

BARFRESH FOOD GROUP INC.  
Form 10-Q  
August 14, 2017

**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: **000-55131**

**BARFRESH FOOD GROUP INC.**

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(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**

(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation or organization)

**27-1994406**

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**8383 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 750, Beverly Hills, California**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**90211**

(Zip Code)

**310-598-7113**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

**Not Applicable**

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one)

:

Large Accelerated Filer  Accelerated Filer  Non-Accelerated Filer  (do not check if Smaller Reporting Company)

Emerging Growth Company

Smaller Reporting Company

[X]

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.  [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

[ ] Yes  [X] No

As of August 8, 2017, there were 118,322,070 outstanding shares of common stock of the registrant.

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**PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements.**

Barfresh Food Group Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

	June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2016 (Audited)
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$5,696,282	\$9,180,947
Accounts Receivable	463,807	131,088
Inventory	296,877	317,948
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	84,369	25,864
Total current assets	6,541,335	9,655,847
Property, plant and equipment, net of depreciation	1,612,329	1,494,478
Intangible asset, net of amortization	594,500	619,863
Deposits	48,144	53,202
Total Assets	\$8,796,308	\$11,823,390
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$354,324	\$153,756
Accrued expenses	1,053,418	746,375
Deferred rent liability	660	165
Current portion of long term debt	3,849	3,849
Total current liabilities	1,412,251	904,145
Long Term Debt, net of current portion	7,038	8,958
Total liabilities	1,419,289	913,103
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.000001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized, none issued or outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$0.000001 par value; 300,000,000 shares authorized; 118,322,110 and 117,103,276 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively	119	117
Additional paid in capital	36,813,140	35,829,627
Accumulated deficit	(29,436,240)	(24,919,457)
Total stockholders' equity	7,377,019	10,910,287

Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$8,796,308	\$11,823,390
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See the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

Barfresh Food Group Inc.

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

(Unaudited)

	For the three months ended		For the six months ended	
	June 30, 2017	2016	June 30, 2017	2016
Revenue, net	\$628,997	\$559,172	\$941,167	\$834,497
Cost of revenue	306,877	277,934	488,526	418,670
Gross profit	322,120	281,238	452,641	415,827
Operating expenses:				
General and administrative	2,403,293	2,724,652	4,836,823	5,298,717
Depreciation and Amortization	76,570	52,059	132,601	98,807
Total operating expenses	2,479,863	2,776,711	4,969,424	5,397,524
Operating loss	(2,157,743 )	(2,495,473 )	(4,516,783 )	(4,981,697 )
Other expenses				
Interest	-	14,142	-	235,473
Net (loss)	\$(2,157,743 )	\$(2,509,615 )	\$(4,516,783 )	\$(5,217,170 )
Per share information - basic and fully diluted:				
Weighted average shares outstanding	117,732,465	94,635,203	117,493,592	91,955,895
Net (loss) per share	\$(0.02 )	\$(0.03 )	\$(0.04 )	\$(0.06 )

See the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

Barfresh Food Group Inc.

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

	2017	2016
Net Cash used in operations	\$(3,293,055)	\$(3,728,465)
Cash flow from investing activities:		
Investment in trademark	(5,434 )	(25,343 )
Purchase of equipment	(219,655 )	(796,270 )
Sale of equipment	-	26,374
Net Cash used in investing activities	(225,089 )	(795,239 )
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Exercise of Warrants	35,400	265,000
Repayment of long term debt	(1,920 )	(17,669 )
Issuance of common stock and warrants for cash	-	3,569,995
Exercise of Options	-	25,500
Net cash provided by financing activities	33,480	3,842,826
Net (decrease) in cash	(3,484,665)	(680,878 )
Cash at beginning of period	9,180,947	1,986,004
Cash at end of period	\$5,696,282	\$1,305,126
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$-	\$6,143
Cash paid for income taxes	\$-	\$-
Non-cash financial activities		
Common Stock issued for services	\$115,810	\$95,000
Common Stock issued on conversion of note	\$-	\$2,529,453
Common Stock issued on conversion of convertible note	\$-	\$50,000
Fair Value of warrants issued with convertible debt	\$-	\$50,000

See the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

**Barfresh Food Group Inc.**

**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

**June 30, 2017 and 2016**

**(Unaudited)**

**Note 1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies**

Throughout this report, the terms “our”, “we”, “us” and the “Company” refer to Barfresh Food Group Inc., including its subsidiaries. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Barfresh Food Group Inc. at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) for interim financial statements, instructions to Form 10-Q, and Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. In management’s opinion, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation to make our financial statements not misleading have been included. The results of operations for the periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 presented are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The December 31, 2016 balance sheet has been derived from our audited financial statements included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

*Basis of Consolidation*

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and our wholly owned subsidiaries Barfresh Inc. and Barfresh Corporation, Inc.

*Use of Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and revenues and expenses during the years reported. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

*Concentration of Credit Risk*

The amount of cash on deposit with financial institutions exceeds the \$250,000 federally insured limit at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. However, we believe that the financial institution where the cash on deposit that exceeds \$250,000 is financially sound and the risk of loss is minimal.

*Fair Value Measurement*

Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* (“ASC 820”), provides a comprehensive framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures which are required about fair value measurements. Specifically, ASC 820 sets forth a definition of fair value and establishes a hierarchy prioritizing the inputs to valuation techniques, giving the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable value inputs. ASC 820 defines the hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reported date. The types of assets and liabilities included in Level 1 are highly liquid and actively traded instruments with quoted prices, such as equities listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Level 2 - Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets, but are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reported date. The types of assets and liabilities in Level 2 are typically either comparable to actively traded securities or contracts or priced with models using highly observable inputs.

Level 3 - Significant inputs to pricing that are unobservable as of the reporting date. The types of assets and liabilities included in Level 3 are those with inputs requiring significant management judgment or estimation, such as complex and subjective models and forecasts used to determine the fair value of financial transmission rights.

Our financial instruments consist of accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses and installment debt. The carrying value of our financial instruments approximates their fair value due to their relative short maturities and the nature of the debt.

*Inventory*

Inventory consists of finished goods and is carried at the lower of cost or market on a first in first out basis.

### *Intangible Assets*

Intangible assets are comprised of patents, net of amortization, and trademarks. The patent costs are being amortized over the life of the patents, which is twenty years from the date of filing the patent applications. In accordance with ASC Topic 350 *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other* (“ASC 350”), the costs of internally developing other intangible assets, such as patents, are expensed as incurred. However, as allowed by ASC 350, legal fees and similar costs relating to patents have been capitalized. In accordance with ASC 350 legal costs related to trademarks have been capitalized. We have determined that trademarks have an indeterminable life and therefore are not being amortized.

### *Property, Plant and Equipment*

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Leasehold improvements are being amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term that includes any expected renewal periods deemed to be reasonably assured. The estimated useful lives used for financial statement purposes are:

Furniture and fixtures: 5 years

Equipment: 7 years

Leasehold improvements: 2 years

Vehicle: 5 years

### *Revenue Recognition*

We recognize revenue from products sold when there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, the sales price is determinable and collection is reasonably assured.

### *Earnings per Share*

We calculate net loss per share in accordance with ASC Topic 260, *Earnings per Share*. Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period, and diluted earnings per share is computed by including common stock equivalents outstanding for the period in the denominator. At June 30, 2017 and 2016 any equivalents would have been anti-dilutive as we had losses for the periods then ended.

#### *Research and Development*

Expenditures for research activities relating to product development and improvement are charged to expense as incurred. We incurred \$226,002 and \$87,834 for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. We incurred \$340,603 and \$176,635 in research and development expenses for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

#### *Rent Expense*

We recognize rent expense on a straight-line basis over the reasonably assured lease term as defined in ASC Topic 840, *Leases* (“ASC 840”).

#### *Recent pronouncements*

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued that we adopt as of the specified effective date. We believe that the impact of recently issued standards not yet effective may have an impact on our results of operations and financial position.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU Update 2014-09 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which converged guidance on recognizing revenue in contracts with customers on an effective date after our year ending December 31, 2017. The Company is in the initial stages of evaluating the effect of the standard on our financial statements and continue to evaluate the available transition methods. However, based on our initial evaluation, we do not expect there to be material changes to our current Revenue Recognition policies due to the non-complex contracts with our customers, including the definition of our performance obligations and the transaction prices in our contracts with our customers. The Company does not plan to adopt the standard until the interim period ended March 31, 2018.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11, Inventory, which simplifies the measurement principle of inventories valued under the First-In, First-Out (“FIFO”) or weighted average methods from the lower of cost or market to the lower of cost and net realizable value. ASU 2015-11 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016

including interim periods within those annual periods. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-17, Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes, which requires that deferred tax assets and liabilities be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. ASU 2015-17 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an interim or annual reporting period. Upon adoption, ASU 2015-17 may be applied either prospectively or retrospectively. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases, to improve financial reporting about leasing transactions. This ASU will require organizations that lease assets (“lessees”) to recognize a lease liability and a right-of-use asset on its balance sheet for all leases with terms of more than twelve months. A lease liability is a lessee’s obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis and a right-of-use asset represents the lessee’s right to use, or control use of, a specified asset for the lease term. The amendments in this ASU leaves the accounting for the organization that own the assets leased to the lessee (“lessor”) largely unchanged except for targeted improvements to align it with the lessee accounting model and Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

The Company is in the initial stages of evaluating the effect of the standard on our financial statements and continue to evaluate the available transition methods. However, based on our initial evaluation, we do not expect there to be material changes to both our current and long-term lease liabilities and our fixed assets of our limited number of operating leases that will be converted to financing leases under the new guidance. The Company does not plan to adopt the standard until the interim period ended March 31, 2019.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718) (“ASU 2016-09”). The standard identifies areas for simplification involving several aspects of accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, an option to recognize stock compensation expense with actual forfeitures recognized as they occur, as well as certain classifications on the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-09 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The Company previously adopted ASU 2016-09.

## **Note 2. Property Plant and Equipment**

Major classes of property and equipment at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 consist of the following:

	2017	2016
Furniture and fixtures	\$1,524	\$1,524

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Manufacturing Equipment	1,688,380	1,605,317
Leasehold Improvements	4,886	4,800
Vehicles	29,696	29,696
	1,724,486	1,641,337
Less: accumulated depreciation	(498,667 )	(396,863 )
	1,225,819	1,244,474
Equipment not yet placed in service	386,510	250,004
Property and equipment, net of depreciation	\$1,612,329	\$1,494,478

We recorded depreciation expense related to these assets of \$61,172 and \$36,683 for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively and \$101,804 and \$68,098 for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

**Note 3. Intangible Assets**

As of June 30, 2017, intangible assets consist of patent costs of \$750,640, trademarks of \$79,359 and accumulated amortization of \$235,499.

As of December 31, 2016, intangible assets consist of patent costs of \$750,640, trademarks of \$73,925 and accumulated amortization of \$204,702.

The amounts carried on the balance sheet represent cost to acquire, legal fees and similar costs relating to the patents incurred by the Company. Amortization is calculated through the expiration date of the patent, which is December 2025. The amount charged to expenses for amortization of the patent costs was \$15,398 and \$15,376 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and \$30,797 and \$30,708 for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Estimated future amortization expense related to patents as of June 30, 2017, is as follows:

Years ending December 31,	Total Amortization
2017	\$ 30,798
2018	61,595
2019	61,595
2020	61,595
2022	61,595
2023	61,595
Later years	176,368
	\$ 515,141

#### **Note 4. Related Parties**

As disclosed below in Note 7, members of management and directors have received shares of stock and options in exchange for services.

#### **Note 5. Long term Debt**

Long term debt at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 consists of an installment agreement on one vehicle maturing in June 2020. The installment agreement bears no interest. Monthly payments are \$320 per month.

The annual maturities of long term debt are as follows:

For years ending December 31,	
2017	1,929
2018	3,849
2019	3,849
2020	1,260
	\$10,887

#### **Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies**

We lease office space under non-cancelable operating leases, which expires on March 31, 2019. The aggregate minimum requirements are as follows:

For years ending December 31,	
2017	\$75,090
2018	167,530
2019	43,462
	\$286,082

**Note 7. Stockholders' Equity**

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, we issued 103,482 shares of common stock, valued at \$67,250, for services. In addition, we issued 364,249 options to purchase our common stock to certain member of the Board of Directors in lieu of cash payments for Director fees. The exercise price of the options ranged from \$0.74 to \$0.77 per share, vest immediately, and are exercisable for periods of 8 years. In addition, we issued 30,000 options to purchase our common stock to employees. The exercise price of the options ranged from \$0.61 to \$0.68 per share, vest after 3 years, and are exercisable for periods of 8 years. We also issued 64,349 shares of our common stock, with a value of \$48,560, to a member of our Board of Directors in lieu of cash payments for Director fees.

The fair value of the options (\$216,000, in the aggregate) was calculated using the Black-Sholes option pricing model, based on the criteria shown below.

Expected life (in years)	8	
Volatility (based on a comparable company)	89	%
Risk Free interest rate	2.19% to 2.35	%
Dividend yield (on common stock)	-	

The shares of our common stock were valued at the trading price on the date of grant, \$0.75 per share

During the same period, we cancelled 40,000 options to purchase our common stock.

Holder of 59,000 warrants, exercised those warrants for cash proceeds of \$35,400. The holders of 950,000 options elected to exercise those options on a cashless basis and received 276,171 shares of our common stock.

Holder of 180,000 warrants, elected to exercise those warrants on a cashless basis and received 40,832 shares of our common stock.

The total amount of equity based compensation included in additional paid in capital for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$272,036 and \$270,252, respectively, and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, was \$616,304 and \$515,041, respectively.

The following is a summary of outstanding stock options issued to employees and directors as of June 30, 2017:

	Number of Options	Exercise price per share \$	Average remaining term in years	Aggregate intrinsic value at date of grant \$
Outstanding December 31, 2016	5,362,442		4.84	
Issued	394,249	.74 - .77	7.16	
Cancelled	(40,000 )			
Exercised	(950,000 )			
Outstanding, June 30, 2017	4,766,691		5.90	
Exercisable, June 30, 2017	994,249	.45 - .74	4.44	-

#### Note 8. Outstanding Warrants

The following is a summary of all outstanding warrants as of June 30, 2017:

	Number of warrants	price per share	remaining term in years	intrinsic value at date of grant
Warrants issued in connection with private placements of common stock	20,023,140	\$0.25 - 1.50	1.40	\$ 1,590,567
Warrants issued in connection with short-term notes payable	3,345,509	\$0.45-\$0.485	2.74	\$64,583

### Note 9. Income Taxes

We account for income taxes in interim periods in accordance with ASC Topic 740, Income Taxes (“ASC 740”). We have determined an estimated annual effective tax rate. The rate will be revised, if necessary, as of the end of each successive interim period during our fiscal year to our best current estimate. As of June 30, 2017, the estimated effective tax rate for the year will be zero.

There are open statutes of limitations for taxing authorities in federal and state jurisdictions to audit our tax returns from 2009 through the current period. Our policy is to account for income tax related interest and penalties in income tax expense in the statement of operations. There have been no income tax related interest or penalties assessed or recorded.

ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This pronouncement also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition.

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, we did not have any interest and penalties associated with tax positions. As of June 30, 2017, we did not have any significant unrecognized uncertain tax positions.

### Note 10. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated all activity and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

## **Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**

*The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial information included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this “Report”), including our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2017 and for the six month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 and the related notes. References in this Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section to “us”, “we”, “our” and similar terms refer to Barfresh Food Group Inc. This discussion includes forward-looking statements, as that term is defined in the federal securities laws, based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties, such as plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors. Words such as “anticipate”, “estimate”, “plan”, “continuing”, “ongoing”, “expect”, “believe”, “intend”, “may”, “will”, “should”, “could” and similar expressions are used to identify forward-looking statements.*

*We caution you that these statements are not guarantees of future performance or events and are subject to a number of uncertainties, risks and other influences, many of which are beyond our control, which may influence the accuracy of the statements and the projections upon which the statements are based. Any one or more of these uncertainties, risks and other influences could materially affect our results of operations and whether forward-looking statements made by us ultimately prove to be accurate. Our actual results, performance and achievements could differ materially from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether from new information, future events or otherwise.*

Barfresh is a leader in the creation, manufacturing and distribution of ready to blend frozen beverages. The current portfolio of products includes smoothies, shakes and frappes. The Company’s products include portion controlled and ready to blend beverage ingredient packs or “beverage packs”. The beverage packs contain all of the solid ingredients necessary to make the beverage, including the base (either sorbet, frozen yogurt or ice cream), real fruit pieces, juices and ice – five ounces of water are added before blending. The Company’s products also include bulk “Easy Pour” ready to blend frozen beverages, which are manufactured in gallon containers and contain a concentrated product formula that is mixed “one to one” with water. The Company has also recently launched a “no sugar added” version of the bulk Easy Pour format that is specifically targeted for the USDA national school meal programs, including the School Breakfast Program, the National School Lunch Program, and Smart Snacks in Schools Program.

Domestic and international patents and patents pending are owned by Barfresh, as well as related trademarks for all of the products. In November 2011, the Company acquired the patent rights in the United States and Canada. The Canadian patent has been granted and the United States patent was granted on August 16, 2016. On October 15, 2013, the Company acquired all of the related international patent rights, which were filed pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty and have been granted in 13 jurisdictions. The patents are pending in the remainder of the jurisdictions that have signed the treaty. In addition, on October 15, 2013, the Company purchased all of the trademarks related to the patented products.

The Company has conducted sales through several channels: through National Accounts; through an exclusive nationwide distribution agreement with Sysco Corporation (“Sysco”), the U.S.’s largest broadline distributor, which was entered into during July 2014; through a variety of national distributors that meet the exception to exclusivity in the Sysco contract, and through direct sales to customers (e.g., Penn State University).

The process of obtaining sales orders for National Accounts generally follows several steps, including product demonstration, product testing, and exclusive flavor development for the larger National Accounts. We are currently in various stages of product development and testing with a number of National Accounts and have launched in market tests with several major National Key accounts. The Company is focused on moving from in-market tests to national roll-out with those major National Key accounts.

In addition to the National Accounts, the Company sells to food distributors that supply products to the food services market place. The Company has an exclusive agreement with Sysco Merchandising and Supply Chain Services, Inc. for resale by Sysco to the foodservice industry of the Company’s ready-to-blend smoothies, shakes and frappes. All Barfresh products are included in Sysco’s national core selection of beverage items, making Barfresh its exclusive single-serve, pre-portioned beverage provider. The agreement is mutually exclusive as to portion controlled products; however, Barfresh may also sell the products to other foodservice distributors, but only to the extent required for such foodservice distributors to service multi-unit chain operators with at least 20 units and where Sysco is not such multi-unit chain operators nominated distributor for our products. The agreement is not exclusive as to the bulk Easy Pour products.

The Company’s products have been included in Sysco’s “Cutting Edge Solutions” (“CES”) Platform since March of 2016, and are once again included in Sysco’s most recent CES Platform, announced during February of 2017. As part of this platform, our products receive national advertising and marketing, and will be considered a core product. All 72 of SYSCO’s Operating Companies (“OPCO”) will participate in the CES program, and will be evaluated on their success in moving the CES products.

On October 26, 2015, Barfresh signed an agreement with PepsiCo North America Beverages, a division of PepsiCo, to become its exclusive sales representative within the food service channel to present Barfresh's line of ready-to-blend smoothies and frozen beverages throughout the United States and Canada. Through this agreement, Barfresh' products are included as part of PepsiCo's offerings to its significant customer base, which the Company expects to fast track our growth and expedite the test to market process. The agreement gives Barfresh access to PepsiCo's one-thousand plus person foodservice sales team, with Barfresh products becoming part of PepsiCo's customer presentations.

The Company has recently announced several important new customers. Specifically, the Company has realized successful placements in multiple foodservice channels such as Amusement, Recreation & National Parks, Casinos, Sports Venues & Events, Education and Business, driven in large part by its recently signed agreements with several national third party operators. This marks a pivotal change as the Company transitions from signing agreements to adding actual customers and realizing revenues from those agreements. Some of these new customer wins include Elitch Gardens Theme Park in Denver and multiple zoos across the country. Barfresh recently started selling into the Silver Nugget and the Four Seasons in Michigan, which is in addition to previous placements at Las Vegas-based properties and SLS Casino. The Company has also begun selling its products into major attractions such as NASA in Houston, the Hoover Dam Visitor's Center, and prestigious race tracks in New York managed by third party operators. Within education and business, Barfresh is now being sold in universities such as Penn State University, Stanford, Colorado State, Florida State University and the University of Tennessee. Barfresh is also now selling product in many workplace and healthcare locations such as Houston's Methodist Hospital and Parkland Hospital in Dallas, many of which are run by third party operators with which the Company has agreements.

Finally, the Company intends to monetize the international patents outside of the current area of operations, North America, by expanding contract manufacturing to other countries and selling either through selling agents or internal sales personnel. The Company will also consider entering into some form of license or royalty agreements with third parties.

Barfresh currently utilizes contract manufacturers to manufacture all of the products in the United States. Ice cream manufacturers are best suited to produce the products and one production line is currently operational in our Salt Lake City contract manufacturer location. This manufacturer is currently producing products sold to existing customers as well as producing exclusive test products. Currently annual production capacity with our Salt Lake City contract manufacturer is 14 million units per year. In February 2016, the Company signed an agreement with Yarnell Operations, LLC, a subsidiary of Schulze and Burch, securing additional production capacity ahead of expected sales growth. Barfresh now has the capacity to ramp up to an incremental production capacity of 100 million units through this agreement. The Yarnell Operations, LLC, subsidiary is strategically located in Arkansas. Yarnell's location enhances the company's ability to efficiently move product throughout the supply chain to destinations in the eastern United States, home to many of the country's large foodservice outlets.

Although there currently is not a contract in place with any suppliers for the raw materials needed to manufacture our products, there are a significant number of sources available and the company does not anticipate becoming dependent on any one supplier. As demand for the range of our products grows, we plan to contract a level of raw material

requirements to ensure continuity of supply.

During November, 2016, the Company received an equity investment from Unibel, the majority shareholder of the Bel Group (“Unibel”). The Bel Group is headquartered in Paris, France, with global operations in 33 countries, 30 production sites on 4 continents and nearly 12,000 employees. Its many branded products, including The Laughing Cow®, Mini Babybel® and Boursin®, are sold in over 130 countries around the world. Pursuant to the securities purchase agreement, Unibel purchased 15,625,000 shares of common stock at \$0.64 per share (“Shares”) and warrants to purchase 7,812,500 shares of common stock (“Warrants”) for aggregate gross proceeds to Barfresh of \$10 million. The Warrants are exercisable for a term of five years at a per share price of \$.088 for cash. Pursuant to the Investor Rights agreement, Barfresh has registered the Shares and the Warrants, and Unibel was granted a seat on the Barfresh Board. This strategic investment provides Barfresh with the necessary capital to drive revenue growth while leveraging Unibel’s more than 150 years of industrial expertise, innovative capabilities, world-class marketing and branding expertise to accelerate our growth in new and existing markets and product channels.

Currently we have 34 employees and 5 consultants. There are currently 23 employees and 1 consultant selling our products.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”).

### **Revenue Recognition**

We recognize revenue when there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, the sales price is determinable, and collection is reasonably assured. Revenue is recorded net of provisions for discounts, slotting fees, and promotion allowances. Our products are sold on various terms. Our credit terms, which are established in accordance with local and industry practices, typically require payment within 30 days of delivery. We recognize revenue upon receipt of our products by our distributors and retail accounts, in accordance with written sales terms, net of provisions for discounts or allowances. Allowances for returns and discounts are made on a case-by-case basis. Historically, neither returns nor discounts have been material.

### **Impairments**

We periodically evaluate whether the carrying value of long-lived assets has been impaired when circumstances indicate the carrying value of those assets may not be recoverable. The carrying amount is not recoverable if it exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset. If the carrying value is not recoverable, the impairment loss is measured as the excess of the asset’s carrying value over its fair value.

### **Share-based Compensation**

We account for share-based employee compensation plans under the fair value recognition and measurement provisions in accordance with applicable accounting standards, which require all share-based payments to employees, including grants of stock options and restricted stock units (RSUs), to be measured based on the grant date fair value of the awards, with the resulting expense generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the period during which

the employee is required to perform service in exchange for the award.

## Results of Operations

### ***Results of Operation for Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 as Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2016***

#### *Revenue and cost of revenue*

Revenue increased \$69,825 (12.5%) from \$559,172 in 2016 to \$628,997 in 2017. The increase in revenue is primarily the result of the rollout of our new bulk Easy Pour product which began during the first quarter of 2017 and has gained momentum during the second quarter. Additionally, revenue from ongoing tests with National accounts was higher in the second quarter of 2017, as compared with the second quarter of 2016. Finally our product continues to be distributed through all 72 of Sysco's U.S. mainland distribution centers, as well as the addition of new customers beyond the Sysco distribution network.

Cost of revenue for 2017 was \$306,877 as compared to \$277,934 in 2016. Our gross profit was \$322,120 (51%) and \$281,328 (50%) for 2017 and 2016, respectively. We anticipate that our gross profit percentage for the remainder of 2017 will be comparable to the percentage for the current quarter.

*Operating expenses*

Our operations during 2017 and 2016 were primarily directed towards increasing sales and expanding our distribution network.

Our general and administrative expenses decreased \$321,359 (11.8%) from \$2,724,652 in 2016 to \$2,403,293 in 2017, with the improvement primarily driven by lower personnel expenses resulting from the November 2016 realignment of our sales force. The following is a breakdown of our general and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	three months ended June 30, 2017	three months ended June 30, 2016	Difference
Personnel costs	\$998,798	\$1,444,627	\$(445,829)
Stock based compensation/options	272,036	270,252	1,784
Legal and professional fees	143,218	81,639	61,579
Travel	135,539	153,229	(17,690)
Rent	33,557	26,500	7,057
Marketing and selling	146,584	209,393	(62,809)
Consulting fees	47,556	59,458	(11,902)
Director fees	18,796	25,000	(6,204)
Research and development	226,002	87,834	138,168
Shipping and Storage	169,115	119,892	49,223
Other expenses	212,092	246,828	(34,736)
	\$2,403,293	\$2,724,652	\$(321,359)

Personnel cost represents the cost of employees including salaries, bonuses, employee benefits and employment taxes and continues to be our largest cost. Personnel cost decreased \$445,829 (30.9%) from \$1,444,627 to \$998,798. During the fourth quarter of 2016, we effected a restructuring of our sales force, whereby we eliminated 13 full time sales positions, and replaced the associated sales territory coverage with brokerage arrangements. This change has allowed our remaining sales force to more effectively focus on pursuing larger accounts, while our expanded brokerage network will support and expand our “up and down the street” business. This restructuring is the primary driver for the reduction in personnel costs in the second quarter.

We do not anticipate any further significant changes to our personnel organization during the balance of 2017.

Stock based compensation is used as an incentive to attract new employees and to compensate existing employees. Stock based compensation includes stock issued and options granted to employees and non-employees. Stock compensation for the current quarter was in line with the prior quarter. The Company issues additional stock options to its employees from time to time under its Equity Compensation Plan.

Legal and professional fees increased \$61,579 (75%) from \$81,639 in 2016 to \$143,218 in 2017. The increase was primarily due to a timing of legal services required. We anticipate legal fees related to our business and financing activities to increase as our business continues to grow.

Travel expenses decreased \$17,690 (11.5%) from \$153,229 in 2016 to \$135,539 in 2017. The decrease is primarily due to reduction in travel costs associated with terminated employees. We anticipate that travel expenses for the balance of this year will be consistent with the second quarter.

Rent expense is primarily for our location in Beverly Hills, California. Rent expense for the Beverly Hills office is approximately \$10,996 per month. We have entered into a new lease for office space at 8383 Wilshire Boulevard, Beverly Hills, California. The new lease commenced on November 1, 2016 and expires March 31, 2019.

Marketing and selling expenses decreased \$62,809 (30%) from \$209,393 in 2016 to \$146,584 in 2017. Lower marketing and selling expenses were primarily due to lower sample expense and lower point of sale expense.

Consulting fees decreased \$11,902 (20%) from \$59,458 in 2016 to \$47,556 in 2017. Our consulting fees vary based on needs. We engage consultants in the areas of sales, operations and accounting. Future consulting fees will be variable

Director fees decreased \$6,204 from \$25,000 in 2016 to \$18,796 in 2017. Annual director fees are anticipated at \$50,000 per non-employee director.

Research and development expenses increased \$138,168 from \$87,834 in 2016 to \$226,002 in 2017. During the third quarter of 2016 we re-classified certain personnel expenses that had previously been included in Personnel Expense, to Research and Development. These expenses relate to the services performed by our Director of Manufacturing and Product Development, and consultants supporting that employee. The re-classification is shown in both the current period and the prior period. The increase in Research and Development Expense is being driven by an increased need for research and development services, as we continue to expand product offerings, both for our standard SKU's, and for National Accounts, and experience increased commissioning costs at our third party production facility in Searcy, Arkansas.

Shipping and storage expense increased \$49,223 (41%) from \$119,892 in 2016 to \$169,115 in 2017. Shipping and storage expense as a percentage of revenue increased from 21% in 2016 to 27% in 2017. The higher expense in 2017 is due to a number of factors, including movement of inventory to new forward warehouses as the Company expanded its business into Canada, movement of sample inventory into position for trade shows and customer demonstrations, and special situation ordering of raw materials for production and R&D runs. We anticipate that shipping and storage expense as a percentage of sales will reduce during the balance of the year, as the Company is able to take advantage of more efficient distribution arrangements.

Other expenses consist of ordinary operating expenses such as investor relations, office, telephone, insurance, and stock related costs. We anticipate increases in certain of these expenses, as our business continues to grow.

We had operating losses of \$2,157,743 and \$2,495,473 for 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Interest expense decreased from \$14,142 in 2016 to zero in 2017. Interest primarily relates to convertible debt that was issued in November, 2015, and converted into stock during February, 2016, and short term notes that were issued in December 2013, all of which were repaid prior to the current quarter.

We had net losses of \$2,157,743 and \$2,509,615 in 2017 and 2016, respectively.

***Results of Operation for Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 as Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016***

*Revenue and cost of revenue*

Revenue increased \$106,670 (12.8%) from \$834,497 in 2016 to \$941,167 in 2017. The increase in revenue is primarily the result of the rollout of our new bulk Easy Pour product which began during the first quarter of 2017 and has gained momentum during the second quarter. Additionally, revenue from ongoing tests with National accounts was higher in the first six months of 2017, as compared with the first six months of 2016. Finally our product continues to be distributed through all 72 of Sysco's U.S. mainland distribution centers, as well as the addition of new customers beyond the Sysco distribution network.

Cost of revenue for 2017 was \$488,526 as compared to \$418,670 in 2016. Our gross profit was \$452,641 (48%) and \$415,827 (50%) for 2017 and 2016, respectively. We anticipate that our gross profit percentage for the remainder of 2017 will be comparable to the percentage for the first six months of the year.

*Operating expenses*

Our operations during 2017 and 2016 were primarily directed towards increasing sales and expanding our distribution network.

Our general and administrative expenses decreased \$461,894 (8.7%) from \$5,298,717 in 2016 to \$4,836,823 in 2017, with the improvement primarily driven by lower personnel expenses resulting from the November 2016 realignment of our sales force. The following is a breakdown of our general and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	six months ended June 30, 2017	six months ended June 30, 2016	Difference
Personnel costs	\$2,277,490	\$2,939,623	\$(662,133 )
Stock based compensation/options	616,304	515,041	101,263
Legal and professional fees	256,232	233,039	23,193
Travel	228,400	289,987	(61,587 )
Rent	87,798	41,947	45,851
Marketing and selling	265,242	325,697	(60,455 )
Consulting fees	96,501	138,125	(41,624 )
Director fees	56,296	50,000	6,296
Research and development	340,603	176,635	163,968
Shipping and Storage	233,269	205,851	27,418
Other expenses	378,688	382,772	(4,084 )
	\$4,836,823	\$5,298,717	\$(461,894 )

Personnel cost represents the cost of employees including salaries, bonuses, employee benefits and employment taxes and continues to be our largest cost. Personnel cost decreased \$662,133 (22.5%) from \$2,939,623 to \$2,277,490. During the fourth quarter of 2016, we effected a restructuring of our sales force, whereby we eliminated 13 full time sales positions, and replaced the associated sales territory coverage with brokerage arrangements. This change has allowed our remaining sales force to more effectively focus on pursuing larger accounts, while our expanded brokerage network will support and expand our “up and down the street” business. This restructuring is the primary driver for the reduction in personnel costs in the first six months of 2017.

We do not anticipate any further significant changes to our personnel organization during the balance of 2017.

Stock based compensation is used as an incentive to attract new employees and to compensate existing employees. Stock based compensation includes stock issued and options granted to employees and non-employees. Stock compensation for the first six months of 2017 was \$616,304, and increase of \$101,263, or 19.7%, as compared with the first six months of 2016, which was \$515,041. The increase in stock based compensation expense was primarily due to additional stock option grants made to our employees during the fourth quarter of 2016. The Company issues additional stock options to its employees from time to time under its Equity Compensation Plan.

Legal and professional fees increased \$23,193 (10%) from \$233,039 in 2016 to \$256,232 in 2017. The increase was primarily due to the need for additional legal and professional services as our business continues to grow. e anticipate legal fees related to our business and financing activities to increase as our business continues to grow.

Travel expenses decreased \$61,587 (21.2%) from \$289,987 in 2016 to \$228,400 in 2017. The decrease is primarily due to reduction in travel costs associated with terminated employees. We anticipate that travel expenses for the balance of this year will be consistent with the first six months of 2017.

Rent expense is primarily for our location in Beverly Hills, California. Rent expense for the Beverly Hills office is approximately \$10,996 per month. We have entered into a new lease for office space at 8383 Wilshire Boulevard, Beverly Hills, California. The new lease commenced on November 1, 2016 and expires March 31, 2019.

Marketing and selling expenses decreased \$60,455 (18.6%) from \$325,697 in 2016 to \$265,242 in 2017. Lower marketing and selling expenses were primarily due to lower sample expense, and lower spending for point of sale material.

Consulting fees decreased \$41,624 (30.1%) from \$138,125 in 2016 to \$96,501 in 2017. Our consulting fees vary based on needs. We engage consultants in the areas of sales, operations and accounting. Future consulting fees will be variable

Director fees increased \$6,296 from \$50,000 in 2016 to \$56,296 in 2017. Annual director fees are anticipated at \$50,000 per non-employee director.

Research and development expenses increased \$163,968 from \$176,635 in 2016 to \$340,603 in 2017. During the third quarter of 2016 we re-classified certain personnel expenses that had previously been included in Personnel Expense, to Research and Development. These expenses relate to the services performed by our Director of Manufacturing and Product Development, and consultants supporting that employee. The re-classification is shown in both the current period and the prior period. The increase in Research and Development Expense is being driven by an increased need for research and development services, as we continue to expand product offerings, both for our standard SKU's, and for National Accounts, and experience increased commissioning costs at our third party production facility in Searcy, Arkansas.

Shipping and storage expense increased \$27,418 (13.3%) from \$205,851 in 2016 to \$233,269 in 2017. Shipping and storage expense as a percentage of revenue was consistent between 2016 and 2017, at 24.7%. The higher expense in 2017 is due to a number of factors, including movement of inventory to new forward warehouses as the Company expanded its business into Canada, movement of sample inventory into position for trade shows and customer demonstrations, and special situation ordering of raw materials for production and R&D runs. We anticipate that shipping and storage expense as a percentage of sales will reduce during the balance of the year, as the Company is able to take advantage of more efficient distribution arrangements.

Other expenses consist of ordinary operating expenses such as investor relations, office, telephone, insurance, and stock related costs. We anticipate increases in certain of these expenses, as our business continues to grow.

We had operating losses of \$4,516,783 and \$4,981,697 for 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Interest expense decreased from \$235,473 in 2016 to zero in 2017. Interest primarily relates to convertible debt that was issued in November, 2015, and converted into stock during February, 2016, and short term notes that were issued in December 2013, all of which were repaid prior to the current quarter.

We had net losses of \$4,516,783 and \$5,217,170 in 2017 and 2016, respectively.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

During the six months ended June 30, 2017 we used cash for operations of \$ 3,293,055 and also purchased equipment for \$219,655.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016 we used \$3,728,465 of cash for operations, and used \$796,270 for the purchase of equipment.

Our operations to date have been financed by the sale of securities, the issuance of convertible debt and the issuance of short-term debt, including related party advances. Our existing cash and other working capital may not be sufficient to meet all of the projected cash needs contemplated by our business strategies. We intend to raise capital through equity or debt financing transactions to address both our short term and longer term liquidity needs. However there can be no assurances that we will be able to generate the necessary capital or debt to carry out our current plan of operations.

We lease office space under a non-cancelable operating lease, which expires March 31, 2019.

The aggregate minimum requirements under non-cancelable leases as of June 30, 2017 is \$286,082.

## **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to stockholders.

## **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.**

Not required because we are a smaller reporting company.

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures.**

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Accounting Officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 Rules 13a-15(f). Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Accounting Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of June 30, 2017.

Management has identified the following material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting:

We established an audit committee during June 30, 2015. We are not currently obligated to have an audit committee, including a member who is an "audit committee financial expert", as defined in Item 407 of Regulation S-K, under applicable regulations or listing standards. It is management's view that such a committee is an important internal control over financial reporting, the lack of which may result in ineffective oversight in the establishment and monitoring of internal control.

**Inadequate Segregation of Duties:** We have an inadequate number of personnel to properly implement internal controls over financial reporting.

Since the assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting did identify material weaknesses, management considers its internal control over financial reporting to be ineffective.

Management believes that the material weakness set forth above did not have an effect on our financial results.

**Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended June 30, 2017 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## **PART II-OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings.**

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries are party to or have property that is the subject of any material pending legal proceedings. We may be subject to ordinary legal proceedings incidental to our business from time to time that are not required to be disclosed under this Item 1.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors.**

Not required because we are a smaller reporting company.

### **Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

The Company did not issue or sell any other unregistered equity securities during the period covered by this report that were not previously reported on a Current Report on Form 8-K.

### **Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.**

None.

### **Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.**

Not applicable.

### **Item 5. Other Information.**

None.

**Item 6. Exhibits.**

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
31.2	Certification of Principal Accounting Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer of the Company, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
32.2	Certification of Principal Accounting Officer of the Company, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

\*XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

In accordance with SEC Release 33-8238, Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2 are furnished and not filed.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**BARFRESH FOOD GROUP  
INC.**

Date: August 14, 2017 By: */s/ Riccardo Delle Coste*  
Riccardo Delle Coste  
Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 14, 2017 By: */s/ Joseph S. Tesoriero*  
Joseph S. Tesoriero  
Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

