ORIX CORP Form 6-K November 13, 2017 Table of Contents

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE Act of 1934

For the month of November 2017.

Commission File Number: 001-14856

ORIX Corporation

(Translation of Registrant s Name into English)

World Trade Center Bldg., 2-4-1 Hamamatsu-cho, Minato-ku,

Tokyo, JAPAN

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.)

Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Table of Document(s) Submitted

1. This is an English translation of ORIX Corporation s quarterly financial report (*shihanki houkokusho*) as filed with the Kanto Financial Bureau in Japan on November 13, 2017, which includes unaudited consolidated financial information prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States as of March 31, 2017 and September 30, 2017 and for the three and six months ended September 30, 2016 and 2017.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ORIX Corporation

Date: November 13, 2017

By /s/ Kazuo Kojima Kazuo Kojima Director Deputy President and Chief Financial Officer ORIX Corporation

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Notes to Translation

- The following is an English translation of ORIX Corporation s quarterly financial report (*shihanki houkokusho*) as filed with the Kanto Financial Bureau in Japan on November 13, 2017, which includes unaudited consolidated financial information prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (U.S. GAAP) as of March 31, 2017 and September 30, 2017 and for the three and six months ended September 30, 2016 and 2017.
- 2. Significant differences between U.S. GAAP and generally accepted accounting principles in Japan (Japanese GAAP) are stated in Note 1 Overview of Accounting Principles Utilized of the notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

In preparing its consolidated financial information, ORIX Corporation (the Company) and its subsidiaries have complied with U.S. GAAP.

This document may contain forward-looking statements about expected future events and financial results that involve risks and uncertainties. Such statements are based on the Company s current expectations and are subject to uncertainties and risks that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause such a difference include, but are not limited to, those described under Risk Factors in the Company s most recent annual report on Form 20-F filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Company believes that it may have been a passive foreign investment company for U.S. federal income tax purposes in the year to which these consolidated financial results relate by reason of the composition of its assets and the nature of its income. In addition, the Company may be a PFIC for the foreseeable future. Assuming that the Company is a PFIC, a U.S. holder of the shares or ADSs of the Company will be subject to special rules generally intended to eliminate any benefits from the deferral of U.S. federal income tax that a holder could derive from investing in a foreign corporation that does not distribute all of its earnings on a current basis. Investors should consult their tax advisors with respect to such rules, which are summarized in the Company s annual report.

- 1. Information on the Company and its Subsidiaries
- (1) Consolidated Financial Highlights

	Millions of yen (except for per share amounts and ratios)						
	Six months ended September 30, 2016	Six months ended September 30, 2017	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2017				
Total revenues	¥ 1,221,125	¥ 1,517,796	¥ 2,678,659				
Income before income taxes	219,235	252,612	424,965				
Net income attributable to ORIX Corporation shareholders	142,150	165,970	273,239				
Comprehensive Income attributable to ORIX Corporation							
shareholders	86,686	180,526	263,378				
ORIX Corporation shareholders equity	2,364,960	2,610,740	2,507,698				
Total assets	10,782,692	11,426,036	11,231,895				
Earnings per share for net income attributable to ORIX							
Corporation shareholders							
Basic (yen)	108.57	129.40	208.88				
Diluted (yen)	108.47	129.29	208.68				
ORIX Corporation shareholders equity ratio (%)	21.9	22.8	22.3				
Cash flows from operating activities	330,969	197,630	583,955				
Cash flows from investing activities	20,168	(177,003)	(237,608)				
Cash flows from financing activities	(101,729)	116,364	(33,459)				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	961,830	1,185,961	1,039,870				

	Millions of yen				
	(except for per share amounts)				
	Three month ended September 30			ree months ended tember 30,	
	Sep	2016	sчр	2017	
Total revenues	¥	633,180	¥	725,499	
Net income attributable to ORIX Corporation shareholders Earnings per share for net income attributable to ORIX		65,381		76,258	
Corporation shareholders					
Basic (yen)		49.94		59.61	

Note: Consumption tax is excluded from the stated amount of total revenues. (2) Overview of Activities

During the six months ended September 30, 2017, no significant changes were made in the Company and its subsidiaries operations. Additionally, there were no changes of principal subsidiaries and affiliates.

2. Risk Factors

Investing in the Company s securities involves risks. You should carefully consider the information described herein as well as the risks described under Risk Factors in our Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017 and the other information in that annual report, including, but not limited to, the Company s consolidated financial statements and related notes and Item 11. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk. The Company s business activities, financial condition and results of operations and the trading prices of the Company s securities could be adversely affected by any of those factors or other factors.

3. Material Contracts

Not applicable.

4. Analysis of Financial Results and Condition

The following discussion provides management s explanation of factors and events that have significantly affected the Company s financial condition and results of operations. Also included is management s assessment of factors and trends that could have a material effect on the Company s financial condition and results of operations in the future. However, please be advised that financial conditions and results of operations in the future may also be affected by factors other than those discussed herein. These factors and trends regarding the future were assessed as of the issue date of this quarterly financial report (*shihanki houkokusho*).

(1) Qualitative Information Regarding Consolidated Financial Results Financial Highlights

Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2017

Total revenues	¥1,517,796 million (Up 24% year on year)
Total expenses	¥1,328,769 million (Up 26% year on year)
Income before income taxes	¥252,612 million (Up 15% year on year)
Net income attributable to ORIX Corporation	
Shareholders	¥165,970 million (Up 17% year on year)
Earnings per share for net income attributable to ORIX	
Corporation Shareholders	
(Basic)	¥129.40 (Up 19% year on year)
(Diluted)	¥129.29 (Up 19% year on year)
ROE (Annualized) *1	13.0% (12.2% during the same period in the previous
	fiscal year)
ROA (Annualized) *2	2.93% (2.61% during the same period in the previous
	fiscal year)

- *1 ROE is the ratio of Net income attributable to ORIX Corporation Shareholders for the period to average ORIX Corporation Shareholders Equity.
- *2 ROA is the ratio of Net income attributable to ORIX Corporation Shareholders for the period to average Total Assets.

Total revenues for the six months ended September 30, 2017 (hereinafter, the second consolidated period) increased 24% to \$1,517,796 million compared to \$1,221,125 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year. Life insurance premiums and related investment income in the life insurance business increased due to an increase in life insurance premiums in line with an increase in new insurance contracts, and an increase in investment income from assets under variable annuity and variable life insurance contracts following the market s recovery. In addition, sales of goods and real estate increased due primarily to revenues generated by subsidiaries in the principal investment business, and services income increased due primarily to service expansion in the environment and energy business.

Total expenses increased 26% to \$1,328,769 million compared to \$1,054,776 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year. Life insurance costs increased due to an increase in a provision of liability reserve in line with the aforementioned increase in new insurance contracts and an increase in investment income. In addition, costs of goods and real estate sold and services expense increased in line with the aforementioned increased revenues.

Equity in net income of affiliates increased due mainly to the recognition of significant gains on sales of investments in real estate joint ventures. Gains on sales of subsidiaries and affiliates and liquidation losses, net decreased compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year during which significant gains on sales of shares of an affiliate were recorded in the Investment and Operation segment.

As a result of the foregoing, income before income taxes for the second consolidated period increased 15% to \$252,612 million compared to \$219,235 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year, and net income attributable to ORIX Corporation shareholders increased 17% to \$165,970 million compared to \$142,150 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Segment Information

Total revenues and profits by segment for the six months ended September 30, 2016 and 2017 are as follows:

				Millions o	of yen			
	Six month		Six month		Cha	0	Change	
	September Segment	30, 2016 Segment	September Segment	Segment	(rever	ues) Percent	(profits) Percent
	Revenues	Profits	Revenues	Profits	Amount	(%)	Amount	(%)
Corporate								
Financial								
Services	¥ 51,995	¥ 19,874	¥ 53,983	¥ 22,049	¥ 1,988	4	¥ 2,175	11
Maintenance								
Leasing	134,820	19,655	137,048	20,438	2,228	2	783	4
Real Estate	104,084	35,447	95,755	43,991	(8,329)	(8)	8,544	24
Investment and								
Operation	539,042	52,041	774,421	38,927	235,379	44	(13,114)	
Retail	151,095	35,507	219,505	42,950	68,410	45	7,443	21
Overseas								
Business	240,643	51,510	238,641	81,397	(2,002)	(1)	29,887	58
Total	1,221,679	214,034	1,519,353	249,752	297,674	24	35,718	17
Difference between Segment Total and Consolidated Amounts	(554)	5,201	(1,557)	2,860	(1,003)		(2,341)	(45)
Total								
Consolidated Amounts	¥ 1,221,125	¥219,235	¥ 1,517,796	¥ 252,612	¥ 296,671	24	¥ 33,377	15

Total assets by segment as of March 31, 2017 and September 30, 2017 are as follows:

	March 3	31, 2017	Millions of September	•	Chan	ge
	Segment	Composition	Segment	Composition		Percent
	Assets	ratio (%)	Assets	ratio (%)	Amount	(%)
Corporate Financial Services	¥ 1,032,152	9.1	¥ 1,001,476	8.8	¥ (30,676)	(3)
Maintenance Leasing	752,513	6.7	782,512	6.8	29,999	4
Real Estate	657,701	5.9	628,885	5.5	(28,816)	(4)

Investment and Operation	768,675	6.8	863,640	7.6	94,965	12
Retail	3,291,631	29.3	3,209,131	28.1	(82,500)	(3)
Overseas Business	2,454,200	21.9	2,630,516	23.0	176,316	7
Total	8,956,872	79.7	9,116,160	79.8	159,288	2
Difference between Segment Total and Consolidated Amounts	2,275,023	20.3	2,309,876	20.2	34,853	2
Total Consolidated Amounts	¥11,231,895	100.0	¥11,426,036	100.0	¥194,141	2

Segment information for the six months ended September 30, 2017 is as follows:

Corporate Financial Services Segment: Loan, leasing and fee business

The Japanese economy on the whole entered a moderate recovery phase despite some areas of weakness. The balance of outstanding loans at financial institutions continues to increase while interest rates on loans remain at low levels.

Segment revenues increased 4% to ¥53,983 million compared to ¥51,995 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year due to an increase in gains on sales of securities, and an increase in services income resulting from our stable fee businesses to domestic small-and medium-sized enterprise customers and from revenue generated by Yayoi Co. Ltd, despite a decrease in finance revenues in line with a decrease in investment in direct financing leases and installment loans.

Segment expenses increased due to an increase in expenses in line with the aforementioned revenues expansion, notwithstanding a decrease in interest expenses.

As a result of the foregoing and the recognition of gains on sales of shares of affiliates, segment profits increased 11% to 22,049 million compared to 19,874 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Segment assets decreased 3% to ¥1,001,476 million compared to the balance as of March 31, 2017, due to decreases in investment in direct financing leases and installment loans.

	Six months Six months		Chang			
	ended S	-	30, ded S	September 30,	A	Percent
		2016 (Mi	llions of	2017 ven. except per	Amount rcentage data)	(%)
Segment Revenues:		(1122		<i>j •, ••</i> p • p •	g)	
Finance revenues	¥	15,538	¥	14,928	¥ (610)	(4)
Operating leases		12,210		11,525	(685)	(6)
Services income		20,070		20,933	863	4
Sales of goods and real estate, and other		4,177		6,597	2,420	58
Total Segment Revenues		51,995		53,983	1,988	4
Segment Expenses:						
Interest expense		3,125		2,552	(573)	(18)
Provision for doubtful receivables and probable						
loan losses and write-downs of long-lived assets						
and securities		353		682	329	93
Other		30,406		30,883	477	2
Total Segment Expenses		33,884		34,117	233	1
Segment Operating Income		18,111		19,866	1,755	10
		1,763		2,183	420	24
		,		,		

Equity in Net income (Loss) of Affiliates, and							
others							
Segment Profits	¥	19,874	¥	22,049	¥	2,175	11
		As of		As of		Chan	ge
	Μ	larch 31,	Sep	ptember 30,			Percent
		2017		2017		mount	(%)
			llions o	f yen, except pe		-	
Investment in direct financing leases	¥	433,929	¥	423,870	¥	(10,059)	(2)
Installment loans		398,558		387,427		(11,131)	(3)
Investment in operating leases		30,114		25,118		(4,996)	(17)
Investment in securities		34,773		31,652		(3,121)	(9)
Property under facility operations		13,034		12,661		(373)	(3)
Inventories		51		56		5	10
Advances for investment in operating leases		80		94		14	18
Investment in affiliates		18,392		15,500		(2,892)	(16)
Advances for property under facility operations		139		839		700	504
Goodwill and other intangible assets acquired in							
business combinations		103,082		104,259		1,177	1
Total Segment Assets	¥ 1	,032,152	¥	1,001,476	¥	(30,676)	(3)

<u>Maintenance</u> <u>Leasing</u> <u>Segment</u>: Automobile leasing and rentals, car-sharing, and test and measurement instruments and IT-related equipment rentals and leasing

While demand in corporate capital investment has been gradually increasing, uncertainty in the domestic and overseas economic outlook has deterred new investment. The volume of new auto-leases is gradually increasing due to moderate economic recovery in Japan.

Segment revenues increased 2% to ¥137,048 million compared to ¥134,820 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year due to increases in finance revenues and operating leases revenues in line with an increased average segment asset balance in the automobile leasing business.

Segment expenses increased in line with the aforementioned revenue increase.

As a result, segment profits increased 4% to ¥20,438 million compared to ¥19,655 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Segment assets increased 4% to ¥782,512 million compared to the balance as of March 31, 2017, due primarily to an increase in new auto-leases in the automobile leasing business.

	Siz	Six months Six months				Chang	ge
	ended S	September	30,deo	d September 30,			Percent
		2016		2017		mount	(%)
		(Mi	illions	of yen, except pe	rcent	tage data)	
Segment Revenues:							
Finance revenues	¥	6,378	¥	7,003	¥	625	10
Operating leases		93,312		94,474		1,162	1
Services income		33,250		33,734		484	1
Sales of goods and real estate, and other		1,880		1,837		(43)	(2)
Total Segment Revenues		134,820		137,048		2,228	2
Segment Expenses:							
Interest expense		1,710		1,579		(131)	(8)
Provision for doubtful receivables and probable							
loan losses and write-downs of long-lived assets	5						
and securities		169		104		(65)	(38)
Other		113,311		114,719		1,408	1
Total Segment Expenses		115,190		116,402		1,212	1
Segment Operating Income		19,630		20,646		1,016	5
Equity in Net income (Loss) of Affiliates, and							
others		25		(208)		(233)	
Segment Profits	¥	19,655	¥	20,438	¥	783	4

	As of			As of	Chang		ge
	March 31,		Se	ptember 30,			Percent
		2017		2017	A	mount	(%)
		(Mi	llions o	of yen, except pe	rcen	tage data)	
Investment in direct financing leases	¥	277,480	¥	290,948	¥	13,468	5
Investment in operating leases		469,824		486,716		16,892	4
Investment in securities		1,322		1,217		(105)	(8)
Property under facility operations		803		803		0	
Inventories		445		374		(71)	(16)
Advances for investment in operating leases		335		167		(168)	(50)
Investment in affiliates		1,880		1,863		(17)	(1)
Goodwill and other intangible assets acquired in							
business combinations		424		424		0	
Total Segment Assets	¥	752,513	¥	782,512	¥	29,999	4
Inventories Advances for investment in operating leases Investment in affiliates Goodwill and other intangible assets acquired in business combinations	¥	445 335 1,880 424	¥	374 167 1,863 424	¥	(71) (168) (17) 0	(50) (1)

<u>Real</u> <u>Estate</u> <u>Segment</u>: Real estate development and rental, facility operation, REIT asset management, and real estate investment and advisory services

Land prices remain high and vacancy rates in the Japanese office building market remain at low levels, especially in the Greater Tokyo Area due primarily to the quantitative easing policies implemented by the Bank of Japan, including the low interest rate environment. However, we are also seeing a trend where sales prices of condominiums are no longer increasing. Changes in tourism preferences such as increased availability and usage of vacation rentals are affecting hotels and Japanese inns operation.

Segment revenues decreased 8% to ¥95,755 million compared to ¥104,084 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year due primarily to a decrease in operating leases revenues in line with a decrease in gains on sales of rental property in Japan and decreased asset balance in operating leases, partially offset by an increase in services income from facilities operations.

Segment expenses increased compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year due primarily to an increase in services expense from facilities operations.

As a result of the foregoing and due to an increase in equity in net income of affiliates in line with the recognition of significant gains on sales of investments in real estate joint ventures, segment profits increased 24% to ¥43,991 million compared to ¥35,447 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Segment assets decreased 4% to ¥628,885 million compared to the balance as of March 31, 2017, due primarily to a decrease in investment in operating leases, which resulted from sales of rental properties.

	Six months Six months		Chang	ge		
	ended S	eptember	30,dec	d September 30,		Percent
		2016		2017	Amount	(%)
		(Mi	llions	of yen, except per	rcentage data)	
Segment Revenues:						
Finance revenues	¥	830	¥	986	¥ 156	19
Operating leases		43,294		30,112	(13,182)	(30)
Services income		55,889		60,882	4,993	9
Sales of goods and real estate, and other		4,071		3,775	(296)	(7)
Total Segment Revenues		104,084		95,755	(8,329)	(8)
C						
Segment Expenses:						
Interest expense		1,676		1,214	(462)	(28)
Provision for doubtful receivables and probable						
loan losses and write-downs of long-lived assets						
and securities		630		1,472	842	134
Other		67,767		70,156	2,389	4
Total Segment Expenses		70,073		72,842	2,769	4
Segment Operating Income		34,011		22,913	(11,098)	(33)

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Equity in Net income (Loss) of Affiliates, and others		1,436		21,078		19,642	
		,		,		,	
Segment Profits	¥	35,447	¥	43,991	¥	8,544	24

	As of			As of		Chan	ge
	March 31,		S	eptember 30,			Percent
		2017		2017	A	mount	(%)
		(Mi	llions	of yen, except pe	rcen	tage data)	
Investment in direct financing leases	¥	27,523	¥	29,944	¥	2,421	9
Installment loans		0		310		310	
Investment in operating leases		298,184		268,312		(29,872)	(10)
Investment in securities		3,552		3,630		78	2
Property under facility operations		185,023		190,656		5,633	3
Inventories		2,567		2,329		(238)	(9)
Advances for investment in operating leases		18,634		17,150		(1,484)	(8)
Investment in affiliates		99,347		93,242		(6,105)	(6)
Advances for property under facility operations		11,196		11,728		532	5
Goodwill and other intangible assets acquired in							
business combinations		11,675		11,584		(91)	(1)
Total Segment Assets	¥	657,701	¥	628,885	¥	(28,816)	(4)

Investment and Operation Segment: Environment and energy, principal investment, loan servicing (asset recovery), and concession

Investment in infrastructure, especially energy infrastructure, is diversifying in Japan. In the energy business, among renewable energy, investment is expanding beyond solar power to wind and geothermal power. In addition, business structures are also diversifying. In infrastructure investment markets, the use of private funds is expanding in public facilities management. In emerging countries, infrastructure demand is growing rapidly with economic growth, and Japanese companies are expected to increase infrastructure investment.

Segment revenues increased 44% to ¥774,421 million compared to ¥539,042 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year due to increases in sales of goods from subsidiaries in the principal investment business and services income from the environment and energy business.

Segment expenses increased compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year in line with the aforementioned revenues expansion.

On the other hand, due to the recognition of significant gains on sales of shares of an affiliate during the same period of the previous fiscal year, segment profits decreased 25% to \$38,927 million compared to \$52,041 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Segment assets increased 12% to ¥863,640 million compared to the balance as of March 31, 2017, due primarily to a new large-scale investment in affiliates in the environment and energy business.

	Six m	Six months Six months			С	hange
	-		nðød S	September 3	0,	Percent
	20	16		2017	Amour	
		(Milli	ons of	yen, except	percentag	e data)
Segment Revenues:						
Finance revenues	¥	5,304	¥	4,562	¥ (74	(14)
Gains on investment securities and dividends	(5,216		4,356	(1,86	60) (30)
Sales of goods and real estate	37	7,408		601,760	224,35	52 59
Services income	14	5,581		158,069	12,48	38 9
Operating leases, and other	2	4,533		5,674	1,14	41 25
Total Segment Revenues	539	9,042		774,421	235,37	79 44
Segment Expenses:						
Interest expense		2,481		2,624	14	43 6
Provision for doubtful receivables and probable loan los	ses					
and write-downs of long-lived assets and securities	4	5,478		(536)	(6,0]	14)
Other	514	4,137		746,458	232,32	45
Total Segment Expenses	522	2,096		748,546	226,45	50 43
Segment Operating Income	10	5,946		25,875	8,92	29 53

Equity in Net income (Loss) of Affiliates, and others	35,095		13,052	(22,043)	(63)
Segment Profits	¥ 52,041	¥	38,927	¥ (13,114)	(25)

	As of			As of	Chan		ıge		
	Μ	arch 31,	Sept	tember 30,			Percent		
		2017		2017	A	mount	(%)		
		(Milli	ons of	yen, except	perc	percentage data)			
Investment in direct financing leases	¥	26,016	¥	23,740	¥	(2,276)	(9)		
Installment loans		56,435		54,707		(1,728)	(3)		
Investment in operating leases		25,434		27,723		2,289	9		
Investment in securities		51,474		39,170		(12,304)	(24)		
Property under facility operations		187,674		185,025		(2,649)	(1)		
Inventories		112,798		125,384		12,586	11		
Advances for investment in operating leases		1,237		1,432		195	16		
Investment in affiliates		71,481		144,267		72,786	102		
Advances for property under facility operations		55,180		70,485		15,305	28		
Goodwill and other intangible assets acquired in									
business combinations		180,946		191,707		10,761	6		
Total Segment Assets	¥	768,675	¥	863,640	¥	94,965	12		
		,		, -		,			

Retail Segment: Life insurance, banking and card loan

While the life insurance business in Japan is currently affected by macroeconomic factors such as domestic population decline, we are seeing a rise in demand for medical insurance. Companies are developing new products and revising insurance premiums which reflect the performance of related products. In the card loan business for individuals, banks and other lenders are refraining from expanding their assets due to an overheating business environment.

Segment revenues increased 45% to \$219,505 million compared to \$151,095 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year due mainly to an increase in life insurance premiums in line with an increase in new insurance contracts, and an increase in investment income from assets under variable annuity and variable life insurance contracts in the life insurance business following the market s recovery.

Segment expenses increased compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year due to an increase in a provision of liability reserve in line with the aforementioned increase in new insurance contracts and an increase in investment income.

As a result of the foregoing, segment profits increased 21% to ¥42,950 million compared to ¥35,507 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Segment assets decreased 3% to ¥3,209,131 million compared to the balance as of March 31, 2017, due primarily to sales of investment in securities as well as the surrender of variable annuity and variable life insurance contracts in the life insurance business, offsetting an increase in installment loans in the banking business.

	Six months Six months				Change		
	ended S	ended September 30 ,ded September 30, 2016 2017				mount	Percent (%)
		(Mi	llions	of yen, except pe	rcen	tage data)	
Segment Revenues:							
Finance revenues	¥	28,900	¥	30,867	¥	1,967	7
Life insurance premiums and related investment							
income		116,430		181,908		65,478	56
Services income, and other		5,765		6,730		965	17
Total Segment Revenues		151,095		219,505		68,410	45
Segment Expenses:							
Interest expense		2,105		1,986		(119)	(6)
Provision for doubtful receivables and probable		,		,		~ /	
loan losses and write-downs of long-lived assets							
and securities		4,953		5,679		726	15
Other		108,531		168,890		60,359	56
		,		,		,	
Total Segment Expenses		115,589		176,555		60,966	53
Segment Operating Income		35,506		42,950		7,444	21
Equity in Net income (Loss) of Affiliates, and							
others		1		0		(1)	
Segment Profits	¥	35,507	¥	42,950	¥	7,443	21
č				,			

	As of	A	As of	Chan	ge
	March 31,	September 30,			Percent
	2017	2	2017	Amount	(%)
	(Mi	llions of y	en, except pe	ercentage data)	
Investment in direct financing leases	¥ 518	¥	336	¥ (182)	(35)
Installment loans	1,718,655		1,796,220	77,565	5
Investment in operating leases	46,243		45,434	(809)	(2)
Investment in securities	1,509,180		1,350,270	(158,910)	(11)
Investment in affiliates	810		647	(163)	(20)
Goodwill and other intangible assets acquired in					
business combinations	16,225		16,224	(1)	(0)
Total Segment Assets	¥3,291,631	¥	3,209,131	¥ (82,500)	(3)

Overseas Business Segment: Leasing, loan, bond investment, asset management and aircraft and ship-related operations

The U.S. economy has continued to recover with improvements in employment and income environment; other regions have also experienced moderate recovery. Although interest rates remain low worldwide, reduction of

quantitative easing policies are likely in advanced nations. The asset management industry is expected to increase assets under management due to the increase in pension assets and the high-income class population over the mid- and long-term. And, the aviation industry is expected to continue to expand its market size against the backdrop of increasing passenger demand mainly in emerging countries. In addition, there are political and geopolitical tensions in certain regions that need to be monitored carefully.

Segment revenues decreased 1% to \$238,641 million compared to \$240,643 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year due to a decrease in sales of goods resulting from the sale of a subsidiary during the previous fiscal year, despite increases in finance revenues mainly from the Americas and operating leases revenues of aircraft-related operations in line with an increase in gains on sales of aircraft.

Segment expenses decreased compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year due primarily to a decrease in costs of goods sold resulting from the aforementioned sale of a subsidiary.

As a result of the foregoing and due to the recognition of gains on sales of affiliates in the Americas and Asia, segment profits increased 58% to \$81,397 million compared to \$51,510 million in the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Segment assets increased 7% to \$2,630,516 million compared to the balance as of March 31, 2017, due to increases in investment in operating leases of aircraft-related operations, installment loans in the Americas and Asia, and the recognition of goodwill and other intangible assets in line with investment in a new subsidiary, offsetting a decrease in investment in securities in the Americas.

	Six months Six months ended September 30 ,ded September 30,			Chan	Percent	
		2016	llions	2017 of yen, except pe	Amount reentage data)	(%)
Segment Revenues:		(141)		or yen, except pe	r centage uata)	
Finance revenues	¥	37,926	¥	46,550	¥ 8,624	23
Gains on investment securities and dividends		5,595		11,315	5,720	102
Operating leases		43,528		57,279	13,751	32
Services income		105,872		117,021	11,149	11
Sales of goods and real estate, and other		47,722		6,476	(41,246)	(86)
Total Segment Revenues		240,643		238,641	(2,002)	(1)
Segment Expenses:						
Interest expense		17,217		23,477	6,260	36
Provision for doubtful receivables and probable loan losses and write-downs of long-lived assets						
and securities		2,947		2,572	(375)	(13)
Other		176,972		154,480	(22,492)	(13)
Total Segment Expenses		197,136		180,529	(16,607)	(8)
Segment Operating Income		43,507		58,112	14,605	34
Equity in Net income (Loss) of Affiliates, and others		8,003		23,285	15,282	191
Segment Profits	¥	51,510	¥	81,397	¥ 29,887	58

		Chai	nge
As of	As of		
March	September 30,		Percent
31, 2017	2017	Amount	(%)

		(Mi	llions	of yen, except pe	ercentage data)	
Investment in direct financing leases	¥	357,732	¥	374,663	¥ 16,931	5
Installment loans		457,393		539,595	82,202	18
Investment in operating leases		420,207		457,788	37,581	9
Investment in securities		465,899		423,723	(42,176)	(9)
Property under facility operations and servicing						
assets		29,705		45,108	15,403	52
Inventories		1,811		1,559	(252)	(14)
Advances for investment in operating leases		9,024		9,754	730	8
Investment in affiliates		332,154		338,757	6,603	2
Advances for property under facility operations		39		0	(39)	
Goodwill and other intangible assets acquired in						
business combinations		380,236		439,569	59,333	16
Total Segment Assets	¥2	,454,200	¥	2,630,516	¥ 176,316	7

(2) Financial Condition

			Chan	ge
	As of	As of September 30,		Percent
	March 31, 2017	2017	Amount	(%)
	(Millions of	yen except per share, rat	tios and percen	tages)
Total assets	¥ 11,231,895	¥ 11,426,036	¥ 194,141	2
(Segment assets)	8,956,872	9,116,160	159,288	2
Total liabilities	8,577,722	8,671,464	93,742	1
(Short- and long-term debt)	4,138,451	4,203,216	64,765	2
(Deposits)	1,614,608	1,698,428	83,820	5
ORIX Corporation shareholders equity	2,507,698	2,610,740	103,042	4
ORIX Corporation shareholders equity per				
share (yen)*1	1,925.17	2,040.70	115.53	6
ORIX Corporation shareholders equity ratio*2	22.3	% 22.8%		
D/E ratio (Debt-to-equity ratio) (Short-and				
long-term debt (excluding deposits) / ORIX				
Corporation shareholders equity)	1.7	x 1.6x		
Corporation shareholders equity)	1.7	x 1.6x		

*1 ORIX Corporation shareholders equity per share is calculated using total ORIX Corporation shareholders equity.

*2 ORIX Corporation shareholders equity ratio is the ratio as of the period end of ORIX Corporation shareholders equity to total assets.

Total assets increased 2% to \$11,426,036 million compared to \$11,231,895 million as of March 31, 2017. Investment in securities decreased due primarily to sales of investment in securities as well as the surrender of variable annuity and variable life insurance contracts in the life insurance business. On the other hand, investment in affiliates increased due primarily to a new large-scale investment in the environment and energy business. Segment assets increased 2% to \$9,116,160 million compared to the balance as of March 31, 2017.

We manage the balance of interest-bearing liabilities at an appropriate level taking into account the condition of assets and liquidity on-hand as well as the domestic and overseas financial environment. As a result, long- and short-term debt and deposits increased compared to the balance as of March 31, 2017. In addition, policy liabilities and policy account balances decreased due to the surrender of variable annuity and variable life insurance contracts.

Shareholders equity increased 4% to ¥2,610,740 million compared to the balance as of March 31, 2017 due primarily to an increase in retained earnings, despite a decrease due to share repurchases.

(3) Liquidity and Capital Resources

We require capital resources for working capital, investment and loan in our businesses. We accordingly prioritize funding stability, maintaining adequate liquidity, and reducing capital costs. We formulate and execute on funding policies that are resistant to sudden negative events in financial markets, and then conduct funding activities in accordance with actual transitions in our assets and changes in financial markets. In preparing our management plan, we project funding activities to maintain a balanced capital structure in light of projected cash flows, asset liquidity and our own liquidity situation. When implementing our management plan, we adjust our funding based on changes in the external environment and our needs in light of our business activities, and endeavor to maintain flexibility in our funding activities. We endeavor to diversify our funding sources, promote longer liability maturities, disperse interest and principal repayment dates, maintain sufficient liquidity, optimize the balance of liabilities and equity and reinforce our funding stability.

Our funding is comprised of borrowings from financial institutions, direct fund procurement from capital markets and deposits. ORIX Group s total funding including that from short- and long-term debt and deposits on a consolidated basis was ¥5,901,644 million as of September 30, 2017. Borrowings are procured from a diverse range of financial institutions including major banks, regional banks, foreign banks and life and casualty insurance companies. The number of financial institutions from which we procured borrowings exceeded 200 as of September 30, 2017. Procurement from the capital markets is composed of bonds, medium-term notes, commercial paper, payables under securitized leases, loan receivables and other assets (including asset backed securities). The majority of deposits are attributable to ORIX Bank Corporation.

In an effort to promote longer liability maturities and diversify our funding sources, during the six months ended September 30, 2017, we issued ¥70,000 million bonds in Japan, amount equal to ¥157,147 million of bonds and medium-term notes outside Japan. We intend to continue to strengthen our financial condition, while maintaining appropriately diverse funding.

Short-term and long-term debt and deposits

(a) Short-term debt

	Millions of yen				
	Mar	ch 31, 2017	Septe	mber 30, 2017	
Borrowings from financial institutions	¥	233,371	¥	264,512	
Commercial paper		50,096		71,153	
Total short-term debt	¥	283,467	¥	335,665	

Short-term debt as of September 30, 2017 was ¥335,665 million, which accounted for 8% of the total amount of short and long-term debt (excluding deposits) as compared to 7% as of March 31, 2017.

While the amount of short-term debt as of September 30, 2017 was ¥335,665 million, the sum of cash and cash equivalents and the unused amount of committed credit facilities as of September 30, 2017 was ¥1,562,364 million.

(b) Long-term debt

	Millions of yen			
	Mai	rch 31, 2017	Sept	tember 30, 2017
Borrowings from financial institutions	¥	2,724,856	¥	2,779,851
Bonds		688,488		775,081
Medium-term notes		196,570		197,011
Payables under securitized lease, loan receivables and other assets		245,070		115,608
Total long-term debt	¥	3,854,984	¥	3,867,551

The balance of long-term debt as of September 30, 2017 was ¥3,867,551 million, which accounted for 92% of the total amount of short and long-term debt (excluding deposits) as compared to 93% as of March 31, 2017.

(c) Deposits

		Millions of yen				
	Mai	March 31, 2017		September 30, 2017		
Deposits	¥	1,614,608	¥	1,698,428		
Apart from the short-term and long-term debt noted above, ORIX Bank Corporation and ORIX Asia Limited accept						
deposits. These deposit-taking subsidiaries are regulated institutions, and loans from these subsidiaries to ORIX						
Group entities are subject to maximum regulatory limits.						

(4) Summary of Cash Flows

Cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2017 increased by ¥146,091 million to ¥1,185,961 million compared to March 31, 2017.

Cash flows provided by operating activities were ¥197,630 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017, down from ¥330,969 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year, primarily resulting from an increase in payment of income taxes.

Cash flows used in investing activities were ¥177,003 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the inflow of ¥20,168 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year. This change was primarily resulting from increases in purchases of lease equipment and investment in affiliates.

Cash flows provided by financing activities were ¥116,364 million in the six months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the outflow of ¥101,729 million during the same period of the previous fiscal year. This change was primarily resulting from an increase in proceeds from debt with maturities longer than three months and a change from a decrease to an increase in debt with maturities of three months or less.

(5) Challenges to be addressed

There were no significant changes for the six months ended September 30, 2017.

(6) Research and Development Activity

There were no significant changes in research and development activities for the six months ended September 30, 2017.

(7) Major facilities

There were no significant changes in major facilities for the six months ended September 30, 2017.

5. Company Stock Information

(The following disclosure is provided for ORIX Corporation on a stand-alone basis and has been prepared based on Japanese GAAP.)

(1) Issued Shares, Common Stock and Capital Reserve

The number of issued shares, the amount of common stock and capital reserve for the three months ended September 30, 2017 is as follows:

In	thousands	Millions of yen				
Number	of issued shares	Common stock Capital reserv		ital reserve		
Increase, net	September 30, 2017	Increase, net	September 30, 2017	Increase, net	September 30, 2017	
35	1,324,142	¥39	¥220,563	¥39	¥247,742	
(2) List of Major Shareholders						

The following is a list of major shareholders based on our share registry as of September 30, 2017:

Name Address	Number of shares held (in thousands)	Percentage of total shares issued
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account) 1-8-11, Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	115,599	8.73%
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account) 2-11-3, Hamamatsu-cho, Minato-ku, Tokyo	76,972	5.81
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 9) 1-8-11, Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	39,513	2.98
The Chase Manhattan Bank 385036 360 N. Crescent Drive Beverly Hills, CA 90210 U.S.A.	25,355	1.91
Citibank, N.ANY, As Depositary Bank For Depositary Share Holders 388 Greenwich Street New York, NY 10013 USA	25,034	1.89
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 5) 1-8-11, Harumi, Chuo-Ku, Tokyo	24,837	1.87
State Street Bank And Trust Company One Lincoln Street, Boston MA USA 02111	23,300	1.75
State Street Bank West Client-Treaty 505234 1776 Heritage Drive, North Quincy, MA 02171, U.S.A.	22,177	1.67
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 7) 1-8-11, Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	19,557	1.47
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 1) 1-8-11, Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	19,189	1.44

- Notes 1: The number of shares held in relation to a trust business may not be all inclusive and therefore is reported with reference to the names listed as shareholders.
 - 2: In addition to the above, the Company has treasury stock shares of 42,843 thousand shares. The Company s shares held through the Board Incentive Plan Trust (1,962 thousand shares) are not included in the number of treasury stock shares.

6. Directors and Executive Officers

Between the filing date of Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017 and September 30, 2017, there were no changes of directors and executive officers.

- 7. Financial Information
- (1) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

Assets

Millions of yen