

SEADRILL LTD
Form 6-K
May 26, 2016
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-16 OR 15D-16 OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of May 2016

Commission File Number 001-34667

SEADRILL LIMITED

Par-la-Ville Place, 4th Floor
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Hamilton HM 08 Bermuda
(441)295-6935
(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): .

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted solely to provide an attached annual report to security holders.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): .

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted to furnish a report or other document that the registrant foreign private issuer must furnish and make public under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the registrant is incorporated, domiciled or legally organized (the registrant's "home country"), or under the rules of the home country exchange on which the registrant's securities are traded, as long as the report or other document is not a press release, is not required to be and has not been distributed to the registrant's security holders, and, if discussing a material event, has already been the subject of a Form 6-K submission or other Commission filing on EDGAR.

INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS FORM 6-K REPORT

Attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 is a copy of the press release of Seadrill Limited (the "Company"), dated May 26, 2016, announcing the Company's financial results for the first quarter ended March 31, 2016.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SEADRILL LIMITED

(Registrant)

Dated: May 26, 2016

By: /s/ Georgina Sousa

Georgina Sousa

Secretary

EXHIBIT 99.1

Seadrill Limited (SDRL) - First quarter 2016 results

May 26, 2016 - Seadrill Limited ("Seadrill" or "the Company"), a world leader in offshore drilling, announces its first quarter results for the period ended March 31, 2016.

Highlights

Revenue of \$891 million

- EBITDA¹ of \$528 million

96% economic utilization²

Reported Net Income of \$88 million and diluted earnings per share of \$0.15

Cash and cash equivalents of \$1.09 billion

The Seadrill Group³ achieved 97% economic utilization

Seadrill Group orderbacklog of approximately \$9.1 billion

Figures in USD million, unless otherwise indicated	Seadrill Limited			Q1 2016 As Reported	Q1 2015 As Reported	%	Q1 2016 Underlying ⁴	Q1 2015 Underlying ⁴	%
	Q1 2016 As Reported	Q1 2015 As Reported	% change						
Revenue	891	1,244	(28)%	891	1,133	(21)%			
EBITDA	528	715	(26)%	528	648	(19)%			
Margin (%)	59	%57	%	59	% 57	%			
Operating income	328	703	(53)%	328	566	(42)%			
Net Interest bearing debt	9,645	11,435	(20)%	9,645	11,653	(17)%			

Commenting today, Per Wulff, CEO and President of Seadrill Management Ltd., said: "During the first quarter we achieved record operational uptime and we continue to see the benefits of our cost reduction program coming through. Our key priorities for the year are cost reduction, managing newbuild deferrals and concluding our financing plans, while ensuring that we continue to maintain safe and efficient operations. I am pleased to say we have made good progress in all three areas during the first quarter."

EBITDA is defined as 'Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortization' and has been calculated by taking operating profit plus depreciation and amortization but excluding gains or losses on disposals and impairment charges against goodwill. Contingent consideration realized relates to Seadrill's ongoing residual interest in the West Vela and West Polaris customer contracts, and has been included within EBITDA.

Economic utilization is calculated as total revenue, excluding bonuses, for the period as a proportion of the full operating dayrate multiplied by the number of days in the period.

Seadrill Group is defined as all companies currently consolidated into Seadrill Limited plus Seadrill Partners LLC and SeaMex Limited.

Underlying is defined as reported results, adjusted for certain non-recurring items and other exclusions as discussed
4 in the Appendix I. These numbers are reconciled to the US GAAP reported results for corresponding periods in the
Appendix.

1

Sequential Financial Results

	Seadrill Limited					
	Q1	Q4 2015	%	Q1 2016	Q4 2015	%
	2016	As	change	Underlying ⁵	Underlying ⁵	change
	As	Reported				
	Reported					
Revenue	891	959	(7.1)%	891	959	(7.1)%
EBITDA	528	513	2.9 %	528	513	2.9 %
Margin (%)	59	%53	%	59	%53	%
Operating income	328	223	47.1 %	328	316	3.8 %
Net Debt	9,645	9,937	(2.9)%	9,645	9,937	(2.9)%

Revenues of \$891 million for the first quarter 2016 were down compared to \$959 million in the fourth quarter of 2016 primarily due to dayrate reductions on the following units:

- West Tellus
- Sevan Brazil
- Sevan Driller
- AOD I, II and III
- West Mischief
- West Polaris (reduced earnout received from Seadrill Partners)

The reductions to revenue were partially offset by record utilization across our operating fleet.

Underlying net operating income for the quarter was \$328 million (Q4 2015: \$316 million). The increase primarily reflects lower operating costs in the quarter, partially offset by lower revenues.

Net financial and other items for the quarter resulted in an expense of \$156 million compared to income of \$127 million in the previous quarter. This decrease primarily relates to:

1. The revaluation of the derivative hedge book
2. An impairment to our SapuraKencana equity investment as an adjusting subsequent event following the sale of our stake in April 2016, and the write-off of our investment in our joint ventures with Sete.
3. A decrease in our share in results of associated companies related to Seadrill Partners' lower earnings for the quarter primarily due to mark to market losses on its derivative hedge book.

Income taxes for the first quarter were \$84 million, an increase of \$13 million from the previous quarter. The increase reflects a number of jurisdictional tax rate changes and a different geographical mix of revenues and profits.

Reported net income for the quarter was \$88 million representing basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.15. Excluding non-recurring items and non-cash mark to market movements on derivatives, Underlying Net income⁵ was \$153 million and underlying basic and underlying diluted earnings per share was \$0.26.

Balance sheet

As of March 31, 2016, total assets were \$23.1 billion, a decrease of \$405 million compared to the previous quarter.

Total current assets were \$3.1 billion, compared to \$2.9 billion in the preceding quarter. The increase primarily relates to the reclassification of marketable securities from non-current to current due to the sale of our remaining stake in SapuraKencana in the second quarter, which is an adjusting subsequent event.

Total non-current assets decreased to \$19.9 billion from \$20.5 billion over the course of the quarter. The difference is mainly comprised of normal depreciation of drilling units, the reclassification of marketable securities as noted above and the release of restricted cash following repayment of a loan. The loan was originally secured with SapuraKencana shares, but was subsequently supplemented with cash as its share price declined.

5 Underlying Net income represents Net income excluding impairment of investments and non-cash mark to market movements on derivatives. Underlying Net income is reconciled to US GAAP Net income in Appendix 1.

2

Total current liabilities decreased to \$3.2 billion from \$3.5 billion. During the quarter we extended three bank facilities, one of which, the \$400 million credit facility, was reclassified from current to non-current as its revised maturity date extended beyond one year.

Total non-current liabilities decreased to \$9.8 billion from \$10.0 billion. There are several main movements here:

1. The reclassification of the \$400 million credit facility as noted above
2. The repayment of the SapuraKencana share loan also noted above

The three ship finance entities from whom we lease rigs under sale and leaseback arrangements and we consolidate 3. as variable interest entities, drew down \$150 million from their bank facilities. The Ship Finance bank facilities are separate arrangements between Ship Finance and its banks.

Over the course of the quarter total net interest bearing debt (including related party debt and net of cash and cash equivalents) decreased to \$9.6 billion from \$9.9 billion in the previous quarter. The decrease was primarily due to normal quarterly installments.

Total equity was \$10.0 billion as of March 31, 2016 substantially unchanged from December 31, 2015.

Cash flow

As of March 31, 2016, cash and cash equivalents were \$1.09 billion, an increase of \$48 million compared to the previous quarter.

Net cash provided by operating activities for the three month period ended March 31, 2016 was \$294 million, net cash used in investing activities was \$2 million, and net cash used in financing activities was \$253 million.

Net cash provided by operating activities for the three month period ended December 31, 2015 was \$330 million, net cash used in investing activities was \$174 million, and net cash used in financing activities was \$276 million.

Cost Reduction

During the quarter, vessel and rig operating costs declined by \$79 million, resulting in a sequential increase of approximately 6% to our operating margin. The improvements came from reduced stacking costs and improved operating costs on our working fleet with the savings split equally.

For 2016, we are targeting additional total cash savings of approximately \$340 million at a Group level of which \$305 million is sustainable cost savings and \$35 million is deferred spend.

Newbuilding Program

We continue to make good progress on deferring newbuild deliveries. So far this year we have concluded the following agreements:

1. In January we entered into an agreement with DSME to defer the delivery of two ultra-deepwater drillships, the West Aquila and West Libra, until the second quarter 2018 and first quarter of 2019, respectively.
- 2.

In April we entered into agreements with Dalian to further defer the deliveries of all eight jack-ups under construction. Following this latest deferral agreement, five units are now scheduled to be delivered in 2017, and three units in 2018.

3. In April 2016, Sevan Drilling and Cosco agreed to exercise the second six-month deferral option for the Sevan Developer newbuilding, which extends the deferral agreement until October 15, 2016.

Discussions continue to progress regarding additional deferments.

Operations

The first quarter of 2016 was our strongest operating period to date. We had no additional idle units in the first quarter. The first quarter status and performance of the Group's delivered rig fleet is as follows:

	SDRL	SDLP	Seamex	Seadrill Group
Operating floaters	14	7	0	21
Operating floaters economic utilization	97%	99%	-	97%
Idle floaters	5	1	0	6
Operating jack-ups	14	0	5	19
Operating jack-up economic utilization	96%	-	100%	97%
Idle jack-ups	5	0	0	5
Operating tender rigs	0	3	0	3
Operating tender rigs economic utilization	-	100%	-	100%
Idle tender rigs	0	0	0	0
Total operating rigs	28	10	5	43
Total operating rigs economic utilization	96%	99%	100%	97%
Total idle rigs	10	1	0	11
Total rigs	38	11	5	54

Commercial Developments

Since the start of the year we have concluded the following commercial agreements:

The West Eclipse was awarded a new contract in Angola expected to commence in the second quarter of 2016. The 1. contract is for a fixed 2 year period and adds backlog of about \$285 million inclusive of mobilization. As part of this agreement, the backlog for the West Polaris earn-out has been decreased by about \$95 million.

The net effect of this agreement is an increase of approximately \$190 million in backlog.

The West Tellus was awarded an 18 month contract extension by Petroleo Brasileiro SA ("Petrobras") commencing 2. in April 2018 and securing work for the unit to the end of October 2019. The backlog for the contract extension is approximately \$164 million.

As part of the agreement to extend the West Tellus, we have agreed to a dayrate reduction on the current contract effective from February 26th, 2016, resulting in a \$132 million reduction in backlog.

The net effect of this agreement is a \$32 million increase in backlog.

3. The dayrate for the Sevan Brasil was reduced to \$250,000 per day from 26 February 2016 through the remainder of the contract term, ending in July 2018, resulting in a \$117 million decrease in backlog.

Subsequent to the cancellation of the contract for the Sevan Driller effective 1 December 2015, the unit has been 4. awarded a well intervention contract by Shell in Brazil for 60 days with two 30 day options commencing in the second quarter of 2016, adding approximately \$11 million in backlog.

5. The dayrate on the West Mischief was reduced to \$85,000 per day for the remainder of its contract term, resulting in a decrease of \$25 million in backlog.

6. The West Cressida secured a new 9 month contract with PTTEP in Thailand commencing in April adding approximately \$18 million in backlog.

7. The AOD I secured a three month extension with Saudi Aramco at \$125,000 per day adding approximately \$11 million in backlog.

8. The West Hercules received a notice of termination for convenience from Statoil. In accordance with the contract, Seadrill will receive a lump sum payment of approximately \$61 million, plus dayrate and reimbursement of costs associated with demobilization of the rig. The West Hercules is currently being marketed for new work.

4

Seadrill's order backlog as of May 25th, 2016 is \$4.3 billion, comprised of \$3.3 billion for the floater fleet and \$1.0 billion for the Jack-up fleet. The average contract duration is 17 months for floaters and 13 months for Jack-ups.

For the Seadrill Group, total order backlog is \$9.1 billion.

Commercial contract renegotiation discussions continue to advance with some customers and the Company continues to look toward finding commercial agreements that are beneficial to both parties in order to be better positioned for future contract awards.

Market Development

The offshore drilling market remains challenging. Despite the increase in oil prices from the 12 year low of \$27 per barrel during the first quarter, prices remain 60% below their 2014 highs. Short term supply disruptions have had effects on the oil price, indicating the market is closer to a supply demand balance than it has been for some time.

Focus from our customers' remains on "balancing the books" in 2016 and 2017 with respect to revenue and planned expenditures. Major oil companies continue to cut activity levels for 2016 and 2017 and appear to have more rig capacity already under contract than they require, severely affecting new demand and leading to contract renegotiations and terminations. New fixtures continue to be primarily extensions, often blend and extend agreements. A more sustained period of recovery and price stability is needed before we expect to see increased demand from oil companies.

Floaters

Since the beginning of 2014 58 units have been scrapped, representing more retirements than over the prior 9 years combined. 19 of the 38 rigs rolling off contract in 2016 are 5th generation or below units that will be challenged to find work for the foreseeable future as they are priced out of the market by more capable units. 15 or 20 year old assets require significant capital investments to remain part of the active fleet and very few rig owners will find economic justification to keep these old assets working.

Currently 165 floaters are contracted, representing 56% marketed utilization. The current newbuilding orderbook stands at approximately 69 units. A significant number of these newbuild orders have been delayed or cancelled and we expect this trend to continue. Delayed or cancelled newbuildings will ultimately be added to the fleet, however until an improved market justifies taking deliveries, the vast majority will likely remain in the shipyards. Between now and 2018 there is a high likelihood that there will be overall contraction in the floater fleet due to delivery delays and scrapping activity.

Jack-ups

In the jack-up market, currently there are approximately 133 idle units older than 30 years out of a total fleet of 533. Additionally there are 42 units that are rolling off contracts by the end of 2016, which are also older than 30 years. Together, these 175 rigs, or 33% of the total fleet, represent prime candidates for retirement.

Globally, contracted utilization is 60%. For units built before 2006 utilization is 53% while for newer units utilization is 70%. While utilization is still far from levels required for pricing power, customers continue to demonstrate a preference for newer and more capable equipment that can provide safer and more efficient operations.

122 additions to the fleet are currently under construction; however a significant portion of these orders were placed by investors with little or no operating track record. While a number of these speculators may exit projects, these units

will eventually reach the market, possibly in the hands of more established companies. The deployment of this incremental supply may be somewhat rationalized in the longer term as the more established players will likely only take delivery when economically viable.

Financing Update

In April we extended the three nearest maturing borrowing facilities and amended certain covenants across all our secured credit facilities, as the first part of a broader plan to refinance and recapitalize the business.

The facility extensions relate to:

1. The \$450 million credit facility originally maturing in June 2016 is now extended until the end of December 2016
2. The \$400 million credit facility originally maturing in December 2016 extended until the end of May 2017
3. The \$2 billion NADL credit facility originally maturing in April 2017 extended until the end of June 2017

The covenant amendments extend to 30 June 2017 and relate to the following:

1. A reset of the leverage covenant.
2. A revised definition of the Equity Ratio to exclude the impact of any change to the market value of our rigs.
3. A suspension of the provision that allows lenders to receive a prepayment under their secured credit facilities if rig values decline below a minimum value relative to the loan balance outstanding.

5

As part of this agreement, we have agreed a set of milestones which provide a timetable for advancing discussions around a longer term solution. The Company has agreed not to draw any of the \$467 million available to it under its revolving credit facilities and to an increase in the minimum liquidity covenant contained in its secured credit facilities from \$150 million to \$250 million during the negotiating period.

By deferring our imminent maturities, resetting a number of covenants and removing the risk of facility prepayments related to declining rig values we have established a more stable platform to pursue and conclude negotiations with our stakeholders. We are pleased with the support shown by our banking group and continue to make good progress on negotiating a broader package of measures intended to significantly improve liquidity and bridge us to a recovery in the sector.

We expect to conclude and execute our financing plans by the year end.

Second Quarter 2016 Guidance

EBITDA is expected to be around \$510 million in the second quarter (Q1 2016: \$528 million) driven by:

• The following units coming off contract during the second quarter:

West Prospero
West Castor
West Hercules

• Lower dayrates on the following units compared to the first quarter:

West Tellus
Sevan Brasil
West Cressida

• Offset by commencement of operation or higher utilization on the following units:

West Eclipse
West Phoenix

Operationally, performance in the second quarter is strong with 97% utilization quarter to date.

Forward-Looking Statements

This news release includes forward looking statements. Such statements are generally not historical in nature, and specifically include statements about the Company's plans, strategies, business prospects, changes and trends in its business and the markets in which it operates. These statements are made based upon management's current plans, expectations, assumptions and beliefs concerning future events impacting the Company and therefore involve a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this news release. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to offshore drilling market conditions including supply and demand, day rates, customer drilling programs and effects of new rigs on the market, contract awards and rig mobilizations, contract backlog, dry-docking and other costs of maintenance of the drilling rigs in the Company's fleet, the cost and timing of shipyard and other capital projects, the performance of the drilling rigs in the Company's fleet, delay in payment or disputes with customers, our ability to successfully employ our drilling units, procure or have access to financing, ability to comply with loan covenants, liquidity and adequacy of cash flow from operations, fluctuations in the international price of oil, international financial market conditions changes in governmental regulations that affect the Company or the operations of the Company's fleet, increased competition in the offshore drilling industry, and general economic, political and business conditions globally. Consequently, no forward-looking statement can be guaranteed. When considering these forward-looking statements, you should keep in mind the risks described from time to time in the Company's filings with the SEC, including its Annual Report on Form 20-F.

The Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of these factors. Further, the Company cannot assess the impact of each such factors on its business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to be materially different from those contained in any forward looking statement.

May 26, 2016
The Board of Directors
Seadrill Limited
Hamilton, Bermuda

Questions should be directed to Seadrill Management Ltd. represented by:

Per Wulff: Chief Executive Officer and President
Mark Morris: Chief Financial Officer
John Roche: Vice President Investor Relations

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Appendix I

Reconciliation of certain underlying financial measures with the reported results

Calculation of basic and diluted per share data

(in \$ million)	Q1 2016
Net income	88
Add back:	
Impairment of investments	24
Non-cash mark to market movements on derivatives	41
Net income excluding non-recurring items and non-cash mark to market movement on derivatives	153
Attributable to NCI	23
Attributable to parent	130
Underlying basic and diluted weighted average shares in issue (million)	493
Underlying basic and diluted EPS excluding non-recurring items and non-cash mark to market movement on derivatives (\$ per share)	\$0.26

Calculation of net interest bearing debt

(in \$ million)	Q1 2016	Q4 2015	Q1 2015
Interest bearing debt			
Current portion of long-term debt	1,278	1,489	1,386
Long-term debt	9,205	9,054	10,537
Long-term debt due to related parties	254	438	415
Total interest bearing debt	10,737	10,981	12,338
Cash and cash equivalents	1,092	1,044	903
Net interest bearing debt*	9,645	9,937	11,435

* Q1 2015 net interest bearing debt has been recasted to be presented on a consistent basis.

Reconciliation of reported to underlying figures

(in \$ million)	Q1 2016 As reported	Exclusions	Q1 2016 Underlying
Revenue	891	—	891
EBITDA	528	—	528
Margin (%)	59 %		59 %
Operating income	328	—	328
Net Debt	9,645	—	9,645

(in \$ million)	Q1 2015 As reported	Exclusions	Q1 2015 Underlying
Revenue	1,244	(111)	1,133
EBITDA	715	(67)	648
Margin (%)	57 %		57 %
Operating income	703	(137)	566
Net Debt	11,435	(342)	11,653

Q1 2015 Underlying represents reported numbers adjusted for West Polaris, West Titania, West Oberon, West Intrepid, West Courageous and West Defender that have been disposed of by the Company since January 1, 2015, for the purposes of comparability. The adjustments made are:

Revenue: exclusion of contract revenue relating to rigs disposed of since January 1, 2015.

EBITDA: exclusion of EBITDA relating to rigs disposed of since January 1, 2015.

Operating income: exclusion of gain on disposals and operating income of rigs disposed since January 1, 2015.

(in \$ million)	Q4 2015 As reported	Exclusions	Q4 2015 Underlying
Revenue	959	—	959
EBITDA	513	—	513
Margin (%)	53 %		53 %
Operating income	223	93	316
Net Debt	9,937	—	9,937

Q4 2015 Underlying represents reported numbers adjusted for non-recurring items, for the purposes of comparability. The adjustments made are:

Operating income: exclusion of loss on disposals

Seadrill Limited

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Seadrill Limited

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

(In \$ millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Operating revenues		
Contract revenues	808	1,144
Reimbursable revenues	18	25
Other revenues*	65	75
Total operating revenues	891	1,244
Gain on disposals*	—	186
Contingent consideration realized*	5	4
Operating expenses		
Vessel and rig operating expenses*	290	446
Reimbursable expenses	18	22
Depreciation and amortization	200	198
General and administrative expenses*	60	65
Total operating expenses	568	731
Operating income	328	703
Financial items and other income and expense		
Interest income*	20	17
Interest expense*	(102)	(112)
Loss on impairment of investments	(24)	—
Share in results from associated companies (net of tax)	39	14
Loss on derivative financial instruments*	(87)	(181)
Foreign exchange (loss)/gain	(15)	50
Other financial items and other income and (expense), net*	13	15
Total financial items and other income and (expense), net	(156)	(197)
Income before income taxes	172	506
Income tax expense	(84)	(58)
Net income	88	448
Net income attributable to the non-controlling interest	14	21
Net income attributable to the parent	74	427
Basic earnings per share (US dollar)	0.15	0.86
Diluted earnings per share (US dollar)	0.15	0.86
Declared regular dividend per share (US dollar)	—	—

* Includes transactions with related parties. Refer to Note 17.

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

Seadrill Limited

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015
(In \$ millions)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 2015	
Net income	88	448
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:		
Change in unrealized loss on marketable securities, net	(38)	(130)
Other than temporary impairment of marketable securities, reclassification to statement of operations	11	—
Change in unrealized foreign exchange differences	—	(10)
Change in actuarial gain relating to pension	6	10
Change in unrealized loss on interest rate swaps in VIEs and subsidiaries	(2)	(1)
Share of other comprehensive loss from associated companies	(7)	—
Other comprehensive loss:	(30)	(131)
Total comprehensive income for the period	58	317
Comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interest	14	23
Comprehensive income attributable to the parent	44	294

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Sadrill Limited
 UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
 as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015
 (In \$ millions)

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,092	1,044
Restricted cash	104	50
Marketable securities	286	96
Accounts receivables, net	710	718
Amount due from related party	585	639
Other current assets	364	395
Total current assets	3,141	2,942
Non-current assets		
Investment in associated companies	2,583	2,590
Marketable securities	—	228
Newbuildings	1,496	1,479
Drilling units	14,767	14,930
Restricted cash	35	198
Deferred tax assets	86	81
Equipment	44	46
Amount due from related party non-current	463	517
Assets held for sale - non-current	128	128
Other non-current assets	322	331
Total non-current assets	19,924	20,528
Total assets	23,065	23,470
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	1,278	1,489
Trade accounts payable	152	141
Short-term amounts due to related party	177	152
Other current liabilities	1,627	1,684
Total current liabilities	3,234	3,466
Non-current liabilities		
Long-term debt	9,205	9,054
Long-term debt due to related parties	254	438
Deferred tax liabilities	153	136
Other non-current liabilities	183	401
Total non-current liabilities	9,795	10,029
Equity		
Common shares of par value \$2.00 per share: 800,000,000 shares authorized 492,759,940 outstanding at March 31, 2016 (December 31, 2015, 492,759,940)	985	985
Additional paid in capital	3,273	3,275
Contributed surplus	1,956	1,956
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(150)	(120)
Retained earnings	3,354	3,275
Total shareholders' equity	9,418	9,371
Non-controlling interest	618	604

Total equity	10,036	9,975
Total liabilities and equity	23,065	23,470

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Seadrill Limited

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

(In \$ millions)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 2015	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net income	88	448
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss)/income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	200	198
Amortization of deferred loan charges	9	10
Amortization of unfavorable contracts	(30)	(40)
Share of results from associated companies	(39)	(11)
Share-based compensation expense	3	1
Gain on disposals and deconsolidations	—	(186)
Contingent consideration realized	(5)	(4)
Unrealized loss related to derivative financial instruments	41	102
Loss on impairment of investments	24	—
Dividends received from associated companies	26	72
Deferred income tax	13	(9)
Unrealized foreign exchange gain on long-term debt	26	(57)
Payments for long-term maintenance	(15)	(9)
Other, net	(1)	(1)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effect of acquisitions and disposals		
Trade accounts receivable	8	61
Trade accounts payable	(8)	12
Prepaid expenses/accrued revenue	(4)	—
Deferred revenue	(58)	(62)
Related party receivables	26	53
Related party payables	(9)	(3)
Other assets	33	6
Other liabilities	(34)	(82)
Net cash provided by operating activities	294	499

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Seadrill Limited

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015
(In \$ millions)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 2015	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Additions to newbuildings	(17)	(452)
Additions to drilling units and equipment	(20)	(115)
Proceeds from contingent consideration	32	—
Sale of business, net of cash disposed	—	999
Change in restricted cash	(52)	81
Investment in associated companies	—	(165)
Loans granted to related parties	—	(310)
Payments received from loans granted to related parties	55	8
Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities	(2)	46
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from debt and revolving line of credit	—	950
Repayments of debt and revolving line of credit	(246)	(1,405)
Debt fees paid	—	(11)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(7)	(7)
Net cash used in financing activities	(253)	(473)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	9	—
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	48	72
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	1,044	831
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	1,092	903

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

Seadrill Limited

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

(In \$ millions)

	Common shares	Additional paid-in capital	Contributed surplus	Accumulated OCI	Retained earnings	Total equity before NCI	NCI	Total equity
Balance at December 31, 2014	985	3,258	1,956	(448)	4,013	9,764	626	10,390
Sale and purchase of treasury shares, net	—	10	—	—	—	10	—	10
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(133)	—	(133)	2	(131)
Dividend to Non-controlling interests in VIEs	—	—	—	—	—	—	(7)	(7)
Net income	—	—	—	—	427	427	21	448
Balance at March 31, 2015	985	3,268	1,956	(581)	4,440	10,068	642	10,710
Balance at December 31, 2015	985	3,275	1,956	(120)	3,275	9,371	604	9,975
Share-based compensation charge	—	—	—	—	3	3	—	3
Historical stock option reclassification	—	(2)	—	—	2	—	—	—
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(30)	—	(30)	—	(30)
Net income	—	—	—	—	74	74	14	88
Balance at March 31, 2016	985	3,273	1,956	(150)	3,354	9,418	618	10,036

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Seadrill Limited

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 – General information

Seadrill Limited is incorporated in Bermuda and is a publicly listed company on the New York Stock Exchange and the Oslo Stock Exchange. We provide offshore drilling services to the oil and gas industry. As of March 31, 2016 we owned and operated 38 offshore drilling units, had 13 units under construction and an additional unit classified as held for sale. Our fleet consists of drillships, jack-up rigs and semi-submersible rigs for operations in shallow and deepwater areas, as well as benign and harsh environments.

As used herein, and unless otherwise required by the context, the term "Seadrill" refers to Seadrill Limited and the terms "Company", "we", "Group", "our" and words of similar import refer to Seadrill and its consolidated companies. The use herein of such terms as group, organization, we, us, our and its, or references to specific entities, is not intended to be a precise description of corporate relationships.

Basis of presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the Company's audited financial statements and, in the opinion of management, include all material adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments that are considered necessary for a fair statement of the Company's financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the disclosures required in complete annual financial statements. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with our annual financial statements filed with the SEC on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2015. The amounts are presented in United States dollar ("US dollar") rounded to the nearest million, unless stated otherwise.

Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the unaudited interim financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of our annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 except as discussed below or unless otherwise included in these unaudited interim financial statements as separate disclosures.

Note 2 – Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis, which changes guidance related to both the variable interest entity (VIE) and voting interest entity (VOE) consolidation models. With respect to the VIE model, the standard changes, among other things, the identification of variable interests associated with fees paid to a decision maker or service provider, the VIE characteristics for a limited partner or similar entity, and the primary beneficiary determination. With respect to the VOE model, the ASU eliminates the presumption that a general partner controls a limited partnership or similar entity unless the presumption can otherwise be overcome. Under the new guidance, a general partner would largely not consolidate a partnership or similar entity under the VOE model. The Company adopted this ASU effective January 1, 2016. The adoption of this ASU did not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-05, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement, which provides explicit guidance

about a customer's accounting for fees paid in a cloud computing arrangement. Under the ASU, if a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license, then the software license element of the arrangement should be accounted for consistent with the acquisition of other software licenses. If a cloud computing arrangement does not include a software license, the arrangement should be accounted for as a service contract. The Company adopted this ASU prospectively to arrangements entered into, or materially modified beginning January 1, 2016. The adoption of this ASU did not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-16, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments. The amendments in this update require that an acquirer recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. The guidance further requires that the acquirer record, in the same period's financial statements, the effect on earnings of changes in depreciation, amortization, or other income effects, if any, as a result of the change to the provisional amounts, calculated as if the accounting had been completed at the acquisition date and present separately on the face of the income statement or disclose in the notes the portion of the amount recorded in current-period earnings by line item that would have been recorded in previous reporting periods if the adjustment to the provisional amounts had been recognized as of the acquisition date. The Company adopted this ASU effective January 1, 2016 with prospective application. The adoption of this ASU did not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

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Seadrill Limited

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which provides new authoritative guidance on the methods of revenue recognition and related disclosure requirements. This new standard supersedes all existing revenue recognition requirements, including most industry-specific guidance. The new standard requires a company to recognize revenue when it transfers goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration that the company expects to receive for those goods or services. The new standard also requires additional qualitative and quantitative disclosures. In April 2015 the FASB proposed to defer the effective date of the guidance by one year. Based on this proposal, public entities would need to apply the new guidance for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and shall be applied, at the Company's option, retrospectively to each period presented or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. Early adoption is not permitted until periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern, which provides new authoritative guidance with regards to management's responsibility to assess an entity's ability to continue as a going concern, and to provide related footnote disclosures in certain circumstances. The ASU will be effective for all entities in the first annual period ending after December 15, 2016 (December 31, 2016 for calendar year-end entities) and early adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments—Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, which made targeted improvements to the recognition and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities. The update changes how entities measure equity investments that do not result in consolidation and are not accounted for under the equity method and how they present changes in the fair value of financial liabilities measured under the fair value option that are attributable to their own credit. The new guidance also changes certain disclosure requirements and other aspects of current US GAAP. The guidance will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years and early adoption is permitted in some cases. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). The update requires an entity to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on its balance sheet and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. It also offers specific accounting guidance for a lessee, a lessor and sale and leaseback transactions. Lessees and lessors are required to disclose qualitative and quantitative information about leasing arrangements to enable a user of the financial statements to assess the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The guidance will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years and early adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-07, Investments-Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Simplifying the Transition to the Equity Method of Accounting. The update eliminates the requirement that an investor retrospectively apply equity method accounting when an investment that it had accounted for by another method initially qualifies for use of the equity method. The guidance will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years and early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and

related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net). The update clarifies principal vs agent accounting of the new revenue standard. The guidance will be effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and shall be applied, at the Company's option, retrospectively to each period presented or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. Early adoption is not permitted until periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. The update simplifies the accounting for share based payment transactions. The guidance will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years and early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing. The update provide more clarification about identifying performance obligations and licensing. The guidance will be effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and shall be applied, at the Company's option, retrospectively to each period presented or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. Early adoption is not permitted until periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this standard update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

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Seadrill Limited

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3 – Segment information

Operating segments

The Company provides offshore drilling services to the oil and gas industry. Our business has been organized into segments based on differences in management structure and reporting, economic characteristics, customer base, asset class, and contract structure. We currently operate in the following segments:

Floater: Services encompassing drilling, completion and maintenance of offshore exploration and production wells. The drilling contracts for this segment relate to semi-submersible rigs and drillships for harsh and benign environments in mid-, deep- and ultra-deep waters.

Jack-up rigs: Services encompassing drilling, completion and maintenance of offshore exploration and production wells. The drilling contracts for this segment relate to jack-up rigs for operations in harsh and benign environments.

Other: Primarily consists of rig management services.

Segment results are evaluated on the basis of operating profit, and the information given below is based on information used for internal management reporting. The accounting principles for the segments are the same as for our consolidated financial statements.

Total revenue

	Three Months Ended	
(In \$ millions)	March 31, 2016	2015
Floaters	616	832
Jack-up rigs	246	377
Other	29	35
Total	891	1,244

Depreciation and amortization

	Three Months Ended	
(In \$ millions)	March 31, 2016	2015
Floaters	148	141
Jack-up rigs	52	57
Total	200	198

Operating income - Net Income

	Three Months Ended
(In \$ millions)	March 31,

	2016	2015
Floaters	237	376
Jack-up rigs	86	325
Other	5	2
Operating income	328	703
Unallocated items:		
Total financial items and other	(156)	(197)
Income taxes	(84)	(58)
Net Income	88	448

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Seadrill Limited

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Drilling Units and Newbuildings - Total Assets

	As of March 31, 2016	As of December 31, 2015
(In \$ millions)		
Floater	12,085	12,189
Jack-up rigs	4,178	4,220
Total Drilling Units and Newbuildings		