PROSPECT CAPITAL CORP

Form 497

July 31, 2017

The information in this preliminary pricing supplement is not complete and may be changed. This preliminary pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus are not offers to sell these securities and are not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to completion

Preliminary Pricing Supplement dated

July 31, 2017

Prospect Capital Corporation

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

4.500% Notes due 2022 (the "2022 Notes")

5.000% Notes due 2025 (the "2025 Notes" and together with the 2022 Notes, the "Notes")

Filed under Rule 497, Registration Statement No. 333-213391

Preliminary Pricing Supplement Nos. 486 and 487 — Dated Monday, July 31, 2017

(To: Prospectus Dated November 3, 2016, and Prospectus Supplement Dated May 12, 2017)

PrincipalSelling CouponCouponCoupon **CUSIP ISIN** Gross Net Maturity 1st Coupon1st **Amount Price** Number Number Concession Proceeds Type Rate Frequency Date Date An

74348YWC1US74348YWC10\$ 100.000% 1.250% \$ Fixed 4.500% Semi-Annual 8/15/2022 2/15/2018 \$23

Redemption Information: Callable at 100.000% on 2/15/2018 and every business day thereafter ("Optional Redemption Date")

CUSIP ISIN PrincipalSelling Gross Net CouponCouponCoupon Maturity 1st Coupon1st

Number Number Amount Price Concession ProceedsType Rate Frequency Date Date Art

74348YWD9US74348YWD92\$ 100.000% 1.900% \$ Fixed 5.000% Semi-Annual 8/15/2025 2/15/2018 \$2.

Redemption Information: Callable at 100.000% on 2/15/2018 and every business day thereafter ("Optional Redemption Date")

Trade Date: Monday, August 7, 2017 @ 12:00 PM ET

Settle Date: Thursday, August 10, 2017

Minimum Denomination/Increments: \$1,000.00/\$1,000.00 Initial trades settle flat and clear SDFS: DTC Book Entry only

The Notes will be issued pursuant to the Indenture, dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and supplemented by that certain Four Hundred Eighty-Sixth and Four Hundred Eighty-Seventh Supplemental Indenture dated as of August 10, 2017.

The date from which interest shall accrue on the Notes is Thursday, August 10, 2017. The "Interest Payment Dates" for the Notes shall be February 15 and August 15 of each year, commencing February 15, 2018; the interest payable on any Interest Payment Date, will be paid to the Person in whose name the Notes (or one or more predecessor Notes) is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date (as defined in the Indenture) for such interest, which shall be February 1 or August 1, as the case may be, next preceding such Interest Payment Date.

The Notes will be redeemable in whole or in part at any time or from time to time, at the option of Prospect Capital Corporation, on or after February 15, 2018 at a redemption price of \$1,000 per Note plus accrued and unpaid interest payments otherwise payable for the then-current semi-annual interest period accrued to, but excluding, the date fixed for redemption and upon not less than 5 days nor more that 60 days prior notice to the noteholder and the trustee, as described in the prospectus.

Except for Notes sold to level-fee accounts, Notes offered to the public will be offered at the public offering price set forth above. Agents purchasing Notes on an agency basis for client accounts shall purchase Notes at the public offering price. Notes sold by the Agents for their own account may be sold at the public offering price less the discount specified above. Notes purchased by the Agents on behalf of level-fee accounts may be sold to such accounts at the discount to the public offering price specified above, in which case, such Agents will not retain any portion of the sales price as compensation.

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that lends to and invests in middle market, privately-held companies. We are organized as an externally-managed, non-diversified closed-end management investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Prospect Capital Management L.P. manages our investments and Prospect Administration LLC provides the administrative services necessary for us to operate.

This preliminary pricing supplement relates only to the securities described in the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, is only a summary of changes and should be read together with the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, including among other things the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-8 of such prospectus supplement and page 10 of such prospectus. This preliminary pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus contain important information you should know before investing in our securities. Please read it before you invest and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the "SEC." This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40Street, 42nd Floor, New York, NY 10016

or by telephone at (212) 448-0702. The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov where such information is available without charge upon written or oral request. Our internet website address is www.prospectstreet.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed on the adequacy or accuracy of this preliminary pricing supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. Obligations of Prospect Capital Corporation and any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Neither Prospect Capital Corporation nor any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation is a government-sponsored enterprise or an instrumentality of the United States of America.

InterNotes® is a registered trademark of Incapital Holdings LLC.

Recent Developments:

On May 12, 2017, Outerwall Inc. repaid the \$40.0 million loan receivable to us.

On May 1, 2017, Keystone Peer Review Organization Holdings, Inc. ("KEPRO") repaid the \$45.0 million loan receivable to us. On May 18, 2017, we made a \$50.0 million second lien secured investment to support KEPRO's refinancing and acquisition of Keystone Acquisition Corp.

We have provided notice to call on May 10, 2017 with settlement on June 15, 2017, \$6.7 million and \$22.2 million of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® maturing on December 15, 2017 and December 15, 2018, respectively.

During the period from April 25, 2017 to May 17, 2017, we sold our \$21.8 million debt investment in SITEL Worldwide Corporation.

On May 25, 2017, we issued \$1.8 million in aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$1.8 million.

On June 2, 2017, Crosman Corporation repaid the \$98.1 million loan receivable to us.

During the period from May 10, 2017 through On June 9, 2017, Hollander Sleep Products, LLC repaid the \$21.9 million loan receivable to us.

On June 13, 2017, we made an investment of \$44.9 million to purchase 84.21% of the subordinated notes in Voya CLO 2017-3, Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management L.P.

The Investment Advisory Agreement, originally approved by our Board of Directors on June 23, 2004, was recently re-approved on June 13, 2017 for an additional one-year term expiring June 22, 2018.

On June 30, 2017, Vivid Seats LLC repaid the \$22.5 million loan receivable to us.

On July 19, 2017, we received \$17.9 million and \$22.2 million as a partial return of capital on our investments in Voya CLO 2012-2, Ltd. and Voya CLO 2012-3, Ltd., respectively.

On July 19, 2017, EZShield Parent, Inc. repaid the \$15.0 million Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$15.0 million Senior Secured Term Loan B receivable to us.

On July 28, 2017, Global Employment Solutions, Inc. repaid the \$48.1 million loan receivable to us.

During the period from May 25, 2017 through July 27, 2017, we issued \$21.9million in aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$21.7 million.

During the period from May 25, 2017 through July 31, 2017, we received a partial repayment of \$14.4 million of our loans previously outstanding with National Property REIT Corp. ("NPRC") and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, and \$13.7 million as a return of capital on our equity investment in NPRC.

Filed pursuant to Rule 497 File No. 333-213391

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

(To Prospectus dated November 3, 2016)

Prospect Capital Corporation

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

We may offer to sell our Prospect Capital InterNotes[®] from time to time. The specific terms of the notes will be set prior to the time of sale and described in a pricing supplement. You should read this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement carefully before you invest. We may offer other debt securities from time to time other than the notes under our Registration Statement or in private placements. We may offer the notes to or through agents for resale. The applicable pricing supplement will specify the purchase price, agent discounts and net proceeds of any particular offering of notes. The agents are not required to sell any specific amount of notes but will use their reasonable best efforts to sell the notes. We also may offer the notes directly. We have not set a date for termination of our offering.

The agents have advised us that from time to time they may purchase and sell notes in the secondary market, but they are not obligated to make a market in the notes and may suspend or completely stop that activity at any time. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, we do not intend to list the notes on any stock exchange. Investing in the notes involves certain risks, including those described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page S-8 of this prospectus supplement and page 10 of the accompanying prospectus.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information you should know before investing in our securities. Please read it before you invest and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the "SEC." This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40Street, 42nd Floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at (212) 448-0702. The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov where such information is available without charge upon written or oral request. Our internet website address is www.prospectstreet.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed on the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. Obligations of Prospect Capital Corporation and any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Neither Prospect Capital Corporation nor any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation is a government-sponsored enterprise or an instrumentality of the United States of America.

We may sell the notes to or through one or more agents or dealers, including the agents listed below.

Incapital LLC Citigroup RBC Capital Markets
Prospectus Supplement dated May 12, 2017.

®InterNotes is a registered trademark of Incapital Holdings LLC

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the "Exchange Act," which involve substantial risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements predict or describe our future operations, business plans, business and investment strategies and portfolio management and the performance of our investments and our investment management business. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "intends," "intended," "goal," "estimate," "expects," "expects," "expected," "projected," "proje "seeks," "anticipates," "anticipated," "should," "could," "may," "will," "designed to," "foreseeable future," "believe," "believe," "scheduled" and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Our actual results or outcomes may differ materially from those anticipated. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

our future operating results,

our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies,

the impact of investments that we expect to make,

our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties,

the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest, the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives,

difficulty in obtaining financing or raising capital, especially in the current credit and equity environment, the level and volatility of prevailing interest rates and credit spreads, magnified by the current turmoil in the credit markets,

adverse developments in the availability of desirable loan and investment opportunities whether they are due to competition, regulation or otherwise,

a compression of the yield on our investments and the cost of our liabilities, as well as the level of leverage available

our regulatory structure and tax treatment, including our ability to operate as a business development company and a regulated investment company,

the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital,

the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies,

the ability of our investment adviser to locate suitable investments for us and to monitor and administer our investments,

authoritative generally accepted accounting principles or policy changes from such standard-setting bodies as the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the SEC, Internal Revenue Service, the NASDAQ Global Select Market, and other authorities that we are subject to, as well as their counterparts in any foreign jurisdictions where we might do business, and

the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, ability to obtain certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, respectively, should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, respectively. You should not

place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply

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only as of the date of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, as applicable. These forward-looking statements do not meet the safe harbor for forward-looking statements pursuant to Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the "Securities Act."

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, and the accompanying prospectus. We have not, and the agent(s) or dealer(s) has not, authorized any other person to provide you with information that is different from that contained in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the agents are not, making an offer of these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, and the accompanying prospectus is accurate only as of their respective dates and we assume no obligation to update any such information. Our business, financial condition and results of operations may have changed since those dates. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we have filed with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

This prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information that is different from or in addition to the information in that prospectus.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This section summarizes the legal and financial terms of the notes that are described in more detail in "Description of Notes" beginning on page S-12. Final terms of any particular notes will be determined at the time of sale and will be contained in the pricing supplement, which will be included with this prospectus supplement, relating to those notes. The terms in that pricing supplement may vary from and supersede the terms contained in this summary and in "Description of Notes." In addition, you should read the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and in that pricing supplement.

The terms "we," "us," "our" and "Company" refer to Prospect Capital Corporation; "Prospect Capital Management," "Investm Adviser" and "PCM" refer to Prospect Capital Management L.P.; and "Prospect Administration" and the "Administrator" refer to Prospect Administration LLC.

The Company

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). We were organized on April 13, 2004 and were funded in an initial public offering completed on July 27, 2004. We are one of the largest BDCs with approximately \$6.2 billion of total assets as of March 31, 2017.

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management. Prospect Administration provides administrative services and facilities necessary for us to operate.

On May 15, 2007, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Capital Funding LLC ("PCF"), a Delaware limited liability company and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are used as collateral for the revolving credit facility at PCF. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC ("PSBL") was formed on January 27, 2014 and purchases small business whole loans on a recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc. ("OnDeck"). On September 30, 2014, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC ("PYC") and effective October 23, 2014, PYC holds our investments in collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"). Each of these subsidiaries have been consolidated since operations commenced.

We currently have nine strategies that guide our origination of investment opportunities: (1) lending to companies controlled by private equity sponsors, (2) lending to companies not controlled by private equity sponsors, (3) purchasing control equity and lending to operating companies, (4) purchasing control equity and lending to financial services companies, (5) investing in structured credit, (6) investing in real estate, (7) investing in syndicated debt, (8) investing in online loans and (9) aircraft leasing. We may also invest in other strategies and opportunities from time to time that we view as attractive. We continue to evaluate other origination strategies in the ordinary course of business with no specific top-down allocation to any single origination strategy.

Lending to Companies Controlled by Private Equity Sponsors - We make agented loans to companies which are controlled by private equity sponsors. This debt can take the form of first lien, second lien, unitranche or unsecured loans. These loans typically have equity subordinate to our loan position. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 40%-60% of our portfolio.

Lending to Companies not Controlled by Private Equity Sponsors - We make loans to companies which are not controlled by private equity sponsors, such as companies that are controlled by the management team, the founder, a family or public shareholders. This origination strategy may have less competition to provide debt financing than the private-equity-sponsor origination strategy because such company financing needs are not easily addressed by banks and often require more diligence preparation. This origination strategy can result in investments with higher returns or lower leverage than the private-equity-sponsor origination strategy. Historically, this strategy has comprised up to approximately 15% of our portfolio.

Purchasing Control Equity and Lending to Operating Companies - This strategy involves purchasing yield-producing debt and control equity in non-financial-services operating companies. We can provide enhanced certainty of closure and liquidity to sellers and we look for management to continue on in their current roles. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our portfolio.

Purchasing Control Equity and Lending to Financial Services Companies - This strategy involves purchasing yield-producing debt and control equity investments in financial services companies, including consumer direct lending, sub-prime auto lending and other strategies. These investments are often structured in tax-efficient partnerships, enhancing returns. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our portfolio.

Investing in Structured Credit - We make investments in CLOs, often taking a significant position in the subordinated interests (equity) of the CLOs. The underlying portfolio of each CLO investment is diversified across approximately 100 to 200 broadly syndicated loans and does not have direct exposure to real estate, mortgages, or consumer-based credit assets. The CLOs in which we invest generally are managed by established collateral management teams with many years of experience in the industry. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-20% of our portfolio. Investing in Real Estate - We make investments in real estate through our wholly-owned tax-efficient real estate investment trust ("REIT") National Property REIT Corp. ("NPRC"), the surviving entity of the May 23, 2016 merger with American Property REIT Corp. ("APRC") and United Property REIT Corp. ("UPRC"). Our real estate investments are in various classes of significantly developed and occupied real estate properties that generate current yields, including multi-family properties, student housing, and self-storage. We seek to identify properties that have historically significant occupancy rates and recurring cash flow generation. NPRC generally co-invests with established and experienced property management teams that manage such properties after acquisition. This investment strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business.

Investing in Syndicated Debt - On a primary or secondary basis, we purchase primarily senior and secured loans and high yield bonds that have been sold to a club or syndicate of buyers. These investments are often purchased with a long term, buy-and-hold outlook, and we often look to provide significant input to the transaction by providing anchoring orders. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our portfolio.

Investing in Online Loans - We purchase loans originated by certain consumer loan and small-and-medium-sized business ("SME") loan facilitators. We generally purchase each loan in its entirety (i.e., a "whole loan"). The borrowers are consumers and SMEs. The loans are typically serviced by the facilitators of the loans. This investment strategy has comprised up to approximately 8% of our portfolio.

Aircraft Leasing - We invest in debt as well as equity in aircraft assets subject to commercial leases to airlines across the globe. These investments can present attractive return opportunities due to cash flow consistency from long-lived assets coupled with hard asset residual value. We seek to deliver risk-adjusted returns with strong downside protection by analyzing relative value characteristics across a variety of aircraft types and vintages. This strategy historically has comprised less than 5% of our portfolio.

We invest primarily in first and second lien secured loans and unsecured debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien secured loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of unsecured debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Our investments in CLOs are subordinated to senior loans and are generally unsecured. We invest in debt and equity positions of CLOs which are a form of securitization in which the cash flows of a portfolio of loans are pooled and passed on to different classes of owners in various tranches. Our CLO investments are derived from portfolios of corporate debt securities which are generally risk rated from BB to B.

We hold many of our control investments in a two-tier structure consisting of a holding company and one or more related operating companies for tax purposes. These holding companies serve various business purposes including concentration of management teams, optimization of third party borrowing costs, improvement of supplier, customer, and insurance terms, and enhancement of co-investments by the management teams. In these cases, our investment, which is generally equity in the holding company, the holding company's equity investment in the operating company and any debt from us directly to the operating company structure represents our total exposure for the investment. As of March 31, 2017, as shown in our Consolidated Schedule of Investments, the cost basis and fair value of our investments in controlled companies were each \$1.9 billion. This structure gives rise to several of the risks described in our public documents and highlighted elsewhere in this prospectus supplement. We consolidate all wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us for the purpose of holding our controlled investments in operating companies. There is no significant effect of consolidating these holding companies as they hold minimal assets other than their investments in the controlled operating companies. Investment company accounting prohibits the consolidation of any operating companies.

As of March 31, 2017, we had investments in 125 portfolio companies and CLOs. The aggregate fair value as of March 31, 2017 of investments in these portfolio companies held on that date is approximately \$6.0 billion. Our portfolio across all our performing interest-bearing investments had an annualized current yield of 12.3% as of March

31, 2017.

Recent Developments

Investment Transactions

On April 7, 2017, we made an investment of \$19.4 million to purchase 50.48% of the subordinated notes in Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2014-4, Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Pathway Energy Infrastructure Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On April 11, 2017, we announced the then current conversion rate on the 2020 Notes as 80.6670 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the 2020 Notes converted, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$12.40.

On April 16, 2017, we announced the then current conversion rate on the 2017 Notes as 87.7516 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the 2017 Notes converted, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$11.40.

On April 20, 2017, we made a \$15.0 million first lien senior secured investment to support a refinancing of RGIS Services, LLC, a provider of inventory, merchandising and staffing solutions.

On May 1, 2017, Broder Bros., Co. partially repaid the \$6.9 million Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$4.6 million Senior Secured Term Loan B receivable to us.

On May 2, 2017, Keystone Peer Review Organization Holdings, Inc. repaid the \$45.0 million loan receivable to us. On May 4, 2017, we provided \$64.5 million of senior secured financing, of which \$62.5 million was funded at closing, to support the acquisition of RME Group Holdings Company, a provider of client acquisition and lead generation services to professional service firms.

Debt and Equity

On April 6, 2017, we repurchased \$114.6 million aggregate principal amount of the 2018 Notes at a price of 103.5% of face value, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the 2018 Notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on extinguishment of debt we recorded in the three months ending June 30, 2017 was \$4.7 million.

On April 6, 2017, we repurchased \$78.8 million aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes at a price of 102.0% of face value, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the 2017 Notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on extinguishment of debt we recorded in the three months ending June 30, 2017 was \$1.8 million.

On April 6, 2017, we issued \$225.0 million aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on July 15, 2022 (the "4.95% 2022 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 4.95% 2022 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.95% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 each year, beginning July 15, 2017. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 4.95% 2022 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and estimated offering costs, were \$217.8 million.

During the period from April 1, 2017 through May 11, 2017 we issued \$15.9 million aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$15.7 million.

We have provided notice to call on May 11, 2017 with settlement on May 15, 2017, \$20.7 million of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® maturing on November 15, 2018.

Dividends

On May 9, 2017, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.08333 per share for May 2017 to holders of record on May 31, 2017 with a payment date of June 22, 2017.

\$0.08333 per share for June 2017 to holders of record on June 30, 2017 with a payment date of July 20, 2017.

\$0.08333 per share for July 2017 to holders of record on July 31, 2017 with a payment date of August 24, 2017.

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\$0.08333 per share for August 2017 to holders of record on August 31, 2017 with a payment date of September 21, 2017.

The Offering

Issuer Prospect Capital Corporation

Purchasing

Agent

Incapital LLC

Agents

Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and RBC Capital Markets, LLC. From time to time, we may sell the notes to or through additional agents.

Title of Notes

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

Amount

We may issue notes from time to time in various offerings up to \$1.5 billion, the aggregate principal amount authorized by our board of directors for notes. As of May 11, 2017, \$1.2 billion aggregate principal amount of notes has been issued. We have, from time to time, repurchased certain notes and, therefore, as of May 11, 2017, \$997.3 million aggregate principal amount of notes were outstanding, including repurchases of \$20.7 million with settlement on May 15, 2017. There are no limitations on our ability to issue additional indebtedness in the form of Prospect Capital InterNotes® or otherwise other than under the 1940 Act and the asset coverage requirement under our credit facility.

Denominations

The notes will be issued and sold in denominations of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000 (unless otherwise stated in the pricing supplement).

Status

The notes will be our direct unsecured senior obligations and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our other unsecured senior indebtedness from time to time outstanding.

Maturities

Each note will mature 12 months or more from its date of original issuance.

Interest

Notes may be issued with a fixed or floating interest rate; a floating interest rate note will be based on the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR").

Interest on each fixed or floating interest rate note will be payable either monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually on each interest payment date and on the stated maturity date. Interest also will be paid on the date of redemption or repayment if a note is redeemed or repaid prior to its stated maturity in accordance with its terms.

Interest on the notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months, often referred to as the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention.

Principal

The principal amount of each note will be payable on its stated maturity date at the corporate trust office of the paying agent or at any other place we may designate.

Redemption and Repayment

Unless otherwise stated in the applicable pricing supplement, a note will not be redeemable at our option or be repayable at the option of the holder prior to its stated maturity date. The notes will not be subject to any sinking fund.

Survivor's Option

Specific notes may contain a provision permitting the optional repayment of those notes prior to stated maturity, if requested by the authorized representative of the beneficial owner of those notes, following the death of the beneficial owner of the notes, so long as the notes were owned by the beneficial owner or his or her estate at least six months prior to the request. This feature is referred to as a "Survivor's Option." Your notes will not be repaid in this manner unless the pricing supplement for your notes provides for the Survivor's Option. If the pricing supplement for your notes provides for the Survivor's Option, your right to exercise the Survivor's Option will be subject to limits set by us

on (1) the permitted dollar amount of total exercises by all holders of notes in any calendar year, and (2) the permitted dollar amount of an individual exercise by a holder of a note in any calendar year. Additional details on the Survivor's Option are described in the section entitled "Description of Notes—Survivor's Option."

Sale and Clearance We will sell notes in the United States only. Notes will be issued in book-entry only form and will clear through The Depository Trust Company. We do not intend to issue notes in certificated form.

Trustee

The trustee for the notes is U.S. Bank National Association, under an indenture dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and as supplemented from time to time.

The agents and dealers comprising the selling group are broker-dealers and securities firms. Each of the Purchasing Agent, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and RBC Capital Markets, LLC entered into a Sixth Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement with us dated November 10, 2016 (as amended, the "Selling Agent Agreement"). Additional agents appointed by us from time to time in connection with the offering of Selling the notes contemplated by this prospectus supplement will become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement. Dealers who are members of the selling group have executed a Master Selected Dealer Agreement with the Purchasing Agent. The agents and the dealers have agreed to market and sell the notes in accordance with the terms of those respective agreements and all other applicable laws and regulations. You may contact the

Purchasing Agent at info@incapital.com for a list of selling group members.

S-5

Group

SELECTED CONDENSED FINANCIAL DATA

You should read the condensed consolidated financial information below with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Financial information below for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012 has been derived from the financial statements that were audited by our independent registered public accounting firm. The selected consolidated financial data at and for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 has been derived from unaudited financial data. Interim results for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending June 30, 2017. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period financial information to conform to the current period presentation. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" starting on page S-21 for more information.

	For the Thi	ree			For the Nine										
	Months En		d		Months En		1		For the Year Ended June 30,						
	March 31,		2016		March 31,		2016		2016		2017		2011		2012
	2017	1.	2016	1	2017		2016	.1	2016		2015	• -	2014		2013
Performance	(in thousan	ias i	except data	rei	ating to snai	res,	per snare a	na i	number of p	orı	folio compa	inies	š)		
Data:															
Total interest															
income	\$161,711		\$178,992		\$508,152		\$556,798		\$731,618		\$748,974		\$613,741		\$435
Total dividend	817		8,301		4,580		25,062		26,501		7,663		26,837		82,70
income Total other															ľ
income	8,504		2,200		21,612		17,075		33,854		34,447		71,713		58,17
Total															
Investment	171,032		189,493		534,344		598,935		791,973		791,084		712,291		576,3
Income															ľ
Interest and															ľ
credit facility	(41,464)	(41,719)	(123,981)	(125,881)	(219,305)	(170,660)	(130,103)	(76,3
expenses															ľ
Investment advisory	(48,819)	(52,883)	(151,328)	(165,652)	(167,719)	(225,277)	(198,296)	(151,
expense	(40,01)	,	(32,003	,	(131,320	,	(105,052	,	(107,71)	,	(443,411)	(170,270	,	(151,
Other expenses	(7,669)	(7,265)	(22,631)	(27,641)	(33,821)	(32,400)	(26,669)	(24,0
Total Operating		`		`		`	•	Ì	•	Ì		`		`	
Expenses	(97,952)	(101,867)	(297,940)	(319,174	J	(420,845)	(428,337)	(355,068)	(251,
Net Investment	73,080		87,626		236,404		279,761		371,128		362,747		357,223		324,9
Income	, = , = = =		0.,		, -		,		0,.		· -, ·				,
Net realized															
and change in unrealized	(53,588)	(12,118)	(34,666)	(271,556)	(267,766)	(16,408)	(38,203)	(104,
(losses) gains															
Net Increase in															
Net Assets	¢ 10 402		¢75 500		¢201 729		Ф О 205		¢102 262		¢246 220		\$319,020		\$220
from	\$19,492		\$75,508		\$201,738		\$8,205		\$103,362		\$346,339		\$319,020		\$220
Operations															
Per Share Data:															
Net Increase in															
Net Assets from	\$0.05		\$0.21		\$0.56		\$0.02		\$0.29		\$0.98		\$1.06		\$1.07
Operations(1)															
Op******(-)															

Dividends declared per share Weighted	\$(0.25)	\$(0.25)	\$(0.75)	\$(0.75)	\$(1.00)	\$(1.19)	\$(1.32)	\$(1.2
average shares of common stock outstanding Assets and Liabilities Data:	359,402,52	27	355,779,08	38	358,468,09	92	355,994,92	27	356,134,29	97	353,648,52	22	300,283,94	4 1	207,0
Investments at	\$6,024,766	5	\$6,005,105	5	\$6,024,766	6	\$6,005,105	5	5,897,708		\$6,609,558	8	\$6,253,739	9	\$4,17
Fair Value Other Assets(4)			198,496		128,338		198,496		338,473		144,356		166,520		237,7
Total Assets(4)	6,153,104		6,203,601		6,153,104		6,203,601		6,236,181		6,753,914		6,420,259		4,410
Revolving	-, - ,		-, ,		-, - ,		-, ,		-, - ,		368,700		92,000		124,0
Credit Facility	_		_		_		_		_		300,700		92,000		124,0
Convertible	910,782		1,072,863		910,782		1,072,863		1,074,361		1,218,226		1,219,676		827,2
Notes(4) Public Notes(4)			697,534		737,802		697,534		699,368		541,490		637,584		340,6
Prospect	131,002		U71,JJ T		131,002		U21,JJT		077,500		J41, 4 20		031,307		J40,0
Capital	991,345		882,653		991,345		882,653		893,210		811,180		766,781		353,5
InterNotes®(4)															
Due to Prospect															
Administration	50.045		56.000		50.045		5 6.000		55 O1 4		<i>C</i> 7 00		2 21 1		c coc
and Prospect	50,945		56,920		50,945		56,920		55,914		6,788		2,211		6,690
Capital Management															
Other liabilities	70,062		71,215		70,062		71,215		77,411		104,481		83,825		102,0
Total	2,760,936				2,760,936		2,781,185		2,800,264		3,050,865		2,802,077		1,754
Liabilities(4)			2,781,185												
Net Assets Investment Activity Data:	\$3,392,168	3	\$3,422,416	5	\$3,392,168	3	\$3,422,416	6	3,435,917		\$3,703,049	9	\$3,618,182	2	\$2,65
No. of portfolio companies at	125		125		125		125		125		131		142		124
period end	123		125		125		125		123		151		172		141
Acquisitions	\$449,607		\$23,176		\$1,266,294	4	\$685,064		\$979,102		\$1,867,47	7	\$2,933,365	5	\$3,10
Sales,															
repayments,	\$302,513		\$163,641		\$1,061,839	9	\$955,415		\$1,338,875	5	\$1,411,562	2	\$767,978		\$931
and other	Ψ,-		Ψ,-		¥-,~~ ,-	•	Ψ, ·		Ψ - γ γ -		Ψ = γ = ν =	_	4 , .		77-
disposals Total return															
based on	11.30	%	8.25	%	26.27	%	9.62	%	21.84	%	(20.80	1%	10.90	%	6.20
market value(2)	11.50	10	0.23	,.	20.27	,.	7.02	,.	21.0	,.	(20.00	,,,	10.70	,,,	0.20
Total return															
based on net	0.77	%	3.50	%	7.07	%	3.58	%	7.15	%	11.50	%	11.00	%	10.90
asset value(2)															
Weighted	12.3	%	13.4	%	12.3	%	13.4	%	13.2	%	12.7	%	12.1	%	13.6
average annualized yield at end of															

period	

Per share data is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented (1)(except for dividends to shareholders which is based on actual rate per share).

- Total return based on market value is based on the change in market price per share between the opening and ending market prices per share in each period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our
- (2) dividend reinvestment plan. Total return based on net asset value is based upon the change in net asset value per share between the opening and ending net asset values per share in each period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our dividend reinvestment plan. For a period less than one year, the return is not annualized.
- (3) Excludes equity investments and non-performing loans.

 We have changed our method of presentation relating to debt issuance costs in accordance with ASU 2015-03, Interest Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30). Unamortized deferred financing costs of \$40,526, \$44,140,
- (4) \$57,010, \$37,607, and \$15,693 previously reported as an asset on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively, and \$42,727 as of March 31, 2016 have been reclassified as a direct deduction to the respective Unsecured Notes. See Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates for further discussion.

RISK FACTORS

Your investment in the notes will involve certain risks. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not describe all of those risks.

You should, in consultation with your own financial and legal advisors, carefully consider the following discussion of risks before deciding whether an investment in the notes is suitable for you. The notes will not be an appropriate investment for you if you are not knowledgeable about significant features of the notes or financial matters in general. You should not purchase the notes unless you understand, and know that you can bear, these investment risks. Our amount of debt outstanding will increase as a result of this offering. Our current indebtedness could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

As of May 11, 2017, we and our subsidiaries had approximately \$2.7 billion of unsecured senior indebtedness outstanding and as our credit facility was undrawn, no secured indebtedness outstanding.

The use of debt could have significant consequences on our future operations, including:

making it more difficult for us to meet our payment and other obligations under the notes and our other outstanding debt;

resulting in an event of default if we fail to comply with the financial and other restrictive covenants contained in our debt agreements, which event of default could result in all of our debt becoming immediately due and payable; reducing the availability of our cash flow to fund investments, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes, and limiting our ability to obtain additional financing for these purposes;

subjecting us to the risk of increased sensitivity to interest rate increases on our indebtedness with variable interest rates, including borrowings under our amended senior credit facility; and

limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, and increasing our vulnerability to, changes in our business, the industry in which we operate and the general economy.

Any of the above-listed factors could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

Our ability to meet our payment and other obligations under our debt instruments depends on our ability to generate significant cash flow in the future. This, to some extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors as well as other factors that are beyond our control. We cannot assure you that our business will generate cash flow from operations, or that future borrowings will be available to us under our existing or amended senior credit facility or otherwise, in an amount sufficient to enable us to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt and to fund other liquidity needs. If we are not able to generate sufficient cash flow to service our debt obligations, we may need to refinance or restructure our debt, including any notes sold, sell assets, reduce or delay capital investments, or seek to raise additional capital. If we are unable to implement one or more of these alternatives, we may not be able to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

A downgrade, suspension or withdrawal of the rating assigned by a rating agency to us or the notes, if any, could cause the liquidity or market value of the notes to decline significantly.

Our credit ratings are an assessment by rating agencies of our ability to pay our debts when due. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the market value of the notes. These credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of risks relating to the structure or marketing of the notes. Credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, and may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the issuing organization in its sole discretion. Neither we nor the underwriters undertake any obligation to maintain the ratings or to advise holders of notes of any changes in ratings.

The notes will be rated by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, or "S&P," and Kroll Bond Rating Agency, Inc., or "Kroll." There can be no assurance that their rating will remain for any given period of time or that such rating will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by S&P or Kroll if in their respective judgment future circumstances relating to the basis of the rating, such as adverse changes in our company, so warrant.

The notes will be effectively subordinated to any existing and future secured indebtedness and structurally subordinated to existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries.

The notes will be our general, unsecured obligations and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsubordinated, unsecured indebtedness, including without limitation, the \$129.5 million aggregate

principal amount of 5.375% Convertible Notes due 2017 (the "2017 Notes"), the \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.75% Convertible

Notes due 2018 (the "2018 Notes"), the \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.875% Convertible Notes due 2019 (the "2019 Notes"), the \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.00% Public Notes due 2019 (the "5.00% 2019 Notes"), the \$392.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.75% Convertible Notes due 2020 (the "2020 Notes"), the \$225.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.95% Convertible Notes due 2022 (the "4.95% 2022 Notes"), the \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.875% Public Notes due 2023 (the "2023 Notes") and the \$199.3 million aggregate principal amount of 6.25% Public Notes due 2024 (the "2024 Notes"). As a result, the notes will be effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured indebtedness (including indebtedness that is initially unsecured to which we subsequently grant security) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries. Effective subordination means that in any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, the holders of any of our existing or future secured indebtedness and the secured indebtedness of our subsidiaries may assert rights against the assets pledged to secure that indebtedness in order to receive full payment of their indebtedness before the assets may be used to pay other creditors. Structural subordination means that creditors of a parent entity are subordinate to creditors of a subsidiary entity with respect to the subsidiary's assets. These liabilities may include indebtedness, trade payables, guarantees, lease obligations and letter of credit obligations. The notes do not restrict us or our subsidiaries from incurring indebtedness, including senior secured indebtedness in the future, nor do they limit the amount of indebtedness we can issue that is equal in right of payment to the notes. As of May 11, 2017, our credit facility was undrawn. Our credit facility is secured by certain of our assets and the indebtedness thereunder is therefore effectively senior to the notes to the extent of the value of such assets.

Each of the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes, the 4.95% 2022 Notes, the 2023 Notes and the 2024 Notes may be due prior to their maturities. We do not currently know whether we will be able to replace any of the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes, the 4.95% 2022 Notes, the 2023 Notes or the 2024 Notes upon their respective maturities, or if we do, whether we will be able to do so on terms that are as favorable as such notes. In the event that we are not able to replace the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes, the 4.95% 2022 Notes, the 2023 Notes or the 2024 Notes at the time of their respective maturities, this could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and ability to fund new investments, our ability to make distributions to our stockholders, our ability to repay the notes and our ability to qualify as a regulated investment company, or "RIC."

The indenture and supplemental indentures under which the notes will be issued will contain limited protection for holders of the notes.

The indenture and supplemental indentures (collectively, the "indenture") under which the notes will be issued offer limited protection to holders of the notes. The terms of the indenture and the notes do not restrict our or any of our subsidiaries' ability to engage in, or otherwise be a party to, a variety of corporate transactions, circumstances or events that could have an adverse impact on your investment in the notes. In particular, the terms of the indenture and the notes will not place any restrictions on our or our subsidiaries' ability to:

issue securities or otherwise incur additional indebtedness or other obligations, including (1) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be equal in right of payment to the notes, (2) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be secured and therefore rank effectively senior in right of payment to the notes to the extent of the values of the assets securing such debt, (3) indebtedness of ours that is guaranteed by one or more of our subsidiaries and which therefore is structurally senior to the notes and (4) securities, indebtedness or obligations issued or incurred by our subsidiaries that would be senior to our equity interests in our subsidiaries and therefore rank structurally senior to the notes with respect to the assets of our subsidiaries, in each case other than an incurrence of indebtedness or other obligation that would cause a violation of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions;

pay dividends on, or purchase or redeem or make any payments in respect of, capital stock or other securities ranking junior in right of payment to the notes;

sell assets (other than certain limited restrictions on our ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets);

enter into transactions with affiliates;

ereate liens (including liens on the shares of our subsidiaries) or enter into sale and leaseback transactions;

make investments; or

create restrictions on the payment of dividends or other amounts to us from our subsidiaries.

In addition, the indenture will not require us to offer to purchase the notes in connection with a change of control or any other event.

Furthermore, the terms of the indenture and the notes do not protect holders of the notes in the event that we experience changes (including significant adverse changes) in our financial condition, results of operations or credit ratings, as they do not require that we or our subsidiaries adhere to any financial tests or ratios or specified levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash flow, or liquidity other than certain limited restrictions on dividends and certain board structures or default provisions mandated by the 1940 Act.

Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the notes may have important consequences for you as a holder of the notes, including making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the notes or negatively affecting the trading value of the notes.

Certain of our current debt instruments include more protections for their holders than the indenture and the notes. See in the accompanying prospectus "Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Our Business—The Notes present other risks to holders of our common stock, including the possibility that the Notes could discourage an acquisition of the Company by a third party and accounting uncertainty" and "—In addition to regulatory restrictions that restrict our ability to raise capital, our credit facility contains various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under the facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations." In addition, other debt we issue or incur in the future could contain more protections for its holders than the indenture and the notes, including additional covenants and events of default. The issuance or incurrence of any such debt with incremental protections could affect the market for and trading levels and prices of the notes.

We may choose to redeem notes when prevailing interest rates are relatively low.

If your notes will be redeemable at our option, we may choose to redeem your notes from time to time, especially when prevailing interest rates are lower than the rate borne by the notes. If prevailing rates are lower at the time of redemption, you would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the notes being redeemed. Our redemption right also may adversely impact your ability to sell your notes as the optional redemption date or period approaches.

Survivor's Option may be limited in amount.

We will have a discretionary right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes subject to the Survivor's Option that may be exercised in any calendar year to an amount equal to the greater of \$2.0 million or 2% of the outstanding principal amount of all notes outstanding as of the end of the most recent calendar year. We also have the discretionary right to limit to \$250,000 in any calendar year the aggregate principal amount of notes subject to the Survivor's Option that may be exercised in such calendar year on behalf of any individual deceased beneficial owner of notes. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that exercise of the Survivor's Option for the desired amount will be permitted in any single calendar year.

We cannot assure that a trading market for your notes will ever develop or be maintained.

In evaluating the notes, you should assume that you will be holding the notes until their stated maturity. The notes are a new issue of securities. We cannot assure you that a trading market for your notes will ever develop, be liquid or be maintained. Many factors independent of our creditworthiness affect the trading market for and market value of your notes. Those factors include, without limitation:

the method of calculating the principal and interest for the notes;

- the time remaining to the stated maturity of the
- notes

the outstanding amount of the notes;

- the redemption or repayment features of the notes;
- and

the level, direction and volatility of interest rates generally.

There may be a limited number of buyers when you decide to sell your notes. This may affect the price you receive for your notes or your ability to sell your notes at all.

Your investment in the floating rate notes will involve certain risks not associated with an investment in conventional debt securities. You should consider carefully the following discussion of risks before you decide that an investment in the floating rate notes is suitable for you.

Floating rate notes present different investment considerations than fixed rate notes. For notes with only floating rates, the rate of interest paid by us on the notes for each applicable interest period is not fixed, but will vary depending on

LIBOR and accordingly could be substantially less than the rates of interest we would pay on fixed rate notes of the same maturity. Additionally, the notes may change the interest rate or interest rate formula in relation to LIBOR at one or more points during the term of such notes (often referred to as a "step up" feature) or may switch from floating to fixed rate or from a fixed to a

floating rate during the term of the notes. Consequently, the return on the notes may be less than returns otherwise payable on fixed rate debt securities issued by us with similar maturities whose interest rates cannot change. The variable interest rate on the notes, while determined, in part, by reference to LIBOR, may not actually pay at such rates. Furthermore, we have no control over any fluctuations in LIBOR.

If the relevant pricing supplement specifies a maximum rate, the interest rate for any interest period will be limited by the maximum rate. The maximum rate will limit the amount of interest you may receive for each such interest period, even if the fixed or floating rate component, as adjusted by any spread factor, if applicable, and/or a spread, if applicable, would have otherwise resulted in an interest rate greater than the maximum rate. As a result, if the interest rate for any interest period without taking into consideration the maximum rate would have been greater than the maximum rate, the notes will provide you less interest income than an investment in a similar instrument that is not subject to a maximum interest rate.

Our most recent NAV was calculated on March 31, 2017 and our NAV when calculated effective June 30, 2017 and thereafter may be higher or lower.

Our NAV per share is \$9.43 as of March 31, 2017. NAV per share as of June 30, 2017 may be higher or lower than \$9.43 based on potential changes in valuations, issuances of securities, repurchases of securities, dividends paid and earnings for the quarter then ended. Our Board of Directors has not yet determined the fair value of portfolio investments at any date subsequent to March 31, 2017. Our Board of Directors determines the fair value of our portfolio investments on a quarterly basis in connection with the preparation of quarterly financial statements and based on input from independent valuation firms, the Investment Adviser, the Administrator and the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

In addition to regulatory restrictions that restrict our ability to raise capital, our credit facility contains various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under the facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.

The agreement governing our credit facility requires us to comply with certain financial and operational covenants. These covenants include:

restrictions on the level of indebtedness that we are permitted to incur in relation to the value of our assets; restrictions on our ability to incur liens; and

maintenance of a minimum level of stockholders' equity.

As of March 31, 2017, we were in compliance with these covenants. However, our continued compliance with these covenants depends on many factors, some of which are beyond our control. Accordingly, there are no assurances that we will continue to comply with the covenants in our credit facility. Failure to comply with these covenants would result in a default under this facility which, if we were unable to obtain a waiver from the lenders thereunder, could result in an acceleration of repayments under the facility and thereby have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

If we sell shares of our common stock or securities to subscribe for or are convertible into shares of our common stock at a discount to our net asset value per share, stockholders who do not participate in such sale will experience immediate dilution in an amount that may be material.

At our 2016 annual meeting of stockholders held on December 2, 2016, our stockholders approved our ability, subject to the condition that the maximum number of shares salable below net asset value pursuant to this authority in any particular offering that could result in such dilution is limited to 25% of our then outstanding common stock immediately prior to each such offering, to sell shares of our common stock at any level of discount from net asset value per share during the 12 month period following December 2, 2016. The issuance or sale by us of shares of our common stock or securities to subscribe for or are convertible into shares of our common stock at a discount to net asset value poses a risk of dilution to our stockholders. In particular, stockholders who do not purchase additional shares of common stock at or below the discounted price in proportion to their current ownership will experience an immediate decrease in net asset value per share (as well as in the aggregate net asset value of their shares of common stock if they do not participate at all). These stockholders will also experience a disproportionately greater decrease in their participation in our earnings and assets and their voting power than the increase we experience in our assets, potential earning power and voting interests from such issuance or sale. In addition, such sales may adversely affect

the price at which our common stock trades. We have sold shares of our common stock at prices below net asset value per share in the past and may do so to the future. We have not sold any shares of our common stock at prices below net asset value per share since December 3, 2014.

DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

The following description of the particular terms of the notes being offered supplements and, to the extent inconsistent with or otherwise specified in an applicable pricing supplement, replaces the description of the general terms and provisions of the debt securities set forth under the heading "Description of Our Debt Securities" in the accompanying prospectus. Unless otherwise specified in an applicable pricing supplement, the notes will have the terms described below. Capitalized terms used but not defined below have the meanings given to them in the accompanying prospectus and in the indenture relating to the notes.

The notes being offered by this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement will be issued under an indenture, dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and as supplemented from time to time. U.S. Bank National Association was appointed as trustee, as successor to American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, pursuant to an Agreement of Resignation, Appointment and Acceptance dated as of March 9, 2012. The indenture is more fully described in the accompanying prospectus. The indenture does not limit the aggregate amount of debt securities that may be issued under it and provides that the debt securities may be issued under it from time to time in one or more series. The following statements are summaries of the material provisions of the indenture and the notes. These summaries do not purport to be complete and are qualified in their entirety by reference to the indenture, including for the definitions of certain terms. From time to time we may offer other debt securities either publicly or through private placement having maturities, interest rates, covenants and other terms that may differ materially from the terms of the notes described herein and in any pricing supplement.

The notes constitute a single series of debt securities for purposes of the indenture and are unlimited in aggregate principal amount under the terms of the indenture. Our board of directors has authorized the issuance and sale of the notes from time to time, up to an aggregate principal amount of \$1.5 billion. As of May 11, 2017, \$1.2 billion aggregate principal amount of notes has been issued. We have, from time to time, repurchased certain notes and, therefore, as of May 11, 2017, \$997.3 million aggregate principal amount of notes were outstanding, including repurchases of \$20.7 million with settlement on May 15, 2017.

Notes issued in accordance with this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement will have the following general characteristics:

the notes will be our direct unsecured senior obligations and will rank equally with all of our other unsecured senior indebtedness from time to time outstanding;

the notes may be offered from time to time by us through the Purchasing Agent or the agents and each note will mature on a day that is at least 12 months from its date of original issuance;

each note may be issued with a fixed or floating interest rate; any floating interest rate will be based on LIBOR; the notes will not be subject to any sinking fund; and

the minimum denomination of the notes will be \$1,000 (unless otherwise stated in the pricing supplement). In addition, the pricing supplement relating to each offering of notes will describe specific terms of the notes, including but not limited to:

the stated maturity;

the denomination of your notes;

the price at which we originally issue your notes, expressed as a percentage of the principal amount, and the original issue date;

whether your notes are fixed rate notes or floating rate notes;

if your notes are fixed rate notes, the annual rate at which your notes will bear interest, or the periodic rates in the case of notes that bear different rates at different times during the term of the notes, and the interest payment dates, if different from those stated below under "—Interest Rates—Fixed Rate Notes;"

if your notes are floating rate notes, the interest rate, spread or spread multiplier or initial base rate, maximum rate and/or minimum rate; if there is more than one spread to be applied at different times during the term of the notes for your interest rate, which spread during which periods applies to your notes; and the interest reset, determination, calculation and payment dates, all of which we describe under "—Interest Rates—Floating Rate Notes" below; if applicable, the circumstances under which your notes may be redeemed at our option or repaid at the holder's option before the stated maturity, including any redemption commencement date, repayment date(s), redemption price(s) and redemption period(s), all of which we describe under "—Redemption and Repayment" below;

whether the authorized representative of the holder of a beneficial interest in the notes will have the right to seek repayment upon the death of the holder as described under "—Survivor's Option;" any special U.S. federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes; and

any other significant terms of your notes, which could be different from those described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, but in no event inconsistent with the indenture.

We may at any time purchase notes at any price or prices in the open market or otherwise. Notes so purchased by us may, at our discretion, be held, resold or surrendered to the trustee for cancellation.

Types of Notes

We may issue either of the two types of notes described below. Notes may have elements of each of the two types of notes described below. For example, notes may bear interest at a fixed rate for some periods and at a floating rate in others.

Fixed Rate Notes. Notes of this type will bear interest at one or more fixed rates described in your pricing supplement.

Fixed rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of fixed rate notes at the fixed rate or rates per annum stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable time periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. Each payment of interest due on an interest payment date or the maturity will include interest accrued from and including the last date to which interest has been paid, or made available for payment, or from the issue date if none has been paid or made available for payment, to but excluding the interest payment date or maturity. We will compute interest on fixed rate notes on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months (the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention) unless your pricing supplement provides that we will compute interest on a different basis. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under "—Payments of Principal and Interest." Notes may be offered that switch from a fixed rate to a floating rate or from a floating rate to a fixed rate during the term of the notes.

Floating Rate Notes. Notes of this type will bear interest at rates that are determined by reference to an interest rate formula based on LIBOR. In some cases, the rates may also be adjusted by adding or subtracting a spread in relation to LIBOR or multiplying by a spread multiplier and may be subject to a minimum rate and/or a maximum rate. The various interest rate formulas and these other features are described below in "—Interest Rates—Floating Rate Notes." If your notes are floating rate notes, the formula and any adjustments that apply to the interest rate will be specified in your pricing supplement.

Floating rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of floating rate notes at a rate per annum determined according to the interest rate formula stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable interest rate periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below "—Payments of Principal and Interest." Notes may be offered that switch from a fixed rate to a floating rate or from a floating rate to a fixed rate during the term of the notes.

Interest Rates

This subsection describes the different kinds of interest rates that may apply to your notes, as specified in your pricing supplement.

Fixed Rate Notes. Fixed rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of fixed rate notes at the fixed yearly rate or rates stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable time periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. Your pricing supplement will describe the interest periods and relevant interest payment dates on which interest on fixed rate notes will be payable. Each payment of interest due on an interest payment date or the maturity will include interest accrued from and including the last date to which interest has been paid, or made available for payment, or from the issue date if none has been paid or made available for payment, to but excluding the interest payment date or the maturity. We will compute interest on fixed rate notes on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months (the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention), unless your pricing supplement provides that we will compute interest on a different basis. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under "—Payments of Principal and Interest."

Floating Rate Notes. Floating rate notes will bear interest at rates that are determined by reference to an interest rate formula based on LIBOR. In some cases, the rates may also be adjusted by adding or subtracting a spread in relation to LIBOR or multiplying by a spread multiplier and may be subject to a minimum rate and/or a maximum rate. If your note is a floating rate note, the formula and any adjustments that apply to the interest rate will be specified in your pricing supplement.

Each floating rate note will bear interest from its original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the note has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of a floating rate note at a rate per annum determined according to the interest rate formula stated in the pricing supplement during the applicable interest rate

period specified in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under "—Payment of Principal and Interest." In addition, the following will apply to floating rate notes.

Initial Base Rate

Unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, for floating rate notes, the initial base rate will be the applicable LIBOR base rate in effect from and including the original issue date to but excluding the initial interest reset date. We will specify the initial LIBOR base rate in your pricing supplement.

Spread or Spread Multiplier

In some cases, the base rate for floating rate notes may be adjusted:

by adding or subtracting a specified number of basis points, called the spread, with one basis point being 0.01%; or by multiplying the base rate by a specified percentage, called the spread multiplier.

If you purchase floating rate notes, your pricing supplement will specify whether a spread or spread multiplier will apply to your notes and, if so, the amount of the applicable spread or spread multiplier and any increases or decreases in the spread or spread multiplier during the term of your notes.

Maximum and Minimum Rates

The actual interest rate, after being adjusted by the spread or spread multiplier, may also be subject to either or both of the following limits:

n maximum rate—i.e., a specified upper limit that the actual interest rate in effect at any time may not exceed; and/or n minimum rate—i.e., a specified lower limit that the actual interest rate in effect at any time may not fall below.

If you purchase floating rate notes, your pricing supplement will specify whether a maximum rate and/or minimum rate will apply to your notes and, if so, what those rates are.

Whether or not a maximum rate applies, the interest rate on floating rate notes will in no event be higher than the maximum rate permitted by New York law, as it may be modified by U.S. law of general application. Under current New York law, the maximum rate of interest, with some exceptions, for any loan in an amount less than \$250,000 is 16% and for any loan in the amount of \$250,000 or more but less than \$2,500,000 is 25%, per year on a simple interest basis. These limits do not apply to loans of \$2,500,000 or more.

The rest of this subsection describes how the interest rate and the interest payment dates will be determined, and how interest will be calculated, on floating rate notes.

Interest Reset Dates

Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the rate of interest on floating rate notes will be reset, by the calculation agent described below, daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually (each, an "interest reset period"). The date on which the interest rate resets and the reset rate becomes effective is called the interest reset date. Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest reset date will be as follows:

for floating rate notes that reset daily, each London business day (as defined below);

for floating rate notes that reset weekly, the Wednesday of each week;

for floating rate notes that reset monthly, the third Wednesday of each month;

for floating rate notes that reset quarterly, the third Wednesday of each of four months of each year as specified in your pricing supplement;

for floating rate notes that reset semi-annually, the third Wednesday of each of two months of each year as specified in your pricing supplement; and

for floating rate notes that reset annually, the third Wednesday of one month of each year as specified in your pricing supplement.

For floating rate notes, the interest rate in effect on any particular day will be the interest rate determined with respect to the latest interest reset date that occurs on or before that day. There are several exceptions, however, to the reset provisions described above.

Interest reset dates are subject to adjustment, as described below under "—Business Day Conventions."

The base rate in effect from and including the original issue date to but excluding the first interest reset date will be the initial base rate. For floating rate notes that reset daily or weekly, the base rate in effect for each day following the fifth business day before an interest payment date to, but excluding, the interest payment date, and for each day following the fifth business day before the maturity to, but excluding, the maturity, will be the base rate in effect on that fifth business day.

Interest Determination Dates

The interest rate that takes effect on an interest reset date will be determined by the calculation agent for the LIBOR base rates by reference to a particular date called an interest determination date. Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest determination date relating to a particular interest reset date will be the second London business day preceding the interest reset date. We refer to an interest determination date for LIBOR notes as a LIBOR interest determination date.

Interest Calculation Date

The interest rate that takes effect on a particular interest reset date will be determined by reference to the corresponding interest determination date or interest reset date, as applicable. For some notes, however, the calculation agent will set the rate on a day no later than the corresponding interest calculation date. Unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest calculation date for rates to which a calculation date applies will be the business day immediately preceding the date on which interest will next be paid (on an interest payment date or the maturity, as the case may be). The calculation agent need not wait until the relevant interest calculation date to determine the interest rate if the rate information it needs to make the determination is available from the relevant sources sooner.

Interest Rate Calculations

Interest payable on floating rate notes for any particular interest period will be calculated as described below using an interest factor, expressed as a decimal, applicable to each day during the applicable interest period, unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement.

Calculations relating to floating rate notes will be made by the calculation agent, an institution that we appoint as our agent for this purpose. We have initially appointed U.S. Bank National Association as our calculation agent for any floating rate notes. We may specify a different calculation agent in your pricing supplement. The applicable pricing supplement for your floating rate note will name the institution that we have appointed to act as the calculation agent for that note as of its original issue date. We may appoint a different institution to serve as calculation agent from time to time after the original issue date of your floating rate note without your consent and without notifying you of the change. Absent manifest error, all determinations of the calculation agent will be final and binding on you and us, without any liability on the part of the calculation agent.

For floating rate notes, the calculation agent will determine, on the corresponding interest calculation date or interest determination date, as described below, the interest rate that takes effect on each interest reset date. In addition, the calculation agent will calculate the amount of interest that has accrued during each interest period—i.e., the period from and including the original issue date, or the last date to which interest has accrued (which may be the interest payment date or any interest reset date in accordance with the business day convention), to but excluding the next date to which interest will accrue (which may be the interest payment date or any interest reset date in accordance with the business day convention). For each interest period, the calculation agent will calculate the amount of accrued interest by multiplying the face amount of the floating rate note by an accrued interest factor for the interest period. Such accrued interest rate factor is determined by multiplying the applicable interest rate for the period by the day count fraction. The day count fraction will be determined in accordance with the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention, where the number of days in the interest period in respect of which payment is being made is divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

where:

- "Y1" is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the interest period falls;
- "Y2" is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the interest period falls;
- "M1" is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the interest period falls;

"M2" is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the interest period falls;

"D1" is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the interest period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D1 will be 30; and

"D2" is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the interest period, unless such number would be 31 and D1 is greater than 29, in which case D2 will be 30.

Upon the request of the holder of any floating rate note, the calculation agent will provide the interest rate then in effect, and, if determined, the interest rate that will become effective on the next interest reset date with respect to such floating rate note.

All percentages resulting from any calculation relating to any note will be rounded upward or downward, as appropriate, to the next higher or lower one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point, e.g., 9.876541% (or .09876541) being rounded down to 9.87654% (or .0987654) and 9.876545% (or .09876545) being rounded up to 9.87655% (or .0987655). All amounts used in or resulting from any calculation relating to any note will be rounded upward or downward to the nearest cent.

Sources and Corrections

If we refer to a rate as set forth on a display page, other published source, information vendor or other vendor officially designated by the sponsor of that rate, if there is a successor source for the display page, other published source, information vendor or other official vendor, we refer to that successor source as applicable as determined by the calculation agent. When we refer to a particular heading or headings on any of those sources, those references include any successor or replacement heading or headings as determined by the calculation agent.

If the applicable rate is based on information obtained from a Reuters screen, that rate will be subject to the corrections, if any, published on that Reuters screen within one hour of the time that rate was first displayed on such source.

LIBOR Calculation

LIBOR, with respect to the base rate and any interest reset date, will be the London interbank offered rate for deposits in U.S. dollars for the index maturity specified in your pricing supplement, appearing on the Reuters screen LIBOR page as of approximately 11:00 A.M., London time, on the relevant LIBOR interest determination date. If the rate described above does not so appear on the Reuters screen LIBOR page, then LIBOR will be determined on the basis of the rates at which deposits in U.S. dollars are offered by four major banks in the London interbank market selected by the calculation agent at approximately 11:00 A.M., London time, on the relevant LIBOR interest determination date, to prime banks in the London interbank market for a period of the specified index maturity, beginning on the relevant interest reset date, and in a representative amount. The calculation agent will request the principal London office of each of these major banks to provide a quotation of its rate. If at least two quotations are provided, LIBOR for the relevant interest reset date will be the arithmetic mean of the quotations.

If fewer than two of the requested quotations described above are provided, LIBOR for the relevant interest reset date will be the arithmetic mean of the rates quoted by major banks in New York City selected by the calculation agent, at approximately 11:00 A.M., New York City time (or the time in the relevant principal financial center), on the relevant interest reset date, for loans in U.S. dollars (or the index currency) to leading European banks for a period of the specified index maturity, beginning on the relevant interest reset date, and in a representative amount.

If no quotation is provided as described in the preceding paragraph, then the calculation agent, after consulting such sources as it deems comparable to any of the foregoing quotations or display page, or any such source as it deems reasonable from which to estimate LIBOR or any of the foregoing lending rates, shall determine LIBOR for that interest reset date in its sole discretion.

For the purpose of this section, we define the term "index maturity" as the interest rate period of LIBOR on which the interest rate formula is based as specified in your pricing supplement.

In all cases, if the stated maturity or any earlier redemption date or repayment date with respect to any note falls on a day that is not a business day, any payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest otherwise due on such day will be made on the next succeeding business day, and no interest on such payment shall accrue for the period from and after such stated maturity, redemption date or repayment date, as the case may be.

Business Days

The term "London business day" will apply to your floating rate notes, as specified in your pricing supplement, and it means each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in London generally are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close and is also a day on which dealings in the applicable index currency are transacted in the London interbank market.

Business Day Convention

The business day convention that will apply to your notes is the "following business day convention." The "following business day convention" means, for any interest payment date or interest reset date, other than the maturity, if such date would otherwise fall on a day that is not a business day, then such date will be postponed to the next day that is a business day.

Payment of Principal and Interest

Principal of and interest on beneficial interests in the notes will be made in accordance with the arrangements then in place between the paying agent and The Depository Trust Company (referred to as "DTC") and its participants as described under "Registration and Settlement—The Depository Trust Company." Payments in respect of any notes in certificated form will be made as described under "Registration and Settlement—Registration, Transfer and Payment of Certificated Notes."

Interest on each note will be payable either monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually on each interest payment date and at the note's stated maturity or on the date of redemption or repayment if a note is redeemed or repaid prior to maturity. Interest is payable to the person in whose name a note is registered at the close of business on the regular record date before each interest payment date. Interest due at a note's stated maturity or on a date of redemption or repayment will be payable to the person to whom principal is payable.

We will pay any administrative costs imposed by banks in connection with making payments in immediately available funds, but any tax, assessment or governmental charge imposed upon any payments on a note, including, without limitation, any withholding tax, is the responsibility of the holders of beneficial interests in the note in respect of which such payments are made.

Payment and Record Dates for Interest

Interest on the notes will be paid as follows:

Interest Payment

Interest Payment Dates

Frequency Monthly

Fifteenth day of each calendar month, beginning in the first calendar month following the

month the note was issued.

Quarterly

Fifteenth day of every third month, beginning in the third calendar month following the

month the note was issued.

Semi-annually

Fifteenth day of every sixth month, beginning in the sixth calendar month following the

month the note was issued.

Annually

Fifteenth day of every twelfth month, beginning in the twelfth calendar month following the

month the note was issued.

The regular record date for any interest payment date will be the first day of the calendar month in which the interest payment date occurs, except that the regular record date for interest due on the note's stated maturity date or date of earlier redemption or repayment will be that particular date. For the purpose of determining the holder at the close of business on a regular record date when business is not being conducted, the close of business will mean 5:00 P.M., New York City time, on that day.

Interest on a note will be payable beginning on the first interest payment date after its date of original issuance to holders of record on the corresponding regular record date.

"Business day" means any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, that is neither a legal holiday nor a day on which banking institutions are authorized or required by law or regulation to close in The City of New York.

Redemption and Repayment

Unless we otherwise provide in the applicable pricing supplement, a note will not be redeemable or repayable prior to its stated maturity date.

If the pricing supplement states that the note will be redeemable at our option prior to its stated maturity date, then on such date or dates specified in the pricing supplement, we may redeem those notes at our option either in whole or from time to time in part, upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' written notice to the holder of those notes. If the pricing supplement states that your note will be repayable at your option prior to its stated maturity date, we will require receipt of notice of the request for repayment at least 30 but not more than 60 days prior to the date or dates specified in

the pricing supplement. We also must receive the completed form entitled "Option to Elect Repayment." Exercise of the repayment option by the holder of a note is irrevocable.

Since the notes will be represented by a global note, DTC or its nominee will be treated as the holder of the notes; therefore DTC or its nominee will be the only entity that receives notices of redemption of notes from us, in the case of our redemption of notes, and will be the only entity that can exercise the right to repayment of notes, in the case of optional repayment. See "Registration and Settlement."

To ensure that DTC or its nominee will timely exercise a right to repayment with respect to a particular beneficial interest in a note, the beneficial owner of the interest in that note must instruct the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds the beneficial interest to notify DTC or its nominee of its desire to exercise a right to repayment. Because different firms have different cut-off times for accepting instructions from their customers, each beneficial owner should consult the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds an interest in a note to determine the cut-off time by which the instruction must be given for timely notice to be delivered to DTC or its nominee. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC or its nominee to participants, by participants to indirect participants and by participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners of the notes will be governed by agreements among them and any applicable statutory or regulatory requirements.

The redemption or repayment of a note normally will occur on the interest payment date or dates following receipt of a valid notice. Unless otherwise specified in the pricing supplement, the redemption or repayment price will equal 100% of the principal amount of the note plus unpaid interest accrued to the date or dates of redemption or repayment. We may at any time purchase notes at any price or prices in the open market or otherwise. We may also purchase notes otherwise tendered for repayment by a holder or tendered by a holder's duly authorized representative through exercise of the Survivor's Option described below. If we purchase the notes in this manner, we have the discretion to either hold, resell or surrender the notes to the trustee for cancellation.

Survivor's Option

The "Survivor's Option" is a provision in a note pursuant to which we agree to repay that note, if requested by the authorized representative of the beneficial owner of that note, following the death of the beneficial owner of the note, so long as the note was owned by that beneficial owner or the estate of that beneficial owner at least six months prior to the request. The pricing supplement relating to each offering of notes will state whether the Survivor's Option applies to those notes.

If a note is entitled to a Survivor's Option, upon the valid exercise of the Survivor's Option and the proper tender of that note for repayment, we will, at our option, repay or repurchase that note, in whole or in part, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the deceased beneficial owner's interest in that note plus unpaid interest accrued to the date of repayment.

To be valid, the Survivor's Option must be exercised by or on behalf of the person who has authority to act on behalf of the deceased beneficial owner of the note (including, without limitation, the personal representative or executor of the deceased beneficial owner or the surviving joint owner with the deceased beneficial owner) under the laws of the applicable jurisdiction.

The death of a person holding a beneficial ownership interest in a note as a joint tenant or tenant by the entirety with another person, or as a tenant in common with the deceased holder's spouse, will be deemed the death of a beneficial owner of that note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held will be subject to repayment by us upon request. However, the death of a person holding a beneficial ownership interest in a note as tenant in common with a person other than such deceased holder's spouse will be deemed the death of a beneficial owner only with respect to such deceased person's interest in the note.

The death of a person who, during his or her lifetime, was entitled to substantially all of the beneficial ownership interests in a note will be deemed the death of the beneficial owner of that note for purposes of the Survivor's Option, regardless of whether that beneficial owner was the registered holder of that note, if entitlement to those interests can be established to the satisfaction of the trustee. A beneficial ownership interest will be deemed to exist in typical cases of nominee ownership, ownership under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, community property or other joint ownership arrangements between a husband and wife. In addition, a beneficial ownership interest will be deemed to exist in custodial and trust arrangements where one person has all of the beneficial ownership interests in the applicable note during his or her lifetime.

We have the discretionary right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option shall be accepted by us from authorized representatives of all deceased beneficial owners in any calendar year to an amount equal to the greater of \$2,000,000 or 2% of the principal amount of all notes outstanding as of the end of the most recent calendar year. We also have the discretionary right to limit to \$250,000 in any calendar year the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option shall be accepted by us from the authorized representative of

any individual deceased beneficial owner of notes in such calendar year. In addition, we will not permit the exercise of the Survivor's Option except in principal amounts of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000.

An otherwise valid election to exercise the Survivor's Option may not be withdrawn. Each election to exercise the Survivor's Option will be accepted in the order that elections are received by the trustee, except for any note the acceptance of which would contravene any of the limitations described in the preceding paragraph. Notes accepted for repayment through the exercise of the Survivor's Option normally will be repaid on the first interest payment date that occurs 20 or more calendar days after the date of the acceptance. For example, if the acceptance date of a note tendered through a valid exercise of the Survivor's Option is September 1, 2017, and interest on that note is paid monthly, we would normally, at our option, repay that note on the interest payment date occurring on October 15, 2017, because the September 15, 2017 interest payment date would occur less than 20 days from the date of acceptance. Each tendered note that is not accepted in any calendar year due to the application of any of the limitations described in the preceding paragraph will be deemed to be tendered in the following calendar year in the order in which all such notes were originally tendered. If a note tendered through a valid exercise of the Survivor's Option is not accepted, the trustee will deliver a notice by first-class mail to the registered holder, at that holder's last known address as indicated in the note register, that states the reason that note has not been accepted for repayment. With respect to notes represented by a global note, DTC or its nominee is treated as the holder of the notes and will be the only entity that can exercise the Survivor's Option for such notes. To obtain repayment pursuant to exercise of the Survivor's Option for a note, the deceased beneficial owner's authorized representative must provide the following items to the broker or other entity through which the beneficial interest in the note is held by the deceased beneficial owner:

a written instruction to such broker or other entity to notify DTC of the authorized representative's desire to obtain repayment pursuant to exercise of the Survivor's Option;

appropriate evidence satisfactory to the trustee (a) that the deceased was the beneficial owner of the note at the time of death and his or her interest in the note was owned by the deceased beneficial owner or his or her estate at least six months prior to the request for repayment, (b) that the death of the beneficial owner has occurred, (c) of the date of death of the beneficial owner, and (d) that the representative has authority to act on behalf of the beneficial owner; if the interest in the note is held by a nominee of the deceased beneficial owner, a certificate satisfactory to the trustee from the nominee attesting to the deceased's beneficial ownership of such note;

written request for repayment signed by the authorized representative of the deceased beneficial owner with the signature guaranteed by a member firm of a registered national securities exchange or of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. or a commercial bank or trust company having an office or correspondent in the United States:

if applicable, a properly executed assignment or endorsement;

tax waivers and any other instruments or documents that the trustee reasonably requires in order to establish the validity of the beneficial ownership of the note and the claimant's entitlement to payment; and any additional information the trustee reasonably requires to evidence satisfaction of any conditions to the exercise of the Survivor's Option or to document beneficial ownership or authority to make the election and to cause the repayment of the note.

In turn, the broker or other entity will deliver each of these items to the trustee, together with evidence satisfactory to the trustee from the broker or other entity stating that it represents the deceased beneficial owner.

The death of a person owning a note in joint tenancy or tenancy by the entirety with another or others shall be deemed the death of the holder of the note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held shall be subject to repayment, together with interest accrued thereon to the repayment date. The death of a person owning a note by tenancy in common shall be deemed the death of a holder of a note only with respect to the deceased holder's interest in the note so held by tenancy in common; except that in the event a note is held by husband and wife as tenants in common, the death of either shall be deemed the death of the holder of the note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held shall be subject to repayment. The death of a person who, during his or her lifetime, was entitled to substantially all of the beneficial interests of ownership of a note, shall be deemed the death of the holder thereof for purposes of this provision, regardless of the registered holder, if such beneficial interest can be established to the satisfaction of the trustee and us. Such beneficial interest shall be deemed to exist in typical cases of nominee ownership, ownership

under the Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act, community property or other joint ownership arrangements between a husband and wife and trust arrangements where one person has substantially all of the beneficial ownership interest in the note during his or her lifetime.

We retain the right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option applicable to the notes will be accepted in any one calendar year as described above. All other questions regarding the eligibility or validity of any exercise of the Survivor's Option will be determined by the trustee, in its sole discretion, which determination will be final and binding on all parties.

The broker or other entity will be responsible for disbursing payments received from the trustee to the authorized representative. See "Registration and Settlement."

Forms for the exercise of the Survivor's Option may be obtained from the Trustee at 100 Wall Street, Suite 1600, New York, NY 10005, Attention: General Counsel.

If applicable, we will comply with the requirements of Section 14(e) of the Exchange Act, and the rules promulgated thereunder, and any other securities laws or regulations in connection with any repayment of notes at the option of the registered holders or beneficial owners thereof.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(All figures in this item are in thousands except share, per share and other data.)

References herein to "Prospect," "we," "us" or "our" refer to Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. Historical results set forth are not necessarily indicative of our future financial position and results of operations.

Overview

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC"), under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). We were organized on April 13, 2004 and were funded in an initial public offering completed on July 27, 2004.

On May 15, 2007, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Capital Funding LLC ("PCF"), a Delaware limited liability company and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are used as collateral for the revolving credit facility at PCF. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC ("PSBL") was formed on January 27, 2014 and purchases small business whole loans on a recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc. ("OnDeck"). On September 30, 2014, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC ("PYC") and effective October 23, 2014, PYC holds our investments in collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"). Each of these subsidiaries have been consolidated since operations commenced.

We consolidate certain of our wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us in order to facilitate our investment strategy. The following companies are included in our consolidated financial statements: AMU Holdings Inc.; APH Property Holdings, LLC ("APH"); Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc.; CCPI Holdings Inc.; CP Holdings of Delaware LLC ("CP Holdings"); Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC; Energy Solutions Holdings Inc.; First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC ("First Tower Delaware"); Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc.; MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc.; Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC; NMMB Holdings, Inc. ("NMMB Holdings"); NPH Property Holdings, LLC ("NPH"); STI Holding, Inc.; UPH Property Holdings, LLC ("UPH"); Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc.; Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc.; and Wolf Energy Holdings Inc. ("Wolf Energy Holdings"). On October 10, 2014, concurrent with the sale of the operating company, our ownership increased to 100% of the outstanding equity of ARRM Services, Inc. which was renamed SB Forging Company, Inc. ("SB Forging"). As such, we began consolidating SB Forging on October 11, 2014. Effective May 23, 2016, in connection with the merger of American Property REIT Corp. ("APRC") and United Property REIT Corp. ("UPRC") with and into National Property REIT Corp. ("NPRC"), APH and UPH merged with and into NPH, and were dissolved. We collectively refer to these entities as the "Consolidated Holding Companies."

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management L.P. ("Prospect Capital Management" or the "Investment Adviser"). Prospect Administration LLC ("Prospect Administration"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Investment Adviser, provides administrative services and facilities necessary for us to operate. Our investment objective is to generate both current income and long-term capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in senior and subordinated debt and equity of private companies in need of capital for acquisitions, divestitures, growth, development, recapitalizations and other purposes. We work with the management teams or financial sponsors to seek investments with historical cash flows, asset collateral or contracted pro-forma cash flows.

We currently have nine strategies that guide our origination of investment opportunities: (1) lending to companies controlled by private equity sponsors, (2) lending to companies not controlled by private equity sponsors, (3) purchasing control equity and lending to operating companies, (4) purchasing control equity and lending to financial services companies, (5) investing in structured credit, (6) investing in real estate, (7) investing in syndicated debt, (8)

investing in online loans and (9) aircraft leasing. We may also invest in other strategies and opportunities from time to time that we view as attractive. We continue to evaluate other origination strategies in the ordinary course of business with no specific top-down allocation to any single origination strategy.

Lending to Companies Controlled by Private Equity Sponsors - We make agented loans to companies which are controlled by private equity sponsors. This debt can take the form of first lien, second lien, unitranche or unsecured loans. These loans typically have equity subordinate to our loan position. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 40%-60% of our portfolio.

Lending to Companies not Controlled by Private Equity Sponsors - We make loans to companies which are not controlled by private equity sponsors, such as companies that are controlled by the management team, the founder, a family or public shareholders. This origination strategy may have less competition to provide debt financing than the private-equity-sponsor origination strategy because such company financing needs are not easily addressed by banks and often require more diligence preparation. This origination strategy can result in investments with higher returns or lower leverage than the private-equity-sponsor origination strategy. Historically, this strategy has comprised up to approximately 15% of our portfolio.

Purchasing Control Equity and Lending to Operating Companies - This strategy involves purchasing yield-producing debt and control equity in non-financial-services operating companies. We can provide enhanced certainty of closure and liquidity to sellers and we look for management to continue on in their current roles. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our portfolio.

Purchasing Control Equity and Lending to Financial Services Companies - This strategy involves purchasing yield-producing debt and control equity investments in financial services companies, including consumer direct lending, sub-prime auto lending and other strategies. These investments are often structured in tax-efficient partnerships, enhancing returns. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our portfolio. Investing in Structured Credit - We make investments in CLOs, often taking a significant position in the subordinated

Investing in Structured Credit - We make investments in CLOs, often taking a significant position in the subordinated interests (equity) of the CLOs. The underlying portfolio of each CLO investment is diversified across approximately 100 to 200 broadly syndicated loans and does not have direct exposure to real estate, mortgages, or consumer-based credit assets. The CLOs in which we invest are managed by established collateral management teams with many years of experience in the industry. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-20% of our portfolio.

Investing in Real Estate - We make investments in real estate through our wholly-owned tax-efficient real estate investment trust ("REIT") NPRC, the surviving entity of the May 23, 2016 merger with APRC and UPRC. Our real estate investments are in various classes of developed and occupied real estate properties that generate current yields, including multi-family properties, student housing, and self-storage. We seek to identify properties that have historically significant occupancy rates and recurring cash flow generation. NPRC generally co-invests with established and experienced property management teams that manage such properties after acquisition. This investment strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business.

Investing in Syndicated Debt - On a primary or secondary basis, we purchase primarily senior and secured loans and high yield bonds that have been sold to a club or syndicate of buyers. These investments are often purchased with a long term, buy-and-hold outlook, and we often look to provide significant input to the transaction by providing anchoring orders. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our portfolio.

Investing in Online Loans - We purchase loans originated by certain consumer loan and small-and-medium-sized business ("SME") loan facilitators. We generally purchase each loan in its entirety (i.e., a "whole loan"). The borrowers are consumers and SMEs. The loans are typically serviced by the facilitators of the loans. This investment strategy has comprised up to approximately 8% of our portfolio.

Aircraft Leasing - We invest in debt as well as equity in aircraft assets subject to commercial leases to airlines across the globe. These investments can present attractive return opportunities due to cash flow consistency from long-term leases coupled with hard asset residual value. We seek to deliver risk-adjusted returns with strong downside protection by analyzing relative value characteristics across a variety of aircraft types and vintages. This strategy historically has comprised less than 5% of our portfolio.

We invest primarily in first and second lien secured loans and unsecured debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien secured loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of unsecured debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Our investments in CLOs are subordinated to senior loans and are generally unsecured. We invest in debt and equity positions of CLOs which are a form of securitization in which the cash flows of a portfolio of loans are pooled and passed on to different classes of owners in

various tranches. Our CLO investments are derived from portfolios of corporate debt securities which are generally risk rated from BB to B.

We hold many of our control investments in a two-tier structure consisting of a holding company and one or more related operating companies for tax purposes. These holding companies serve various business purposes including concentration of management teams, optimization of third party borrowing costs, improvement of supplier, customer, and insurance terms, and enhancement of co-investments by the management teams. In these cases, our investment, which is generally equity in the holding company, the holding company's equity investment in the operating company and any debt from us directly to the operating company structure represents our total exposure for the investment. As of March 31, 2017, as shown in our Consolidated Schedule of Investments, the cost basis and fair value of our investments in controlled companies was \$1,939,427 and \$1,892,719, respectively. This structure gives rise to several of the risks described in our public documents and highlighted elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We consolidate all wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us for the purpose of holding our controlled investments in operating companies. There is no significant effect of consolidating these holding companies as they hold minimal assets other than their investments in the controlled operating companies. Investment company accounting prohibits the consolidation of any operating companies.

Third Quarter Highlights

Investment Transactions

We seek to be a long-term investor with our portfolio companies. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we acquired \$250,841 of new investments, completed follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies totaling approximately \$183,515, funded \$10,121 of revolver advances, and recorded paid in kind ("PIK") interest of \$5,130, resulting in gross investment originations of \$449,607. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we received full repayments on five investments and received several partial prepayments and amortization payments totaling \$302,513.

Debt Issuances and Redemptions

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we issued \$44,490 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$43,934. These notes were issued with a stated and weighted average interest rate of 5.00%. These notes mature between January 15, 2022 and March 15, 2022.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we repaid \$730 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$20.

Equity Issuances

On January 19, 2017, February 16, 2017, and March 23, 2017, we issued 295,904, 274,043, and 315,476 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan, respectively.

Investment Holdings

As of March 31, 2017, we continue to pursue our investment strategy. At March 31, 2017, approximately \$6,024,766, or 177.6%, of our net assets are invested in 125 long-term portfolio investments and CLOs.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we originated \$1,266,294 of new investments, primarily composed of \$845,694 of debt and equity financing to non-controlled portfolio investments, \$311,924 of debt and equity financing to controlled investments, and \$108,676 of subordinated notes in CLOs. Our origination efforts are focused primarily on secured lending to non-control investments to reduce the risk in the portfolio by investing primarily in first lien loans, though we also continue to close select junior debt and equity investments. Our annualized current yield was 12.3% and 13.2% as of March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively, across all performing interest bearing investments. The decline is primarily due to a decrease in cash-on-cash yields in our CLO investment portfolio. Monetization of equity positions that we hold and loans on non-accrual status are not included in this yield calculation. In many of our portfolio companies we hold equity positions, ranging from minority interests to majority stakes, which we expect over time to contribute to our investment returns. Some of these equity positions include features such as contractual minimum internal rates of returns, preferred distributions, flip structures and other features expected to generate additional investment returns, as well as contractual protections and preferences over junior equity, in addition to the yield and security offered by our cash flow and collateral debt protections.

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, we classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of 25% or more of the voting securities of an investee company. Under the 1940 Act, "Affiliate Investments" are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person. "Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments" are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

As of March 31, 2017, we own controlling interests in the following portfolio companies: Arctic Energy Services, LLC ("Arctic Energy"); CCPI Inc. ("CCPI"); CP Energy Services Inc. ("CP Energy"); Credit Central Loan Company, LLC ("Credit Central"); Echelon Aviation LLC ("Echelon"); Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC; First Tower Finance Company LLC ("First Tower Finance"); Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC ("Freedom Marine"); Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company ("Gulf Coast"); MITY, Inc. ("MITY"); NPRC; Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide Acceptance LLC) ("Nationwide"); NMMB, Inc. ("NMMB"); R-V Industries, Inc. ("R-V"); USES Corp. ("USES"); Valley Electric Company, Inc. ("Valley Electric"); and Wolf Energy, LLC. We also own an affiliated interest in Targus International, LLC ("Targus").

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by level of control as of March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2016:

	March 31, 2017						June 30, 20)16)				
Level of Control	Cost	% of Portfo	olio	Fair Value	% of Portf	olio	Cost	% of Portf	olio	Fair Value	% of Portf	olio	
Control Investments	\$1,939,427	731.0	%	\$1,892,719	31.4	%	\$1,768,220	29.0	%	\$1,752,449	29.7	%	
Affiliate Investments	8,530	0.1	%	7,239	0.1	%	10,758	0.2	%	11,320	0.2	%	
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments	4,305,472	68.9	%	4,124,808	68.5	%	4,312,122	70.8	%	4,133,939	70.1	%	
Total Investments	\$6,253,429	9100.0	%	\$6,024,766	5100.0)%	\$6,091,100	100.0)%	\$5,897,708	3 100.0)%	
The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by type of investment as of March 31, 2017 and													
June 30, 2016:													

	March 31, 2017						June 30, 2016					
Type of Investment	Cost	% of Portfo	lio	Fair Value	% of Portfo	lio	Cost	% of Portfo	lio	Fair Value	% of Portfo	lio
Revolving Line of Credit	\$21,471	0.3		\$21,471	0.4	%	\$13,274	0.2		\$13,274	0.2	%
Senior Secured Debt	3,090,513	49.4		2,922,332	48.5	%	3,072,839	50.5	%	2,941,722	49.9	%
Subordinated Secured Debt	1,239,061	19.8	%	1,230,677	20.4	%	1,228,598	20.2	%	1,209,604	20.5	%
Subordinated Unsecured Debt	37,792	0.6	%	41,995	0.7	%	75,878	1.2	%	68,358	1.2	%
Small Business Loans	11,075	0.2	%	10,521	0.2	%	14,603	0.2	%	14,215	0.2	%
CLO Residual Interest	1,145,589	18.4	%	1,072,517	17.8	%	1,083,540	17.8	%	1,009,696	17.1	%
Preferred Stock	138,616	2.2	%	79,468	1.3	%	140,902	2.3	%	81,470	1.4	%
Common Stock	309,429	4.9	%	342,308	5.7	%	229,389	3.8	%	258,498	4.4	%
Membership Interest	259,883	4.2	%	207,740	3.4	%	226,479	3.7	%	221,949	3.8	%
Participating Interest(1)	_		%	93,528	1.6	%	_		%	70,590	1.2	%
Escrow Receivable	_		%	2,209		%	3,916	0.1	%	6,116	0.1	%
Warrants	_		%	_			1,682		%	2,216		%
Total Investments	\$6,253,429	9100.0	%	\$6,024,766	5100.0	%	\$6,091,100	100.0	%	\$5,897,708	3100.0	%

⁽¹⁾ Participating Interest includes our participating equity investments, such as net profits interests, net operating income interests, net revenue interests, and overriding royalty interests.

The following shows our investments in interest bearing securities by type of investment as of March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2016:

	March 31,	March 31, 2017					June 30, 2016					
Type of Investment	Cost	% of Portfo	lio	Fair Value	% of Portfo	lio	Cost	% of Portfol	io	Fair Value	% of Portfo	lio
First Lien	\$3,107,088			\$2,938,907			\$3,079,689	56.1	%	\$2,948,572	256.1	%
Second Lien	1,243,957	22.4	%	1,235,573	23.3	%	1,235,022	22.5	%	1,216,028	23.1	%
Unsecured	37,792	0.7	%	41,995	0.8	%	75,878	1.4	%	68,358	1.3	%
Small Business Loans	11,075	0.2	%	10,521	0.2	%	14,603	0.3	%	14,215	0.3	%
CLO Residual Interest	1,145,589	20.7	%	1,072,517	20.2	%	1,083,540	19.7	%	1,009,696	19.2	%
Total Debt Investments	\$5,545,501	100.0	%	\$5,299,513	3100.0	%	\$5,488,732	2100.0	%	\$5,256,869	100.0	%
The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by geographic location as of March 31, 2017 and												
June 30, 2016:												

	March 31, 2017						16							
Geographic Location	n Cost	% of Portfo	lio ^{Fair V}	/alue	of ortfolio	Cost	% of Portfoli	o Fair Value	% of Portfo	lio				
Canada	\$9,822	0.2	% \$10,0	00 0.	2 %	\$15,000	0.2	% \$8,081	0.1	%				
Cayman Islands	1,145,589	18.3	% 1,072	,517 17	7.8 %	1,083,540	17.8	% 1,009,696	17.1	%				
France	9,796	0.2	% 9,186	0.3	2 %	9,756	0.2	% 9,015	0.2	%				
Midwest US	618,987	9.9	% 673,9	49 11	1.2 %	804,515	13.2	% 849,029	14.4	%				
Northeast US	903,619	14.4	% 930,6	23 15	5.4 %	838,331	13.8	% 824,408	13.9	%				
Northwest US	40,511	0.6	% 40,22	6 0.	7 %	41,317	0.7	% 40,122	0.7	%				
Puerto Rico	82,114	1.3	% 82,11	4 1.	4 %	40,516	0.7	% 40,516	0.7	%				
Southeast US	1,378,758	22.1	% 1,416	,998 23	3.5 %	1,498,976	24.6	% 1,531,944	26.0	%				
Southwest US	487,956	7.8	% 368,3	62 6.	0 %	586,701	9.6	% 486,695	8.3	%				
Western US	1,576,277	25.2	% 1,420	,791 23	3.6 %	1,172,448	19.2	% 1,098,202	18.6	%				
Total Investments	\$6,253,429	9100.0	% \$6,02	4,76610	00.0 %	\$6,091,100	100.0	% \$5,897,708	3100.0	%				

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by industry as of March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2016:

March 31, 2017

June 30, 2016

	March 31,		June 30, 2016								
Industry	Cost	% of	Fair Value	% of		Cost	Cost % of Fair Value				
•		Portfo)l10	Portfo			Portfo	Ol1O	Portfo		
Aerospace & Defense	\$69,837	1.1	% \$78,775	1.3		\$57,762	0.9	% \$60,821	1.0	%	
Air Freight & Logistics	54,806	0.9	% 54,806	0.9		55,784	0.9	% 51,824	0.9	% ~	
Auto Components	30,214	0.5	% 30,460	0.5		20,328	0.3	% 20,328	0.3	%	
Capital Markets	14,790	0.2	% 15,000	0.2		_		%	_	%	
Chemicals	20,217	0.3	% 19,832	0.3		22,453	0.4	% 20,563	0.3	%	
Commercial Services & Supplies		5.8	% 336,010	5.7		479,034	7.9	% 461,089	7.9	%	
Construction & Engineering	61,725	1.0	% 32,797	0.5		60,436	1.0	% 31,091	0.5	%	
Consumer Finance	465,383	7.4	% 484,252	8.0		449,203	7.4	% 474,652	8.0	%	
Distributors	140,847	2.3	% 132,644	2.2		190,835	3.1	% 186,606	3.2	%	
Diversified Consumer Services	185,832	3.0	% 185,127	3.1	%	176,678	2.9	% 179,346	3.0	%	
Diversified Telecommunication	4,395	0.1	% 4,395		0%	4,392	0.1	% 4,392	0.1	%	
Services	7,373	0.1	70 1 ,373		70	7,372	0.1	70 4 ,372	0.1	70	
Electronic Equipment,	37,850	0.6	% 51,184	0.8	0%	63,024	1.0	% 73,071	1.2	%	
Instruments & Components	37,030	0.0	/0 J1,10 4	0.0	70	03,024	1.0	70 73,071	1.4	70	
Energy Equipment & Services	355,144	5.7	% 151,078	2.5	%	353,398	5.8	% 178,506	3.0	%	
Equity Real Estate Investment	388,867	6.2	% 576,230	9.6	0%	335,048	5.5	% 480,763	8.2	%	
Trusts (REITs)	300,007	0.2	% 370,230	9.0	70	333,040	5.5	% 480,703	0.2	70	
Food & Staples Retailing	_		% —	_	%	17,876	0.3	% 18,000	0.3	%	
Food Products	_		% —		%	150,000	2.5	% 145,546	2.5	%	
Health Care Providers & Service	s417,579	6.8	% 417,078	7.0	%	304,908	5.0	% 305,503	5.2	%	
Health Care Technology			% —		%	2,228		% 2,842	_	%	
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	127,774	2.0	% 115,325	1.9	%	142,813	2.3	% 142,954	2.4	%	
Household Durables	146,641	2.3	% 146,756	2.4	%	106,831	1.8	% 107,394	1.8	%	
Internet & Direct Marketing	22.002	0.4	of 22 279	0.4	01			01		01	
Retail	22,082	0.4	% 22,378	0.4	%			% —	_	%	
Internet Software & Services	220,073	3.5	% 219,788	3.6	%	46,253	0.8	% 45,058	0.8	%	
IT Services	19,512	0.3	% 20,000	0.3	%	128,197	2.1	% 128,396	2.2	%	
Leisure Products	145,599	2.3	% 145,724	2.4	%	144,065	2.4	% 143,043	2.4	%	
Machinery	35,488	0.6	% 37,223	0.6	%	35,391	0.6	% 36,877	0.6	%	
Marine (1)	8,910	0.1	% 8,813	0.1		8,886	0.1	% 8,886	0.2	%	
Media	412,706	6.6	% 406,318	6.7		432,444	7.1	% 418,918	7.1	%	
Metals & Mining	9,948	0.2	% 10,000	0.2		9,934	0.2	% 9,309	0.2	%	
Online Lending	442,910	7.1	% 393,908	6.6		406,931	6.7	% 377,385	6.4	%	
Paper & Forest Products	11,287	0.2	% 11,313	0.2				%	_	%	
Personal Products	222,387	3.6	% 192,041	3.2		213,585	3.5	% 193,054	3.3	%	
Pharmaceuticals	119,364	1.9	% 119,364	2.0		70,739	1.2	% 70,739	1.2	%	
Professional Services	65,609	1.0	% 57,562	1.0		170,865	2.7	% 166,741	2.9	%	
Real Estate Management &	,										
Development	_		% <u> </u>		%	3,916	0.1	% 3,900	0.1	%	
Software	49,063	0.8	% 50,000	0.8	%	19,854	0.3	% 20,000	0.3	%	
Specialty Retail	39,443	0.6	% 40,000	0.7		_		% <u>—</u>	_	%	
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury											
Goods	319,529	5.1	% 305,953	5.1	%	323,139	5.3	% 319,904	5.4	%	
Tobacco	14,359	0.2	% 14,359	0.2	%		_	% —	_	%	
Trading Companies &											
Distributors	64,947	1.0	% 65,756	1.1	%	330	_	% 511	_	%	
· ·											

Subtotal	\$5,107,84081.7	% \$4,952,24982.2	%	\$5,007,56082.2	% \$4,888,01282.9	%
Structured Finance (2)	\$1,145,58918.3	% \$1,072,51717.8	%	\$1,083,54017.8	% \$1,009,69617.1	%
Total Investments	\$6,253,429100.0	% \$6,024,766100.0	%	\$6,091,100100.0	% \$5,897,708 100.0	%

Industry includes exposure to the energy markets through our investments in Harley Marine Services, Inc.

- (1) Including this investment, our overall fair value exposure to the broader energy industry, including energy equipment and services as noted above, as of March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2016 is \$159,891 and \$187,392, respectively.
- (2) Our CLO investments do not have industry concentrations and as such have been separated in the table above.

Portfolio Investment Activity

During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we acquired \$649,564 of new investments, completed follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies totaling approximately \$586,783, funded \$15,621 of revolver advances, and recorded PIK interest of \$14,326, resulting in gross investment originations of \$1,266,294. The more significant of these transactions are briefly described below.

On July 1, 2016, we made an investment of \$7,320 to purchase 19.7% of the subordinated notes in Madison Park Funding IX, Ltd.

On July 22, 2016, we made a \$32,500 Senior Secured Term Loan A and a \$32,500 Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investment in Universal Turbine Parts, LLC, an independent supplier of aftermarket turboprop engines and parts. The \$32,500 Term Loan A bears interest at the greater of 6.75% or LIBOR plus 5.75% and has a final maturity of July 22, 2021. The \$32,500 Term Loan B bears interest at the greater of 12.75% or LIBOR plus 11.75% and has a final maturity of July 22, 2021.

On August 9, 2016, we made an investment of \$29,634 to purchase 71.9% of the subordinated notes in Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2016-3, Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On August 17, 2016, we made a \$5,000 investment in BCD Acquisition, Inc. ("Big Tex"). On August 18, 2016, we sold our \$5,000 investment in Big Tex and realized a gain of \$138 on the sale.

On September 6, 2016, we made an additional investment of \$5,693 to purchase 18.0% of the subordinated notes in California Street CLO IX Ltd. (f/k/a Symphony CLO IX Ltd.).

On September 16, 2016, we made a \$15,000 second lien secured investment in J.D. Power and Associates, a global market research company, in support of an acquisition of the company. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 9.50% or LIBOR plus 8.50% and has a final maturity of September 7, 2024.

On September 28, 2016, we have made an additional \$12,523 second lien debt and \$2,098 equity investment in Credit Central. The note bears interest of 10.00% and interest payment in kind of 10.00%, and has a final maturity date of June 26, 2019.

On September 30, 2016, we made an investment of \$26,414 to purchase 50.2% of the subordinated notes in Voya 2016-3, Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On September 30, 2016, we made an additional \$22,500 of Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$22,500 of Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investment in Onyx Payments ("Onyx") to fund a dividend recapitalization. The \$22,500 Term Loan A bears interest at the greater of 6.00% or LIBOR plus 5.00% and has a final maturity of September 10, 2019. The \$22,500 Term Loan B bears interest at the greater of 13.00% or LIBOR plus 12.00% and has a final maturity of September 10, 2019.

On September 30, 2016, we made a \$10,000 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Matrixx Initiatives, Inc. ("Matrixx") to fund a dividend recapitalization. The \$5,000 Term Loan A bears interest at the greater of 7.50% or LIBOR plus 6.50% and has a final maturity of February 24, 2020. The \$5,000 Term Loan B bears interest at the greater of 12.50% or LIBOR plus 11.50% and has a final maturity of February 24, 2020.

On October 4, 2016, we made a \$40,000 second lien senior secured investment to support the recapitalization of Outerwall Inc., an automated network of self-service coin counting machines. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 9.75% or LIBOR plus 8.75% and has a final maturity of September 27, 2024.

On October 7, 2016, we made an \$11,500 second lien senior secured debt investment in Dunn Paper, Inc., a leading specialty packaging supplier, in support of an acquisition of the company. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 9.75% or LIBOR plus 8.75% and has a final maturity of August 26, 2023.

On October 14, 2016, we provided \$22,500 of second lien senior secured debt to support the refinancing of Vivid Seats LLC, a secondary marketplace for entertainment tickets. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.75% or LIBOR plus 9.75% and has a final maturity of October 12, 2023.

On October 20, 2016, we made a \$50,000 second lien senior secured debt investment in Rocket Software, Inc. ("Rocket") to support an acquisition and dividend recapitalization. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.50% or LIBOR plus 9.50% and has a final maturity of October 14, 2024.

On November 1, 2016, we made a \$13,000 second lien secured investment to support an acquisition of K&N Parent, Inc., a leader in aftermarket automotive performance filtration products. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 9.75% or LIBOR plus 8.75% and has a final maturity of October 20, 2024.

During the period from November 29, 2016 through December 7, 2016, we collectively made a \$34,000 second lien secured investment to fund a recapitalization of Digital Room LLC, an online printing and design company. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 11.00% or LIBOR plus 10.00% and has a final maturity of May 21, 2023.

On December 8, 2016, we made a \$15,400 second lien secured investment in National Home Healthcare Corp., a provider of home health and hospice care services, to support an acquisition. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.00% or LIBOR plus 9.00% and has a final maturity of December 8, 2022.

On December 9, 2016, we made a \$42,000 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Atlantis Health Care Group (Puerto Rico), Inc. to support a recapitalization. The senior secured term loan bears interest at the greater of 9.50% or LIBOR plus 8.00% and has a final maturity of February 21, 2020.

On December 9, 2016, we made a follow-on \$16,044 first lien senior secured debt and \$2,831 equity investment in Echelon to support an asset acquisition. The new senior secured term loan bears interest at the greater of 11.00% or LIBOR plus 9.00% and interest payment in kind of 1.0%, and has a final maturity of December 7, 2024.

On December 9, 2016, we made an investment of \$29,951 to purchase 69.0% of the subordinated notes in CIFC 2016-I, Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management L.P.

On December 22, 2016, we made a \$10,000 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Inpatient Care Management Company, LLC. The senior secured term loan bears interest at the greater of 11.50% or LIBOR plus 10.50% and has a final maturity of June 8, 2021.

On December 28, 2016, we made a \$45,000 second lien senior secured investment to fund a recapitalization of Keystone Peer Review Organization Holdings, Inc., a medical management services company. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.00% or LIBOR plus 9.00% and has a final maturity of July 28, 2023.

On December 28, 2016, we made a \$15,000 follow-on second lien senior secured debt investment in PGX Holdings, Inc. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.00% or LIBOR plus 9.00% and has a final maturity of September 29, 2021.

On January 17, 2017, we invested an additional \$8,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$8,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investments in MITY to fund an acquisition. Term Loan A bears interest at the greater of 10.00% or LIBOR plus 7.00% and has a final maturity of January 30, 2020. Term Loan B bears interest at the greater of 10.00% or LIBOR plus 7.00% and interest payment in kind of 10.0% and has a final maturity of January 30, 2020. On January 17, 2017, we made a \$68,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$68,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investments in Centerfield Media Holdings, LLC ("Centerfield"), a provider of customer acquisition and conversion services, to support an acquisition and refinancing of existing debt. Term Loan A bears interest at the greater of 8.00% or LIBOR plus 7.00% and has a final maturity of January 17, 2022. Term Loan B bears interest at the greater of 13.50% or LIBOR plus 12.50% and has a final maturity of January 17, 2022.

On January 31, 2017, we made a \$20,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$20,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investments in Traeger Pellet Grills LLC ("Traeger"), to fund a recapitalization of the company. Term Loan A bears interest at the greater of 6.50% or LIBOR plus 4.50% and has a final maturity of June 18, 2019. Term Loan B bears interest at the greater of 11.50% or LIBOR plus 9.50% and has a final maturity of June 18, 2019.

On February 1, 2017, we made a \$10,000 senior secured debt investment to support a recapitalization in CURO Financial Technologies Corp. The senior secured debt bears interest at 12.00% and has a final maturity of March 1, 2022. On March 17, 2017, CURO Group Holdings Corp (f/k/a Speedy Cash Holdings Corp.) repaid the \$25,000 loan receivable to us.

On February 17, 2017, we made a \$14,500 second lien secured investment in Turning Point Brands, Inc., a provider of other tobacco products. The second lien note bears interest at 11.00% and has a final maturity of August 17, 2022. On February 24, 2017, we made an additional \$33,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$7,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investment in Matrixx to fund a dividend recapitalization. Term Loan A bears interest at the greater of 7.50% or

LIBOR plus 6.50% and has a final maturity of February 24, 2020. Term Loan B bears interest at the greater of 12.50% or LIBOR plus 11.50% and has a final maturity of February 24, 2020.

On March 8, 2017, we made a \$20,000 second lien secured investment in VC GB Holdings II Corp. to support a refinancing and acquisition for Generation Brands Holdings, Inc. ("Generation Brands"). The second lien note bears interest at the greater of 9.00% or LIBOR plus 8.00% and has a final maturity of February 28, 2025.

On March 16, 2017, we made a first lien senior secured investment of \$38,000 to support the recapitalization of Memorial MRI & Diagnostic, L.L.C. ("Memorial MRI"), a provider of multi-modality diagnostic imaging and pain management services. The Term Loan bears interest at the greater of 9.50% or LIBOR plus 8.50% and has a final maturity of March 16, 2022.

On March 28, 2017, we made a \$15,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$15,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investment to support an acquisition of EZShield, Parent Inc., a provider of fraud and identify theft protection services. Term Loan A bears interest at the greater of 7.75% or LIBOR plus 6.75% and has a final maturity of February 26, 2021. Term Loan B bears interest at the greater of 12.75% or LIBOR plus 11.75% and has a final maturity of February 26, 2021.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we made twelve follow-on investments in NPRC totaling \$123,506 to support the online consumer lending initiative. We invested \$23,077 of equity through NPH and \$100,429 of debt directly to NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. We also provided \$75,591 of debt and \$25,200 of equity financing to NPRC, which was utilized for the acquisition of real estate properties. In addition, we provided \$11,028 of equity investment which was used to fund capital expenditures for existing properties.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we purchased \$42,164 of small business whole loans from OnDeck. During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we received full repayments on sixteen investments, sold three investments, and received several partial prepayments and amortization payments totaling \$1,061,839, which resulted in net realized gains totaling \$810. The more significant of these transactions are briefly described below.

On July 1, 2016, BNN Holdings Corp. ("Biotronic") was sold. The sale provided net proceeds for our minority position of \$2,365, resulting in a realized gain of \$137. During the three months ended December 31, 2016 we received remaining escrow proceeds, realizing an additional gain of \$50.

On August 9, 2016, JHH Holdings, Inc. repaid the \$35,507 loan receivable to us.

On August 19, 2016, we sold our investment in Nathan's Famous, Inc. ("Nathan's") for net proceeds of \$3,240 and realized a gain of \$240 on the sale.

On September 28, 2016, Rocket repaid the \$20,000 loan receivable to us.

On October 5, 2016, Focus Brands, Inc. repaid the \$18,000 loan receivable to us.

On October 13, 2016, Harbortouch Payments LLC ("Harbortouch") repaid the \$27,711 loan receivable to us.

On October 14, 2016, Security Alarm Financing Enterprise, L.P. repaid the \$25,000 loan receivable to us.

On October 14, 2016, Trinity Services Group, Inc. repaid the \$134,576 loan receivable to us.

On October 31, 2016, System One Holdings, LLC repaid the \$104,553 loan receivable to us.

On December 19, 2016, Empire Today, LLC repaid the \$50,426 loan receivable to us.

On December 20, 2016, Onyx repaid the \$70,130 Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$81,889 Senior Secured Term Loan B receivable to us.

On January 1, 2017, we restructured our investment in NPRC and exchanged \$55,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan E for common stock.

On February 23, 2017, SESAC Holdco II LLC repaid the \$10,000 loan receivable to us.

On February 28, 2017, Generation Brands repaid the \$19,000 loan receivable to us.

On March 20, 2017, Arctic Glacier U.S.A., Inc. repaid the \$150,000 loan receivable to us.

On March 31, 2017, ALG USA Holdings, LLC repaid the \$11,771 loan receivable to us.

On March 14, 2017, assets previously held by Ark-La-Tex Wireline Services, LLC ("Ark-La-Tex") were assigned to Wolf Energy Services, a new wholly-owned subsidiary of Wolf Energy Holdings, in exchange for a full reduction of Ark-La-Tex's Senior Secured Term Loan A and a partial reduction of the Senior Secured Term Loan B cost basis, in total equal to \$22,145. The cost basis of the transferred assets is equal to the appraised fair value of assets at the time of transfer.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we received a partial repayment of \$105,832 for the NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries' loan previously outstanding and \$36,169 as a return of capital on the equity investment in NPRC.

The following table provides a summary of our investment activity for each quarter within the three years ending June 30, 2017:

Quarter Ended	Acquisitions(1)	Dispositions(2)
September 30, 2014	714,255	690,194
December 31, 2014	522,705	224,076
March 31, 2015	219,111	108,124
June 30, 2015	411,406	389,168
September 30, 2015	345,743	436,919
December 31, 2015	316,145	354,855
March 31, 2016	23,176	163,641
June 30, 2016	294,038	383,460
September 30, 2016	347,150	114,331
December 31, 2016	469,537	644,995
March 31, 2017	449,607	302,513

- (1) Includes investments in new portfolio companies, follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies, refinancings and PIK interest.
- (2) Includes sales, scheduled principal payments, prepayments, refinancings and realized losses. Investment Valuation

In determining the range of values for debt instruments, except CLOs and debt investments in controlling portfolio companies, management and the independent valuation firm estimated corporate and security credit ratings and identified corresponding yields to maturity for each loan from relevant market data. A discounted cash flow analysis was then prepared using the appropriate yield to maturity as the discount rate, to determine a range of values. In determining the range of values for debt investments of controlled companies and equity investments, the enterprise value was determined by applying earnings before income tax, interest, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") multiples, the discounted cash flow technique, net income and/or book value multiples for similar guideline public companies and/or similar recent investment transactions. For stressed debt and equity investments, a liquidation analysis was prepared.

In determining the range of values for our investments in CLOs, management and the independent valuation firm use primarily a discounted multi-path cash flow model. The valuations were accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to

identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view as well as to determine an appropriate call date (i.e., expected maturity). These risk factors are sensitized using Monte Carlo simulations to generate probability-weighted (i.e., multi-path) cash flows for the underlying assets and liabilities. These cash flows are discounted using appropriate market discount rates, and relevant data in the CLO market and certain benchmark credit indices are considered, to determine the value of each CLO investment. In addition, we generate a single-path cash flow utilizing our best estimate of expected cash receipts, and assess the reasonableness of the discount rate that would be effective for the corresponding multi-path estimate of value.

With respect to our online consumer and SME lending initiative, we invest primarily in marketplace loans through marketplace lending facilitators. We do not conduct loan origination activities ourselves. Therefore, our ability to purchase consumer and SME loans, and our ability to grow our portfolio of consumer and SME loans, are directly

influenced by the business performance and competitiveness of the marketplace loan origination business of the marketplace lending facilitators from which we purchase consumer and SME loans. In addition, our ability to analyze the risk-return profile of consumer and SME loans is significantly dependent on the marketplace facilitator's ability to effectively evaluate a borrower's credit profile and likelihood of default. If we

are unable to effectively evaluate borrowers' credit profiles or the credit decisioning and scoring models implemented by each facilitator, we may incur unanticipated losses which could adversely impact our operating results. The Board of Directors looked at several factors in determining where within the range to value the asset including: recent operating and financial trends for the asset, independent ratings obtained from third parties, comparable multiples for recent sales of companies within the industry and discounted cash flow models for our investments in CLOs. The composite of all these analyses, applied to each investment, was a total valuation of \$6,024,766. Our portfolio companies are generally lower middle market companies, outside of the financial sector, with less than \$100,000 of annual EBITDA. We believe our market has experienced less volatility than others because we believe there are more buy and hold investors who own these less liquid investments.

Control investments offer increased risk and reward over straight debt investments. Operating results and changes in market multiples can result in dramatic changes in values from quarter to quarter. Significant downturns in operations can further result in our looking to recoveries on sales of assets rather than the enterprise value of the investment. Equity positions in our portfolio are susceptible to potentially significant changes in value, both increases as well as decreases, due to changes in operating results and market multiples. Several of our controlled companies discussed below experienced such decreases and we recorded corresponding fluctuations in valuations during the nine months ended March 31, 2017.

Arctic Energy Services, LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc. ("Arctic Equipment"), a Consolidated Holding Company. Arctic Equipment owns 70% of the equity of Arctic Energy, with Ailport Holdings, LLC (100% owned and controlled by Arctic Energy management) owning the remaining 30% of the equity of Arctic Energy. Arctic Energy provides oilfield service personnel, well testing flowback equipment, frac support systems and other services to exploration and development companies in the Rocky Mountains.

The Board of Directors decreased the fair value of our investment in Arctic Energy to \$15,258 as of March 31, 2017, a discount of \$45,618 to its amortized cost, compared to the discount of \$22,536 to its amortized cost as of June 30, 2016. The decrease in fair value was driven primarily by the impact of current energy market conditions resulting in a continued decline in operating performance.

CP Energy Services Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of CP Holdings, a Consolidated Holding Company. CP Holdings owns 82.3% of the equity of CP Energy, and the remaining 17.7% of the equity is owned by CP Energy management. CP Energy provides oilfield flowback services and fluid hauling and disposal services through its subsidiaries As a result of a continued decline in operating performance primarily driven by the impact of current energy market conditions, the Board of Directors decreased the fair value of our investment in CP Energy to \$71,205 as of March 31, 2017, a discount of \$42,295 from its amortized cost, compared to the discount of \$37,498 to its amortized cost as of June 30, 2016.

Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Energy Solutions, a Consolidated Holding Company. Energy Solutions owns 100% of Freedom Marine. Freedom Marine owns 100% of each of Vessel Company, LLC, Vessel Company II, LLC, and Vessel Company III, LLC. Freedom Marine owns, manages, and operates offshore supply vessels to provide transportation and support services for the oil and gas exploration and production industries in the Gulf of Mexico. On October 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in Freedom Marine. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$32,500 senior secured loans for additional membership interest in Freedom Marine.

The Board of Directors decreased the fair value of our investment in Freedom Marine to \$23,994 as of March 31, 2017, a discount of \$17,817 to its amortized cost, compared to a discount of \$14,192 to its amortized cost as of June 30, 2016. The decline in fair value was driven by the continuing challenging environment for the oil and gas industry, which has decreased the utilization of their vessels.

Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company

We own 100% of the preferred equity of Gulf Coast. Gulf Coast is a provider of value-added forging solutions to energy and industrial end markets.

On November 8, 2013, Gulf Coast issued \$25,950 of convertible preferred stock to Prospect (representing 99.9% of the voting securities of Gulf Coast) in exchange for crediting the same amount to the first lien term loan previously outstanding, leaving a first lien loan balance of \$15,000.

Due to the continued depressed energy markets coupled with lower steel prices and lower margins from increased competition in non-oil and gas forging markets, the Board of Directors decreased the fair value of our investment in Gulf Coast to \$7,144 as of March 31, 2017, a discount of \$58,209 to its amortized cost, compared to the discount of \$53,063 to its amortized cost at June 30, 2016.

National Property REIT Corp.

NPRC is a Maryland corporation and a qualified REIT for federal income tax purposes. NPRC is held for purposes of investing, operating, financing, leasing, managing and selling a portfolio of real estate assets and engages in any and all other activities that may be necessary, incidental, or convenient to perform the foregoing. NPRC acquires real estate assets, including, but not limited to, industrial, commercial, and multi-family properties. NPRC may acquire real estate assets directly or through joint ventures by making a majority equity investment in a property-owning entity. Additionally, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, NPRC invests in online consumer loans. Effective May 23, 2016, APRC and UPRC merged with and into NPRC, to consolidate all of our real estate holdings, with NPRC as the surviving entity. As of March 31, 2017, we own 100% of the fully-diluted common equity of NPRC. During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we provided \$75,591 of debt and \$25,200 of equity financing to NPRC for the acquisition of real estate properties and \$11,028 of equity financing to NPRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. In addition, during the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we received partial repayments of \$27,204 of our loans previously outstanding and \$30,797 as a return of capital on our equity investment.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we provided \$100,429 and \$23,077 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries to support the online consumer lending initiative. In addition, during the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we received partial repayments of \$78,628 of our loans previously outstanding with NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries and \$5,372 as a return of capital on our equity investment in NPRC.

The online consumer loan investments held by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries are unsecured obligations of individual borrowers that are issued in amounts ranging from \$1 to \$50, with fixed terms ranging from 24 to 84 months. As of March 31, 2017, the outstanding investment in online consumer loans by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries was comprised of 119,859 individual loans and had an aggregate fair value of \$774,990. The average outstanding individual loan balance is approximately \$7 and the loans mature on dates ranging from April 1, 2017 to March 22, 2024 with a weighted-average outstanding term of 32 months as of March 31, 2017. Fixed interest rates range from 4.0% to 36.0% with a weighted-average current interest rate of 24.1%. As of March 31, 2017, our investment in NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries relating to online consumer lending had a fair value of \$383,387.

As of March 31, 2017, based on outstanding principal balance, 6.0% of the portfolio was invested in super prime loans (borrowers with a Fair Isaac Corporation ("FICO") score, of 720 or greater), 16.8% of the portfolio in prime loans (borrowers with a FICO score of 660 to 719) and 77.2% of the portfolio in near prime loans (borrowers with a FICO score of 580 to 659).

Loan Type	Outstanding Principal Balance	Fair Value	Weighted Average Interest Rate*
Super Prime	\$ 48,184	\$47,576	11.8%
Prime	135,885	131,058	15.6%
Near Prime	625,694	596,356	26.9%

^{*}Weighted by outstanding principal balance of the online consumer loans.

As of March 31, 2017, our investment in NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries had an amortized cost of \$820,702 and a fair value of \$959,617, including our investment in online consumer lending as discussed above. The fair value of \$576,230 related to NPRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of thirty-eight multi-families properties, twelve self-storage units, eight student housing properties and three commercial properties. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by NPRC as of March 31, 2017.

Acquisition Purchase Mortgage

Nο	Property Name	City	Acquisition		
110.		City	Date	Price	Outstanding
1	Filet of Chicken	Forest Park, GA	10/24/2012	\$ 7,400	\$ —
2	5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC	Tampa, FL	1/17/2013	63,400	46,700
3	Lofton Place, LLC	Tampa, FL	4/30/2013	26,000	20,363
4	Arlington Park Marietta, LLC	Marietta, GA	5/8/2013	14,850	9,650
5	NPRC Carroll Resort, LLC	Pembroke Pines, FL	6/24/2013	225,000	179,706
6	Cordova Regency, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	13,750	11,375
7	Crestview at Oakleigh, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	17,500	13,845
8	Inverness Lakes, LLC	Mobile, AL	11/15/2013	29,600	24,700
9	Kings Mill Pensacola, LLC	Pensacola, FL	11/15/2013	20,750	17,550
10	Plantations at Pine Lake, LLC	Tallahassee, FL	11/15/2013	18,000	14,092
11	Verandas at Rocky Ridge, LLC	Birmingham, AL	11/15/2013	15,600	10,205
12	Matthews Reserve II, LLC	Matthews, NC	11/19/2013	22,063	19,941
13	City West Apartments II, LLC	Orlando, FL	11/19/2013	23,562	23,308
14	Vinings Corner II, LLC	Smyrna, GA	11/19/2013	35,691	32,964
15	Uptown Park Apartments II, LLC	Altamonte Springs, FL	11/19/2013	36,590	29,816
16	Mission Gate II, LLC	Plano, TX	11/19/2013	47,621	41,658
17	St. Marin Apartments II, LLC	Coppell, TX	11/19/2013	73,078	62,468
18	Atlanta Eastwood Village LLC	Stockbridge, GA	12/12/2013	25,957	22,991
19	Atlanta Monterey Village LLC	Jonesboro, GA	12/12/2013	11,501	11,186
20	Atlanta Hidden Creek LLC	Morrow, GA	12/12/2013	5,098	4,789
21	Atlanta Meadow Springs LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	13,116	13,170
22	Atlanta Meadow View LLC	College Park, GA	12/12/2013	14,354	13,225
23	Atlanta Peachtree Landing LLC	Fairburn, GA	12/12/2013	17,224	15,665
24	APH Carroll Bartram Park, LLC	Jacksonville, FL	12/31/2013	38,000	27,754
25	Plantations at Hillcrest, LLC	Mobile, AL	1/17/2014	6,930	4,810
26	Crestview at Cordova, LLC	Pensacola, FL	1/17/2014	8,500	8,001
27	APH Carroll Atlantic Beach, LLC	Atlantic Beach, FL	1/31/2014	13,025	8,663
28	Taco Bell, OK	Yukon, OK	6/4/2014	1,719	
29	Taco Bell, MO	Marshall, MO	6/4/2014	1,405	
30	23 Mile Road Self Storage, LLC	Chesterfield, MI	8/19/2014	5,804	4,350
31	36th Street Self Storage, LLC	Wyoming, MI	8/19/2014	4,800	3,600
32	Ball Avenue Self Storage, LLC	Grand Rapids, MI	8/19/2014	7,281	5,460
33	Ford Road Self Storage, LLC	Westland, MI	8/29/2014	4,642	3,480
34	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Ann Arbor, MI	8/29/2014	4,458	3,345
35	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Ann Arbor, MI	8/29/2014	8,927	6,695
36	Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC	Kalamazoo, MI	8/29/2014	2,363	1,775
37	Canterbury Green Apartments Holdings LLC	Fort Wayne, IN	9/29/2014	85,500	74,198
38	Abbie Lakes OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	12,600	13,055
39	Kengary Way OH Partners, LLC	Reynoldsburg, OH	9/30/2014	11,500	13,502
		· ·			

No.	Property Name	City	Acquisition Date	Purchase Price	Mortgage Outstanding
40	Lakeview Trail OH Partners, LLC	Canal Winchester, OH	9/30/2014	26,500	23,256
41	Lakepoint OH Partners, LLC	Pickerington, OH	9/30/2014	11,000	14,480
42	Sunbury OH Partners, LLC	Columbus, OH	9/30/2014	13,000	14,115
43	Heatherbridge OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	18,416	18,328
44	Jefferson Chase OH Partners, LLC	Blacklick, OH	9/30/2014	13,551	17,200
45	Goldenstrand OH Partners, LLC	Hilliard, OH	10/29/2014	7,810	9,600
46	Jolly Road Self Storage, LLC	Okemos, MI	1/16/2015	7,492	5,620
47	Eaton Rapids Road Self Storage, LLC	Lansing West, MI	1/16/2015	1,741	1,305
48	Haggerty Road Self Storage, LLC	Novi, MI	1/16/2015	6,700	5,025
49	Waldon Road Self Storage, LLC	Lake Orion, MI	1/16/2015	6,965	5,225
50	Tyler Road Self Storage, LLC	Ypsilanti, MI	1/16/2015	3,507	2,630
51	SSIL I, LLC	Aurora, IL	11/5/2015	34,500	26,450
52	Vesper Tuscaloosa, LLC	Tuscaloosa, AL	9/28/2016	54,500	41,250
53	Vesper Iowa City, LLC	Iowa City, IA	9/28/2016	32,750	24,825
54	Vesper Corpus Christi, LLC	Corpus Christi, TX	9/28/2016	14,250	10,800
55	Vesper Campus Quarters, LLC	Corpus Christi, TX	9/28/2016	18,350	14,175
56	Vesper College Station, LLC	College Station, TX	9/28/2016	41,500	32,058
57	Vesper Kennesaw, LLC	Kennesaw, GA	9/28/2016	57,900	44,727
58	Vesper Statesboro, LLC	Statesboro, GA	9/28/2016	7,500	5,292
59	Vesper Manhattan KS, LLC	Manhattan, KS	9/28/2016	23,250	15,921
60	JSIP Union Place, LLC	Franklin, MA	12/7/2016	64,750	51,800
61	9220 Old Lantern Way, LLC	Laurel, MD	1/30/2017	187,250	153,580
				\$1,648,341	\$1,355,717

The Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in NPRC to \$959,617 as of March 31, 2017, a premium of \$138,915 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$116,557 unrealized appreciation, inclusive of APRC and UPRC, recorded at June 30, 2016. This increase is primarily due to improved operating performance at the property level.

NMMB, Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of NMMB Holdings, a Consolidated Holding Company. NMMB Holdings owns 96.33% of the fully-diluted equity of NMMB (f/k/a NMMB Acquisition, Inc.), with NMMB management owning the remaining 3.67% of the equity. NMMB owns 100% of Refuel Agency, Inc. ("Refuel Agency"). Refuel Agency owns 100% of Armed Forces Communications, Inc. NMMB is an advertising media buying business.

Due to reduced operating expenses resulting from a realignment of operations, new initiatives and improved focus on core business segments, the Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in NMMB to \$17,145 as of March 31, 2017, a discount of \$6,438 to its amortized cost, compared to the discount of \$13,576 to its amortized cost at June 30, 2016.

USES Corp.

We own 99.96% of USES as of March 31, 2017. USES provides industrial and environmental services in the Gulf States region. USES offers industrial services, such as tank and chemical cleaning, hydro blasting, waste management, vacuum, safety training, turnaround management, and oilfield response/remediation services.

On June 15, 2016, we provided additional \$1,300 debt financing to USES and its subsidiaries in the form of additional Term Loan A debt and, in connection with such Term Loan A debt financing, USES issued to us 99,900 shares of its common stock. On June 29, 2016, we provided additional \$2,200 debt financing to USES and its subsidiaries in the form of additional Term Loan A debt and, in connection with such Term Loan A debt financing, USES issued to us 169,062 shares of its common stock. As a result of such debt financing and recapitalization, as of June 29, 2016, we held 268,962 shares of USES common stock representing a 99.96% common equity ownership interest in USES.

Due to an industry-wide decline in emergency response activity as well as a decline in revenues from other service lines, the Board of Directors determined the fair value of our investment in USES to be \$23,458 as of March 31, 2017, a discount of \$39,768 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$21,440 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2016.

Valley Electric Company, Inc.

We own 94.99% of Valley Electric as of March 31, 2017. Valley Electric owns 100% of the equity of VE Company, Inc., which owns 100% of the equity of Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. ("Valley"). Valley is a leading provider of specialty electrical services in the state of Washington and is among the top 50 electrical contractors in the U.S. The company, with its headquarters in Everett, Washington, offers a comprehensive array of contracting services, primarily for commercial, industrial, and transportation infrastructure applications, including new installation, engineering and design, design-build, traffic lighting and signalization, low to medium voltage power distribution, construction management, energy management and control systems, 24-hour electrical maintenance and testing, as well as special projects and tenant improvement services. Valley was founded in 1982 by the Ward family, who held the company until the end of 2012.

On December 31, 2012, we acquired 96.3% of the outstanding shares of Valley. On June 24, 2014, Prospect and management of Valley formed Valley Electric and contributed their shares of Valley stock to Valley Electric. Valley management made an additional equity investment in Valley Electric, reducing our ownership to 94.99%. In early 2016, Valley's project backlog and revenue steadily improved primarily due to a more robust construction market in the state of Washington and successful project execution.

Due to increased project margins partially offset by the softening of the energy markets, the Board of Directors determined the fair value of our investment in Valley Electric to be \$32,797 as of March 31, 2017, a discount of \$28,928 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$29,345 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2016. Our controlled investments, other than those discussed above, have seen steady or improved operating performance and are valued at \$53,450 above cost. Overall, combined with those portfolio companies impacted by the energy markets and discussed above, our controlled investments at March 31, 2017 are valued at \$46,708 below their amortized cost.

With the non-control/non-affiliate investments, generally, there is less volatility related to our total investments because our equity positions tend to be smaller than with our control/affiliate investments, and debt investments are generally not as susceptible to large swings in value as equity investments. For debt investments, the fair value is generally limited on the high side to each loan's par value, plus any prepayment premium that could be imposed. Many of the debt investments in this category have not experienced a significant change in value, as they were previously valued at or near par value. Non-control/non-affiliate investments did not experience significant changes and are generally performing as expected or better. However, as of March 31, 2017, three of our non-control/non-affiliate investments, Ark-La-Tex, Pacific World Corporation ("Pacific World") and Spartan Energy Services, Inc. are valued at discounts to amortized cost of \$19,997, \$30,789 and \$17,653, respectively. As of March 31, 2017, our CLO investment portfolio is valued at a \$73,072 discount to amortized cost. Excluding these investments, non-control/non-affiliate investments at March 31, 2017 are valued \$39,153 below their amortized cost.

Capitalization

Our investment activities are capital intensive and the availability and cost of capital is a critical component of our business. We capitalize our business with a combination of debt and equity. Our debt as of March 31, 2017 consists of: a Revolving Credit Facility availing us of the ability to borrow debt subject to borrowing base determinations; Convertible Notes which we issued in April 2012, August 2012, December 2012 and April 2014; Public Notes which we issued in March 2013, April 2014, December 2015, and from time to time, through our 2024 Notes Follow-on Program; and Prospect Capital InterNotes® which we issue from time to time. Our equity capital is comprised entirely of common equity.

The following table shows our outstanding debt as of March 31, 2017.

	Principal Outstanding	issuance		Fair Value (1)	Effective Interest Rate	:
Revolving Credit Facility (2)	\$ —	Costs \$ 5,463	\$—	(3)\$—	1ML+2.25%	(6)
2017 Notes	129,500	365	129,135	131,220	(4) 5.91	%(7)
2018 Notes	200,000	1,239	198,761	205,514	(4)6.42	%(7)
2019 Notes	200,000	2,128	197,872	205,734	(4)6.51	%(7)
2020 Notes	392,000	6,986	385,014	387,100	(4)5.38	%(7)
Convertible Notes	921,500		910,782	929,568		
5.00% 2019 Notes	300,000	1,901	298,099	310,023	(4)5.29	%(7)
2023 Notes	250,000	4,236	245,764	259,450	(4)6.22	%(7)
2024 Notes	199,281	5,342	193,939	206,455	(4)6.72	%(7)
Public Notes	749,281		737,802	775,928		
Prospect Capital InterNotes® Total	1,005,859 \$ 2,676,640	14,514	991,345 \$2,639,929	1,015,593 \$2,721,089	` '	%(8)

As permitted by ASC 825-10-25, we have not elected to value our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes,

- (1) Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® at fair value. The fair value of these debt obligations are categorized as Level 2 under ASC 820 as of March 31, 2017.
- (2) The maximum draw amount of the Revolving Credit facility as of March 31, 2017 is \$885,000.
- (3) Net Carrying Value excludes deferred financing costs associated with the Revolving Credit Facility. See Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates for accounting policy details.
- (4) We use available market quotes to estimate the fair value of the Convertible Notes and Public Notes.
- (5) The fair value of Prospect Capital InterNotes® is estimated by discounting remaining payments using current Treasury rates plus spread.
- Represents the rate on drawn down and outstanding balances. Deferred debt issuance costs are amortized on a straight-line method over the stated life of the obligation.
 - The effective interest rate is equal to the effect of the stated interest, the accretion of original issue discount and
- (7) amortization of debt issuance costs. For the 2024 Notes, the rate presented is a combined effective interest rate of the 2024 Notes and 2024 Notes Follow-on Program.
- (8) For the Prospect Capital InterNotes®, the rate presented is the weighted average effective interest rate.

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of March 31, 2017.

Payments Due by Period

	Total	Less than 1 Year	After 5		
	Total	Year	1 – 3 1 cai	85 – 5 1 Cai	Years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$	\$—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Convertible Notes	921,500	329,500	200,000	392,000	_
Public Notes	749,281		300,000	_	449,281
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	1,005,859	40,040	276,241	451,879	237,699
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,676,640	\$ 369,540	\$776,241	\$843,879	\$686,980

On April 6, 2017, we refinanced a majority of our debt with payments due in less than one year by issuing \$225,000 aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes due July 15, 2022 which bear interest at a rate of 4.95% per year, and repurchasing \$78,766 aggregate principal amount of 2017 Notes which bear interest at a rate of 5.375% and \$114,581 aggregate principal amount of 2018 Notes which bear interest at a rate of 5.75%.

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2016.

Payments Due by Period

	Total	Less than 1	1 – 3 Year	s3 – 5 Years	After 5
		r ear			rears
Revolving Credit Facility	\$ —	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ —	\$ —	\$—
Convertible Notes	1,089,000	167,500	529,500	392,000	_
Public Notes	711,380	_	_	300,000	411,380
Prospect Capital InterNotes®	908,808	8,819	257,198	360,599	282,192
Total Contractual Obligations	\$2,709,188	\$ 176,319	\$786,698	\$1,052,599	\$693,572

Historically, we have funded a portion of our cash needs through borrowings from banks, issuances of senior securities, including secured, unsecured and convertible debt securities, or issuances of common equity. For flexibility, we maintain a universal shelf registration statement that allows for the public offering and sale of our debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights, and warrants and units to purchase such securities in an amount up to \$5,000,000 less issuances to date. As of March 31, 2017, we can issue up to \$4,945,873 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market under this shelf registration. We may from time to time issue securities pursuant to the shelf registration statement or otherwise pursuant to private offerings. The issuance of debt or equity securities will depend on future market conditions, funding needs and other factors and there can be no assurance that any such issuance will occur or be successful.

Each of our Unsecured Notes (as defined below) are our general, unsecured obligations and rank equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsecured indebtedness and will be senior in right of payment to any of our subordinated indebtedness that may be issued in the future. The Unsecured Notes are effectively subordinated to our existing secured indebtedness, such as our credit facility, and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of any of our subsidiaries.

Revolving Credit Facility

On August 29, 2014, we renegotiated our previous credit facility and closed an expanded five and a half year revolving credit facility (the "2014 Facility" or the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The lenders have extended commitments of \$885,000 under the 2014 Facility as of March 31, 2017. The 2014 Facility includes an accordion feature which allows commitments to be increased up to \$1,500,000 in the aggregate. The revolving period of the 2014 Facility extends through March 2019, with an additional one year amortization period (with distributions allowed) after the completion of the revolving period. During such one year amortization period, all principal payments on the pledged assets will be applied to reduce the balance. At the end of the one year amortization period, the remaining balance will become due, if required by the lenders.

The 2014 Facility contains restrictions pertaining to the geographic and industry concentrations of funded loans, maximum size of funded loans, interest rate payment frequency of funded loans, maturity dates of funded loans and

minimum equity requirements. The 2014 Facility also contains certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, violation of which could result in the early termination of the 2014 Facility. The

2014 Facility also requires the maintenance of a minimum liquidity requirement. As of March 31, 2017, we were in compliance with the applicable covenants.

Interest on borrowings under the 2014 Facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the 2014 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least 35% of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise. The 2014 Facility requires us to pledge assets as collateral in order to borrow under the credit facility.

As of March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2016, we had \$668,589 and \$538,456, respectively, available to us for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility, of which nothing was outstanding at either date. As additional eligible investments are transferred to PCF and pledged under the Revolving Credit Facility, PCF will generate additional availability up to the current commitment amount of \$885,000. As of March 31, 2017, the investments, including cash and money market funds, used as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility had an aggregate fair value of \$1,530,920, which represents 24.9% of our total investments, including cash and money market funds. These assets are held and owned by PCF, a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, and as such, these investments are not available to our general creditors. The release of any assets from PCF requires the approval of the facility agent. In connection with the origination and amendments of the Revolving Credit Facility, we incurred \$12,405 of fees, of which \$3,539 were carried over for continuing participants from the previous facility, all of which are being amortized over the term of the facility in accordance with ASC 470-50. \$5,463 remains to be amortized and is reflected as deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of March 31, 2017. During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we recorded \$3,218 and \$3,046, respectively, of interest costs, unused fees and amortization of financing costs on the Revolving Credit Facility as interest expense. During the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we recorded \$9,247 and \$10,291, respectively, of interest costs, unused fees and amortization of financing costs on the Revolving Credit Facility as interest expense. Convertible Notes

On December 21, 2010, we issued \$150,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that matured on December 15, 2015 (the "2015 Notes"). The 2015 Notes bore interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable semi-annually on June 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning June 15, 2011. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2015 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$145,200. On December 15, 2015, we repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2015 Notes, plus interest. No gain or loss was realized on the transaction. On February 18, 2011, we issued \$172,500 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on August 15, 2016 (the "2016 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2016 Notes bore interest at a rate of 5.50% per year, payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15 of each year, beginning August 15, 2011. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2016 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$167,325. Between January 30, 2012 and February 2, 2012, we repurchased \$5,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Notes at a price of 97.5, including commissions. The transactions resulted in our recognizing \$10 of loss in the year ended June 30, 2012. On August 15, 2016, we repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2016 Notes, plus interest. No gain or loss was realized on the transaction.

On April 16, 2012, we issued \$130,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on October 15, 2017 (the "2017 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2017 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.375% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning October 15, 2012. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2017 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$126,035. On March 28, 2016, we repurchased \$500 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes at a price of 98.25, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a \$9 gain for the period ended March 31, 2016. On April 6, 2017, we repurchased \$78,766 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes at a price of 102.0% of face value, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the 2017 Notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on extinguishment of debt we recorded in the three months ending June 30, 2017 was \$1,797.

On August 14, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on March 15, 2018 (the "2018 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2018 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.75% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2018 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600. On April 6, 2017, we repurchased \$114,581 aggregate principal amount of the 2018 Notes at a price of 103.5% of face value, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the 2018 Notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on extinguishment of debt we recorded in the three months ending June 30, 2017 was \$4,720.

On December 21, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on January 15, 2019 (the "2019 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600.

On April 11, 2014, we issued \$400,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on April 15, 2020 (the "2020 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2020 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.75% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 each year, beginning October 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2020 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$387,500. On January 30, 2015, we repurchased \$8,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes at a price of 93.0, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a gain of \$332, in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs.

Certain key terms related to the convertible features for the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes and the 2020 Notes (collectively, the "Convertible Notes") are listed below.

	2017	2018	2019 Notes	2020
	Notes	Notes	2019 Notes	Notes
Initial conversion rate(1)	85.8442	82.3451	79.7766	80.6647
Initial conversion price	\$11.65	\$12.14	\$12.54	\$12.40
Conversion rate at March 31, 2017(1)(2)	87.7516	84.1497	79.8360	80.6670
Conversion price at March 31, 2017(2)(3)	\$11.40	\$11.88	\$12.53	\$12.40
Last conversion price calculation date	4/16/2017	8/14/2016	12/21/2016	4/11/2017
Dividend threshold amount (per share)(4)	\$0.101500	\$0.101600	\$0.110025	\$0.110525

- (1) Conversion rates denominated in shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted.
- (2) Represents conversion rate and conversion price, as applicable, taking into account certain de minimis adjustments that will be made on the conversion date.
- (3) The conversion price will increase only if the current monthly dividends (per share) exceed the dividend threshold amount (per share).

The conversion rate is increased if monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend (4)threshold amount, subject to adjustment. Current dividend rates are below the minimum dividend threshold amount for further conversion rate adjustments for all bonds.

Upon conversion, unless a holder converts after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, the holder will receive a separate cash payment with respect to the notes surrendered for conversion representing accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the conversion date. Any such payment will be made on the settlement date applicable to the relevant conversion on the Convertible Notes.

No holder of Convertible Notes will be entitled to receive shares of our common stock upon conversion to the extent (but only to the extent) that such receipt would cause such converting holder to become, directly or indirectly, a beneficial owner (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) of more than 5.0% of the shares of our common stock outstanding at such time. The 5.0% limitation shall no longer apply following the effective date of any fundamental change. We will not issue

any shares in connection with the conversion or redemption of the Convertible Notes which would equal or exceed 20% of the shares outstanding at the time of the transaction in accordance with NASDAQ rules. Subject to certain exceptions, holders may require us to repurchase, for cash, all or part of their Convertible Notes upon a fundamental change at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes being repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date. In addition, upon a fundamental change that constitutes a

non-stock change of control we will also pay holders an amount in cash equal to the present value of all remaining interest payments (without duplication of the foregoing amounts) on such Convertible Notes through and including the maturity date.

In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes, we incurred \$29,116 of fees which are being amortized over the terms of the notes, of which \$10,718 remains to be amortized and is included as a reduction within Convertible Notes on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of March 31, 2017.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we recorded \$13,484 and \$16,039, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Convertible Notes as interest expense. During the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we recorded \$41,674 and \$52,957, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Convertible Notes as interest expense.

Public Notes

On March 15, 2013, we issued \$250,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on March 15, 2023 (the "2023 Notes"). The 2023 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2023 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$243,641.

On April 7, 2014, we issued \$300,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on July 15, 2019 (the "5.00% 2019 Notes"). Included in the issuance is \$45,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® that were exchanged for the 5.00% 2019 Notes. The 5.00% 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.00% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 5.00% 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$295,998.

On December 10, 2015, we issued \$160,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on June 15, 2024 (the "2024 Notes"). The 2024 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable quarterly on March 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2016. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2024 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$155,043. On June 16, 2016, we entered into an at-the-market program with FBR Capital Markets & Co. through which we could sell, by means of at-the-market offerings, from time to time, up to \$100,000 in aggregate principal amount of our existing 2024 Notes ("2024 Notes Follow-on Program"). As of March 31, 2017, we issued \$199,281 in aggregate principal amount of our 2024 Notes for net proceeds of \$193,253 after commissions and offering costs.

The 2023 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, and the 2024 Notes (collectively, the "Public Notes") are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. In connection with the issuance of the 2023 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, and the 2024 Notes, we incurred \$13,613 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$9,521 remains to be amortized and is included as a reduction within Public Notes on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of March 31, 2017. During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we recorded \$11,026 and \$10,352, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Public Notes as interest expense. During the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we recorded \$32,864 and \$26,513, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Public Notes as interest expense.

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

On February 16, 2012, we entered into a selling agent agreement (the "Selling Agent Agreement") with Incapital LLC, as purchasing agent for our issuance and sale from time to time of up to \$500,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (the "InterNotes® Offering"), which was increased to \$1,500,000 in May 2014. Additional agents may be appointed by us from time to time in connection with the InterNotes® Offering and become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement.

These notes are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. Each series of notes will be issued by a separate trust. These notes bear interest at fixed interest rates and offer a variety of maturities no less than twelve months from the original date of issuance.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we issued \$109,221 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$107,860. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the nine months ended March 31, 2017.

Tenor at Originatio (in years)	n Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Average Interest Rate	Maturity Date Range
5	\$109,221	4.75%-5.50%	%5.15 %	July 15, 2021 – March 15, 2022
Duning the	:	land Manal	- 21 2016	issued \$74,060 seems sets main

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we issued \$74,862 aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$73,738. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 4.63% to 6.00% with a weighted average interest rate of 5.10%. These notes mature between July 15, 2020 and December 15, 2025.

The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the nine months ended March 31, 2016

Tenor at Origination (in years)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Weight Averag Interest Rate	e	Maturity Date Range
5	\$37,930	4.63%-5.50%	%4.93 °	%	July 15, 2020 – March 15, 2021
6.5	35,155	5.10%-5.25%	%5.25 °	%	January 15, 2022 – May 15, 2022
7	990	5.63%-5.75%	%5.65 °	%	November 15, 2022 – December 15, 2022
10	787	5.88%-6.00%	65.89 °	%	November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025
	\$74,862				

During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we repaid \$6,460 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the nine months ended March 31, 2017 was \$205. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of March 31, 2017.

Tenor at	Weighted							
Origination	Principal	Interest Rate Average		ge	Maturity Date Range			
•	Amount	Range 1	Range Interest		Maturity Date Range			
(in years)]	Rate					
3.5	3,109	4.00%	4.00	%	April 15, 2017			
4	45,690	3.75%-4.00%3	3.92	%	November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018			
5	368,009	4.25%-5.50%	5.01	%	July 15, 2018 – March 15, 2022			
5.2	4,440	4.63%	4.63	%	August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020			
5.3	2,686	4.63%	4.63	%	September 15, 2020			
5.4	5,000	4.75%	4.75	%	August 15, 2019			
5.5	109,243	4.25%-5.00%	4.65	%	February 15, 2019 – November 15, 2020			
6	2,182	3.38%	3.38	%	April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021			
6.5	40,702	5.10%-5.50%	5.24	%	February 15, 2020 – May 15, 2022			
7	191,515	4.00%-6.55%	5.13	%	June 15, 2019 – December 15, 2022			
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75	%	February 15, 2021			
10	37,509	4.13%-7.00%	6.14	%	March 15, 2022 – December 15, 2025			
12	2,978	6.00%	6.00	%	November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025			
15	17,300	5.25%-6.00%	5.36	%	May 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028			
18	21,770	4.13%-6.25%	5.53	%	December 15, 2030 – August 15, 2031			

20	4,292	5.63%-6.00%5.89	%	November 15, 2032 – October 15, 2033	
25	34,494	6.25%-6.50%6.39	%	August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039	
30	112,944	5.50%-6.75%6.24	%	November 15, 2042 – October 15, 2043	
	\$1,005,859				
C 40					
S-42					

During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we repaid \$3,769 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the nine months ended March 31, 2016 was \$95.

The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of June 30, 2016.

Tenor at			Weig	hted	
Origination	Principal	Interest Rate	Avera	age	Maturity Date Range
•	Amount	Range	Intere	est	Maturity Date Range
(in years)			Rate		
3	\$5,710	4.00%	4.00	%	October 15, 2016
3.5	3,109	4.00%	4.00	%	April 15, 2017
4	45,690	3.75%-4.00%	63.92	%	November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018
5	259,191	4.25%-5.75%	64.95	%	July 15, 2018 – June 15, 2021
5.2	4,440	4.63%	4.63	%	August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020
5.3	2,686	4.63%	4.63	%	September 15, 2020
5.4	5,000	4.75%	4.75	%	August 15, 2019
5.5	109,808	4.25%-5.00%	64.65	%	February 15, 2019 – November 15, 2020
6	2,197	3.38%	3.38	%	April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021
6.5	40,867	5.10%-5.50%	65.24	%	February 15, 2020 – May 15, 2022
7	192,076	4.00%-6.55%	65.13	%	June 15, 2019 – December 15, 2022
7.5	1,996	5.75%	5.75	%	February 15, 2021
10	37,533	3.62%-7.00%	66.11	%	March 15, 2022 – December 15, 2025
12	2,978	6.00%	6.00	%	November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025
15	17,325	5.25%-6.00%	65.36	%	May 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028
18	22,303	4.13%-6.25%	65.53	%	December 15, 2030 – August 15, 2031
20	4,462	5.63%-6.00%	65.89	%	November 15, 2032 – October 15, 2033
25	35,110	6.25%-6.50%	66.39	%	August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039
30	116,327	5.50%-6.75%	66.23	%	November 15, 2042 – October 15, 2043
	\$908,808				

In connection with the issuance of Prospect Capital InterNotes®, we incurred \$24,084 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$14,514 remains to be amortized and is included as a reduction within Prospect Capital InterNotes® on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of March 31, 2017. During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we recorded \$13,736 and \$12,282, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Prospect Capital InterNotes® as interest expense. During the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we recorded \$40,196 and \$36,120, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Prospect Capital InterNotes® as interest expense.

Net Asset Value

During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, our net asset value decreased by \$43,749, or \$0.19 per share. This decrease is

primarily from unrealized losses on our investments of \$35,271, or \$0.10 per share, and dividends exceeding net investment

income by \$32,585, or \$0.09 per share. Our net investment income decreased primarily from a decrease in interest income.

Interest income decreased primarily due to reduced returns from our structured credit investments due to lower future expected

cash flows, an additional \$156,830 weighted average balance of loans on non-accrual status and a reduced interest earning asset

base. Net investment income further decreased due to a decline in dividend income primarily from a non-recurring dividend

received from APRC in the prior year period. These decreases were partially offset by lower management fees and other

operating expenses. The following table shows the calculation of net asset value per share as of March 31, 2017 and June 30,

2016.

March 31, June 30, 2017 2016 \$3,392,168 \$3,435,917

Net assets \$3,392,168 \$3,435,917 Shares of common stock issued and outstanding 359,885,703 357,107,231

Net asset value per share \$9.43 \$9.62

Results of Operations

Net increase in net assets from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 was \$19,492 and \$75,508. The \$56,016 decrease is primarily due to net unrealized losses of \$53,746 recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to \$1,311 of net unrealized losses recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2016. This fluctuation is primarily a result of a decline in operating performance at our investments in USES, PrimeSport, Inc. and United Sporting Companies, Inc., and the reduced returns from our structured credit investments due to lower future expected cash flows. Additionally, investment income declined by \$18,461 primarily due to a \$17,281 decline in interest income from declining returns from CLOs, an additional \$182,612 weighted average balance of loans on non-accrual status and a reduced interest rate after refinancing our investment in First Tower Finance. These changes were partially offset by a favorable \$10,962 decrease in net realized losses due to a write-down of our investment in Targus and write-off of our remaining investment in Wind River Resources Corporation ("Wind River") during the three months ended March 31, 2016. No such write off occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2017.

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 was \$201,738 and \$8,205, respectively. The \$193,533 increase is primarily due to net unrealized losses of \$35,271 recognized during the nine months ended March 31, 2017 compared to \$253,233 of net unrealized losses recognized during the nine months ended March 31, 2016. This fluctuation is primarily due to decreases in market yields and the competitive environment faced by our energy-related companies during the nine months ended March 31, 2016. Additionally, net realized losses decreased by \$19,047 due to a write-down of our investment in Targus and write-off of our remaining investment in Wind River during the nine months ended March 31, 2016, partially offset by a realized gain on the sales of our CLO debt investments of \$3,911. No such write off nor sales occurred during the nine months ended March 31, 2017. The \$237,009 favorable decrease in net change in realized and unrealized losses is partially offset by a \$48,646 decrease in interest income driven by a decline in returns from CLOs, an additional \$156,830 weighted average balance of loans on non-accrual status and a reduced interest earning asset base. Additionally, net change in realized and unrealized losses is partially offset by a \$20,482 decline in dividend income primarily a non-recurring dividend received from APRC in the prior year period. (See "Net Realized Losses", "Net Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses)" and "Investment Income" for further discussion.)

While we seek to maximize gains and minimize losses, our investments in portfolio companies can expose our capital to risks greater than those we may anticipate. These companies typically do not issue securities rated investment grade, and have limited resources, limited operating history, and concentrated product lines or customers. These are generally private companies with limited operating information available and are likely to depend on a small core of management talents. Changes in any of these factors can have a significant impact on the value of the portfolio company.

Investment Income

We generate revenue in the form of interest income on the debt securities that we own, dividend income on any common or preferred stock that we own, and fees generated from the structuring of new deals. Our investments, if in the form of debt securities, will typically have a term of one to ten years and bear interest at a fixed or floating rate. To the extent achievable, we will seek to collateralize our investments by obtaining security interests in our portfolio companies' assets. We also may acquire minority or majority equity interests in our portfolio companies, which may pay cash or in-kind dividends on a recurring or otherwise negotiated basis. In addition, we may generate revenue in other forms including prepayment penalties and possibly consulting fees. Any such fees generated in connection with our investments are recognized as earned.

Investment income, which consists of interest income, including accretion of loan origination fees and prepayment penalty fees, dividend income and other income, including settlement of net profits interests, overriding royalty

interests and structuring fees. The following table describes the various components of investment income and the related levels of debt investments:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months 31,	Ended March
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest income	\$161,711	\$178,992	\$508,152	\$556,798
Dividend income	817	8,301	4,580	25,062
Other income	8,504	2,200	21,612	17,075
Total investment income	\$171,032	\$189,493	\$534,344	\$598,935
Average debt principal of performing investments	\$5,747,457	\$5,913,900	\$5,704,796	\$6,122,039
Weighted average interest rate earned on performing assets	11.25 %	11.97 %	11.70 %	11.91 %
Interest income decreased from \$178,992 for the three mon	ths ended Marc	ch 31, 2016 to 5	\$161,711 for th	e three months
ended March 31, 2017. The \$17,281 decrease is primarily of	due to reduced	returns from ou	r structured cre	edit
investments due to lower future expected each flows an ad	ditional \$182.6	12 weighted as	araga halanca	of loans on

ended March 31, 2017. The \$17,281 decrease is primarily due to reduced returns from our structured credit investments due to lower future expected cash flows, an additional \$182,612 weighted average balance of loans on non-accrual status and a reduced interest rate on our investment in First Tower Finance. The weighted average interest rate on our performing assets, excluding the effect of non-accrual loans, decreased from 11.97% for the three months ended March 31, 2016 to 11.25% for the three months ended March 31, 2017. The decrease is primarily due to reduced returns from our structured credit investments due to lower future expected cash flows.

Interest income decreased from \$556,798 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 to \$508,152 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. The \$48,646 decrease is primarily due to reduced returns from our structured credit

Interest income decreased from \$556,798 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 to \$508,152 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. The \$48,646 decrease is primarily due to reduced returns from our structured credit investments due to lower future expected cash flows, an additional \$156,830 weighted average balance of loans on non-accrual status and a reduced interest earning asset base. The weighted average interest rate on our performing assets, excluding the effect of non-accrual loans, decreased from 11.91% for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 to 11.70% for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. The decrease is primarily due to reduced returns from our structured credit investments due to lower future expected cash flows.

Investment income is also generated from dividends and other income which is less predictable than interest income. Dividend income decreased from \$8,301 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 to \$817 for the three months ended March 31, 2017. The \$7,484 decrease in dividend income is primarily attributed to a \$7,250 dividend received during the three months ended March 31, 2016 from our investment in Echelon. No such dividend was received from Echelon during the three months ended March 31, 2017. The level of dividends received from our investment in Nationwide decreased by \$233 during the three months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the same period in the prior year.

Dividend income decreased from \$25,062 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 to \$4,580 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. The \$20,482 decrease in dividend income is primarily attributed to a \$11,016 dividend received during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 from our investment in APRC resulting from the sale of APRC's Vista Palma Sola property. No such dividend was received from was NPRC during the nine months ended March 31, 2017. Additionally, a \$7,250 dividend received during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 from our investment in Echelon. No such dividend was received from Echelon during the nine months ended March 31, 2017. Additionally, the level of dividends received from our investment in CCPI and MITY decreased by \$3,072 and \$242, respectively, during the nine months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the same period in the prior year. This decrease was partially offset by an increase of \$659 in dividends received from Nationwide for the nine months ended March 31, 2017.

Other income has come primarily from structuring fees, which are generated from originations and will fluctuate as levels of originations and types of originations fluctuate. Income from other sources was \$8,504 and \$2,200 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. Included within other income is \$6,841 and \$213 of structuring fees for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. The increase of structuring fees recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2017 resulted from an increase in new originations in Centerfield and Memorial MRI and follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies, primarily from our investments in MITY, Traeger and Matrixx.

Income from other sources was \$21,612 and \$17,075 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016. Included within other income is \$17,114 and \$10,967 of structuring fees for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016. The increase in structuring fees resulted from an increase in new originations in Universal Turbine Parts, LLC, Centerfield and Memorial MRI and follow-on investments in our portfolio companies, primarily from our investments in Onyx, Atlantis Health Care Group (Puerto Rico), Inc., Echelon, NPRC, MITY, Traeger and Matrixx.

Operating Expenses

Our primary operating expenses consist of investment advisory fees (base management and income incentive fees), borrowing costs, legal and professional fees and other operating and overhead-related expenses. These expenses include our allocable portion of overhead under the Administration Agreement with Prospect Administration under which Prospect Administration provides administrative services and facilities for us. Our investment advisory fees compensate the Investment Adviser for its work in identifying, evaluating, negotiating, closing and monitoring our investments. We bear all other costs and expenses of our operations and transactions. Operating expenses were \$97,952 and \$101,867 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. Operating expenses were \$297,940 and \$319,174 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. The net base management fee was \$30,549 and \$30,977 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively (\$0.08 and \$0.09 per weighted average share, respectively). Total gross base management fee was \$30,829 and \$31,442 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. The \$613 decrease in total gross base management fee is directly related a decrease in average total assets. The Investment Adviser has entered into a servicing agreement with certain institutions who purchased loans with us, where we serve as the agent and collect a servicing fee on behalf of the Investment Adviser. During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we received payments of \$280 and \$465, respectively, from these institutions, on behalf of the Investment Adviser, for providing such services under the servicing agreement. We were given a credit for these payments, which reduced the base management fee payable to \$30,549 and \$30,977 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively.

The net base management fee was \$92,227 and \$95,712 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively (\$0.26 and \$0.27 per weighted average share, respectively). Total gross base management fee was \$93,263 and \$97,109 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. The \$3,846 decrease in total gross base management fee is directly related a decrease in average total assets. The Investment Adviser has entered into a servicing agreement with certain institutions, where we serve as the agent and collect a servicing fee on behalf of the Investment Adviser. We received payments of \$1,036 and \$1,397 from these institutions for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively, on behalf of the Investment Adviser, for providing such services under the servicing agreement. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of base management fee payable by us to the Investment Adviser resulting in net base management fees of \$92,227 and \$95,712 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we incurred \$18,270 and \$21,906 of income incentive fees, respectively (\$0.05 and \$0.06 per weighted average share, respectively). This decrease was driven by a corresponding decrease in pre-incentive fee net investment income from \$109,532 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 to \$91,350 for the three months ended March 31, 2017, primarily due to a decrease in interest and dividend income from a reduced level of investments. No capital gains incentive fee has yet been incurred pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement.

For the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we incurred \$59,101 and \$69,940 of income incentive fees, respectively (\$0.16 and \$0.20 per weighted average share, respectively). This decrease was driven by a corresponding decrease in pre-incentive fee net investment income from \$349,701 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 to \$295,505 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017, primarily due to decreases in dividend income, interest income due to repayments on investments and interest income due to increased default rates in the underlying collateral of our CLO investments. No capital gains incentive fee has yet been incurred pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we incurred \$41,464 and \$41,719, respectively, of interest expenses related to our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our "Notes"). During the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we incurred \$123,981 and \$125,881, respectively, of expenses related to our Notes. These expenses are related directly to the leveraging capacity put into place for each of those periods and the levels of indebtedness actually undertaken in those periods.

The table below describes the various expenses of our Notes and the related indicators of leveraging capacity and indebtedness during these years.

	Three Months Ended March		Nine Months	Ended March
	31,		31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest on borrowings	\$35,972	\$36,268	\$107,141	\$110,515
Amortization of deferred financing costs	3,370	3,240	10,128	10,156
Accretion of discount on Public Notes	68	50	200	148
Facility commitment fees	2,054	2,161	6,512	5,062
Total interest and credit facility expenses	\$41,464	\$41,719	\$123,981	\$125,881
Average principal debt outstanding	\$2,715,550	\$2,725,717	\$2,677,152	\$2,842,070
Weighted average stated interest rate on borrowings(1)	5.30 %	5.32 %	5.34 %	5.18 %
Weighted average interest rate on borrowings(2)	6.11	6.12 %	6.17 %	5.91 %
(1) Includes only the stated interest expense.				

Includes the stated interest expense, amortization of deferred financing costs, accretion of discount on Public Notes and commitment fees on the undrawn portion of our Revolving Credit Facility.

Interest expense is relatively stable for the three months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2016. The weighted average stated interest rate on borrowings (excluding amortization, accretion and undrawn facility fees) decreased from 5.32% for the three months ended March 31, 2016 to 5.30% for the three months ended March 31, 2017. This decrease is primarily due to issuances of shorter term debt at lower rates. Interest expense is relatively stable for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2016. The weighted average stated interest rate on borrowings (excluding amortization, accretion and undrawn facility fees) increased from 5.18% for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 to 5.34% for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. This increase is primarily due to issuances of the 2024 Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® at higher rates, partially offset by the repayment of the matured August 15, 2016 unsecured convertible notes.

The allocation of gross overhead expense from Prospect Administration was \$7,970 and \$5,700 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. Prospect Administration received estimated payments of \$4,389 and \$2,764 directly from our portfolio companies and certain funds managed by the Investment Adviser for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services cost payable by us to Prospect Administration. Had Prospect Administration not received these payments, Prospect Administration's charges for its administrative services would have increased by these amounts. Net overhead during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 totaled \$3,581 and \$2,936, respectively.

The allocation of gross overhead expense from Prospect Administration was \$17,283 and \$14,948 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. Prospect Administration received estimated payments of \$6,636 and \$5,613 directly from our portfolio companies and certain funds managed by the Investment Adviser for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services during the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services cost payable by us to Prospect Administration. Had Prospect Administration not received these payments, Prospect Administration's charges for its administrative services would have increased by these amounts. (See Managerial Assistance section below and Note 14 for further discussion.) Additionally, during the nine months ended March 31, 2017, other operating expenses in the amount of \$876 incurred by us, which were attributable to CCPI, have been reimbursed by CCPI and are reflected as an offset to our overhead allocation. No such reimbursements or expenses occurred during the nine months ended March 31, 2016. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we renegotiated the managerial assistance agreement with First Tower LLC and reversed \$1,200 of previously accrued managerial assistance at First Tower Delaware, \$600 of which was expensed during the three months ended December 31, 2015, as the fee was paid by First Tower LLC, which decreased our overhead expense. During the nine months ended March

31, 2016, we also incurred \$379 of overhead expense related to our consolidated entity SB Forging. Therefore, net overhead during the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 totaled \$9,771 and \$9,114, respectively.

Total operating expenses, excluding investment advisory fees, interest and credit facility expenses, allocation of overhead from Prospect Administration ("Other Operating Expenses") was \$4,088 and \$4,329 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. The slight decrease of \$241 during the three months ended March 31, 2017 is due to a decrease in audit, compliance and tax related fees and a reversal of excise tax previously accrued due to lower levels of taxable income offset by an increase in other general and administrative expenses. Other Operating Expenses were \$12,860 and \$18,527 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. The decrease of \$5,667 during the nine months ended March 31, 2017 is primarily due other general and administrative expenses from tax services expenses in our controlled companies, an decrease in audit, compliance and tax related fees, and a reversal of excise tax previously accrued due to lower levels of taxable income.

Net Investment Income

Net investment income represents the difference between investment income and operating expenses. Net investment income was \$73,080 and \$87,626 and for three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. Net investment income for three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 was \$0.20 and \$0.25 per weighted average share, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the decrease is primarily due to a \$17,281 decrease in interest income, or \$0.05 per weighted average share, driven primarily by reduced returns from our structured credit investments due to lower future expected cash flows, an additional \$182,612 weighted average balance of loans on non-accrual status and a reduced interest rate after refinancing our investment in First Tower Finance.

Net investment income was \$236,404 and \$279,761 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively. Net investment income for nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 was \$0.66 and \$0.79 per weighted average share, respectively. The \$43,357 decrease during the nine months ended March 31, 2017 is primarily the result of a \$48,646 decrease in interest income driven primarily by a decline in interest income from reduced returns from our structured credit investments due to lower future expected cash flows, an additional \$156,830 weighted average balance of loans on non-accrual status and a reduced interest earning asset base and a \$20,482 decrease in dividend income related to APRC, Echelon, CCPI and Mity discussed above. These decreases were partially offset by a favorable \$14,324 decrease in advisory fees.

Net Realized Gains (Losses)

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we recognized a net realized gain of \$178, as compared to the \$10,784 of net realized loss recognized during three months ended March 31, 2016. The net realized gain during the three months ended March 31, 2017 was primarily due to an asset sale distribution from our previously held investment in Wind River of \$929, partially offset by write-off of defaulted loans in our small business lending portfolio of \$759. The net realized loss during the three months ended March 31, 2016 was primarily due to the \$17,194 write-down of our investment in Targus and write-off of our remaining investment in Wind River, partially offset by realized gains from the sales of our CLO debt investments of \$3,911.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we recognized a net realized gain of \$810, as compared to the \$18,237 of net realized losses recognized during nine months ended March 31, 2016. The net realized gain during the nine months ended March 31, 2017 was primarily due to the receipt of bankruptcy proceeds from our investment in New Century Transportation, Inc. of \$936, a working capital adjustment from our investment in Harbortouch of \$432, the exercise of warrants in our investment in R-V for \$171, an asset sale distribution from our previously held investment in Wind River of \$929, as well as from the sales of our investments in Biotronic, Big Tex and Nathan's for which we recognized total realized gains of \$514. These gains were partially offset by the write-off of defaulted loans in our small business lending portfolio of \$2,378. The net realized loss during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 was primarily due to the write-down of our investment in Targus and write-off of our remaining investment in Wind River discussed above, along with \$5,062 of write-offs of our small business whole loan portfolio.

Net Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses)

Net change in unrealized loss of \$53,746 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was driven primarily by declining operating performance within certain investments and a decline in returns from CLOs. Write-downs in our investments in USES, PrimeSport, Inc. and United Sporting Companies, Inc. were due to declining operating performance and resulted in unrealized losses of \$21,144, \$9,645 and \$8,203, respectively. The valuation of our portfolio was also negatively impacted by the decline in returns from CLOs, and we therefore recognized \$15,252 in

unrealized losses.

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the \$1,311 net decrease in unrealized loss was driven primarily by increases in market yields and the competitive environment faced by our energy-related companies. Unrealized losses on our CLO debt and equity investments comprised \$33,556 of the total net change in unrealized loss, and unrealized losses on our energy-related investments comprised \$40,022 of the total net change in unrealized loss for the three months ended March 31, 2016. These unrealized losses were offset by \$69,985 unrealized gains in our REITs portfolio due to improved operating performance at the property-level. The remaining \$2,282 net decrease in unrealized loss is primarily the result of current market conditions and the results of operations of individual portfolio companies across various industries.

For the nine months ended March 31, 2017, the \$35,271 net decrease in unrealized gains (losses) was the result of the competitive environment faced by our energy-related companies and declining operating performance within certain investments. There were unrealized losses on our Energy Equipment & Services investments of \$29,174. Unrealized losses on our online lending portfolio of \$19,290 were due to an increase in delinquent loans for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. Additionally, the value of our investment in USES decreased by \$18,327 due to a decline in operating performance, and our investment in First Tower Finance declined in value by \$14,353 due to increased regulatory scrutiny within the consumer finance industry. These unrealized losses were partially offset by unrealized appreciation on our REIT investment of \$41,648 due to improved operating performance at the property-level. The remaining \$4,223 decrease in net unrealized losses was due to operating declines across multiple investments and industries.

For the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the \$253,233 net decrease in unrealized losses was driven primarily by increases in market yields and the competitive environment faced by our energy-related companies. Unrealized losses on our CLO debt and equity investments comprised \$153,524 of total net change in unrealized losses, and unrealized losses on our Energy Equipment & Services investments comprised \$77,618 of total net change in unrealized losses for the nine months ended March 31, 2016. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, the valuation of our portfolio was also negatively impacted by increased regulatory scrutiny within the consumer finance industry and we recognized \$26,762 in unrealized losses, primarily related to our investment in First Tower. Additionally, during the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we reduced the value of our investment in Harbortouch by \$37,228 due to current market developments and our investment in Pacific World by \$12,109 due to declining operating results. These unrealized losses were partially offset by \$56,807 unrealized gains in our REITs portfolio due to improved operating performance at the property-level. The remaining unrealized losses was partially offset by unrealized gains due to operating improvements across multiple investments and industries.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

For the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, our operating activities provided \$74,744 and \$643,137 of cash, respectively. There were no investing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016. Financing activities used \$280,738 and \$583,951 of cash during the nine months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively, which included dividend payments of \$245,255 and \$255,063, respectively. Our primary uses of funds have been to continue to invest in portfolio companies, through both debt and equity investments, repay outstanding borrowings and to make cash distributions to holders of our common stock. Our primary sources of funds have historically been issuances of debt and equity. More recently, we have and may continue to fund a portion of our cash needs through repayments and opportunistic sales of our existing investment portfolio. We may also securitize a portion of our investments in unsecured or senior secured loans or other assets. Our objective is to put in place such borrowings in order to enable us to expand our portfolio. During the nine months ended March 31, 2017, we borrowed \$557,000 and made repayments totaling \$557,000 under the Revolving Credit Facility. As of March 31, 2017, we had, net of unamortized discount and debt issuance costs, \$910,782 outstanding on the Convertible Notes, \$737,802 outstanding on the Public Notes and \$991,345 outstanding on the Prospect Capital InterNotes®, and no outstanding balance on the Revolving Credit Facility. (See "Capitalization" above.) Undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans to our portfolio companies incur commitment and unused fees ranging from 0.00% to 4.00%. As of March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2016, we had \$26,863 and \$40,560, respectively, of undrawn revolver and delayed draw term loan commitments to our portfolio companies. The fair value of our undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans was zero as of March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Our shareholders' equity accounts as of March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2016 reflect cumulative shares issued, net of shares repurchased, as of those respective dates. Our common stock has been issued through public offerings, a registered direct offering, the exercise of over-allotment options on the part of the underwriters, our dividend reinvestment plan and in connection with the acquisition of certain controlled portfolio companies. When our common stock is issued, the related offering expenses have been charged against paid-in capital in excess of par. All underwriting fees and offering expenses were borne by us.

As part of our Repurchase Program, we delivered a notice with our annual proxy mailing on September 21, 2016 and our most recent notice was delivered with a shareholder letter mailing on April 14, 2017. This notice extends for six months after the date that notice is delivered. We did not repurchase any shares of our common stock for the nine months ended March 31, 2017. During the nine months ended March 31, 2016, we repurchased 4,708,750 shares of our common stock pursuant to our publicly announced Repurchase Program for \$34,140, or approximately \$7.25 weighted average price per share at approximately a 30% discount to net asset value as of June 30, 2015. Our NAV per share was increased by approximately \$0.02 for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 as a result of the share repurchases.

On November 3, 2016, our Registration Statement on Form N-2 was declared effective by the SEC. Under this Shelf Registration Statement, we can issue up to \$4,945,873 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market as of March 31, 2017.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of March 31, 2017, we did not have any off-balance sheet liabilities or other contractual obligations that are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition, other than those which originate from 1) the investment advisory and management agreement and the administration agreement and 2) the portfolio companies.

Recent Developments

On April 6, 2017, we repurchased \$78,766 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes at a price of 102.0% of face value, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the 2017 Notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on extinguishment of debt we recorded in the three months ending June 30, 2017 was \$1,797.

On April 6, 2017, we repurchased \$114,581 aggregate principal amount of the 2018 Notes at a price of 103.5% of face value, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the 2018 Notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on extinguishment of debt we recorded in the three months ending June 30, 2017 was \$4,720.

On April 6, 2017, we issued \$225,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on July 15, 2022 (the "4.95% 2022 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 4.95% 2022 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.95% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 each year, beginning July 15, 2017. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 4.95% 2022 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and estimated offering costs, were \$217,750.

On April 7, 2017, we made an investment of \$19,408 to purchase 50.48% of the subordinated notes in Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2014-4, Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Pathway Energy Infrastructure Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management L.P.

On April 20, 2017, we made a \$15,000 first lien senior secured investment to support a refinancing of RGIS Services, LLC, a provider of inventory, merchandising and staffing solutions.

On May 1, 2017, Broder Bros., Co. partially repaid the \$6,910 Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$4,607 Senior Secured Term Loan B receivable to us.

On May 2, 2017, Keystone Peer Review Organization Holdings, Inc. repaid the \$45,000 loan receivable to us. On May 4, 2017, we provided \$64,500 of senior secured financing, of which \$62,500 was funded at closing, to support the acquisition of RME Group Holdings Company, a provider of client acquisition and lead generation services to professional service firms.

We have provided notice to call on May 11, 2017 with settlement on May 15, 2017, \$20,657 of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® maturing on November 15, 2018.

During the period from April 1, 2017 through May 11, 2017 we issued \$15,912 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$15,713.

On May 9, 2017, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.08333 per share for May 2017 to holders of record on May 31, 2017 with a payment date of June 22, 2017.

\$0.08333 per share for June 2017 to holders of record on June 30, 2017 with a payment date of July 20, 2017. \$0.08333 per share for July 2017 to holders of record on July 31, 2017 with a payment date of August 24, 2017.

0.08333 per share for August 2017 to holders of record on August 31, 2017 with a payment date of September 21, 2017.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q, ASC 946, Financial Services—Investment Companies ("ASC 946"), and Articles 6, 10 and 12 of Regulation S-X. Under the 1940 Act, ASC 946, and the regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company or an operating company which provides substantially all of its services to benefit us. Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Prospect, PCF, PSBL, PYC, and the Consolidated Holding Companies. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The financial results of our non-substantially wholly-owned holding companies and operating portfolio company investments are not consolidated in the financial statements. Any operating companies owned by the Consolidated Holding Companies are not consolidated.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made in the presentation of prior consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes to conform to the presentation as of and for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income, expenses, and gains and losses during the reported period. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, creditworthiness of our portfolio companies and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ, and these differences could be material. Investment Classification

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, we classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of more than 25% of the voting securities of an investee company. Under the 1940 Act, "Affiliate Investments" are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person. "Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments" are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

Investment Transactions

Investments are recognized when we assume an obligation to acquire a financial instrument and assume the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Specifically, we record all security transactions on a trade date basis. Investments are derecognized when we assume an obligation to sell a financial instrument and forego the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. In accordance with ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interest in Securitized Financial Assets, investments in CLOs are periodically assessed for other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI"). When the Company determines that a CLO has OTTI, the amortized cost basis of the CLO is written down to its fair value as of the date of the determination based on events and information evaluated and that write-down is recognized as a realized loss. For the periods ended March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2016, there were no OTTI assessed for any CLO investment within our portfolio. Amounts for investments traded but not yet settled are reported in Due to Broker or Due from Broker, respectively, in the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

Foreign Currency

Foreign currency amounts are translated into US Dollars (USD) on the following basis:

fair value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities—at the spot exchange rate on the last business day of the period; and

i. purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses—at the rates of exchange prevailing on the ii. respective dates of such investment transactions, income or expenses.

We do not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in fair values of investments held or disposed of during the period. Such fluctuations are included within the net realized and unrealized gains or losses from investments in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investment Risks

Our investments are subject to a variety of risks. Those risks include the following:

Market Risk

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the fair value of the financial instrument. Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk that we would incur if the counterparties failed to perform pursuant to the terms of their agreements with us.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk represents the possibility that we may not be able to rapidly adjust the size of our investment positions in times of high volatility and financial stress at a reasonable price.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk represents a change in interest rates, which could result in an adverse change in the fair value of an interest-bearing financial instrument.

Prepayment Risk

Many of our debt investments allow for prepayment of principal without penalty. Downward changes in interest rates may cause prepayments to occur at a faster than expected rate, thereby effectively shortening the maturity of the security and making us less likely to fully earn all of the expected income of that security and reinvesting in a lower yielding instrument.

Structured Credit Related Risk

CLO investments may be riskier and less transparent to us than direct investments in underlying companies. CLOs typically will have no significant assets other than their underlying senior secured loans. Therefore, payments on CLO investments are and will be payable solely from the cash flows from such senior secured loans.

Online consumer and Small-and-Medium-Sized Business Lending Risk

With respect to our online consumer and SME lending initiative, we invest primarily in marketplace loans through marketplace lending facilitators. We do not conduct loan origination activities ourselves. Therefore, our ability to purchase consumer and SME loans, and our ability to grow our portfolio of consumer and SME loans, are directly influenced by the business performance and competitiveness of the marketplace loan origination business of the marketplace lending facilitators from which we purchase consumer and SME loans. In addition, our ability to analyze the risk-return profile of consumer and SME loans is significantly dependent on the marketplace facilitator's ability to effectively evaluate a borrower's credit profile and likelihood of default. If we are unable to effectively evaluate borrowers' credit profiles or the credit decisioning and scoring models implemented by each facilitator, we may incur unanticipated losses which could adversely impact our operating results.

Foreign Currency

Investments denominated in foreign currencies and foreign currency transactions may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with those of domestic origin. These risks include, but are not limited to, currency fluctuations and revaluations and future adverse political, social and economic developments, which could cause investments in foreign markets to be less liquid and prices more volatile than those of comparable U.S. companies or U.S. government securities.

Investment Valuation

To value our investments, we follow the guidance of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement ("ASC 820"), that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in conformity with GAAP, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with ASC 820, the fair value of our investments is defined as the price that we would receive upon selling an investment in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market in which that investment is transacted.

ASC 820 classifies the inputs used to measure these fair values into the following hierarchy:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, accessible by us at the measurement date.

Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other observable inputs other than quoted prices.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

In all cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to each investment.

Our Board of Directors has established procedures for the valuation of our investment portfolio. These procedures are detailed below.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations.

For most of our investments, market quotations are not available. With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available or when such market quotations are deemed not to represent fair value, our Board of Directors has approved a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below.

- 1. Each portfolio company or investment is reviewed by our investment professionals with independent valuation firms engaged by our Board of Directors.
- 2. The independent valuation firms prepare independent valuations for each investment based on their own independent assessments and issue their report.
- 3. The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors reviews and discusses with the independent valuation firms the valuation reports, and then makes a recommendation to the Board of Directors of the value for each investment. The Board of Directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in
- 4. good faith based on the input of the Investment Adviser, the respective independent valuation firm and the Audit Committee.

Our non-CLO investments are valued utilizing a yield analysis, enterprise value ("EV") analysis, net asset value analysis, liquidation analysis, discounted cash flow analysis, or a combination of methods, as appropriate. The yield analysis uses loan spreads for loans, dividend yields for certain investments and other relevant information implied by market data involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. Under the EV analysis, the EV of a portfolio company is first determined and allocated over the portfolio company's securities in order of their preference relative to one another (i.e., "waterfall" allocation). To determine the EV, we typically use a market multiples approach that considers relevant and applicable market trading data of guideline public companies, transaction metrics from precedent merger and acquisitions transactions and/or a discounted cash flow analysis. The net asset value analysis is used to derive a value of an underlying investment (such as real estate property) by dividing a relevant earnings stream by an appropriate capitalization rate. For this purpose, we consider capitalization rates for similar properties as may be obtained from guideline public companies and/or relevant transactions. The liquidation analysis is intended to approximate the net recovery value of an investment based on, among other things, assumptions regarding liquidation proceeds based on a hypothetical liquidation of a portfolio company's assets. The discounted cash flow analysis uses valuation techniques to convert future cash flows or earnings to a range of fair values from which a single estimate may be derived utilizing an appropriate discount rate. The measurement is based on the net present value indicated by current market expectations about those future amounts.

In applying these methodologies, additional factors that we consider in valuing our investments may include, as we deem relevant: security covenants, call protection provisions, and information rights; the nature and realizable value of any collateral; the portfolio company's ability to make payments; the principal markets in which the portfolio company does business; publicly available financial ratios of peer companies; the principal market; and enterprise values,

among other factors.

Our investments in CLOs are classified as Level 3 securities under ASC 820 and are valued primarily using a discounted multi-path cash flow model. The CLO structures are analyzed to identify the risk exposures and appropriate call date (i.e., expected maturity). These risk factors are sensitized using Monte Carlo simulations to generate probability-weighted (i.e., multi-path) cash flows for the underlying assets and liabilities. These cash flows are discounted using appropriate market discount rates, and relevant data in the CLO market and certain benchmark credit indices are considered, to determine the value of each CLO investment. In addition, we generate a single-path cash flow utilizing our best estimate of expected cash receipts, and assess the reasonableness of the discount rate that would be effective for the corresponding multi-path estimate of value. We are not responsible for and have no influence over the asset management of the portfolios underlying the CLO investments we hold as those portfolios are managed by non-affiliated third party CLO collateral managers. The main risk factors are: default risk, interest rate risk, downgrade risk, and credit spread risk.

Valuation of Other Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

ASC 825, Financial Instruments, specifically ASC 825-10-25, permits an entity to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value (the "Fair Value Option"). We have not elected the Fair Value Option to report selected financial assets and financial liabilities. See Note 8 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of our financial liabilities that are measured using another measurement attribute.

Convertible Notes

We have recorded the Convertible Notes at their contractual amounts. We have determined that the embedded conversion options in the Convertible Unsecured Notes are not required to be separately accounted for as a derivative under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging. See Note 5 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

Revenue Recognition

Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are calculated using the specific identification method. Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis. Loan origination fees, original issue discount, and market discounts are capitalized and accreted into interest income over the respective terms of the applicable loans using the effective interest method or straight-line, as applicable, and adjusted only for material amendments or prepayments. Upon a prepayment of a loan, prepayment premiums, original issue discount, or market discounts are recorded as interest income. Other income generally includes amendment fees, commitment fees, administrative agent fees and structuring fees which are recorded when earned.

Loans are placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected. Unpaid accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to the cost basis depending upon management's judgment of the collectibility of the loan receivable. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and in management's judgment, is likely to remain current. As of March 31, 2017, approximately 1.4% of our total assets at fair value are in non-accrual status.

Interest income from investments in the "equity" class of security of CLO funds (typically preferred shares, income notes or subordinated notes) and "equity" class of security of securitized trust is recorded based upon an estimation of an effective yield to expected maturity utilizing assumed cash flows in accordance with ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets. We monitor the expected cash inflows from our CLO and securitized trust equity investments, including the expected residual payments, and the effective yield is determined and updated periodically. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Structuring fees and similar fees are recognized as income is earned, usually when paid. Structuring fees, excess deal deposits, net profits interests and overriding royalty interests are included in other income. See Note 10 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

Federal and State Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a RIC and intend to continue to comply with the requirements of the Code applicable to regulated investment companies. We are required to distribute at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and intend to distribute (or retain through a deemed distribution) all of our investment company taxable income and net capital gain to stockholders; therefore, we have made no provision for income taxes. The character of income and gains that we will distribute is determined

in accordance with income tax regulations that may differ from GAAP. Book and tax basis differences relating to stockholder dividends and distributions and other permanent book and tax differences are reclassified to paid-in capital.

If we do not distribute (or are not deemed to have distributed) at least 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains in the calendar year earned, we will generally be required to pay an excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains exceed the distributions from such taxable income for the year. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such taxable income, we accrue excise taxes, if any, on estimated excess taxable income. As of March 31, 2017, we do not expect to have any excise tax due for the 2017 calendar year. Thus, we have not accrued any excise tax for this period.

If we fail to satisfy the annual distribution requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a RIC in any taxable year, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate income tax rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would we be required to make distributions. Distributions would generally be taxable to our individual and other non-corporate taxable stockholders as ordinary dividend income eligible for the reduced maximum rate applicable to qualified dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, provided certain holding period and other requirements are met. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributions would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. To qualify again to be taxed as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to distribute to our shareholders our accumulated earnings and profits attributable to non-RIC years. In addition, if we failed to qualify as a RIC for a period greater than two taxable years, then, in order to qualify as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to elect to recognize and pay tax on any net built-in gain (the excess of aggregate gain, including items of income, over aggregate loss that would have been realized if we had been liquidated) or, alternatively, be subject to taxation on such built-in gain recognized for a period of ten years.

We follow ASC 740, Income Taxes ("ASC 740"). ASC 740 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. ASC 740 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. As of March 2017 and for the three and nine months then ended, we did not record any unrecognized tax benefits or liabilities. Management's determinations regarding ASC 740 may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon factors including, but not limited to, an on-going analysis of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. Although we file both federal and state income tax returns, our major tax jurisdiction is federal. Our federal tax returns for the tax years ended August 31, 2013 and thereafter remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount, if any, to be paid as a monthly dividend or distribution is approved by our Board of Directors quarterly and is generally based upon our management's estimate of our future earnings. Net realized capital gains, if any, are distributed at least annually. Financing Costs

We record origination expenses related to our Revolving Credit Facility, and Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our "Unsecured Notes") as deferred financing costs. These expenses are deferred and amortized as part of interest expense using the straight-line method over the stated life of the obligation for our Revolving Credit Facility. The same methodology is used to approximate the effective yield method for our Prospect Capital InterNotes® and our 2024 Notes Follow-on Program. The effective interest method is used for our remaining Unsecured Notes over the respective expected life or maturity. In the event that we modify or extinguish our debt before maturity, we follow the guidance in ASC 470-50, Modification and Extinguishments ("ASC 470-50"). For modifications to or exchanges of our Revolving Credit Facility, any unamortized deferred costs relating to lenders who are not part of the new lending group are expensed. For extinguishments of our Unsecured Notes, any unamortized deferred costs are deducted from the carrying amount of the debt in determining the gain or loss from the extinguishment.

For the year ending June 30, 2017, we have changed our method of presentation relating to debt issuance costs in accordance with ASU 2015-03, Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30). Prior to July 1, 2016, our policy was to present debt issuance costs in Deferred financing costs as an asset on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, net of accumulated amortization. Beginning with the period ended September 30, 2016, we have presented these costs, except those incurred by the Revolving Credit Facility, as a direct deduction to our Unsecured Notes. Unamortized deferred financing costs of \$40,526, \$44,140, \$57,010, \$37,607, and \$15,693 previously reported as an asset on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively, have been reclassified as a direct deduction to the respective Unsecured Notes (see Notes 5, 6, and 7 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion).

We may record registration expenses related to shelf filings as prepaid expenses. These expenses consist principally of SEC registration fees, legal fees and accounting fees incurred. These prepaid expenses are charged to capital upon the receipt of proceeds from an equity offering or charged to expense if no offering is completed. As of March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2016, there are no prepaid expenses related to registration expenses and all amounts incurred have been expensed.

Guarantees and Indemnification Agreements

We follow ASC 460, Guarantees ("ASC 460"). ASC 460 elaborates on the disclosure requirements of a guarantor in its interim and annual consolidated financial statements about its obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. It also requires a guarantor to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, for those guarantees that are covered by ASC 460, the fair value of the obligation undertaken in issuing certain guarantees.

Per Share Information

Net increase or decrease in net assets resulting from operations per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented. In accordance with ASC 946, convertible securities are not considered in the calculation of net asset value per share.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, Presentation of Financial Statements—Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40) ("ASU 2014-15"), which provides guidance regarding management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide related footnote disclosures. The new guidance requires management to perform a going concern assessment by evaluating their ability to meet their obligations for a look-forward period of one year from the financial statement issuance date (or date the financial statements are available to be issued). Disclosures are required if it is probable an entity will be unable to meet its obligations within the look-forward period. Incremental substantial doubt disclosure is required if the probability is not mitigated by management's plans to mitigate those relevant conditions or events. ASU 2014-15 applies to all entities for the first annual period ending after December 15, 2016. Management is responsible for assessing going concern uncertainties at each annual and interim reporting period thereafter. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2014-15 is not expected to have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments ("ASU 2016-13"), which amends the financial instruments impairment guidance so that an entity is required to measure expected credit losses for financial assets based on historical experience, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts. As such, an entity will use forward-looking information to estimate credit losses. ASU 2016-13 also amends the guidance in FASB ASC Subtopic No. 325-40, Investments-Other, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets, related to the subsequent measurement of accretable yield recognized as interest income over the life of a beneficial interest in securitized financial assets under the effective yield method. ASU 2016-13 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted as of the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently evaluating the impact, if any, of adopting this ASU on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments ("ASU 2016-15"), which addresses certain aspects of cash flow statement classification. One such amendment requires cash payments for debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs to be classified as cash outflows for financing activities. ASU 2016-15 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the amendments in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. An entity that elects early adoption must adopt all of the amendments in the same period. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2016-15 is not expected to have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures. In October 2016, the SEC adopted significant reforms under the 1940 Act that impose extensive new disclosure and reporting obligations on most 1940 Act funds (collectively, the "Reporting Rules"). The Reporting Rules greatly expand

the volume of information regarding fund portfolio holdings and investment practices that must be disclosed. The adopted amendments to Regulation S-X for 1940 Act funds and BDCs include an update to the disclosures for investments in and advances to affiliates, and the requirement to include in their financial statements a standardized schedule containing detailed information about derivative investments (among other changes). The amendments to Regulation S-X are effective August 1, 2017, and adoption of the amended reform is not expected to have a significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

OUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates and equity price risk. Interest rate sensitivity refers to the change in our earnings that may result from changes in the level of interest rates impacting some of the loans in our portfolio which have floating interest rates. Additionally, because we fund a portion of our investments with borrowings, our net investment income is affected by the difference between the rate at which we invest and the rate at which we borrow. As a result, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income. See "Risk Factors - Risks Relating to Our Business - Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income."

Our debt investments may be based on floating rates or fixed rates. For our floating rate loans the rates are determined from the LIBOR, EURO Interbank Offer Rate, the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate. The floating interest rate loans may be subject to a LIBOR floor. Our loans typically have durations of one to three months after which they reset to current market interest rates. As of March 31, 2017, 90.7% of the interest earning investments in our portfolio, at fair value, bore interest at floating rates.

We also have a revolving credit facility and certain Prospect Capital InterNotes® issuances that are based on floating LIBOR rates. Interest on borrowings under the revolving credit facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor and there is no outstanding balance as of March 31, 2017. Interest on five Prospect Capital InterNotes® is three-month LIBOR plus a range of 350 to 300 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor. The Convertible Notes, Public Notes and remaining Prospect Capital InterNotes® bear interest at fixed rates. The following table shows the approximate annual impact on net investment income of base rate changes in interest rates (considering interest rate flows for floating rate instruments, excluding our investments in CLO residual interests) to our loan portfolio and outstanding debt as of March 31, 2017, assuming no changes in our investment and borrowing structure:

(in thousands)	Interest	Interest	Net	Net
Basis Point Change			Investment	Investment
Dasis Pollit Change	Income	Expense	Income	Income (1)
Up 300 basis points	\$102,001	\$ 43	\$101,958	\$ 81,566
Up 200 basis points	64,589	29	64,560	51,648
Up 100 basis points	27,743	16	27,727	22,182
Down 100 basis points	(1,304)	(17)	(1,287)	(1,030)

⁽¹⁾ Includes the impact of income incentive fees. See Note 13 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on income incentive fees.

As of March 31, 2017, one and three month LIBOR was 0.98% and 1.15%, respectively.

We may hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using standard hedging instruments such as futures, options and forward contracts subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act. While hedging activities may insulate us against adverse changes in interest rates, they may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of higher interest rates with respect to our portfolio of investments. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we did not engage in hedging activities.

REGISTRATION AND SETTLEMENT

The Depository Trust Company

All of the notes we offer will be issued in book-entry only form. This means that we will not issue certificates for notes, except in the limited case described below. Instead, we will issue global notes in registered form. Each global note will be held through DTC and will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC.

Accordingly, Cede & Co. will be the holder of record of the notes. Each note represented by a global note evidences a beneficial interest in that global note.

Beneficial interests in a global note will be shown on, and transfers are effected through, records maintained by DTC or its participants. In order to own a beneficial interest in a note, you must be an institution that has an account with DTC or have a direct or indirect account with such an institution. Transfers of ownership interests in the notes will be accomplished by making entries in DTC participants' books acting on behalf of beneficial owners.

So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered holder of a global note, DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, will be the sole holder and owner of the notes represented thereby for all purposes, including payment of principal and interest, under the indenture. Except as otherwise provided below, you will not be entitled to receive physical delivery of certificated notes and will not be considered the holder of the notes for any purpose under the indenture.

Accordingly, you must rely on the procedures of DTC and the procedures of the DTC participant through which you own your note in order to exercise any rights of a holder of a note under the indenture. The laws of some jurisdictions require that certain purchasers of notes take physical delivery of such notes in certificated form. Those limits and laws may impair the ability to transfer beneficial interests in the notes.

Each global note representing notes will be exchangeable for certificated notes of like tenor and terms and of differing authorized denominations in a like aggregate principal amount, only if (1) DTC notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for the global notes or we become aware that DTC has ceased to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act and, in any such case we fail to appoint a successor to DTC within 60 calendar days, (2) we, in our sole discretion, determine that the global notes shall be exchangeable for certificated notes or (3) an event of default has occurred and is continuing with respect to the notes under the indenture. Upon any such exchange, the certificated notes shall be registered in the names of the beneficial owners of the global note representing the notes.

The following is based on information furnished by DTC:

DTC will act as securities depositary for the notes. The notes will be issued as fully-registered notes registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. Generally, one fully registered global note will be issued for all of the principal amount of the notes.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 2 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's direct participants deposit with DTC.

DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among direct participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between direct participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct participants include both U.S. and non U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of direct participants of DTC and members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, as well as by The New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a direct participant, either directly or indirectly. The DTC rules applicable to its participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of the notes under the DTC system must be made by or through direct participants, which will receive a credit for the notes on DTC's records. The beneficial interest of each actual purchaser of each note is in turn to be recorded on the direct and indirect participants' records. Beneficial owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase.

Beneficial owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the direct or indirect participant through which the beneficial owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of beneficial interests in the notes are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of direct and indirect participants acting on behalf of beneficial owners. Beneficial owners will not receive certificates representing their beneficial interests in notes, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the notes is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all notes deposited by direct participants with DTC will be registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the notes with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual beneficial owners of the notes; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the direct participants to whose accounts such notes will be credited, which may or may not be the beneficial owners. The direct and indirect participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to direct participants, by direct participants to indirect participants, and by direct participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial owners of the notes may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the notes, such as redemption, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the security documents. For example, beneficial owners of the notes may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the notes for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to beneficial owners. In the alternative, beneficial owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar of the notes and request that copies of the notices be provided to them directly. Any such request may or may not be successful.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the notes unless authorized by a direct participant in accordance with DTC's procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to us as soon as possible after the regular record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those direct participants to whose accounts the notes are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

We will pay principal and or interest payments on the notes in same-day funds directly to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit direct participants' accounts on the applicable payment date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding

detail information. Payments by participants to beneficial owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of these participants and not of DTC or any other party, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements that may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC, is our responsibility, disbursement of such payments to direct participants is the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the beneficial owners is the responsibility of the direct or indirect participant.

We will send any redemption notices to DTC. If less than all of the notes are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each direct participant in such issue to be redeemed.

A beneficial owner, or its authorized representative, shall give notice to elect to have its notes repaid by us, through its direct or indirect participant, to the trustee, and shall effect delivery of such notes by causing the direct participant to transfer that participant's interest in the global note representing such notes, on DTC's records, to the trustee. The requirement for physical delivery of notes in connection with a demand for repayment will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the global note representing such notes are transferred by the direct participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository for the notes at any time by giving us reasonable notice. Under such circumstances, if a successor securities depositary is not obtained, we will print and deliver certificated notes. We may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depositary). In that event, we will print and deliver certificated notes.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's system has been obtained from sources that we believe to be reliable, but neither we, the Purchasing Agent nor any agent takes any responsibility for its accuracy. Registration, Transfer and Payment of Certificated Notes

If we ever issue notes in certificated form, those notes may be presented for registration, transfer and payment at the office of the registrar or at the office of any transfer agent designated and maintained by us. We have originally designated

American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC to act in those capacities for the notes. The registrar or transfer agent will make the transfer or registration only if it is satisfied with the documents of title and identity of the person making the request. There will not be a service charge for any exchange or registration of transfer of the notes, but we may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with the exchange. At any time, we may change transfer agents or approve a change in the location through which any transfer agent acts. We also may designate additional transfer agents for any notes at any time. We will not be required to: (1) issue, exchange or register the transfer of any note to be redeemed for a period of 15 days after the selection of the notes to be redeemed; (2) exchange or register the transfer of any note that was selected, called or is being called for redemption, except the unredeemed portion of any note being redeemed in part; or (3) exchange or register the transfer of any note as to which an election for repayment by the holder has been made, except the unrepaid portion of any note being repaid in part.

We will pay principal of and interest on any certificated notes at the offices of the paying agents we may designate from time to time. Generally, we will pay interest on a note by check on any interest payment date other than at stated maturity or upon earlier redemption or repayment to the person in whose name the note is registered at the close of business on the regular record date for that payment. We will pay principal and interest at stated maturity or upon earlier redemption or repayment in same-day funds against presentation and surrender of the applicable notes.

SUPPLEMENT TO MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following summary of U.S. federal income tax considerations supplements the discussion set forth under the heading "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus and is subject to the qualifications and assumptions set forth therein.

The following is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax considerations generally applicable to the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes. This discussion is based upon the Code, Treasury Regulations and judicial decisions and administrative interpretations thereof, all as of the date hereof and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect. No ruling from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") has been or will be sought regarding any matter discussed herein. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a position contrary to any of the tax aspects set forth below.

This discussion applies only to a holder of notes that acquires the notes pursuant to this offering at their "issue price" within the meaning of the applicable provisions of the Code and who holds the notes as a capital asset (generally, property held for investment) under the Code. This discussion does not address any U.S. federal estate or gift tax consequences or any state, local or non-U.S. tax consequences. In addition, this discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be applicable to investors in light of their particular circumstances, or to investors subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax law, including, but not limited to:

banks, insurance companies or other financial institutions;

pension plans or trusts;

U.S. noteholders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar;

real estate investment trusts;

regulated investment companies;

persons subject to the alternative minimum tax;

cooperatives;

•ax-exempt organizations;

dealers in securities;

expatriates;

foreign persons or entities (except to the extent set forth below);

persons deemed to sell the notes under the constructive sale provisions of the Code; or

persons that hold the notes as part of a straddle, hedge, conversion transaction or other integrated investment. If a partnership (including any entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) owns notes, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Partners in a partnership that owns the notes should consult their tax advisors as to the particular U.S. federal income tax consequences applicable to them.

We encourage investors to consult their tax advisors regarding the specific consequences of an investment in our notes, including tax reporting requirements, the applicability of U.S. federal, state or local and foreign tax laws, eligibility for the benefits of any applicable tax treaty and the effect of any possible changes in the tax laws. Consequences to U.S. Noteholders

The following is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax consequences generally applicable to you if you are a U.S. noteholder. U.S. federal income tax consequences generally applicable to non-U.S. noteholders are described under "Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders" below. For purposes of this summary, the term "U.S. noteholder" means a beneficial owner of a note that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes (i) an individual who is a citizen or resident of the U.S., (ii) a corporation, or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, that is created or organized under the laws of the U.S., any of the States or the District of Columbia, (iii) an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source, or (iv) a trust (A) if a court within the U.S. is able to exercise primary supervision over its administration and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of such trust, or (B) that has made a valid election to be treated as a U.S. person for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Stated interest and OID on the notes

Except as discussed below, a U.S. noteholder generally will be required to recognize stated interest as ordinary income at the time it is paid or accrued on the notes in accordance with its regular method of accounting for U.S.

federal income tax purposes. In addition, if the notes' "issue price" (the first price at which a substantial amount of the notes is sold to investors) is less than their "stated redemption price at maturity" (the sum of all payments to be made on the notes other than "qualified stated interest") by more than a statutorily defined de minimis threshold, the notes will be issued with original issue discount

("OID") for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The term "qualified stated interest" generally means stated interest that is unconditionally payable at least annually at a single fixed rate or, if certain requirements are met (as described below), certain variable rates.

If the notes are issued with OID, a U.S. noteholder generally will be required to include the OID in gross income as ordinary interest income in advance of the receipt of cash attributable to that income and regardless of such holder's regular method of tax accounting. Such OID will be included in gross income for each day during each taxable year in which the note is held using a constant yield-to-maturity method that reflects the compounding of interest. This means that the holder will have to include in income increasingly greater amounts of OID over time. Notice will be given in the applicable pricing supplement if we determine that a particular note will be issued with OID. We are required to provide information returns stating the amount of OID accrued on the notes held by persons of record other than certain exempt holders.

If the notes are "step-up notes" (i.e., notes with a fixed interest rate that increases at pre-determined intervals), the tax treatment described in the first sentence under "—Consequences to U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes" assumes that we will have the right to call the notes at par (plus accrued but unpaid interest) on each date that the interest rate increases. If this is not the case, interest that exceeds the lowest rate payable under the step-up note may not be treated as qualified stated interest and, depending on the amount of such excess, may thus cause the step-up note to be treated as issued with OID, in which case the notes generally would be subject to the OID rules discussed above. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the treatment of step-up notes or similar notes.

If you own a note issued with de minimis OID (i.e., discount that is not OID), you generally must include the de minimis OID in income at the time principal payments on the notes are made in proportion to the amount paid. Any amount of de minimis OID that you have included in income will be treated as capital gain.

Short-term notes

Notes that have a fixed maturity of one year or less ("short-term notes") will be subject to the following special rules. All of the interest on a short-term note is treated as part of the short-term note's stated redemption price at maturity, thereby giving rise to OID. Thus, all short-term notes will be OID debt securities. OID will be treated as accruing on a short-term debt instrument ratably or, at the election of a U.S. noteholder, under a constant yield method. A U.S. noteholder that uses the cash method of tax accounting (with certain exceptions) will generally not be required

A U.S. noteholder that uses the cash method of tax accounting (with certain exceptions) will generally not be required to include OID in respect of the short-term note in income on a current basis, though they may be required to include stated interest in income as the income is received. Such a U.S. noteholder may not be allowed to deduct all of the interest paid or accrued on any indebtedness incurred or maintained to purchase or carry such a short-term note until the maturity of the note or its earlier disposition in a taxable transaction. In addition, such a U.S. noteholder will be required to treat any gain realized on a disposition of the note as ordinary income to the extent of the holder's accrued OID on the note, and short-term capital gain to the extent the gain exceeds accrued OID. A U.S. noteholder that uses the cash method of tax accounting may, however, elect to include OID on a short-term note in income on a current basis. In such case, the limitation on the deductibility of interest described above will not apply. A U.S. noteholder that uses the accrual method of tax accounting and certain cash method holders generally will be required to include OID on a short-term note in income on a current basis.

Floating rate notes

In the case of a note that is a floating rate note (including a note based on LIBOR), special rules apply. In general, if a note qualifies for treatment as a "variable rate debt instrument" under Treasury Regulations and provides for stated interest that is unconditionally payable at least annually at a variable rate that, subject to certain exceptions, is a single "qualified floating rate" or "objective rate," each as defined below, all stated interest on the note is treated as qualified stated interest. In that case, both the note's "yield to maturity" and "qualified stated interest" will be determined, for purposes of calculating the accrual of OID, if any, as though the note will bear interest in all periods throughout its term at a fixed rate generally equal to the rate that would be applicable to interest payments on the note on its issue date or, in the case of an objective rate (other than a "qualified inverse floating rate"), the rate that reflects the yield to maturity that is reasonably expected for the note. A U.S. noteholder of a variable rate debt instrument would then recognize OID, if any, that is calculated based on the note's assumed yield to maturity. If the interest actually accrued or paid during an accrual period exceeds or is less than the assumed fixed interest, the qualified stated interest

allocable to that period is increased or decreased under rules set forth in Treasury Regulations. Special rules apply for determining the amount of OID for other variable rate debt instruments, such as instruments with more than one qualified floating rate or instruments with a single fixed rate and one or more qualified floating rates. U.S. noteholders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the specific U.S. federal income tax considerations regarding any investment in a note that qualifies a "variable rate debt instrument."

A note will generally qualify as a variable rate debt instrument if (a) the note's issue price does not exceed the total noncontingent principal payments by more than the lesser of: (i) .015 multiplied by the product of the total noncontingent principal payments and the number of complete years to maturity from the issue date, or (ii) 15% of the total noncontingent principal payments; (b) the note provides for stated interest, compounded or paid at least annually, only at one or more qualified floating rates, a single fixed rate and one or more qualified floating rates, a single objective rate that is a qualified inverse floating rate; and (c) the value of the rate on any date during the term of the note is set no earlier than three months prior to the first day on which that value is in effect or no later than one year following that first day.

Generally, a rate is a qualified floating rate if variations in the rate can reasonably be expected to measure contemporaneous fluctuations in the cost of newly borrowed funds in the currency in which the debt instrument is denominated. A rate that equals LIBOR or LIBOR plus or minus a fixed spread is, in general, a qualified floating rate. However, a rate (including a rate based on LIBOR) will generally not be a qualified floating rate if, among other circumstances:

the rate is subject to one or more minimum or maximum rate floors or ceilings or one or more governors limiting the amount of increase or decrease in each case which are not fixed throughout the term of the note and which are reasonably expected as of the issue date to cause the rate in some accrual periods to be significantly higher or lower than the overall expected return on the note determined without the floor, ceiling, or governor; or the rate is a multiple of a qualified floating rate unless the multiple is a fixed multiple that is greater than 0.65 but not more than 1.35 (provided, however, that if a multiple of a qualified floating rate is not within such limits and thus is not itself a qualified floating rate, it may nevertheless qualify as an "objective rate").

If a note provides for two or more qualified floating rates that are within 0.25 percentage points of each other on the issue date or can reasonably be expected to have approximately the same values throughout the term of the note, the qualified floating rates together constitute a single qualified floating rate.

Generally, an objective rate is a rate that is determined using a single fixed formula that is based on objective financial or economic information such as one or more qualified floating rates. An objective rate is a qualified inverse floating rate if that rate is equal to a fixed rate minus a qualified floating rate and variations in the rate can reasonably be expected to inversely reflect contemporaneous variations in the qualified floating rate. A variable rate will generally not qualify as an objective rate if, among other circumstances, it is reasonably expected that the average value of the variable rate during the first half of the term of the note will be either significantly less than or significantly greater than the average value of the rate during the final half of the term of the note.

If a floating rate note does not qualify as a "variable rate debt instrument," the note generally will be subject to taxation under special rules applicable to contingent payment debt instruments. U.S. noteholders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the specific U.S. federal income tax considerations regarding such notes.

Sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes

Subject to the special rules for short-term notes discussed above, upon the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of a note, a U.S. noteholder generally will recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between (1) the sum of cash plus the fair market value of all other property received on such disposition (except to the extent such cash or property is attributable to accrued but unpaid interest, which, to the extent not previously included in income, generally will be taxable as ordinary income) and (2) its adjusted tax basis in the note. A U.S. noteholder's adjusted tax basis in a note generally will equal the price the U.S. noteholder paid for the note increased by OID (including with respect to a short-term note), if any, previously included in income with respect to that note, and reduced by any cash payments on the note other than qualified stated interest. Such capital gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if, at the time of such taxable disposition, the U.S. noteholder has held the note for more than one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Medicare tax

Certain U.S. noteholders who are individuals, estates or trusts and whose income exceeds certain thresholds will be required to pay a 3.8% Medicare tax on all or a portion of their "net investment income," which includes interest on the notes and capital gains from the sale or other disposition of the notes.

Information reporting and backup withholding

In general, information reporting requirements will apply to certain payments of principal and interest (including OID) and to the proceeds of sale of a note paid to a U.S. noteholder (unless such noteholder is an exempt recipient). A backup

withholding tax may apply to such payments if a U.S. noteholder fails to provide a taxpayer identification number or certification of exempt status, or if it is otherwise subject to backup withholding.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or credit against a U.S. noteholder's United States federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders

The following is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax consequences generally applicable to you if you are a non-U.S. noteholder. A beneficial owner of a note that is not a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes (including any entity or arrangement otherwise treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) or a U.S. noteholder is referred to herein as a "non-U.S. noteholder."

Stated interest and OID on the notes

Stated interest and OID, if any, paid or accrued to a non-U.S. noteholder will generally not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax if the interest or OID is not effectively connected with its conduct of a trade or business within the United States and is not considered contingent interest within the meaning of Section 871(h)(4)(A) of the Code (generally relating to interest payments that are determined by reference to the income, profits, receipts, cash flow, changes in the value of non-publicly-traded property or other attributes of, or distributions or similar payments paid by, the debtor or a related party), and the non-U.S. noteholder:

does not own, actually or constructively, 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote;

is not a "controlled foreign corporation" with respect to which we are, directly or indirectly, a "related person"; is not a bank whose receipt of interest on the notes is described in section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code; and provides its name and address, and certifies, under penalties of perjury, that it is not a U.S. person (on a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or other applicable form)), or holds its notes through certain foreign intermediaries and satisfies the certification requirements of applicable Treasury Regulations.

If a non-U.S. noteholder does not qualify for an exemption under these rules, interest income and OID, if any, from the notes may be subject to withholding tax at the rate of 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate). Stated interest and OID, if any, effectively connected with a non-U.S. noteholder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, which is attributable to a United States permanent establishment), however, would not be subject to a 30% withholding tax so long as the non-U.S. noteholder provides us or our paying agent an adequate certification (currently on IRS Form W-8ECI); such payments of interest generally would be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons generally. In addition, if a non-U.S. noteholder is a foreign corporation and the stated interest and OID, if any, is effectively connected with its conduct of a U.S. trade or business, it may also be subject to a 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) branch profits tax on its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to adjustments. To claim the benefit of a tax treaty, a non-U.S. noteholder must provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or other applicable form) to us or our paying agent before the payment of stated interest or OID, and may be required to obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number and provide documentary evidence issued by foreign governmental authorities to prove residence in the foreign country.

Sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes

Any gain recognized by a non-U.S. noteholder on the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes (except with respect to accrued and unpaid interest, which would be taxed as described under "Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes" above) generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax unless:

the gain is effectively connected with its conduct of a U.S. trade or business (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a United States permanent establishment); or

the non-U.S. noteholder is a nonresident alien individual present in the U.S. for 183 or more days in the taxable year within which the sale, exchange, redemption or other disposition takes place and certain other requirements are met. If a non-U.S. noteholder is a holder described in the first bullet point above, the net gain derived from the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of its notes generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons generally. In addition, if such non-U.S. noteholder is a foreign corporation, it may also be subject to a 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) branch profits tax on its effectively

connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to adjustments. If a non-U.S. noteholder is a holder described in the second bullet point above, it will be subject to a flat 30% U.S. federal income tax on the gain derived from the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable

disposition of its notes, which may be offset by U.S. source capital losses, even though it is not considered a resident of the United States.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Generally, we must report to the IRS and to a non-U.S. noteholder the amount of interest (including OID) on the notes paid to a non-U.S. noteholder and the amount of tax, if any, withheld with respect to those payments if the notes are in registered form. Copies of the information returns reporting such interest payments and any withholding may also be made available to the tax authorities in the country in which a non-U.S. noteholder resides under the provisions of an applicable income tax treaty.

In general, a non-U.S. noteholder will not be subject to backup withholding with respect to payments on the notes that we make to such noteholder provided that we do not have actual knowledge or reason to know that such noteholder is a U.S. person as defined under the Code, and we have received from you the statement described above under the fourth bullet point under "Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes." In addition, no information reporting requirements or backup withholding will be required regarding the proceeds of the sale of a note made within the United States or conducted through certain United States-related financial intermediaries, if the payor receives the statement described above and does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that the non-U.S. noteholder is a U.S. person as defined under the Code, or the non-U.S. noteholder otherwise establishes an exemption.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or credit against a non-U.S. noteholder's United States federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. Other withholding rules

Withholding at a rate of 30% will be required on interest in respect of, and after December 31, 2018, on gross proceeds from the sale of, notes held by or through certain foreign financial institutions (including investment funds), unless such institution enters into an agreement with the Secretary of the Treasury to report, on an annual basis, information with respect to shares in, and accounts maintained by, the institution to the extent such shares or accounts are held by certain United States persons or by certain non-U.S. entities that are wholly or partially owned by United States persons and to withhold on certain payments. Accordingly, the entity through which notes are held will affect the determination of whether such withholding is required. An intergovernmental agreement between the United States and an applicable foreign country, or future guidance, may modify these requirements. Similarly, interest in respect of, and after December 31, 2018, gross proceeds from the sale of, notes held by an investor that is a non-financial non-U.S. entity will be subject to withholding at a rate of 30%, unless such entity either (i) certifies to us that such entity does not have any "substantial United States owners" or (ii) provides certain information regarding the entity's "substantial United States owners," which we will in turn provide to the Secretary of the Treasury. Non-U.S. noteholders are encouraged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the possible implications of these requirements on their investment in notes.

Non-U.S. noteholders should consult any applicable income tax treaties that may provide for different rules. In addition, non-U.S. noteholders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes.

CERTAIN CONSIDERATIONS APPLICABLE TO ERISA, GOVERNMENTAL AND OTHER PLAN INVESTORS

A fiduciary of a pension plan or other employee benefit plan (including a governmental plan, an individual retirement account or a Keogh plan) proposing to invest in the notes should consider this section carefully.

A fiduciary of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (commonly referred to as "ERISA"), should consider fiduciary standards under ERISA in the context of the particular circumstances of such plan before authorizing an investment in the notes. Such fiduciary should consider whether the investment is in accordance with the documents and instruments governing the plan.

In addition, ERISA and the Code prohibit certain transactions (referred to as "prohibited transactions") involving the assets of a plan subject to ERISA or the assets of an individual retirement account or plan subject to Section 4975 of the Code (referred to as an "ERISA plan"), on the one hand, and persons who have certain specified relationships to the plan ("parties in interest" within the meaning of ERISA or "disqualified persons" within the meaning of the Code), on the other. If we (or an affiliate) are considered a party in interest or disqualified person with respect to an ERISA plan, then the investment in notes by the ERISA plan may give rise to a prohibited transaction. The purchase and holding of notes by an ERISA plan may be subject to one or more statutory or administrative exemptions from the prohibited transaction rules under ERISA and the Code. Even if the conditions for relief under such exemptions were satisfied, however, there can be no assurance that such exemptions would apply to all of the prohibited transactions that may be deemed to arise in connection with a plan's investment in the notes.

By purchasing and holding the notes, the person making the decision to invest on behalf of an ERISA plan is representing that the purchase and holding of the notes will not result in a prohibited transaction under ERISA or the Code. Therefore, an ERISA plan should not invest in the notes unless the plan fiduciary or other person acquiring securities on behalf of the ERISA plan determines that neither we nor an affiliate is a party in interest or a disqualified person or, alternatively, that an exemption from the prohibited transaction rules is available. If an ERISA plan engages in a prohibited transaction, the transaction may require "correction" and may cause the ERISA plan fiduciary to incur certain liabilities and the parties in interest or disqualified persons to be subject to excise taxes.

Employee benefit plans that are governmental plans and non-U.S. plans, and certain church plans, are not subject to ERISA requirements. However, non-U.S., federal, state or local laws or regulations governing the investment and management of the assets of such plans may contain fiduciary and prohibited transaction requirements similar to those under ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code discussed above. By purchasing and holding the notes, the person making the decision to invest on behalf of any such plan is representing that the purchase and holding of the notes will not violate any law applicable to such plan that is similar to the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA or the Code. If you are the fiduciary of an employee benefit plan, whether or not subject to ERISA, and you propose to invest in the notes with the assets of such employee benefit plan, you should consult your own legal counsel for further guidance. The sale of notes to an employee benefit plan is in no respect a representation by us, the Purchasing Agent or any other person that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by employee benefit plans generally or any particular plan or that such an investment is appropriate for employee benefit plans generally or any particular plan.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise indicated in a pricing supplement for the notes, we expect to use the net proceeds from the sale of the notes initially to maintain balance sheet liquidity, involving repayment of debt under our credit facility, if any, and redemption of outstanding Prospect Capital InterNotes® and other debt, investments in high quality short-term debt instruments or a combination thereof, and thereafter to make long-term investments in accordance with our investment objective. We anticipate that substantially all of the net proceeds from each offering will be used for the above purposes within six months, depending on the availability of appropriate investment opportunities consistent with our investment objective and market conditions.

As of May 11, 2017, our credit facility was undrawn and, based on the assets currently pledged as collateral on the facility, a total of approximately \$661.6 million was available to us for borrowing under our credit facility net of outstanding borrowings. Interest on borrowings under the credit facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points, with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the credit facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least 35% of the credit facility is used or 100 basis points otherwise.

SENIOR SECURITIES

Information about our senior securities is shown in the following table as of each fiscal year ended June 30 since the Company commenced operations and as of March 31, 2017. (All figures in this item are in thousands except per unit data.)

Credit Facility	Total Amount Outstanding(1)	Asset Coverage per Unit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3)	_
Fiscal 2017 (as of March 31, 2017, unaudited)	\$ —	\$—		
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)		—		
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	368,700	18,136		
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	92,000	69,470		
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	124,000	34,996		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	96,000	22,668	_	
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	84,200	18,065	_	_
Fiscal 2010 (as of June 30, 2010)	100,300	8,093	_	
Fiscal 2009 (as of June 30, 2009)	124,800	5,268	_	
Fiscal 2009 (as of June 30, 2009)	91,167	5,712	_	
Fiscal 2007 (as of June 30, 2007)	91,107	N/A	_	
11scal 2007 (as of Julie 30, 2007)		IV/A	_	
2015 Notes(5)				
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	\$ 150,000	\$44,579		
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	150,000	42,608	_	
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	150,000	28,930		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	150,000	14,507	_	
Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	150,000	10,140	_	_
2016 Notes(6)				
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	\$ 167,500	\$36,677		
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	167,500	39,921		
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	167,500	38,157		_
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	167,500	25,907		
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	167,500	12,992		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011)	172,500	8,818	_	_
Fiscal 2011 (as of Julie 50, 2011)	172,300	0,010	_	_
2017 Notes(10)				
Fiscal 2017 (as of March 31, 2017, unaudited)	\$ 129,500	\$46,863		
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	129,500	47,439		
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	130,000	51,437		
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	130,000	49,163		
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	130,000	33,381		
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	130,000	16,739		
1 150at 2012 (as of June 50, 2012)	150,000	10,737	_ 	
2018 Notes(10)				
Fiscal 2017 (as of March 31, 2017, unaudited)	\$ 200,000	\$30,344		_
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	200,000	30,717	_	_
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	200,000	33,434		_
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	200,000	31,956	_	_
	_00,000	22,200		

Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) 200,000 21,697 — —

	Total Amount Outstanding(1)	\mathcal{C}	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3)	_
2019 Notes				
Fiscal 2017 (as of March 31, 2017, unaudited)	\$ 200,000	\$30,344		_
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	200,000	30,717	_	_
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	200,000	33,434	_	_
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	200,000	31,956	_	_
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	200,000	21,697		
5.00% 2019 Notes				
Fiscal 2017 (as of March 31, 2017, unaudited)	\$ 300,000	\$20,229		
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	300,000	20,478		
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	300,000	22,289	_	
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	300,000	21,304		
1 iscar 2014 (as of Julie 30, 2014)	300,000	21,504		
2020 Notes				
Fiscal 2017 (as of March 31, 2017, unaudited)	\$ 392,000	\$15,482	_	_
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	392,000	15,672		_
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	392,000	17,058		_
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	400,000	15,978		
2022 Notes(7)				
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	\$ 100,000	\$63,912		\$ 1,038
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	100,000	43,395		1,036
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	100,000	21,761		996
1 iscai 2012 (as 01 Julie 30, 2012)	100,000	21,701		<i>)) (</i>
2023 Notes(8)				
Fiscal 2017 (as of March 31, 2017, unaudited)	\$ 250,000	\$24,275		_
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	248,293	24,742		_
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	248,094	26,953	_	_
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	247,881	25,783	_	_
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	247,725	17,517	_	_
2024 Notes				
Fiscal 2017 (as of March 31, 2017, unaudited)	\$ 199,281	\$30,454		\$ 1,022
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	161,364	38,072		951
1 isedi 2010 (dis 01 saile 30, 2010)	101,501	30,072		751
Prospect Capital InterNotes®(10)				
Fiscal 2017 (as of March 31, 2017, unaudited)	\$ 1,005,859	\$6,033		
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	908,808	6,760		_
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	827,442	8,081	_	
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	785,670	8,135	_	_
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	363,777	11,929	_	_
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	20,638	105,442	_	
All Senior Securities(8)(9)(10)	¢ 2 676 640	¢ 2 267		
Fiscal 2017 (as of March 31, 2017, unaudited)	\$ 2,676,640	\$2,267	_	_

Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016)	2,707,465	2,269	_	_
Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015)	2,983,736	2,241	_	_
Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014)	2,773,051	2,305	_	_
Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013)	1,683,002	2,578	_	
Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012)	664,138	3,277	_	_

- (1) Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the year/period presented (in 000's). The asset coverage ratio for a class of senior securities representing indebtedness is calculated as our consolidated
- total assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, divided by senior securities representing indebtedness. This asset coverage ratio is multiplied by \$1,000 to determine the Asset Coverage Per Unit.
- (3) This column is inapplicable.
- This column is inapplicable, except for the 2022 Notes and the 2024 Notes. The average market value per unit is calculated as an average of quarter-end prices and shown as the market value per \$1,000 of indebtedness.
- (5) We repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2015 Notes on December 15, 2015.
- (6) We repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2016 Notes on August 15, 2016.
- (7) We redeemed the 2022 Notes on May 15, 2015.
- (8) For all fiscal years ended June 30th, the notes are presented net of unamortized discount.
 - While we do not consider commitments to fund under revolving arrangements to be senior securities, if we were to
- (9) elect to treat such unfunded commitments, which were \$26,863 as of March 31, 2017, as senior securities for purposes of Section 18 of the 1940 Act, our asset coverage per unit would be \$2,255.
- On April 6, 2017, we refinanced a majority of our debt with payments due in less than one year by issuing \$225,000 aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes due July 15, 2022, which bear interest at a rate of 4.95% per year, and repurchasing \$78,766 aggregate principal amount of 2017 Notes, which bear interest at a rate of 5.375% per year, and \$114,581 aggregate principal amount of 2018 Notes, which bear interest at a rate of
- 5.75% per year. We have provided notice to call on May 11, 2017 with settlement on May 15, 2017, \$20,657 of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® maturing on November 15, 2018. If we were to consider additional issuance and repurchases subsequent to March 31, 2017, our asset coverage per unit would be \$2,246, or \$2,234 including the effects of unfunded commitments.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

For the three months and nine months ended March 31, 2017, and the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012, the ratios of earnings to fixed charges of the Company, computed as set forth below, were as follows:

	For the	For the					
	three	nine	For the				
	months	months	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year
	ended	ended	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	March	March	June 30,				
	31,	31,	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
	2017	2017					
Earnings to Fixed Charges(1)	1.47	2.62	1.63	3.04	3.45	3.89	5.95

For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings represent net increase in net assets resulting from operations plus (or minus) income tax expense including excise tax expense plus fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest and credit facility fees expense and amortization of debt issuance costs.

Earnings include the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation can vary substantially from year to year. Excluding the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation, the earnings to fixed charges ratio would be 2.77 for the three months ended March 31, 2017, 2.90 for the nine months ended March 31, 2017, 3.08 for the year ended June 30, 2016, 2.06 for the year ended June 30, 2015, 3.72 for the year ended June 30, 2014, 4.91 for the year ended June 30, 2013, and 6.79 for the year ended June 30, 2012.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Under the terms of the Sixth Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement dated November 10, 2016, which we refer to as the "Selling Agent Agreement," the notes will be offered from time to time by us to the Purchasing Agent for subsequent resale to agents, including Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and RBC Capital Markets, LLC and other dealers who are broker-dealers and securities firms. The agents, including the Purchasing Agent, and the additional agents named from time to time pursuant to the Selling Agent Agreement, are, or will be, parties to the Selling Agent Agreement. The notes will be offered for sale in the United States only. Dealers who are members of the selling group have executed a Master Selected Dealer Agreement with the Purchasing Agent. We also may appoint additional agents to sell the notes. Any sale of the notes through those additional agents, however, will be on the same terms and conditions to which the original agents have agreed. The Purchasing Agent will purchase the notes at a discount ranging from 0.4% to 3.8% of the non-discounted price for each note sold. However, we also may sell the notes to the Purchasing Agent at a discount greater than or less than the range specified above. The discount at which we sell the notes to the Purchasing Agent will be set forth in the applicable pricing supplement. The Purchasing Agent also may sell notes to dealers at a concession not in excess of the discount it received from us. In certain cases, the Purchasing Agent and the other agents and dealers may agree that the Purchasing Agent will retain the entire discount. We will disclose any particular arrangements in the applicable pricing supplement.

Following the solicitation of orders, each of the agents, severally and not jointly, may purchase notes as principal for its own account from the Purchasing Agent. Unless otherwise set forth in the applicable pricing supplement, these notes will be purchased by the agents and resold by them to one or more investors at a fixed public offering price. After the initial public offering of notes, the public offering price (in the case of notes to be resold at a fixed public offering price), discount and concession may be changed.

Except for notes sold to level-fee accounts, notes offered to the public will be offered at the public offering price set forth in the applicable pricing supplement. Agents purchasing notes on an agency basis for client accounts shall purchase notes at the public offering price. Notes sold by the Agents for their own account may be sold at the public offering price less a discount specified in the applicable pricing supplement. Notes purchased by the Agents on behalf of level-fee accounts may be sold to such accounts at the discount to the public offering price specified in the applicable pricing supplement, in which case, such Agents will not retain any portion of the sales price as compensation.

We have the sole right to accept offers to purchase notes and may reject any proposed offer to purchase notes in whole or in part. Each agent also has the right, in its discretion reasonably exercised, to reject any proposed offer to purchase notes in whole or in part. We reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify any offer without notice. We also may change the terms, including the interest rate we will pay on the notes, at any time prior to our acceptance of an offer to purchase.

Each agent, including the Purchasing Agent, may be deemed to be an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act. We have agreed to indemnify the agents against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to any payments they may be required to make in respect of such liabilities. We also have agreed to reimburse the agents for certain expenses.

No note will have an established trading market when issued. We do not intend to apply for the listing of the notes on any securities exchange. However, we have been advised by the agents that they may purchase and sell notes in the secondary market as permitted by applicable laws and regulations. The agents are not obligated to make a market in the notes, and they may discontinue making a market in the notes at any time without notice. Neither we nor the agents can provide any assurance regarding the development, liquidity or maintenance of any trading market for any notes. All secondary trading in the notes will settle in same-day funds. See "Registration and Settlement." In connection with certain offerings of notes, the rules of the SEC permit the Purchasing Agent to engage in transactions that may stabilize the price of the notes. The Purchasing Agent will conduct these activities for the agents. These transactions may consist of short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. A short sale is the sale by the Purchasing Agent of a greater amount of notes than the amount the Purchasing Agent has agreed to purchase in connection with a specific offering of notes. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases made by the Purchasing Agent to prevent or retard a decline in the price of the notes while an offering of notes is in process. In general, these purchases or bids for the notes for the purpose of stabilization or to

reduce a syndicate short position could cause the price of the notes to be higher than it might otherwise be in the absence of those purchases or bids. Neither we nor the Purchasing Agent makes any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that these transactions may have on the price of any notes. In addition, neither we nor the Purchasing Agent makes any representation that, once commenced, these transactions will not be discontinued without notice. The Purchasing Agent is not required to engage in these activities and may end any of these activities at any time.

Some of the agents and their affiliates have engaged in, and may in the future engage in, investment banking and other commercial dealings in the ordinary course of business with us or our affiliates. They have received, or may in the future receive, customary fees and commissions for these transactions.

In addition, in the ordinary course of their business activities, the agents and their affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Such investments and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of ours or our affiliates. The agents and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

LEGAL MATTERS

The legality of the notes will be passed upon for the Company by Joseph Ferraro, our General Counsel, Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP ("Skadden, Arps"), New York, New York, and Venable LLP, as special Maryland counsel, Baltimore, Maryland, will pass on certain matters for the Company. Troutman Sanders LLP will pass on certain matters for the agents. Skadden, Arps and Venable LLP each have from time to time acted as counsel for us and our subsidiaries and may do so in the future.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTING FIRMS

BDO USA, LLP is the independent registered public accounting firm of the Company and National Property REIT Corp. MSPC is the independent registered public accounting firm of Harbortouch Payments, LLC. Hood & Strong LLP is the independent registered public accounting firm of NPH McDowell, LLC. Tidwell Group, LLC is the independent public accounting firm of Michigan Storage, LLC. RSM US LLP is the independent registered public accounting firm of First Tower Finance Company LLC.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the notes offered by this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the notes being registered by this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current periodic reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. This information and the information specifically regarding how we voted proxies relating to portfolio securities for the period ended June 30, 2016, are available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40th Street, 42nd floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at toll-free (888) 748-0702. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (202) 551-8090. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC which are available on the SEC's Internet site at http://www.sec.gov. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102.

No dealer, salesperson or other individual has been authorized to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by us or the Purchasing Agent or any agent. This prospectus supplement does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so, or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. Neither the delivery of this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in our affairs or that information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	March 31, 2017 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2016 (Audited)
Assets	,	
Investments at fair value:		
Control investments (amortized cost of \$1,939,427 and \$1,768,220, respectively) Affiliate investments (amortized cost of \$8,530 and \$10,758, respectively)	\$1,892,719 7,239	\$1,752,449 11,320
Non-control/non-affiliate investments (amortized cost of \$4,305,472 and \$4,312,122, respectively)	4,124,808	4,133,939
Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$6,253,429 and \$6,091,100, respectively) Cash Receivables for:	6,024,766 111,804	5,897,708 317,798
Interest, net	10,255	12,127
Other	100	168
Prepaid expenses	716	855
Deferred financing costs on Revolving Credit Facility (Note 4)	5,463	7,525
Total Assets	6,153,104	6,236,181
Liabilities		
Revolving Credit Facility (Notes 4 and 8)	_	_
Prospect Capital InterNotes® (Notes 7 and 8)	991,345	893,210
Convertible Notes (Notes 5 and 8)	910,782	1,074,361
Public Notes (Notes 6 and 8)	737,802	699,368
Due to Prospect Capital Management (Note 13)	49,098	54,149
Interest payable	33,763	40,804
Dividends payable	29,989	29,758
Due to Prospect Administration (Note 13)	1,847	1,765
Accrued expenses	4,292	2,259
Other liabilities	2,018	3,633
Due to broker		957
Total Liabilities	2,760,936	2,800,264
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 3)	— \$2.202.160	— \$2.425.017
Net Assets	\$3,392,168	\$3,435,917
Components of Net Assets		
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (1,000,000,000 common shares authorized; 359,885,703 and 357,107,231 issued and outstanding, respectively) (Note 9)	\$360	\$357
Paid-in capital in excess of par (Note 9)	3,989,703	3,967,397
Accumulated overdistributed net investment income	(33,719)	(3,623)
Accumulated net realized loss		(334,822)
Net unrealized loss		(193,392)
Net Assets	\$3,392,168	\$3,435,917
Net Asset Value Per Share (Note 16)	\$9.43	\$9.62

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Mont March 31,	ths Ended
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Investment Income				
Interest income:				
Control investments	\$41,353	\$50,762	\$135,543	\$154,135
Affiliate investments				896
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	83,794	83,986	257,919	265,855
Structured credit securities	36,564	44,244	114,690	135,912
Total interest income	161,711	178,992	508,152	556,798
Dividend income:				
Control investments	728	8,288	4,250	25,046
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	89	13	330	16
Total dividend income	817	8,301	4,580	25,062
Other income:				
Control investments	2,953	1,758	9,749	7,436
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	5,551	442	11,863	9,639
Total other income (Note 10)	8,504	2,200	21,612	17,075
Total Investment Income	171,032	189,493	534,344	598,935
Operating Expenses				
Base management fee (Note 13)	30,549	30,977	92,227	95,712
Income incentive fee (Note 13)	18,270	21,906	59,101	69,940
Interest and credit facility expenses	41,464	41,719	123,981	125,881
Allocation of overhead from Prospect Administration (Note 13)	3,581	2,936	9,771	9,114
Audit, compliance and tax related fees	1,223	1,596	3,676	4,665
Directors' fees	113	94	338	282
Excise Tax		400	(1,100)	1,700
Other general and administrative expenses	2,752	2,239	9,946	11,880
Total Operating Expenses	97,952	101,867	297,940	319,174
Net Investment Income	73,080	87,626	236,404	279,761
Net Realized and Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) from Inve	stments			
Net realized gains (losses)				
Control investments	1	16	184	7
Affiliate investments		(14,194)	137	(14,194)
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	177	3,394	489	(4,050)
Net realized gains (losses)	178	(10,784)	810	(18,237)
Net change in unrealized (losses) gains				
Control investments	(33,235)	36,508	(30,937)	(40,779)
Affiliate investments	(581)	189		535
Non-control/non-affiliate investments	(19,930)	(38,008)	(2,480)	(212,989)
Net change in unrealized losses	(53,746)			(253,233)
Net Realized and Change in Unrealized Losses from Investments		(12,095)		(271,470)
Net realized losses on extinguishment of debt				(86)
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$19,492	\$75,508	\$201,738	\$8,205
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share	\$0.05	\$0.21	\$0.56	\$0.02

Dividends declared per share

\$(0.25) \$(0.25) \$(0.75) \$(0.75)

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

(in thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

	Nine Month March 31,	s Ended
	2017	2016
Operations		
Net investment income	\$236,404	\$279,761
Net realized gains (losses)	605	(18,323)
Net change in unrealized losses	(35,271	(253,233)
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	201,738	8,205
Distributions to Shareholders		
Distribution from net investment income	(268,989	(266,920)
Net Decrease in Net Assets Resulting from Distributions to Shareholders	(268,989	(266,920)
Common Stock Transactions		
Offering costs from issuance of common stock		118
Repurchase of common stock under stock repurchase program		(34,140)
Value of shares issued through reinvestment of dividends	23,502	12,104
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Common Stock Transactions	23,502	(21,918)
Total Decrease in Net Assets		(280,633)
Net assets at beginning of period	3,435,917	3,703,049
Net Assets at End of Period (Accumulated Overdistributed Net Investment Income of \$33,719 and \$3,623, respectively)	\$3,392,168	\$3,422,416
Common Stock Activity		
Shares repurchased under stock repurchase program		(4,708,750)
Shares issued through reinvestment of dividends	2,778,472	1,731,768
Net shares issued (repurchased) due to common stock activity	2,778,472	(2,976,982)
Shares issued and outstanding at beginning of period	357,107,231	359,090,759
Shares Issued and Outstanding at End of Period	359,885,703	356,113,777
See notes to consolidated financial statements. F-4		

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

	Nine Mont March 31,	hs Ended
	2017	2016
Operating Activities		
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$201,738	\$8,205
Net realized losses on extinguishment of debt	205	86
Net realized (gains) losses from investments	(810)	18,237
Net change in unrealized losses on investments	35,271	253,233
Amortization of discounts and premiums, net	42,937	62,631
Accretion of discount on Public Notes (Note 6)	200	148
Amortization of deferred financing costs	10,128	10,156
Payment-in-kind interest	(14,326)	(7,475)
Structuring fees	(11,674)	(6,932)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Payments for purchases of investments	(1,240,294	(670,657)
Proceeds from sale of investments and collection of investment principal	1,061,839	955,415
Decrease in interest receivable, net	1,872	1,529
Decrease in other receivables	68	1,958
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	139	(511)
Decrease in due to broker	(957)	(26,778)
Decrease in interest payable	(7,041)	(5,935)
Increase (decrease) in due to Prospect Administration	82	(2,339)
(Decrease) increase in due to Prospect Capital Management		52,471
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	2,033	(255)
Decrease in other liabilities		(50)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	74,744	643,137
Financing Activities		
Borrowings under Revolving Credit Facility (Note 4)	557,000	615,000
Principal payments under Revolving Credit Facility (Note 4)		(983,700)
Issuances of Public Notes, net of original issue discount (Note 6)	37,466	160,000
Redemptions of Convertible Notes (Note 5)		(150,500)
Issuances of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (Note 7)	109,221	•
Redemptions of Prospect Capital InterNotes®, net (Note 7)	(12,170)	
Financing costs paid and deferred	(2,500)	(6,759)
Cost of shares repurchased under stock repurchase program		(34,140)
Offering costs from issuance of common stock	<u> </u>	118
Dividends paid		(255,063)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(280,738)	(583,951)
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash	(205,994)	59,186
Cash at beginning of period	317,798	110,026
Cash at End of period	\$111,804	\$169,212
	,	,
Supplemental Disclosures	φ1 0 0 (04	Φ101 5 10
Cash paid for interest	\$120,694	\$121,512
Non-Cash Financing Activities		

Value of shares issued through reinvestment of dividends	\$23,502	\$12,104
Cost basis of investments written off as worthless	\$2,535	\$22,407

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	March 31 Puimoitize Value		Jnaudited) % of Net () Assets
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLI	O INVESTMENTS				
Control Investments (greater than 25.00% v	oting control)(45)			
Arctic Energy Services, LLC(17)	Wyoming / Energy Equipment & Services	Class D Units (32,915 units)(15) Class E Units (21,080 units)(15) Class A Units (700 units)(15) Class C Units (10 units)(15)	\$ 31,640 20,230 9,006 —	_ ·	—% —% —%
CCPI Inc.(18)	Ohio / Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.00%, du 12/31/2017)(3) Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% plu 7.00% PIK, due 12/31/2017)(3)(44) Common Stock (14,857 shares)		15,258 11,975 9,320 20,703	0.4% 0.4% 0.3% 0.5%
CP Energy Services Inc.(19)	Oklahoma / Energy Equipment & Services	Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (1,043 shares)(15) Common Stock (2,924 shares)(15)	28,054 98,273 15,227	_	1.2% 2.1% —%
Credit Central Loan Company, LLC(20)	South Carolina / Consumer Finance	Subordinated Term Loan (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/26/2019)(13)(44) Class A Units (10,640,642 units)(13)(15) Net Revenues Interest (25% of Net Revenues)(13)(15)	113,500 \$4 ,8 95 13,731	71,205 51,855 8,342 2,775	2.1%1.5%0.2%0.2%
	New York /	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.75% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.25% PIK, due 3/31/2022)(10)(12)(44)	58,628 31,055	62,972 31,055	0.9%
Echelon Aviation LLC	C Aerospace & Defense	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 1.00% PIK, due 12/7/2024)(10)(12)(44) Membership Interest (99%)	16,044 22,738	16,044 31,676	0.9%
Edmentum Ultimate	Minnesota / Diversified	Second Lien Revolving Credit Facility to Edmentum, Inc. – \$7,834 Commitment (5.00%, due 6/9/2020)(8)(14) Unsecured Senior PIK Note (8.50% PIK,	69,837 4,896	78,775 4,896	2.3% 0.1%
Holdings, LLC(21)	Consumer Services	due 6/9/2020)(8)(44) Unsecured Junior PIK Note (10.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2017,	6,763 23,802	6,763 29,701	0.2%

		due 6/9/2020)(8)			
		Class A Units (370,964 units)(15)	6,577	_	<u></u> %
			42,065	41,360	1.2%
		Subordinated Term Loan to First Tower,			
First Tower Finance	Mississippi /	LLC (10.00% plus 7.00% PIK, due	258,869	258,869	7.6%
Company LLC(22)	Consumer Finance	6/24/2019)(13)(44)			
		Class A Units (93,997,533 units)(13)(15)	78,481	90,556	2.7%
			337,350	349,425	10.3%
Freedom Marine	Louisiana / Energy				
Solutions, LLC(23)	Equipment &	Membership Interest (100%)(15)	41,811	23,994	0.7%
Solutions, LLC(23)	Services				
			41,811	23,994	0.7%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)		31, 2017 (UAMORTIZE Cost		% of Net	
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LIO INVESTMEN	VTS					
Control Investments	Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(45)						
Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company	Texas / Energy Equipment & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2015, due 10/12/2017)(10)(11) Series A Convertible Preferred Stock		\$47,163\$39,403 \$7			
		(99,900 shares)(15) Common Stock (100 shares)(15)		25,950 —	— —	—% —%	
MITY, Inc.(24)		Senior Secured Note A (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/30/2020)(3)(10)(11) Senior Secured Note B (10.00% (LIBOR	26,250	65,353 26,250	7,144 26,250	0.2%	
	Utah / Commercial Services & Supplies	+ 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus	24,442	24,442	24,442	0.7%	
		Enterprises ULC (10.00%, due on demand)(13)	5,531	7,200	5,531	0.2%	
		Common Stock (42,053 shares)		6,849 64,741	19,441 75,664		
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(10)(11)(44)	297,065	297,065	297,065	8.8%	
		Senior Secured Term Loan E (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.00% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(10)(11)(44)	132,741	132,741	132,741	3.9%	
National Property REIT Corp.(25)	Various / Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) / Online Lending	Senior Secured Term Loan C to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. (11.00% (LIBOR + s 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.00% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(10)(11)(13)(44) Senior Secured Term Loan C to	99,934	99,934	99,934	2.9%	
		American Consumer Lending Limited (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.00% PIK, due 12/15/2020)(10)(11)(13)(44)	46,918	46,918	46,918	1.4%	
		Common Stock (2,266,143 shares)(15)		244,044	292,221	8.6%	

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		Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income)(15)		_	90,738	2.7%
				820,702	959,617	28.3%
Nationwide Loan Company LLC(26)	Illinois / Consumer Finance	Senior Subordinated Term Loan to Nationwide Acceptance LLC (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/18/2019)(13)(44)	16,819	16,819	16,819	0.5%
		Class A Units (29,559,899 units)(13)		16,293	19,285	
		a		33,112	36,104	1.1%
		Senior Secured Note (14.00%, due 5/6/2021)	3,714	3,714	3,714	0.1%
		Senior Secured Note to Armed Forces				
NMMB, Inc.(27)	New York / Media	Communications, Inc. (14.00%, due 5/6/2021)	7,000	7,000	7,000	0.2%
		Series A Preferred Stock (7,200 shares)(15)		7,200	3,598	0.1%
		Series B Preferred Stock (5,669 shares)(15)		5,669	2,833	0.1%
				23,583	17,145	0.5%
		Senior Subordinated Note (10.15%				
R-V Industries, Inc.	Pennsylvania / Machinery	(LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/31/2022)(3)(10)(11)	28,622	28,622	28,622	0.8%
		Common Stock (745,107 shares)		6,866	8,601	0.3%
				35,488	37,223	1.1%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)		31, 2017 (U alAmortized Cost		% of Net Assets		
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	DLIO INVESTM	ENTS						
Control Investment	s (greater than 2	5.00% voting control)(45)						
USES Corp.(28)	Texas / Commercial	Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 3/31/2019) Senior Secured Term Loan B (15.50%	\$29,433	3\$27,658	\$23,458	0.7%		
COLO Corp.(20)	Services & Supplies	PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 3/31/2019)	39,892	35,568	_	<u> </u> %		
		Common Stock (268,962 shares)(15)		— 63,226	— 23,458	—% 0.7%		
Valley Electric Company, Inc.(29)	Washington / Construction &	floor) plus 2 50% DIV due	10,430	10,430	10,430	0.3%		
	Engineering	Senior Secured Note (10.00% plus 8.50% PIK, due 6/23/2019)(44)	25,091	25,091	22,367	0.7%		
		Common Stock (50,000 shares)(15)		26,204 61,725	32,797	—% 1.0%		
	Kansas /	H&M (18.00%, in non-accrual status	41,757	_	93	0.1%		
Wolf Energy, LLC(30)	Energy Equipment &	effective 4/15/2013, due 4/15/2018) Membership Interest (100%)(15)		_	_	—%		
, ,	Services	Membership Interest in Wolf Energy Services Company, LLC (100%)(15)	_	19,376	18,472	0.5%		
		Net Profits Interest (8% of Equity Distributions)(4)(15)		_	15	— %		
				19,376 \$1,939,42	18,580 7\$1,892,71	0.6% 955.8%		
Affiliate Investmen	Affiliate Investments (5.00% to 24.99% voting control)(46)							

		Senior Secured Term Loan A (15.00% PIK, in				
		non-accrual status effective 10/1/15, due	\$1,474	1\$1,263	3 \$ 1,474	1—%
Targus	California / Textiles,	12/31/2019)(8)				
International,	Apparel & Luxury	Senior Secured Term Loan B (15.00% PIK, in				
LLC(31)	Goods	non-accrual status effective 10/1/15, due	4,423	3,788	4,423	0.2%
		12/31/2019)(8)				
		Common Stock (1,262,737 shares)(15)		3,479	1,342	<u></u> %
				8,530	7,239	0.2%

\$8,530\$7,2390.2%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	March 3: Animoitiza Value		Unaudited) % of Net 2)Assets				
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO	LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS								
Non-Control/Non-Affi	liate Investments (l	ess than 5.00% voting control)							
AFI Shareholder, LLC (f/k/a Aircraft Fasteners International LLC)	Trading	Class A Units (32,500 units)(15)	\$ 272	\$ 1,081	— %				
LLC)	Distributors		272	1,081	%				
American Gilsonite Company(32)	Utah / Chemicals	Membership Interest (1.93%)(15)	_	_	<u> </u> %				
	Covmon Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Pasidual Interest, ourren	<u> </u>		—%				
Apidos CLO IX	Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, curren e yield 0.00%, due 7/15/2023)(5)(13)(16)	18,629	15,659	0.5%				
			18,659	15,659	0.5%				
Apidos CLO XI	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, curren e yield 11.38%, due 10/17/28)(5)(13)	^t 30,686	25,879	0.8%				
			30,085	25,879	0.8%				
Apidos CLO XII	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, curren e yield 10.11%, due 4/15/2025)(5)(13)	^t 34,063	28,485	0.8%				
			31,781	28,485	0.8%				
Apidos CLO XV	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, curren e yield 12.18%, due 10/20/2025)(5)(13)	^t 29,352	25,307	0.7%				
			29,352	25,307	0.7%				
Apidos CLO XXII	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, curren e yield 16.20%, due 10/20/2027)(5)(6)(13)	^t 27,080	26,695	0.8%				
		0 1 0 1 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	27,083	26,695	0.8%				
Ark-La-Tex Wireline Services, LLC	Louisiana / Energy Equipment & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50%) (LIBOR + 11.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 4/8/2019)(10)(12)	26,980	1,450	— %				
			21,447	1,450	<u> </u> %				
Armor Holding II LLC	New York / Commercial Services & Supplies	Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/26/2020)(3)(8)(10)(11)	Ø,9 0 0	6,923	0.2%				
	D . D: /	D 11 11 6 G 11 07 000	6,923	6,923	0.2%				
Atlantis Health Care Group (Puerto Rico), Inc.	Puerto Rico / Health Care Providers &	Revolving Line of Credit – \$7,000 Commitment (9.50% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due	2,350	2,350	0.1%				
	Services	8/21/2018)(10)(11)(14) Senior Term Loan (9.50% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due	79,764	79,764	2.3%				

2/21/2020)(3)(10)(11)

			82,114	82,114	2.4%
Babson CLO Ltd. 2014-III	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, curren e yield 15.02%, due 1/15/2026)(5)(6)(13)	^t \$ 2, 85 6	39,221	1.2%
			42,815	39,221	1.2%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR			
	Pennsylvania / Textiles, Apparel	+ 5.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due	118,524	118,524	3.5%
Broder Bros Co		6/03/2021)(3)(10)(12)			
broder bros., co.		Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50%			
	& Luxury Goods	(LIBOR + 12.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 6/03/2021)(10)(12)	119,999	119,999	3.5%
			238,523	238,523	7.0%
Brookside Mill CLO Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current evield 7.49%, due 4/17/2025)(5)(13)	^t 28,000	16,243	0.5%
Dia.	Stractared I mane.		18,235	16,243	0.5%
Brookside Mill CLO Ltd.	Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods Cayman Islands /	+ 5.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 6/03/2021)(3)(10)(12) Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50%	118,524 119,999 238,523 t26,006	119,999 238,523 16,243	3.5% 3.7.0% 0.5%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

			March 31, 2017 (Unaudited)		
Portfolio Company	Locale /	Investments(1)	PrincipalAmortizedFair % of Net		
	Industry	mvestments(1)	Value Cost Value(2) Assets		

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)

California Street CLO IX Ltd. (f/k/a Symphony CLO IX Ltd.)	•	Preference Shares (Residual Interest, current yield 13.98%, due 10/16/2028)(5)(13)	\$58,915	5\$ 41,073	\$36,024	1.1%
				41,073	36,024	1.1%
Capstone Logistics Acquisition, Inc.	Georgia / Commercial Services & Supplies	Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/7/2022)(3)(8)(10)(11)	101,828	3 101,362	100,741	3.0%
	11			101,362	100,741	3.0%
Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2016-3, Ltd.	•	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.49%, due 10/20/2029)(5)(6)(13)	32,200	32,520	28,924	0.9%
				32,520	28,924	0.9%
Cent CLO 17 Limited	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 7.39%, due 1/30/2025)(5)(13)	24,870	18,168	15,487	0.5%
	1 mance	113012023)(3)(13)		18,168	15,487	0.5%
Cent CLO 20 Limited	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 6.51%, due 1/25/2026)(5)(13)	40,275	31,502	24,797	0.7%
	Timanee	172372020)(3)(13)		31,502	24,797	0.7%
Cent CLO 21 Limited	/ Structured	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 10.68%, due	48,528	35,952	30,947	0.9%
	Finance	7/27/2026)(5)(6)(13)		35,952	30,947	0.9%
Centerfield Media	California / Internet	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.15% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/17/2022)(3)(8)(10)(11)		•	·	2.0%
Holding Company(33)	Software and Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.65% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/17/2022)(8)(10)(11)		68,000	68,000	2.0%
				135,660	135,660	4.0%
CIFC Funding 2013-III, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.68%, due 10/24/2025)(5)(13)	44,100	31,118	30,495	0.9%
CIFC Funding 2013-IV.		Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.72%, due	45,500	31,118 33,065	30,495 34,293	0.9% 1.0%

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	Finance	11/27/2024)(5)(13)		22.065	24.202	1 007
CIFC Funding 2014-IV Investor, Ltd.	/ Structured	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.37%, due	41,500	33,065 30,538	34,293 31,185	0.9%
	Finance Common Internal	10/17/2026)(5)(6)(13)		30,538	31,185	0.9%
CIFC Funding 2016-I, Ltd.	/ Structured Finance	Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.50%, due 10/21/2028)(5)(6)(13)	34,000	31,369	29,896	0.9%
				31,369	29,896	0.9%
Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC	, New York / Media	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 3/31/2021)(10)(11)(44)	54,656	54,606	54,656	1.6%
				54,606	54,656	1.6%
Coverall North America		Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.15% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/02/2020)(3)(10)(11) Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.15%)	·	23,500	23,500	0.7%
Inc.	Services & Supplies	(LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/02/2020)(3)(10)(11)	25,000	25,000	25,000	0.7%
				48,500	48,500	1.4%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Locale / Industry Investments(1)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company

March 31, 2017 (Unaudited)

PrincipalAmortizedFair % of Net

Value Cost

Value(2) Assets

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)

Non-Control/Non-Arrifiate investments (less than 5.00% voting control)						
Crosman Corporation	New York /	Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.68% (LIBOR + 8.70% with .30% LIBOR floor) plus 4.00% PIK, due 8/5/2020)(3)(10)(12)(44) Senior Secured Term Loan B (16.68% \$55,652\$		2\$ 55,652	\$55,652 1.6%	
-	Leisure Froducts	(LIBOR + 15.70% with .30% LIBOR floor) plus 4.00% PIK, due 8/5/2020)(10)(12)(44)	42,402		ŕ	1.3%
				98,054	98,054	2.9%
CURO Financial Technologies Corp.	Canada / Consumer Finance	Senior Secured Notes (12.00%, due 3/1/2022)(8)(13)	10,000	9,822	10,000	0.3%
				9,822	10,000	0.3%
Digital Room LLC	California / Commercial Services & Supplies	Second Lien Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/21/2023)(3)(8)(10)(12)	34,000	33,363	33,363	1.0%
	11			33,363	33,363	1.0%
	Georgia / Paper	Second Lien Term Loan (9.75%		,	,	
Dunn Paper, Inc.	& Forest Products	(LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/26/2023)(3)(8)(10)(11)	11,500	11,287	11,313	0.3%
				11,287	11,313	0.3%
Form Condonon	Texas /	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.15%				
Easy Gardener Products, Inc.	Household Durables	(LIBOR + 10.00% with .25% LIBOR floor), due 09/30/2020)(3)(10)(11)	17,238	17,238	17,238	0.5%
				17,238	17,238	0.5%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.75%				
EZShield Parent, Inc.	Maryland / Internet Software	floor), due 2/26/2021)(10)(12)	15,000	15,000	15,000	0.4%
Ezsincia i urent, inc.	& Services	(LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.00% LIBOR	15,000	15,000	15,000	0.4%
		floor), due 2/26/2021)(10)(12)		20.000	20.000	0.00
E1 41- I	NI I /	S		30,000	30,000	0.8%
Fleetwash, Inc.	New Jersey / Commercial Services &	Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.65% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/30/2019)(3)(10)(11)	23,402	23,402	23,402	0.7%
	Supplies	Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$15,000 Commitment (9.65% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor)expires	_	_	_	—%

4/30/2019)(10)(14)

				23,402	23,402	0.7%
	Cayman Islands	/ Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,				
Galaxy XV CLO, Ltd	. Structured	current yield 16.81%, due	50,525	34,526	37,277	1.1%
	Finance	4/15/2025)(5)(13)				
				34,526	37,277	1.1%
Galaxy XVI CLO,	Cayman Islands	/ Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,				
Ltd.	Structured	current yield 13.80%, due	24,575	18,253	17,448	0.5%
Liu.	Finance	11/16/2025)(5)(13)				
				18,253	17,448	0.5%
Galaxy XVII CLO,	Cayman Islands	/ Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,				
Ltd.	Structured	current yield 12.72%, due	39,905	30,210	28,854	0.9%
Ltd.	Finance	7/15/2026)(5)(6)(13)				
				30,210	28,854	0.9%
Global Employment	Colorado /	Senior Secured Term Loan (9.00%				
Solutions, Inc.	Professional	(LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR	49,125	49,125	49,125	1.4%
Solutions, me.	Services	floor), due 6/26/2020)(3)(10)(12)				
				49,125	49,125	1.4%
Halcyon Loan	•	/ Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,				
Advisors Funding	Structured	current yield 0.00%, due	23,188	15,774	13,141	0.4%
2012-1 Ltd.	Finance	8/15/2023)(5)(13)(16)				
				15,774	13,141	0.4%
Halcyon Loan	•	/ Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,			•	
Advisors Funding	Structured	current yield 12.90%, due	40,400	28,538	28,011	0.8%
2013-1 Ltd.	Finance	4/15/2025)(5)(13)		20.520	20.011	0.00
				28,538	28,011	0.8%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

March 31, 2017 (Unaudited)

PrincipalAmortizedFair % of Net Value Cost Value(2) Assets

Portfolio Company Locale / Industry Investments(1)

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)

Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-1 Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.38%, due 4/18/2026)(5)(13)		0\$ 16,713	\$16,213	0.5%
				16,713	16,213	0.5%
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-2 Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.73%, due 4/28/2025)(5)(6)(13)		28,035	28,193	0.8%
2014 2 Dtd.	Timunec	1,20,2023)(3)(0)(13)		28,035	28,193	0.8%
Halcyon Loan	· ·	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,				
Advisors Funding 2015-3 Ltd.	Structured Finance	current yield 16.12%, due 10/18/2027)(5)(6)(13)	39,598	34,900	36,256	1.1%
				34,900	36,256	1.1%
Harbortouch Payments, LLC	Pennsylvania / Commercial Services & Supplies	Escrow Receivable(15)		_	2,209	0.1%
	Supplies				2,209	0.1%
HarbourView CLO VII, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 20.66%, due 11/18/2026)(5)(6)(13)	19,025	15,003	14,413	0.4%
	Timanec	11/10/2020)(3)(0)(13)		15,003	14,413	0.4%
Harley Marine Services, Inc.	Washington / Marine	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/20/2019)(3)(8)(10)(11)	9,000	8,910	8,813	0.3%
		11001), due 12/20/2019)(3)(8)(10)(11)		8,910	8,813	0.3%
Hallandan Claan	Florida / Textiles	, Senior Secured Term Loan (9.00%		- /-	-,	
Hollander Sleep Products, LLC	Apparel & Luxury Goods	(LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/21/2020)(3)(10)(11)	21,860	21,860	21,639	0.6%
				21,860	21,639	0.6%
Inpatient Care Management Company LLC	Florida / Health Care Providers & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.65% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), dua 6/8/2021(10)(12)	26,023	26,023	26,023	0.8%
Company, LLC	Services	floor), due 6/8/2021(10)(12)		26,023	26,023	0.8%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (5.65%		20,020	20,020	0.070
		(LIBOR + 4.50% with 1.00% LIBOR	121,447	121,447	121,447	3.6%
		floor), due 3/28/2019)(10)(11)				
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.15% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR	150 100 150 10		158,100	170%
		floor), due 3/28/2019)(3)(10)(11)	130,100	130,100	130,100	4.770
	Minnesota /					

Instant Web, LLC Minnesota / Media

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		Senior Secured Term Loan C-1 (12.90% (LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(10)(11)	27,000	27,000	27,000	0.8%
		Senior Secured Term Loan C-2 (13.65% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(10)(11)	25,000	25,000	25,000	0.7%
				331,547	331,547	9.8%
InterDent, Inc.	California / Health Care Providers &	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.48% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 0.75% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2017)(10)(12) Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.48%	78,876	78,876	78,876	2.3%
	Services	(LIBOR + 10.50% with 0.75% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2017)(3)(10)(12)	131,125	131,125	131,125	3.9%
				210,001	210,001	6.2%
JD Power and Associates	California / Capital Markets	Second Lien Term Loan (9.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/7/2024)(3)(8)(10)(11)	15,000	14,790	15,000	0.4%
				14,790	15,000	0.4%
Jefferson Mill CLO Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.42%, due 7/20/2027)(5)(6)(13)	19,500	16,919	14,213	0.4%
				16,919	14,213	0.4%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)		31, 2017 (UalAmortized Cost		% of Net			
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO	LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS								
Non-Control/Non-Affi	Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)								
K&N Parent, Inc.	California / Auto Components	Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/20/2024)(8)(10)(11)	\$13,000)\$ 12,754	\$13,000	0.4%			
Keystone Peer Review		Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00%		12,754	13,000	0.4%			
Organization Holdings Inc. LaserShip, Inc.	s, Health Care Providers & Services Virginia / Air Freight & Logistics	LIBOR floor) due	45,000	45,000	45,000	1.3%			
		Senior Secured Term Loan A		45,000	45,000	1.3%			
		(10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/18/2019)(3)(10)(12) Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with	33,955	33,955	33,955	1.0%			
			20,851	20,851	20,851	0.6%			
		Income Notes (Residual Interest,		54,806	54,806	1.6%			
LCM XIV Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	current yield 16.15%, due 7/15/2025)(5)(13)	30,500	21,752	22,344	0.7%			
		Subordinated Notes (Residual		21,752	22,344	0.7%			
Madison Park Funding IX, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Interest, current yield 0.11%, due 8/15/2022)(5)(13)	43,110	28,613	27,895	0.8%			
		Senior Secured Term Loan A		28,613	27,895	0.8%			
Matrixx Initiatives,	New Jersey / Pharmaceuticals	(7.65% (LIBOR + 6.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/24/2020)(3)(10)(11) Senior Secured Term Loan B	66,802	66,802	66,802	2.0%			
Inc.	rnarmaceuticais	(12.65% (LIBOR + 11.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/24/2020)(3)(10)(11)	52,562	52,562	52,562	1.5%			
Maverick Healthcare	Arizona / Health	Preferred Units (1,250,000		119,364	119,364				
Equity, LLC	Care Providers & Services	units)(15)		1,252	751 —	—% —%			

Class A Common Units (1,250,000 units)(15)

		units)(15)				
				1,252	751	— %
Memorial MRI & Diagnostic, LLC	Texas / Health Care Providers & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (9.65% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% sLIBOR floor), due 3/16/2022)(10)(11)		38,000	38,000	1.1%
				38,000	38,000	1.1%
Mineral Fusion Natura Brands(34)	lColorado / Personal Products	Membership Interest (1.43%)(15)		_	157	—%
				_	157	%
Mountain View CLO 2013-I Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.48%, due 4/12/2024)(5)(13)	43,650	29,920	29,395	0.9%
				29,920	29,395	0.9%
Mountain View CLO IX Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.27%, due 7/15/2027)(5)(6)(13)	47,830	41,480	40,635	1.2%
				41,480	40,635	1.2%
National Home Healthcare Corp.	Michigan / Health Care Providers & Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/8/2022)(3)(8)(10)	15,407	15,189	15,189	0.4%
				15,189	15,189	0.4%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Locale / Industry Investments(1)

(in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company

March 31, 2017 (Unaudited)

Principal Amortized Fair % of Net

Value Cost

Value(2) Assets

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)

NCP Finance Limited Partnership(35)	l Ohio / Consumer Finance	Subordinated Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 9/30/2018)(3)(8)(10)(12)(13)	\$26,960)\$ 26,471	\$25,751	0.8%
				26,471	25,751	0.8%
Nixon, Inc.	California / Textiles, Appare & Luxury Goods		15 078	14,197	1,552	— %
				14,197	1,552	%
Octagon Investment Partners XV, Ltd.	Cayman Islands Structured Finance	/Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 6.57%, due 1/19/2025)(5)(13)	32,921	24,385	19,764	0.6%
	Timanee	1,17,2023)(3)(13)		24,385	19,764	0.6%
Octagon Investment Partners XVIII, Ltd.	Cayman Islands Structured Finance	/Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.45%, due 12/16/2024)(5)(6)(13)	28,200	18,473	18,234	0.5%
	Tillanee	12/10/2024)(3)(0)(13)		18,473	18,234	0.5%
Outerwall Inc.	Washington / Specialty Retail	Senior Secured Term Loan B (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/27/2024)(3)(8)(10)(11)	40,000	·		1.2%
		11001), due 3/2//2021)(3)(0)(10)(11)		39,443	40,000	1.2%
	California / Personal Products	Revolving Line of Credit – \$15,000 Commitment (8.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(10)(12)(14)	13,225	13,225	13,225	0.4%
Pacific World Corporation		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(3)(10)(12) Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.00%	97,500	97,500	93,915	2.8%
		(LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(3)(10)(12)	97,500	97,500	70,296	2.1%
				208,225	177,436	5.3%
Pelican Products, Inc.	California / Chemicals	Second Lien Term Loan (9.40% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/9/2021)(3)(8)(10)(12)	17,500	17,488	17,073	0.5%
				17,488	17,073	0.5%
PeopleConnect Intermediate, LLC	Washington / Internet Software	Revolving Line of Credit – \$1,000 e Commitment (9.65% (LIBOR + 8.50%)		_		—%

(f/k/a Intelius, Inc.)	& Services	with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/11/17)(10)(11)(14) Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.65%				
		(LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2020)(3)(10)(11)	19,841	19,841	19,730	0.6%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.65% (LIBOR + 11.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2020)(3)(10)(11)	20,670	20,670	20,496	0.6%
				40,511	40,226	1.2%
PGX Holdings, Inc.(37)	Utah / Diversified Consumer Services	Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/29/2021)(3)(10)(12)	143,767	143,767	143,767	4.2%
				143,767	143,767	4.2%
Photonis Technologies SAS	France / Aerospace & Defense	First Lien Term Loan (8.65% (LIBOR - 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/18/2019)(8)(10)(11)(13)	+ 9,927	9,796	9,186	0.3%
		2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 7(2)(2. 2)(2. 2)		9,796	9,186	0.3%
Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co. Limited	Texas / Electronic Equipment, Instruments &	Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2020)(8)(10)(11)	7,037	6,940	5,259	0.2%
	Components			6,940	5,259	0.2%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

March 31, 2017 (Unaudited) PrincipalAmortizedFair % of Net Portfolio Company Locale / Industry Investments(1) Value Cost Value(2) Assets

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)

PlayPower, Inc.	North Carolina / Leisure Products	Second Lien Term Loan (9.90% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/23/2022)(3)(8)(10)(11)	\$11,000	0\$ 10,874		
PrimeSport, Inc.	Georgia / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	1100r), due 2/11/2021)(3)(10)(11)	53,274	10,874 53,274	11,000 50,540	1.5%
		Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.15% (LIBOR + 12.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/11/2021)(3)(10)(11)	74,500	74,500	•	1.9%
Prince Mineral	New York /	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50%,		127,774	115,325	
Holding Corp.		g due 12/15/2019)(8)	10,000	,	10,000	
		Second Lien Term Loan (10.65%		9,948	10,000	0.3%
Rocket Software, Inc	Massachusetts / Software	(LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR	50,000	49,063	50,000	1.5%
		floor), due 10/14/2024)(8)(10)(11)		49,063	50,000	1.5%
Royal Holdings, Inc.	Indiana /	Second Lien Term Loan (8.65% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR	2,759	2,729	2,759	0.1%
Royal Holdings, Inc.	Chemicals	floor), due 6/19/2023)(3)(8)(10)(11)	2,139	2,129	2,739	0.170
		Second Lien Term Loan (10.50%		2,729	2,759	0.1%
SCS Merger Sub, Inc.	Texas / IT Services	(LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/30/2023)(3)(8)(10)(12)	20,000	19,512	20,000	0.6%
				19,512	20,000	0.6%
SESAC Holdco II LLC	Tennessee / Media	Second Lien Term Loan (8.30% (LIBOR + 7.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/23/2025)(8)(10)(12)	3,000	2,970	2,970	0.1%
		1.002), 444 2.20.2020 (0)(10)(12)		2,970	2,970	0.1%
SITEL Worldwide Corporation	Tennessee / Commercial Services & Supplies	Second Lien Term Loan (10.65% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/18/2022)(3)(8)(10)(11)	21,750	21,206	21,750	0.6%
	Supplies			21,206	21,750	0.6%
Small Business Whole Loan Portfolio(40)	New York / Online Lending	1,059 Small Business Loans purchased from On Deck Capital, Inc.	11,075	11,075	10,521	0.3%
10110110(10)				11,075	10,521	0.3%

Spartan Energy Services, Inc.	Louisiana / Energy	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 12/28/2018)(10)(12)	13,156	12,172	8,188	0.2%
	Equipment & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.00% (LIBOR + 12.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 12/28/2018)(10)(12)	15,583	13,669	_	— %
				25,841	8,188	0.2%
	Ohio / Oil, Gas &	ζ				
Stryker Energy, LLC	Consumable Fuels	Overriding Royalty Interests(9)		_	_	—%
	1 0015					%
Sudbury Mill CLO Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 8.39%, due	28,200	19,662	16,210	0.5%
Liu.	Finance	1/17/2026)(5)(13)				
				19,662	16,210	0.5%
Symphony CLO XIV	. Cayman Islands /	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest,				
Ltd.	Structured	current yield 11.48%, due	49,250	37,787	35,096	1.0%
	Finance	7/14/2026)(5)(6)(13)				
				37,787	35,096	1.0%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

(iii tirousurius, eneer	or share data)								
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)		31, 2017 (UalAmortize	dFair	% of Net			
			value	Cost	Value(2)Assets			
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS								
Non-Control/Non-A	Affiliate Investments (le	ss than 5.00% voting control)							
Symphony CLO XV, Ltd.	Cayman Islands / Structured Finance	Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.57%, due 10/17/2026)(5)(13)	\$50,250)\$ 41,397	\$38,390	0 1.1%			
				41,397	38,390	1.1%			
TouchTunes Interactive Networks, Inc.	New York / Internet Software & Services	Second Lien Term Loan (9.35% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/29/2022)(3)(8)(10)(11)	14,000	13,902	13,902	0.4%			
				13,902	13,902	0.4%			
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 4.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due		53,525	53,525	1.6%			
Traeger Pellet Grills LLC	Durables	6/18/2019)(3)(10)(11) Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/18/2019)(3)(10)(11)	56,175	56,175	56,175	1.7%			
		0/10/2019)(3)(10)(11)		109,700	109,700	3.3%			
Transaction Network Services, Inc.	Virginia / Diversified Telecommunication Services	Second Lien Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/14/2020)(3)(8)(10)(11)	4,410	4,395	4,395	0.1%			
				4,395	4,395	0.1%			
Turning Point Brands, Inc.	Kentucky / Tobacco	Second Lien Term Loan (11.00%, due 8/17/2022)(3)(8)	14,500	14,359	14,359	0.4%			
		G 11: E 1 (10.75%		14,359	14,359	0.4%			
United Sporting Companies, Inc.(42	South Carolina /) Distributors	Second Lien Term Loan (12.75% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.75% LIBOR floor), due 5/16/2018)(3)(10)(12)	140,847	7 140,847	132,644	3.9%			
		3/10/2010)(3)(10)(12)		140,847	132,644	3.9%			
Universal Fiber Systems, LLC	Virginia / Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	Second Lien Term Loan (10.53% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/02/2022)(3)(8)(10)(12)	37,000	36,419	37,000	1.1%			
				36,419	37,000	1.1%			
Universal Turbine Parts, LLC	Alabama / Trading Companies & Distributors	Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.75% (LIBOR + 5.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due	532,175	32,175	32,175	0.9%			

		7/22/2021)(3)(10)(11) Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.75% (LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/22/2021)(3)(10)(11)	32,500	•	,	1.0%
		Revolving Line of Credit – \$2,500 Commitment (10.75% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2017)(10)(12)(14)	1,000	64,675 1,000	64,675 1,000	1.9% —%
USG Intermediate, LLC	Texas / Leisure Products	Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.25% (LIBOR + 7.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2020)(3)(10)(12) Senior Secured Term Loan B	15,969	15,969	15,969	0.5%
		(13.25% (LIBOR + 12.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2020)(3)(10)(12)	19,701	19,701	19,701	0.6%
		Equity(15)		1 36,671	— 36,670	—% 1.1%
VC GB Holdings, Inc.	Illinois / Household Durables	Subordinated Secured Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/28/2025)(8)(10)	20,000	19,703	19,818	0.6%
		Second Lien Term Loan (12.00%		19,703	19,818	0.6%
Venio LLC	Pennsylvania / Professional Services	(LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.50% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, in non-accrual status effective 12/31/15, due 2/19/2020)(10)(11)	17,000	16,484	8,437	0.2%
		,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,		16,484	8,437	0.2%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED) (in thousands, except share data)

Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	/ Investments(1)		1, 2017 (Ur l Amortized Cost		% of Net Assets			
LEVEL 3 PORTFO	DLIO INVESTME	ENTS							
Non-Control/Non-A	Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control)								
Vivid Seats LLC	Illinois / Internet & Direct Marketing Retail	(LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.00%	\$22,500	\$22,082 22,082	\$22,378 22,378	0.7%			
Voya CLO 2012-2, Ltd.	Cayman Islands Structured Finance	/Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 10/15/2022)(5)(13)(16)	38,070	26,245	23,598	0.7%			
Voya CLO 2012-3, Ltd.	Cayman Islands Structured Finance	/Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%, due 10/15/2022)(5)(13)(16)	46,632	26,245 32,021	23,598 27,671	0.7%			
Voya CLO 2012-4, Ltd.	Cayman Islands Structured Finance	/Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.95%, due 10/15/2028)(5)(13)	40,613	32,021 31,242	27,671 31,197	0.8%			
Voya CLO 2014-1, Ltd.	Cayman Islands	/Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.24%, due 4/18/2026)(5)(6)(13)	32,383	31,242 25,103	31,197 27,200	0.9%			
Voya CLO 2016-3, Ltd.	Cayman Islands Structured Finance	/Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.10%, due 10/18/2027%)(5)(6)(13)	28,100	25,103 28,296	27,200 26,669	0.8%			
Washington Mill CLO Ltd.	Cayman Islands Structured Finance	/Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 10.21%, due 4/20/2026)(5)(6)(13)	22,600	28,296 17,027	26,669 14,663	0.8%			
W. Di I	Colorado /	Second Lien Term Loan (9.90% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due	13,740	17,027 13,468	14,663 13,740	0.4%			
Water Pik, Inc.	Personal Products	1/8/2021)(3)(8)(10)(11) Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/8/2021)	708	694	708	—%			
Wheel Pros, LLC	Colorado / Auto Components	Senior Subordinated Secured Note (11.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with	12,000	14,162 12,000	14,448 12,000	0.4% 0.4%			

4.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/29/2020)(3)(10)(11)

Senior Subordinated Secured Note

(11.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with)

4.00% LIBOR floor), due

6/29/2020)(3)(10)(11)

17,460 17,460 0.7%

5,460

5,460

5,460

Total Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (Level 3)

\$4,305,472\$4,124,808121.6%

0.3%

Total Portfolio Investments

\$6,253,429\$6,024,766177.6%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

June 30, 2016

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

			Duine 50, 2	% of Net	
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	Ammoripale Value	urair Value(2)	
			Wasuc	value(2)	ASSCIS
LEVEL 3 PORTFOLI	O INVESTMENTS				
Control Investments (g	greater than 25.00% v	voting control)(47)			
		Class D Units (32,915 units)(15)	\$ 31,640	\$35,815	1.0%
Arctic Energy Services, LLC(17)	Wyoming / Energy	Class E Units (21,080 units)(15)	20,230	2,525	0.1%
	Equipment &	Class A Units (700 units)(15)	9,006	_	<u></u> %
	Services	Class C Units (10 units)(15)	_	_	— %
			60,876	38,340	1.1%
CCPI Inc.(18)	Ohio / Electronic	Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.00%, due 12/31/2017)(3)	12,313	12,313	0.4%
	Equipment, Instruments & Components	Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% plus 7.00% PIK, due 12/31/2017)(44)	9,320	9,320	0.3%
		Common Stock (14,857 shares)	6,635	19,723	0.5%
			28,268	41,356	1.2%
CP Energy Services Inc.(19)	Oklahoma / Energy Equipment &	Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (1,043 shares)(39)	98,273	76,002	2.2%
IIIC.(19)	Services	Common Stock (2,924 shares)(15)	15,227	_	<u></u> %
			113,500	76,002	2.2%
Credit Central Loan	South Carolina / Consumer Finance	Subordinated Term Loan (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/26/2019)(13)(40)	36,931	36,931	1.1%
Company, LLC(20)		Class A Units (7,500,000 units)(13)(15)	11,633	11,707	0.3%
Company, ELC(20)		Net Revenues Interest (25% of Net Revenues)(13)(15)	_	3,616	0.1%
			48,564	52,254	1.5%
	New York /	Senior Secured Term Loan (11.75%			
Echelon Aviation LLC	CAerospace &	(LIBOR + 9.75% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) 37,855 37,855 1 plus 2.25% PIK, due 3/31/2022)(10)(12)(44)			1.1%
	Defense	Membership Interest (99%)	19,907	22,966	0.7%
		-	57,762	60,821	1.8%
		Second Lien Revolving Credit Facility to			
		Edmentum, Inc. – \$7,834 Commitment	6,424	6,424	0.2%
	Minnesota /	(5.00%, due 6/9/2020)(14)			
Edmentum Ultimate	Diversified	Unsecured Senior PIK Note (8.50% PIK,	6,341	6,341	0.2%
Holdings, LLC(21)	Consumer Services	due 6/9/2020)(44)	- ,-	- ,-	
	Consumer Services	Unsecured Junior PIK Note (10.00% PIK, due 6/9/2020)(44)	28,834	25,569	0.7%
		Class A Units (370,964 units)(15)	6,576 41,678	6,012 44,346	0.2% 1.3%
		Subordinated Term Loan to First Tower,			
First Tower Finance Company LLC(22)	Mississippi / Consumer Finance	LLC (10.00% plus 12.00% PIK, due 6/24/2019)(13)(44)	255,762	255,762	7.4%
		Class A Units (86,711,625 units)(13)(15)	70,476	96,904	2.8%

			326,238	352,666	10.2%
Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC(23)	Louisiana / Energy Equipment & Services	Membership Interest (100%)(15)	40,810	26,618	0.8%
			40,810	26,618	0.8%
Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company	Texas / Energy Equipment & Services	Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2015, due 10/12/2017)(10)(11) Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (99,900 shares)(15)	38,823	7,312	0.2%
			25,950	_	—%
			60,375	7,312	0.2%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

			June 30, 2016	
Portfolio Company	Locale / Industry	Investments(1)	PrincipalAmortize Value Cost	dFair % of Net Value(2) Assets

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(47)

MITY, Inc.(24)	Utah / Commercial Services & Supplies	Senior Secured Note A (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/19/2019)(3)(10)(11) Senior Secured Note B (10.00% (LIBOR - 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 10.00% PIK, due 3/19/2019)(3)(10)(11)(39)	+	0\$ 18,250 16,442	\$18,250 16,442	
		Subordinated Unsecured Note to Broda Enterprises ULC (10.00%, due on demand)(13)	7,200	7,200	5,667	0.2%
		Common Stock (42,053 shares)		6,848 48,740	13,690 54,049	0.4% 1.6%
		Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(10)(11)(44)	248,677	248,677	248,677	
National Property REIT Corp.(25)	Various / Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) / Online Lending	Senior Secured Term Loan E (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.00% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(10)(11)(44)	212,819	212,819	212,819	6.2%
		Senior Secured Term Loan C to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. (11.00% (LIBOR + g 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.00% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(10)(11)(13)(44	,	99,972	99,972	2.9%
		Common Stock (1,533,899 shares)(15)		165,908	215,491	6.3%
		Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income)(15)		_	66,974	2.0%
		Operating meome)(13)		727,376	843,933	24.6%
Nationwide Loan Company LLC(26)	Illinois / Consumer	Senior Subordinated Term Loan to Nationwide Acceptance LLC (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/18/2019)(13)(44)	16,696	16,696	16,696	0.5%
1 ,	Finance	Class A Units (29,343,795 units)(13)		16,201 32,897	19,117 35,813	0.5% 1.0%
		Senior Secured Note (14.00%, due 5/6/2021)	3,714	3,714	3,442	0.1%
	NT N7 1 /	Senior Secured Note to Armed Forces	7,000	7,000	6 107	0.207
NMMB, Inc.(27)	New York / Media	Communications, Inc. (14.00%, due 5/6/2021)	7,000	7,000	6,487	0.2%
		,		7,200	44	%

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		Series A Preferred Stock (7,200 shares)(15)				
		Series B Preferred Stock (5,669 shares)(15)		5,669	34	—%
				23,583	10,007	0.3%
	Pennsylvania / Machinery	Senior Subordinated Note (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/12/2018)(3)(10)(11)	28,622	28,622	28,622	0.8%
R-V Industries, Inc.		Common Stock (545,107 shares)		5,087	6,039	0.2%
		Warrant (to purchase 200,000 shares of Common Stock, expires 6/30/2017)		1,682	2,216	0.1%
		-		35,391	36,877	1.1%
USES Corp.(28)	Texas / Commercial Services & Supplies	Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 3/31/2019)(10)(11) Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 3/31/2019)(10)(11)	26,300	26,158	26,300	0.8%
			36,000	35,568	13,986	0.4%
		Common Stock (268,962 shares)(15)		_		—%
				61,726	40,286	1.2%

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(in thousands, except share data)

June 30, 2016

\$10,430\$ 10,430 \$10,430 0.3%

Portfolio Company Locale / Industry Investments(1) PrincipalAmortizedFair % of Net Value Cost Value(2)Assets

LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS

Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(47)

Senior Secured Note to Valley Electric

Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. (8.00% (LIBOR + $\,$

Valley Electric
Company, Inc.(29)

Washington / 5.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus
Construction & 2.50% PIK, due
12/21/2019(20)(10)(11)(44)

Engineering 12/31/2019)(3)(10)(11)(44)

Senior Secured Note (10.00% plus 8.50% 23,802

PIK, due 6/23/2019)(44)