construction Debt. Where cash expenditures are made in part for



Expansion Capital Expenditures and in part for other purposes, the General Partner shall determine the allocation between the amounts paid for each.

B-5

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**Table of Contents**

**General Partner** means NextEra Energy Operating Partners GP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and its successors and permitted assigns that are admitted to the Partnership as general partner of the Partnership, in their capacity as general partner of the Partnership (except as the context otherwise requires).

**General Partner Interest** means the non-economic management interest of the General Partner in the Partnership (in its capacity as general partner without reference to any Limited Partner Interest), which includes any and all rights, powers and benefits to which the General Partner is entitled as provided in this Agreement, together with all obligations of the General Partner to comply with the terms and provisions of this Agreement. The General Partner Interest does not include any rights to ownership or profits or losses or any rights to receive distributions from operations or upon the liquidation or winding-up of the Partnership.

**Genesis Cash Grant Proceeds** means any proceeds from a 1603 Cash Grant (as defined in the IPO Registration Statement) received by a Group Member which are used to repay Current Genesis Debt or to reimburse equity contributions by an Affiliate of NEE Operating GP to a Group Member that are used to repay Current Genesis Debt.

**Current Genesis Debt** means \$336.7 million of indebtedness of Genesis Solar, LLC to be repaid by the Genesis Cash Grant Proceeds or an equity contribution by an Affiliate of NEE Operating GP as described in the IPO Registration Statement.

**Gross Liability Value** means, with respect to any Liability of the Partnership described in Treasury Regulation Section 1.752-7(b)(3)(i), the amount of cash that a willing assignor would pay to a willing assignee to assume such Liability in an arm's-length transaction.

**Group** means two or more Persons that with or through any of their respective Affiliates or Associates, have any contract, arrangement, understanding or relationship for the purpose of acquiring, holding, voting (except voting pursuant to a revocable proxy or consent given to such Person in response to a proxy or consent solicitation made to 10 or more Persons), exercising investment power or disposing of any Partnership Interests with any other Person that beneficially owns, or whose Affiliates or Associates beneficially own, directly or indirectly, Partnership Interests.

**Group Member** means a member of the Partnership Group.

**Group Member Agreement** means the partnership agreement of any Group Member, other than the Partnership, that is a limited or general partnership, the limited liability company agreement of any Group Member that is a limited liability company, the certificate of incorporation and bylaws or similar organizational documents of any Group Member that is a corporation, the joint venture agreement or similar governing document of any Group Member that is a joint venture and the governing or organizational or similar documents of any other Group Member that is a Person other than a limited or general partnership, limited liability company, corporation or joint venture, as such may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

**Hedge Contract** means any exchange, swap, forward, cap, floor, collar, option or other similar agreement or arrangement entered into for the purpose of reducing the exposure of a Group Member to fluctuations in interest rates, commodity prices, basis differentials or currency exchange rates in their operations or financing activities and not for speculative purposes.

**IDR Fee** has the meaning given such term in the Management Services Agreement.

**Indemnitee** means (a) the General Partner, (b) any Departing General Partner, (c) any Person who is or was an Affiliate of the General Partner or any Departing General Partner, (d) any Person who is or was a manager, managing

member, general partner, director, officer, fiduciary or trustee of (i) any Group Member, the General Partner or any Departing General Partner or (ii) any Affiliate of any Group Member, the General Partner or any Departing General Partner, (e) any Person who is or was serving at the request of the General Partner or

B-6

**Table of Contents**

any Departing General Partner or any Affiliate of the General Partner or any Departing General Partner as a manager, managing member, general partner, director, officer, fiduciary or trustee of another Person owing a fiduciary duty to any Group Member; provided that a Person shall not be an Indemnitee by reason of providing, on a fee-for-services basis, trustee, fiduciary or custodial services, and (f) any Person the General Partner designates as an Indemnitee for purposes of this Agreement because such Person's status, service or relationship exposes such Person to potential claims, demands, suits or proceedings relating to the Partnership Group's business and affairs.

***Initial Common Units*** means the Common Units outstanding on the Closing Date.

***Initial Limited Partners*** means NEE Equity and NEE Partners.

***Initial Public Offering*** means the initial offering and sale of NEE Partners Common Units to the public (including the offer and sale of NEE Partners Common Units pursuant to the Over-Allotment Option), as described in the IPO Registration Statement.

***Initial Unit Price*** means (a) with respect to the Common Units, the initial public offering price per NEE Partners Common Unit at which the NEE Partners Common Units were first offered to the public for sale as set forth on the cover page of the IPO Prospectus or (b) with respect to any other class or series of Units, the price per Unit at which such class or series of Units is initially sold by the Partnership, as determined by the General Partner, in each case adjusted as the General Partner determines to be appropriate to give effect to any distribution, subdivision or combination of Units.

***Interim Capital Transactions*** means the following transactions if they occur prior to the Liquidation Date: (a) borrowings, refinancings or refundings of indebtedness (other than Working Capital Borrowings and other than for items purchased on open account or for a deferred purchase price in the ordinary course of business) by any Group Member and sales of debt securities of any Group Member; (b) sales of equity interests of any Group Member to anyone other than the Partnership Group; (c) sales or other voluntary or involuntary dispositions of any assets of any Group Member other than (i) sales or other dispositions of inventory, accounts receivable and other assets in the ordinary course of business and (ii) sales or other dispositions of assets as part of normal retirements or replacements; and (d) Capital Contributions received by the Partnership.

***IPO Prospectus*** means the final prospectus relating to the Initial Public Offering dated and filed by NEE Partners with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424 under the Securities Act on , 2014.

***IPO Registration Statement*** means the Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-196099) as it has been or as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, filed by NEE Partners with the Commission under the Securities Act to register the offering and sale of the NEE Partners Common Units in the Initial Public Offering.

***IPO Underwriter*** means each Person named as an underwriter in Schedule I to the Underwriting Agreement who purchases NEE Partners Common Units pursuant thereto.

***Liability*** means any liability or obligation of any nature, whether accrued, contingent or otherwise.

***Limited Partner*** means, unless the context otherwise requires, each Initial Limited Partner, each additional Person that becomes a Limited Partner pursuant to the terms of this Agreement and any Departing General Partner upon the change of its status from General Partner to Limited Partner pursuant to Section 11.3, in each case, in such Person's capacity as a limited partner of the Partnership.

***Limited Partner Interest*** means an interest of a Limited Partner in the Partnership, which may be evidenced by Common Units or other Partnership Interests (other than a General Partner Interest) or a

B-7

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**Table of Contents**

combination thereof (but excluding Derivative Partnership Interests), and includes any and all benefits to which such Limited Partner is entitled as provided in this Agreement, together with all obligations of such Limited Partner pursuant to the terms and provisions of this Agreement.

***Liquidation Date*** means (a) in the case of an event giving rise to the dissolution of the Partnership of the type described in clauses (a) and (b) of Section 12.2, the date on which the applicable time period during which the holders of Outstanding Units have the right to elect to continue the business of the Partnership has expired without such an election being made and (b) in the case of any other event giving rise to the dissolution of the Partnership, the date on which such event occurs.

***Liquidator*** means one or more Persons selected by the General Partner to perform the functions described in Section 12.4 as liquidating trustee of the Partnership within the meaning of the Delaware Act.

***Management Services Agreement*** means the Management Services Agreement, dated as of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014, among NEE Partners, the Partnership, the General Partner and NEE Management.

***Maintenance Capital Expenditure*** means cash expenditures, including expenditures for (a) the acquisition (through an asset acquisition, merger, stock acquisition or other form of investment) by any Group Member of existing assets or assets under construction, (b) the construction or development of new capital assets by a Group Member, (c) the replacement or expansion of, or addition or improvement to, existing capital assets by a Group Member or (d) a capital contribution by a Group Member to a Person that is not a Subsidiary in which a Group Member has, or after such Capital Contribution will have, directly or indirectly, an equity interest, to fund such Group Member's pro rata share of the cost of the acquisition, construction, development, replacement or expansion of, or addition or improvement to, capital assets by such Person, in each case if and to the extent such acquisition, construction, development, replacement, expansion, addition or improvement is made to maintain over the long-term, the operating capacity, operating income or operating cash flow of the Partnership Group, in the case of clauses (a), (b) and (c), or such Person, in the case of clause (d). For purposes of this definition, long-term generally refers to a period of not less than twelve months.

***Market Value*** as of any date of determination, means the average of the daily closing prices per NEE Partners Common Unit for the 20 consecutive trading days immediately prior to such date.

***Merger Agreement*** has the meaning given such term in Section 14.1.

***Minimum Quarterly Distribution*** means \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per Unit per Quarter (or with respect to the period commencing on the Closing Date and ending on September 30, 2014, it means the product of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ multiplied by a fraction of which the numerator is the number of days in such period and of which the denominator is 92), subject to adjustment in accordance with Section 6.6.

***MSA Payments*** means all payment obligations of any Group Member or NEE Partners under the Management Services Agreement other than the portion of any IDR Fee payments made to NEE Management relating to cash distributions paid during the Construction Period on Construction Equity.

***National Securities Exchange*** means an exchange registered with the Commission under Section 6(a) of the Exchange Act (or any successor to such Section).

***NEE Equity*** means NextEra Energy Equity Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership.

***NEE Management*** means NextEra Energy Management Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership.

***NEE Partners*** means NextEra Energy Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership.

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**Table of Contents**

***NEE Partners Common Units*** means limited partner interests in NEE Partners having the rights and obligations specified with respect to Common Units in the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement.

***NEE Partners General Partner*** means NextEra Energy Partners GP, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and its successors and permitted assigns that are admitted to NEE Partners as general partner of NEE Partners, in their capacity as general partner of NEE Partners (except as the context otherwise requires).

***NEE Partners Partnership Agreement*** means the First Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of NEE Partners, as the same may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.

***NEE Partners Partnership Interest*** has the meaning of Partnership Interest set forth in the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement.

***Net Agreed Value*** means, (a) in the case of any Contributed Property, the Agreed Value of such property or other consideration reduced by any Liabilities either assumed by the Partnership upon such contribution or to which such property or other consideration is subject when contributed and (b) in the case of any property distributed to a Partner by the Partnership, the Partnership's Carrying Value of such property (as adjusted pursuant to Section 5.3(d)) at the time such property is distributed, reduced by any Liabilities either assumed by such Partner upon such distribution or to which such property is subject at the time of distribution, in either case as determined and required by the Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 704(b) of the Code.

***Net Income*** means, for any taxable period, the excess, if any, of the Partnership's items of income and gain for such taxable period over the Partnership's items of loss and deduction for such taxable period. The items included in the calculation of Net Income shall be determined in accordance with Section 5.3(b) and shall not include any items specially allocated under Section 6.1(b).

***Net Loss*** means, for any taxable period, the excess, if any, of the Partnership's items of loss and deduction for such taxable period over the Partnership's items of income and gain for such taxable period. The items included in the calculation of Net Loss shall be determined in accordance with Section 5.3(b) and shall not include any items specially allocated under Section 6.1(b).

***Nonrecourse Built-in Gain*** means with respect to any Contributed Properties or Adjusted Properties that are subject to a mortgage or pledge securing a Nonrecourse Liability, the amount of any taxable gain that would be allocated to the Partners pursuant to Section 6.2(b) if such properties were disposed of in a taxable transaction in full satisfaction of such liabilities and for no other consideration.

***Nonrecourse Deductions*** means any and all items of loss, deduction or expenditure (including any expenditure described in Section 705(a)(2)(B) of the Code) that, in accordance with the principles of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(b), are attributable to a Nonrecourse Liability.

***Nonrecourse Liability*** has the meaning set forth in Treasury Regulation Section 1.752-1(a)(2).

***Operating Expenditures*** means, without duplication, (i) all Partnership Group cash expenditures (or the Partnership's proportionate share of expenditures in the case of Subsidiaries that are not wholly owned), including taxes, compensation of employees and directors of the Partnership Group, reimbursement of expenses of the General Partner and its Affiliates, MSA Payments, payments under the Cash Sweep and Credit Support Agreement (other than the return of Reserved Cash (as defined therein) to an Affiliate of NEE Operating GP other than NEE Partners or the Partnership Group), debt service payments (including principal amortization payments on Project Debt), Maintenance



Capital Expenditures, repayment of Working Capital Borrowings and payments made in the ordinary course of business under any Hedge Contracts pursuant to sub-clause (d) of this

B-9

**Table of Contents**

definition, and (ii) all cash expenditures of NEE Partners, including reimbursement of expenses of its general partner and its Affiliates, other than federal income taxes payable by NEE Partners, subject to the following:

(a) repayments of Working Capital Borrowings deducted from Operating Surplus pursuant to clause (b)(iii) of the definition of Operating Surplus shall not constitute Operating Expenditures when actually repaid;

(b) payments (including prepayments and prepayment penalties) of principal of and premium on indebtedness other than Working Capital Borrowings and Project Debt shall not constitute Operating Expenditures;

(c) Operating Expenditures shall not include (i) Expansion Capital Expenditures, (ii) payment of transaction expenses (including taxes) relating to Interim Capital Transactions, (iii) distributions to Partners, (iv) repurchases of Partnership Interests, including repurchases or redemptions of Partnership Interests under the Exchange Agreement, other than repurchases of NEE Partners Partnership Interests by NEE Partners to satisfy obligations under employee benefit plans;

(d) reimbursements of equity contributions by an Affiliate of NEE Operating GP to a Group Member that were used to repay Current Genesis Debt shall not constitute Operating Expenditures;

(e) (i) amounts paid in connection with the initial purchase of a Hedge Contract shall be amortized over the life of such Hedge Contract and (ii) payments made in connection with the termination of any Hedge Contract prior to the expiration of its scheduled settlement or termination date shall be included in equal quarterly installments over the remaining scheduled life of such Hedge Contract.

***Operating Surplus*** means, with respect to any period ending prior to the Liquidation Date, on a cumulative basis and without duplication,

(a) the sum of (i) \$ \_\_\_\_\_ million, (ii) all cash receipts (including any Cash Sweep Withdrawals) of the Partnership Group (or the Partnership's proportionate share of cash receipts in the case of Subsidiaries that are not wholly owned) for the period beginning on the Closing Date and ending on the last day of such period, but excluding cash receipts from Interim Capital Transactions and the termination of Hedge Contracts (provided that cash receipts from the termination of a Hedge Contract prior to its scheduled settlement or termination date shall be included in Operating Surplus in equal quarterly installments over the remaining scheduled life of such Hedge Contract), (iii) all cash receipts of the Partnership Group (or the Partnership's proportionate share of cash receipts in the case of Subsidiaries that are not wholly owned) after the end of such period but on or before the date of determination of Operating Surplus with respect to such period resulting from Working Capital Borrowings and (iv) the amount of cash distributions paid during the Construction Period on Construction Equity and the portion of any IDR Fee payments made to NEE Management relating to such cash distributions; less

(b) the sum of (i) Operating Expenditures for the period beginning on the Closing Date and ending on the last day of such period, (ii) the amount of cash reserves (or the Partnership's proportionate share of cash reserves in the case of Subsidiaries that are not wholly owned) established by the General Partner to provide funds for future Operating Expenditures and (iii) all Working Capital Borrowings not repaid within twelve months after having been incurred, or repaid within such 12-month period with the proceeds of additional Working Capital Borrowings; provided, however, that disbursements made (including contributions to a Group Member or disbursements on behalf of a Group Member) or cash reserves established, increased or reduced after the end of such period but on or before the date of determination of Available Cash with respect to such period shall be deemed to have been made, established, increased or reduced, for purposes of determining Operating Surplus, within such period if the General Partner so determines.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) Operating Surplus with respect to the Quarter in which the Liquidation Date occurs and any subsequent Quarter shall equal zero and (ii) the calculation of Operating Surplus with respect to any Quarter shall exclude any Genesis Cash Grant Proceeds received by a Group Member on or after the Closing Date.

B-10

**Table of Contents**

***Opinion of Counsel*** means a written opinion of counsel (who may be regular counsel to, or the general counsel or other inside counsel of, the Partnership, NEE Partners, the General Partner or the NEE Partners General Partner or any of its Affiliates) acceptable to the General Partner or to such other person selecting such counsel or obtaining such opinion.

***Optionee*** means a Person to whom a unit option is granted under any Unit Option Plan.

***Outstanding*** means, with respect to Partnership Interests, all Partnership Interests that are issued by the Partnership and reflected as outstanding in the Register as of the date of determination.

***Over-Allotment Option*** means the over-allotment option to purchase additional NEE Partners Common Units granted to the IPO Underwriters by NEE Partners pursuant to the Underwriting Agreement.

***Partner Nonrecourse Debt*** has the meaning set forth in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(b)(4).

***Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain*** has the meaning set forth in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i)(2).

***Partner Nonrecourse Deductions*** means any and all items of loss, deduction or expenditure (including any expenditure described in Section 705(a)(2)(B) of the Code) that, in accordance with the principles of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i), are attributable to a Partner Nonrecourse Debt.

***Partners*** means the General Partner and the Limited Partners; provided, however, that, for purposes of the provisions of this Agreement relating to the maintenance of Capital Accounts and the allocation of items of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit, the term **Partners** shall not include the General Partner for so long as the General Partner's sole interest in the Partnership is a non-economic interest.

***Partnership*** means NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP, a Delaware limited Partnership.

***Partnership Employee*** means any employee of the Partnership Group or NEE Partners or the NEE Partners General Partner.

***Partnership Group*** means, collectively, the Partnership and its Subsidiaries.

***Partnership Interest*** means the General Partner Interest and any class or series of equity interest in the Partnership, which shall include any Limited Partner Interests but shall exclude any Derivative Partnership Interests.

***Partnership Minimum Gain*** means that amount determined in accordance with the principles of Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(b)(2) and 1.704-2(d).

***Percentage Interest*** means as of any date of determination (a) as to any Unitholder with respect to Units, as the case may be, the product obtained by multiplying (i) 100% less the percentage applicable to clause (b) below by (ii) the quotient obtained by dividing (A) the number of Units held by such Unitholder, as the case may be, by (B) the total number of Outstanding Units, and (b) as to the holders of other Partnership Interests issued by the Partnership in accordance with Section 5.4, the percentage established as a part of such issuance.

***Person*** means an individual or a corporation, firm, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust, estate, unincorporated organization, association, government agency or political subdivision thereof or other entity.

***Plan of Conversion*** has the meaning given such term in Section 14.1.

B-11

**Table of Contents**

***Pro Rata*** means (a) when used with respect to Units or any class thereof, apportioned among all designated Units in accordance with their relative Percentage Interests, and (b) when used with respect to Partners or Record Holders, apportioned among all Partners or Record Holders in accordance with their relative Percentage Interests.

***Project Debt*** means indebtedness of any of the Partnership's Subsidiaries that is the direct or indirect owner or lessee or is intended to become the owner, lessee or developer of generating, transmission, distribution or other operating assets, or assets related thereto, or of any other power or energy facility, or any assets relating to any of the foregoing; provided, however, that the Current Genesis Debt shall not constitute Project Debt.

***Purchase Agreement*** means the Purchase Agreement, dated as of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014, between NEE Partners and NEE Equity.

***Purchase Price Adjustment*** has the meaning given such term in the Purchase Agreement.

***Purchase Price Adjustment Period*** has the meaning given such term in the Purchase Agreement.

***Quarter*** means, unless the context requires otherwise, a fiscal quarter of the Partnership, or, with respect to the fiscal quarter of the Partnership that includes the Closing Date, the portion of such fiscal quarter after the Closing Date.

***Recapture Income*** means any gain recognized by the Partnership (computed without regard to any adjustment required by Section 734 or Section 743 of the Code) upon the disposition of any property or asset of the Partnership, which gain is characterized as ordinary income because it represents the recapture of deductions previously taken with respect to such property or asset.

***Record Date*** means the date established by the General Partner or otherwise in accordance with this Agreement for determining (a) the identity of the Record Holders entitled to receive notice of, or entitled to exercise rights in respect of, any lawful action of Limited Partners (including voting) or (b) the identity of Record Holders entitled to receive any report or distribution or to participate in any offer.

***Record Holder*** means (a) with respect to any class of Partnership Interests for which a Transfer Agent has been appointed, the Person in whose name a Partnership Interest of such class is registered on the books of the Transfer Agent and the Register as of the Partnership's close of business on a particular Business Day or (b) with respect to other classes of Partnership Interests, the Person in whose name any such other Partnership Interest is registered in the Register as of the Partnership's close of business on a particular Business Day.

***Register*** has the meaning given such term in Section 4.5(a) of this Agreement.

***Required Allocations*** means any allocation of an item of income, gain, loss or deduction pursuant to Section 6.1(b).

***Right of First Offer Agreement*** means the Right of First Offer Agreement, dated as of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014, among NEE Partners, the Partnership and NextEra Energy Resources, LLC that provides the Partnership with a right of first offer to purchase certain assets of NextEra Energy Resources, LLC or certain of its affiliates offered for sale.

***Securities Act*** means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, and any successor to such statute.

***Special Approval*** means approval by a majority of the members of the Conflicts Committee acting in good faith.

B-12

**Table of Contents**

**Subsidiary** means, with respect to any Person, (a) a corporation of which more than 50% of the voting power of shares entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors or other governing body of such corporation is owned, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, by such Person, by one or more Subsidiaries of such Person or a combination thereof, (b) a partnership (whether general or limited) in which such Person or a Subsidiary of such Person is, at the date of determination, a general or limited partner of such partnership, but only if such Person, directly or by one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, or a combination thereof, controls such partnership on the date hereof; or (c) any other Person (other than a corporation or a partnership) in which such Person, one or more Subsidiaries of such Person, or a combination thereof, directly or indirectly, at the date of determination, has the power to elect or direct the election of a majority of the directors or other governing body of such Person.

**Surviving Business Entity** has the meaning given such term in Section 14.2(b).

**Transaction Documents** has the meaning given such term in Section 7.1(b).

**transfer** has the meaning given such term in Section 4.4(a).

**Transfer Agent** means such bank, trust company or other Person (including the General Partner or one of its Affiliates) as may be appointed from time to time by the General Partner to act as registrar and transfer agent for any class of Partnership Interests in accordance with the Exchange Act and the rules of the National Securities Exchange on which such Partnership Interests are listed (if any); provided that, if no such Person is appointed as registrar and transfer agent for any class of Partnership Interests, the General Partner shall act as registrar and transfer agent for such class of Partnership Interests.

**Treasury Regulation** means the United States Treasury regulations promulgated under the Code.

**Underwriting Agreement** means the Underwriting Agreement dated as of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014 among the IPO Underwriters, NEE Partners, the NEE Partners General Partner and NextEra Energy, Inc. providing for the purchase of NEE Partners Common Units by the IPO Underwriters.

**Unit** means a Partnership Interest that is designated by the General Partner as a Unit and shall include Common Units.

**Unit Majority** means (i) during the Purchase Price Adjustment Period, 100% of the Outstanding Common Units, and (ii) after the end of the Purchase Price Adjustment Period, at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units.

**Unit Option Plan** means any unit option plan now or hereafter adopted by the Partnership, NEE Partners or the NEE Partners General Partner.

**Unitholders** means the Record Holders of Units.

**Unrealized Gain** means, as of any date of determination, the excess, if any, attributable to any item of Partnership property, of (a) the fair market value of such property as of such date (as determined under Section 5.3(d)) over (b) the Carrying Value of such property as of such date (prior to any adjustment to be made pursuant to Section 5.3(d) as of such date).

**Unrealized Loss** means, as of any date of determination, the excess, if any, attributable to any item of Partnership property, of (a) the Carrying Value of such property as of such date (prior to any adjustment to be made pursuant to Section 5.3(d) as of such date) over (b) the fair market value of such property as of such date (as determined under



Section 5.3(d).

B-13

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**Table of Contents**

***Unrecovered Initial Unit Price*** means at any time, with respect to a Unit, the Initial Unit Price less the sum of all distributions constituting Capital Surplus theretofore made in respect of an Initial Common Unit and any distributions of cash (or the Net Agreed Value of any distributions in kind) in connection with the dissolution and liquidation of the Partnership theretofore made in respect of an Initial Common Unit, adjusted as the General Partner determines to be appropriate to give effect to any distribution, subdivision or combination of such Units.

***Unrestricted Person*** means (a) each Indemnitee, (b) each Partner, (c) each Person who is or was a member, partner, director, officer, employee or agent of any Group Member, a General Partner or any Departing General Partner or any Affiliate of any Group Member, a General Partner or any Departing General Partner and (d) any Person the General Partner designates from time to time as an Unrestricted Person for purposes of this Agreement.

***Unreturned Excess Funds*** means the amount of Cash Sweep Withdrawals (as defined in the Management Services Agreement) that remain unreturned on the date of determination of Available Cash for such Quarter.

***U.S. GAAP*** means United States generally accepted accounting principles, as in effect from time to time, consistently applied.

***Working Capital Borrowings*** means borrowings incurred pursuant to a credit facility, commercial paper facility or similar financing arrangement that are used solely for working capital purposes or to pay distributions to the Partners; provided that when such borrowings are incurred it is the intent of the borrower to repay such borrowings within 12 months from the date of such borrowings other than from additional Working Capital Borrowings.

Section 1.2 **Construction**. Unless the context requires otherwise: (a) any pronoun used in this Agreement shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine or neuter forms, and the singular form of nouns, pronouns and verbs shall include the plural and vice versa; (b) references to Articles and Sections refer to Articles and Sections of this Agreement; (c) the terms include, includes, including or words of like import shall be deemed to be followed by the words without limitation ; and (d) the terms hereof, herein or hereunder refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. The table of contents and headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only, and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement. The General Partner has the power to construe and interpret this Agreement and to act upon any such construction or interpretation. Any construction or interpretation of this Agreement by the General Partner and any action taken pursuant thereto and any determination made by the General Partner in good faith shall, in each case, be conclusive and binding on all Record Holders and all other Persons for all purposes.

## **ARTICLE II**

### **ORGANIZATION**

Section 2.1 **Formation**. The General Partner and NEE Equity have formed the Partnership as a limited partnership pursuant to the provisions of the Delaware Act and hereby amend and restate the original Agreement of Limited Partnership of NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP in its entirety. This amendment and restatement shall become effective on the date of this Agreement. Except as expressly provided to the contrary in this Agreement, the rights, duties, liabilities and obligations of the Partners and the administration, dissolution and termination of the Partnership shall be governed by the Delaware Act. All Partnership Interests shall constitute personal property of the record owner thereof for all purposes.



## Table of Contents

Section 2.2 Name. The name of the Partnership shall be NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP. Subject to applicable law, the Partnership's business may be conducted under any other name or names as determined by the General Partner, including the name of the General Partner. The words Limited Partnership, L.P., Ltd. or similar words or letters shall be included in the Partnership's name where necessary for the purpose of complying with the laws of any jurisdiction that so requires. The General Partner may change the name of the Partnership at any time and from time to time and shall notify the Limited Partners of such change in the next regular communication to the Limited Partners.

Section 2.3 Registered Office; Registered Agent; Principal Office; Other Offices. Unless and until changed by the General Partner, the registered office of the Partnership in the State of Delaware shall be located at \_\_\_\_\_, and the registered agent for service of process on the Partnership in the State of Delaware at such registered office shall be \_\_\_\_\_. The principal office of the Partnership shall be located at 700 Universe Boulevard, Juno Beach, Florida 33408, or such other place as the General Partner may from time to time designate by notice to the Limited Partners. The Partnership may maintain offices at such other place or places within or outside the State of Delaware as the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate. The address of the General Partner shall be 700 Universe Boulevard, Juno Beach, Florida 33408, or such other place as the General Partner may from time to time designate by notice to the Limited Partners.

Section 2.4 Purpose and Business. The purpose and nature of the business to be conducted by the Partnership shall be to (a) engage directly in, or enter into or form, hold and dispose of any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other arrangement to engage indirectly in, any business activity that is approved by the General Partner and that lawfully may be conducted by a limited partnership organized pursuant to the Delaware Act and, in connection therewith, to exercise all of the rights and powers conferred upon the Partnership pursuant to the agreements relating to such business activity, and (b) do anything necessary or appropriate to the foregoing, including the making of capital contributions or loans to a Group Member. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the General Partner shall have no duty or obligation to propose or approve the conduct by the Partnership of any business and may decline to do so free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership or any Limited Partner and, in declining to so propose or approve, shall not be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity and the General Partner in determining whether to propose or approve the conduct by the Partnership of any business shall be permitted to do so in its sole and absolute discretion.

Section 2.5 Powers. The Partnership shall be empowered to do any and all acts and things necessary, appropriate, proper, advisable, incidental to or convenient for the furtherance and accomplishment of the purposes and business described in Section 2.4 and for the protection and benefit of the Partnership.

Section 2.6 Term. The term of the Partnership commenced upon the filing of the Certificate of Limited Partnership in accordance with the Delaware Act and shall continue in existence until the dissolution of the Partnership in accordance with the provisions of Article XII. The existence of the Partnership as a separate legal entity shall continue until the cancellation of the Certificate of Limited Partnership as provided in the Delaware Act.

Section 2.7 Title to Partnership Assets. Title to the assets of the Partnership, whether real, personal or mixed and whether tangible or intangible, shall be deemed to be owned by the Partnership as an entity, and no Partner, individually or collectively, shall have any ownership interest in such assets of the Partnership or any portion thereof. Title to any or all assets of the Partnership may be held in the name of the Partnership, the General Partner, one or more of its Affiliates or one or more nominees of the General Partner or its Affiliates, as the General Partner may determine. The General Partner hereby declares and warrants that any assets of the Partnership for which record title is held in the name of the General Partner or one or more of its Affiliates or one or more nominees of the General Partner or its Affiliates shall be held by the General Partner or such Affiliate or nominee for the use and benefit of the

Partnership in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement; provided, however, that the General Partner shall use reasonable efforts to cause record title to such assets (other than those

B-15

**Table of Contents**

assets in respect of which the General Partner determines that the expense and difficulty of conveyancing makes transfer of record title to the Partnership impracticable) to be vested in the Partnership or one or more of the Partnership's designated Affiliates as soon as reasonably practicable; provided, further, that, prior to the withdrawal or removal of the General Partner or as soon thereafter as practicable, the General Partner shall use reasonable efforts to effect the transfer of record title to the Partnership and, prior to any such transfer, will provide for the use of such assets in a manner satisfactory to any successor General Partner. All assets of the Partnership shall be recorded as the property of the Partnership in its books and records, irrespective of the name in which record title to such assets of the Partnership is held.

**ARTICLE III**

**RIGHTS OF LIMITED PARTNERS**

Section 3.1 Limitation of Liability. The Limited Partners shall have no liability under this Agreement except as expressly provided in this Agreement or the Delaware Act.

Section 3.2 Management of Business. No Limited Partner, in its capacity as such, shall participate in the operation, management or control (within the meaning of the Delaware Act) of the Partnership's business, transact any business in the Partnership's name or have the power to sign documents for or otherwise bind the Partnership. No action taken by any Affiliate of the General Partner or any officer, director, employee, manager, member, general partner, agent or trustee of the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, or any officer, director, employee, manager, member, general partner, agent or trustee of a Group Member, in its capacity as such, shall be deemed to be participating in the control of the business of the Partnership by a limited partner of the Partnership (within the meaning of Section 17-303(a) of the Delaware Act) nor shall any such action affect, impair or eliminate the limitations on the liability of the Limited Partners under this Agreement.

Section 3.3 Rights of Limited Partners.

(a) Each Limited Partner shall have the right, upon written request and at such Limited Partner's own expense to obtain a copy of this Agreement and the Certificate of Limited Partnership and all amendments thereto.

(b) Each of the Partners and each other Person or Group who acquires an interest in Partnership Interests hereby agrees to the fullest extent permitted by law that they do not have any rights as Partners to receive any information either pursuant to Sections 17-305(a) of the Delaware Act or otherwise except for the right to obtain a copy of this Agreement and the Certificate of Limited Partnership set forth in Section 3.3(a).

**ARTICLE IV**

**CERTIFICATES; RECORD HOLDERS; TRANSFER OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS**

Section 4.1 Certificates. Owners of Partnership Interests and, where appropriate, Derivative Partnership Interests, shall be recorded in the Register and ownership of such interests shall be evidenced by a physical certificate or book entry notation in the Register. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, unless the General Partner shall determine otherwise in respect of some or all of any or all classes of Partnership Interests and Derivative Partnership Interests, Partnership Interests and Derivative Partnership Interests shall not be evidenced by physical certificates. Certificates, if any, shall be executed on behalf of the Partnership by the Chief Executive Officer, President, Chief Financial Officer or any Vice President and the Secretary, any Assistant Secretary, or other authorized officer of the General Partner, and shall bear the legend set forth in Section 4.7(c). The signatures of such officers upon a certificate

may be facsimiles. In case any officer who has

B-16

**Table of Contents**

signed or whose signature has been placed upon such certificate shall have ceased to be such officer before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the Partnership with the same effect as if he were such officer at the date of its issuance. If a Transfer Agent has been appointed for a class of Partnership Interests, no Certificate for such class of Partnership Interests shall be valid for any purpose until it has been countersigned by the Transfer Agent; provided, however, that, if the General Partner elects to cause the Partnership to issue Partnership Interests of such class in global form, the Certificate shall be valid upon receipt of a certificate from the Transfer Agent certifying that the Partnership Interests have been duly registered in accordance with the directions of the Partnership. With respect to any Partnership Interests that are represented by physical certificates, the General Partner may determine that such Partnership Interests will no longer be represented by physical certificates and may, upon written notice to the holders of such Partnership Interests and subject to applicable law, take whatever actions it deems necessary or appropriate to cause such Partnership Interests to be registered in book entry or global form and may cause such physical certificates to be cancelled or deemed cancelled.

Section 4.2 Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost or Stolen Certificates.

(a) If any mutilated Certificate is surrendered to the Transfer Agent, the appropriate officers of the General Partner on behalf of the Partnership shall execute, and the Transfer Agent shall countersign and deliver in exchange therefor, a new Certificate evidencing the same number and type of Partnership Interests or Derivative Partnership Interests as the Certificate so surrendered.

(b) The appropriate officers of the General Partner, on behalf of the Partnership, shall execute and deliver, and the Transfer Agent shall countersign, a new Certificate in place of any Certificate previously issued, if the Record Holder of the Certificate:

(i) makes proof by affidavit, in form and substance satisfactory to the General Partner, that a previously issued Certificate has been lost, destroyed or stolen;

(ii) requests the issuance of a new Certificate before the General Partner has notice that the Certificate has been acquired by a purchaser for value in good faith and without notice of an adverse claim;

(iii) if requested by the General Partner, delivers to the General Partner a bond, in form and substance satisfactory to the General Partner, with surety or sureties and with fixed or open penalty as the General Partner may direct to indemnify the Partnership, the Partners, the General Partner and the Transfer Agent against any claim that may be made on account of the alleged loss, destruction or theft of the Certificate; and

(iv) satisfies any other reasonable requirements imposed by the General Partner or the Transfer Agent.

If a Limited Partner fails to notify the General Partner within a reasonable period of time after such Limited Partner has notice of the loss, destruction or theft of a Certificate, and a transfer of the Limited Partner Interests represented by the Certificate is registered before the Partnership, the General Partner or the Transfer Agent receives such notification, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the Limited Partner shall be precluded from making any claim against the Partnership, the General Partner or the Transfer Agent for such transfer or for a new Certificate.

(c) As a condition to the issuance of any new Certificate under this Section 4.2, the General Partner may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto and any other expenses (including the fees and expenses of the Transfer Agent) reasonably connected therewith.



Section 4.3 Record Holders. The names and addresses of Unitholders as they appear in the Register shall be the official list of Record Holders of the Partnership Interests for all purposes. The Partnership and the General Partner shall be entitled to recognize the Record Holder as the Partner with respect to any Partnership Interest

B-17

**Table of Contents**

and, accordingly, shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to, or interest in, such Partnership Interest on the part of any other Person or Group, regardless of whether the Partnership or the General Partner shall have actual or other notice thereof, except as otherwise provided by law or any applicable rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which such Partnership Interests are listed or admitted to trading. Without limiting the foregoing, when a Person (such as a broker, dealer, bank, trust company or clearing corporation or an agent of any of the foregoing) is acting as nominee, agent or in some other representative capacity for another Person or Group in acquiring and/or holding Partnership Interests, as between the Partnership on the one hand, and such other Person on the other, such representative Person shall be the Limited Partner with respect to such Partnership Interest upon becoming the Record Holder in accordance with Section 10.1(b) and have the rights and obligations of a Partner hereunder as, and to the extent, provided herein, including Section 10.1(c).

Section 4.4 Transfer Generally.

(a) The term **transfer**, when used in this Agreement with respect to a Partnership Interest, shall be deemed to refer to a transaction (i) by which the General Partner assigns all or any part of its General Partner Interest to another Person, and includes a sale, assignment, gift, pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation, mortgage, exchange or any other disposition by law or otherwise or (ii) by which the holder of a Limited Partner Interest assigns such Limited Partner Interest to another Person who is or becomes a Limited Partner as a result thereof, and includes a sale, assignment, gift, exchange or any other disposition by law or otherwise, excluding a pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation or mortgage but including any transfer upon foreclosure of any pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation or mortgage.

(b) No Partnership Interest shall be transferred, in whole or in part, except in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this Article IV. Any transfer or purported transfer of a Partnership Interest not made in accordance with this Article IV shall be null and void, and the Partnership shall have no obligation to effect or recognize any such transfer or purported transfer.

(c) Nothing contained in this Agreement shall be construed to prevent or limit a disposition by any stockholder, member, partner or other owner of the General Partner or any Limited Partner of any or all of such Person's shares of stock, membership interests, partnership interests or other ownership interests in the General Partner or such Limited Partner and the term **transfer** shall not include any such disposition.

Section 4.5 Registration and Transfer of Limited Partner Interests.

(a) The General Partner shall keep, or cause to be kept by the Transfer Agent on behalf of the Partnership, one or more registers in which, subject to such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe and subject to the provisions of Section 4.5(b), the registration and transfer of Limited Partner Interests, and any Derivative Partnership Interests as applicable, shall be recorded (the **Register** ).

(b) The General Partner shall not recognize any transfer of Limited Partner Interests evidenced by Certificates until the Certificates evidencing such Limited Partner Interests are surrendered for registration of transfer. No charge shall be imposed by the General Partner for such transfer; provided, that as a condition to the issuance of any new Certificate under this Section 4.5, the General Partner may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed with respect thereto and any other expenses (including the fees and expenses of the Transfer Agent) reasonably connected therewith. Upon surrender of a Certificate for registration of transfer of any Limited Partner Interests evidenced by a Certificate, and subject to the provisions of this Section 4.5(b), the appropriate officers of the General Partner on behalf of the Partnership shall execute and deliver, and in the case of Certificates evidencing Limited Partner Interests for which a Transfer Agent has been appointed, the Transfer Agent shall countersign and deliver, in the name of the holder or the designated transferee or transferees, as

required pursuant to the holder's instructions, one or more new Certificates evidencing the same aggregate number and type of Limited Partner Interests as was evidenced by the Certificate so surrendered. Upon the proper surrender of a Certificate, such transfer shall be recorded in the Register.

B-18

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**Table of Contents**

(c) Upon the receipt by the General Partner of proper transfer instructions from the Record Holder of uncertificated Partnership Interests, such transfer shall be recorded in the Register.

(d) By acceptance of any Limited Partner Interests pursuant to a transfer in accordance with this Article IV, each transferee of a Limited Partner Interest (including any nominee, or agent or representative acquiring such Limited Partner Interests for the account of another Person or Group) (i) shall be admitted to the Partnership as a Limited Partner with respect to the Limited Partner Interests so transferred to such Person when any such transfer or admission is reflected in the Register and such Person becomes the Record Holder of the Limited Partner Interests so transferred, (ii) shall become bound, and shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound, by the terms of this Agreement, (iii) shall be deemed to represent that the transferee has the capacity, power and authority to enter into this Agreement and (iv) shall be deemed to make any consents, acknowledgements or waivers contained in this Agreement, all with or without execution of this Agreement by such Person. The transfer of any Limited Partner Interests and the admission of any new Limited Partner shall not constitute an amendment to this Agreement.

(e) Subject to (i) the foregoing provisions of this Section 4.5, (ii) Section 4.3, (iii) Section 4.7, (iv) with respect to any class or series of Limited Partner Interests, the provisions of any statement of designations or an amendment to this Agreement establishing such class or series, (v) any contractual provisions binding on any Limited Partner and (vi) provisions of applicable law, including the Securities Act, Limited Partner Interests shall be freely transferable.

(f) The General Partner and its Affiliates (including NEE Equity) shall have the right at any time to transfer their Common Units to one or more Persons.

Section 4.6 Transfer of the General Partner's General Partner Interest.

(a) Subject to Section 4.6(c) below, prior to \_\_\_\_\_, 2024, the General Partner shall not transfer all or any part of its General Partner Interest to a Person unless such transfer (i) has been approved by the prior written consent or vote of the holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units or (ii) is of all, but not less than all, of its General Partner Interest to (A) an Affiliate of the General Partner (other than an individual) or (B) another Person (other than an individual) in connection with the merger or consolidation of the General Partner with or into such other Person or the transfer by the General Partner of all or substantially all of its assets to such other Person.

(b) Subject to Section 4.6(c) below, on or after \_\_\_\_\_, 2024, the General Partner may transfer all or any part of its General Partner Interest without Unitholder approval.

(c) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no transfer by the General Partner of all or any part of its General Partner Interest to another Person shall be permitted unless (i) the transferee agrees to assume the rights and duties of the General Partner under this Agreement and to be bound by the provisions of this Agreement, (ii) the Partnership receives an Opinion of Counsel that such transfer would not result in the loss of limited liability of any Limited Partner under the Delaware Act and (iii) such transferee also agrees to purchase all (or the appropriate portion thereof, if applicable) of the partnership or membership interest of the General Partner as the general partner or managing member, if any, of each other Group Member. In the case of a transfer pursuant to and in compliance with this Section 4.6, the transferee or successor (as the case may be) shall, subject to compliance with the terms of Section 10.2, be admitted to the Partnership as the General Partner effective immediately prior to the transfer of the General Partner Interest, and the business of the Partnership shall continue without dissolution.

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**Table of Contents**

Section 4.7 Restrictions on Transfers.

(a) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Article IV, no transfer of any Partnership Interests shall be made if such transfer would (i) violate the then-applicable federal or state securities laws or rules and regulations of the Commission, any state securities commission or any other governmental authority with jurisdiction over such transfer, (ii) terminate the existence or qualification of the Partnership under the laws of the jurisdiction of its formation; (iii) create, in the discretion of the General Partner, more than an insignificant risk that the Partnership will be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for federal income tax purposes; or (iv) result in a termination of the Partnership under Code Section 708 unless, prior to such transfer, the transferring Partner agrees to indemnify the Partnership and the other Partners for any adverse tax consequences caused as a result of such termination. The Partnership may issue stop transfer instructions to any Transfer Agent in order to implement any restriction on transfer contemplated by this Agreement.

(b) The General Partner may impose restrictions on the transfer of Partnership Interests, including by requiring the General Partner's prior written consent for any transfer (which consent may be withheld in the discretion of the General Partner), if it receives written advice of counsel that such restrictions are necessary or advisable to (i) avoid a significant risk of the Partnership's becoming taxable as a corporation or otherwise becoming taxable as an entity for federal income tax purposes (to the extent not already so treated or taxed) or (ii) preserve the uniformity of the Limited Partner Interests (or any class or classes thereof). The General Partner may impose such restrictions by amending this Agreement.

(c) Each certificate or book entry evidencing Partnership Interests shall bear a conspicuous legend in substantially the following form:

THE HOLDER OF THIS SECURITY ACKNOWLEDGES FOR THE BENEFIT OF NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP THAT THIS SECURITY MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED IF SUCH TRANSFER (AS DEFINED IN THE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT) WOULD (A) VIOLATE THE THEN APPLICABLE FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY WITH JURISDICTION OVER SUCH TRANSFER, (B) TERMINATE THE EXISTENCE OR QUALIFICATION OF NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, (C) CAUSE NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP TO BE TREATED AS AN ASSOCIATION TAXABLE AS A CORPORATION OR OTHERWISE TO BE TAXED AS AN ENTITY FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES, OR (D) RESULT IN A TERMINATION OF THE PARTNERSHIP UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED, SECTION 708 UNLESS, PRIOR TO SUCH TRANSFER, THE TRANSFERRING PARTNER AGREES TO INDEMNIFY THE PARTNERSHIP AND THE OTHER PARTNERS FOR ANY ADVERSE TAX CONSEQUENCES CAUSED AS A RESULT OF SUCH TERMINATION. THE GENERAL PARTNER OF NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP MAY IMPOSE ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON THE TRANSFER OF THIS SECURITY IF IT RECEIVES AN OPINION OF COUNSEL THAT SUCH RESTRICTIONS ARE NECESSARY TO AVOID A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP BECOMING TAXABLE AS A CORPORATION OR OTHERWISE BECOMING TAXABLE AS AN ENTITY FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES. THIS SECURITY MAY BE SUBJECT TO ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON ITS TRANSFER PROVIDED IN THE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT. COPIES OF SUCH AGREEMENT MAY BE OBTAINED AT NO COST BY WRITTEN REQUEST MADE BY THE HOLDER OF RECORD OF THIS SECURITY TO THE SECRETARY OF THE GENERAL PARTNER AT THE PRINCIPAL OFFICE OF THE PARTNERSHIP.



**Table of Contents**

**ARTICLE V**

**CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND ISSUANCE OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS**

Section 5.1 Organizational Transactions. In connection with the formation of the Partnership under the Delaware Act, the General Partner made an initial Capital Contribution to the Partnership in the amount of \$10,000 and was admitted as the General Partner of the Partnership, and NextEra Energy Equity Partners, LP made an initial Capital Contribution to the Partnership in the amount of \$10,000 and was admitted as a Limited Partner of the Partnership.

- (a) Prior to the Closing Date, NEE Equity contributed assets with an aggregate Net Agreed Value equal to the proceeds in the Initial Public Offering, net of any underwriting discounts and commissions and structuring fees.
- (b) On the Closing Date, NEE Partners contributed to the Partnership, as a Capital Contribution, \$ in exchange for Common Units.
- (c) No Limited Partner Interests will be issued or issuable as of or at the Closing Date other than the Common Units issued to NEE Partners under Section 5.1(b).
- (d) On the Closing Date, the Partnership effected a subdivision of the Units then Outstanding, resulting in the issuance of Common Units to NEE Equity;
- (e) Neither the General Partner nor any Limited Partner will be required to make any additional Capital Contribution to the Partnership pursuant to this Agreement.

Section 5.2 Interest and Withdrawal.

No interest shall be paid by the Partnership on Capital Contributions. No Partner shall be entitled to the withdrawal or return of its Capital Contribution, except to the extent, if any, that distributions made pursuant to this Agreement or upon termination of the Partnership may be considered as such by law and then only to the extent provided for in this Agreement. Except to the extent expressly provided in this Agreement, no Partner shall have priority over any other Partner either as to the return of Capital Contributions or as to profits, losses or distributions. Any such return shall be a compromise to which all Partners agree within the meaning of Section 17-502(b) of the Delaware Act.

Section 5.3 Capital Accounts.

- (a) The Partnership shall maintain for each Partner owning a Partnership Interest a separate Capital Account with respect to such Partnership Interest in accordance with the rules of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv). The Capital Account shall in respect of each such Partnership Interest be increased by (i) the amount of all Capital Contributions made to the Partnership with respect to such Partnership Interest and (ii) all items of Partnership income and gain (including income and gain exempt from tax) computed in accordance with Section 5.3(b) and allocated with respect to such Partnership Interest pursuant to Section 6.1, and decreased by (x) the amount of cash or Net Agreed Value of all actual and deemed distributions of cash or property made with respect to such Partnership Interest and (y) all items of Partnership deduction and loss computed in accordance with Section 5.3(b) and allocated with respect to such Partnership Interest pursuant to Section 6.1.
- (b) For purposes of computing the amount of any item of income, gain, loss or deduction that is to be allocated pursuant to Article VI and is to be reflected in the Partners' Capital Accounts, the determination,

B-21



**Table of Contents**

recognition and classification of any such item shall be the same as its determination, recognition and classification for federal income tax purposes (including any method of depreciation, cost recovery or amortization used for that purpose), provided, that:

- (i) All fees and other expenses incurred by the Partnership to promote the sale of (or to sell) a Partnership Interest that can neither be deducted nor amortized under Section 709 of the Code, if any, shall, for purposes of Capital Account maintenance, be treated as an item of deduction at the time such fees and other expenses are incurred and shall be allocated among the Partners pursuant to Section 6.1.
- (ii) Any income, gain or loss attributable to the taxable disposition of any Partnership property shall be determined as if the adjusted basis of such property as of such date of disposition were equal in amount to the Partnership's Carrying Value with respect to such property as of such date.
- (iii) An item of income of the Partnership that is described in Section 705(a)(1)(B) of the Code (with respect to items of income that are exempt from tax) shall be treated as an item of income for the purpose of this Section 5.3(b), and an item of expense of the Partnership that is described in Section 705(a)(2)(B) of the Code (with respect to expenditures that are not deductible and not chargeable to capital accounts), shall be treated as an item of deduction for the purpose of this Section 5.3(b).
- (iv) In lieu of the depreciation, amortization and other cost recovery deductions taken into account for federal income tax purposes, there shall be taken into account Depreciation for such taxable period, computed in accordance with the definition of Depreciation contained herein.
- (v) The Gross Liability Value of each Liability of the Partnership described in Treasury Regulation Section 1.752-7(b)(3)(i) shall be adjusted at such times as provided in this Agreement for an adjustment to Carrying Values. The amount of any such adjustment shall be treated for purposes hereof as an item of loss (if the adjustment increases the Carrying Value of such Liability of the Partnership) or an item of gain (if the adjustment decreases the Carrying Value of such Liability of the Partnership).
- (vi) In the event the Carrying Value of any Partnership asset is adjusted pursuant to Section 5.3(d), the amount of such adjustment shall be taken into account as gain or loss from the disposition of such property for purposes of this Section 5.3(b).
- (c) The transferee of a Partnership Interest shall succeed to a Pro Rata portion of the Capital Account of the transferor relating to the Partnership Interest so transferred.
- (d) In accordance with, and upon the occurrence of any event described in, Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(f), the Carrying Value of each Partnership property immediately prior to such event may, in the discretion of the General Partner, be adjusted upward or downward to reflect any Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss attributable to such Partnership property. Without limiting the foregoing, the Carrying Value of any Partnership property distributed to any Partner shall be adjusted to reflect any Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss attributable to such Partnership property. In determining such Unrealized Gain or Unrealized Loss for purposes of this Section 5.3(d), the fair market value of any Partnership property (including cash or cash equivalents) immediately prior to any adjustment made pursuant to this Section 5.3(d) shall be determined by the General Partner using such method of valuation as it may adopt.

Section 5.4 Issuances of Additional Partnership Interests.

(a) The Partnership may issue additional Partnership Interests (other than General Partner Interests) and Derivative Partnership Interests for any Partnership purpose at any time and from time to time to such Persons for such consideration and on such terms and conditions as the General Partner shall determine, all without the approval of any Limited Partners.

(b) Each additional Partnership Interest authorized to be issued by the Partnership pursuant to Section 5.4(a) may be issued in one or more classes, or one or more series of any such classes, with such

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**Table of Contents**

designations, preferences, rights, powers and duties (which may be senior to existing classes and series of Partnership Interests), as shall be fixed by the General Partner, including (i) the right to share in Partnership profits and losses or items thereof; (ii) the right to share in Partnership distributions; (iii) the rights upon dissolution and liquidation of the Partnership; (iv) whether, and the terms and conditions upon which, the Partnership may or shall be required to redeem the Partnership Interest; (v) whether such Partnership Interest is issued with the privilege of conversion or exchange and, if so, the terms and conditions of such conversion or exchange; (vi) the terms and conditions upon which each Partnership Interest will be issued, evidenced by Certificates and assigned or transferred; (vii) the method for determining the Percentage Interest as to such Partnership Interest; and (viii) the right, if any, of each such Partnership Interest to vote on Partnership matters, including matters relating to the relative rights, preferences and privileges of such Partnership Interest.

(c) The General Partner shall take all actions that it determines to be necessary or appropriate in connection with (i) each issuance of Partnership Interests and Derivative Partnership Interests pursuant to this Section 5.4, (ii) the conversion of the Combined Interest into Units pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, (iii) reflecting admission of such additional Limited Partners in the Register as the Record Holders of such Limited Partner Interests and (iv) all additional issuances of Partnership Interests. The General Partner shall determine the relative rights, powers and duties of the holders of the Units or other Partnership Interests being so issued. The General Partner shall do all things necessary to comply with the Delaware Act and is authorized and directed to do all things that it determines to be necessary or appropriate in connection with any future issuance of Partnership Interests or in connection with the conversion of the Combined Interest into Units pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, including compliance with any statute, rule, regulation or guideline of any federal, state or other governmental agency or any National Securities Exchange on which the Units or other Partnership Interests are listed or admitted to trading.

(d) No additional Common Units shall be issued to NEE Partners unless (i) the additional Common Units are issued to all Partners holding Common Units in proportion to their respective Percentage Interests in the Common Units, (ii) (a) the additional Common Units are Common Units issued in connection with an issuance of NEE Partners Common Units and (b) NEE Partners contributes to the Partnership the cash proceeds or other consideration received in connection with the issuance of such NEE Partners Common Units, (iii) the additional Common Units are issued upon the conversion, redemption or exchange of other securities issued by the Partnership or (iv) the additional Common Units are issued pursuant to Section 5.5 or Section 5.6.

(e) No fractional Units shall be issued by the Partnership.

Section 5.5 Issuances of Securities by NEE Partners. NEE Partners shall not issue any additional NEE Partners Common Units unless NEE Partners contributes the cash proceeds or other consideration received from the issuance of such additional NEE Partners Common Units in exchange for Common Units; provided, however, that notwithstanding the foregoing, NEE Partners may issue NEE Partners Common Units (a) pursuant to Section 5.6 or pursuant to the Exchange Agreement or (b) pursuant to a distribution (including any split or combination) of NEE Partners Common Units to all of the holders of NEE Partners Common Units. In the event that NEE Partners issues any additional NEE Partners Common Units and contributes the cash proceeds or other consideration received from the issuance thereof to the Partnership, the Partnership is authorized to issue a number of Common Units equal to the number of NEE Partners Common Units so issued without any further act, approval or vote of any Partner or any other Persons.

Section 5.6 Unit Option Plans.

(a) If at any time or from time to time, in connection with any Unit Option Plan, an option to purchase NEE Partners Common Units granted to a Person other than a Partnership Employee is duly exercised:

(i) NEE Partners, shall, as soon as practicable after such exercise, make a Capital Contribution to the Partnership in an amount equal to the exercise price paid to NEE Partners by such exercising party in connection with the exercise of such unit option.

B-23

**Table of Contents**

(ii) Notwithstanding the amount of the Capital Contribution actually made pursuant to Section 5.6(a)(i), NEE Partners shall be deemed to have contributed to the Partnership as a Capital Contribution an amount equal to the Market Value of a NEE Partners Common Unit as of the date of exercise multiplied by the number of NEE Partners Common Units then being issued in connection with the exercise of such unit option. In exchange for such Capital Contribution, the Partnership shall issue a number of Common Units to NEE Partners equal to the number of NEE Partners Common Units issued in connection with the exercise of such unit option.

(b) If at any time or from time to time, in connection with any Unit Option Plan, an option to purchase NEE Partners Common Units granted to a Partnership Employee is duly exercised:

(i) NEE Partners shall sell to the Partnership, and the Partnership shall purchase from NEE Partners, the number of NEE Partners Common Units as to which such unit option is being exercised. The purchase price per NEE Partners Common Unit for such sale of NEE Partners Common Units to the Partnership shall be the Market Value of a NEE Partners Common Unit as of the date of exercise of such unit option.

(ii) The Partnership shall sell to the Optionee (or if the Optionee is an employee of a Group Member other than the Partnership, the Partnership shall sell to such Group Member, which in turn shall sell to the Optionee), for a cash price per share equal to the Market Value of a NEE Partners Common Unit at the time of the exercise, the number of NEE Partners Common Units equal to (a) the exercise price paid to NEE Partners by the exercising party in connection with the exercise of such unit option divided by (b) the Market Value of a NEE Partners Common Unit at the time of such exercise.

(iii) The Partnership shall transfer to the Optionee (or if the Optionee is an employee of another Group Member, the Partnership shall transfer to such Group Member, which in turn shall transfer to the Optionee) at no additional cost, as additional compensation, the number of NEE Partners Common Units equal to the number of NEE Partners Common Units described in Section 5.6(b)(i) less the number of NEE Partners Common Units described in Section 5.6(b)(ii) hereof.

(iv) NEE Partners shall, as soon as practicable after such exercise, make a Capital Contribution to the Partnership of an amount equal to all proceeds received (from whatever source, but excluding any payment in respect of payroll taxes or other withholdings) by NEE Partners in connection with the exercise of such unit option. In exchange for such Capital Contribution, the Partnership shall issue a number of Common Units to NEE Partners equal to the number of NEE Partners Common Units issued in connection with the exercise of such unit option.

(c) Restricted Units Granted to Partnership Employees. If at any time or from time to time, in connection with any Equity Plan (other than a Unit Option Plan), any NEE Partners Common Units are issued to a Partnership Employee (including any NEE Partners Common Units that are subject to forfeiture in the event such Partnership Employee terminates his employment by the Partnership or another Group Member) in consideration for services performed for the Partnership or such other Group Member:

(i) NEE Partners shall issue such number of NEE Partners Common Units as are to be issued to the Partnership Employee in accordance with the Equity Plan;

(ii) The following events will be deemed to have occurred: (a) NEE Partners shall be deemed to have sold such NEE Partners Common Units to the Partnership (or if the Partnership Employee is an employee or other service provider of another Group Member, to such Group Member) for a purchase price equal to the Market Value of such NEE Partners Common Units, (b) the Partnership (or such Group Member) shall be deemed to have delivered the NEE Partners Common Units to the Partnership Employee, (c) NEE Partners shall be deemed to have contributed the purchase price

to the Partnership as a Capital Contribution, and (d) in the case where the Partnership Employee is an employee of another Group Member, the Partnership shall be deemed to have contributed such amount to the capital of such Group Member; and

B-24

**Table of Contents**

(iii) The Partnership shall issue to NEE Partners a number of Common Units equal to the number of newly issued NEE Partners Common Units in consideration for a deemed Capital Contribution in an amount equal to (x) the number of newly issued Common Units, multiplied by the Market Value of a NEE Partners Common Unit at such time.

(d) Restricted Units Granted to Persons other than Partnership Employees. If at any time or from time to time, in connection with any Equity Plan (other than a Unit Option Plan), any NEE Partners Common Units are issued to a Person other than a Partnership Employee in consideration for services performed for NEE Partners, the NEE Partners General Partner or a Group Member:

(i) NEE Partners shall issue such number of NEE Partners Common Units as are to be issued to such Person in accordance with the Equity Plan; and

(ii) NEE Partners shall be deemed to have contributed the Market Value of such NEE Partners Common Units to the Partnership as a Capital Contribution, and the Partnership shall issue to NEE Partners a number of newly issued Common Units equal to the number of newly issued NEE Partners Common Units divided.

(e) Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed or applied to preclude or restrain the General Partner, NEE Partners or the NEE Partners General Partner from adopting, modifying or terminating stock incentive plans for the benefit of employees, directors or other business associates of the General Partner, NEE Partners, the Partnership, the NEE Partners General Partner or any of their Affiliates. The Partners acknowledge and agree that, in the event that any such plan is adopted, modified or terminated by the General Partner, NEE Partners or the NEE Partners General Partners, amendments to this Section 5.6 may become necessary or advisable and that any approval or consent to any such amendments requested by the General Partner or NEE Partners shall be deemed granted.

(f) The Partnership is expressly authorized to issue Common Units in the numbers specified in this Section 5.6 without any further act, approval or vote of any Partner or any other Persons.

Section 5.7 Limited Preemptive Right. Except as provided in this Section 5.7 or as otherwise provided in a separate agreement by the Partnership, no Person shall have any preemptive, preferential or other similar right with respect to the issuance of any Partnership Interest, whether unissued, held in the treasury or hereafter created. The General Partner shall have the right, which it may from time to time assign in whole or in part to any of its Affiliates, to purchase Partnership Interests from the Partnership whenever, and on the same terms that, the Partnership issues Partnership Interests to Persons other than the General Partner and its Affiliates, to the extent necessary to maintain the Percentage Interests of the General Partner and its Affiliates equal to that which existed immediately prior to the issuance of such Partnership Interests.

Section 5.8 Splits and Combinations.

(a) Subject to Section 5.8(d) and Section 6.6 (dealing with adjustments of the Minimum Quarterly Distribution), the Partnership may make a Pro Rata distribution of Partnership Interests to all Record Holders or may effect a subdivision or combination of Partnership Interests so long as, after any such event, each Partner shall have the same Percentage Interest in the Partnership as before such event, and any amounts calculated on a per Unit basis or stated as a number of Units are proportionately adjusted, provided, however, that the Partnership may not effect a subdivision or combination of Partnership Interests described in this Section 5.8(a) unless NEE Partners also effects an equivalent subdivision or combination, as determined by the General Partner.

(b) Whenever such a distribution, subdivision or combination of Partnership Interests is declared, the General Partner shall select a Record Date as of which the distribution, subdivision or combination shall be effective and shall send notice thereof at least 20 days prior to such Record Date to each Record Holder as of a date not less than 10 days prior to the date of such notice (or such shorter periods as required by applicable law).

B-25



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**Table of Contents**

The General Partner also may cause a firm of independent public accountants selected by it to calculate the number of Partnership Interests to be held by each Record Holder after giving effect to such distribution, subdivision or combination. The General Partner shall be entitled to rely on any certificate provided by such firm as conclusive evidence of the accuracy of such calculation.

(c) Promptly following any such distribution, subdivision or combination, the Partnership may issue Certificates or uncertificated Partnership Interests to the Record Holders of Partnership Interests as of the applicable Record Date representing the new number of Partnership Interests held by such Record Holders, or the General Partner may adopt such other procedures that it determines to be necessary or appropriate to reflect such changes. If any such combination results in a smaller total number of Partnership Interests Outstanding, the Partnership shall require, as a condition to the delivery to a Record Holder of Partnership Interests represented by Certificates, the surrender of any Certificate held by such Record Holder immediately prior to such Record Date.

(d) The Partnership shall not issue fractional Units upon any distribution, subdivision or combination of Units. If a distribution, subdivision or combination of Units would result in the issuance of fractional Units but for the provisions of Section 5.4(e) and this Section 5.8(d), each fractional Unit shall be rounded to the nearest whole Unit (with fractional Units equal to or greater than a 0.5 Unit being rounded to the next higher Unit).

Section 5.9 Redemption, Repurchase or Forfeiture of NEE Partners Common Units. If, at any time, any NEE Partners Common Units are redeemed, repurchased or otherwise acquired (whether by exercise of a put or call, upon forfeiture of any award granted under any Equity Plan, automatically or by means of another arrangement) by NEE Partners, then, immediately prior to such redemption, repurchase or acquisition of NEE Partners Common Units, the Partnership shall redeem a number of Common Units held by NEE Partners equal to the number of NEE Partners Common Units so redeemed, repurchased or acquired, such redemption, repurchase or acquisition to be upon the same terms and for the same price per Common Unit as such NEE Partners Common Units that are redeemed, repurchased or acquired.

Section 5.10 Fully Paid and Non-Assessable Nature of Limited Partner Interests. All Limited Partner Interests issued pursuant to, and in accordance with the requirements of, this Article V shall be fully paid and non-assessable Limited Partner Interests in the Partnership, except as such non-assessability may be affected by Sections 17-303, 17-607 or 17-804 of the Delaware Act.

**ARTICLE VI**

**ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS**

Section 6.1 Allocations for Capital Account Purposes. For purposes of maintaining the Capital Accounts and in determining the rights of the Partners among themselves, the Partnership's items of income, gain, loss, deduction, and credit (computed in accordance with Section 5.3(b)) for each taxable period shall be allocated among the Partners as provided herein below.

(a) *Net Income and Net Loss*. After giving effect to the special allocations set forth in Section 6.1(b), Net Income and Net Loss for each taxable period and all items of income, gain, loss, deduction, and credit taken into account in computing Net Income and Net Loss for such taxable period shall be allocated to all Unitholders, Pro Rata.

(b) *Special Allocations*. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 6.1, the following special allocations shall be made for such taxable period:

(i) *Partnership Minimum Gain Chargeback*. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 6.1, if there is a net decrease in Partnership Minimum Gain during any Partnership taxable period, each Partner shall be allocated items of Partnership income and gain for such period (and, if necessary,

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**Table of Contents**

subsequent periods) in the manner and amounts provided in Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(f), 1.704-2(g) and 1.704-2(j)(2)(i), or any successor provision. For purposes of this Section 6.1(b), each Partner's Adjusted Capital Account balance shall be determined, and the allocation of income or gain required hereunder shall be effected, prior to the application of any other allocations pursuant to this Section 6.1(b) with respect to such taxable period (other than an allocation pursuant to Section 6.1(b)(v) and Section 6.1(b)(vi)). This Section 6.1(b)(i) is intended to comply with the Partnership Minimum Gain chargeback requirement in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(f) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

(ii) *Chargeback of Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain.* Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Section 6.1 (other than Section 6.1(b)(i)), except as provided in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i)(4), if there is a net decrease in Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain during any Partnership taxable period, any Partner with a share of Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain at the beginning of such taxable period shall be allocated items of Partnership income and gain for such period (and, if necessary, subsequent periods) in the manner and amounts provided in Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(i)(4) and 1.704-2(j)(2)(ii), or any successor provisions. For purposes of this Section 6.1(b), each Partner's Adjusted Capital Account balance shall be determined, and the allocation of income or gain required hereunder shall be effected, prior to the application of any other allocations pursuant to this Section 6.1(b) with respect to such taxable period (other than an allocation pursuant to Section 6.1(b)(i), Section 6.1(b)(v) and Section 6.1(b)(vi)). This Section 6.1(b)(ii) is intended to comply with the chargeback of items of income and gain requirement in Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i)(4) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

(iii) *Qualified Income Offset.* In the event any Partner unexpectedly receives any adjustments, allocations or distributions described in Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(4), 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(5), or 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d)(6), items of Partnership gross income and gain shall be specially allocated to such Partner in an amount and manner sufficient to eliminate, to the extent required by the Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 704(b) of the Code, the deficit balance, if any, in its Adjusted Capital Account created by such adjustments, allocations or distributions as quickly as possible; provided, that an allocation pursuant to this Section 6.1(b)(iii) shall be made only if and to the extent that such Partner would have a deficit balance in its Adjusted Capital Account as adjusted after all other allocations provided for in this Section 6.1 have been tentatively made as if this Section 6.1(b)(iii) were not in this Agreement. This Section 6.1(b)(iii) is intended to constitute a qualified income offset within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d) and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

(iv) *Gross Income Allocation.* In the event any Partner has a deficit balance in its Capital Account at the end of any taxable period in excess of the sum of (A) the amount such Partner is required to restore pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement and (B) the amount such Partner is deemed obligated to restore pursuant to Treasury Regulation Sections 1.704-2(g) and 1.704-2(i)(5), such Partner shall be specially allocated items of Partnership gross income and gain in the amount of such excess as quickly as possible; provided, that an allocation pursuant to this Section 6.1(b)(iv) shall be made only if and to the extent that such Partner would have a deficit balance in its Capital Account as adjusted after all other allocations provided for in this Section 6.1 have been tentatively made as if Section 6.1(b)(iii) and this Section 6.1(b)(iv) were not in this Agreement.

(v) *Nonrecourse Deductions.* Nonrecourse Deductions for any taxable period shall be allocated to the Partners Pro Rata. If the General Partner determines that the Partnership's Nonrecourse Deductions should be allocated in a different ratio to satisfy the safe harbor requirements of the Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 704(b) of the Code, the General Partner is authorized, upon notice to the other Partners, to revise the prescribed ratio to the numerically closest ratio that does satisfy such requirements.

(vi) *Partner Nonrecourse Deductions.* Partner Nonrecourse Deductions for any taxable period shall be allocated 100% to the Partner that bears the Economic Risk of Loss with respect to the Partner

B-27

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**Table of Contents**

Nonrecourse Debt to which such Partner Nonrecourse Deductions are attributable in accordance with Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-2(i). If more than one Partner bears the Economic Risk of Loss with respect to a Partner Nonrecourse Debt, the Partner Nonrecourse Deductions attributable thereto shall be allocated between or among such Partners in accordance with the ratios in which they share such Economic Risk of Loss.

(vii) *Nonrecourse Liabilities.* For purposes of Treasury Regulation Section 1.752-3(a)(3), the Partners agree that Nonrecourse Liabilities of the Partnership in excess of the sum of (A) the amount of Partnership Minimum Gain and (B) the total amount of Nonrecourse Built-in Gain shall be allocated among the Partners Pro Rata.

(viii) *Code Section 754 Adjustments.* To the extent an adjustment to the adjusted tax basis of any Partnership asset pursuant to Section 734(b) or 743(b) of the Code is required, pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(iv)(m), to be taken into account in determining Capital Accounts, the amount of such adjustment to the Capital Accounts shall be treated as an item of gain (if the adjustment increases the basis of the asset) or loss (if the adjustment decreases such basis), and such item of gain or loss shall be specially allocated to the Partners in a manner consistent with the manner in which their Capital Accounts are required to be adjusted pursuant to such Section of the Treasury Regulations.

(ix) *Loss Allocation Limitation.* No allocation of Net Loss (or items thereof) shall be made to any Partner to the extent that such allocation would create or increase an Adjusted Capital Account deficit with respect to such Partner. Any amount of Net Loss (or items thereof) that cannot be allocated to a Partner pursuant to this Section 6.1(b)(ix) generally will be allocated among the other Partners in accordance with Section 6.1.

(x) *Curative Allocation.*

(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 6.1, other than the Required Allocations, the Required Allocations shall be taken into account in making the Agreed Allocations so that, to the extent possible, the net amount of items of gross income, gain, loss and deduction allocated to each Partner pursuant to the Required Allocations and the Agreed Allocations, together, shall be equal to the net amount of such items that would have been allocated to each such Partner under the Agreed Allocations had the Required Allocations and the related Curative Allocation not otherwise been provided in this Section 6.1. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, Required Allocations relating to (1) Nonrecourse Deductions shall not be taken into account except to the extent that there has been a decrease in Partnership Minimum Gain and (2) Partner Nonrecourse Deductions shall not be taken into account except to the extent that there has been a decrease in Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain. In exercising its discretion under this Section 6.1(b)(x)(A), the General Partner may take into account future Required Allocations that, although not yet made, are likely to offset other Required Allocations previously made. Allocations pursuant to this Section 6.1(b)(x)(A) shall only be made with respect to Required Allocations to the extent the General Partner determines that such allocations will otherwise be inconsistent with the economic agreement among the Partners. Further, allocations pursuant to this Section 6.1(b)(x)(A) shall be deferred with respect to allocations pursuant to clauses (1) and (2) hereof to the extent the General Partner determines that such allocations are likely to be offset by subsequent Required Allocations.

(B) The General Partner shall, with respect to each taxable period, (1) apply the provisions of Section 6.1(b)(x)(A) in whatever order is most likely to minimize the economic distortions that might otherwise result from the Required Allocations, and (2) divide all allocations pursuant to Section 6.1(b)(x)(A) among the Partners in a manner that is likely to minimize such economic distortions.

(c) *Other Allocation Provisions.*

(i) *Allocations Upon Liquidation.* Notwithstanding any provision in this Article VI to the contrary, in the event that the Partnership disposes of all or substantially all of its assets in a transaction that will lead to a liquidation of the Partnership pursuant to Article XII hereof, then any Net Income or Net Loss realized in connection with such transaction and thereafter (and, if necessary, constituent items of income, gain, loss

**Table of Contents**

and deduction) shall be specially allocated for the taxable period of such liquidation (and, to the extent permitted by the Code, for the immediately preceding taxable period) among the Partners as required so as to cause liquidating distributions pursuant to Section 12.4 hereof to be made in the same amounts and proportions as would have resulted had such distributions instead been made pursuant to this Article VI.

(ii) *Changes in Partnership Interests.* If any Partnership Interests are transferred or redeemed, or upon the admission of a new Partner, in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement during any taxable period, the income or loss attributable to such Partnership Interests for such taxable period shall be divided and allocated between the Partners based upon Section 706 of the Code or another permissible method selected by the General Partner.

(iii) *Class-by-Class Allocations.* Any allocations made pursuant to Section 6.1(a) and Section 6.1(b), as well as any tax allocations made pursuant to Section 6.2, shall be made on a class-by-class basis.

(iv) *Determinations by the General Partner.* All matters concerning the computation of Capital Accounts, the computation and allocation of Net Income (and items thereof) and Net Loss (and items thereof), the allocation of items of income, gain, loss, deduction and expense for tax purposes, and the adoption of any accounting procedures not expressly provided for by the terms of this Agreement shall be determined by the General Partner in its discretion. Such determination shall be final and conclusive as to all Partners. Notwithstanding anything expressed or implied to the contrary in this Agreement, in the event that the General Partner shall determine, in its discretion, that it is prudent to modify or amend this Agreement in order to modify the manner in which the Capital Accounts, or any debits or credits thereto, are computed in order to effectuate the intended economic sharing arrangement of the Partners as reflected in this Article VI or to comply with Section 704 of the Code and the Treasury Regulations thereunder, the General Partner may make such modification or amendment, provided that such modification or amendment does not directly or indirectly cause a decrease in the amount of distributions to which a Partner would otherwise be entitled.

Section 6.2 Allocations for Tax Purposes.

(a) Except as otherwise provided herein, for federal income tax purposes, each item of income, gain, loss, deduction and credit shall be allocated among the Partners in the same manner as its correlative item of book income, gain, loss or deduction is allocated pursuant to Section 6.1.

(b) In an attempt to eliminate Book-Tax Disparities attributable to a Contributed Property or Adjusted Property, items of income, gain, loss, depreciation, amortization and cost recovery deductions shall be allocated for federal income tax purposes among the Partners in the manner provided under Section 704(c) of the Code, and the Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 704(b) and 704(c) of the Code, as determined to be appropriate by the General Partner (taking into account the General Partner's discretion under Section 6.1(c)(iv)); provided, that the General Partner shall apply the principles of Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-3(d) in all events.

(c) In accordance with Treasury Regulation Sections 1.1245-1(e) and 1.1250-1(f), any gain allocated to the Partners upon the sale or other taxable disposition of any Partnership asset shall, to the extent possible, after taking into account other required allocations of gain pursuant to this Section 6.2, be characterized as Recapture Income in the same proportions and to the same extent as such Partners (or their predecessors in interest) have been allocated any deductions directly or indirectly giving rise to the treatment of such gains as Recapture Income.

(d) All items of income, gain, loss, deduction and credit recognized by the Partnership for federal income tax purposes and allocated to the Partners in accordance with the provisions hereof shall be determined without regard to any election under Section 754 of the Code that may be made by the Partnership; provided, however, that such allocations, once made, shall be adjusted (in the manner determined by the General Partner) to take into account those adjustments

permitted or required by Sections 734 and 743 of the Code.

B-29



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**Table of Contents**

Section 6.3 Requirement and Characterization of Distributions; Distributions to Record Holders.

(a) Within 45 days following the end of each Quarter commencing with the Quarter ending on September 30, 2014, an amount equal to 100% of Available Cash with respect to such Quarter shall be distributed in accordance with this Article VI by the Partnership to the Partners as of the Record Date selected by the General Partner. All amounts of Available Cash distributed by the Partnership on any date from any source shall be deemed to be Operating Surplus until the sum of all amounts of Available Cash theretofore distributed by the Partnership to the Partners pursuant to Section 6.4 equals the Operating Surplus from the Closing Date through the close of the immediately preceding Quarter. Any remaining amounts of Available Cash distributed by the Partnership on such date shall be deemed to be Capital Surplus. All distributions required to be made under this Agreement shall be made subject to Sections 17-607 and 17-804 of the Delaware Act.

(b) Notwithstanding Section 6.3(a), in the event of the dissolution and liquidation of the Partnership, all cash received during or after the Quarter in which the Liquidation Date occurs shall be applied and distributed solely in accordance with, and subject to the terms and conditions of, Section 12.4.

(c) The General Partner may treat taxes paid by the Partnership on behalf of, or amounts withheld with respect to, all or less than all of the Partners, as a distribution of Available Cash to such Partners, as determined appropriate under the circumstances by the General Partner.

(d) Each distribution in respect of a Partnership Interest shall be paid by the Partnership, directly or through the Transfer Agent or through any other Person or agent, only to the Record Holder of such Partnership Interest as of the Record Date set for such distribution. Such payment shall constitute full payment and satisfaction of the Partnership's liability in respect of such payment, regardless of any claim of any Person who may have an interest in such payment by reason of an assignment or otherwise.

Section 6.4 Distributions of Available Cash from Operating Surplus. Available Cash with respect to any Quarter that is deemed to be Operating Surplus pursuant to the provisions of Section 6.3 or Section 6.5 shall be distributed to all Unitholders, Pro Rata.

Section 6.5 Distributions of Available Cash from Capital Surplus. Available Cash that is deemed to be Capital Surplus shall be distributed as if it were Operating Surplus.

Section 6.6 Adjustment of Minimum Quarterly Distribution. The Minimum Quarterly Distribution shall be proportionately adjusted in the event of any distribution, combination or subdivision (whether effected by a distribution payable in Units or otherwise) of Units or other Partnership Interests in accordance with Section 5.8. In the event of a distribution of Available Cash that is deemed to be from Capital Surplus, the then applicable Minimum Quarterly Distribution shall be adjusted proportionately downward to equal the product obtained by multiplying the otherwise applicable Minimum Quarterly Distribution by a fraction of which the numerator is the Unrecovered Initial Unit Price of the Common Units immediately after giving effect to such distribution and of which the denominator is the Unrecovered Initial Unit Price of the Common Units immediately prior to giving effect to such distribution.

**Table of Contents**

**ARTICLE VII**

**MANAGEMENT AND OPERATION OF BUSINESS**

Section 7.1 Management.

(a) Except as delegated to the Manager Group as set forth in the Management Services Agreement or as otherwise provided therein, the General Partner shall conduct, direct and manage all activities of the Partnership. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, but without limitation on the ability of the General Partner to delegate its rights and power to other Persons, all management powers over the business and affairs of the Partnership shall be exclusively vested in the General Partner, and no Limited Partner in its capacity as such shall have any management power over the business and affairs of the Partnership. In addition to the powers now or hereafter granted to a general partner of a limited partnership under applicable law or that are granted to the General Partner under any other provision of this Agreement, the General Partner, subject to Section 7.3, shall have full power and authority to do all things and on such terms as it determines to be necessary or appropriate to conduct the business of the Partnership, to exercise all powers set forth in Section 2.5 and to effectuate the purposes set forth in Section 2.4, including the following:

- (i) the making of any expenditures, the lending or borrowing of money, the assumption or guarantee of, or other contracting for, indebtedness and other liabilities, the issuance of evidences of indebtedness, including indebtedness that is convertible into or exchangeable for Partnership Interests, and the incurring of any other obligations;
- (ii) the making of tax, regulatory and other filings, or rendering of periodic or other reports to governmental or other agencies having jurisdiction over the business or assets of the Partnership;
- (iii) the acquisition, disposition, mortgage, pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation or exchange of any or all of the assets of the Partnership or the merger or other combination of the Partnership with or into another Person (the matters described in this clause (iii) being subject, however, to any prior approval that may be required by Section 7.3 and Article XIV);
- (iv) the use of the assets of the Partnership (including cash on hand) for any purpose consistent with the terms of this Agreement, including (A) the financing of the conduct of the operations of the Partnership Group; (B) subject to Section 7.6(a), the lending of funds to other Persons (including other Group Members); (C) the repayment or guarantee of obligations of any Group Member; and (D) the making of capital contributions to any Group Member;
- (v) the negotiation, execution and performance of any contracts, conveyances or other instruments (including instruments that limit the liability of the Partnership under contractual arrangements to all or particular assets of the Partnership, with the other party to the contract having no recourse against the General Partner or its assets other than its interest in the Partnership, even if the same results in the terms of the transaction are less favorable to the Partnership than would otherwise be the case);
- (vi) the distribution of cash held by the Partnership;
- (vii) the selection and dismissal of employees (including employees having titles such as president, vice president, secretary and treasurer ) and agents, internal and outside attorneys, accountants, consultants and contractors and the determination of their compensation and other terms of employment or hiring;
- (viii) the maintenance of insurance for the benefit of the Partnership Group, the Partners and Indemnitees;

(ix) the formation of, or acquisition of an interest in, and the contribution of property and the making of loans to, any further limited or general partnerships, joint ventures, corporations, limited liability companies or other Persons (including the acquisition of interests in, and the contributions of property to, any Group Member from time to time) subject to the restrictions set forth in Section 2.4;

B-31

**Table of Contents**

- (x) the control of any matters affecting the rights and obligations of the Partnership, including the bringing and defending of actions at law or in equity and otherwise engaging in the conduct of litigation, arbitration or mediation and the incurring of legal expense and the settlement of claims and litigation;
  - (xi) the indemnification of any Person against liabilities and contingencies to the extent permitted by law;
  - (xii) the purchase, sale or other acquisition or disposition of Partnership Interests, or the issuance of Derivative Partnership Interests;
  - (xiii) the undertaking of any action in connection with the Partnership's participation in the management of any Group Member; and
  - (xiv) the entering into of agreements with any of its Affiliates to render services to a Group Member or to itself in the discharge of its duties as General Partner of the Partnership.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, the Delaware Act or any applicable law, rule or regulation, each of the Partners and each other Person who may acquire an interest in Partnership Interests hereby (i) approves, ratifies and confirms the execution, delivery and performance by the parties thereto of this Agreement and the Group Member Agreement of each other Group Member, the Management Services Agreement, the Exchange Agreement and the other agreements described in or filed as exhibits to the IPO Registration Statement that are related to the transactions contemplated by the IPO Registration Statement and to which the Partnership is a party (collectively, the *Transaction Documents*) (in each case other than this Agreement, without giving effect to any amendments, supplements or restatements thereof entered into after the date such Person becomes bound by the provisions of this Agreement); (ii) agrees that the General Partner (on its own or on behalf of the Partnership) is authorized to execute, deliver and perform the agreements referred to in clause (i) of this sentence and the other agreements, acts, transactions and matters described in or contemplated by the IPO Registration Statement on behalf of the Partnership without any further act, approval or vote of the Partners or the other Persons who may acquire an interest in Partnership Interests or otherwise bound by this Agreement; and (iii) agrees that the execution, delivery or performance by the General Partner, any Group Member or any Affiliate of any of them of this Agreement or any agreement authorized or permitted under this Agreement (including the exercise by the General Partner or any Affiliate of the General Partner of the rights accorded pursuant to Article XV) shall not constitute a breach by the General Partner of any duty or any other obligation of any type whatsoever that the General Partner may owe the Partnership or the Limited Partners or any other Persons under this Agreement (or any other agreements) or of any duty existing at law, in equity or otherwise.

Section 7.2 Certificate of Limited Partnership. The General Partner has caused the Certificate of Limited Partnership to be filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware as required by the Delaware Act. The General Partner shall use all reasonable efforts to cause to be filed such other certificates or documents that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate for the formation, continuation, qualification and operation of a limited partnership (or a partnership in which the limited partners have limited liability) in the State of Delaware or any other state in which the Partnership may elect to do business or own property. To the extent the General Partner determines such action to be necessary or appropriate, the General Partner shall file amendments to and restatements of the Certificate of Limited Partnership and do all things to maintain the Partnership as a limited partnership (or a partnership or other entity in which the limited partners have limited liability) under the laws of the State of Delaware or of any other state in which the Partnership may elect to do business or own property. Subject to the terms of Section 3.3(a), the General Partner shall not be required, before or after filing, to deliver or mail a copy of the Certificate of Limited Partnership, any qualification document or any amendment thereto to any Limited Partner.

Section 7.3 Restrictions on the General Partner's Authority to Sell Assets of the Partnership Group.

Except as provided in Article XII and Article XIV, the General Partner may not sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of the assets of the Partnership Group, taken as a whole, in a single transaction

B-32

**Table of Contents**

or a series of related transactions without the approval of holders of a Unit Majority; provided, however, that this provision shall not preclude or limit the General Partner's ability to mortgage, pledge, hypothecate or grant a security interest in all or substantially all of the assets of the Partnership Group and shall not apply to any forced sale of any or all of the assets of the Partnership Group pursuant to the foreclosure of, or other realization upon, any such encumbrance.

Section 7.4 Reimbursement of the General Partner.

(a) Except as provided in the Management Services Agreement and elsewhere in this Agreement, the General Partner shall not be compensated for its services as a general partner or managing member of any Group Member.

(b) Subject to the Management Services Agreement, and without duplication, the General Partner and its Affiliates shall be reimbursed on a monthly basis, or such other basis as the General Partner may determine, for (i) all direct and indirect expenses it incurs or payments it makes on behalf of the Partnership Group and (ii) all other expenses allocable to the Partnership Group or otherwise incurred by the General Partner or its Affiliates in connection with managing and operating the Partnership Group's business and affairs (including expenses allocated to the General Partner by its Affiliates). The General Partner shall determine the expenses that are allocable to the Partnership Group. Reimbursements pursuant to this Section 7.4 shall be in addition to any reimbursement to the General Partner as a result of indemnification pursuant to Section 7.7. This provision does not affect the ability of the General Partner and its Affiliates to enter into an agreement to provide services to any Group Member for a fee or otherwise than for cost.

Section 7.5 Outside Activities.

(a) The General Partner, for so long as it is the General Partner of the Partnership, (i) agrees that its sole business will be to act as a general partner or managing member, as the case may be, of the Partnership and any other partnership or limited liability company of which the Partnership is, directly or indirectly, a partner or member and to undertake activities that are ancillary or related thereto (including being a Limited Partner in the Partnership) and (ii) shall not engage in any business or activity or incur any debts or liabilities except in connection with or incidental to (A) its performance as general partner or managing member, if any, of one or more Group Members or as described in or contemplated by the IPO Registration Statement or (B) the acquiring, owning or disposing of debt securities or equity interests in any Group Member.

(b) Subject to the terms of Section 7.5(c) and the Right of First Offer Agreement, each Unrestricted Person (other than the General Partner) shall have the right to engage in businesses of every type and description and other activities for profit and to engage in and possess an interest in other business ventures of any and every type or description, whether in businesses engaged in or anticipated to be engaged in by any Group Member, independently or with others, including business interests and activities in direct competition with the business and activities of any Group Member, and none of the same shall constitute a breach of this Agreement or any duty otherwise existing at law, in equity or otherwise, to any Group Member or any Partner; provided such Unrestricted Person does not engage in such business or activity using confidential or proprietary information provided by or on behalf of the Partnership to such Unrestricted Person. None of any Group Member, any Limited Partner or any other Person shall have any rights by virtue of this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, or the partnership relationship established hereby in any business ventures of any Unrestricted Person.

(c) Subject to the terms of Sections 7.5(a) and (b) and the Right of First Offer Agreement, but otherwise notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, (i) the engaging in competitive activities by any Unrestricted Person (other than the General Partner) in accordance with the provisions of this Section 7.5 is hereby approved by the Partnership and all Partners, (ii) it shall be deemed not to be a breach of any duty otherwise existing

at law, in equity or otherwise, of the General Partner or any other Unrestricted Person for the Unrestricted Persons (other than the General Partner) to engage in such business interests and activities in preference to or to the exclusion of the Partnership and (iii) the Unrestricted Persons shall have no obligation

B-33

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**Table of Contents**

hereunder or as a result of any duty otherwise existing at law, in equity or otherwise, to present business opportunities to the Partnership. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the doctrine of corporate opportunity, or any analogous doctrine, shall not apply to any Unrestricted Person (including the General Partner). No Unrestricted Person (including the General Partner) who acquires knowledge of a potential transaction, agreement, arrangement or other matter that may be an opportunity for the Partnership, shall have any duty to communicate or offer such opportunity to the Partnership, and such Unrestricted Person (including the General Partner) shall not be liable to the Partnership, to any Limited Partner or any other Person bound by this Agreement for breach of any duty otherwise existing at law, in equity or otherwise, by reason of the fact that such Unrestricted Person (including the General Partner) pursues or acquires for itself, directs such opportunity to another Person or does not communicate such opportunity or information to the Partnership, provided such Unrestricted Person does not engage in such business or activity using confidential or proprietary information provided by or on behalf of the Partnership to such Unrestricted Person.

(d) The General Partner and each of its Affiliates may acquire Units or other Partnership Interests and, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, shall be entitled to exercise, at their option, all rights relating to all Units and/or other Partnership Interests acquired by them. The term Affiliates when used in this Section 7.5(d) with respect to the General Partner shall not include any Group Member.

**Section 7.6 Loans from the General Partner: Loans or Contributions from the Partnership or Group Members.**

(a) The General Partner or any of its Affiliates may lend to any Group Member, and any Group Member may borrow from the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, funds needed or desired by the Group Member for such periods of time and in such amounts as the General Partner may determine; provided, however, that in any such case the lending party may charge the borrowing party interest at prevailing rates (including prevailing origination fees) that would be charged or imposed on the borrowing party by unrelated lenders on comparable loans made on an arm's-length basis (without reference to the lending party's financial abilities or guarantees), all as determined by the General Partner. The borrowing party shall reimburse the lending party for any costs (other than any additional interest costs) incurred by the lending party in connection with the borrowing of such funds. For purposes of this Section 7.6(a) and Section 7.6(b), the term Group Member shall include any Affiliate of a Group Member that is controlled by the Group Member.

(b) The Partnership may lend or contribute to any Group Member, and any Group Member may borrow from the Partnership, funds on terms and conditions determined by the General Partner. No Group Member may lend funds to the General Partner or any of its Affiliates (other than another Group Member); provided, however, that Cash Sweep Withdrawals shall not be subject to this Section 7.6(b).

(c) No borrowing by any Group Member or the approval thereof by the General Partner shall be deemed to constitute a breach of any duty or any other obligation of any type whatsoever, expressed or implied, of the General Partner or its Affiliates to the Partnership or the Limited Partners existing hereunder, or existing at law, in equity or otherwise by reason of the fact that the purpose or effect of such borrowing is directly or indirectly to enable distributions to the General Partner or its Affiliates (including in their capacities as Limited Partners) to enable payments to the General Partner to exceed the General Partner's or its Affiliates' Percentage Interest of the total amount distributed to all Limited Partners.

**Section 7.7 Indemnification.**

(a) To the fullest extent permitted by law but subject to the limitations expressly provided in this Agreement, all Indemnitees shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Partnership from and against any and all losses, claims,



damages, liabilities, joint or several, expenses (including legal fees and expenses), judgments, fines, penalties, interest, settlements or other amounts arising from any and all threatened, pending or completed claims, demands, actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, and whether formal or informal and including appeals, in which any Indemnatee may be involved, or is threatened to be involved, as a party or otherwise, by reason of its status as an Indemnatee and acting (or omitting or refraining to act) in such

B-34

**Table of Contents**

capacity on behalf of or for the benefit of the Partnership; provided, that the Indemnitee shall not be indemnified and held harmless pursuant to this Agreement if there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter for which the Indemnitee is seeking indemnification pursuant to this Agreement, the Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was unlawful; provided, further, no indemnification pursuant to this Section 7.7 shall be available to any Indemnitee (other than a Group Member) with respect to any such Affiliate's obligations pursuant to the Transaction Documents. Any indemnification pursuant to this Section 7.7 shall be made only out of the assets of the Partnership, it being agreed that the General Partner shall not be personally liable for such indemnification and shall have no obligation to contribute or loan any monies or property to the Partnership to enable it to effectuate such indemnification.

(b) To the fullest extent permitted by law, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) incurred by an Indemnitee who is indemnified pursuant to Section 7.7(a) in defending any claim, demand, action, suit or proceeding shall, from time to time, be advanced by the Partnership prior to a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter for which the Indemnitee is seeking indemnification pursuant to this Section 7.7, the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified upon receipt by the Partnership of any undertaking by or on behalf of the Indemnitee to repay such amount if it shall be ultimately determined that the Indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified as authorized by this Section 7.7.

(c) The indemnification provided by this Section 7.7 shall be in addition to any other rights to which an Indemnitee may be entitled under this Agreement, any other agreement, including the Management Services Agreement, pursuant to any vote of the holders of Outstanding Limited Partner Interests, as a matter of law, in equity or otherwise, both as to actions in the Indemnitee's capacity as an Indemnitee and as to actions in any other capacity (including any capacity under the Underwriting Agreement), and shall continue as to an Indemnitee who has ceased to serve in such capacity and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, successors, assigns and administrators of the Indemnitee.

(d) The Partnership may purchase and maintain (or reimburse the General Partner or its Affiliates for the cost of) insurance, on behalf of the General Partner, its Affiliates and such other Persons as the General Partner shall determine, against any liability that may be asserted against, or expense that may be incurred by, such Person in connection with the Partnership's activities or such Person's activities on behalf of the Partnership, regardless of whether the Partnership would have the power to indemnify such Person against such liability under the provisions of this Agreement.

(e) For purposes of this Section 7.7: (i) the Partnership shall be deemed to have requested an Indemnitee to serve as fiduciary of an employee benefit plan whenever the performance by it of its duties to the Partnership also imposes duties on, or otherwise involves services by, it to the plan or participants or beneficiaries of the plan; (ii) excise taxes assessed on an Indemnitee with respect to an employee benefit plan pursuant to applicable law shall constitute fines within the meaning of Section 7.7(a); and (iii) action taken or omitted by it with respect to any employee benefit plan in the performance of its duties for a purpose reasonably believed by it to be in the best interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plan shall be deemed to be for a purpose that is in the best interests of the Partnership.

(f) In no event may an Indemnitee subject the Limited Partners to personal liability by reason of the indemnification provisions set forth in this Agreement.

(g) An Indemnitee shall not be denied indemnification in whole or in part under this Section 7.7 because the Indemnitee had an interest in the transaction with respect to which the indemnification applies if the transaction was otherwise permitted by the terms of this Agreement.

(h) The provisions of this Section 7.7 are for the benefit of the Indemnitees and their heirs, successors, assigns, executors and administrators and shall not be deemed to create any rights for the benefit of any other Persons.

B-35

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**Table of Contents**

(i) No amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 7.7 or any provision hereof shall in any manner terminate, reduce or impair the right of any past, present or future Indemnitee to be indemnified by the Partnership, nor the obligations of the Partnership to indemnify any such Indemnitee under and in accordance with the provisions of this Section 7.7 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may arise or be asserted.

Section 7.8 Liability of Indemnitees.

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this Agreement, no Indemnitee shall be liable for monetary damages to the Partnership, the Limited Partners, or any other Persons who have acquired interests in the Partnership Interests, for losses sustained or liabilities incurred as a result of any act or omission of an Indemnitee unless there has been a final and non-appealable judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction determining that, in respect of the matter in question, the Indemnitee acted in bad faith or engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or, in the case of a criminal matter, acted with knowledge that the Indemnitee's conduct was criminal.

(b) The General Partner may exercise any of the powers granted to it by this Agreement and perform any of the duties imposed upon it hereunder either directly or by or through its agents, and the General Partner shall not be responsible for any misconduct or negligence on the part of any such agent appointed by the General Partner in good faith.

(c) To the extent that, at law or in equity, an Indemnitee has duties (including fiduciary duties) and liabilities relating thereto to the Partnership or to the Partners, the General Partner and any other Indemnitee acting in connection with the Partnership's business or affairs shall not be liable to the Partnership or to any Partner for its good faith reliance on the provisions of this Agreement.

(d) Any amendment, modification or repeal of this Section 7.8 or any provision hereof shall be prospective only and shall not in any way affect the limitations on the liability of the Indemnitees under this Section 7.8 as in effect immediately prior to such amendment, modification or repeal with respect to claims arising from or relating to matters occurring, in whole or in part, prior to such amendment, modification or repeal, regardless of when such claims may arise or be asserted.

Section 7.9 Resolution of Conflicts of Interest; Standards of Conduct and Modification of Duties.

(a) Unless otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement or any Group Member Agreement, whenever a potential conflict of interest exists or arises between the General Partner or any of its Affiliates, on the one hand, and the Partnership, any Group Member or any Partner, on the other, any resolution or course of action by the General Partner or its Affiliates in respect of such conflict of interest shall be permitted and deemed approved by all Partners, and shall not constitute a breach of this Agreement, of any Group Member Agreement, of any agreement contemplated herein or therein, or of any duty stated or implied by law or equity, if the resolution or course of action in respect of such conflict of interest is (i) approved by Special Approval, (ii) approved by the vote of a majority of the Outstanding NEE Partners Common Units (excluding NEE Partners Common Units owned by the General Partner and its Affiliates), (iii) determined by the Board of Directors of the NEE Partners General Partner to be on terms no less favorable to the Partnership than those generally being provided to or available from unrelated third parties or (iv) determined by the Board of Directors of the NEE Partners General Partner to be fair and reasonable to the Partnership, taking into account the totality of the relationships between the parties involved (including other transactions that may be particularly favorable or advantageous to the Partnership). The General Partner shall be authorized but not required in connection with its resolution of such conflict of interest to seek Special Approval or approval by the holders of NEE Partners Common Units of such resolution, and the General Partner may also adopt a

resolution or course of action that has not received Special Approval or the approval by the holders of NEE Partners Common Units. Unless otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement or any Group Member Agreement, whenever the General Partner

B-36

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**Table of Contents**

makes a determination to refer or not to refer any potential conflict of interest to the Conflicts Committee for Special Approval or to seek or not to seek approval by the holders of the NEE Partners Common Units, then the General Partner shall be entitled, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to make such determination or to take or decline to take such other action free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership or any Limited Partner, and the General Partner shall not, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity, and the General Partner in making such determination or taking or declining to take such other action shall be permitted to do so in its sole and absolute discretion. If Special Approval is sought, then it shall be presumed that, in making its decision, the Conflicts Committee acted in good faith, and if the Board of Directors of the NEE Partners General Partner determines that the resolution or course of action taken with respect to a conflict of interest satisfies either of the standards set forth in clauses (iii) or (iv) above, then it shall be presumed that, in making its decision, the Board of Directors of the NEE Partners General Partner acted in good faith. In any proceeding brought by any Limited Partner or by or on behalf of such Limited Partner or any other Limited Partner or the Partnership challenging any action by the Conflicts Committee with respect to any matter referred to the Conflicts Committee for Special Approval by the NEE Partners General Partner, any action by the Board of Directors of the NEE Partners General Partner in determining whether the resolution or course of action taken with respect to a conflict of interest satisfies either of the standards set forth in clauses (iii) or (iv) above or whether a director satisfies the eligibility requirements to be a member of the Conflicts Committee, the Person bringing or prosecuting such proceeding shall have the burden of overcoming the presumption that the Conflicts Committee or the Board of Directors of the NEE Partners General Partner, as applicable, acted in good faith; in all cases subject to the provisions for conclusive determination in Section 7.9(b). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or any duty otherwise existing at law or equity, the existence of the conflicts of interest described in the IPO Registration Statement are hereby approved by all Partners and shall not constitute a breach of this Agreement.

(b) Whenever the General Partner or the Board of Directors of the NEE Partners General Partner, or any committee thereof (including the Conflicts Committee), makes a determination or takes or declines to take any other action, or any Affiliate of the General Partner causes the General Partner to do so, in its capacity as the general partner of the Partnership as opposed to in its individual capacity, whether under this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement or any other agreement, then, unless another express standard is provided for in this Agreement, the General Partner, such Board of Directors or such committee or such Affiliates causing the General Partner to do so, shall make such determination or take or decline to take such other action in good faith and shall not be subject to any other or different standards (including fiduciary standards) imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity. A determination or other action or inaction will conclusively be deemed to be in good faith for all purposes of this Agreement, if the Person or Persons making such determination or taking or declining to take such other action subjectively believe that the determination or other action or inaction is in the best interests of the Partnership Group; provided, that if the Board of Directors of the NEE Partners General Partner is making a determination or taking or declining to take an action pursuant to clause (iii) or clause (iv) of the first sentence of Section 7.9(a), then in lieu thereof, such determination or other action or inaction will conclusively be deemed to be in good faith for all purposes of this Agreement if the members of the Board of Directors of the NEE Partners General Partner making such determination or taking or declining to take such other action subjectively believe that the determination or other action or inaction meets the standard set forth in clause (iii) or clause (iv) of the first sentence of Section 7.9(a), as applicable.

(c) Whenever the General Partner makes a determination or takes or declines to take any other action, or any of its Affiliates causes it to do so, in its individual capacity as opposed to in its capacity as the general partner of the Partnership, whether under this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement or any other agreement contemplated

hereby or otherwise, then the General Partner, or such Affiliates causing it to do so, are entitled, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to make such determination or to take or decline to take such other action free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership or any Limited Partner, and the General Partner, or such

B-37

**Table of Contents**

Affiliates causing it to do so, shall not, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity, and the Person or Persons making such determination or taking or declining to take such other action shall be permitted to do so in their sole and absolute discretion. By way of illustration and not of limitation, whenever the phrase, the General Partner at its option, or some variation of that phrase, is used in this Agreement, it indicates that the General Partner is acting in its individual capacity.

(d) The General Partner's organizational documents may provide that determinations to take or decline to take any action in its individual, rather than representative, capacity may or shall be determined by its members, if the General Partner is a limited liability company, stockholders, if the General Partner is a corporation, or the members or stockholders of the General Partner's general partner, if the General Partner is a partnership.

(e) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the General Partner and its Affiliates shall have no duty or obligation, express or implied, to (i) sell or otherwise dispose of any asset of the Partnership Group other than in the ordinary course of business or (ii) permit any Group Member to use any facilities or assets of the General Partner and its Affiliates, except as may be provided in contracts entered into from time to time specifically dealing with such use. Any determination by the General Partner or any of its Affiliates to enter into such contracts shall be at its option.

(f) Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement or required by the Delaware Act, neither the General Partner nor any other Indemnitee shall have any duties or liabilities, including fiduciary duties, to the Partnership or any Limited Partner and the provisions of this Agreement, to the extent that they restrict, eliminate or otherwise modify the duties and liabilities, including fiduciary duties, of the General Partner or any other Indemnitee otherwise existing at law or in equity, are agreed by the Partners to replace such other duties and liabilities of the General Partner or such other Indemnitee.

(g) The Unitholders hereby authorize the General Partner, on behalf of the Partnership as a general partner or managing member of a Group Member, to approve actions by the general partner or managing member of such Group Member similar to those actions permitted to be taken by the General Partner pursuant to this Section 7.9.

Section 7.10 Other Matters Concerning the General Partner.

(a) The General Partner and any other Indemnitee may rely and shall be protected in acting or refraining from acting upon any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, consent, order, bond, debenture or other paper or document believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties.

(b) The General Partner and any other Indemnitee may consult with legal counsel, accountants, appraisers, management consultants, investment bankers and other consultants and advisers selected by it, and any act taken or omitted to be taken in reliance upon the advice or opinion (including an Opinion of Counsel) of such Persons as to matters that the General Partner or such Indemnitee, respectively, reasonably believes to be within such Person's professional or expert competence shall be conclusively presumed to have been done or omitted in good faith and in accordance with such advice or opinion.

(c) The General Partner shall have the right, in respect of any of its powers or obligations hereunder, to act through any of its duly authorized officers, a duly appointed attorney or attorneys-in-fact or the duly authorized officers of the Partnership or any Group Member.



Section 7.11 Purchase or Sale of Partnership Interests. The General Partner may cause the Partnership to purchase or otherwise acquire Partnership Interests or Derivative Partnership Interests. As long as Partnership

B-38

**Table of Contents**

Interests are held by any Group Member, such Partnership Interests shall not be considered Outstanding for any purpose, except as otherwise provided herein. The General Partner or any Affiliate of the General Partner may also purchase or otherwise acquire and sell or otherwise dispose of Partnership Interests for its own account, subject to the provisions of Articles IV and X.

Section 7.12 Reliance by Third Parties. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, any Person (other than the General Partner and its Affiliates) dealing with the Partnership shall be entitled to assume that the General Partner and any officer of the General Partner authorized by the General Partner to act on behalf of and in the name of the Partnership has full power and authority to encumber, sell or otherwise use in any manner any and all assets of the Partnership and to enter into any authorized contracts on behalf of the Partnership, and such Person shall be entitled to deal with the General Partner or any such officer as if it were the Partnership's sole party in interest, both legally and beneficially. Each Limited Partner hereby waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any and all defenses or other remedies that may be available against such Person to contest, negate or disaffirm any action of the General Partner or any such officer in connection with any such dealing. In no event shall any Person (other than the General Partner and its Affiliates) dealing with the General Partner or any such officer or its representatives be obligated to ascertain that the terms of this Agreement have been complied with or to inquire into the necessity or expedience of any act or action of the General Partner or any such officer or its representatives. Each and every certificate, document or other instrument executed on behalf of the Partnership by the General Partner or its representatives shall be conclusive evidence in favor of any and every Person relying thereon or claiming thereunder that (a) at the time of the execution and delivery of such certificate, document or instrument, this Agreement was in full force and effect, (b) the Person executing and delivering such certificate, document or instrument was duly authorized and empowered to do so for and on behalf of the Partnership and (c) such certificate, document or instrument was duly executed and delivered in accordance with the terms and provisions of this Agreement and is binding upon the Partnership.

**ARTICLE VIII**

**BOOKS, RECORDS, ACCOUNTING AND REPORTS**

Section 8.1 Records and Accounting. The General Partner shall keep or cause to be kept at the principal office of the Partnership appropriate books and records with respect to the Partnership's business, including the Register. Any books and records maintained by or on behalf of the Partnership in the regular course of its business, including the Register, books of account and records of Partnership proceedings, may be kept on, or be in the form of, computer disks, hard drives, punch cards, magnetic tape, photographs, micrographics or any other information storage device; provided, that the books and records so maintained are convertible into clearly legible written form within a reasonable period of time. The books of the Partnership shall be maintained, for financial reporting purposes, on an accrual basis in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The Partnership shall not be required to keep books maintained on a cash basis and the General Partner shall be permitted to calculate cash-based measures, including Operating Surplus, by making such adjustments to its accrual basis books to account for non-cash items and other adjustments as the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate.

Section 8.2 Fiscal Year. Except as otherwise required by law, the fiscal year of the Partnership for financial reporting and tax purposes shall be a fiscal year ending December 31.

**ARTICLE IX**

**TAX MATTERS**

Section 9.1 Tax Returns and Information. The Partnership shall timely file all returns of the Partnership that are required for federal, state and local income tax purposes on the basis of the taxable period or year that it is required by law to adopt, from time to time, as determined by the General Partner. In the event the Partnership is required to

B-39

## Table of Contents

use a taxable period other than a year ending on December 31, the General Partner shall use reasonable efforts to change the taxable period of the Partnership to a year ending on December 31. The tax information reasonably required by Partners for federal and state income tax reporting purposes with respect to a taxable period shall be furnished to them within 180 days of the close of the calendar year in which the Partnership's taxable period ends. In addition, the Partnership shall furnish to NEE Equity any additional tax information reasonably requested by NEE Equity in order to comply with its organizational documents, including additional detail regarding the source of any items of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit allocated to NEE Equity to the extent not otherwise reflected in the information provided to the Partners under the preceding sentence.

Section 9.2 Tax Characterization. Unless otherwise determined by the General Partner, the Partnership shall be treated as a partnership and not as an association taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and the Partners and the Partnership shall not take any action that would cause the Partnership to be treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes (as well as for any analogous state or local tax purposes).

### Section 9.3 Tax Elections.

(a) The Partnership shall make the election under Section 754 of the Code in accordance with applicable regulations thereunder, subject to the reservation of the right to seek to revoke any such election upon the General Partner's determination that such revocation is in the best interests of the Limited Partners.

(b) Except as otherwise provided herein, the General Partner shall determine whether the Partnership should make any other elections permitted by the Code.

Section 9.4 Tax Controversies. Subject to the provisions hereof, NEE Partners is designated as the tax matters partner (as defined in Section 6231(a)(7) of the Code) and is authorized and required to represent the Partnership (at the Partnership's expense) in connection with all examinations of the Partnership's affairs by tax authorities, including resulting administrative and judicial proceedings, and to expend Partnership funds for professional services and costs associated therewith. Each Partner agrees to cooperate with NEE Partners and to do or refrain from doing any or all things reasonably required by NEE Partners to conduct such proceedings.

Section 9.5 Withholding. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the General Partner is authorized to take any action that may be required to cause the Partnership and other Group Members to comply with any withholding requirements established under the Code or any other federal, state or local law including pursuant to Sections 1441, 1442, 1445 and 1446 of the Code, or established under any foreign law. To the extent that the Partnership is required or elects to withhold and pay over to any taxing authority any amount resulting from the allocation or distribution of income to any Partner (including by reason of Section 1446 of the Code), the General Partner may treat the amount withheld as a distribution of cash pursuant to Article VI or Section 12.4(c) in the amount of such withholding from such Partner. To the extent such amount exceeds the amount of distributions to which the Partner is otherwise entitled under Article VI, such amounts withheld shall constitute a loan by the Partnership to such Partner, which loan shall be repaid upon demand of the General Partner, and General Partner may offset any future distributions to which such Partner is otherwise entitled by the unpaid amount of such loan.

## **ARTICLE X**

### **ADMISSION OF PARTNERS**

#### Section 10.1 Admission of Limited Partners.

(a) Upon the issuance by the Partnership of Common Units to the Initial Limited Partners prior to and on the Closing Date, such Persons shall, by acceptance of such Partnership Interests, and upon becoming the

B-40

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**Table of Contents**

Record Holders of such Partnership Interests, be admitted to the Partnership as Initial Limited Partners in respect of the Common Units issued to them and be bound by this Agreement, all with or without execution of this Agreement by such Persons.

(b) By acceptance of any Limited Partner Interests transferred in accordance with Article IV or acceptance of any Limited Partner Interests issued pursuant to Article V or pursuant to a merger, consolidation or conversion pursuant to Article XIV, each transferee of, or other such Person acquiring, a Limited Partner Interest (including any nominee, agent or representative acquiring such Limited Partner Interests for the account of another Person or Group, which nominee, agent or representative shall be subject to Section 10.1(c) below) (i) shall be admitted to the Partnership as a Limited Partner with respect to the Limited Partner Interests so transferred or issued to such Person when such Person becomes the Record Holder of the Limited Partner Interests so transferred or acquired, (ii) shall become bound, and shall be deemed to have agreed to be bound, by the terms of this Agreement, (iii) shall be deemed to represent that the transferee or acquirer has the capacity, power and authority to enter into this Agreement and (iv) shall be deemed to make any consents, acknowledgements or waivers contained in this Agreement, all with or without execution of this Agreement by such Person. The transfer of any Limited Partner Interests and the admission of any new Limited Partner shall not constitute an amendment to this Agreement. A Person may become a Limited Partner without the consent or approval of any of the Partners. A Person may not become a Limited Partner without acquiring a Limited Partner Interest and becoming the Record Holder of such Limited Partner Interest.

(c) With respect to Units that are held for a Person's account by another Person that is the Record Holder (such as a broker, dealer, bank, trust company or clearing corporation, or an agent of any of the foregoing), such Record Holder shall, in exercising the rights of a Limited Partner in respect of such Units, including the right to vote, on any matter, and unless the arrangement between such Persons provides otherwise, take all action as a Limited Partner by virtue of being the Record Holder of such Units in accordance with the direction of the Person who is the beneficial owner of such Units, and the Partnership shall be entitled to assume such Record Holder is so acting without further inquiry. The provisions of this Section 10.1(c) are subject to the provisions of Section 4.3.

(d) The name and mailing address of each Record Holder shall be listed in the Register. The General Partner shall update the Register from time to time as necessary to reflect accurately the information therein (or shall cause the Transfer Agent to do so, as applicable).

(e) Any transfer of a Limited Partner Interest shall not entitle the transferee to share in the profits and losses, to receive distributions, to receive allocations of income, gain, loss, deduction or credit or any similar item or to any other rights to which the transferor was entitled until the transferee becomes a Limited Partner pursuant to Section 10.1(b).

**Section 10.2 Admission of Successor General Partner.** A successor General Partner approved pursuant to Section 11.1 or Section 11.2 or the transferee of or successor to all of the General Partner Interest pursuant to Section 4.6 who is proposed to be admitted as a successor General Partner shall be admitted to the Partnership as the General Partner, effective immediately prior to the withdrawal or removal of the predecessor or transferring General Partner, pursuant to Section 11.1 or 11.2 or the transfer of the General Partner Interest pursuant to Section 4.6, provided, however, that no such successor shall be admitted to the Partnership until compliance with the terms of Section 4.6 has occurred and such successor has executed and delivered such other documents or instruments as may be required to effect such admission. Any such successor is hereby authorized to and shall, subject to the terms hereof, carry on the business of the members of the Partnership Group without dissolution.

**Section 10.3 Amendment of Agreement and Certificate of Limited Partnership.** To effect the admission to the Partnership of any Partner, the General Partner shall take all steps necessary or appropriate under the Delaware Act to amend the Register and any other records of the Partnership to reflect such admission and, if necessary, to prepare as

soon as practicable an amendment to this Agreement and, if required by law, the General Partner shall prepare and file an amendment to the Certificate of Limited Partnership.

B-41

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**Table of Contents**

**ARTICLE XI**

**WITHDRAWAL OR REMOVAL OF PARTNERS**

Section 11.1 Withdrawal of the General Partner.

(a) The General Partner shall be deemed to have withdrawn from the Partnership upon the occurrence of any one of the following events (each such event herein referred to as an *Event of Withdrawal* );

(i) The General Partner voluntarily withdraws from the Partnership by giving written notice to the other Partners pursuant to Section 11.1(b), provided that the General Partner may only voluntarily withdraw from the Partnership if the NEE Partners General Partner has withdrawn from NEE Partners;

(ii) The General Partner transfers all of its General Partner Interest pursuant to Section 4.6;

(iii) The General Partner is removed pursuant to Section 11.2;

(iv) The General Partner (A) makes a general assignment for the benefit of creditors; (B) files a voluntary bankruptcy petition for relief under Chapter 7 of the United States Bankruptcy Code; (C) files a petition or answer seeking for itself a liquidation, dissolution or similar relief (but not a reorganization) under any law; (D) files an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to contest the material allegations of a petition filed against the General Partner in a proceeding of the type described in clauses (A)-(C) of this Section 11.1(a)(iv); or (E) seeks, consents to or acquiesces in the appointment of a trustee (but not a debtor-in-possession), receiver or liquidator of the General Partner or of all or any substantial part of its properties;

(v) A final and non-appealable order of relief under Chapter 7 of the United States Bankruptcy Code is entered by a court with appropriate jurisdiction pursuant to a voluntary or involuntary petition by or against the General Partner; or

(vi) (A) if the General Partner is a corporation, a certificate of dissolution or its equivalent is filed for the General Partner, or 90 days expire after the date of notice to the General Partner of revocation of its charter without a reinstatement of its charter, under the laws of its state of incorporation; (B) if the General Partner is a partnership or a limited liability company, the dissolution and commencement of winding up of the General Partner; (C) if the General Partner is acting in such capacity by virtue of being a trustee of a trust, the termination of the trust; (D) if the General Partner is a natural person, his death or adjudication of incompetency; and (E) otherwise upon the termination of the General Partner.

If an Event of Withdrawal specified in Section 11.1(a)(iv), (v) or (vi)(A), (B), (C) or (E) occurs, the withdrawing General Partner shall give notice to the Limited Partners within 30 days after such occurrence. The Partners hereby agree that only the Events of Withdrawal described in this Section 11.1 shall result in the withdrawal of the General Partner from the Partnership.

(b) Withdrawal of the General Partner from the Partnership upon the occurrence of an Event of Withdrawal shall not constitute a breach of this Agreement under the following circumstances: (i) (A) NEE Partners general partner has withdrawn or has been removed from NEE Partners and (B) the General Partner voluntarily withdraws by giving at least 90 days advance notice to the Unitholders, such withdrawal to take effect on the date specified in such notice; or (ii) at any time that the General Partner ceases to be the General Partner pursuant to Section 11.1(a)(ii) or is removed pursuant to Section 11.2. The withdrawal of the General Partner from the Partnership upon the occurrence of an Event of Withdrawal shall also constitute the withdrawal of the General Partner as general partner or managing member, if



any, to the extent applicable, of the other Group Members. If the General Partner gives a notice of withdrawal pursuant to Section 11.1(a)(i), the holders of a Unit Majority, may, prior to the effective date of such withdrawal, elect a successor General Partner. The Person so elected as successor General Partner shall automatically become the successor general partner or managing member, to the extent applicable, of the other Group Members of which the General Partner is a general partner or a managing member. Any successor General Partner elected in accordance with the terms of this Section 11.1 shall be subject to the provisions of Section 10.2.

B-42

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**Table of Contents**

Section 11.2 Removal of the General Partner. The General Partner may not be removed as a general partner of the Partnership unless the NEE Partners General Partner is removed as a general partner of NEE Partners in accordance with the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement. If the NEE Partners General Partner is removed as a general partner of NEE Partners in accordance with the NEE Partners Partnership Agreement, the General Partner shall be removed as a general partner of the Partnership and the successor General Partner effective upon the election of a successor General Partner by holders of a Unit Majority and the admission of such successor General Partner pursuant to Section 10.2. The removal of the General Partner shall also automatically constitute the removal of the General Partner as general partner or managing member, to the extent applicable, of the other Group Members of which the General Partner is a general partner or a managing member. If a Person is elected as a successor General Partner in accordance with the terms of this Section 11.2, such Person shall, upon admission pursuant to Section 10.2, automatically become a successor general partner or managing member, to the extent applicable, of the other Group Members of which the General Partner is a general partner or a managing member. Any successor General Partner elected in accordance with the terms of this Section 11.2 shall be subject to the provisions of Section 10.2.

Section 11.3 Interest of Departing General Partner and Successor General Partner.

(a) In the event of (i) withdrawal of the General Partner under circumstances where such withdrawal does not violate this Agreement or (ii) removal of the General Partner by the holders of Outstanding Units under circumstances where Cause does not exist, if the successor General Partner is elected in accordance with the terms of Section 11.1 or Section 11.2, the Departing General Partner shall have the option, exercisable prior to the effective date of the withdrawal or removal of such Departing General Partner, to require its successor to purchase its General Partner Interest and its or its Affiliates' general partner interest (or equivalent interest), if any, in the other Group Members (collectively, the ***Combined Interest***) in exchange for an amount in cash equal to the fair market value of such Combined Interest, such amount to be determined and payable as of the effective date of its withdrawal or removal. If the General Partner is removed by the Unitholders under circumstances where Cause exists or if the General Partner withdraws under circumstances where such withdrawal violates this Agreement, and if a successor General Partner is elected in accordance with the terms of Section 11.1 or Section 11.2 (or if the business of the Partnership is continued pursuant to Section 12.2 and the successor General Partner is not the former General Partner), such successor shall have the option, exercisable prior to the effective date of the withdrawal or removal of such Departing General Partner (or, in the event the business of the Partnership is continued, prior to the date the business of the Partnership is continued), to purchase the Combined Interest for such fair market value of such Combined Interest. In either event, the Departing General Partner shall be entitled to receive all reimbursements due such Departing General Partner pursuant to Section 7.4, including any employee-related liabilities (including severance liabilities), incurred in connection with the termination of any employees employed by the Departing General Partner or its Affiliates (other than any Group Member) for the benefit of the Partnership or the other Group Members.

For purposes of this Section 11.3(a), the fair market value of the Combined Interest shall be determined by agreement between the Departing General Partner and its successor or, failing agreement within 30 days after the effective date of such Departing General Partner's withdrawal or removal, by an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert that is selected by the Departing General Partner and its successor and that, in turn, may rely on other experts, and the determination by which shall be conclusive as to such matter. If such parties cannot agree upon one independent investment banking firm or other independent expert within 45 days after the effective date of such withdrawal or removal, then the Departing General Partner shall designate an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert, the Departing General Partner's successor shall designate an independent investment banking firm or other independent expert, and such firms or experts shall mutually select a third independent investment banking firm or independent expert, which third independent investment banking firm or other independent expert shall determine the fair market value of the Combined Interest. In making its determination, such third independent investment banking firm or other independent expert may consider the then-current trading price of

NEE Partners Common Units on any National Securities Exchange on which the NEE Partners Common Units are then listed or admitted to trading, the value of the Partnership's assets, the rights and obligations of the Departing General Partner, the value of the General Partner Interest and other factors it may deem relevant.

B-43

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**Table of Contents**

(b) If the Combined Interest is not purchased in the manner set forth in Section 11.3(a), the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) shall become a Limited Partner and its Combined Interest shall be converted into Common Units pursuant to a valuation made by an investment banking firm or other independent expert selected pursuant to Section 11.3(a), without reduction in such Partnership Interest (but subject to proportionate dilution by reason of the admission of its successor). Any successor General Partner shall indemnify the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) as to all debts and liabilities of the Partnership arising on or after the date on which the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) becomes a Limited Partner. For purposes of this Agreement, conversion of the Combined Interest of the Departing General Partner to Common Units will be characterized as if the Departing General Partner (or its transferee) contributed its Combined Interest to the Partnership in exchange for the newly issued Common Units.

Section 11.4 Withdrawal of Limited Partners. No Limited Partner shall have any right to withdraw from the Partnership; provided, however, that when a transferee of a Limited Partner's Limited Partner Interest becomes a Record Holder of the Limited Partner Interest so transferred, such transferring Limited Partner shall cease to be a Limited Partner with respect to the Limited Partner Interest so transferred.

**ARTICLE XII**

**DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION**

Section 12.1 Dissolution. The Partnership shall not be dissolved by the admission of additional Limited Partners or by the admission of a successor General Partner in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. Upon the removal or withdrawal of the General Partner, if a successor General Partner is elected pursuant to Section 11.1, Section 11.2 or Section 12.2, the Partnership shall not be dissolved and such successor General Partner shall continue the business of the Partnership. The Partnership shall dissolve, and (subject to Section 12.2) its affairs shall be wound up, upon:

- (a) an Event of Withdrawal of the General Partner as provided in Section 11.1(a) (other than Section 11.1(a)(ii)), unless a successor is elected and an Opinion of Counsel is received as provided in Section 12.2 and such successor is admitted to the Partnership pursuant to Section 10.2;
- (b) an election to dissolve the Partnership by the General Partner that is approved by the holders of a Unit Majority;
- (c) the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of the Partnership pursuant to the provisions of the Delaware Act; or
- (d) at any time there are no Limited Partners, unless the Partnership is continued without dissolution in accordance with the Delaware Act.

Section 12.2 Continuation of the Business of the Partnership After Dissolution. Upon (a) dissolution of the Partnership following an Event of Withdrawal caused by the withdrawal or removal of the General Partner as provided in Section 11.1(a)(i) or (iii) and the failure of the Partners to select a successor to such Departing General Partner pursuant to Section 11.1 or Section 11.2, then, to the maximum extent permitted by law, within 90 days thereafter, or (b) dissolution of the Partnership upon an event constituting an Event of Withdrawal as defined in Section 11.1(a)(iv), (v) or (vi), then, to the maximum extent permitted by law, within 180 days thereafter, the holders of a Unit Majority may elect to continue the business of the Partnership on the same terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement by appointing as a successor General Partner a Person approved by the holders of a Unit Majority. Unless such an election is made within the applicable time period as set forth above, the Partnership shall conduct only activities necessary to wind up its affairs. If such an election is so made, then:

(i) the Partnership shall continue without dissolution unless earlier dissolved in accordance with this Article XII;

B-44

**Table of Contents**

(ii) if the successor General Partner is not the former General Partner, then the interest of the former General Partner shall be treated in the manner provided in Section 11.3; and

(iii) the successor General Partner shall be admitted to the Partnership as General Partner, effective as of the Event of Withdrawal, by agreeing in writing to be bound by this Agreement;

provided, that the right of the holders of a Unit Majority to approve a successor General Partner and to continue the business of the Partnership shall not exist and may not be exercised unless the Partnership has received an Opinion of Counsel that (x) the exercise of the right would not result in the loss of limited liability of any Limited Partner under the Delaware Act and (y) neither the Partnership nor any Group Member would be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise be taxable as an entity for federal income tax purposes upon the exercise of the right to continue (to the extent not already so treated or taxed).

Section 12.3 Liquidator. Upon dissolution of the Partnership in accordance with the provisions of Article XII, the General Partner shall select one or more Persons to act as Liquidator. The Liquidator (if other than the General Partner) shall be entitled to receive such compensation for its services as may be approved by holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units. The Liquidator (if other than the General Partner) shall agree not to resign at any time without 15 days prior notice and may be removed at any time, with or without cause, by notice of removal approved by holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units. Upon dissolution, removal or resignation of the Liquidator, a successor and substitute Liquidator (who shall have and succeed to all rights, powers and duties of the original Liquidator) shall within 30 days thereafter be approved by holders of at least a majority of the Outstanding Common Units. The right to approve a successor or substitute Liquidator in the manner provided herein shall be deemed to refer also to any such successor or substitute Liquidator approved in the manner herein provided. Except as expressly provided in this Article XII, the Liquidator approved in the manner provided herein shall have and may exercise, without further authorization or consent of any of the parties hereto, all of the powers conferred upon the General Partner under the terms of this Agreement (but subject to all of the applicable limitations, contractual and otherwise, upon the exercise of such powers, other than the limitation on sale set forth in Section 7.3) necessary or appropriate to carry out the duties and functions of the Liquidator hereunder for and during the period of time required to complete the winding up and liquidation of the Partnership as provided for herein.

Section 12.4 Liquidation. The Liquidator shall proceed to dispose of the assets of the Partnership, discharge its liabilities, and otherwise wind up its affairs in such manner and over such period as determined by the Liquidator, subject to Section 17-804 of the Delaware Act and the following:

(a) The assets may be disposed of by public or private sale or by distribution in kind to one or more Partners on such terms as the Liquidator and such Partner or Partners may agree. If any property is distributed in kind, the Partner receiving the property shall be deemed for purposes of Section 12.4(c) to have received cash equal to its Net Agreed Value; and contemporaneously therewith, appropriate cash distributions must be made to the other Partners. The Liquidator may defer liquidation or distribution of the Partnership's assets for a reasonable time if it determines that an immediate sale or distribution of all or some of the Partnership's assets would be impractical or would cause undue loss to the Partners. The Liquidator may distribute the Partnership's assets, in whole or in part, in kind if it determines that a sale would be impractical or would cause undue loss to the Partners.

(b) Liabilities of the Partnership include amounts owed to the Liquidator as compensation for serving in such capacity (subject to the terms of Section 12.3) and amounts to Partners otherwise than in respect of their distribution rights under Article VI. With respect to any liability that is contingent, conditional or unmatured or is otherwise not yet due and payable, the Liquidator shall either settle such claim for such amount as it thinks appropriate or establish a reserve of cash or other assets to provide for its payment. When paid, any unused portion of the reserve shall be distributed as

additional liquidation proceeds.

B-45

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**Table of Contents**

(c) All property and all cash in excess of that required to discharge liabilities as provided in Section 12.4(b) shall be distributed to the Partners in accordance with, and to the extent of, the positive balances in their respective Capital Accounts, as determined after taking into account all Capital Account adjustments (other than those made by reason of distributions pursuant to this Section 12.4(c)) for the taxable period of the Partnership during which the liquidation of the Partnership occurs (with such date of occurrence being determined pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(g)), and such distribution shall be made by the end of such taxable period (or, if later, within 90 days after said date of such occurrence).

Section 12.5 **Cancellation of Certificate of Limited Partnership**. Upon the completion of the distribution of Partnership cash and property as provided in Section 12.4 in connection with the liquidation of the Partnership, the Certificate of Limited Partnership and all qualifications of the Partnership as a foreign limited partnership in jurisdictions other than the State of Delaware shall be canceled and such other actions as may be necessary to terminate the Partnership shall be taken.

Section 12.6 **Return of Contributions**. The General Partner shall not be personally liable for, and shall have no obligation to contribute or loan any monies or property to the Partnership to enable it to effectuate, the return of the Capital Contributions of the Limited Partners or Unitholders, or any portion thereof, it being expressly understood that any such return shall be made solely from assets of the Partnership.

Section 12.7 **Waiver of Partition**. To the maximum extent permitted by law, each Partner hereby waives any right to partition of the Partnership property.

Section 12.8 **Capital Account Restoration**. No Limited Partner shall have any obligation to restore any negative balance in its Capital Account upon liquidation of the Partnership. The General Partner shall be obligated to restore any negative balance in its Capital Account upon liquidation of its interest in the Partnership by the end of the taxable year of the Partnership during which such liquidation occurs, or, if later, within 90 days after the date of such liquidation.

## **ARTICLE XIII**

### **AMENDMENT OF PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT; MEETINGS; RECORD DATE**

Section 13.1 **Amendments to be Adopted Solely by the General Partner**. Each Partner agrees that the General Partner, without the approval of any Partner, may amend any provision of this Agreement and execute, swear to, acknowledge, deliver, file and record whatever documents may be required in connection therewith, to reflect:

- (a) a change in the name of the Partnership, the location of the principal office of the Partnership, the registered agent of the Partnership or the registered office of the Partnership;
- (b) admission, substitution, withdrawal or removal of Partners in accordance with this Agreement;
- (c) a change that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate to qualify or continue the qualification of the Partnership as a limited partnership or a partnership in which the Limited Partners have limited liability under the laws of any state or to ensure that the Group Members (other than the Partnership) will not be treated as associations taxable as corporations or otherwise taxed as entities for federal income tax purposes;
- (d) a change that the General Partner determines (i) does not adversely affect the Limited Partners considered as a whole or any particular class of Partnership Interests as compared to other classes of Partnership Interests in any



material respect, (ii) to be necessary or appropriate to satisfy any requirements, conditions or guidelines contained in any opinion, directive, order, ruling or regulation of any federal or state agency or

B-46

**Table of Contents**

judicial authority or contained in any federal or state statute (including the Delaware Act) or (iii) is required to effect the intent expressed in the IPO Registration Statement or the intent of the provisions of this Agreement or is otherwise contemplated by this Agreement;

(e) a change in the fiscal year or taxable year of the Partnership and any other changes that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate as a result of a change in the fiscal year or taxable year of the Partnership including a change in the definition of Quarter and the dates on which distributions are to be made by the Partnership;

(f) an amendment that is necessary, in the Opinion of Counsel, to prevent the Partnership, or the General Partner or its directors, officers, trustees or agents from in any manner being subjected to the provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, or plan asset regulations adopted under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, regardless of whether such are substantially similar to plan asset regulations currently applied or proposed by the United States Department of Labor;

(g) an amendment that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate in connection with the authorization or issuance of any class or series of Partnership Interests pursuant to Section 5.4;

(h) any amendment expressly permitted in this Agreement to be made by the General Partner acting alone;

(i) an amendment effected, necessitated or contemplated by a Merger Agreement approved in accordance with Section 14.3;

(j) an amendment that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate to reflect and account for the formation by the Partnership of, or investment by the Partnership in, any corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other entity, in connection with the conduct by the Partnership of activities permitted by the terms of Section 2.4;

(k) a merger, conveyance or conversion pursuant to Section 14.3(c); or

(l) any other amendments substantially similar to the foregoing.

Section 13.2 Amendment Procedures. Amendments to this Agreement may be proposed only by the General Partner. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the General Partner shall have no duty or obligation to propose or approve any amendment to this Agreement and may decline to do so free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership, any Limited Partner or any other Person bound by this Agreement, and, in declining to propose or approve an amendment to this Agreement, to the fullest extent permitted by law shall not be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any Group Member Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Delaware Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity, and the General Partner in determining whether to propose or approve any amendment to this Agreement shall be permitted to do so in its sole and absolute discretion. An amendment to this Agreement shall be effective upon its approval by the General Partner and, except as otherwise provided by Section 13.1 or Section 13.3, the holders of a Unit Majority, unless a greater or different percentage of Outstanding Units is required under this Agreement. Each proposed amendment that requires the approval of the holders of a specified percentage of Outstanding Units shall be set forth in a writing that contains the text of the proposed amendment. If such an amendment is proposed, the General Partner shall seek the written approval of the requisite percentage of Outstanding Units or call a meeting of the Unitholders to consider and vote on such proposed amendment. The General Partner shall notify all Record Holders upon final adoption of any amendments. The General Partner shall be deemed to have notified all Record Holders as required by this Section 13.2 if it has posted or made accessible such amendment through the Partnership's or the Commission's

website.

B-47

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**Table of Contents**

Section 13.3 Amendment Requirements.

(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 13.1 and Section 13.2, no provision of this Agreement that establishes a percentage of Outstanding Units (including Units deemed owned by the General Partner) required to take any action shall be amended, altered, changed, repealed or rescinded in any respect that would have the effect of (i) in the case of any provision of this Agreement other than Section 11.2 or Section 13.4, reducing such percentage or (ii) in the case of Section 11.2 or Section 13.4, increasing such percentages, unless such amendment is approved by the written consent or the affirmative vote of holders of Outstanding Units whose aggregate Outstanding Units constitute (x) in the case of a reduction as described in subclause (a)(i) hereof, not less than the voting requirement sought to be reduced, (y) in the case of an increase in the percentage in Section 11.2, not less than 90% of the Outstanding Units, or (z) in the case of an increase in the percentage in Section 13.4, not less than a majority of the Outstanding Units.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 13.1 and Section 13.2, no amendment to this Agreement may (i) enlarge the obligations of any Limited Partner without its consent, unless such shall be deemed to have occurred as a result of an amendment approved pursuant to Section 13.3(c) or (ii) enlarge the obligations of, restrict in any way any action by or rights of, or reduce in any way the amounts distributable, reimbursable or otherwise payable to, the General Partner or any of its Affiliates without its consent, which consent may be given or withheld at its option.

(c) Except as provided in Section 14.3, and without limitation of the General Partner's authority to adopt amendments to this Agreement without the approval of any Partners as contemplated in Section 13.1, any amendment that would have a material adverse effect on the rights or preferences of any class of Partnership Interests in relation to other classes of Partnership Interests must be approved by the holders of not less than a majority of the Outstanding Partnership Interests of the class affected.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, except for amendments pursuant to Section 13.1 and except as otherwise provided by Section 14.3(b), no amendments shall become effective without the approval of the holders of at least 90% of the Outstanding Units voting as a single class unless the Partnership obtains an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that such amendment will not affect the limited liability of any Limited Partner under applicable partnership law of the state under whose laws the Partnership is organized.

(e) Except as provided in Section 13.1, this Section 13.3 shall only be amended with the approval of the holders of at least 90% of the Outstanding Units.

Section 13.4 Special Meetings. All acts of Limited Partners to be taken pursuant to this Agreement shall be taken in the manner provided in this Article XIII. Special meetings of the Limited Partners may be called by the General Partner. Within a reasonable amount of time after receipt of such a call from Limited Partners, the General Partner shall send a notice of the meeting to the Limited Partners either directly or indirectly. A meeting shall be held at a time and place determined by the General Partner on a date not less than 10 days nor more than 60 days after the time notice of the meeting is given as provided in Section 15.1. Limited Partners shall not be permitted to vote on matters that would cause the Limited Partners to be deemed to be taking part in the management and control of the business and affairs of the Partnership so as to jeopardize the Limited Partners' limited liability under the Delaware Act or the law of any other state in which the Partnership is qualified to do business. If any such vote were to take place, it shall be deemed null and void to the extent necessary so as not to jeopardize the Limited Partners' limited liability under the Delaware Act or the law of any other state in which the Partnership is qualified to do business.

Section 13.5 Notice of a Meeting. Notice of a meeting called pursuant to Section 13.4 shall be given to the Record Holders of the class or classes of Units for which a meeting is proposed in writing by mail or other means of written communication in accordance with Section 15.1.

B-48

**Table of Contents**

Section 13.6 Record Date. For purposes of determining the Limited Partners who are Record Holders of the class or classes of Limited Partner Interests entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of the Limited Partners or to give approvals without a meeting as provided in Section 13.11, the General Partner shall set a Record Date, which shall not be less than 10 nor more than 60 days before (a) the date of the meeting or (b) in the event that approvals are sought without a meeting, the date by which such Limited Partners are requested in writing by the General Partner to give such approvals.

Section 13.7 Postponement and Adjournment. Prior to the date upon which any meeting of Limited Partners is to be held, the General Partner may postpone such meeting one or more times for any reason by giving notice to each Limited Partner entitled to vote at the meeting so postponed of the place, date and hour at which such meeting would be held. Such notice shall be given not fewer than two days before the date of such meeting and otherwise in accordance with this Article XIII. When a meeting is postponed, a new Record Date need not be fixed. Any meeting of Limited Partners may be adjourned by the General Partner one or more times for any reason and no vote of the Limited Partners shall be required for any adjournment. A meeting of Limited Partners may be adjourned by the General Partner as to one or more proposals regardless of whether action has been taken on other matters. When a meeting is adjourned to another time or place, notice need not be given of the adjourned meeting and a new Record Date need not be fixed, if the time and place thereof are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken, unless such adjournment shall be for more than 45 days. At the adjourned meeting, the Partnership may transact any business which might have been transacted at the original meeting. If the adjournment is for more than 45 days or if a new Record Date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in accordance with this Article XIII.

Section 13.8 Waiver of Notice: Approval of Meeting. The transactions of any meeting of Limited Partners, however called and noticed, and whenever held, shall be as valid as if it had occurred at a meeting duly held after call and notice in accordance with Sections 13.4 and 13.5, if a quorum is present either in person or by proxy. Attendance of a Limited Partner at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of the meeting, except when the Limited Partner attends the meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened; and except that attendance at a meeting is not a waiver of any right to disapprove of any matters submitted for consideration or to object to the failure to submit for consideration any matters required to be included in the notice of the meeting, but not so included, if such objection is expressly made at the beginning of the meeting.

Section 13.9 Quorum and Voting. The presence, in person or by proxy, of holders of a majority of the Outstanding Units of the class or classes for which a meeting has been called (including Outstanding Units deemed owned by the General Partner and its Affiliates) shall constitute a quorum at a meeting of Limited Partners of such class or classes unless any such action by the Limited Partners requires approval by holders of a greater percentage of such Units, in which case the quorum shall be such greater percentage. At any meeting of the Limited Partners duly called and held in accordance with this Agreement at which a quorum is present, the act of Limited Partners holding Outstanding Units that in the aggregate represent a majority of the Outstanding Units entitled to vote at such meeting shall be deemed to constitute the act of all Limited Partners, unless a different percentage is required with respect to such action under the provisions of this Agreement, in which case the act of the Limited Partners holding Outstanding Units that in the aggregate represent at least such different percentage shall be required. The Limited Partners present at a duly called or held meeting at which a quorum is present may continue to transact business until adjournment, notwithstanding the exit of enough Limited Partners to leave less than a quorum, if any action taken (other than adjournment) is approved by the required percentage of Outstanding Units specified in this Agreement.

Section 13.10 Conduct of a Meeting. The General Partner shall have full power and authority concerning the manner of conducting any meeting of the Limited Partners or solicitation of approvals in writing, including the determination

of Persons entitled to vote, the existence of a quorum, the satisfaction of the requirements of Section 13.4, the conduct of voting, the validity and effect of any proxies and the determination of any controversies, votes or challenges arising in connection with or during the meeting or voting. The General

B-49

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**Table of Contents**

Partner shall designate a Person to serve as chairman of any meeting and shall further designate a Person to take the minutes of any meeting. All minutes shall be kept with the records of the Partnership maintained by the General Partner. The General Partner may make such other regulations consistent with applicable law and this Agreement as it may deem advisable concerning the conduct of any meeting of the Limited Partners or solicitation of approvals in writing, including regulations in regard to the appointment of proxies, the appointment and duties of inspectors of votes and approvals, the submission and examination of proxies and other evidence of the right to vote, and the submission and revocation of approvals in writing.

Section 13.11 Action Without a Meeting. If authorized by the General Partner, any action that may be taken at a meeting of the Limited Partners may be taken without a meeting if an approval in writing setting forth the action so taken is signed by Limited Partners owning not less than the minimum percentage of the Outstanding Units (including Units deemed owned by the General Partner and its Affiliates) that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all the Limited Partners were present and voted (unless such provision conflicts with any rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of any National Securities Exchange on which the Units are listed or admitted to trading, in which case the rule, regulation, guideline or requirement of such National Securities Exchange shall govern). Prompt notice of the taking of action without a meeting shall be given to the Limited Partners who have not approved in writing. The General Partner may specify that any written ballot submitted to Limited Partners for the purpose of taking any action without a meeting shall be returned to the Partnership within the time period, which shall be not less than 20 days, specified by the General Partner. If a ballot returned to the Partnership does not vote all of the Outstanding Units held by such Limited Partners, the Partnership shall be deemed to have failed to receive a ballot for the Outstanding Units that were not voted. If approval of the taking of any permitted action by the Limited Partners is solicited by any Person other than by or on behalf of the General Partner, the written approvals shall have no force and effect unless and until (a) approvals sufficient to take the action proposed are deposited with the Partnership in care of the General Partner, (b) approvals sufficient to take the action proposed are dated as of a date not more than 90 days prior to the date sufficient approvals are first deposited with the Partnership and (c) an Opinion of Counsel is delivered to the General Partner to the effect that the exercise of such right and the action proposed to be taken with respect to any particular matter (i) will not cause the Limited Partners to be deemed to be taking part in the management and control of the business and affairs of the Partnership so as to jeopardize the Limited Partners' limited liability, and (ii) is otherwise permissible under the state statutes then governing the rights, duties and liabilities of the Partnership and the Partners.

Section 13.12 Right to Vote and Related Matters.

(a) Only those Record Holders of the Outstanding Units on the Record Date set pursuant to Section 13.6 (and also subject to the limitations contained in the definition of **Outstanding** ) shall be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, a meeting of Limited Partners or to act with respect to matters as to which the holders of the Outstanding Units have the right to vote or to act. All references in this Agreement to votes of, or other acts that may be taken by, the Outstanding Units shall be deemed to be references to the votes or acts of the Record Holders of such Outstanding Units.

(b) With respect to Units that are held for a Person's account by another Person that is the Record Holder (such as a broker, dealer, bank, trust company or clearing corporation, or an agent of any of the foregoing), such Record Holder shall, in exercising the voting rights in respect of such Units on any matter, and unless the arrangement between such Persons provides otherwise, vote such Units in favor of, and in accordance with the direction of, the Person who is the beneficial owner of such Units, and the Partnership shall be entitled to assume such Record Holder is so acting without further inquiry. The provisions of this Section 13.12(b) (as well as all other provisions of this Agreement) are subject to the provisions of Section 4.3.





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**Table of Contents**

**ARTICLE XIV**

**MERGER, CONSOLIDATION OR CONVERSION**

**Section 14.1 Authority.** The Partnership may merge or consolidate with or into one or more corporations, limited liability companies, statutory trusts or associations, real estate investment trusts, common law trusts or unincorporated businesses, including a partnership (whether general or limited (including a limited liability partnership)) or convert into any such entity, whether such entity is formed under the laws of the State of Delaware or any other state of the United States of America, pursuant to a written plan of merger or consolidation ( ***Merger Agreement*** ) or a written plan of conversion ( ***Plan of Conversion*** ), as the case may be, in accordance with this Article XIV.

Section 14.2 **Procedure for Merger, Consolidation or Conversion.**

(a) Merger, consolidation or conversion of the Partnership pursuant to this Article XIV requires the prior consent of the General Partner, provided, however, that, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the General Partner shall have no duty or obligation to consent to any merger, consolidation or conversion of the Partnership and may decline to do so free of any duty or obligation whatsoever to the Partnership or any Limited Partner and, in declining to consent to a merger, consolidation or conversion, shall not be required to act in good faith or pursuant to any other standard imposed by this Agreement, any other agreement contemplated hereby or under the Act or any other law, rule or regulation or at equity, and the General Partner in determining whether to consent to any merger, consolidation or conversion of the Partnership shall be permitted to do so in its sole and absolute discretion.

(b) If the General Partner shall determine to consent to the merger or consolidation, the General Partner shall approve the Merger Agreement, which shall set forth:

(i) name and state of domicile of each of the business entities proposing to merge or consolidate;

(ii) the name and state of domicile of the business entity that is to survive the proposed merger or consolidation (the Surviving Business Entity );

(iii) the terms and conditions of the proposed merger or consolidation;

(iv) the manner and basis of exchanging or converting the equity securities of each constituent business entity for, or into, cash, property or interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity; and (A) if any general or limited partner interests, securities or rights of any constituent business entity are not to be exchanged or converted solely for, or into, cash, property or general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity, the cash, property or interests, rights, securities or obligations of any general or limited partnership, corporation, trust, limited liability company, unincorporated business or other entity (other than the Surviving Business Entity) which the holders of such general or limited partner interests, securities or rights are to receive in exchange for, or upon conversion of their interests, securities or rights; and (B) in the case of securities represented by certificates, upon the surrender of such certificates, which cash, property or general or limited partner interests, rights, securities or obligations of the Surviving Business Entity or any general or limited partnership, corporation, trust, limited liability company, unincorporated business or other entity (other than the Surviving Business Entity), or evidences thereof, are to be delivered;

(v) a statement of any changes in the constituent documents or the adoption of new constituent documents (the articles or certificate of incorporation, articles of trust, declaration of trust, certificate or agreement of limited partnership, operating agreement or other similar charter or governing document) of the Surviving Business Entity to be effected

by such merger or consolidation;

(vi) the effective time of the merger, which may be the date of the filing of the certificate of merger pursuant to Section 14.4 or a later date specified in or determinable in accordance with the Merger

B-51

**Table of Contents**

Agreement (provided, that if the effective time of the merger is to be later than the date of the filing of such certificate of merger, the effective time shall be fixed at a date or time certain at or prior to the time of the filing of such certificate of merger and stated therein); and

(vii) such other provisions with respect to the proposed merger or consolidation that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate.

(c) If the General Partner shall determine to consent to the conversion, the General Partner shall approve the Plan of Conversion, which shall set forth:

(i) the name of the converting entity and the converted entity;

(ii) a statement that the Partnership is continuing its existence in the organizational form of the converted entity;

(iii) a statement as to the type of entity that the converted entity is to be and the state or country under the laws of which the converted entity is to be incorporated, formed or organized;

(iv) the manner and basis of exchanging or converting the equity securities of each constituent business entity for, or into, cash, property or interests, rights, securities or obligations of the converted entity;

(v) in an attachment or exhibit, the certificate of limited partnership of the Partnership;

(vi) in an attachment or exhibit, the certificate of limited partnership, articles of incorporation, or other organizational documents of the converted entity;

(vii) the effective time of the conversion, which may be the date of the filing of the articles of conversion or a later date specified in or determinable in accordance with the Plan of Conversion (provided, that if the effective time of the conversion is to be later than the date of the filing of such articles of conversion, the effective time shall be fixed at a date or time certain at or prior to the time of the filing of such articles of conversion and stated therein); and

(viii) such other provisions with respect to the proposed conversion that the General Partner determines to be necessary or appropriate.

Section 14.3 Approval by Limited Partners. Except as provided in Section 14.3(d), the General Partner, upon its approval of the Merger Agreement or the Plan of Conversion, as the case may be, shall direct that the Merger Agreement or the Plan of Conversion, as applicable, be submitted to a vote of Limited Partners, whether at a special meeting or by written consent, in either case in accordance with the requirements of Article XIII. A copy or a summary of the Merger Agreement or the Plan of Conversion, as the case may be, shall be included in or enclosed with the notice of a special meeting or the written consent and, subject to any applicable requirements of Regulation 14A pursuant to the Exchange Act or successor provision, no other disclosure regarding the proposed merger, consolidation or conversion shall be required.

(a) Except as provided in Section 14.3(d) and Section 14.3(e), the Merger Agreement or Plan of Conversion, as the case may be, shall be approved upon receiving the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of a Unit Majority unless the Merger Agreement or Plan of Conversion, as the case may be, effects an amendment to any provision of this Agreement that, if contained in an amendment to this Agreement adopted pursuant to Article XIII, would require for its approval the vote or consent of a greater percentage of the Outstanding Units or of any class of Limited Partners, in which case such greater percentage vote or consent shall be required for approval of the Merger Agreement or the

Plan of Conversion, as the case may be.

(b) Except as provided in Section 14.3(d) and Section 14.3(e), after such approval by vote or consent of the Limited Partners, and at any time prior to the filing of the certificate of merger or articles of conversion pursuant to Section 14.4, the merger, consolidation or conversion may be abandoned pursuant to provisions therefor, if any, set forth in the Merger Agreement or Plan of Conversion, as the case may be.

B-52

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**Table of Contents**

(c) Notwithstanding anything else contained in this Article XIV or in this Agreement, the General Partner is permitted, without Limited Partner approval, to convert the Partnership or any Group Member into a new limited liability entity, to merge the Partnership or any Group Member into, or convey all of the Partnership's assets to, another limited liability entity that shall be newly formed and shall have no assets, liabilities or operations at the time of such conversion, merger or conveyance other than those it receives from the Partnership or other Group Member if (i) the General Partner has received an Opinion of Counsel that the conversion, merger or conveyance, as the case may be, would not result in the loss of limited liability under the laws of the jurisdiction governing the other limited liability entity (if that jurisdiction is not Delaware) of any Limited Partner as compared to its limited liability under the Delaware Act or cause the Partnership to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for federal income tax purposes (to the extent not previously treated as such), (ii) the sole purpose of such conversion, merger, or conveyance is to effect a mere change in the legal form of the Partnership into another limited liability entity and (iii) the General Partner determines that the governing instruments of the new entity provide the Limited Partners and the General Partner with substantially the same rights and obligations as are herein contained.

(d) Additionally, notwithstanding anything else contained in this Article XIV or in this Agreement, the General Partner is permitted, without Limited Partner approval, to merge or consolidate the Partnership with or into another limited liability entity if (i) the General Partner has received an Opinion of Counsel that the merger or consolidation, as the case may be, would not result in the loss of the limited liability of any Limited Partner under the laws of the jurisdiction governing the other limited liability entity (if that jurisdiction is not Delaware) as compared to its limited liability under the Delaware Act or cause the Partnership to be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or otherwise to be taxed as an entity for federal income tax purposes (to the extent not previously treated as such), (ii) the merger or consolidation would not result in an amendment to this Agreement, other than any amendments that could be adopted pursuant to Section 13.1, (iii) the Partnership is the Surviving Business Entity in such merger or consolidation, (iv) each Unit outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of the merger or consolidation is to be an identical Unit of the Partnership after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, and (v) the number of Partnership Interests to be issued by the Partnership in such merger or consolidation does not exceed 20% of the Partnership Interests Outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of such merger or consolidation.

(e) Pursuant to Section 17-211(g) of the Delaware Act, an agreement of merger or consolidation approved in accordance with this Article XIV may (i) effect any amendment to this Agreement or (ii) effect the adoption of a new partnership agreement for the Partnership if it is the Surviving Business Entity. Any such amendment or adoption made pursuant to this Section 14.3 shall be effective at the effective time or date of the merger or consolidation.

Section 14.4 Certificate of Merger or Certificate of Conversion. Upon the required approval by the General Partner and the Unitholders of a Merger Agreement or the Plan of Conversion, as the case may be, a certificate of merger or certificate of conversion or other filing, as applicable, shall be executed and filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware or the appropriate filing office of any other jurisdiction, as applicable, in conformity with the requirements of the Delaware Act or other applicable law.

Section 14.5 Effect of Merger, Consolidation or Conversion.

(a) At the effective time of the merger:

(i) all of the rights, privileges and powers of each of the business entities that has merged or consolidated, and all property, real, personal and mixed, and all debts due to any of those business entities and all other things and causes of action belonging to each of those business entities, shall be vested in the Surviving Business Entity and after the merger or consolidation shall be the property of the Surviving Business Entity to the extent they were of each constituent business entity;

(ii) the title to any real property vested by deed or otherwise in any of those constituent business entities shall not revert and is not in any way impaired because of the merger or consolidation;

B-53

**Table of Contents**

(iii) all rights of creditors and all liens on or security interests in property of any of those constituent business entities shall be preserved unimpaired; and

(iv) all debts, liabilities and duties of those constituent business entities shall attach to the Surviving Business Entity and may be enforced against it to the same extent as if the debts, liabilities and duties had been incurred or contracted by it.

(b) At the effective time of the conversion:

(i) the Partnership shall continue to exist, without interruption, but in the organizational form of the converted entity rather than in its prior organizational form;

(ii) all rights, title, and interests to all real estate and other property owned by the Partnership shall continue to be owned by the converted entity in its new organizational form without reversion or impairment, without further act or deed, and without any transfer or assignment having occurred, but subject to any existing liens or other encumbrances thereon;

(iii) all liabilities and obligations of the Partnership shall continue to be liabilities and obligations of the converted entity in its new organizational form without impairment or diminution by reason of the conversion;

(iv) all rights of creditors or other parties with respect to or against the prior interest holders or other owners of the Partnership in their capacities as such in existence as of the effective time of the conversion will continue in existence as to those liabilities and obligations and may be pursued by such creditors and obligees as if the conversion did not occur;

(v) a proceeding pending by or against the Partnership or by or against any of Partners in their capacities as such may be continued by or against the converted entity in its new organizational form and by or against the prior partners without any need for substitution of parties; and

(vi) the Partnership Interests that are to be converted into partnership interests, shares, evidences of ownership, or other securities in the converted entity as provided in the plan of conversion shall be so converted, and Partners shall be entitled only to the rights provided in the Plan of Conversion.

**ARTICLE XV**

**GENERAL PROVISIONS**

Section 15.1 Addresses and Notices: Written Communications.

(a) Any notice, demand, request, report or proxy materials required or permitted to be given or made to a Partner under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed given or made when delivered in person or when sent by first class United States mail or by other means of written communication to the Partner at the address described below. Except as otherwise provided herein, any notice, payment or report to be given or made to a Partner hereunder shall be deemed conclusively to have been given or made, and the obligation to give such notice or report or to make such payment shall be deemed conclusively to have been fully satisfied, upon sending of such notice, payment or report to the Record Holder of such Partnership Interests at his address as shown in the Register, regardless of any claim of any Person who may have an interest in such Partnership Interests by reason of any assignment or otherwise. An affidavit or certificate of making of any notice, payment or report in accordance with the provisions of this



Section 15.1 executed by the General Partner, the Transfer Agent or the mailing organization shall be prima facie evidence of the giving or making of such notice, payment or report. If any notice, payment or report addressed to a Record Holder at the address of such Record Holder appearing in the Register is returned by the United States Postal Service marked to indicate that the United States Postal Service is unable to deliver it, such notice, payment or report and any subsequent notices, payments and reports

B-54

**Table of Contents**

shall be deemed to have been duly given or made without further mailing (until such time as such Record Holder or another Person notifies the Transfer Agent or the Partnership of a change in his address) if they are available for the Partner at the principal office of the Partnership for a period of one year from the date of the giving or making of such notice, payment or report to the other Partners. Any notice to the Partnership shall be deemed given if received by the General Partner at the principal office of the Partnership designated pursuant to Section 2.3. The General Partner may rely and shall be protected in relying on any notice or other document from a Partner or other Person if believed by it to be genuine.

(b) The terms in writing, written communications, written notice and words of similar import shall be deemed satisfied under this Agreement by use of e-mail and other forms of electronic communication.

(c) *Further Action.* The parties shall execute and deliver all documents, provide all information and take or refrain from taking action as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Agreement.

Section 15.2 Binding Effect. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their heirs, executors, administrators, successors, legal representatives and permitted assigns.

Section 15.3 Integration. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement among the parties hereto pertaining to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings pertaining thereto.

Section 15.4 Creditors. None of the provisions of this Agreement shall be for the benefit of, or shall be enforceable by, any creditor of the Partnership.

Section 15.5 Waiver. No failure by any party to insist upon the strict performance of any covenant, duty, agreement or condition of this Agreement or to exercise any right or remedy consequent upon a breach thereof shall constitute waiver of any such breach of any other covenant, duty, agreement or condition.

Section 15.6 Third-Party Beneficiaries. Each Partner agrees that (a) any Indemnitee shall be entitled to assert rights and remedies hereunder as a third-party beneficiary hereto with respect to those provisions of this Agreement affording a right, benefit or privilege to such Indemnitee and (b) any Unrestricted Person shall be entitled to assert rights and remedies hereunder as a third-party beneficiary hereto with respect to those provisions of this Agreement affording a right, benefit or privilege to such Unrestricted Person.

Section 15.7 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, all of which together shall constitute an agreement binding on all the parties hereto, notwithstanding that all such parties are not signatories to the original or the same counterpart. Each party shall become bound by this Agreement immediately upon affixing its signature hereto or, in the case of a Person acquiring a Limited Partner Interest, pursuant to Section 10.1(a) or (b) without execution hereof.

Section 15.8 Applicable Law; Forum; Venue and Jurisdiction; Waiver of Trial by Jury.

(a) This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to the principles of conflicts of law.

(b) Each of the Partners and each Person or Group holding any beneficial interest in the Partnership (whether through a broker, dealer, bank, trust company or clearing corporation or an agent of any of the foregoing or otherwise):

(i) irrevocably agrees that any claims, suits, actions or proceedings (A) arising out of or relating in any way to this Agreement (including any claims, suits or actions to interpret, apply or enforce the provisions of this Agreement or the duties, obligations or liabilities among Partners or of Partners to the Partnership, or the rights or powers of, or restrictions on, the Partners or the Partnership), (B) brought in a derivative manner on behalf of the Partnership, (C) asserting a claim of breach of a duty (including a

B-55

**Table of Contents**

fiduciary duty) owed by any director, officer, or other employee of the Partnership or the General Partner, or owed by the General Partner, to the Partnership or the Partners, (D) asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the Delaware Act or (E) asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine shall be exclusively brought in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware, in each case regardless of whether such claims, suits, actions or proceedings sound in contract, tort, fraud or otherwise, are based on common law, statutory, equitable, legal or other grounds, or are derivative or direct claims;

(ii) irrevocably submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware in connection with any such claim, suit, action or proceeding;

(iii) agrees not to, and waives any right to, assert in any such claim, suit, action or proceeding that (A) it is not personally subject to the jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or of any other court to which proceedings in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware may be appealed, (B) such claim, suit, action or proceeding is brought in an inconvenient forum, or (C) the venue of such claim, suit, action or proceeding is improper;

(iv) expressly waives any requirement for the posting of a bond by a party bringing such claim, suit, action or proceeding; and

(v) consents to process being served in any such claim, suit, action or proceeding by mailing, certified mail, return receipt requested, a copy thereof to such party at the address in effect for notices hereunder, and agrees that such services shall constitute good and sufficient service of process and notice thereof; provided, nothing in clause (v) hereof shall affect or limit any right to serve process in any other manner permitted by law.

Section 15.9 Invalidity of Provisions. If any provision or part of a provision of this Agreement is or becomes for any reason, invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions and/or parts thereof contained herein shall not be affected thereby and this Agreement shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be reformed and construed as if such invalid, illegal or unenforceable provision, or part of a provision, had never been contained herein, and such provisions and/or part shall be reformed so that it would be valid, legal and enforceable to the maximum extent possible.

Section 15.10 Consent of Partners. Each Partner hereby expressly consents and agrees that, whenever in this Agreement it is specified that an action may be taken upon the affirmative vote or consent of less than all of the Partners, such action may be so taken upon the concurrence of less than all of the Partners and each Partner shall be bound by the results of such action.

Section 15.11 Facsimile and Email Signatures. The use of facsimile signatures and signatures delivered by email in portable document (.pdf) or similar format affixed in the name and on behalf of the Transfer Agent of the Partnership on certificates representing Common Units is expressly permitted by this Agreement.

*[REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK.]*

Table of Contents

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

**GENERAL PARTNER:**

NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING  
PARTNERS GP, LLC

By:  
Name:  
Title:

**LIMITED PARTNERS:**

NEXTERA ENERGY EQUITY PARTNERS,  
LP

By:  
Name:  
Title:

NEXTERA ENERGY PARTNERS, LP

By:  
Name:  
Title:

Table of Contents

EXHIBIT A

to the First Amended and Restated  
Agreement of Limited Partnership of  
NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP  
Certificate Evidencing Common Units  
Representing Limited Partner Interests in  
NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP

No. Common Units

In accordance with Section 4.1 of the First Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time (the Partnership Agreement), NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership (the Partnership), hereby certifies that (the Holder) is the registered owner of Common Units representing limited partner interests in the Partnership (the Common Units) transferable on the books of the Partnership, in person or by duly authorized attorney, upon surrender of this Certificate properly endorsed. The rights, preferences and limitations of the Common Units are set forth in, and this Certificate and the Common Units represented hereby are issued and shall in all respects be subject to the terms and provisions of, the Partnership Agreement. Copies of the Partnership Agreement are on file at, and will be furnished without charge on delivery of written request to the Partnership at, the principal office of the Partnership located at 700 Universe Boulevard, Juno Beach, Florida 33408. Capitalized terms used herein but not defined shall have the meanings given them in the Partnership Agreement.

THE HOLDER OF THIS SECURITY ACKNOWLEDGES FOR THE BENEFIT OF NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP THAT THIS SECURITY MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED IF SUCH TRANSFER (AS DEFINED IN THE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT) WOULD (A) VIOLATE THE THEN APPLICABLE FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY WITH JURISDICTION OVER SUCH TRANSFER, (B) TERMINATE THE EXISTENCE OR QUALIFICATION OF NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, (C) CAUSE NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP TO BE TREATED AS AN ASSOCIATION TAXABLE AS A CORPORATION OR OTHERWISE TO BE TAXED AS AN ENTITY FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES, OR (D) RESULT IN A TERMINATION OF THE PARTNERSHIP UNDER INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED, SECTION 708 UNLESS, PRIOR TO SUCH TRANSFER, THE TRANSFERRING PARTNER AGREES TO INDEMNIFY THE PARTNERSHIP AND THE OTHER PARTNERS FOR ANY ADVERSE TAX CONSEQUENCES CAUSED AS A RESULT OF SUCH TERMINATION. THE GENERAL PARTNER OF NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP MAY IMPOSE ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON THE TRANSFER OF THIS SECURITY IF IT RECEIVES AN OPINION OF COUNSEL THAT SUCH RESTRICTIONS ARE NECESSARY TO AVOID A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP BECOMING TAXABLE AS A CORPORATION OR OTHERWISE BECOMING TAXABLE AS AN ENTITY FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES. THIS SECURITY MAY BE SUBJECT TO ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON ITS TRANSFER PROVIDED IN THE

PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT. COPIES OF SUCH AGREEMENT MAY BE OBTAINED AT NO COST BY WRITTEN REQUEST MADE BY THE HOLDER OF RECORD OF THIS SECURITY TO THE SECRETARY OF THE GENERAL PARTNER AT THE PRINCIPAL OFFICE OF THE PARTNERSHIP.

The Holder, by accepting this Certificate, is deemed to have (i) requested admission as, and agreed to become, a Limited Partner and to have agreed to comply with and be bound by and to have executed the Partnership Agreement, (ii) represented and warranted that the Holder has all right, power and authority and, if an individual, the capacity necessary to enter into the Partnership Agreement, and (iii) made the waivers and given the consents and approvals contained in the Partnership Agreement.

Ex A-1

**Table of Contents**

This Certificate shall not be valid for any purpose unless it has been countersigned and registered by the Transfer Agent. This Certificate shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware

Dated:

NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP

NextEra Energy Operating Partners GP,  
By: LLC

By:

By:

Countersigned and Registered by:

as Transfer Agent and Registrar

By:

Authorized Signature

Ex A-2



**Table of Contents**

[Reverse of Certificate]

**ABBREVIATIONS**

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription on the face of this Certificate, shall be construed as follows according to applicable laws or regulations:

TEN COM as tenants in common

UNIF GIFT TRANSFERS MIN ACT

TEN ENT as tenants by the entireties

Custodian

(Cust)

(Minor)

JT TEN as joint tenants with right of survivorship under Uniform Gifts/Transfers to CD Minors Act (State) and not as tenants in common

Additional abbreviations, though not in the above list, may also be used.

Ex A-3

Table of Contents

ASSIGNMENT OF COMMON UNITS OF  
NEXTERA ENERGY OPERATING PARTNERS, LP

FOR VALUE RECEIVED,

hereby assigns, conveys, sells and transfers unto

(Please print or typewrite name and address of assignee)

(Please insert Social Security or other identifying  
number of assignee)

Common Units representing limited partner interests evidenced by this Certificate, subject to the Partnership Agreement, and does hereby irrevocably constitute and appoint as its attorney-in-fact with full power of substitution to transfer the same on the books of NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP.

Date:

NOTE: The signature to any endorsement hereon must correspond with the name as written upon the face of this Certificate in every particular, without alteration, enlargement or change.

(Signature)

(Signature)

**THE SIGNATURE(S)  
MUST BE  
GUARANTEED BY  
AN ELIGIBLE  
GUARANTOR  
INSTITUTION  
(BANKS,  
STOCKBROKERS,  
SAVINGS AND LOAN  
ASSOCIATIONS AND  
CREDIT UNIONS  
WITH  
MEMBERSHIP IN AN  
APPROVED  
SIGNATURE  
GUARANTEE  
MEDALLION  
PROGRAM),**

**PURSUANT TO  
S.E.C. RULE 17Ad-15**

No transfer of the Common Units evidenced hereby will be registered on the books of the Partnership, unless the Certificate evidencing the Common Units to be transferred is surrendered for registration or transfer.

Ex A-4

**Table of Contents**

**APPENDIX C**

**GLOSSARY**

References within this prospectus to:

1603 Cash Grant refers to a cash grant under ARRA Section 1603;

1603 Cash Grant Program refers to the cash grant program under ARRA Section 1603;

APS refers to the Arizona Public Service Company. According to recent SEC filings by APS, APS is a vertically-integrated electric utility that provides service to approximately 1.2 million customers in Arizona;

ARRA refers to the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009;

ASA refers to an administrative services agreement;

BLM refers to the U.S. Bureau of Land Management;

Bureau of Reclamation refers to the U.S. Department of Interior's Bureau of Reclamation;

Canada CPI refers to Canada's Consumer Price Index;

COD refers to the commercial operation date;

DOE refers to the U.S. Department of Energy;

DTE Electric refers to DTE Electric Company. Formerly known as The Detroit Edison Company, DTE Electric is a Michigan public utility engaged in the generation, purchase, distribution and sale of energy to approximately 2.1 million customers in a 7,000 square mile area in southeastern Michigan;

EBITDA refers to net income *plus* interest expense *plus* income taxes *plus* depreciation *plus* amortization less certain non-cash, non-recurring items;

EIA refers to the U.S. Energy Information Association;

Energy Sale Counterparty refers to the customer under a PPA, FIT Contract or RESOP Contract;

environmental attributes refer to the environmental benefits associated with the energy produced from renewable energy facilities, including renewable energy credits, emissions offsets or avoidance;

EPA refers to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency;

ERISA refers to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974;

ERO refers to the Electric Reliability Organization;

FCPA refers to the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977;

FERC refers to the U.S. Federal Energy Regulatory Commission;

FIT Program refers to the Province of Ontario's Feed-In Tariff Program, which was created to encourage and promote greater use of renewable energy sources;

C-1

**Table of Contents**

**APPENDIX C**

**FIT Contract** refers to an agreement between the owner of an electricity generation project located in the Province of Ontario and the OPA awarded under the FIT Program;

**FPA** refers to the U.S. Federal Power Act;

**GAAP** refers to generally accepted accounting principles;

**GW** refers to a gigawatt, or 1,000 megawatts;

**HOEP** refers to the Hourly Ontario Energy Price, which sometimes is commonly referred to as Market Clearing Price (or MCP) or the real-time market price for energy, though technically the MCP is defined over the applicable dispatch interval, currently every five minutes.

**HONI** refers to Hydro One Networks, Inc.;

**IEA** refers to the International Energy Agency;

**IESO** refers to an Independent Electricity System Operator, which is responsible for managing the Province of Ontario's bulk electricity system;

**IPPs** refer to independent power producers;

**IRS** refers to the Internal Revenue Service;

**ITCs** refer to investment tax credits;

**kV** refers to a kilovolt, or 1000 volts;

**LADWP** refers to the Department of Water and Power of the city of Los Angeles;

**Licensing Agreements** refers to, collectively, the U.S. Licensing Agreement and the Canadian Licensing Agreement;

**LTEP** refers to a Long Term Energy Plan;

**METC** refers to the Michigan Electric Transmission Company, LLC;

**MRDCL** refers to the prescribed minimum required domestic content level under a FIT Contract that requires energy suppliers to source a certain minimum percentage of their equipment and services from Ontario resident suppliers;

**MW** refers to a megawatt, or 1,000,000 watts;

**MWh** refers to megawatt hours;

**NEB** refers to the National Energy Board (Canada);

NERC refers to the North American Electric Reliability Corporation;

NV Energy refers to Nevada Power Company d/ b/a NV Energy;

O&M refers to operations and maintenance services;

Ontario CPI refers to the Ontario Consumer Price Index;

C-2

**Table of Contents**

**APPENDIX C**

OPA refers to the Ontario Power Authority. According to the OPA's 2012 Annual Report, the OPA provides a variety of services to Ontario's electricity sector, including coordinating province-wide conservation efforts, planning the electricity system for the long term, and contracting for clean energy resources;

PG&E refers to Pacific Gas & Electric Co. PG&E is one of the largest combination natural gas and electric utilities in the U.S. and provides natural gas and energy service to approximately 15 million people throughout a 70,000-square-mile service area in northern and central California;

PPA refers to a power purchase agreement through which a project contracts to sell energy to a customer;

PSCo refers to the Public Service Company of Colorado. According to recent SEC filings by PSCo, PSCo is an electric utility engaged primarily in the generation, purchase, transmission, distribution and sale of energy in Colorado that provides service to approximately 1.4 million customers;

PSO refers to the Public Service Company of Oklahoma. According to recent SEC filings by PSO, PSO is engaged in the generation, transmission and distribution of energy to approximately 540,000 retail customers in eastern and southwestern Oklahoma;

PTCs refer to production tax credits;

PUHCA 2005 refers to the U.S. Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005;

REA refers to Renewable Energy Approval, which is issued by the Ontario Ministry of the Environment under Section 47.3 of the Environmental Protection Act (Ontario);

RESOP Contract refers to an agreement between the owner of an electricity generation project located in the Province of Ontario and the OPA awarded under the RESOP Program;

RESOP Program refers to the Province of Ontario's Renewable Energy Standard Offer Program, which paid a fixed price to generators for power supplied and has since been replaced by the FIT Program;

RPS refers to renewable portfolio standards mandated by state law that require a regulated retail electric utility to procure a specified percentage of its total electricity delivered to retail customers in the state from eligible renewable energy resources, such as solar or wind projects, by a specified date;

Salt River refers to the Salt River Project Agricultural Improvement and Power District, which serves central Arizona;

SCE refers to the Southern California Edison Company;

TEP refers to the Tucson Electric Power Company;

U.S. CPI refers to the U.S. Consumer Price Index;

USFWS refers to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service; and



U.S. Treasury refers to the U.S. Department of the Treasury.

C-3

**Table of Contents**

Through and including July 21, 2014 (the 25<sup>th</sup> day after the date of this prospectus), all dealers that effect transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as an underwriter and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

**16,250,000 Common Units**

**Representing Limited Partner Interests**

**PROSPECTUS**

**BofA Merrill Lynch**

**Goldman, Sachs & Co.**

**Morgan Stanley**

**Baird**

**Barclays**

**BMO Capital Markets**

**Credit Suisse**

**KeyBanc Capital Markets**

**RBC Capital Markets**

**UBS Investment Bank**

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**Wells Fargo Securities**

**June 26, 2014**