MCDERMOTT INT	ERNATIONAL IN	C
Form 10-Q		
May 11, 2015		

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

ÞQUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015

OR

"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File No. 001-08430

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

REPUBLIC OF PANAMA 72-0593134 (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

757 N. ELDRIDGE PKWY

HOUSTON, TEXAS 77079 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (281) 870-5000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes þ No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes b No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

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Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company" Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No b

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding at May 7, 2015 was 238,604,332.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months	Ended March
31,	
2015	2014
(Unaudited)	
(In thousands,	except shares
and per share	amounts)

Revenues	\$550,463	\$603,811	
Costs and Expenses:			
Cost of operations	475,459	591,493	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	51,676	51,964	
Gain on disposal of assets	(367) (6,439)
Restructuring expenses	10,389	6,125	
Total costs and expenses	537,157	643,143	
(Loss) Income from Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates	(6,741) 1,123	
Operating Income (Loss)	6,565	(38,209)
Other Income (Expense):			
Interest income (expense), net	(12,179) 61	
Loss on foreign currency, net	(1,468) (4,082)
Other expense, net	(97) (265)
•			
Total other expense	(13,744) (4,286)
•	,		
Loss before provision for income taxes and noncontrolling interests	(7,179) (42,495)
	,	, , ,	
Provision for income taxes	4,869	3,489	
	,	,	
Net loss	(12,048) (45,984)
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	2,459	536	
	_,		
Net loss attributable to McDermott International, Inc.	\$(14,507) \$(46,520)
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Loss per share

Net loss attributable to McDermott International, Inc.:

Basic	\$(0.06) \$(0.20
Diluted	\$(0.06) \$(0.20
Shares used in the computation of losses per share:		
Basic:	237,504,71	9 236,961,158
Diluted:	237,504,71	9 236,961,158

See accompanying notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

	Three Mor Ended Mar 2015 (Unaudited (in thousar	rch 31, 2014	
Net Loss	\$(12,048)	\$(45,98	34)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:			
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	12	(24)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(2,042)	(320)
Gain (loss) on derivatives	(16,885)	14,529	9
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(18,915)	14,185	5
Total Comprehensive Loss	\$(30,963)	\$(31,79	99)
Less: Comprehensive Income Attributable to Non-controlling Interests	2,426	503	
Comprehensive Loss Attributable to McDermott International, Inc.	\$(33,389)	\$(32,30)2)

See accompanying notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31, 2015 (Unaudited) (In thousand shares and p data)	_
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$600,636	\$665,309
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	199,764	187,585
Accounts receivable – trade, net	213,144	143,370
Accounts receivable – other	73,837	81,088
Contracts in progress	380,756	357,617
Deferred income taxes	12,646	7,514
Assets held for sale	14,253	14,253
Other current assets	49,971	44,898
Total Current Assets	1,545,007	1,501,634
Property, Plant and Equipment	2,479,797	2,473,563
Less Accumulated depreciation	(850,378)	(830,467)
Net Property, Plant and Equipment	1,629,419	1,643,096
Accounts Receivable – Long-Term Retainages	136,908	137,468
Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates	36,206	38,186
Deferred Income Taxes	17,034	17,313
Investments	2,151	2,216
Other Assets	93,306	76,966
Total Assets	\$3,460,031	\$3,416,879
Liabilities and Equity		
Current Liabilities:		
Notes payable and current maturities of long-term debt	\$27,092	\$27,026
Accounts payable	374,927	251,924
Accrued liabilities	330,889	337,209
Advance billings on contracts	162,004	199,865
Deferred income taxes	19,265	19,753
Income taxes payable	29,813	25,165
Total Current Liabilities	943,990	860,942
Long-Term Debt	834,247	837,443
Self-Insurance	18,140	17,026
Pension Liability	18,079	18,403
Non-current Income Taxes	48,442	49,229
Other Liabilities	85,707	94,722
Commitments and Contingencies		
Stockholders' Equity:		

Common stock, par value \$1.00 per share, authorized		
400,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 246,199,889 and 245,209,850 shares,		
respectively	246,200	245,210
Capital in excess of par value (including prepaid common stock purchase contracts)	1,679,631	1,676,815
Accumulated Deficit	(254,079)	(239,572)
Treasury stock, at cost: 7,700,580 and 7,400,027 shares, respectively	(96,972)	(96,441)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(116,690)	(97,808)
Stockholders' Equity - McDermott International, Inc.	1,458,090	1,488,204
Noncontrolling interest	53,336	50,910
Total Equity	1,511,426	1,539,114
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$3,460,031	\$3,416,879

See accompanying notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Three Mont March 31, 2015	th Ended
	(Unaudited) (In thousand)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Loss	\$(12,048)	\$(45,984)
Non-cash items included in net loss:		
Depreciation and amortization	25,327	24,602
Drydock amortization	5,272	6,946
Stock-based compensation charges	4,278	4,387
Losses (gains) from Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	6,741	(1,123)
Gain on asset disposals	(367)	(6,439)
Restructuring expense	4,169	675
Deferred taxes	(5,341)	(2,628)
Other non-cash items	(1,472)	1,752
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions and dispositions:		
Accounts receivable	(69,214)	26,365
Net contracts in progress and advance billings on contracts	(61,021)	(5,974)
Accounts payable	110,785	32,727
Accrued and other current liabilities	(5,723)	15,046
Pension liability and accrued postretirement and employee benefits	(555)	5,880
Other assets and liabilities	(19,370)	(78,560)
TOTAL CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(18,539)	(22,328)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23,972)	(37,893)
(Increase) in Restricted cash and cash equivalents	(12,179)	(19,634)
Purchases of available-for-sale securities	-	(1,997)
Sales and maturities of available-for-sale securities	1,775	10,055
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	(4,696)	-
Proceeds from asset dispositions	-	8,370
Other	76	(1,950)
TOTAL CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(38,996)	(43,049)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from debt	-	250,000
Repayment of debt	(4,706)	(31,373)
Other	(1,323)	(3,858)
TOTAL CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(6,029)	214,769
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH	(1,109)	36
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(64,673)	149,428

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	665,309	118,702
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$600,636	\$268,130

See accompanying notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

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McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Common Stoc Shares (Unaudited)	k Par Value	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Accumulate Deficit	Accumulate Other caComprehens Loss ("AOC	s īkre asury	Stockholders Equity	s'Noncontro Interest ("NCI")	o lling l Equity
	(In thousands,	except shar	res)						
Balance at December 31,	,	1	,						
2014	245,209,850	\$245,210	\$1,676,815	\$(239,572)	\$(97,808)	\$(96,441)	1,488,204	\$50,910	1,539,114
Net loss	-	-	-	(14,507)	-	-	(14,507)	2,459	(12,048)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_	_	_	_	(18,882)	_	(18,882)	(33)	(18,915)
Share vesting	990,039	990	(990)		-	_	-	-	(10,715)
Stock-based compensation	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,						
charges	-	-	3,806	-	-	472	4,278	-	4,278
Purchase of treasury shares	-	_	-	-	-	(1,003)	(1,003)	-	(1,003)
Balance at									
March 31, 2015	246,199,889	\$246,200	\$1,679,631	\$(254,079)	\$(116,690)	\$(96,972)	\$1,458,090	\$53,336	\$1,511,426

See accompanying notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

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McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

NOTE 1—BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

McDermott International, Inc. ("MII"), a corporation incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Panama in 1959, is an engineering, procurement, construction and installation ("EPCI") company focused on designing and executing complex offshore oil and gas projects worldwide. Providing fully integrated EPCI services, we deliver fixed and floating production facilities, pipeline installations and subsea systems from concept to commissioning. Operating in approximately 20 countries across the Americas, Europe, Africa, the Middle East and Asia, our integrated resources include a diversified fleet of marine vessels, fabrication facilities and engineering offices. We support our activities with comprehensive project management and procurement services, while utilizing our fully integrated capabilities in both shallow water and deepwater construction. Our customers include national, major integrated and other oil and gas companies, and we operate in most major offshore oil and gas producing regions throughout the world. We execute our contracts through a variety of methods, principally fixed-price, but also including cost reimbursable, cost-plus, day-rate and unit-rate basis or some combination of those methods. In these notes to our accompanying unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, unless the context otherwise indicates, "we," "us" and "our" mean MII and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements are unaudited and have been prepared from our books and records in accordance with Rule 10-1 of Regulation S-X for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") for complete financial statements. In the opinion of our management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results of operations for a full year. These Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in MII's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 11, 2015.

Business Segments

In the first quarter of 2015, we completed changes to our organizational structure which resulted in realignment of our reporting segments. Our North Sea and Africa operations were previously aggregated into the Middle East ("MEA") reporting segment. However, the responsibility for business decisions relating to the North Sea and Africa was moved to our Americas reporting segment in the first quarter of 2015. As a result, the North Sea and Africa businesses are reflected in our Americas reporting segment, now referred to as Americas, Europe and Africa (collectively, "AEA"). All comparable periods presented have been revised to reflect this change. Accordingly, we report financial results under three reporting segments consisting of AEA, MEA and Asia ("ASA"). We also report certain corporate and other non-operating activities under the heading "Corporate and other," which primarily reflects corporate personnel and activities, incentive compensation programs and other costs that are generally fully allocated to our reporting segments. However, Corporate restructuring costs associated with our corporate reorganization are not allocated to our

reporting segments. See Note 13 for summarized financial information on our segments.

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Guidance

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-03, Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs, which requires debt issuance costs to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the associated debt liability, consistent with the presentation of a debt discount. The standard does not affect the recognition and measurement of debt issuance costs. Therefore, the amortization of debt issuance costs will be calculated using the interest method and be reported as interest expense. Retrospective application of this ASU is required for public entities for annual and interim periods beginning on or after December 15, 2015, and early adoption is permitted. We early adopted this ASU. Our accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements classify debt issuance costs related to long-term debt as components of Long-term debt. These costs were previously reported by us as Assets (see Note 7). All comparable periods presented have been revised to reflect this change.

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements and Property, Plant, and Equipment—Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity, which amends the definition of a discontinued operation by raising the threshold for a disposal to qualify as discontinued operations. ASU 2014-08 also requires entities to provide additional disclosures about discontinued operations as well as disposal transactions that do not meet the discontinued operations criteria. The pronouncement is effective prospectively for all disposals (except disposals classified as held for sale before the adoption

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

date) or components initially classified as held for sale in periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014. The application of this ASU did not have any impact on the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

Accounting Guidance Issued But Not Adopted as of March 31, 2015

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-04, Practical Expedient for the Measurement Date of an Employer's Defined Benefit Obligation and Plan Assets. This ASU is intended to provide a practical expedient for the measurement date of defined benefit plan assets and obligations. The practical expedient allows employers with fiscal year-end dates that do not fall on a calendar month-end (e.g., companies with a 52/53-week fiscal year) to measure pension and post-retirement benefit plan assets and obligations as of the calendar month-end date closest to the fiscal year-end. The FASB also provided a similar practical expedient for interim remeasurements for significant events. This ASU requires perspective application and is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. We are currently assessing the impact of this amendment on our future Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures.

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis, which amends and changes the consolidation analysis currently required under U.S. GAAP. This ASU modifies the process used to evaluate whether limited partnerships and similar entities are variable interest entities or voting interest entities; affects the analysis performed by reporting entities regarding variable interest entities, particularly those with fee arrangements and related party relationships; and provides a scope exception for certain investment funds. The amendments in this ASU are effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. We are currently assessing the impact of these amendments on our future Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures.

In January 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-01, Income Statement-Extraordinary and Unusual Items (Subtopic 225-20), Simplifying Income Statement Presentation by Eliminating the Concept of Extraordinary Items, which eliminates the concept of extraordinary items. Under this new guidance, entities will no longer be required to separately classify, present and disclose extraordinary events and transactions. The amendments in this ASU are effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The application of these amendments is not expected to have an impact on our future Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern. Currently, there is no guidance in effect under U.S. GAAP regarding management's responsibility to assess whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern. Under ASU 2014-15, we will be required to assess our ability to continue as a going concern each interim and annual reporting period and provide certain disclosures if there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern, including management's plan to alleviate the substantial doubt. ASU 2014-15 is effective for annual periods ending after December 15, 2016 and interim periods thereafter with early adoption permitted. We are currently assessing the impact of the adoption of ASU 2014-15 on our future Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. This ASU will supersede most of the existing revenue recognition requirements in U.S. GAAP and will require entities to recognize revenue at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. It also requires significantly expanded disclosures regarding the qualitative and quantitative information of an entity's nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with

customers. ASU 2014-09 will be effective for us for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, with early application not permitted. Retrospective and modified retrospective application is allowed. We are currently evaluating the requirements of this ASU and have not yet determined its impact on our future Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures.

NOTE 2—REVENUE RECOGNITION

Unapproved Change Orders

As of March 31, 2015, total unapproved change orders included in our estimates at completion aggregated approximately \$240.3 million, of which approximately \$73.0 million was included in backlog. As of March 31, 2014, total unapproved change orders included in our estimates at completion aggregated approximately \$223.5 million, of which approximately \$38.1 million was included in backlog.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

Claims Revenue

The amount of revenues and costs included in our estimates at completion (i.e., contract values) associated with claims was \$6.5 million as of March 31, 2015 and 2014. All of these claim amounts at March 31, 2015 and 2014 were related to our MEA segment. For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, no revenues or costs pertaining to claims were included in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements. None of the pending claims as of March 31, 2015 were the subject of any litigation proceedings.

Our unconsolidated joint ventures did not include any claims revenue or associated cost in their financial results for the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

Deferred Profit Recognition

As of March 31, 2015 and 2014, we were not accounting for any projects under our deferred profit recognition policy.

Completed Contract Method

As of March 31, 2015 and 2014, we were not accounting for any contracts under the completed contract method.

Loss Recognition

As of March 31, 2015, we have provided for our estimated costs to complete on all of our ongoing contracts. However, it is possible that current estimates could change due to unforeseen events, which could result in adjustments to overall contract costs. Variations from estimated contract performance could result in material adjustments to operating results for any fiscal quarter or year. For all contracts, if a current estimate of total contract cost indicates a loss, the projected loss is recognized in full when determined.

Of the March 31, 2015 backlog, approximately \$406.7 million related primarily to four active projects that were in loss positions, whereby future revenues are expected to equal costs when recognized. Included in this amount was \$130.4 million of backlog associated with an EPCI project, PB Litoral, in Mexico, which is expected to be completed in the fourth quarter of 2015, \$87.5 million of backlog pertaining to a five-year charter of the Agile in Brazil, which is expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2017, and \$20.8 million of backlog relating to NO102 vessel charter project in Brazil, scheduled for completion in the second quarter of 2015, all of which are being conducted in our AEA segment. The March 31, 2015 backlog amount also included \$166.5 million relating to an EPCI project in our MEA segment, which is also in a loss position and is expected to be completed by the fourth quarter of 2017. It is possible that our estimates of gross profit could increase or decrease based on changes in productivity, actual downtime and the resolution of change orders and claims with the customers.

NOTE 3—USE OF ESTIMATES

We use estimates and assumptions to prepare our financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Those estimates and assumptions affect the amounts we report in our consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Our actual results could differ from those estimates, and variances could materially affect our financial condition and results of operations in future periods. Changes in project estimates generally exclude change orders and changes in scope, but may include, without limitation, changes in cost recovery estimates, unexpected changes in

weather conditions, changes in productivity, unidentified required vessel repairs, customer and vendor delays and other costs. We generally expect to experience a reasonable amount of unanticipated events, and some of those events can result in significant cost increases above cost amounts we previously estimated. As of March 31, 2015, we have provided for our estimated costs to complete on all of our ongoing contracts. However, it is possible that current estimates could change due to unforeseen events, which could result in adjustments to overall contract costs. Variations from estimated contract performance could result in material adjustments to operating results. For all contracts, if a current estimate of total contract cost indicates a loss, the projected loss is recognized in full when determined.

The following is a discussion of our most significant changes in estimates that impacted operating income for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

Three months ended March 31, 2015

Operating income for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was positively impacted by net favorable changes in cost estimates totaling approximately \$21.6 million across all segments.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

The AEA segment was positively impacted by net favorable changes in estimates aggregating approximately \$6.6 million, primarily due to \$4.4 million in reduced cost estimates attributable to a revised demobilization plan for one of our vessels, North Ocean 105 (the "NO 105"), which is working on a subsea project in Brazil.

The MEA segment was positively impacted by net favorable changes in estimates aggregating approximately \$9.1 million. Two EPCI projects in Saudi Arabia were positively impacted by \$6.9 million of changes in revenue recovery and cost savings based on constructive discussions with a customer on design optimization and by \$6.3 million for improvement in revenue recovery estimates and due to the favorable outcome of our discussions with a customer on compensation for vessel downtime due to weather and standby delays. These favorable changes were partially offset by the \$4.5 million negative impact on a Saudi Arabia EPCI project, primarily due to change in cost estimates as a result of a change in marine execution plans.

The ASA segment was positively impacted by net favorable changes in estimates aggregating approximately \$5.9 million, driven by multiple projects, none of the individual results of which were material.

Three months ended March 31, 2014

Operating income for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was impacted by net unfavorable changes in cost estimates relating to projects in our AEA and MEA segments, partially offset by net favorable changes in ASA segment.

The AEA segment was negatively impacted by changes in estimates of approximately \$35.4 million on an EPCI project, PB Litoral, in Mexico, in the first quarter of 2014. The estimated cost at completion on this project increased primarily due to delays in final project delivery, resulting in a revised execution plan, increased fabrication labor costs and recognition of liquidated damages.

The MEA segment was negatively impacted by losses of approximately \$31.9 million, mostly due to changes in estimates on three projects in Saudi Arabia during the three months ended March 31, 2014. On two EPCI projects in Saudi Arabia, we increased our estimated cost at completion by approximately \$24.3 million, primarily as a result of vessel downtime due to weather and standby delays (which may be recoverable from the customer, but which were not recognizable at March 31, 2014), and reduced productivity on fabrication and engineering activities. Both projects remain in a profitable position at March 31, 2014. On another EPCI project in Saudi Arabia, we increased our estimated cost to complete by approximately \$7.6 million, primarily due to increases in our cost estimates for the completion of onshore activities on the project.

The ASA segment experienced an improvement of approximately \$20.6 million, mostly due to changes in estimates on a subsea project, Siakap Subsea Development, in Malaysia during the quarter ended March 31, 2014, primarily due to productivity improvements on our marine vessels as well as offshore support activities.

NOTE 4—ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts Receivable—Trade, Net

A summary of contract receivables is as follows:

	March 31, 2015 (in thousan	December 31, 2014 ds)
Contract receivables:		
Contracts in progress	\$176,027	106,174
Completed contracts	26,512	34,698
Retainages	32,100	28,586
Unbilled	4,303	4,303
Less allowances	(25,798)	(30,391)
Accounts receivable—trac	de, ne\$213,144	\$143,370

Contract retainages generally represent amounts withheld by our customers until project completion, in accordance with the terms of the applicable contracts. The following is a summary of retainages on our contracts:

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

	March	December
	31, 2015	31, 2014
	(in thousa	nds)
Retainages expected to be collected within one year	\$32,100	\$28,586
Retainages expected to be collected after one year	136,908	137,468
Total retainages	\$169,008	\$166,054

NOTE 5—CONTRACTS IN PROGRESS AND ADVANCE BILLINGS ON CONTRACTS

Contracts in progress were \$380.8 million and \$357.6 million at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. Advance billings on contracts were \$162.0 million at March 31, 2015 and \$199.9 million at December 31, 2014. A detail of the components of contracts in progress and advance billings on contracts is as follows:

	March 31,	December
	2015	31, 2014
	(In thousan	ds)
Costs incurred less costs of revenue recognized	\$160,306	\$90,191
Revenues recognized less billings to customers	220,450	267,426
Contracts in Progress	\$380,756	\$357,617
Billings to customers less revenue recognized	514,089	578,896
Costs incurred less costs of revenue recognized	(352,085)	(379,031)
Advance Billings on Contracts	\$162,004	\$199,865

NOTE 6—RESTRUCTURING

In 2014 we completed a major review of our cost structure, and we are implementing a plan, which we refer to as the McDermott Profitability Initiative ("MPI"), to increase our profitability and flexibility through reduced fixed and variable costs. The plan includes headcount reductions, centralization of operational activities, other cost reduction initiatives and certain asset impairments. For the quarter ended March 31, 2015, expenses incurred under the MPI totaled \$8.6 million.

During 2013 and 2014, we implemented a restructuring of our Americas operations, which involved our Morgan City, Louisiana, Houston, Texas, New Orleans, Louisiana and some Brazil locations. The restructuring involved, among other things, reductions of management, administrative, fabrication and engineering personnel, and the discontinued utilization of the Morgan City facility. For the quarter ended March 31, 2015, expenses incurred under the Americas

restructuring totaled \$1.8 million.

We completed a Corporate restructuring by the end of 2014. Costs associated with our Corporate restructuring activities primarily included severance, relocation and other personnel-related costs and costs for advisors, as well as costs for certain executive management changes which became effective during the fourth quarter of 2013.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

The following table presents amounts incurred during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, as well as amounts incurred from the inception of our restructuring efforts up to March 31, 2015 and amounts expected to be incurred in the future by major type of cost and by segment.

	Incurred	Incurred			
	in the	in the			
	three	three		Estimate	
	months	months	Incurred	of	
	ended	ended	from	remaining	
	March	March	inception	amounts	
	31,	31,	to March	to be	
	2015	2014	31, 2015	incurred	Total
	(In thous		31, 2013	пештеа	Total
Americas Restructuring	(III thouse	anas)			
Impairments and write offs	\$-	\$ -	\$ 12,923	\$ -	\$12,923
Severance and other personnel-related costs		2,029	14,261	· _	14,261
Morgan City environmental reserve	_	-	5,925	-	5,925
Morgan City yard-related expenses	914	1,602	11,764	4,002	15,766
Other	-	-	158	-	158
	\$1,795	\$ 3,631	\$ 45,031	\$ 4,002	\$49,033
	, , ,	, - ,	, -,	, ,	, ,,,,,,,,
Corporate Restructuring					
Severance and other personnel-related costs	\$-	\$ 908	\$ 2,599	\$ -	\$2,599
Legal and other advisor fees	-	1,586	3,204	-	3,204
Other	-	-	798	-	798
	\$-	\$ 2,494	\$6,601	\$ -	\$6,601
MPI					
Severance and other personnel-related costs					
AEA segment	\$1,252	\$ -	\$ 1,252	\$ 3,877	\$5,129
MEA segment	607	-	607	3,300	3,907
ASA segment	1,800	-	1,800	5,329	7,129
Corporate and other	719	-	719	6,967	7,686
Asset impairment					
ASA segment	4,168	-	4,168	-	4,168
Legal and other advisor fees					
Corporate	48	-	4,051	-	4,051
	\$8,594	\$ -	\$ 12,597	\$ 19,473	\$32,070
Total	\$10,389	\$6,125	\$ 64,229	\$ 23,475	\$87,704

In the first quarter of 2015, we reclassified certain MPI-related legal and other advisory fees of \$4.0 million incurred in 2014 from Corporate restructuring costs to MPI costs.

The following table presents a roll forward of accrued liabilities associated with our restructuring activities:

	Decemb	er		March
	31,			31,
	2014	Accruals	Payments	2015
	(In thou	sands)		
Morgan City environmental reserve	\$3,675	\$ -	\$ (715) \$2,960
Morgan City yard-related expenses and other	373	833	(141) 1,065
Total	\$4.048	\$ 833	\$ (856) \$4.025

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM DEBT AND NOTES PAYABLE

The carrying values of our long-term debt obligations are as follows:

	March	December
	31, 2015	31,2014
	(In thousan	nds)
Long-term debt consists of:		
Senior Notes	\$490,625	\$490,354
Term Loan	291,040	291,424
North Ocean 105 Construction Financing	46,024	45,888
Amortizing Notes	30,354	33,258
Capital lease obligation	2,802	2,802
Other financing	494	743
_	861,339	864,469
Less: Amounts due within one year	27,092	27,026
Total long-term debt	\$834,247	\$837,443

LC Facility and Cash-Collateralized Bilateral Letters of Credit

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the aggregate face amount of letters of credit issued under our \$400.0 million first-lien, first-out three-year letter of credit facility (the "LC Facility") was \$201.4 million and \$195.8 million, respectively. No financial letters of credit have been issued under the LC Facility.

As of March 31, 2015, we had an aggregate face amount of approximately \$111.8 million of cash collateralized letters of credit issued on a bilateral basis outside the LC Facility outstanding, including financial letters of credit of \$20.8 million. As of December 31, 2014, we had an aggregate face amount of approximately \$88.8 million of cash collateralized letters of credit issued on a bilateral basis outside the LC Facility outstanding, including financial letters of credit of \$19.7 million. We have included the supporting cash collateral in restricted cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

Bank Guarantees

In 2012, McDermott Middle East, Inc. and MII executed a general reimbursement agreement in favor of a bank located in the UAE relating to issuances of bank guarantees in support of contracting activities in the Middle East and India. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, bank guarantees issued under those arrangements totaled \$73.7 million and \$56.2 million, respectively.

Surety Bonds

In 2012 and 2011, we executed general agreements of indemnity in favor of surety underwriters based in Mexico relating to surety bonds issued in support of contracting activities of our subsidiaries J. Ray McDermott de México, S.A. de C.V. and McDermott, Inc. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, bonds issued under these arrangements totaled \$46.3 million and \$52.5 million, respectively.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs of \$25.5 million and \$27.1 million as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, are included in the above carrying values of our long-term debt obligations.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

NOTE 8—PENSION PLANS

In 2014 we elected to change our accounting method for recognizing actuarial gains and losses for our pension and other postretirement benefit plans. In connection with our accounting change we have revised previously reported amounts to conform to our current method of accounting.

Net periodic benefit gain for our non-contributory qualified defined benefit pension plan and several of our non-qualified supplemental defined benefit pension plans (the "Domestic Plans") and our J. Ray McDermott, S.A. Third Country National Employees Pension Plan (the "TCN Plan") includes the following components:

	Domestic Plans Three Months End		TCN Pled March	
	2015 2014 2015 20			
	(In thousa	ands)		
Interest cost	\$5,382	\$6,778	\$407	\$475
Expected return on plan assets	(6,677)	(6,875)	(710)	(740)
Recognized net actuarial loss and other	-	(217)	-	-
Net periodic benefit gain	\$(1,295)	\$(314)	\$(303)	\$(265)

NOTE 9—DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

We enter into derivative financial instruments primarily to hedge certain firm purchase commitments and forecasted transactions denominated in foreign currencies. We record these contracts at fair value on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Depending on the hedge designation at the inception of the contract, the related gains and losses on these contracts are either: (1) deferred as a component of AOCI until the hedged item is recognized in earnings; (2) offset against the change in fair value of the hedged firm commitment through earnings; or (3) recognized immediately in earnings. At inception and on an ongoing basis, we assess the hedging relationship to determine its effectiveness in offsetting changes in cash flows or fair value attributable to the hedged risk. We exclude from our assessment of effectiveness the portion of the fair value of the forward contracts attributable to the difference between spot exchange rates and forward exchange rates. The ineffective portion of a derivative's change in fair value and any portion excluded from the assessment of effectiveness are immediately recognized in earnings. Gains and losses on derivative financial instruments that are immediately recognized in earnings are included as a component of gain (loss) on foreign currency-net in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

As of March 31, 2015, the majority of our foreign currency forward contracts were designated as cash flow hedging instruments. In addition, we deferred approximately \$99.7 million of net losses on these derivative financial instruments in AOCI, and we expect to reclassify approximately \$78.4 million of deferred losses out of AOCI by March 31, 2016, as hedged items are recognized. The notional value of our outstanding derivative contracts totaled \$631.4 million at March 31, 2015, with maturities extending through 2017. Of this amount, approximately \$424.8 million is associated with various foreign currency expenditures we expect to incur on one of our ASA segment EPCI projects. These instruments consist of contracts to purchase or sell foreign-denominated currencies. As of March 31, 2015, the fair value of these contracts was in a net liability position totaling \$58.5 million. The fair value of

outstanding derivative instruments is determined using observable financial market inputs, such as quoted market prices, and is classified as Level 2 in nature.

The following tables summarize our derivative financial instruments:

Asset and Liability Derivatives

	March 31, 2015 (in thousa	December 31, 2014 ands)
Derivatives Designated as Hedges:		
Location:		
Accounts receivable-other	\$1,342	\$ 1,173
Other assets	-	16
Total asset derivatives	\$1,342	\$ 1,189
Accounts payable	\$49,965	\$ 32,431
Other liabilities	9,833	15,670
Total liability derivatives	\$59,798	\$48,101

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

The Effects of Derivative Instruments on our Financial Statements

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 2014 (in thousands)
Derivatives Designated as Hedges:	
Amount of gain/(loss) recognized in other comprehensive income (loss)	\$(36,690) \$ 12,358
Income (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income: effective portion	
Location: Cost of operations	19,854 \$ 202
Gain(loss) recognized in income (loss): ineffective portion and amount excluded from	
effectiveness testing	
Location: Gain (loss) on foreign currency—net	1,817 (847)

NOTE 10—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following is a summary of our available-for-sale securities measured at fair value:

	March 31, 2015					
		Le	evel	Level	Le	vel
	Total	1		2	3	
	(in thou	san	ds)			
Mutual funds(1)	\$751	\$	_	\$751	\$	-
Commercial paper	1,400		-	1,400		-
Total	\$2,151			\$2,151	\$	-
	Decemb	er 3	31, 2	2014		
		Le	evel	Level	Le	vel
	Total	1		2	3	
	(in thou	san	ds)			
Mutual funds(1)	\$2,216	\$	-	\$2,216	\$	-
Commercial paper	1,699		_	1,699		-
Total	\$3,915	\$	_	\$3,915	\$	_

⁽¹⁾ Various U.S. equities and other investments managed under mutual funds

Our Level 2 investments consist primarily of commercial paper, asset-backed commercial paper notes backed by a pool of mortgage-backed securities and mutual funds. The fair value of our Level 2 investments was determined using a market approach that is based on quoted prices and other information for similar or identical instruments.

Other Financial Instruments

We used the following methods and assumptions in estimating our fair value disclosures for our other financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents. The carrying amounts that we have reported in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets for cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents approximate their fair values and are classified as Level 1 within the fair value hierarchy.

Short-term and long-term debt. The fair value of debt instruments is classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy and is valued using a market approach based on quoted prices for similar instruments traded in active markets. Where quoted prices are not available, the income approach is used to value these instruments based on the present value of future cash flows discounted at estimated borrowing rates for similar debt instruments or on estimated prices based on current yields for debt issues of similar quality and terms.

Forward contracts. The fair value of forward contracts is classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy and is valued using observable market parameters for similar instruments traded in active markets. Where quoted prices are not available, the income approach is used to value forward contracts, which discounts future cash flows based on current market expectations and credit risk.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

The estimated fair values of certain of our financial instruments are as follows:

	March 31, 2015 Carrying		December 3 Carrying	31, 2014
	Amount (In thousand	Fair Value ds)	Amount	Fair Value
Balance Sheet Instruments				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$600,636	\$600,636	\$665,309	\$665,309
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	199,764	199,764	187,585	187,585
Investments	2,151	2,151	3,915	3,915
Debt	(861,339)	(773,619)	(864,469)	(737,980)
Forward contracts	(58,456)	(58,456)	(46,912)	(46,912)

Non-financial Instruments

In accordance with ASC 360-10, Property, Plant and Equipment, one of our vessels, the DB101, which is held and used in our ASA segment, was written down to a fair value of \$13.6 million, resulting in a non-cash impairment charge of \$4.2 million in the first quarter of 2015. This asset impairment is related to our plan to decommission this vessel in the second quarter of 2015.

NOTE 11—ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

The components of AOCI included in stockholders' equity are as follows:

	March 31,	December
	2015	31, 2014
	(In thousan	ds)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$(17,254)	\$(15,212)
Net gain on investments	253	241
Net loss on derivative financial instruments	(99,689)	(82,837)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$(116,690)	\$(97,808)

The following table presents the components of AOCI and the amounts that were reclassified during the period:

	Foreign currency gain	Unrealized holding loss on	Deferred gain (loss) on derivatives		
For the three months ended March 31, 2015	(loss) (in thousar	investment	(1)		TOTAL
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$(15,212)		\$ (82,837)		\$(97,808)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassification	(2,042)	12	(36,690)		(38,720)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI	-	-	19,838 (2	2)	19,838
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	(2,042)	12	(16,852)		(18,882)
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$(17,254)	\$ 253	\$ (99,689)		\$(116,690)

¹ Refer to Note 9 for additional details.

² Reclassified to cost of operations and gain on foreign currency, net.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

NOTE 12—EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share:

	31, 2015	hs Ended March 2014 Is, except share re amounts)
Net loss attributable to McDermott International, Inc.	\$(14,507	· ·
Weighted average common shares (basic)	237,504,71	19 236,961,158
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Stock options, restricted stock and restricted		
stock units		-
Adjusted weighted average common shares and assumed exercises of stock options		
and vesting of stock awards (diluted)	237,504,71	19 236,961,158
Basic loss per share		
Net loss attributable to McDermott International, Inc.	\$(0.06) \$ (0.20
Diluted loss per share:		
Net loss attributable to McDermott International, Inc.	\$(0.06) \$ (0.20

Approximately 3.3 million and 3.0 million shares underlying outstanding stock-based awards were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because they were anti-dilutive for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014, respectively.

Potential dilutive common shares for the settlement of the common stock purchase contracts totaling 40.9 million shares were considered in the calculation of diluted weighted-average shares for the three months ended March 31, 2015; however, due to our net loss position, they have not been reflected above because they would be anti-dilutive.

NOTE 13—SEGMENT REPORTING

In the first quarter of 2015, we completed changes to our organizational structure which resulted in the realignment of our reporting segments. Our North Sea and Africa operations were previously aggregated into the Middle East reporting segment. However, the responsibility for business decisions relating to the North Sea and Africa was moved to our Americas reporting segment in the first quarter of 2015. As a result, the North Sea and Africa businesses are now reflected in our Americas segment, now referred to as Americas, Europe and Africa (collectively, "AEA"). All comparable periods presented have been revised to reflect this change. Accordingly, we report financial results under three reporting segments consisting of AEA, the Middle East ("MEA") and Asia ("ASA"). We also report certain corporate and other non-operating activities under the heading "Corporate and other," which primarily reflects corporate personnel and activities, incentive compensation programs and other costs that are generally fully allocated to our

reporting segments. However, Corporate restructuring costs associated with our corporate reorganization are not allocated to our reporting segments.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

Reporting segments are measured based on operating income, which is defined as revenues reduced by total costs and expenses and equity in income (loss) of unconsolidated affiliates. Summarized financial information is shown in the following tables:

Revenues(1): AEA		Three Months Ended March 31,	
Revenues(1): AEA \$143,313 \$181,686 MEA 153,800 260,300 ASA 253,350 161,825 Total revenues \$550,463 \$603,811 Operating income (loss)(2): AEA \$15,071 \$(36,412) MEA 5,177 (2,734) ASA (12,916) 3,431 Corporate (767) (2,494) Total operating income (loss) \$6,565 \$(38,209) Capital expenditures(3): AEA \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602		2015	2014
Revenues(1): AEA \$143,313 \$181,686 MEA 153,800 260,300 ASA 253,350 161,825 Total revenues \$550,463 \$603,811 Operating income (loss)(2): AEA \$15,071 \$(36,412) MEA 5,177 (2,734) ASA (12,916) 3,431 Corporate (767) (2,494) Total operating income (loss) \$6,565 \$(38,209) Capital expenditures(3): AEA \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602		(In thousar	nds)
MEA 153,800 260,300 ASA 253,350 161,825 Total revenues \$550,463 \$603,811 Operating income (loss) ⁽²⁾ : AEA \$15,071 \$(36,412) MEA 5,177 (2,734) ASA (12,916) 3,431 Corporate (767) (2,494) Total operating income (loss) \$6,565 \$(38,209) Capital expenditures ⁽³⁾ : AEA \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	Revenues ⁽¹⁾ :		ĺ
MEA 153,800 260,300 ASA 253,350 161,825 Total revenues \$550,463 \$603,811 Operating income (loss) ⁽²⁾ : AEA \$15,071 \$(36,412) MEA 5,177 (2,734) ASA (12,916) 3,431 Corporate (767) (2,494) Total operating income (loss) \$6,565 \$(38,209) Capital expenditures ⁽³⁾ : AEA \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	AEA	\$143,313	\$181,686
Total revenues \$550,463 \$603,811 Operating income (loss) ⁽²⁾ : \$15,071 \$(36,412) MEA \$1,177 (2,734) ASA (12,916) 3,431 Corporate (767) (2,494) Total operating income (loss) \$6,565 \$(38,209) Capital expenditures ⁽³⁾ : \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	MEA		
Operating income (loss) ⁽²⁾ : AEA \$15,071 \$(36,412) MEA 5,177 (2,734) ASA (12,916) 3,431 Corporate (767) (2,494) Total operating income (loss) \$6,565 \$(38,209) Capital expenditures ⁽³⁾ : AEA \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	ASA	253,350	161,825
AEA \$15,071 \$(36,412) MEA 5,177 (2,734) ASA (12,916) 3,431 Corporate (767) (2,494) Total operating income (loss) \$6,565 \$(38,209) Capital expenditures ⁽³⁾ : AEA \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	Total revenues	\$550,463	\$603,811
AEA \$15,071 \$(36,412) MEA 5,177 (2,734) ASA (12,916) 3,431 Corporate (767) (2,494) Total operating income (loss) \$6,565 \$(38,209) Capital expenditures ⁽³⁾ : AEA \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	0 (1 (2)		
MEA 5,177 (2,734) ASA (12,916) 3,431 Corporate (767) (2,494) Total operating income (loss) \$6,565 \$(38,209) Capital expenditures ⁽³⁾ : AEA \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA \$10,114 22,575 ASA \$10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other \$121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602		Φ15 O71	Φ(2C 412)
ASA (12,916) 3,431 Corporate (767) (2,494) Total operating income (loss) \$6,565 \$(38,209) Capital expenditures ⁽³⁾ : AEA \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602		•	
Corporate (767) (2,494) Total operating income (loss) \$6,565 \$(38,209) Capital expenditures ⁽³⁾ : \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602			
Total operating income (loss) \$6,565 \$(38,209) Capital expenditures ⁽³⁾ : \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602			
Capital expenditures ⁽³⁾ : AEA \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	•		
AEA \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	Total operating income (loss)	\$6,565	\$(38,209)
AEA \$2,913 \$7,409 MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	Capital expenditures ⁽³⁾ :		
MEA 10,114 22,575 ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602		\$2.913	\$7,409
ASA 10,824 4,068 Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602			
Corporate and Other 121 3,841 Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	ASA		
Total capital expenditures \$23,972 \$37,893 Depreciation and amortization: AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	Corporate and Other	,	
AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	•	\$23,972	
AEA \$12,823 \$10,827 MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602			
MEA 5,738 8,169 ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	Depreciation and amortization:		
ASA 3,916 3,908 Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	AEA	\$12,823	\$10,827
Corporate and Other 2,850 1,698 Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	MEA	5,738	8,169
Total depreciation and amortization \$25,327 \$24,602	ASA	3,916	3,908
•	Corporate and Other	2,850	1,698
Drydock amortization:	Total depreciation and amortization	\$25,327	\$24,602
	Drydock amortization:		
AEA \$3,083 \$4,562	•	\$3.083	\$4.562
MEA 613 429			
ASA 1,576 1,955			
Total drydock amortization \$5,272 \$6,946			

⁽¹⁾ Intersegment transactions included in revenues were not significant for either of the periods presented.

(2) The ASA segment's operating loss includes an impairment charge of \$4.2 million related to the DB101.

(3) Total capital expenditures presents expenditures for which cash payments were made during the period. Capital expenditures for the three months ended March 31, 2015 include \$3.3 million of cash payments for accrued capital expenditures outstanding as of December 31, 2014. Capital expenditures for the three months ended March 31, 2014 include \$8.3 million of cash payments for accrued capital expenditures outstanding as of December 31, 2013.

	March 31,	December
	2015	31, 2014
	(In thousand	ls)
Segment assets:		
AEA	\$922,868	\$976,179
MEA	932,028	990,671
ASA	758,473	601,394
Corporate and Other	846,662	848,635
	\$3,460,031	\$3,416,879

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

NOTE 14—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Investigations and Litigation

On or about August 23, 2004, a declaratory judgment action entitled Certain Underwriters at Lloyd's London, et al. v. J. Ray McDermott, Inc. et al., was filed by certain underwriters at Lloyd's, London and Threadneedle Insurance Company Limited (the "London Insurers"), in the 23rd Judicial District Court, Assumption Parish, Louisiana, against MII, J. Ray McDermott, Inc. ("JRMI") and two insurer defendants, Travelers and INA, seeking a declaration that the London Insurers have no obligation to indemnify MII and JRMI for certain bodily injury claims, including claims for asbestos and welding rod fume personal injury which have been filed by claimants in various state courts. Additionally, Travelers filed a cross-claim requesting a declaration of non-coverage in approximately 20 underlying matters. This proceeding was stayed by the Court on January 3, 2005. We do not believe an adverse judgment or material losses in this matter are probable, and, accordingly, we have not accrued any amounts relating to this contingency. Although there is a possibility of an adverse judgment, the amount or potential range of loss is not estimable at this time. The insurer-plaintiffs in this matter commenced this proceeding in a purported attempt to obtain a determination of insurance coverage obligations for occupational exposure and/or environmental matters for which we have given notice that we could potentially seek coverage. Because estimating losses would require, for every matter, known and unknown, on a case by case basis, anticipating what impact on coverage a judgment would have and a determination of an otherwise expected insured value, damages cannot be reasonably estimated.

On December 16, 2005, a proceeding entitled Antoine, et al. vs. J. Ray McDermott, Inc., et al. ("Antoine Suit"), was filed in the 24th Judicial District Court, Jefferson Parish, Louisiana, by approximately 88 plaintiffs against approximately 215 defendants, including our subsidiaries formerly known as JRMI and Delta Hudson Engineering Corporation ("DHEC"), generally alleging injuries for exposure to asbestos, and unspecified chemicals, metals and noise while the plaintiffs were allegedly employed as Jones Act seamen. This case was dismissed by the Court on January 10, 2007, without prejudice to plaintiffs' rights to refile their claims. On January 29, 2007, 21 plaintiffs from the dismissed Antoine Suit filed a matter entitled Boudreaux, et al. v. McDermott, Inc., et al. (the "Boudreaux Suit"), in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas, against JRMI and our subsidiary formerly known as McDermott Incorporated, and approximately 30 other employer defendants, alleging Jones Act seaman status and generally alleging exposure to welding fumes, solvents, dyes, industrial paints and noise. The Boudreaux Suit was transferred to the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana on May 2, 2007, which entered an order in September 2007 staying the matter until further order of the Court due to the bankruptcy filing of one of the co-defendants. On June 18, 2014, the Boudreaux Suit was voluntarily dismissed without prejudice. Additionally, on January 29, 2007, another 43 plaintiffs from the dismissed Antoine Suit filed a matter entitled Antoine, et al. v. McDermott, Inc., et al. (the "New Antoine Suit"), in the 164th Judicial District Court for Harris County, Texas, against JRMI, our subsidiary formerly known as McDermott Incorporated and approximately 65 other employer defendants and 42 maritime products defendants, alleging Jones Act seaman status and generally alleging personal injuries for exposure to asbestos and noise. On April 27, 2007, the District Court entered an order staying all activity and deadlines in the New Antoine Suit, other than service of process and answer/appearance dates, until further order of the Court. By order dated December 12, 2014, the Court dismissed all remaining plaintiffs' claims in the New Antoine Suit, without prejudice to refiling.

On August 15, 2013 and August 20, 2013, two separate alleged purchasers of our common stock filed purported class action complaints against us, Stephen M. Johnson and Perry L. Elders in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas. Both of the complaints sought to represent a class of purchasers of our stock between November 6, 2012 and August 5, 2013, and alleged, among other things, that the defendants violated federal securities laws by disseminating materially false and misleading information and failing to disclose material information relating

to weaknesses in project bidding and execution, poor risk evaluation, poor project management and losses in each of our reporting segments. Each complaint sought relief, including unspecified compensatory damages and an award for attorneys' fees and other costs. By order dated December 5, 2013, the District Court consolidated the two cases and appointed a lead plaintiff and lead plaintiff's counsel. The lead plaintiff filed a consolidated amended complaint on February 6, 2014. The consolidated amended complaint asserts substantially the same claims as were made in the two original complaints, with some additional factual allegations, and purports to extend the class period to August 6, 2013. It also seeks relief, including unspecified compensatory damages and an award for attorneys' fees and other costs. On April 7, 2014, MII and the other defendants filed a motion to dismiss the case. On May 22, 2014, the lead plaintiff filed an opposition to the motion to dismiss, and MII and the other defendants filed a reply in support of the defendants' motion to dismiss on June 23, 2014. On March 13, 2015, the Court granted our motion to dismiss and dismissed the consolidated amended complaint, with prejudice. The period for filing an appeal of the Court's decision has since expired, without an appeal.

McDERMOTT INTERNATIONAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(continued)

Additionally, due to the nature of our business, we and our affiliates are, from time to time, involved in litigation or subject to disputes or claims related to our business activities, including, among other things:

- ·performance—or warranty-related matters under our customer and supplier contracts and other business arrangements; and
- ·workers' compensation claims, Jones Act claims, occupational hazard claims, including asbestos-exposure claims, premises liability claims and other claims.

Based upon our prior experience, we do not expect that any of these other litigation proceedings, disputes and claims will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows; however, because of the inherent uncertainty of litigation and, in some cases, the availability and amount of potentially applicable insurance, we can provide no assurance that the resolution of any particular claim or proceeding to which we are a party will not have a material effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows for the fiscal period in which that resolution occurs.

Environmental Matters

We have been identified as a potentially responsible party at various cleanup sites under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended ("CERCLA"). CERCLA and other environmental laws can impose liability for the entire cost of cleanup on any of the potentially responsible parties, regardless of fault or the lawfulness of the original conduct. Generally, however, where there are multiple responsible parties, a final allocation of costs is made based on the amount and type of wastes disposed of by each party and the number of financially viable parties, although this may not be the case with respect to any particular site. We have not been determined to be a major contributor of wastes to any of these sites. On the basis of our relative contribution of waste to each site, we expect our share of the ultimate liability for the various sites will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows in any given year.

At March 31, 2015, we had total environmental reserves of \$3.0 million, all of which was included in current liabilities and related to our plan to discontinue the utilization of our Morgan City fabrication facility. Inherent in the estimates of those reserves are our expectations regarding the levels of contamination and remediation costs, which may vary significantly as remediation activities progress. Accordingly, changes in estimates could result in material adjustments to our operating results, and the ultimate loss may differ materially from the amounts we have provided for in our consolidated financial statements.

Contracts Containing Liquidated Damages Provisions

Some of our contracts contain provisions that require us to pay liquidated damages if we are responsible for the failure to meet specified contractual milestone dates and the applicable customer asserts a claim under those provisions. Those contracts define the conditions under which our customers may make claims against us for liquidated damages. In many cases in which we have historically had potential exposure for liquidated damages, such damages ultimately were not asserted by our customers. As of March 31, 2015, it is possible that we may incur liabilities for liquidated damages aggregating approximately \$73.5 million, of which approximately \$19.6 million has been recorded in our financial statements, based on our actual or projected failure to meet certain specified contractual milestone dates. The dates for which these potential liquidated damages could arise extend to July 2015. We believe we will be successful in obtaining schedule extensions or other customer-agreed changes that should resolve the potential for unaccrued liquidated damages. Accordingly, we believe that no amounts for these unaccrued liquidated damages in excess of the amounts currently reflected in our financial statements are probable of being paid by us. However, we may not achieve relief on some or all of the issues involved and, as a result, could be subject to higher damage amounts.

Contractual Obligations

As of March 31, 2015, we had outstanding obligations related to our new vessel construction contract on the DLV 2000 of \$235.1 million in the aggregate, with \$210.5 million and \$24.6 million due in the years ending December 31, 2015 and 2016, respectively.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

In this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, unless the context otherwise indicates, "we," "us" and "our" mean McDermott International, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

We are including the following discussion to inform our existing and potential security holders generally of some of the risks and uncertainties that can affect our company and to take advantage of the "safe harbor" protection for forward-looking statements that applicable federal securities law affords. This information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto included under Item 1 and the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes and Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 11, 2015.

From time to time, our management or persons acting on our behalf make forward-looking statements to inform existing and potential security holders about our company. These statements may include projections and estimates concerning the scope, execution, timing and success of specific projects and our future backlog, revenues, income and capital spending. Forward-looking statements are generally accompanied by words such as "estimate," "project," "predict," "forecast," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "plan," "seek," "goal," "could," "may," or "should" or other words that convey the of future events or outcomes. Sometimes we will specifically describe a statement as being a forward-looking statement and refer to this cautionary statement.

These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements that relate to, or statements that are subject to risks, contingencies or uncertainties that relate to:

- ·future levels of revenues, operating margins, income from operations, cash flows, net income or earnings per share;
- ·outcome of project awards and scope, execution and timing of specific projects, including timing to complete and cost to complete these projects;
- ·future project activities, including the commencement and subsequent timing of marine or installation campaigns on specific projects, and the ability of projects to generate sufficient revenues to cover our fixed costs;
- ·estimates of percentage of completion and contract profits or losses;
- ·anticipated levels of demand for our products and services;
- ·global demand for oil and gas and fundamentals of the oil and gas industry;
- ·expectations regarding trends towards offshore development of oil and gas;
- ·market outlook for the EPCI market;
- ·expectations regarding backlog;
- ·future levels of capital, environmental or maintenance expenditures;
- ·the success or timing of completion of ongoing or anticipated capital or maintenance projects;
- ·the adequacy of our sources of liquidity and capital resources;
- ·interest expense;
- ·the effectiveness of our derivative contracts in mitigating foreign currency risk;
- ·results of our capital investment program;