Third Point Reinsurance Ltd. Form 10-Q November 12, 2013 UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013 OR

... TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.
For the transition period from ______ to _____

For the transition period from ______ to _____Commission File Number: 001-35039THIRD POINT REINSURANCE LTD.(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)Bermuda(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or
Organization)(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

The Waterfront, Chesney House 96 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM 08, Bermuda (Address of principal executive offices) Telephone Number +1 441 542-3300 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes "No x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No^{••}

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

 Large accelerated filer
 "

 Non-accelerated filer
 x

 Smaller reporting company
 "

 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes

 "No x

As of November 12, 2013, 103,888,916 common shares of \$0.01 par value were outstanding, including 624,300 restricted shares.

| Third Point Reinsurance Ltd. | |
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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. Financial Statements THIRD POINT REINSURANCE LTD. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012

(expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share and share amounts)

| • | December 31, |
|-------------|--|
| | 2012 |
| · , | (audited) |
| \$593,879 | \$500,929 |
| 437,596 | 279,331 |
| 63,277 | 157,430 |
| 1,094,752 | 937,690 |
| 18,663 | 34,005 |
| 159,290 | 77,627 |
| 418,246 | 131,785 |
| 37,921 | 60,408 |
| 27,532 | 25,628 |
| 3,024 | 2,088 |
| 168,683 | 84,280 |
| 58,563 | 45,383 |
| 2,494 | _ |
| | |
| | 3,123 |
| \$1,999,506 | \$1,402,017 |
| . , , | |
| | |
| \$5,457 | \$5,278 |
| | |
| | 50,446 |
| | 93,893 |
| | 67,271 |
| | 176,454 |
| | 66,107 |
| | 12,992 |
| | |
| | 1,255 |
| | 473,696 |
| 055,100 | 475,070 |
| | |
| | |
| ' 10,389 | 7,843 |
| 1 053 501 | 762,430 |
| | 98,271 |
| | 98,271 868,544 |
| | |
| , | 59,777 |
| | 928,321 \$1,402,017 |
| \$1,999,500 | \$1,402,017 |
| | 63,277 1,094,752 18,663 159,290 418,246 37,921 27,532 3,024 168,683 58,563 2,494 6,284 4,054 \$1,999,506 \$5,457 8,579 118,973 163,915 143,707 90,492 41,065 21,240 40,264 1,416 635,108 |

The accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

THIRD POINT REINSURANCE LTD.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(UNAUDITED)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share and share amounts)

| (expressed in mousands of 0.5. donars, except per | , | | Nine months en | ided |
|---|------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| | September 30, | September 30, | September 30, | September 30, |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Gross premiums written | \$45,425 | \$41,651 | \$239,660 | \$162,479 |
| Gross premiums ceded | — | | (9,975) | — |
| Net premiums written | 45,425 | 41,651 | 229,685 | 162,479 |
| Change in net unearned premium reserves | 20,904 | (7,333) | (67,528) | (99,483) |
| Net premiums earned | 66,329 | 34,318 | 162,157 | 62,996 |
| Net investment income | 53,371 | 47,686 | 166,129 | 63,911 |
| Total revenues | 119,700 | 82,004 | 328,286 | 126,907 |
| Expenses | | | | |
| Loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred, net | 39,349 | 24,709 | 103,679 | 53,680 |
| Acquisition costs, net | 21,117 | 10,856 | 49,111 | 13,706 |
| General and administrative expenses | 9,846 | 6,440 | 24,071 | 20,221 |
| Total expenses | 70,312 | 42,005 | 176,861 | 87,607 |
| Income including non-controlling interests | 49,388 | 39,999 | 151,425 | 39,300 |
| Income attributable to non-controlling interests | (2,818) | (423) | (4,202) | (609) |
| Net income | \$46,570 | \$39,576 | \$147,223 | \$38,691 |
| Earnings per share | | | | |
| Basic | \$0.52 | \$0.50 | \$1.77 | \$0.49 |
| Diluted | \$0.46 | \$0.45 | \$1.59 | \$0.44 |
| Weighted average number of common shares used | | | | |
| in the determination of earnings per share | | | | |
| Basic | 90,244,694 | 79,073,932 | 83,252,120 | 79,003,405 |
| Diluted | 100,176,416 | 87,888,983 | 92,438,629 | 87,031,196 |
| The accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Finan | ncial Statements | are | | |

an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

THIRD POINT REINSURANCE LTD.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share and share amounts)

| 2013 | 2012 | |
|-------------|--|--|
| _010 | _01_ | |
| 78,432,132 | 78,432,132 | |
| | | |
| | 78,432,132 | |
| , , | , , | |
| \$7,843 | \$7,843 | |
| 2,546 | | |
| 10,389 | 7,843 | |
| | | |
| 762,430 | 756,219 | |
| 283,460 | (198 |) |
| 3,747 | | |
| (3,747 |) — | |
| 7,611 | 4,595 | |
| 1,053,501 | 760,616 | |
| | | |
| _ | (177,507 |) |
| _ | 177,507 | |
| — | — | |
| | | |
| 98,271 | (1,130 |) |
| 147,223 | 38,691 | |
| 245,494 | 37,561 | |
| 1,309,384 | 806,020 | |
| | | |
| 59,777 | _ | |
| 26,164 | 5,002 | |
| (35,129 |) — | |
| 4,202 | 609 | |
| | | |
| \$1,364,398 | \$811,631 | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | 2,546 10,389 762,430 283,460 3,747 (3,747 7,611 1,053,501 98,271 147,223 245,494 1,309,384 59,777 26,164 (35,129 | $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$ |

| THIRD POINT REINSURANCE LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS | | | |
|--|----------------|--------------|---|
| (UNAUDITED) | | | |
| For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 | | | |
| (expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share and share amounts) | | | |
| (expressed in thousands of 0.5. donars, except per share and share amounts) | 2013 | 2012 | |
| Operating activities | 2015 | 2012 | |
| Net income | \$147,223 | \$38,691 | |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities | ψ 177,223 | ψ50,071 | |
| Share compensation expense | 7,611 | 4,595 | |
| Net change in unrealized gain on investments | |) (33,205 |) |
| Net change in unrealized loss on derivatives | 5,437 | 1,856 |) |
| Net realized gain on investments and derivatives | |) (47,169 |) |
| Amortization of premium and accretion of discount, net | · · |) (1,827 |) |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | () | | |
| Reinsurance balances receivable | (57,669 |) (81,595 |) |
| Deferred acquisition costs, net | |) (43,802 |) |
| Unearned premiums ceded | (2,494 |) — | |
| Loss and loss adjustment expenses recoverable | (6,284 |) — | |
| Other assets | · · |) (284 |) |
| Interest and dividends receivable, net | (775 |) (2,919 |) |
| Unearned premium reserves | 70,022 | 99,483 | - |
| Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves | 76,436 | 50,109 | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | (500 |) 17,963 | |
| Reinsurance balances payable | 8,579 | | |
| Performance fee payable to related party | 40,264 | _ | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 58,220 | 1,896 | |
| Investing activities | | | |
| Purchases of investments | (1,475,391 |) (1,832,882 |) |
| Proceeds from disposition of investments | 1,539,990 | 1,001,319 | |
| Purchases of investments to cover short sales | (342,282 |) (388,341 |) |
| Proceeds from short sales of investments | 251,085 | 599,824 | |
| Change in due to/from brokers, net | |) (79,522 |) |
| Increase (decrease) in securities purchased under an agreement to sell | 22,487 | (60,235 |) |
| Non-controlling interest in investment affiliate | (33,114 |) 5,611 | |
| Change in restricted cash and cash equivalents | (81,663 |) — | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (430,391 |) (754,226 |) |
| Financing activities | | | |
| Proceeds from issuance of common shares, net of costs | 286,685 | 158,593 | |
| Increase in deposit liabilities | 41,793 | _ | |
| Non-controlling interest in Catastrophe Fund | 28,515 | 、 <u> </u> | |
| Non-controlling interest in Catastrophe Fund Manager | (164 |) — | |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 356,829 | 158,593 | |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | |) (593,737 |) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 34,005 | 603,841 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$18,663 | \$10,104 | |
| Supplementary information | ¢2.260 | ¢ 400 | |
| Interest paid in cash | \$3,369 | \$492 | |
| The accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements are | | | |
| an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements. | | | |

Third Point Reinsurance Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (UNAUDITED)

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

1. Organization

Third Point Reinsurance Ltd. ("Third Point Re") was incorporated as an exempted company under the laws of Bermuda on October 6, 2011 and, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Third Point Reinsurance Company Ltd. ("TPRCL"), is a provider of global specialty property and casualty reinsurance products. TPRCL was incorporated in Bermuda and is registered as a Class 4 insurer under the Insurance Act 1978, as amended, and related regulations (the "Act"). TPRCL commenced reinsurance operations in January 2012.

On June 15, 2012, Third Point Reinsurance Opportunities Fund Ltd. (the "Catastrophe Fund"), Third Point Reinsurance Investment Management Ltd. (the "Catastrophe Fund Manager"), and Third Point Re Cat Ltd. (the "Catastrophe Reinsurer") were incorporated in Bermuda. Third Point Re subsequently announced a strategic arrangement with Hiscox Insurance Company (Bermuda) Limited ("Hiscox") to launch a collateralized catastrophe reinsurance underwriting fund management business. The Catastrophe Fund Manager, a Bermuda exempted company, is the investment manager of the Catastrophe Fund and is 85% owned by Third Point Re and 15% owned by Hiscox. The Catastrophe Fund Manager is responsible for the investment and management of the Catastrophe Fund's assets. The Catastrophe Fund is an exempted company incorporated in Bermuda and is open to both related party and third party investors. The Catastrophe Fund Manager also acts as manager of the Catastrophe Reinsurer and, in this capacity, is responsible for overseeing the day-to-day underwriting and investment activities of the Catastrophe Reinsurer. The Catastrophe Reinsurer is a Bermuda exempted company and is licensed as a special purpose insurer under the Act. On August 2, 2012, Third Point Re established a wholly-owned subsidiary in the United Kingdom, Third Point Re Marketing (UK) Limited. ("TPRUK"). On May 20, 2013, TPRUK was licensed as an insurance intermediary by the UK Financial Conduct Authority.

On August 20, 2013, Third Point Re completed an initial public offering ("IPO") of 24,832,484 common shares at an offering price of \$12.50 per share. The net proceeds of the offering were \$286.0 million, after deducting offering costs. Third Point Re's common shares are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "TPRE". These unaudited consolidated financial statements include the results of Third Point Re and its wholly and majority owned subsidiaries (together, the "Company") and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 in Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In addition, the year-end balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. These unaudited financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements on Form S-1 (File No. 333-189960). In the opinion of management, these unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position and results of operations as at the end of and for the periods presented. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

The results for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full calendar year.

2. Significant accounting policies

The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies adopted by the Company: Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported and disclosed amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The major

estimates reflected in the Company's consolidated financial statements include, but are not limited to, the loss and loss adjustment expense reserves, estimates of written and earned premiums and fair value of financial instruments. Cash and restricted cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash held in banks, cash held by our Investment Manager and other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturity dates of ninety days or less.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents consist of cash held in trust accounts with the Catastrophe Reinsurer, securing collateralized reinsurance contracts written and cash held with brokers securing letters of credit issued under credit facilities.

Premium revenue recognition

The Company estimates the ultimate premiums for the entire contract period and records this estimate at the inception of the contract, to the extent that the amount of written premium is estimable. For contracts where the full written premium is not estimable at inception, the Company records written premium for the portion of the contract period for which the amount is estimable. These estimates are based primarily on information in the underlying contracts as well as information provided by clients and/or brokers.

Premiums written are earned over the exposure period in proportion to the period of risk covered. Unearned premiums represent the portion of premiums written that relate to the remaining term of the underlying policies in force. Premiums for retroactive reinsurance contracts, where the Company has evaluated and concluded that risk transfer has occured, are earned at the inception of the contract, as all of the underlying loss events covered by these contracts occurred in the past. Any underwriting profit at inception of a retroactive reinsurance contract is deferred and recognized over the estimated future payout of the loss and loss adjustment expenses reserves. Any underwriting loss at inception of a retroactive reinsurance contract is recognized immediately.

Changes in premium estimates are expected and may result in adjustments in any reporting period. These estimates change over time as additional information regarding the underlying business volume is obtained. Any subsequent adjustments arising on such estimates are recorded in the period in which they are determined. Reinsurance premiums ceded

The Company reduces the risk of losses on business written by reinsuring certain risks and exposures with other reinsurers. The Company remains liable to the extent that any retrocessionaire fails to meet its obligations and to the extent that the Company does not hold sufficient security for their unpaid obligations. Ceded premiums are written during the period in which the risks incept and are expensed over the contract period in proportion to the period of risk covered. Unearned premiums ceded consist of the unexpired portion of reinsurance ceded. Deferred acquisition costs

Acquisition costs consist of commissions, brokerage and excise taxes that are related directly to the successful acquisition of new or renewal reinsurance contracts. These costs are deferred and amortized over the period in which the related premiums are earned. The Company evaluates the recoverability of deferred acquisition costs by determining if the sum of future earned premiums and anticipated investment income is greater than expected future loss and loss adjustment expenses and acquisition costs. If a loss is probable on the unexpired portion of contracts in force, a premium deficiency loss is recognized. As of September 30, 2013, deferred acquisition costs are fully recoverable and no premium deficiency has been recorded.

Acquisition costs also include profit commissions that are expensed when incurred. Profit commissions are calculated and accrued based on the expected loss experience for contracts and recorded when the current loss estimate indicates that a profit commission is probable under the contract terms.

Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves

The Company's loss and loss adjustment expense reserve include case reserves and reserves for losses incurred but not yet reported ("IBNR reserves"). Case reserves are established for losses that have been reported, but not yet paid, based on loss reports from brokers and ceding companies. IBNR reserves represent the estimated loss and loss adjustment expenses that have been incurred by insureds and reinsureds but not yet reported to the insurer or reinsurer, including unknown future developments on loss and loss adjustment expenses which are known to the insurer or reinsurer. IBNR reserves are established by management based on actuarially determined estimates of ultimate loss and loss adjustment expenses.

Inherent in the estimate of ultimate loss and loss adjustment expenses are expected trends in claim severity and frequency and other factors that may vary significantly as claims are settled. Accordingly, ultimate loss and loss adjustment expenses may differ materially from the amounts recorded in the financial statements. These estimates are reviewed regularly and, as experience develops and new information becomes known, the reserves are adjusted as necessary. Such adjustments, if any, are recorded in the consolidated statement of income in the period in which they become known.

Deposit liabilities

Certain reinsurance contracts are deemed to not transfer sufficient insurance risk to be deemed reinsurance contracts in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") Topic 944, Financial Services – Insurance and Topic 340-30, Insurance contracts that do not transfer insurance risk, and are accounted for using the deposit method of accounting. Management exercises judgment in determining whether contracts should be accounted for as reinsurance contracts or deposit contracts. Using the deposit method of accounting, a deposit liability, rather than written premium, is initially recorded based upon the consideration received less any explicitly identified premiums or fees. In subsequent periods, the deposit liability is adjusted by calculating the effective yield on the deposit to reflect actual payments to date and future expected payments. Fair value measurement

The Company determines the fair value of financial instruments in accordance with current accounting guidance, which defines fair value and establishes a three level fair value hierarchy based upon the transparency of inputs used in the valuation of an asset or liability. Fair value is defined as the price the Company would receive to sell an asset or would pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company determines the estimated fair value of each individual security utilizing the highest level inputs available. The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments, approximates the carrying amounts presented in the consolidated balance sheet. Any revaluation gains or losses are reflected in the consolidated statement of income as part of net investment income. Investments

The Company's investments are classified as "trading securities" and are carried at fair value with changes in fair value included in earnings in the consolidated statement of income.

Fair value of the Company's equities and fixed maturity investments are based on quoted market prices, or when such prices are not available, by reference to broker or underwriter bid indications and/or internal pricing valuation techniques. Investment transactions are recorded on a trade date basis with balances pending settlement recorded separately in the consolidated balance sheet as receivable for investments sold or payable for investments purchased. Realized gains and losses are determined using cost calculated on a specific identification basis. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Income and expense are recorded on the accrual basis including interest and premiums amortized and discounts accreted.

Derivatives

Underwriting

The Catastrophe Reinsurer enters into certain contracts under which the potential loss payments are triggered exclusively by reference to a specified index, such as an industry loss. These contracts are considered derivatives under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging. The Company records the fair value of these contracts in derivative liabilities, at fair value, in the consolidated balance sheet. Changes in the fair value of these contracts are recorded in net investment income in the consolidated statement of income.

Investments

Derivative instruments within our investment assets managed by our investment manager Third Point LLC, are recorded in the consolidated balance sheet at fair value, with changes in fair values and realized gains and losses recognized in net investment income in the consolidated statement of income.

Derivatives serve as a key component of the Company's investment strategy and are utilized primarily to structure the portfolio, or individual investments and to economically match the investment objectives of the Company. The Company's derivatives do not qualify as hedges for financial reporting purposes and are recorded in the consolidated balance sheet on a gross basis and not offset against any collateral pledged or received. Pursuant to the International Swaps and Derivatives Association ("ISDA") master agreements, securities lending agreements and other derivatives agreements, the Company and its counterparties typically have the ability to net certain payments owed to each other in specified circumstances. In addition, in the event a party to one of the ISDA master agreements, securities lending agreements or other derivatives agreements defaults, or a transaction is otherwise subject to termination, the non-defaulting party generally has the right to set off against payments owed to the defaulting party or collateral held by the non defaulting party.

The Company enters into derivative contracts to manage credit risk, interest rate risk, currency exchange risk, and other exposure risks. The Company uses derivatives in connection with its risk-management activities to economically hedge certain risks and to gain exposure to certain investments. The utilization of derivative contracts also allows for an efficient means by which to trade certain asset classes. The derivatives that the Company invests in are primarily credit default swaps, foreign currency forwards and options, index futures, interest rate swaptions, contracts for differences, interest rate swaps and total returns swaps.

Fair values of derivatives are determined by using quoted market prices and counterparty quotes when available; otherwise fair values are based on pricing models that consider the time value of money, volatility, and the current market and contractual prices of underlying financial instruments.

Share-based compensation

The Company accounts for its share plans in accordance with ASC 718, Compensation – Share Compensation ("ASC 718"). ASC 718 requires that share-based compensation transactions be recognized using the fair value of the award at the grant date. Determining the fair value of share purchase options at the grant date requires estimation and judgment. The Company uses an option-pricing model (Black-Scholes) to calculate the fair value of share purchase options. For share purchase options granted that contain both a service and performance condition, the Company recognizes share compensation expense only for the portion of the options that are considered probable of being exercised. Share compensation for share purchase options considered probable of being exercised is evaluated each reporting period on a graded vesting basis. The probability of share purchase options being exercised, the Company records a catch up of share compensation expense from the grant date (service inception date for existing options) to the current reporting period end based on the fair value of the options at the grant date.

The Company measures grant date fair value for restricted share awards based on the price of its common shares at the grant date and the expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

Warrants

The Company accounts for certain warrant contracts issued to its founders in conjunction with the initial capitalization of the Company, and which it may settle by using either the physical settlement or net-share settlement methods, in accordance with ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging. Accordingly, the fair value of these warrants was recorded in equity as additional paid-in capital. The Company uses an option-pricing model (Black-Scholes) to calculate the fair value for share purchase warrants issued.

The Company accounts for certain warrant contracts issued to an advisor, where services have been received by the Company, in part, in exchange for equity instruments, based on the fair value of such services, in accordance with ASC 718, Compensation – Share Compensation, and ASC 505-50, Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employees. The associated cost of these warrants has been recorded as capital raise costs and is included in additional paid in capital in the consolidated statement of shareholders' equity.

Offering costs

Offering costs incurred in connection with the IPO, which included underwriters' fees, legal and accounting fees, printing and other fees have been deducted from the gross proceeds of the offering. The proceeds from the issuance of shares net of offering costs is included in additional paid in capital in the consolidated statement of shareholders' equity.

Foreign currency transactions

The Company's functional currency is the U.S. dollar. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates in effect at the consolidated balance sheet date and foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the consolidated statement of income.

Income taxes and uncertain tax positions

Under current Bermuda law, Third Point Re and its Bermuda subsidiaries are not subject to any income or capital gains taxes. In the event that such taxes are imposed, Third Point Re and its Bermuda subsidiaries would be exempted from any such taxes until March 2035 pursuant to the Tax Assurance Certificates issued to such entities pursuant to the Bermuda Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act of 1966, as amended.

As of September 30, 2013, the Company did not have any uncertain tax positions.

Non-controlling interests

Third Point Re consolidates the results of entities in which it has a controlling financial interest. The Company records the portion of shareholders' equity attributable to non-controlling interests as a separate line within shareholders' equity in the consolidated balance sheet. The Company records the portion of income attributable to non-controlling interests as a separate line within the consolidated statement of income.

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares and participating securities outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of common shares excludes any dilutive effect of outstanding warrants, options and convertible securities such as unvested restricted shares. Diluted earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares and share equivalents including any dilutive effects of warrants, options and other awards under share plans. U.S. GAAP requires that unvested share awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents, whether paid or unpaid (referred to as "participating securities"), be included in the number of shares outstanding for both basic and diluted earnings per share calculations. Third Point Re treats its unvested restricted shares as participating securities. In the event of a net loss, the participating securities are excluded from the calculation of both basic and diluted loss per share.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are recognized in the consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Comprehensive income

The Company has no comprehensive income other than net income disclosed in the consolidated statement of income. Segment information

Under U.S. GAAP, operating segments are based on the internal information that management uses for allocating resources and assessing performance of the Company. The Company reports two operating segments – Property and Casualty Reinsurance and Catastrophe Risk Management. The Company also has a corporate function that includes the Company's investment results and certain general and administrative expenses related to its corporate activities. Recently issued accounting standards

Issued and effective as of September 30, 2013

In January 2013, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-01, Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities (ASU 2013-01). The objective of ASU 2013-01 is to address implementation issues about the scope of ASU 2011-11, Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities. The amendments clarify that the scope of ASU 2011-11 applies to derivatives, including bifurcated embedded derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and securities lending transactions. Entities with other types of financial assets and financial liabilities subject to a master netting arrangement or similar agreement also are affected because these amendments make them no longer subject to the disclosure requirements in ASU 2011-11. ASU 2013-01 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. Issued but not yet effective as of September 30, 2013

In February 2013, the FASB issued Accounting Standard Update No. 2013-02, Comprehensive Income (ASU 2013-02). The objective of ASU 2013-02 is to improve the reporting of reclassifications out of other comprehensive income. ASU 2013-02 is effective for periods subsequent to December 15, 2013. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

3. Restricted cash and cash equivalents

Restricted cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 consisted of the following:

| | September 30, | December 31, |
|---|------------------|--------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | (\$ in thousands |) |
| Restricted cash securing collateralized reinsurance contracts | \$95,648 | \$12,844 |
| Restricted cash securing credit facilities | 63,642 | 64,783 |
| | \$159,290 | \$77,627 |

4. Reinsurance premiums ceded

The Company from time to time purchases retrocessional coverage for one or more of the following reasons: to manage its overall exposure, to reduce its net liability on individual risks, to obtain additional underwriting capacity and to balance its underwriting portfolio. Additionally, retrocession can be used as a mechanism to share the risks and rewards of business written and therefore can be used as a tool to align the Company's interests with those of its counterparties. The Company currently has coverage that provides for recovery of a portion of loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred on one crop contract. Loss and loss adjustment expenses recoverable from the retrocessionaires are recorded as assets. For the three months ended September 30, 2013, loss and loss adjustment

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expenses incurred and reported on the consolidated statement of income are net of loss and loss expenses recovered of \$2.1 million. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred and reported on the consolidated statement of income are net of loss and loss expenses recovered of \$6.3 million. Retrocession contracts do not relieve the Company from its obligations to the insureds. Failure of retrocessionaires to honor their obligations could result in losses to the Company. As of September 30, 2013, the Company had loss and loss adjustment expenses recoverable of \$6.3 million with one retrocessionaire who was rated "A (Excellent)" by A.M. Best Company. The Company regularly evaluates the financial condition of its retrocessionaires to assess the ability of the retrocessionaires to honor their obligations.

5. Investments

The Company's investments are managed by its investment manager, Third Point LLC ("Third Point LLC" or the "Investment Manager"), under a long-term investment management contract. The Company directly owns the investments which are held in a separate account and managed by Third Point LLC. The following is a summary of the separate account managed by Third Point LLC:

| the separate account managed by Time Font ELC. | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| | September 30, | December 31, |
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| Assets | (\$ in thousands) | |
| Total investments in securities and commodities | \$1,094,752 | \$937,690 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 4 | 4 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | 63,642 | 64,783 |
| Due from brokers | 418,246 | 131,785 |
| Securities purchased under an agreement to sell | 37,921 | 60,408 |
| Derivative assets | 27,532 | 25,628 |
| Interest and dividends receivable | 3,024 | 2,088 |
| Other assets | 914 | 829 |
| Total assets | \$1,646,035 | \$1,223,215 |
| Liabilities and non-controlling interest | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$835 | \$825 |
| Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value | 90,492 | 176,454 |
| Due to brokers | 41,065 | 66,107 |
| Derivative liabilities | 20,072 | 12,992 |
| Performance fee payable to related party | 40,264 | |
| Interest and dividends payable | 1,416 | 1,255 |
| Capital contributions received in advance | | |
| Non-controlling interest | 7,015 | 40,129 |
| Total liabilities and non-controlling interest | 201,159 | 297,762 |
| Total net investments managed by Third Point LLC | \$1,444,876 | \$925,453 |
| The investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that the | Company would | agains to call on |

The investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that the Company would receive to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The carrying value of the Company's assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments, approximates the fair value presented in the consolidated balance sheet.

The Company's Investment Manager has a formal valuation policy that sets forth the pricing methodology for investments to be used in determining the fair value of each security in the Company's portfolio. The valuation policy is updated and approved at least on an annual basis by Third Point LLC's valuation committee (the "Committee"), which is comprised of officers and employees who are senior business management personnel of Third Point LLC. The Committee meets on a monthly basis. The Committee's role is to review and verify the propriety and consistency of the valuation methodology to determine the fair value of investments. The Committee also reviews any due diligence performed and approves any changes to current or potential external pricing vendors.

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Securities and commodities listed on a national securities or commodities exchange or quoted on NASDAQ are valued at their last sales price as of the last business day of the period. Listed securities with no reported sales on such date and over-the-counter ("OTC") securities are valued at their last closing bid price if held long by the Company, and last closing ask price if held short by the Company. As of September 30, 2013, securities valued at \$429.5 million (December 31, 2012 - \$248.4 million), representing 39.2% (December 31, 2012 - 26.5%) of investments in securities and commodities, and \$46.0 million (December 31, 2012 - \$68.8 million), representing 50.8% (December 31, 2012 - 39.0%) of securities sold, not yet purchased, are valued based on dealer quotes or other quoted market prices for similar securities.

Private securities are not registered for public sale and are carried at an estimated fair value at the end of the period, as determined by the Company's Investment Manager. Valuation techniques, using information obtained from the Company's Investment Manager, may include market approach, last transaction analysis, liquidation analysis and/or using discounted cash flow models where the significant inputs could include but are not limited to additional rounds of equity financing, financial metrics such as revenue multiples or price-earnings ratio, discount rates and other factors. In addition, the Company or the Company's Investment Manager may employ third party valuation firms to conduct separate valuations of such private securities. The third party valuation firms provide the Company or the Company's Investment Manager with a written report documenting their recommended valuation as of the determination date for the specified investments.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of valuation for private securities, the estimated fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for these investments. As of September 30, 2013, the Company had \$3.7 million (December 31, 2012 - \$2.8 million) of private securities fair valued by using information obtained from the Company's Investment Manager representing less than 1% of total investments in securities and commodities.

The Company's derivatives are recorded at fair value, and are included on the face of the balance sheet as part of derivative assets and derivative liabilities. The Company values exchange-traded derivative contracts at their last sales price on the exchange where it is primarily traded. OTC derivatives, which include swap, option, swaption, and forward currency contracts, are valued by third party sources when available; otherwise, fair values are obtained from counterparty quotes that are based on pricing models that consider the time value of money, volatility, and the current market and contractual prices of the underlying financial instruments.

As an extension of its underwriting activities, the Catastrophe Reinsurer has sold derivative instruments that provide reinsurance-like protection to third parties for specific loss events associated with certain lines of business. These derivatives are recorded on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value, with the offset recorded in net investment income in the consolidated statement of income. These contracts are valued on the basis of models developed by the Company, which approximates fair value.

The Company's holdings in asset-backed securities ("ABS") are substantially invested in residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS"). The balance of the ABS positions was held in commercial mortgage-backed securities, collateralized debt obligations and student loan asset-backed securities. These investments are valued using dealer quotes or a recognized third-party pricing vendor. All of these classes of ABS are sensitive to changes in interest rates and any resulting change in the rate at which borrowers sell their properties, refinance, or otherwise pre-pay their loans. Investors in these classes of ABS may be exposed to the credit risk of underlying borrowers not being able to make timely payments on loans or the likelihood of borrowers defaulting on their loans. In addition, investors may be exposed to significant market and liquidity risks.

The Company values its investments in limited partnerships at fair value, which is an amount equal to the sum of the capital account in the limited partnership generally determined from financial information provided by the investment managers of the investment funds. The resulting net gains or net losses are reflected in the consolidated statement of income.

The fair values of all investments are estimated using prices obtained from third-party pricing services, where available. For securities that the Company is unable to obtain fair values from a pricing service or broker, fair values are estimated using information obtained from the Company's Investment Manager. The Company performs several processes to ascertain the reasonableness of the valuation of all of the Company's investments comprising the Company's investment portfolio, including securities that are categorized as Level 2 and Level 3 within the fair value

hierarchy. These processes include i) obtaining and reviewing weekly and monthly investment portfolio reports from the Investment Manager, ii)

obtaining and reviewing monthly Net Asset Value ("NAV") and investment return reports received directly from the Company's third-party fund administrator which are compared to the reports noted in (i), and iii) monthly update discussions with the Company's Investment Manager regarding the investment portfolio, including, their process for reviewing and validating pricing obtained from outside service providers. As of September 30, 2013, the investments for which the Company did not receive a fair value from a pricing service or broker accounted for less than 1% of the Company's investment portfolio. The actual value at which these securities could actually be sold or settled with a willing buyer or seller may differ from the Company's estimated fair values depending on a number of factors including, but not limited to, current and future economic conditions, the quantity sold or settled, the presence of an active market and the availability of a willing buyer or seller.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, there were no changes in the valuation techniques as it relates to the above.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the closing rates of exchange. Transactions during the period are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction. The Company does not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments, dividends and interest from the fluctuations arising from changes in fair values of securities and derivatives held. Periodic payments received or paid on swap agreements are recorded as realized gain or loss on investment transactions. Such fluctuations are included within net investment income in the consolidated statement of income.

U.S. GAAP disclosure requirements establish a framework for measuring fair value, including a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability. The three-level hierarchy of inputs is summarized below:

Level 1 – Quoted prices available in active markets/exchanges for identical investments as of the reporting date.

Level 2 – Observable inputs to the valuation methodology other than unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. Level 2 inputs include, but are not limited to, prices quoted for similar assets or liabilities in active markets/ exchanges, prices quoted for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active and fair values determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies.

Level 3 – Pricing inputs unobservable for the investment and include activities where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment. The inputs applied in the determination of fair value require significant management judgment and estimation.

Inputs refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability including assumptions about risk; for example, the risk inherent in a particular valuation technique used to measure fair value including such a pricing model and/or the risk inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. Inputs may be observable or unobservable.

Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources other than those of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the investment.

The key inputs for corporate, government and sovereign bond valuation are coupon frequency, coupon rate and underlying bond spread. The key inputs for asset-backed securities are yield, probability of default, loss severity and prepayment.

Key inputs for over-the-counter ("OTC") valuations vary based on the type of underlying security on which the contract was written:

The key inputs for most OTC option contracts include notional, strike price, maturity, payout structure, current foreign exchange forward and spot rates, current market price of underlying and volatility of underlying.

The key inputs for most forward contracts include notional, maturity, forward rate, spot rate, various interest rate curves and discount factor.

The key inputs for swap valuation will vary based on the type of underlying on which the contract was written. Generally, the key inputs for most swap contracts include notional, swap period, fixed rate, credit or interest rate curves, current market or spot price of the underlying and the volatility of the underlying.

The following tables present the Company's investments, categorized by the level of the fair value hierarchy as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

| | September 30, 2013 | | | |
|--|--------------------|------------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Quoted prices | Significant | Significant | |
| | in active | other observable | unobservable | Total |
| | markets | inputs | inputs | Total |
| | (Level 1) | (Level 2) | (Level 3) | |
| Assets | (\$ in thousands) | | | |
| Equity securities | \$573,221 | \$16,336 | \$— | \$589,557 |
| Private common equity securities | — | 2,405 | 1,917 | 4,322 |
| Total equities | 573,221 | 18,741 | 1,917 | 593,879 |
| Asset-backed securities | — | 299,740 | 143 | 299,883 |
| Bank debts | _ | 33,685 | | 33,685 |
| Corporate bonds | — | 79,176 | 4,515 | 83,691 |
| Municipal bonds | — | 125 | | 125 |
| Sovereign debt | — | 20,212 | | 20,212 |
| Total debt securities | — | 432,938 | 4,658 | 437,596 |
| Investments in limited partnerships | _ | 26,937 | 1,546 | 28,483 |
| Options | 5,536 | 6,655 | | 12,191 |
| Trade claims | — | 22,603 | | 22,603 |
| Total other investments | 5,536 | 56,195 | 1,546 | 63,277 |
| Derivative assets | — | 27,532 | | 27,532 |
| Total assets | \$578,757 | \$535,406 | \$8,121 | \$1,122,284 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Equity securities | \$32,728 | \$— | \$— | \$32,728 |
| Sovereign debt | — | 36,878 | | 36,878 |
| Corporate bonds | — | 9,078 | | 9,078 |
| Options | 9,890 | 1,918 | | 11,808 |
| Total securities sold, not yet purchased | 42,618 | 47,874 | | 90,492 |
| Derivative liabilities | 498 | 19,574 | 1,168 | 21,240 |
| Total liabilities | \$43,116 | \$67,448 | \$1,168 | \$111,732 |

| | As of December 31, | , 2012 | | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| | Quoted prices in | Significant other | Significant | |
| | active markets | observable inputs | unobservable inputs | Total |
| | (Level 1) | (Level 2) | (Level 3) | |
| Assets | (\$ in thousands) | | | |
| Equity securities | \$496,473 | \$1,699 | — | \$498,172 |
| Private common equity | _ | _ | 2,757 | 2,757 |
| securities | | | | |
| Total equities | 496,473 | 1,699 | 2,757 | 500,929 |
| Asset-backed securities | — | 191,401 | — | 191,401 |
| Bank debts | — | 22,531 | 54 | 22,585 |
| Corporate bonds | — | 56,814 | 1,046 | 57,860 |
| Sovereign debt | — | 7,485 | — | 7,485 |
| Total debt securities | — | 278,231 | 1,100 | 279,331 |
| Investments in limited | | 91,287 | | 91,287 |
| partnerships | | 91,207 | | |
| Commodities | 51,093 | — | | 51,093 |
| Options | 3,191 | 276 | — | 3,467 |
| Trade claims | — | 11,583 | — | 11,583 |
| Total other investments | | 103,146 | — | 157,430 |
| Derivative assets | 1,025 | 24,603 | — | 25,628 |
| Total assets | \$551,782 | \$407,679 | \$3,857 | \$963,318 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Equity securities | \$104,308 | _ | — | \$104,308 |
| Sovereign debt | — | 59,918 | — | 59,918 |
| Corporate bonds | — | 8,924 | — | 8,924 |
| Options | 3,259 | 45 | — | 3,304 |
| Total securities sold, no yet purchased | ^t 107,567 | 68,887 | — | 176,454 |
| Derivative liabilities | 10 | 12,982 | | 12,992 |
| Total liabilities | \$107,577 | \$81,869 | \$— | \$189,446 |

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Company made no significant reclassifications of assets or liabilities between Levels 1 and 2.

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The following table presents the reconciliation of the balances for all investments measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

| significant unobser | vable inputs (Le | - | | e and nine mont | hs ended Sej | ote | | a | 2012: |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|------------------|------------------|-----|---|---|-----------------------|
| | January 1, 2013 | Transfers in to (out of) Level 3 | | Purchases | Sales | | Realized and Unrealized Gains(Losses)* | | September 30, 2013 |
| | (\$ in thousands |) | | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Asset-backed securities | \$— | \$196 | | \$196 | \$— | | \$(249) |) | \$143 |
| Bank debt | 54 | (54) |) | | | , | | | |
| Corporate bonds Private common | 1,046 | (1,302) |) | 4,287 | (1,311 |) | 1,795 | | 4,515 |
| equity securities | 2,757 | (1,905) |) | 2,032 | (1,795 |) | 828 | | 1,917 |
| Investment in limited partnership | | | | 1,959 | (342 |) | (71) |) | 1,546 |
| ninited partnership | \$3,857 | \$(3,065) |) | \$8,474 | \$(3,448 |) | \$2,303 | | \$8,121 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | , | | | |
| Derivative liabilities | \$— | \$— | | \$— | \$(4,335 |) | \$3,167 | | \$(1,168) |
| | July 1, 2013 | Transfers in to (out of) Level 3 | | Purchases | Sales | | Realized and Unrealized Gains(Losses)* | | September 30, 2013 |
| | (\$ in thousands |) | | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Asset-backed securities | \$194 | \$(112 |) | \$47 | \$— | | \$14 | | \$143 |
| Corporate bonds | 4,304 | | | 303 | (192 |) | 100 | | 4,515 |
| Private common equity securities | 3,473 | (1,906 |) | 379 | — | | (29) |) | 1,917 |
| Investment in limited partnership | 903 | | | 671 | | | (28) |) | 1,546 |
| | \$8,874 | \$(2,018) |) | \$1,400 | \$(192 |) | \$57 | | \$8,121 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Derivative liabilities | \$(2,240) | \$— | | \$— | \$(990 |) | \$2,062 | | \$(1,168) |
| | January 1, 2012 | Transfers into (out of) Level 3 | | Purchases | Sales | | Realized and Unrealized Gains(Losses)* | | September 30, 2012 |
| | (\$ in thousands |) | | | | | | | |
| Assets | ¢ | ¢216 | | ¢ 1 002 | ¢ (507 | ` | ¢ 2 4 9 | | ¢ 1 070 |
| Corporate bonds Bank debt | \$— — | \$316 95 | | \$1,093 3,384 | \$(587 (3,511 | | \$248 147 | | \$1,070 115 |
| Total assets | \$— | \$411 | | \$4,477 | \$(4,098 |) | \$395 | | \$1,185 |
| | July 1, 2012 | Transfers in to (out of) Level 3 | | Purchases | Sales | | Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses)* | 5 | September 30, 2012 |
| | (\$ in thousands | | | | | | () | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate bonds Bank debt | \$1,265 — | \$— 95 | | \$— 12 | \$(325 — |) | \$130 8 | | \$1,070 115 |

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|---|---------|------|------|--------|---------|---------|--|
| Total assets | \$1,265 | \$95 | \$12 | \$(325 |) \$138 | \$1,185 | |
| 18 | | | | | | | |

* Total change in realized and unrealized gain (loss) recorded on Level 3 financial instruments are included in net investment income in the consolidated statement of income.

Total unrealized gains related to fair value assets using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was \$1.8 million (September 30, 2012 - \$(0.3) million).

For assets and liabilities that were transferred into Level 3 during the period, gains (losses) are presented as if the assets or liabilities had been transferred into Level 3 at the beginning of the period; similarly, for assets and liabilities that were transferred out of Level 3 during the period, gains (losses) are presented as if the assets or liabilities had been transferred out of Level 3 at the beginning of the year. The Company held no Level 3 investments where quantitative unobservable inputs are produced by the Company itself when measuring fair value. 6. Securities purchased under an agreement to sell

The Company may enter into repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements with financial institutions in which the financial institution agrees to resell or repurchase and the Company agrees to repurchase or resell such securities at a mutually agreed price upon maturity. As of September 30, 2013, the Company held outstanding reverse repurchase agreements valued at \$37.9 million (December 31, 2012 - \$60.4 million). As of September 30, 2013, the total value of securities received as collateral by the Company was \$36.9 million (December 31, 2012 - \$60.0 million). Interest expense and income related to these transactions are included in interest payable and receivable in the consolidated balance sheet. For the three months ended September 30, 2013, foreign currency gains of \$1.2 million (2012 – losses of \$0.9 million) on reverse repurchase agreements are included in net investment income in the consolidated statement of income. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, foreign currency gains of \$1.3 million (2012 – losses of \$2.5 million) on reverse repurchase agreements are included in net investment income in the consolidated statement of income. Generally, reverse repurchase agreements mature within 30 to 90 days.

7. Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value

Securities sold, not yet purchased are securities that the Company has sold, but does not own, in anticipation of a decline in the fair value of the security. The Company's risk is that the value of the security will increase rather than decline. Consequently, the settlement amount of the liability for securities sold, not yet purchased may exceed the amount recorded in the consolidated balance sheet as the Company is obligated to purchase the securities sold, not yet purchased in the market at prevailing prices to settle its obligations. To sell a security sold, not yet purchased, the Company needs to borrow the security for delivery to the buyer. On each day that the transaction is open, the liability for the obligation to replace the borrowed security is marked-to-market and an unrealized gain or loss is recorded. At the time that the transaction is closed, the Company realizes a gain or loss equal to the difference between the price at which the security was sold and the cost of replacing the borrowed security. While the transaction is open, the Company will also incur an expense for any dividends or interest that will be paid to the lender of the securities. 8. Due from/to brokers

The Company holds substantially all of its investments through its prime brokers pursuant to various agreements between Third Point LLC and each prime broker. The brokerage arrangements differ from broker to broker, but generally cash and investments in securities balances are available as collateral against investment in securities sold, not yet purchased and derivative positions, if required.

Margin debt balances are collateralized by cash held by the prime brokers and certain of the Company's securities. Margin interest was paid either at the daily broker call rate or based on LIBOR.

Due from/to brokers include cash balances maintained with the Company's prime brokers, receivables and payables from unsettled trades and proceeds from securities sold, not yet purchased. In addition, due to and from brokers includes cash collateral received and posted from OTC and repurchase agreement counterparties. As of September 30, 2013, the Company's due from/to brokers includes a total non-U.S. currency payable balance of \$196.2 million (December 31, 2012 - \$90.8 million).

9. Derivatives

The following table identifies the listing currency, fair value and notional amounts of derivative instruments included in the consolidated balance sheet, categorized by primary underlying risk. Balances are presented on a gross basis. As of September 30, 2013

| | 713 01 September 50, 2015 | | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| | Listing currency (1) | Fair Value | Notional Amounts (2) |
| Derivative Assets by Primary Underlying Risk Credit | | (\$ in thousan | ds) |
| Credit Default Swaps - Protection Purchased | JPY/USD | \$14,681 | \$72,276 |
| Credit Default Swaps - Protection Fullemased | USD | 999 | 8,019 |
| Equity Price | 650 | ,,,, | 0,017 |
| Contracts for Differences - Long Contracts | CHF/EUR/GBP/USD | 5,042 | 4,021 |
| Contracts for Differences - Short Contracts | DKK/NOK | 234 | 18 |
| | BRL/JPY/USD | 4,291 | 429 |
| Total Return Swaps - Long Contracts | | 125 | 429 951 |
| Total Return Swaps - Short Contracts Interest Rates | USD | 123 | 931 |
| Interest Rate Swaps | EUR | 28 | 208,405 |
| Interest Rate Swaptions | EUR/JPY/USD | 706 | 259,285 |
| Foreign Currency Exchange Rates | | 700 | 237,203 |
| Foreign Currency Options - Purchased | CAD/USD | 1,426 | 142,639 |
| Total Derivative Assets | endrosb | \$27,532 | \$696,043 |
| Total Derivative Assets | | \$27,332 | \$090,043 |
| | Listing aumonau (1) | Esia Value | Notional |
| | Listing currency (1) | Fair Value | Amounts (2) |
| Derivative Liabilities by Primary Underlying Risk | | (\$ in thousan | ds) |
| Commodity Price | | | |
| Commodity Future Options - Purchased | USD | \$56 | \$— |
| Credit | | | · |
| Credit Default Swaps - Protection Purchased | EUR/JPY/USD | 2,583 | 65,782 |
| Credit Default Swaps - Protection Sold | EUR/USD | 10,139 | 29,396 |
| Equity Price | | , | , |
| Contracts for Differences - Long Contracts | EUR/GBP | 26 | 2,006 |
| Total Return Swaps - Long Contracts | BRL/JPY/USD | 1,487 | 3,574 |
| Total Return Swaps - Short Contracts | HKD/USD | 852 | 1,107 |
| Interest Rates | | | _,_ , |
| Bond Futures - Short Contracts | JPY | 382 | |
| Interest Rate Swaps | EUR/JPY/USD | 821 | 1,002,974 |
| Interest Rate Swaptions | JPY/USD | 122 | 153,461 |
| Treasury Futures - Short Contracts | USD | 60 | |
| Foreign Currency Exchange Rates | COD | 00 | |
| Foreign Currency Forward | AUD/CAD/EUR/GBP/JPY | 1,876 | 123,709 |
| Foreign Currency Options - Purchased | GBP/USD | 1,070 | 26,331 |
| | | 1.669 | |
| Foreign Currency Options - Sold | GBP/USD | 1,668 | 55,434 |
| Catastrophe Risk Derivatives | USD | 1,168 | 27,500 |
| Total Derivative Liabilities | | \$21,240 | \$1,491,274 |

(1)USD = US dollar, JPY = Japanese yen, EUR = Euro, GBP = British pound, BRL = Brazilian real, HKD = Hong Kong dollar, NOK = Norwegian krone, AUD = Australian dollar, DKK = Danish krone, CAD = Canadian dollar, CHF = Swiss Franc

(2)The absolute notional exposure represents the Company's derivative activity as of September 30, 2013, which is representative of the volume of derivatives held during the period.

The following table sets forth, by major risk type, the Company's realized and unrealized gains (losses) relating to trading activities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. These realized and unrealized gains (losses) are included in net investment income in the consolidated statement of income.

| | For the three months ended, | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|----------------|----|--------------------|---|---------------|----|
| | September 30, 2013 | | | | September 30, 2012 | | | |
| Drimory Underlying Disk | Realized Gain | | Unrealized Gai | in | Realized Gain | | Unrealized Ga | in |
| Primary Underlying Risk | (Loss) | | (Loss)* | | (Loss) | | (Loss)* | |
| Commodity Price | (\$ in thousands) |) | | | | | | |
| Commodities Futures - Long Contracts | \$— | | \$— | | \$— | | 106 | |
| Commodities Futures - Short Contracts | (273 |) | | | (12 |) | — | |
| Commodity Future Options - Purchased | (25 |) | (44 |) | (219 |) | (148 |) |
| Commodity Future Options - Sold | — | | | | 167 | | 111 | |
| Credit | | | | | | | | |
| Credit Default Swaps - Protection Purchased | 346 | | (1,751 |) | (4,383 |) | 3,431 | |
| Credit Default Swaps - Protection Sold | (1,337 |) | 3,774 | | 6,798 | | (5,009 |) |
| Equity Price | | | | | | | | |
| Contracts for Differences - Long Contracts | (1,984 |) | 5,229 | | (2,263 |) | 1,222 | |
| Contracts for Differences - Short Contracts | 11 | | (183 |) | 722 | | | |
| Index Futures - Long Contracts | — | | | | (362 |) | — | |
| Index Futures - Short Contracts | — | | | | 362 | | | |
| Total Return Swaps - Long Contracts | 1,712 | | 3,665 | | 478 | | 1,285 | |
| Total Return Swaps - Short Contracts | (836 |) | (664 |) | 4 | | (1,114 |) |
| Interest Rates | | | | | | | | |
| Bond Futures - Short Contracts | (320 |) | (382 |) | | | — | |
| Interest Rate Swaps | 723 | | (896 |) | | | — | |
| Interest Rate Swaptions | (75 |) | 218 | | 20 | | (25 |) |
| Sovereign Debt Futures - Short Contracts | — | | | | (1 |) | 14 | |
| Treasury Futures - Short Contracts | 73 | | (195 |) | (258 |) | 21 | |
| Foreign Currency Exchange Rates | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign Currency Forward | 1,223 | | (5,750 |) | (1,654 |) | 567 | |
| Foreign Currency Options - Purchased | (1,794 |) | (1,493 |) | (513 |) | (98 |) |
| Foreign Currency Options - Sold | 352 | | (636 |) | 36 | | 33 | |
| Catastrophe Risk Derivatives | _ | | 2,062 | | | | _ | |
| | \$(2,204 |) | \$2,954 | | \$(1,078 |) | \$396 | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| | For the nine mor | | | 0.1.0 |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | September 30, 2 | | September 30, 2012 | |
| Primary Underlying Risk | Realized Gain | Unrealized Gain | | Unrealized Gain |
| | (Loss) | (Loss)* | (Loss) | (Loss)* |
| Commodity Price | (\$ in thousands) | | | |
| Commodities Futures - Long Contracts | \$(2,455) | \$— | \$1,649 | \$106 |
| Commodities Futures - Short Contracts | 290 | (212) | | — |
| Commodity Future Options - Purchased | (166) | (45) | (162) | |
| Commodity Future Options - Sold | _ | | 166 | — |
| Credit | | | | |
| Credit Default Swaps - Protection Purchased | (8,469) | 3,579 | (4,622) | 4,451 |
| Credit Default Swaps - Protection Sold | 6,814 | (4,017) | 7,138 | (5,366) |
| Equity Price | | | | |
| Contracts for Differences - Long Contracts | 6,706 | 987 | (2,506) | 853 |
| Contracts for Differences - Short Contracts | 1,000 | 254 | 1,147 | _ |
| Index Futures - Long Contracts | | — | (362) | — |
| Index Futures - Short Contracts | 19 | — | (61) | — |
| Total Return Swaps - Long Contracts | 2,717 | 2,732 | (2,275) | 535 |
| Total Return Swaps - Short Contracts | 418 | (500) | 740 | (1,042) |
| Interest Rates | | | | |
| Bond Futures - Short Contracts | 242 | (630) | _ | |
| Interest Rate Swaps | 1,352 | (409) | 511 | (525) |
| Interest Rate Swaptions | (244) | 251 | 1,358 | (558) |
| Sovereign Debt Futures - Short Contracts | | | (422) | (71) |
| Treasury Futures - Short Contracts | 508 | (625) | (733) | |
| Foreign Currency Exchange Rates | | | | |
| Foreign Currency Forward | 7,533 | (3,756) | (765) | 390 |
| Foreign Currency Options - Purchased | 6,823 | (1,031) | 56 | (662) |
| Foreign Currency Options - Sold | (2,844) | (848) | 36 | 33 |
| Catastrophe Risk Derivatives | | 3,167 | _ | _ |
| * | \$20,244 | \$(1,103) | \$1,008 | \$(1,856) |
| *Ilmaalined asin (less) valates to devive times | | a data | | |

*Unrealized gain (loss) relates to derivatives still held at reporting date.

The Company's ISDA agreements with its counterparties provide for various termination events including decline in NAV of the Company's investments over a certain period, key-man provisions, document delivery schedules, and Employment Retirement Income Security Act and bankruptcy provisions. Upon the triggering of a termination event, a counterparty may avail itself of various remedies including, but not limited to, waiver of the termination event, request for additional collateral, renegotiation of the ISDA agreement, or immediate settlement of positions. The Company obtains/provides collateral from/to various counterparties for OTC derivative contracts in accordance with bilateral collateral agreements. As of September 30, 2013, the Company posted collateral in the form of cash of \$38.1 million (December 31, 2012 - \$28.0 million) to certain counterparties to cover collateral requirements for open OTC derivatives.

The Company does not offset its derivative instruments and presents all amounts in the consolidated balance sheet on a gross basis. The Company has pledged cash collateral to counterparties to support the current value of amounts due to the counterparties based on the value of the underlying security. As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the gross and net amounts of derivative instruments that are subject to enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements were as follows:

| | Gross Amount Gross Amounts of | s not Offset in th | e Consolidated B | alance Sheet |
|---|--|---|---|--------------|
| September 30, 2013 Counterparty | Assets Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet | Financial Instruments | Cash Collateral Pledged | Net Amount |
| | (\$ in thousands | 5) | | |
| Counterparty 1 | \$1,165 | \$638 | \$— | \$527 |
| Counterparty 2 | 3,476 | 2,047 | | 1,429 |
| Counterparty 3 | 6,413 | 3,984 | | 2,429 |
| Counterparty 4 | 3,393 | 3,393 | | |
| Counterparty 5 | 1,942 | 1,942 | | |
| Counterparty 6 | 10,848 | 861 | | 9,987 |
| Counterparty 7 | 33 | 33 | | |
| Counterparty 8 | | _ | | |
| Counterparty 9 | 42 | 42 | | |
| Counterparty 10 | 220 | _ | | 220 |
| Counterparty 11 | | _ | | |
| 1 2 | | | | |
| Total | \$27,532 | \$12,940 | \$— | \$14,592 |
| | | | | |
| | Gross Amounts of | s not Offset in th | e Consolidated B | alance Sheet |
| September 30, 2013 Counterparty | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the | s not Offset in th Financial Instruments | e Consolidated B Cash Collateral Pledged | |
| September 30, 2013 Counterparty | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated | Financial | Cash Collateral | L |
| September 30, 2013 Counterparty | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet | Financial Instruments | Cash Collateral | L |
| | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands | Financial Instruments | Cash Collateral Pledged | Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$638 | Financial Instruments | Cash Collateral | L |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 638 2,047 | Financial Instruments 5) \$638 2,047 | Cash Collateral Pledged | Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 638 2,047 3,984 | Financial Instruments (5) \$638 2,047 3,984 | Cash Collateral Pledged \$ | Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 638 2,047 3,984 8,202 | Financial Instruments \$) \$638 2,047 3,984 3,393 | Cash Collateral Pledged \$ 4,809 | Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 638 2,047 3,984 8,202 2,594 | Financial Instruments \$638 2,047 3,984 3,393 1,942 | Cash Collateral Pledged \$ | Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 Counterparty 6 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 638 2,047 3,984 8,202 2,594 861 | Financial Instruments \$) \$638 2,047 3,984 3,393 1,942 861 | Cash Collateral Pledged \$ 4,809 652 | Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 Counterparty 6 Counterparty 7 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 638 2,047 3,984 8,202 2,594 861 633 | Financial Instruments \$638 2,047 3,984 3,393 1,942 | Cash Collateral Pledged \$ 4,809 652 600 | Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 Counterparty 6 Counterparty 7 Counterparty 8 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 638 2,047 3,984 8,202 2,594 861 633 766 | Financial Instruments \$638 2,047 3,984 3,393 1,942 861 33 — | Cash Collateral Pledged \$ 4,809 652 600 766 | Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 Counterparty 6 Counterparty 7 Counterparty 8 Counterparty 9 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 638 2,047 3,984 8,202 2,594 861 633 | Financial Instruments \$) \$638 2,047 3,984 3,393 1,942 861 | Cash Collateral Pledged \$ 4,809 652 600 | Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 Counterparty 6 Counterparty 7 Counterparty 8 Counterparty 9 Counterparty 10 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 638 2,047 3,984 8,202 2,594 861 633 766 164 | Financial Instruments \$638 2,047 3,984 3,393 1,942 861 33 — | Cash Collateral Pledged \$ 4,809 652 600 766 122 | Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 Counterparty 6 Counterparty 7 Counterparty 8 Counterparty 9 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 638 2,047 3,984 8,202 2,594 861 633 766 | Financial Instruments \$638 2,047 3,984 3,393 1,942 861 33 — | Cash Collateral Pledged \$ 4,809 652 600 766 | Net Amount |

| | Gross Amounts of | s not Offset in th | e Consolidated B | alance Sheet |
|--|--|---|---|----------------|
| December 31, 2012 Counterparty | Assets Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands | Financial Instruments | Cash Collatera Pledged | l Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 | \$ 1,381 | \$— | \$— | \$1,381 |
| Counterparty 2 | 4,987 | 1,761 | φ | 3,226 |
| Counterparty 3 | 6,390 | 4,850 | | 5,220 1,540 |
| - · | 124 | 124 | | 1,340 |
| Counterparty 4 | 526 | | | |
| Counterparty 5 | | 526 | | 10 507 |
| Counterparty 6 | 11,607 | 1,080 | | 10,527 |
| Counterparty 7 | 231 | 231 | | |
| Counterparty 8 | 232 | 16 | | 216 |
| Counterparty 9 | | | | |
| Counterparty 10 | 142 | | | 142 |
| Counterparty 11 | | | _ | |
| Counterparty 12 | 8 | <u> </u> | | 8 |
| Total | \$25,628 | \$8,588 | \$— | \$17,040 |
| | | | | |
| | Gross Amount Gross Amounts of Liabilities | s not Offset in th | | |
| December 31, 2012 Counterparty | Gross Amounts of | s not Offset in th Financial Instruments | e Consolidated B Cash Collatera Pledged | |
| December 31, 2012 Counterparty | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet | Financial Instruments | Cash Collatera | I |
| | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated | Financial Instruments | Cash Collatera | I |
| Counterparty 1 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$— | Financial Instruments | Cash Collatera Pledged | l Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 1,761 | Financial Instruments s) \$— 1,761 | Cash Collatera Pledged | l Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 1,761 4,850 | Financial Instruments s) \$— 1,761 4,850 | Cash Collatera Pledged \$ | l Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 1,761 4,850 1,812 | Financial Instruments 5) \$ 1,761 4,850 124 | Cash Collatera Pledged \$ 1,688 | l Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 1,761 4,850 1,812 2,456 | Financial Instruments (5) (\$ | Cash Collatera Pledged \$ | l Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 Counterparty 6 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 1,761 4,850 1,812 2,456 1,080 | Financial Instruments \$ | Cash Collatera Pledged \$ 1,688 1,930 | l Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 Counterparty 6 Counterparty 7 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 1,761 4,850 1,812 2,456 1,080 1,017 | Financial Instruments (5) (\$ | Cash Collatera Pledged \$ 1,688 | l Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 Counterparty 6 Counterparty 7 Counterparty 8 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 1,761 4,850 1,812 2,456 1,080 | Financial Instruments \$ | Cash Collatera Pledged \$ 1,688 1,930 | l Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 Counterparty 6 Counterparty 7 Counterparty 8 Counterparty 9 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 1,761 4,850 1,812 2,456 1,080 1,017 | Financial Instruments (5) (\$ | Cash Collatera Pledged \$ 1,688 1,930 | l Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 Counterparty 6 Counterparty 7 Counterparty 8 Counterparty 9 Counterparty 10 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 1,761 4,850 1,812 2,456 1,080 1,017 | Financial Instruments (5) (\$ | Cash Collatera Pledged \$ 1,688 1,930 | l Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 Counterparty 7 Counterparty 8 Counterparty 9 Counterparty 10 Counterparty 11 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 1,761 4,850 1,812 2,456 1,080 1,017 | Financial Instruments (5) (\$ | Cash Collatera Pledged \$ 1,688 1,930 | l Net Amount |
| Counterparty 1 Counterparty 2 Counterparty 3 Counterparty 4 Counterparty 5 Counterparty 6 Counterparty 7 Counterparty 8 Counterparty 9 Counterparty 10 | Gross Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (\$ in thousands \$ 1,761 4,850 1,812 2,456 1,080 1,017 | Financial Instruments (5) (\$ | Cash Collatera Pledged \$ 1,688 1,930 | l Net Amount |

10. Other assets

Other assets as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 consist of the following:

| Septe | ember 30, December 31, |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 2013 | 2012 |
| (\$ in 1 | thousands) |
| Investments in aircraft \$1,31 | \$1,313 |
| Accumulated depreciation (230 |) (131) |
| Net carrying value 1,083 | 1,182 |
| Other investment assets 914 | 829 |
| Prepaid expenses and other 2,057 | 1,112 |
| \$4,05 | 54 \$3,123 |

11. Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves

As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, loss and loss adjustment expense reserves in the consolidated balance sheet was comprised of the following:

| | September 30, | December 31, |
|---|------------------|--------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | (\$ in thousands | 5) |
| Case loss and loss adjustment expense reserves | \$59,383 | \$3,668 |
| Incurred but not reported loss and loss adjustment expense reserves | 84,324 | 63,603 |
| | \$143,707 | \$67,271 |

The following table represents the activity in the reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and for the year ended December 31, 2012:

| | September 30, | December 31, | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------|---|
| | 2013 (\$ in thousands) | 2012 | |
| Gross reserves for loss and loss adjustment expenses, beginning of period | \$67,271 | \$— | |
| Less: loss and loss adjustment expenses recoverable, beginning of period | _ | _ | |
| Net reserves for loss and loss adjustment expenses, beginning of period | 67,271 | | |
| Increase (decrease) in net loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred in respect of | | | |
| losses occurring in: | | | |
| Current year | 107,279 | 80,306 | |
| Prior years' | (3,600) | | |
| Total incurred loss and loss adjustment expenses | 103,679 | 80,306 | |
| Net loss and loss adjustment expenses paid in respect of losses occurring in: | | | |
| Current year | (14,951) | (13,035 |) |
| Prior years' | (18,576) | | |
| Total net paid losses | (33,527) | (13,035 |) |
| Net reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses, end of period | 137,423 | 67,271 | |
| Plus: loss and loss adjustment expenses recoverable, end of period | 6,284 | | |
| Gross reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses, end of period | \$143,707 | \$67,271 | |

The \$3.6 million decrease in prior years' reserves recorded in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 related primarily to a crop contract, which was accompanied by an equal decrease in the premium written and earned for that contract, resulting in a minimal impact to underwriting income.

12. Management, performance and Founders fees

Third Point Re and TPRCL are party to a Joint Venture and Investment Management Agreement (the "Investment Agreement") with Third Point LLC and Third Point Advisors LLC under which Third Point LLC manages certain jointly held assets.

Pursuant to the Investment Agreement, Third Point Advisors LLC receives an annual performance fee allocation equal to 20% of the net investment income of the Company's share of the investment assets managed by Third Point LLC, subject to a loss carry forward provision. Additionally, a total management fee equal to 2% annually of the Company's share of the investment assets managed by Third Point LLC is paid to Third Point LLC and various Third Point Re founders. Management fees are paid monthly, whereas performance fees are paid annually, in arrears. Investment fee expenses related to the Investment Agreement, which are included in net investment income in the

consolidated statement of income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

| For the three months ended | | For the nine months ended | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| September 30, September 30, | | September 30, | September 30, | |
| 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 | |
| (\$ in thousands) | | | | |
| \$978 | \$593 | \$2,497 | \$1,757 | |
| 5,545 | 3,357 | 14,149 | 9,955 | |
| 13,035 | 11,816 | 41,104 | 15,825 | |
| \$19,558 | \$15,766 | \$57,750 | \$27,537 | |
| | September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands) \$978 5,545 13,035 | 20132012(\$ in thousands)\$978\$5935,54513,03511,816 | September 30, 2013September 30, 2012September 30, 2013(\$ in thousands)20122013\$978\$593\$2,4975,5453,35714,14913,03511,81641,104 | |

As of September 30, 2013, \$40.3 million was included in performance fee payable to related party in the consolidated balance sheet related to performance fees due under the Investment Agreement. As of December 31, 2012, \$33.9 million was included in non-controlling interests related to the performance fee payable to Third Point Advisors LLC. Since the performance fee allocation is based on annual performance, the performance fees are included in total liabilities until the performance fee is determined at year end and allocated to Third Point Advisors LLC's capital account, in accordance with the Investment Agreement.

13. Deposit contracts

Effective October 1, 2012, TPRCL entered into an aggregate excess of loss agreement for consideration of \$50.0 million. Under the terms of the agreement, TPRCL maintains a notional experience account, the value of which is the \$50.0 million of consideration less claims paid plus a crediting rate multiplied by the annual starting balance of the notional experience account. The crediting rate varies from a minimum of 3% to a maximum of 6.1%, based on actual investment returns realized by the Company.

Effective May 1, 2013, TPRCL entered into an aggregate excess of loss agreement for consideration of \$25.0 million. Under the terms of the agreement, TPRCL maintains a notional experience account, the value of which is the \$25.0 million of consideration less claims paid plus a crediting rate multiplied by the annual starting balance of the notional experience account. The crediting rate varies from a minimum of 3% to a maximum of 6.5%, based on actual investment returns realized by the Company.

Effective June 30, 2013, TPRCL entered into two loss portfolio contracts for consideration of \$27.2 million. Under the terms of the agreements, TPRCL maintains a notional experience account, the initial value of which is based on the consideration received less a margin. The value of the experience account is reduced by loss payments as they are made and increased by a quarterly interest credit of 0.625%.

Effective July 1, 2013, TPRCL entered into a contract for consideration of \$14.2 million. Under the terms of the agreement, TPRCL maintains a notional experience account, the initial value of which is based on the consideration received less a margin. The value of the experience account is reduced by loss payments as they are made and increased by a quarterly interest credit of 0.625%.

The following table details the deposit liabilities as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

| | September 30, | December 31, |
|--|-------------------|--------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | (\$ in thousands) |) |
| Initial consideration received | \$116,409 | \$50,000 |
| Net investment income allocation accrued | 3,014 | 446 |
| Payments | (450 |) — |
| | \$118,973 | \$50,446 |

14.General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

| | For the three months ended | | For the nine months ended | |
|---|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| | September 30, | September 30, | September 30, | September 30, |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| | (\$ in thousands) | | | |
| Payroll and related | \$3,382 | 3,101 | \$10,086 | 10,713 |
| Share compensation expenses | 4,143 | 1,714 | 7,611 | 4,595 |
| Travel and entertainment | 576 | 212 | 1,704 | 1,486 |
| Legal and accounting | 905 | 327 | 1,900 | 765 |
| IT related | 320 | 665 | 904 | 1,103 |
| Credit facility fees | 84 | 137 | 444 | 542 |
| Occupancy | 123 | 102 | 348 | 303 |
| Corporate insurance | 275 | 85 | 487 | 255 |
| Other general and administrative expenses | 38 | 97 | 587 | 459 |
| | \$9,846 | \$6,440 | \$24,071 | \$20,221 |

15.Net investment income

| Net investment income for the three and nine months ended Se | entember 30, 2013 and 2012 consisted of the following: |
|--|--|
| The investment income for the time and time months ended S | eptember 50, 2015 and 2012 consisted of the following. |

| | For the three n | nonths ended | For the nine months ended | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------|--|
| | September 30 | , September 30, | September 30, | September 30, | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 | |
| | (\$ in thousand | ls) | | | |
| Change in net unrealized gains on investments and investment derivatives | \$7,404 | \$38,614 | \$31,709 | \$31,350 | |
| Net realized gains on investments and investment derivatives | 62,425 | 18,450 | 181,037 | 46,001 | |
| Dividend and interest income, net of withholding taxes | 4,287 | 8,364 | 15,587 | 18,973 | |
| Dividends paid on securities sold, not yet purchased | (171) | (392) | (607) | (1,039) | |
| Management and performance fees | (19,558) | (15,766) | (57,750) | (27,537) | |
| Other expenses | (1,860) | (1,584) | (4,383) | (3,837) | |
| Net investment income on investments managed by Third Point LLC | 52,527 | 47,686 | 165,593 | 63,911 | |
| Other investment income | 28 | | 44 | | |
| Deposit liabilities and reinsurance contracts investment income allocation | (1,246) | | (2,675) | _ | |
| Net unrealized gain on catastrophe risk derivatives | 2,062 \$53,371 | \$47,686 | 3,167 \$166,129 | \$63,911 | |

16. Share capital

Authorized and issued

Third Point Re's authorized share capital of \$33.0 million is comprised of 300,000,000 common shares with a par value of \$0.10 each and 30,000,000 preference shares with a par value of \$0.10 each. As of September 30, 2013, 103,888,916 common shares were issued and outstanding. No preference shares have been issued to date.

On August 20, 2013, Third Point Re completed an IPO of 24,832,484 common shares at a purchase price of \$12.50 per share. The net proceeds of the offering were \$286.0 million, after deducting offering costs. Warrants

Third Point Re's Founders and an advisor provided insurance industry expertise, resources and relationships to ensure that Third Point Re would be fully operational with key management in place in time for the January 2012 underwriting season. In consideration of these commitments, Third Point Re reserved for issuance to the Founders and an advisor warrants to purchase, in the aggregate, up to 4.0% (Founders 3.5% and an advisor 0.5%) of the diluted shares (up to a maximum of \$1 billion of subscribed shares) provided that the Founders and the advisor will not be issued any warrants for common shares issued in consideration for any capital raised by Third Point Re in excess of \$1 billion. The following is a summary of warrants as of September 30, 2013:

| | Exercise price | Authorized and issued | Aggregated fair value of warrants |
|----------|---|-----------------------|---|
| | (\$ in thousands, except for share and per share amounts) | | |
| | | | |
| Founders | \$10.00 | 4,069,868 | \$15,203 |
| Advisor | \$10.00 | 581,295 | 2,171 |
| | | 4,651,163 | \$17,374 |

The warrants were subject to a performance condition that was met as a result of the IPO. Prior to the IPO, 3,648,006 of the warrants outstanding had met the performance condition. After the IPO, the remaining 1,003,157 warrants met the performance condition. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, Third Point Re recorded an expense of \$3.7 million related to the additional warrants that met the performance condition as a result of the IPO. These amounts have been recorded as a component of capital raise costs in additional paid in capital resulting in no net impact to total shareholders' equity.

The warrants expire 10 years from the date of issuance on December 22, 2011, and will be exercisable at a price per share of \$10.00, which is equal to the price per share paid by investors in the initial private offering.

These warrants were recognized in accordance with ASC 718, Compensation – Share Compensation, and ASC 505-50, Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employees. The total fair value of the warrants was recorded as a component of capital raise costs when the services were rendered in accordance with ASC 505-50, Equity: Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employees.

17. Share-based compensation

On July 15, 2013, the Third Point Reinsurance Ltd. 2103 Omnibus Incentive Plan ("Omnibus Plan") was approved by the Board of Directors and subsequently on August 2, 2013 by the Shareholders of the Company. An aggregate of 21,627,906 common shares were made available under the Omnibus Plan. This number of shares includes the shares available under the Third Point Reinsurance Limited Share Incentive Plan ("Share Incentive Plan"). Awards under the Omnibus Plan may be made in the form of performance awards, restricted shares, restricted share units, share options, share appreciation rights and other share-based awards.

As of September 30, 2013, 10,612,931 of Third Point Re's common shares were available for future issuance under the equity incentive compensation plans.

Share based compensation expense of \$4.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 (2012 - \$1.7 million) was included in general and administrative expenses, which included \$2.1 million related to additional expense incurred related to the performance condition having been met as a result of the IPO. Share based compensation expense of \$7.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 (2012 - \$4.6 million) was included in general and administrative expenses, which included \$2.1 million related to additional expense incurred related to the performance condition having been met as a result of the IPO.

As of September 30, 2013, the Company had \$25.6 million of unamortized share compensation expense.

(a) Management and director options

The management options issued under the Share Incentive Plan were subject to a service and performance condition. The service condition will be met with respect to 20% of the management options on each of the first five anniversary dates following the grant date of the management options. The performance condition with respect to the management options was met as a result of the IPO. Prior to the IPO, 8,572,594 of the management options outstanding had met the performance condition. After the IPO, the remaining 2,357,633 management options had met the performance condition.

The director options contain only a service condition that will be met with respect to 20% of the director options on each of the five anniversary dates following the grant date of the director options.

The Plan's management and director options activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and year ended December 31, 2012 was as follows:

| | Number of options | Weighted average exercise price |
|--|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Balances as of January 1, 2012 | \$— | \$ <u> </u> |
| Granted - employees | 10,872,090 | 13.20 |
| Granted - directors | 84,748 | 13.20 |
| Forfeited | | _ |
| Exercised | | |
| Balances as of December 31, 2012 | 10,956,838 | 13.20 |
| Granted - employees | 348,836 | 14.09 |
| Granted - directors | | |
| Forfeited | (290,699 |) 13.20 |
| Exercised | _ | |
| Balances as of September 30, 2013 | \$11,014,975 | \$13.23 |
| There were no options granted during the three months ended September 30, 2013 | | |

There were no options granted during the three months ended September 30, 2013.

The fair value of share options issued are estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The estimated share price used for purposes of determining the fair value of share options that were granted in the second quarter of 2013 (prior to the IPO) was based on the diluted book value per share as of December 31, 2012, or \$10.89. The volatility assumption used of 21.95% was based on the average estimated volatility of a reinsurance company peer group. The other assumptions used in the option-pricing model were as follows: risk free interest rate of 1.23%, expected life of 6.5 years and a 0.0% dividend yield.

The following table summarizes information about the Company's management and director share options outstanding as of September 30, 2013:

| | Options outstan | ding | Options exercisable | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Range of exercise prices | Number of options | Weighted average exercise price | Remaining contractual life | Number of options | Weighted average exercise price |
| \$10.00-\$10.89 | 6,608,987 | \$10.03 | 8.31 | 1,279,936 | \$10.00 |
| \$16.00-\$16.89 | 2,202,994 | \$16.03 | 8.31 | 426,645 | \$16.00 |
| \$20.00-\$20.89 | 2,202,994 | \$20.03 | 8.31 | 426,645 | \$20.00 |
| | 11,014,975 | \$13.23 | 8.31 | 2,133,226 | \$13.20 |

For the three months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded \$3.7 million (2012 - \$1.2 million) of share compensation expense related to share options, which included \$2.1 million related to additional expense incurred related to the performance condition being met as a result of the IPO. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded \$6.5 million (2012 - \$3.3 million) of share compensation expense related to share options, which included \$2.1 million related to the performance condition being met as a result of the IPO.

(b)Restricted shares

Restricted shares vest either ratably or at the end of the required service period and contain certain restrictions during the vesting period, relating to, among other things, forfeiture in the event of termination of employment and transferability.

Restricted share award activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and year ended December 31, 2012 was as follows:

| | Number of non- | Weighted |
|--|-------------------|-----------------|
| | vested restricted | average grant |
| | shares | data fair value |
| Balance as of January 1, 2012 | _ | \$— |
| Granted | 641,800 | 10.00 |
| Forfeited | (22,500) | 10.00 |
| Vested | _ | |
| Balance as of Balance at December 31, 2012 | 619,300 | 10.00 |
| Granted | 5,000 | 11.76 |
| Forfeited | — | |
| Vested | _ | |
| Balance as of Balance at September 30, 2013 | 624,300 | \$10.01 |
| There were no negtricited change arouted during the three months and d Contember 2 | 0 2012 | |

There were no restricted shares granted during the three months ended September 30, 2013.

For the three months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded \$0.4 million (2012 - \$0.4 million) of share compensation expense related to restricted share awards. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded \$1.1 million (2012 - \$1.1 million) of share compensation expense related to restricted share awards.

18. Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of equity in consolidated subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to Third Point Re. The ownership interests in consolidated subsidiaries held by parties other than Third Point Re have been presented in the consolidated balance sheet, as a separate component of shareholders' equity. Non-controlling interests as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 are as follows:

| | September 30, | December 31, |
|--|------------------|--------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | (\$ in thousands |) |
| Catastrophe Fund and Catastrophe Reinsurer | \$48,161 | \$19,646 |
| Catastrophe Fund Manager | (162 |) 2 |
| Joint Venture - Third Point Advisors LLC share | 7,015 | 40,129 |
| | \$55,014 | \$59,777 |

Income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 was:

| | For the three months ended | | For the nine months ended | | |
|--|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|--|
| | September 30, | September 30, | September 30, | September 30, | |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 | |
| | (\$ in thousands) | | | | |
| Catastrophe Fund and Catastrophe Reinsurer | \$2,434 | \$— | \$3,191 | \$— | |
| Catastrophe Fund Manager | (2) | | (164) | · | |
| Joint Venture - Third Point Advisors LLC share | re386 | 423 | 1,175 | 609 | |
| | \$2,818 | \$423 | \$4,202 | \$609 | |

As of September 30, 2013, the following entities were consolidated in line with variable interest model as per ASC 810: Consolidation:

• Investment Joint Venture

As of September 30, 2013, the following entities were consolidated in line with voting model per ASC 810: Consolidation:

• Third Point Reinsurance Investment Management Ltd.

• Third Point Reinsurance Opportunities Fund Ltd.

• Third Point Re Cat Ltd.

a) Third Point Reinsurance Opportunities Fund Ltd. and Third Point Re Cat Ltd.

As of September 30, 2013, TPRCL had invested \$50.0 million (December 31, 2012 - \$22.0 million) in the Catastrophe Fund; representing approximately 53% of the Catastrophe Fund's issued, non-voting, participating share capital. The objective of the Catastrophe Fund is to achieve positive uncorrelated investment returns by investing, through the Catastrophe Reinsurer, in a portfolio of collateralized reinsurance transactions and other insurance-linked investments, including catastrophe bonds and industry loss warranties.

The Catastrophe Fund Manager holds 100% of the authorized and issued voting, nonparticipating shares of the Catastrophe Fund, while the Catastrophe Fund's investors, including TPRCL, hold 100% of issued non-voting, participating shares.

Furthermore, 100% of the authorized and issued voting, non-participating share capital of the Catastrophe Reinsurer is held by the Catastrophe Fund Manager; while 100% of the issued non-voting, participating preference share capital is held by the Catastrophe Fund.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Catastrophe Fund called the remaining \$53.0 million (TPRCL's share - \$28.0 million) of committed capital resulting in a contribution to non-controlling interests for the Catastrophe Fund of \$25.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

b) Third Point Reinsurance Investment Management Ltd. (the "Catastrophe Fund Manager")

The Catastrophe Fund Manager has been consolidated as part of Third Point Re with Hiscox's 15% interest in the Catastrophe Fund Manager recorded as a non-controlling interest. The Catastrophe Fund Manager acts as manager for both the Catastrophe Fund and the Catastrophe Reinsurer and in that capacity is responsible for:

The day to day investment activities of the Catastrophe Fund, and

The day to day underwriting activities of the Catastrophe Reinsurer.

The Catastrophe Fund Manager does not participate in the profits or losses of either the Catastrophe Fund or the Catastrophe Reinsurer; however, the Catastrophe Fund Manager does receive management and performance fees for its advisory services.

c) Third Point Advisors LLC

The joint venture created through the Investment Agreement (Note 12) has been considered a variable interest entity in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Since the Company was deemed to be the primary beneficiary, the Company has consolidated the joint venture and has recorded Third Point Advisors LLC's minority interest as a non-controlling interest in the consolidated statement of shareholders' equity.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, \$35.1 million was distributed by Third Point Advisors LLC and reduced the amount of the non-controlling interest.

19. Earnings per share

The following is a reconciliation of basic and diluted weighted average common shares outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

| | For the three months ended | | For the nine me | onths ended |
|--|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | September 30, | September 30, | September 30, | September 30, |
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic | 90,244,694 | 79,073,932 | 83,252,120 | 79,003,405 |
| Effect of dilutive warrants issued to founders and an advisor | 4,099,978 | 3,648,006 | 3,817,604 | 3,648,006 |
| Effect of dilutive share options issued to directors and employees | 5,831,744 | 5,167,045 | 5,368,905 | 4,379,785 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted | 100,176,416 | 87,888,983 | 92,438,629 | 87,031,196 |
| 20. Related party transactions | | | | |

In addition to the transactions disclosed in Notes 5, 12 and 18 to these consolidated financial statements, the following additional transactions are classified as related party transactions, as each counterparty has either a direct or indirect shareholding in the Company or the Company has an investment in such counterparty.

a)Pine Brook Road Partners, LLC and Narragansett Bay Insurance Company

TPRCL entered into a quota share reinsurance agreement with Narragansett Bay Insurance Company ("Narragansett Bay") effective December 31, 2012 under which Narragansett Bay is obligated to cede an estimated \$10.5 million of premium over the one year term of the contract. Pine Brook Road Partners, LLC ("Pine Brook") is the manager of an investment fund that owns common shares and warrants issued by the Company. Pine Brook currently owns approximately 12.0% of the Company's outstanding common shares. Pine Brook is also the manager of an investment fund that owns common shares in Narragansett Bay.

b)TP Lux Holdco LP

TPRCL has entered into a limited partnership agreement, as one of the limited partners of TP Lux Holdco LP (the "Cayman HoldCo"), which is also an affiliate of the Investment Manager. The Cayman HoldCo was formed as a limited partnership under the laws of the Cayman Islands and invests and holds debt and equity interests in TP Lux HoldCo S.a.r.l, a Luxembourg private limited liability company (the "LuxCo"), which is also an affiliate of the Investment Manager.

The LuxCo was established under the laws of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg and its principle objective is to act as a collective investment vehicle to purchase Euro debt and equity investments. TPRCL invests in the Cayman HoldCo alongside other investment funds managed by the Investment Manager. As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, TPRCL held less than a 10% interest in the Cayman Holdco. As a result, TPRCL accounts for its investment in the limited partnership under the variable interest model, in which TPRCL is not the primary beneficiary, at fair value in the consolidated balance sheet and records the change in the fair value in the consolidated statement of income. As of September 30, 2013, the estimated fair value of the investment in the limited partnership was \$26.9 million (December 31, 2012 - \$91.3 million). The valuation policy with respect to this investment in a limited partnership is further described in Note 5.

Third Point Loan

c) L.L.C.

Third Point Loan L.L.C. ("Loan LLC") serves as nominee of TPRCL and other affiliated investment management clients of the Investment Manager for certain investments. Loan LLC has appointed the Investment Manager as its true and lawful agent and attorney. As of September 30, 2013, Loan LLC held \$101.0 million (December 31, 2012 - \$43.7 million) of TPRCL's investments, which are included in investments in securities and in derivative contracts in the consolidated balance sheet. TPRCL's pro rata interest

in the underlying investments registered in the name of the Loan LLC and the related income and expense are reflected accordingly in the consolidated balance sheet and the consolidated statement of income.

d) Third Point Hellenic Recovery US Feeder Fund, L.P.

TPRCL is a limited partner in Third Point Hellenic Recovery US Feeder Fund, L.P. ("Hellenic Fund"), which is an affiliate of the Investment Manager. The Hellenic Fund was formed as a limited partnership under the laws of the Cayman Islands and invests and holds debt and equity interests.

TPRCL committed \$11.4 million in the Hellenic Fund, of which \$1.6 million was called during the nine months ended September 30, 2013. As of September 30, 2013, the estimated fair value of TPRCL's investment in the Hellenic Fund was \$1.5 million. The valuation policy with respect to this investment in a limited partnership is further described in Note 2.

As of September 30, 2013, TPRCL held less than a 2% interest in the Hellenic Fund. As a result, TPRCL accounts for its investment in the Hellenic Fund under the variable interest model, in which TPRCL is not the primary beneficiary, at fair value in the consolidated balance sheet and records the change in the fair value in the consolidated statement of income.

21. Financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk or concentrations of credit risk

Off-balance sheet risk

In the normal course of business, the Company trades various financial instruments and engages in various investment activities with off-balance sheet risk. These financial instruments include securities sold, not yet purchased, forwards, futures, options, swaptions, swaps and contracts for differences. Generally, these financial instruments represent future commitments to purchase or sell other financial instruments at specific terms at specified future dates. Each of these financial instruments contains varying degrees of off-balance sheet risk whereby changes in the fair values of the securities underlying the financial instruments or fluctuations in interest rates and index values may exceed the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheet.

Securities sold, not yet purchased are recorded as liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet and have market risk to the extent that the Company, in satisfying its obligations, may be required to purchase securities at a higher value than that recorded in the consolidated balance sheet. The Company's investments in securities and amounts due from brokers are partially restricted until the Company satisfies the obligation to deliver securities sold, not yet purchased. Forward and futures contracts are a commitment to purchase or sell financial instruments, currencies or commodities at a future date at a negotiated rate. Forward and futures contracts expose the Company to market risks to the extent that adverse changes occur to the underlying financial instruments such as currency rates or equity index fluctuations. Option contracts give the purchaser the right, but not the obligation, to purchase or sell to the option writer financial instruments, commodities or currencies within a defined time period for a specified price. The premium received by the Company upon writing an option contract is recorded as a liability, marked to market on a daily basis and is included in securities sold, not yet purchased in the consolidated balance sheet. In writing an option. Exercise of an option written by the Company could result in the Company selling or buying a financial instrument at a price different from the current fair value.

Swaption contracts give the Company the right, but not the obligation, to enter into a specified interest-rate swap within a specified period of time. The Company's market and counterparty credit risk is limited to the premium paid to enter into the swaption contract and net unrealized gains.

Total return swaps, contracts for differences, index swaps, and interest rate swaps that involve the exchange of cash flows between the Company and counterparties are based on the change in the fair value of a particular equity, index, or interest rate on a specified notional holding. The use of these contracts exposes the Company to market risks equivalent to actually holding securities of the notional value but typically involve little capital commitment relative to the exposure achieved. The gains or losses of the Company may therefore be magnified on the capital commitment.

Credit derivatives

Credit default swaps protect the buyer against the loss of principal on one or more underlying bonds, loans, or mortgages in the event the issuer suffers a credit event. Typical credit events include failure to pay or restructuring of obligations, bankruptcy, dissolution or insolvency of the underlying issuer. The buyer of the protection pays an initial and/or a periodic premium to the seller and receives protection for the period of the contract. If there is not a credit event, as defined in the contract, the buyer receives no payments from the seller. If there is a credit event, the buyer receives a payment from the seller of protection as calculated by the contract between the two parties.

The Company may also enter into index and/or basket credit default swaps where the credit derivative may reference a basket of single-name credit default swaps or a broad-based index. Generally, in the event of a default on one of the underlying names, the buyer will receive a pro-rata portion of the total notional amount of the credit default index or basket contract from the seller. When the Company purchases single-name, index and basket credit default swaps, the Company is exposed to counterparty nonperformance.

Upon selling credit default swap protection, the Company may expose itself to the risk of loss from related credit events specified in the contract. Credit spreads of the underlying together with the period of expiration is indicative of the likelihood of a credit event under the credit default swap contract and the Company's risk of loss. Higher credit spreads and shorter expiration dates are indicative of a higher likelihood of a credit event resulting in the Company's payment to the buyer of protection. Lower credit spreads and longer expiration dates would indicate the opposite and lowers the likelihood the Company needs to pay the buyer of protection. Cash collateral available to the Company to reimburse potential losses under these securities amounted to \$6.7 million as of September 30, 2013. The following table sets forth certain information related to the Company's written credit derivatives as of September 30, 2013:

Maximum Payout/ Notional Amount (by period of

| | expiration) | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|--------------|-------|
| Credit Spreads on | | 5 years or | Total Written | Written Cre | edit |
| underlying (basis | 0-5 years | Greater Expiring | Credit Default | Default Sw | aps |
| points) | | Through 2046 | Swaps (1) | at Fair valu | e (2) |
| | (\$ in thousand | ds) | | | |
| Single name (0 - 250) | \$472 | \$— | \$472 | \$(81 |) |
| Single name (251-500) | 8,019 | | 8,019 | 999 | |
| Index (0-250) | 28,683 | 241 | 28,924 | (10,058 |) |
| | \$37,174 | \$241 | \$37,415 | \$(9,140 |) |
| | | | | | |

As of September 30, 2013, the Company did not hold any offsetting buy protection credit derivatives with the same underlying reference obligation.

(2) Fair value amounts of derivative contracts are shown on a gross basis prior to cash collateral or counterparty netting.

Concentrations of credit risk

In addition to off-balance sheet risks related to specific financial instruments, the Company may be subject to concentration of credit risk with particular counterparties. Substantially all securities transactions of the Company are cleared by several major securities firms. The Company had substantially all such individual counterparty concentration with these brokers or their affiliates as of September 30, 2013. However, the Company reduces its credit risk with counterparties by entering into master netting agreements. Therefore, assets represent the Company's greater unrealized gains less unrealized losses for derivative contracts in which the Company has master netting agreements. Similarly, liabilities represent the Company's greater unrealized losses less unrealized gains for derivative contracts in which the Joint Venture has master netting agreements. Furthermore, the Company obtains collateral from counterparties to reduce its exposure to counterparty credit risk.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk associated with counterparty nonperformance on derivative contracts is limited to the net unrealized gains by counterparty inherent in such contracts which are recognized in the consolidated balance sheet. As of September 30, 2013, the Company's maximum counterparty credit risk exposure was \$27.5 million (December 31, 2012 - \$25.6 million).

22. Commitments and Contingencies

Operating lease

Third Point Re leases office space at Chesney House in Bermuda. The lease expires on November 30, 2015. The lease has been accounted for as an operating lease with total rent expense for the three months ended September 30, 2013 being \$0.1 million (2012: \$0.1 million). Total rent expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was \$0.3 million (2012: \$0.3 million).

Future minimum rental commitments as of September 30, 2013 under this lease are expected to be as follows:

| | (\$ in thousands) |
|------|-------------------|
| 2013 | \$100 |
| 2014 | 402 |
| 2015 | 368 |
| 2016 | _ |
| 2017 | _ |
| | \$870 |
| | |

Agreements

Third Point LLC

Third Point Re and TPRCL (together, the "Companies") entered into a 5 year investment management agreement with Third Point LLC on December 22, 2011. The Companies are parties to an Investment Agreement with Third Point LLC under which the Companies, Third Point LLC and Third Point Advisors LLC formed a joint venture for the purpose of managing certain jointly held assets. The non-controlling interest in the consolidated balance sheet includes Third Point Advisors LLC's share of assets in the investment joint venture. Netjets

On December 20, 2011, TPRCL acquired from Netjets Sales Inc. ("Netjets") an undivided 12.5% interest in two aircraft for a five year period. The agreement with NetJets provides for monthly management fees, occupied hourly fees and other fees. Future minimum management fee commitments as of September 30, 2013 under the existing lease are expected to be as follows:

| | (\$ in thousands) |
|------|-------------------|
| 2013 | \$132 |
| 2014 | 547 |
| 2015 | 567 |
| 2016 | 539 |
| 2017 | — |
| | \$1,785 |

Letters of credit

As of September 30, 2013, the Company had entered into the following letter of credit facilities, which automatically renew annually unless terminated by either party in accordance with the required notice period:

| | Facility | Renewal date | Notice period (Unused Facility Portion) |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| | (\$ in thousands) | | |
| BNP Paribas | \$100,000 | February 15, 2014 | 60 days prior to termination date |
| Citibank (1) | 150,000 | January 23, 2014 | 90 days prior to termination date |
| J.P. Morgan | 50,000 | August 22, 2014 | 60 days prior to termination date |
| - | \$300,000 | - | |

(1)Effective January 1, 2013, the Citibank facility was reduced from \$250 million to \$150 million.

As of September 30, 2013, 63.5 million (December 31, 2012 - 60.9 million) of letters of credit, representing 21.2% (December 31, 2012 - 15.3% (based on total available facilities of 400 million)) of the total available facilities, had been drawn upon.

Under the facilities, the Company provides collateral that may consist of equity securities, repurchase agreements and cash and cash equivalents. As of September 30, 2013, cash and cash equivalents with a fair value of \$63.6 million (December 31, 2012 - \$64.8 million) were pledged as security against the letters of credit issued. These amounts are included in restricted cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated balance sheet. Each of the facilities contain customary events of default and restrictive covenants, including but not limited to, limitations on liens on collateral, transactions with affiliates, mergers and sales of assets, as well as solvency and maintenance of certain minimum pledged equity requirements, A.M. Best Company rating of "A-" or higher, and restricts issuance of any debt without the consent of the letter of credit provider. Additionally, if an event of default exists, as defined in the letter of credit facilities, the Company will be prohibited from paying dividends. The Company was in compliance with all of the covenants as of September 30, 2013.

Investments

Loan and other participation interests purchased by the Company, such as bank debt, may include revolving credit arrangements or other financing commitments obligating the Company to advance additional amounts on demand. As of September 30, 2013, the Company had no unfunded capital commitments.

In the normal course of business, the Company, as part of its investment strategy, enters into contracts that contain a variety of indemnifications and warranties. The Company's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown, as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Company that have not yet occurred. However, the Company has not had prior claims or losses pursuant to these contracts and expects the risk of loss to be remote. Thus, no amounts have been accrued related to such indemnifications. The Company also indemnifies Third Point Advisors LLC, Third Point LLC and its employees from and against any loss or expense, including, without limitation any judgment, settlement, legal fees and other costs. Any expenses related to this indemnification are reflected in net investment income in the consolidated statement of income.

23. Segment reporting

The determination of Third Point Re's business segments is based on the manner in which management monitors the performance of its operations. Third Point Re reports two operating segments – Property and Casualty Reinsurance and Catastrophe Risk Management. The Company has also identified a corporate function that includes the Company's investment results and certain general and administrative expenses related to corporate activities.

The following is a summary of the Company's operating segments results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

| Three Months | Ended Septemb | er 30, 2013 | |
|-----------------|--|--|---|
| Property and | Catastrophe | | |
| Casualty | Risk | Corporate | Total |
| Reinsurance | Management | | |
| (\$ in thousand | ls) | | |
| \$43,714 | \$1,711 | \$— | \$45,425 |
| | — | | |
| 43,714 | 1,711 | | 45,425 |
| 18,051 | 2,853 | | 20,904 |
| 61,765 | 4,564 | | 66,329 |
| | 2,089 | 51,282 | 53,371 |
| 61,765 | 6,653 | 51,282 | 119,700 |
| | | | |
| 39,349 | | | 39,349 |
| 20,541 | 576 | | 21,117 |
| 6,739 | 949 | 2,158 | 9,846 |
| 66,629 | 1,525 | 2,158 | 70,312 |
| (4,864) | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| n/a | 5,128 | 49,124 | 49,388 |
| n/a | (2,432) |) (386 |) (2,818 |
| \$(4,864) | \$2,696 | \$48,738 | \$46,570 |
| tios: | | | |
| 63.7 9 | 70 | | |
| 33.3 9 | 70 | | |
| 10.9 % | 70 | | |
| 107.9 9 | 70 | | |
| | Property and Casualty Reinsurance (\$ in thousand \$43,714 | Property and CasualtyCatastrophe RiskReinsuranceManagement(\$ in thousands) $$43,714$ \$43,714 $$1,711$ 43,714 $1,711$ 18,0512,85361,7654,5642,08961,7656,65339,34920,5415766,6291,525(4,864)n/a5,128n/a(2,432\$(4,864)\$2,696tios:63.763.7%33.3%10.9% | CasualtyRiskCorporateReinsuranceManagement(\$ in thousands) $$43,714$ $$1,711$ $43,714$ $1,711$ $43,714$ $1,711$ 18,051 $2,853$ $61,765$ $4,564$ 2,089 $51,282$ $61,765$ $6,653$ $51,282$ $39,349$ 20,541 576 $6,739$ 949 $2,158$ $66,629$ $1,525$ $2,158$ $(4,864)$ n/a n/a $5,128$ $49,124$ n/a $(2,432)$ (386) $$(4,864)$ $$2,696$ $$48,738$ tios: 63.7 $\%$ 33.3 $\%$ 10.9 $\%$ |

(1)Loss ratio is calculated by dividing loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred, net by net premiums earned.

(2) Acquisition cost ratio is calculated by dividing acquisition costs, net by net premiums earned.

(3) General and administrative expense ratio is calculated by dividing general and administrative expenses related to underwriting activities by net premiums earned.

(4) Combined ratio is calculated by dividing the sum of loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred, net, acquisition costs, net and general and administrative expenses related to underwriting activities by net premiums earned.

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| | Three Months | E | nded Septembe | er 30, 2012 | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----|---------------|-------------|---|----------|---|
| | Property and | | Catastrophe | | | | |
| | Casualty | | Risk | Corporate | | Total | |
| | Reinsurance | | Management | | | | |
| Revenues | (\$ in thousand | ls) | | | | | |
| Gross premiums written | \$41,651 | | \$— | \$— | | \$41,651 | |
| Gross premiums ceded | | | | | | | |
| Net premiums written | 41,651 | | | | | 41,651 | |
| Change in net unearned premium reserves | (7,333) |) | | | | (7,333 |) |
| Net premiums earned | 34,318 | | | | | 34,318 | |
| Net investment income | | | | 47,686 | | 47,686 | |
| Total revenues | 34,318 | | | 47,686 | | 82,004 | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | |
| Loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred, net | 24,709 | | | | | 24,709 | |
| Acquisition costs, net | 10,856 | | | | | 10,856 | |
| General and administrative expenses | 4,571 | | 995 | 874 | | 6,440 | |
| Total expenses | 40,136 | | 995 | 874 | | 42,005 | |
| Underwriting loss | (5,818) |) | n/a | n/a | | n/a | |
| Income (loss) including non-controlling interests | n/a | | (995) | 46,812 | | 39,999 | |
| Income attributable to non-controlling interests | n/a | | | (423 |) | (423 |) |
| Net income (loss) | \$(5,818) |) | \$(995) | \$46,389 | | \$39,576 | |
| Property and Casualty Reinsurance - Underwriting Ratio | os: | | | | | | |
| Loss ratio (1) | 72.0 | 70 | | | | | |
| Acquisition cost ratio (2) | 31.6 9 | 70 | | | | | |
| General and administrative expense ratio (3) | 13.4 | 76 | | | | | |
| Combined ratio (4) | 117.0 9 | % | | | | | |
| | | | • • • | | | 1 | |

(1)Loss ratio is calculated by dividing loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred, net by net premiums earned.

(2) Acquisition cost ratio is calculated by dividing acquisition costs, net by net premiums earned.

General and administrative expense ratio is calculated by dividing general and administrative expenses related to underwriting activities by net premiums earned.

(4) Combined ratio is calculated by dividing the sum of loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred, net, acquisition costs, net and general and administrative expenses related to underwriting activities by net premiums earned.

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|------|-------------|-----------|-----------|---|--|
| | Property and | l | Catastrophe | | | | |
| | Casualty 1 | | Risk | Corporate | Total | | |
| | Reinsurance | | Management | | | | |
| Revenues | (\$ in thousan | nds) |) | | | | |
| Gross premiums written | \$231,229 | | \$8,431 | \$— | \$239,660 | | |
| Gross premiums ceded | (9,975 |) | | | (9,975 |) | |
| Net premiums written | 221,254 | | 8,431 | | 229,685 | | |
| Change in net unearned premium reserves | (65,408 |) | (2,120) | | (67,528 |) | |
| Net premiums earned | 155,846 | | 6,311 | | 162,157 | | |
| Net investment income | | | 3,210 | 162,919 | 166,129 | | |
| Total revenues | 155,846 | | 9,521 | 162,919 | 328,286 | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | |
| Loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred, net | 103,291 | | 388 | | 103,679 | | |
| Acquisition costs, net | 48,353 | | 758 | | 49,111 | | |
| General and administrative expenses | 16,265 | | 2,721 | 5,085 | 24,071 | | |
| Total expenses | 167,909 | | 3,867 | 5,085 | 176,861 | | |
| Underwriting loss | (12,063 |) | n/a | n/a | n/a | | |
| Income including non-controlling interests | n/a | | 5,654 | 157,834 | 151,425 | | |
| Income attributable to non-controlling interests | n/a | | (3,027) | (1,175 |) (4,202 |) | |
| Net income (loss) | \$(12,063 |) | \$2,627 | \$156,659 | \$147,223 | | |
| Property and Casualty Reinsurance - Underwriting Rati | os: | | | | | | |
| Loss ratio (1) | 66.3 | % | | | | | |
| Acquisition cost ratio (2) | 31.0 | % | | | | | |
| General and administrative expense ratio (3) | 10.4 | % | | | | | |
| Combined ratio (4) | 107.7 | % | | | | | |

(1)Loss ratio is calculated by dividing loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred, net by net premiums earned.

(2) Acquisition cost ratio is calculated by dividing acquisition costs, net by net premiums earned.

General and administrative expense ratio is calculated by dividing general and administrative expenses related to underwriting activities by net premiums earned.

(4) Combined ratio is calculated by dividing the sum of loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred, net, acquisition costs, net and general and administrative expenses related to underwriting activities by net premiums earned.

| | Nine Months Ended Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012 | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Property and Catastrophe | | | | | | | | |
| Casualty Risk Corporate To | otal | | | | | | | |
| Reinsurance Management | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues (\$ in thousands) | | | | | | | | |
| Gross premiums written \$162,479 \$ \$1 | 62,479 | | | | | | | |
| Gross premiums ceded — — — — — | | | | | | | | |
| Net premiums written 162,479 — 16 | 2,479 | | | | | | | |
| Change in net unearned premium reserves (99,483) — — (99 | 9,483) | | | | | | | |
| Net premiums earned 62,996 — 62 | ,996 | | | | | | | |
| Net investment income — — 63,911 63 | ,911 | | | | | | | |
| Total revenues 62,996 — 63,911 12 | 6,907 | | | | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | |
| Loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred, net 53,680 — 53 | ,680 | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition costs, net 13,706 — 13 | ,706 | | | | | | | |
| General and administrative expenses 15,299 995 3,927 20 | ,221 | | | | | | | |
| Total expenses 82,685 995 3,927 87 | ,607 | | | | | | | |
| Underwriting loss (19,689) n/a n/a n/ | a | | | | | | | |
| Income (loss) including non-controlling interests n/a (995) 59,984 39 | ,300 | | | | | | | |
| Income attributable to non-controlling interests n/a — (609) (60 |))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))) | | | | | | | |
| Net income (loss) \$(19,689) \$(995) \$59,375 \$3 | 8,691 | | | | | | | |
| Property and Casualty Reinsurance - Underwriting Ratios: | | | | | | | | |
| Loss ratio (1) 85.2 % | | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition cost ratio (2) 21.8 % | | | | | | | | |
| General and administrative expense ratio (3) 24.3 % | | | | | | | | |
| Combined ratio (4)131.3% | | | | | | | | |

(1)Loss ratio is calculated by dividing loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred, net by net premiums earned.

(2) Acquisition cost ratio is calculated by dividing acquisition costs, net by net premiums earned.

General and administrative expense ratio is calculated by dividing general and administrative expenses related to underwriting activities by net premiums earned.

Combined ratio is calculated by dividing the sum of loss and loss adjustment expenses incurred, net, acquisition (4) costs not and concerl and a loss adjustment expenses incurred. costs, net and general and administrative expenses related to underwriting activities by net premiums earned.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, four contracts each contributed greater than 10% of total gross premiums written. These four contracts contributed 18.8%, 14.6%, 11.6% and 11.5%, respectively, of total gross premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, four contracts each contributed greater than 10% of total gross premiums written. These four contracts contributed 26.2%, 23.5%, 13.8% and 10.8%, respectively, of total gross premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

The following table provides a breakdown of the Company's gross premiums written by line of business:

| For the three months ended | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| September 30, 2013 | | | September 30, 2012 | | | | |
| (\$ in thousands) | | | | | | | |
| \$(1,603 |) (3.5 |)% | \$40,591 | 97.5 | % | | |
| 9,426 | 20.7 | % | 1,060 | 2.5 | % | | |
| 35,891 | 79.0 | % | | — | % | | |
| 43,714 | 96.2 | % | 41,651 | 100.0 | % | | |
| 1,711 | 3.8 | % | | | % | | |
| \$45,425 | 100.0 | % | \$41,651 | 100.0 | % | | |
| | September 3 (\$ in thousa \$(1,603 9,426 35,891 43,714 1,711 | September 30, 2013(\$ in thousands)\$(1,603)(3.59,42620.735,89179.043,71496.21,7113.8 | September 30, 2013 (\$ in thousands) \$(1,603) (3.5) 9,426 20.7 % 35,891 79.0 % 43,714 96.2 % 1,711 3.8 % | September 30, 2013 September 3 (\$ in thousands) \$(1,603) (3.5))% \$40,591 9,426 20.7 % 1,060 35,891 79.0 % 43,714 96.2 % 41,651 1,711 3.8 % | September 30, 2013 September 30, 2012 (\$ in thousands) \$ \$(1,603) (3.5) 9,426 20.7 35,891 79.0 43,714 96.2 1,711 3.8 | | |

| | For the nine months ended | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|-------|--------------------|-----------|-------|---|--|
| | September 30, 2013 | | September 30, 2012 | | | | |
| | (\$ in thousands) | | | | | | |
| Property | \$26,635 | 11.1 | % | \$76,219 | 46.9 | % | |
| Casualty | 111,021 | 46.4 | % | 43,760 | 26.9 | % | |
| Specialty | 93,573 | 39.0 | % | 42,500 | 26.2 | % | |
| Total property and casualty reinsurance (1) | 231,229 | 96.5 | % | 162,479 | 100.0 | % | |
| Catastrophe risk management | 8,431 | 3.5 | % | | | % | |
| | \$239,660 | 100.0 | % | \$162,479 | 100.0 | % | |

(1) The three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 includes \$17.5 million and \$39.8 million, respectively, related to retroactive reinsurance contracts where the Company records the gross premium written and earned at the inception of the contract.

Substantially all of the Company's business is sourced through reinsurance brokers. The following table provides a breakdown of the Company's gross premiums written from brokers for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 who each accounted for more than 10% of the Company's gross premiums written:

| | For the nine n | nonths ended | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------|------|---|--|--|
| | September 30, 2013 | | September 30, 2012 | | | | | |
| | (\$ in thousands) | | | | | | | |
| Largest broker | \$91,349 | 38.1 | % | \$38,117 | 23.5 | % | | |
| 2nd largest broker | 46,095 | 19.2 | % | 22,473 | 13.8 | % | | |
| 3rd largest broker | 26,000 | 10.8 | % | 21,560 | 13.3 | % | | |
| | \$163,444 | 68.1 | % | \$82,150 | 50.6 | % | | |

The following table provides a breakdown of the Company's gross premiums written by domicile of the ceding companies for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

| | For the nine n | nonths ended | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|-----------|-------|---|--|
| | September 30, 2013 | | September 30, 2012 | | | | |
| | (\$ in thousands) | | | | | | |
| United States | \$151,314 | 63.1 | % | \$162,479 | 100.0 | % | |
| Bermuda | 86,946 | 36.3 | % | | | % | |
| Other | 1,400 | 0.6 | % | | | % | |
| | \$239,660 | 100.0 | % | \$162,479 | 100.0 | % | |
| | | | | | | | |

24. Subsequent events

On November 4, 2013, the Company completed a reorganization of the entities in the Catastrophe Risk Management segment through the transfer of 100% of the voting, non-participating common shares that the Catastrophe Fund Manager held in the Catastrophe Reinsurer to the Catastrophe Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis is intended to help the reader understand our business, financial condition, results of operations, liquidity and capital resources. You should read this discussion in conjunction with our unaudited consolidated interim financial statements and the related notes contained elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The statements in this discussion regarding industry outlook, our expectations regarding our future performance, liquidity and capital resources and other non-historical statements in this discussion are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the risks and uncertainties described in "Risk Factors" and "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements." Our actual results may differ materially from those contained in or implied by any forward-looking statements. Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may constitute "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements regarding our industry, business strategy, plans, goals and expectations concerning our market position, international expansion, future operations, margins, profitability, future efficiencies, capital expenditures, liquidity and capital resources and other financial and operating information. When used in this discussion, the words "may," "believes," "intends," "seeks," "anticipates," "plans," "estimates," "expects," "should," "assumes," "continues," "could the negative of these or similar terms and phrases are intended to identify forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Forward-looking statements reflect our current expectations regarding future events, results or outcomes. These expectations may or may not be realized. Although we believe the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give you no assurance that these expectations will prove to have been correct. Some of these expectations may be based upon assumptions, data or judgments that prove to be incorrect. Actual events, results and outcomes may differ materially from our expectations due to a variety of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors. Although it is not possible to identify all of these risks and factors, they include, among others, the following:

4imited historical information about us;

operational structure currently is being developed;

fluctuation in results of operations;

more established competitors;

losses exceeding reserves;

downgrades or withdrawal of ratings by rating agencies;

dependence on key executives;

• dependence on letter of credit facilities that may not be available on commercially acceptable terms;

potential inability to pay dividends;

unavailability of capital in the future;

dependence on clients' evaluations of risks associated with such clients' insurance underwriting;

suspension or revocation of our reinsurance license;

potentially being deemed an investment company under U.S. federal securities law;

potential characterization of Third Point Reinsurance Ltd. and/or Third Point Reinsurance Company Ltd. as a PFIC; dependence on Third Point LLC to implement our investment strategy;

termination by Third Point LLC of our investment management agreement;

risks associated with our investment strategy being greater than those faced by competitors;

increased regulation or scrutiny of alternative investment advisers affecting our reputation;

potentially becoming subject to United States federal income taxation;

potentially becoming subject to U.S. withholding and information reporting requirements under the FATCA provisions; and

other risks and factors listed under "Risk Factors" in the prospectus on Form 424(b) dated as of August 14, 2013 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 19, 2013 (the "Prospectus").

Any one of these factors or a combination of these factors could materially affect our financial condition or future results of operations and could influence whether any forward-looking statements contained in this report ultimately prove to be accurate. Our forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and you should not place undue reliance on them. All forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made and we undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

In addition, while we do, from time to time, communicate with security analysts, it is against our policy to disclose to them any material non-public information or other confidential information. Accordingly, shareholders should not assume that we agree with any statement or report issued by any analyst irrespective of the content of the statement or report. Thus, to the extent that reports issued by securities analysts contain any projections, forecasts, or opinions, such reports are not our responsibility.

Unless the context otherwise indicates or requires, the terms "we," "our," "us," and the "Company," as used in this report, refer to Third Point Reinsurance Ltd. and its directly and indirectly owned subsidiaries, including Third Point Reinsurance Company Ltd. ("TPRCL"), as a combined entity, except where otherwise stated or where it is clear that the terms mean only Third Point Reinsurance Ltd. exclusive of its subsidiaries. Third Point Reinsurance Investment Management Ltd. is referred to as the "Catastrophe Fund Manager," Third Point Reinsurance Opportunities Fund Ltd. as the "Catastrophe Fund" and Third Point Re Cat Ltd. as the "Catastrophe Reinsurer." Overview

We are a Bermuda-based specialty property and casualty reinsurer with a reinsurance and investment strategy that we believe differentiates us from our competitors. Our objective is to deliver attractive equity returns to shareholders by combining profitable reinsurance underwriting with our investment manager Third Point LLC's superior investment management.

We manage our business on the basis of two operating segments: Property and Casualty Reinsurance and Catastrophe Risk Management. We also have a corporate function that includes our investment results and certain general and administrative expenses related to corporate activities.

Our fiscal year ends on December 31 and, unless otherwise noted, references to "year" or "fiscal year" are for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

Property and Casualty Reinsurance

We provide treaty reinsurance to insurance, reinsurance companies, government entities, and other risk bearing vehicles. Treaty reinsurance contracts are contractual arrangements that provide for automatic reinsurance of an agreed upon portion of business written as specified in a reinsurance contract. Contracts can be written on an excess of loss basis or quota share basis, although the majority of contracts written to date have been on a quota share basis. The product lines that we currently underwrite for this operating segment are: property, casualty and specialty. Insurance float is an important aspect of our property and casualty reinsurance operation. In an insurance or reinsurance operation, float arises because premiums from reinsurance contracts and consideration received for

deposit accounted contracts are collected before losses are paid and proceeds are returned on deposit accounted contracts. In some instances, the interval between premium receipts and loss payments can extend over many years. During this time interval, insurance and reinsurance companies invest the premiums received and generate investment returns. Although float can be calculated using numbers determined under U.S. GAAP, float is a non-GAAP financial measure and, therefore, there is no comparable U.S. GAAP measure.

We believe that our property and casualty reinsurance segment will contribute to our results by both generating underwriting income as well as generating float. In addition, we expect that float will grow over time as our reinsurance operations expand.

Catastrophe Risk Management

In contrast to many reinsurers with whom we compete, we have elected to limit our underwriting of property catastrophe exposures and write excess of loss catastrophe reinsurance exclusively through the Catastrophe Fund, which is a separately capitalized reinsurance fund vehicle. We established on June 15, 2012, the Catastrophe Fund, the Catastrophe Fund Manager and the Catastrophe Reinsurer, in partnership with Hiscox. Our partnership with Hiscox is governed by a shareholders' agreement that provides for certain matters relating to governance of the Catastrophe Fund Manager and restrictions on the transfers of its shares. Our investment in and management of the Catastrophe Fund allows us to provide a product that is critical to most of our reinsurance clients and to earn fee income over time. Because the Catastrophe Fund is capitalized in part by investments from unrelated parties, our financial exposure to the higher volatility and liquidity risks associated with property catastrophe losses is limited to our investment in the Catastrophe Fund, which as of September 30, 2013 was \$53.6 million. We anticipate that our property catastrophe exposures will consistently remain relatively low when compared to many other reinsurers with whom we compete and there are no additional guarantees or recourse to us beyond this investment.

The Catastrophe Fund Manager is a property catastrophe fund management company, which began writing catastrophe risk through the Catastrophe Fund and related Catastrophe Reinsurer on January 1, 2013. The Catastrophe Fund Manager receives fee income in the form of management fees and performance fees from the Catastrophe Fund. We own 85% of the Catastrophe Fund Manager and Hiscox owns the remaining 15%. We consolidate the Catastrophe Fund Manager's results in our consolidated results with a non-controlling interest recorded for the 15% Hiscox ownership. The objective of the Catastrophe Fund is to achieve positive uncorrelated investment returns by transacting, through the Catastrophe Reinsurer, in a portfolio of collateralized reinsurance treaties and other insurance-linked securities, including catastrophe bonds and industry loss warranties. The Catastrophe Reinsurer is a Bermuda based special purpose insurer authorized to write collateralized property catastrophe reinsurance business. The Catastrophe Fund owns 100% of the non-voting, participating, preferred shares of the Catastrophe Reinsurer. The Catastrophe Fund, the Catastrophe Fund Manager and Catastrophe Reinsurer commenced underwriting activity on January 1, 2013.

As of September 30, 2013, the Catastrophe Fund had a net asset value of \$101.7 million of which our share was \$53.6 million. As a result of our 52.7% majority interest in the Catastrophe Fund, we were required to consolidate the results of the Catastrophe Fund and the Catastrophe Reinsurer as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012. The Catastrophe Reinsurer is actively seeking new third party investments and we expect our interest to drop below 50% in the future which would potentially allow us to deconsolidate the Catastrophe Fund and the Catastrophe Reinsurer. Market conditions, however, have been challenging due to the launch in the past year of several similar funds and a drop in catastrophe reinsurance pricing.

On November 4, 2013, we completed a reorganization of the entities in the Catastrophe Risk Management segment through the transfer of 100% of the voting, non-participating common shares that the Catastrophe Fund Manager held in the Catastrophe Reinsurer to the Catastrophe Fund.

Investment Management

Our investment strategy is implemented by our investment manager, Third Point LLC, under a long-term investment management contract. We directly own the investments which are held in a separate account and managed by Third Point LLC on substantially the same basis as Third Point LLC's main hedge funds.

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Limited Operating History and Comparability of Results

We were incorporated on October 6, 2011 and completed our initial capitalization on December 22, 2011. We began underwriting business on January 1, 2012. We completed an initial public offering of common shares on August 20, 2013 (the "IPO"). As a result, we have a limited operating history and are exposed to volatility in our results of operations. Period to period comparisons of our results of operations may not be meaningful. In addition, the amount of premiums written may vary from year to year and from period to period as a result of several factors, including changes in market conditions and our view of the long-term profit potential of individual lines of business. Key Performance Indicators

We believe that by combining a disciplined and opportunistic approach to reinsurance underwriting with investment results from the active management of our investment portfolio, we will be able to generate attractive returns to our shareholders. The key financial measures that we believe are meaningful in analyzing our performance are: net underwriting income (loss) for our property and casualty reinsurance segment, combined ratio for our property and casualty reinsurance segment, net investment income, net investment return on investments managed by Third Point LLC, book value per share, diluted book value per share, growth in diluted book value per share and return on beginning shareholders' equity.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We have included financial measures that are not calculated under standards or rules that comprise accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). Such measures, including underwriting income or loss, combined ratio, book value per share, diluted book value per share and return on beginning shareholders' equity, are referred to as non-GAAP measures. These non-GAAP measures may be defined or calculated differently by other companies. We believe these measures allow for a more complete understanding of the underlying business. These measures are used to monitor our results and should not be viewed as a substitute for those determined in accordance with GAAP. Reconciliations of such measures to the most comparable GAAP figures are referenced below in accordance with Regulation G.

The table below shows the key performance indicators for our consolidated business for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

| | For the three months ended | | | For the nine n | nont | ths ended | | |
|---|----------------------------|-------|------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------|---------------|---|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2013 | | 2012 | |
| | (In thousands | , exe | cept for per sha | are c | lata and ratios) | | | |
| Key underwriting metrics for Property and | | | | | | | | |
| Casualty Reinsurance segment: | | | | | | | | |
| Net underwriting loss (1) | \$(4,864 |) | \$(5,818 |) | \$(12,063 |) | \$(19,689 |) |
| Combined ratio (1) | 107.9 | % | 117.0 | % | 107.7 | % | 131.3 | % |
| Key investment return metrics: | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment income | 53,371 | | \$47,686 | | \$166,129 | | \$63,911 | |
| Net investment return on investments managed by Third Point LLC | 4.3 | % | 6.1 | % | 16.9 | % | 8.4 | % |
| Key shareholders' value creation metrics: | | | | | | | | |
| Book value per share (2) | \$12.68 | | \$10.28 | | \$12.68 | | \$10.28 | |
| Diluted book value per share (2) | \$12.35 | | \$10.17 | | \$12.35 | | \$10.17 | |
| Growth in diluted book value per share (2) | 2.3 | % | 5.1 | % | 13.4 | % | 4.6 | % |
| Return on beginning shareholders' equity (3) |) 4.2 | % | 5.2 | % | 16.1 | % | 5.1 | % |

Net underwriting loss and combined ratio are Non-GAAP financial measures. See Note 23 of the accompanying consolidated financial statements for an explanation and calculation of net underwriting loss and combined ratio.
 Book value per share and diluted book value per share are Non-GAAP financial measures. See reconciliation below for calculation of book value per share and diluted book value per share.

(3) Return on beginning shareholders' equity is a Non-GAAP financial measure. See reconciliation below for calculation of return on beginning shareholders' equity.