

ICICI BANK LTD
Form 6-K
December 28, 2007

FORM 6-K

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

Report of Foreign Issuer

**Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

For the month of December 2007
Commission File Number: 001-15002

ICICI Bank Limited
(Translation of registrant's name into English)

ICICI Bank Towers,
Bandra-Kurla Complex
Mumbai, India 400 051
(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file
annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F ☒ Form 40-F ☐

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K
in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K
in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information
contained in this Form, the Registrant is also thereby furnishing the
information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b)
under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

Yes ☐ No ☒

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in
connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): Not Applicable

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Item

1. Semi-Annual Report as filed with the Kanto Local Finance Bureau,
Japan on December 27, 2007.
-

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorised.

ICICI Bank Limited

Date: December 28, 2007

By: /s/ Nilesh Trivedi
Name : Nilesh Trivedi
Title : Assistant Company Secretary

[Form No. 10]

Cover Page

Document Name: Semi-Annual Report

Filed with: Director of Kanto Local Finance Bureau

Date of Filing: December 27, 2007

For Six-month Period: From April 1, 2007 through September 30, 2007

Corporate Name: ICICI Bank Limited

Name and Title of Representative: Sandeep Batra
Group Compliance Officer & Company Secretary

Location of Registered Office: Landmark, Race Course Circle, Vadodara 390 007,
Gujarat, India

Personal Name or Corporate Name Hironori Shibata, Attorney-at-Law
of Attorney-in-Fact:

Address or Location of Attorney-in-Fact: Anderson Mori & Tomotsune
Izumi Garden Tower
6-1, Roppongi 1-chome
Minato-ku, Tokyo

Telephone Number: 03-6888-1182

Name of Person to Contact with: Akitaka Anzai, Attorney-at-Law

Place to Contact with: Anderson Mori & Tomotsune
Izumi Garden Tower
6-1, Roppongi 1-chome
Minato-ku, Tokyo

Telephone Number: 03-6888-5820

Place(s) for Public Inspection: Not applicable.

Notes:

1. ICICI Limited, ICICI Personal Financial Services Limited and ICICI Capital Services Limited amalgamated with and into ICICI Bank Limited, effective March 30, 2002 for accounting purposes under generally accepted accounting principles in India ("Indian GAAP"). In this Semi-Annual Report, all references to "we", "our" and "us" are, unless the context otherwise requires, to ICICI Bank Limited on an unconsolidated basis subsequent to the amalgamation. References to specific data applicable to particular subsidiaries or other consolidated entities are

made by reference to the name of that particular entity. References to "ICICI Bank" or "Company" are, as the context requires,

to ICICI Bank Limited on an unconsolidated basis subsequent to the amalgamation, to ICICI Bank Limited on an unconsolidated basis prior to the amalgamation, or to both.

2. In this document, references to "US\$" are to United States dollars, references to "Rs." are to Indian rupees, and references to "¥" or "JPY" are to Japanese yen. For convenience in reading this document, certain US dollar amounts have been translated into Japanese yen at the mean of the telegraphic transfer spot selling and buying rates vis-à-vis customers as at December 5, 2007 as quoted by The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, Ltd. in Tokyo (US\$ 1 = ¥ 109.98), and certain rupee amounts have been translated into Japanese yen at the reference rate of Rs. 1 = ¥ 2.96 based on the foreign exchange rate as announced by The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi, Ltd. in Tokyo as at December 5, 2007.
 3. The fiscal year of the Company commences on April 1 and ends on March 31 of each year. References to a particular "fiscal" year are to our fiscal year ended March 31 of such year. For example, "fiscal 2007" refers to the year commenced on April 1, 2006 and ended on March 31, 2007.
 4. Figures in tables in this document have been rounded, subject to adjustment, if necessary, so that they may agree with the arithmetic sum of the figures.
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PART I. CORPORATE INFORMATION

I. SUMMARY OF LEGAL AND OTHER SYSTEMS IN HOME COUNTRY

There has been no material change during the relevant six-month period.

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II.

OUTLINE OF COMPANY

1.

Trends in Major Business Indices, etc.

The following data is derived from the audited unconsolidated financial results of ICICI Bank Limited prepared in accordance with Indian GAAP.

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Audited unconsolidated financial results

(Rs. in crore/JPY in ten-million)								
Sr. No.	Particulars	Six months ended						Ma
		September 30, 2007 (Audited)	September 30, 2007	September 30, 2006 (Audited)	September 30, 2005 (Audited)	March 31, 2007 (Audited)	Year ended March 31, 2007	
1.	Interest earned							
	(a)+(b)+(c)+(d)	Rs. 14,847.30	JPY 43,948	Rs. 9,998.79	Rs. 6,106.39	Rs. 21,995.59	JPY 65,107	Rs. 13
	a) Interest/discount on advances/bills	11,022.63	32,627	7,227.36	4,554.32	16,096.31	47,645	10
	b) Income on investments	3,497.28	10,352	2,317.99	1,347.52	4,989.84	14,770	2
	c) Interest on balances with Reserve Bank of India and other interbank funds	284.46	842	404.10	155.56	808.56	2,393	
	d) Others	42.93	127	49.34	48.99	100.88	299	
2.	Other income	4,022.53	11,907	2,847.69	2,202.05	6,927.87	20,506	4
3.	A) TOTAL INCOME (1) + (2)	18,869.83	55,855	12,846.48	8,308.44	28,923.46	85,613	18
4.	Interest expended	11,582.35	34,284	7,455.79	4,406.36	16,358.50	48,421	9
5.	O p e r a t i n g expenses (e) + (f)							
	+ (g)	3,876.12	11,473	3,056.72	2,226.17	6,690.56	19,804	5
	e) Employee cost	1,041.75	3,084	749.72	470.20	1,616.75	4,786	1
	f) Direct marketing expenses	768.09	2,274	717.95	511.49	1,523.90	4,511	1
	g) Other operating expenses	2,066.28	6,116	1,589.05	1,244.48	3,549.91	10,508	2
6.	B) TOTAL EXPENDITURE (4) + (5) (excluding provisions and contingencies)	15,458.47	45,757	10,512.51	6,632.53	23,049.06	68,225	14
7.	OPERATING PROFIT (A-B) (Profit before provisions and contingencies)	3,411.36	10,098	2,333.97	1,675.91	5,874.40	17,388	3
8.	Provisions (other than tax) and contingencies	1,196.76	3,542	682.85	262.74	2,226.36	6,590	
9.	Exceptional items	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10.	PROFIT / LOSS FROM	2,214.60	6,555	1,651.12	1,413.17	3,648.04	10,798	3

ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAX (7)-(8)-(9)							
11. Tax expense							
a) Current period tax	745.33	2,206	347.03	348.36	984.25	2,913	
b) Deferred tax adjustment	(308.41)	(913)	(70.93)	(45.25)	(446.43)	(1,321)	
12. NET PROFIT / LOSS FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (10)-(11)	1,777.68	5,262	1,375.02	1,110.06	3,110.22	9,206	2
13. Extraordinary items (net of tax expense)	..	..	..	..	..	..	
14. NET PROFIT / LOSS FOR THE PERIOD (12)-(13)	1,777.68	5,262	1,375.02	1,110.06	3,110.22	9,206	2
15. Paid-up equity share capital (face value Rs. 10/-)	1,110.66	3,288	892.92	740.92	899.34	2,662	
16. R e s e r v e s e x c l u d i n g r e v a l u a t i o n reserves	43,641.32	129,178	22,657.47	12,975.38	23,413.92	69,305	21
17. Analytical ratios							
(i) Percentage of shares held by Government of India	..	..	..	..	..	..	
(ii) Capital adequacy ratio	16.76%	..	14.34%	11.52%	11.69%	..	
(iii) Earnings per share (EPS) for the period							

	Basic EPS before and after extraordinary items net of tax expenses (not annualised for quarter/period) (in Rs.)	17.79	53	15.42	15.02	34
	Diluted EPS before and after extraordinary items net of tax expenses (not annualised for quarter/period) (in Rs.)	17.68	52	15.30	14.87	34
18.	NPA Ratio					
	i) Gross non-performing advances (net of technical write-off)	5,931.53	17,557	2,969.86	2,425.72	4,120
	ii) Net non-performing advances	2,970.94	8,794	1,509.23	1,032.51	1,992
	iii) % of gross non-performing advances (net of technical write-off) to gross advances (net of write-off)	2.8 %	..	1.9 %	2.2 %	
	iv) % of net non-performing advances to net advances	1.4 %	..	1.0 %	1.0 %	
19.	Return on assets (annualised)	1.01 %	..	1.02 %	1.17 %	
20.	Aggregate of non-promoter shareholding					
	· No. of shares	1,111,912,138	3,291,259,928	892,895,861	740,881,117	899,266,000
	· Percentage of shareholding	100	..	100	100	
21.	Deposits	228,306.63	675,788	189,499.37	120,452.34	230,510
22.	Advances	207,121.07	613,078	155,403.49	107,070.97	195,860

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23.	Total assets	Rs.	364,944.21	JPY	1,080,235	Rs.	282,372.54	Rs.	189,218.48	344,65
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Unconsolidated segmental information of ICICI Bank Limited for the period ended September 30, 2007

(Rs. in crore/JPY in ten-million)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Six months ended				Year ended			
		September 30, 2007 (Audited)	September 30, 2007	September 30, 2006 (Audited)	September 30, 2005 (Audited)	March 31, 2007 (Audited)	March 31, 2007	March 31, 2006 (Audited)	March 31, 2005 (Audited)
1.	Segment Revenue								
a	Consumer and Commercial Banking	Rs. 14,930.36	JPY 44,194	Rs. 10,697.75	Rs. 6,975.25	Rs. 23,479.37	JPY 69,499	Rs. 15,111.11	Rs. 10,111.11
b	Investment Banking	4,712.76	13,950	2,982.26	2,005.06	7,066.20	20,916	4,712.76	4,712.76
	Total revenue	19,643.12	58,144	13,680.01	8,980.31	30,545.57	90,415	19,823.87	14,823.87
	Less: Inter Segment Revenue	773.29	2,289	833.53	(671.87)	1,622.11	4,801	1,622.11	(671.87)
	Income from Operations	18,869.83	55,855	12,846.48	8,308.44	28,923.46	85,613	18,201.76	14,151.74
2.	Segmental Results (i.e. Profit before tax & provisions)								
a	Consumer and Commercial Banking	2,254.84	6,674	1,883.68	1,429.21	4,535.25	13,424	2,254.84	1,429.21
b	Investment Banking	1,175.72	3,480	469.49	265.90	1,377.55	4,078	1,175.72	265.90
	Total profit before tax & provisions	3,430.56	10,154	2,353.17	1,695.11	5,912.80	17,502	3,430.56	1,695.11
3.	Provisions								
a	Consumer and Commercial Banking	1,162.52	3,441	675.99	206.15	2,196.86	6,503	1,162.52	206.15
b	Investment Banking	34.24	101	6.86	56.59	29.50	87	34.24	56.59
	Total provisions	1,196.76	3,542	682.85	262.74	2,226.36	6,590	1,196.76	262.74
4.	Segment Results (i.e. Profit before tax)								
a	Consumer and Commercial Banking	1,092.32	3,233	1,207.69	1,223.06	2,338.39	6,922	1,092.32	1,223.06
b	Investment Banking	1,141.48	3,379	462.63	209.31	1,348.05	3,990	1,141.48	209.31
	Total profit before tax	2,233.80	6,612	1,670.32	1,432.37	3,686.44	10,912	2,233.80	1,432.37

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	Unallocated	19.20	57	19.20	19.20	38.40	114	
	Tax	436.92	1,293	276.10	303.11	537.82	1,592	
	Profit after tax	1,777.68	5,262	1,375.02	1,110.06	3,110.22	9,206	2
5.	C a p i t a l							
	Employed (i.e.							
	Segment Assets							
	– S e g m e n t							
	L i a b i l i t i e s							
	e x c l u d i n g							
	inter-segmental							
	funds lent and							
	borrowed)							
a.	Consumer and							
	Commercial							
	Banking	(28,165.49)	(83,370)	(45,179.23)	(23,351.11)	(47,842.84)	(141,615)	(27
b.	I n v e s t m e n t							
	Banking	68,470.67	202,673	65,489.89	34,720.35	68,079.85	201,516	47
	Total capital							
	employed	Rs. 40,305.18	JPY 119,303	Rs. 20,310.66	Rs. 11,369.24	Rs. 20,237.01	JPY 59,902	Rs. 19

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Notes

1. The above financial results have been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standard ("AS") 25 on "Interim Financial Reporting".
2. The Sangli Bank Limited ("Sangli Bank") has merged with ICICI Bank Limited effective April 19, 2007 as per the order of Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") dated April 18, 2007. Pursuant to the merger of Sangli Bank with ICICI Bank Limited, the shareholders of Sangli Bank were allotted 3,455,008 equity shares of Rs. 10.00 each on May 28, 2007. The merger has been accounted for as per the purchase method of accounting in accordance with the scheme of amalgamation.
3. The Bank issued 75,686,388 equity shares (including over-allotment option) of Rs. 10.00 each to Qualified Institutional Bidders and Non-Institutional Bidders at a price of Rs. 940.00 per share and 32,912,238 equity shares of Rs. 10.00 each to Retail Bidders and Existing Retail Shareholders at a price of Rs. 890.00 per share, pursuant to a public issue of equity shares, aggregating to Rs. 10,043.71 crore on July 5, 2007. At September 30, 2007, 17,402,172 equity shares are partly paid on which Rs. 500 per share has been paid up (Rs. 9.25 towards face value and Rs. 490.75 towards share premium).
4. The Bank has also issued 49,949,238 American Depositary Shares ("ADSs") including over-allotment option of 6,497,462 ADSs at US\$ 49.25 per share, representing 99,898,476 underlying equity shares of Rs. 10.00 each, aggregating to Rs. 9,923.64 crore on July 5, 2007.
5. During the quarter ended September 30, 2007, the Bank allotted 402,758 equity shares of Rs. 10.00 each pursuant to exercise of employee stock options.
6. Status of equity investors' complaints/grievances for the quarter ended September 30, 2007.

Opening balance	Additions	Disposals	Closing balance
8	14,327	14,330	5

7. Provision for current period tax includes Rs. 11.78 crore towards provision for fringe benefit tax for the quarter ended September 30, 2007 (Rs. 24.26 crore for the six months ended September 30, 2007).
8. US\$ 750 million (Rs. 2,988.75 crore) of foreign currency bonds raised in fiscal 2007 for Upper Tier II capital have been excluded from the above capital adequacy ratio (CAR) computation, pending clarification required by RBI regarding certain terms of these bonds.
9. As required by RBI general clarification dated July 11, 2007, the Bank has deducted the amortization of premium on government securities, from "Income on investments" included in "Interest earned", which was earlier included in "Other income" amounting to Rs. 210.34 crore for quarter ended September 30, 2007 (Rs. 242.74 crore for quarter ended September 30, 2006), Rs. 445.64 crore for the six months ended September 30, 2007 (Rs. 509.27 crore for the six months ended September 30, 2006) and Rs. 998.70 crore for year ended March 31, 2007. Prior period figures have been reclassified to conform to the current classification.
10. Previous period/year figures have been regrouped/reclassified where necessary to conform to current period classification.
11. The financial results for fiscal 2007, six months ended September 30, 2006 and 2007 have been taken on record by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on October 19, 2007.
12. The financial results for fiscal 2007, six months ended September 30, 2006 and 2007 have been audited by BSR & Co., Chartered Accountants, fiscal 2006 and six months ended September 30, 2005 have been audited S.R. Batliboi & Co., Chartered Accountants.
13. Rs. 1 crore = Rs. 10 million.

2.

Nature of Business

Supervision and Regulation

In October 2007, RBI issued amendments to guidelines on asset-liability management to improve the management of liquidity by banks and to provide a stimulus for development of the term-money market. RBI has advised banks to adopt a more detailed approach to measurement of liquidity risk effective January 1, 2008 by splitting the first time period (1-14 days at present) in the statement of structural liquidity into three time periods - next day, 2-7 days and 8-14 days. The net cumulative negative liquidity mismatches during the next day, 2-7 days, 8-14 days and 15-28 days periods should not exceed 5.0%, 10.0%, 15.0% and 20.0% of the cumulative cash outflows in the respective time periods in order to recognize the cumulative impact on liquidity. Banks have also been permitted to undertake dynamic liquidity management and instructed to prepare the structural liquidity statement on a daily basis. Currently, banks monitor their cumulative mismatches across two time buckets of 1-14 days and 15-28 days.

In August 2007, RBI decided to regulate external commercial borrowings ("ECBs") by borrowers in India. ECBs in excess of US\$ 20.0 million per borrower would now be permitted only for foreign currency expenditure (and not for rupee expenditure). In addition, ECBs in excess of US\$ 20.0 million would need to be retained overseas until actual requirement in India. For rupee expenditure, ECBs would be permitted only up to US\$ 20.0 million, with the prior approval of RBI.

In August 2007, RBI issued a discussion paper on holding companies in banking groups, on which it has invited comments. In the discussion paper, RBI has stated that there are advantages in having a financial or bank holding company structure, for which a proper legal framework needs to be created. However, it has stated that it would be desirable to avoid intermediate holding company structures, of the type proposed by us for our insurance and asset management subsidiaries.

In October 2007, to enhance the range of eligible instruments available to banks for capital adequacy purposes, RBI issued guidelines permitting banks to issue preference shares as part of regulatory capital. Banks have been allowed to issue perpetual non-cumulative preference shares as part of tier I capital and perpetual cumulative preference shares, redeemable non-cumulative preference shares and redeemable cumulative preference shares as part of tier II capital. The guideline is not applicable to private sector banks subject to amendments to the Banking Regulation Act.

In October 2007, RBI issued guidelines regarding valuation of non-performing assets being put up for sale. Banks have been instructed to work out the net present value of the estimated cash flows associated with the realizable value of the available asset net of the cost of realization. The sale price should not be lower than the net present value. RBI has instructed banks to follow the same procedure in case of compromise settlements as well.

In November 2007, RBI issued draft guidelines for banks engaging recovery agents. RBI has asked banks to put in place a due diligence process for engagement of recovery agents, structured to cover individuals involved in the recovery process. Banks are expected to communicate details of recovery agents to borrowers and have in place

grievance redressal mechanism pertaining to the recovery process. Further, banks have been advised to ensure that recoveries happen through lawful means only. RBI has advised banks to initiate a training course for current and prospective recovery agents to ensure prudent recovery practices. The guidelines are currently under discussion.

Credit Policy Measures

Mid-Term Review of the Annual Policy Statement for Fiscal 2008

In its mid-term review announced on October 30, 2007, RBI raised the cash reserve ratio by 50 basis points from 7.0% to 7.5% while keeping the bank rate, repo rate and reverse repo rate unchanged.

Except as stated above, there have been no material changes.

3. State of Affiliated Companies

ICICI Wealth Management Inc. ("ICICI WM") was incorporated as a 100% subsidiary of ICICI Bank Canada on July 28, 2006. ICICI WM received a Limited Market Dealer license from the Ontario Securities Commission on March 2, 2007, which permits ICICI WM to provide wealth management services to accredited investors and sophisticated investors as defined in Canadian regulations in Canada (except those in the provinces of Newfoundland and Labrador).

4. State of Employees

As of September 30, 2007, ICICI Bank Limited had 36,789 permanent (including employees on probation) employees.

The Bank has also used the services of certain employees on contract basis. The contract is generally for a period of about one year. The average number of such employees during the six months ended September 30, 2007 were about 11,200.

III.

STATEMENT OF BUSINESS

1.

Outline of Results of Operations, etc.

The following discussion is based on the audited unconsolidated financial results of ICICI Bank Limited for the six months ended September 30, 2007.

Profit before provisions and tax increased by 46.2% to Rs. 34.12 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 23.34 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to a 28.4% increase in net interest income, and a 41.3% increase in non-interest income offset, in part, by a 26.8% increase in non-interest expense. Provisions and contingencies (excluding provision for tax) increased to Rs. 11.97 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 6.83 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006 due to the higher level of specific provisioning on loans, particularly retail and rural loans reflecting the seasoning of the loan portfolio and the change in the portfolio mix towards non-collateralized retail loans. Profit after tax increased by 29.3% to Rs. 17.78 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 13.75 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006.

- Net interest income (net of amortization of premium on government securities) increased by 28.4% to Rs. 32.65 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 25.43 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily reflecting an increase of 28.5% in the average volume of interest-earning assets. As per guidelines issued by RBI amortization of premium on government securities is now deducted from interest earned. Previous period/years figures have been regrouped/re-classified based on current year's classification.
- Non-interest income increased by 41.3% to Rs. 40.23 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 28.48 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to a 24.6% increase in income from commission, exchange and brokerage and a 69.9% increase in income from treasury-related activities. Income from commission, exchange and brokerage primarily includes fees from structuring and advisory fees, fees from retail asset products and loan processing fees. Treasury related activities primarily include capital gains from sale of shares and government securities.
- Non-interest expenses increased by 26.8% to Rs. 38.76 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 30.57 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to a 39.0% increase in employee expenses and a 36.4% increase in other administrative expenses like rent, taxes and lighting charges and retail business expenses.
- Provisions and contingencies (excluding provision for tax) increased to Rs. 11.97 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 6.83 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to a higher level of specific provisioning on loans. Net provision on non-performing loans increased in the six months ended September 30, 2007 compared to six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to increase in provisioning on retail loans. The increase in provisioning on retail loans primarily reflects the seasoning of the loan portfolio and the change in the portfolio mix towards non-collateralized retail loans.

- Total assets increased by 29.2% to Rs. 3,649.44 billion at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 2,823.72 billion at September 30, 2006 primarily due to a 33.3% increase in advances and 23.3% increase in investments. Total assets (gross) of overseas branches increased to Rs. 608.08 billion at September 30, 2007 compared to Rs. 319.83 billion at September 30, 2006.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income (net of amortization of premium on government securities) increased by 28.4% to Rs. 32.65 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 25.43 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006, reflecting primarily:

- an increase of Rs. 695.11 billion or 28.5% in the average volume of interest-earning assets; and
- net interest margin of 2.1% in the six months ended September 30, 2007 and September 30, 2006.

The average volume of interest-earning assets increased by Rs. 695.11 billion or 28.5% in the six months ended September 30, 2007, primarily due to an increase in average advances by Rs. 464.81 billion and increase in average investments by Rs. 205.75 billion. The increase in average advances was primarily due to increase in loans in overseas branches and retail loans. Retail advances, net of provisions and write-off, increased by 21.7% to Rs. 1,310.14 billion at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 1,076.79 billion at September 30, 2006 and advance in overseas branches increased to Rs. 369.94 billion at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 150.25 billion at September 30, 2006. The increase in average investments was primarily due to increased investment in government securities in line with the increase in our net demand and time liabilities.

Interest income increased by 48.5% to Rs. 148.47 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 99.99 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to an increase of 28.5% in the average interest-earning assets to Rs. 3,136.53 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 2,441.42 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006. Yield on average interest-earning assets increased to 9.5% in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from 8.2% in the six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to an increase in the yield on advances to 11.2% in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from 9.6% in the six months ended September 30, 2006. Yield on average interest-earning investments increased to 7.7% in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from 6.6% in the six months ended September 30, 2006.

The yield on advances has increased due to an increase in lending rates in line with the general increase in interest rates and an increase in the volume of certain high yielding loans. Our prime lending rate (ICICI Bank's benchmark lending rate) has increased by 250 basis points in the period from September 30, 2006 to September 30, 2007. Our benchmark rate for floating rate home loans has increased by 250 basis points in the same period. Yield on average interest-earning investments increased primarily due to an increase in the yield on government securities by 60 basis points to 7.1% in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from 6.5% in the six months ended September 30, 2006 and an

increase in the dividend income from our investments in the assets of various funds. The amortization of premium on government securities in the six months ended September 30, 2007 was Rs. 4.46 billion compared to Rs. 5.09 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006.

Total interest expense increased by 55.3% to Rs. 115.82 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 74.56 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006, due to a 27.8% increase in average interest-bearing liabilities to Rs. 2,997.98 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 2,345.73 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006 and an increase of 140 basis points in our cost of funds to 7.7% in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from 6.3% in the six months ended September 30, 2006. Cost of deposits increased to 7.8% in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from 6.0% in the six months ended September 30, 2006 as a result of the general increase in interest rates particularly in the last quarter of fiscal 2007 reflecting a tight systemic liquidity scenario and increases in deposit rates for retail and other customers. Total deposits at September 30, 2007 constituted 75.6% of our funding (comprising deposits, borrowings and subordinated debts) compared to 78.6% at September 30, 2006. Total deposits increased 20.5% to Rs. 2,283.07 billion at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 1,894.99 billion at September 30, 2006. The cost of borrowings increased marginally to 7.7% in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from 7.6% in the six months ended September 30, 2006.

Our net interest margin remained constant at 2.1% in the six months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to six months ended September 30, 2006. Our net interest margin is expected to continue to be lower than other banks in India until we increase the proportion of retail deposits in our total funding. The net interest margin is also impacted by the relatively lower net interest margin earned by our overseas branches, which is offset by the higher fee income that we are able to earn by leveraging our international presence and our ability to meet the foreign currency borrowing requirements of Indian companies.

Interest rates in the Indian banking system have continually increased over the last two years. During the last quarter of fiscal 2007, the Indian markets experienced volatility and sharp increases in interest rates and we experienced a sharp increase in our funding costs, which adversely impacted our net interest margin. It cannot be assured that we will be able to pass through all the increases in our funding costs to our lending customers. Any failure to pass the higher funding costs completely to our customers could adversely impact our net interest margin. Higher interest rates could also impact our fixed income trading and other investment portfolio adversely.

RBI has increased the cash reserve ratio requirement for banks from 5.0% at September 30, 2006 to 7.0% at September 30, 2007. From April 2007, the cash reserve ratio requirement is 6.5% of liabilities and from July 2007, is 7.0%. RBI makes no interest payments on these balances compared to the cash reserve ratio requirement of 5.0% of liabilities and effective interest payment of 1.4% on these balances in the period from April 1, 2006 to September 30, 2006. This has adversely impacted our net interest income in the six months ended September 30, 2007.

Non-Interest Income

The following table sets forth the principal components of our non-interest income for the periods presented.

	Six months ended September 30,			2007/2006
	2006	2007	2007	%
	(in millions, except percentages)			change
	Rs.	Rs.	JPY	
Commission, exchange and brokerage income	19,446.9	24,229.0	71,718	24.6%
Income from treasury-related activities ⁽¹⁾	5,089.1	8,647.6	25,597	69.9
Lease income	1,297.9	1,075.6	3,184	(17.1)
Other income ⁽²⁾	2,643.0	6,273.1	18,568	137.3
	Rs.	Rs.	JPY	
Total non-interest income	28,476.9	40,225.3	119,067	41.3%

(1) Includes profit/loss on sale of investments and revaluation of investments and foreign exchange gain/loss.

(2) Includes dividend from subsidiaries of Rs. 5,947.0 million for six months ended September 30, 2007 and Rs. 1,356.5 million for six months ended September 30, 2006.

Non-interest income increased by 41.3% to Rs. 40.23 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 28.48 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to an increase in income from commission, exchange and brokerage, an increase in income from treasury-related activities and an increase in other income.

Income from commission, exchange and brokerage increased by 24.6% to Rs. 24.23 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 19.45 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to growth in fee income from structuring and advisory fees, fees from retail asset products and loan processing fees. Fees from corporate banking and international business witnessed a strong growth in the six months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to six months ended September 30, 2006. Income from commission, exchange and brokerage excludes income from customer derivative transactions and merchant foreign exchange transactions.

Total income from treasury-related activities was Rs. 8.65 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007, compared to Rs. 5.09 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006, as we continued to capitalize on the opportunities created by the buoyant equity markets through divestment of certain of our non-core investments. Treasury income includes income from customer derivative transactions and merchant foreign exchange transactions. Treasury income for the six months ended September 30, 2007 is net of unrealized losses of Rs. 1.26 billion on unfunded credit derivatives. The marked-to-market provision on such credit derivatives is subject to risk of further widening of credit spreads.

Lease income decreased by 17.1% to Rs. 1.08 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 1.30 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to a reduction in lease assets since we are not entering into new lease transactions. Our total leased assets were Rs. 8.91 billion at September 30, 2007 compared to Rs. 10.53 billion at September 30, 2006.

Other income increased to Rs. 6.28 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 compared to Rs. 2.64 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006. Other

income includes dividend income from subsidiaries and joint ventures, unrealized gains on rupee interest rate derivative transactions and profit on sale of fixed assets.

Non-Interest Expense

The following table sets forth the principal components of non-interest expense for the periods presented.

	Six months ended September 30, 2007/2006			
	2006	2007	2007	% change
	(in millions, except percentages)			
	Rs.	Rs.	JPY	
Employee expenses	7,497.2	10,417.5	30,836	39.0%
Depreciation on own property (including non-banking assets)	1,743.7	1,888.5	5,590	8.3
Auditors' fees and expenses	10.0	11.8	35	18.0
Other administrative expenses	13,112.4	17,879.0	52,922	36.4
Total non-interest expense (excluding lease depreciation and direct marketing agency expenses)	22,363.3	30,196.8	89,383	35.0
Depreciation (net of lease equalization) on leased assets	1,024.4	883.5	2,615	(13.8)
Direct marketing agency expenses	7,179.5	7,680.9	22,735	7.0
	Rs.	Rs.	JPY	
Total non-interest expenses	30,567.2	38,761.2	114,733	26.8%

Non-interest expense (excluding direct marketing agency expense and lease depreciation) increased by 35.0% in the six months ended September 30, 2007 to Rs. 30.20 billion from Rs. 22.36 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to a 39.0% increase in employee expenses and a 36.4% increase in other administrative expenses.

Employee expenses increased by 39.0% to Rs. 10.42 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 7.50 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006 reflecting a 33.9% increase in the number of permanent employees to 36,789 at September 30, 2007 from 30,977 at September 30, 2006 and annual increase in salaries. The increase in the number of employees was commensurate with the growth in business.

Other administrative expenses increased by 36.4% to Rs. 17.88 billion from Rs. 13.11 billion primarily due to the increased volume of business, particularly in retail banking, and includes maintenance of ATMs, insurance premium, collection expenses and other expenses. The number of branches (excluding foreign branches and OBUs) and extension counters increased to 950 at September 30, 2007 from 632 at September 30, 2006 pursuant to merger of Sangli Bank and opening of new branches. ATMs increased to 3,596 at September 30, 2007 from 2,336 at September 30, 2006.

We use marketing agents, called direct marketing agents or associates, for sourcing retail assets. We include commissions paid to these direct marketing agents of our retail assets in operating expenses. These commissions are expensed upfront and not amortized over the life of the loan. We incurred direct marketing agency expenses of Rs. 7.68 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 compared to Rs. 7.18 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006.

Provisions and Contingencies

The following table sets forth the components of provisions and contingencies for the periods presented.

	Six months ended September 30,			
	2006	2007	2007	2007/2006 % change
	(in millions, except percentages)			
Provision for investments (including credit substitutes) (net)				
(1)	Rs. 241.6	Rs. 101.3	JPY 300	(58.1)%
Provision for non-performing assets (2)	4,652.4	10,450.4	30,933	124.6
Provision for standard assets	1,340.0	890.0	2,634	(33.6)
Others	594.5	525.9	1,557	(11.5)
		Rs.		
Total provisions and contingencies (excluding tax)	Rs. 6,828.5	11,967.6	JPY 35,424	75.3%

(1) Excludes amortization of premium on government securities.

(2) We do not distinguish between provisions and write-offs while assessing the adequacy of our loan loss coverage, as both provisions and write-offs represent a reduction of the principal amount of a non-performing asset. In compliance with regulations governing the presentation of financial information by banks, gross non-performing assets are reported gross of provisions net of cumulative write-offs in our financial results.

We classify our loans in accordance with RBI guidelines. Provisions and contingencies (excluding provisions for tax) increased to Rs. 11.97 billion or 75.3% in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 6.83 billion for the six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to higher level of specific provisioning on loans. Net provision on non-performing loans increased for six months ended September 30, 2007 compared to the six months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to increase in provisioning on retail loans.

The increase in provisioning on retail loans primarily reflects the seasoning of the loan portfolio and the change in the portfolio mix towards non-collateralized retail loans. Our net non-collateralized retail loans (including overdraft financing against automobiles) increased to about Rs. 201.00 billion at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 136.18 billion at September 30, 2006. Our non-collateralized retail loans constituted 15.3% of total retail advances as at September 30, 2007 as compared to 12.6% as at September 30, 2006. Our gross non-performing advances was Rs. 59.32 billion at September 30, 2007 compared to Rs. 29.70 billion at September 30, 2006 and our net non-performing advances was Rs. 29.71 billion at September 30, 2007 compared to Rs. 15.09 billion as on September 30, 2006.

Tax Expense

Income tax expenses increased to Rs. 4.37 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2007 from Rs. 2.76 billion in the six months ended September 30, 2006. The effective tax rate for the six months ended September 30, 2007 was 19.7% compared to 16.7% for the six months ended September 30, 2006. The effective tax rate continued to be lower than the statutory rates in the six months ended September 30, 2007, primarily due to the concessional rate of tax on capital gains, exemption of dividend income, deduction towards special reserve and deduction of income of off-shore banking unit. The tax provision for the six months ended September 30, 2007 was based on the estimated tax liability for the full fiscal year in line with applicable guidelines under Indian GAAP.

The Finance Act 2007 made Fringe Benefit Tax ("FBT") applicable on Employees' Stock Option Scheme ("ESOS"). We recover the FBT from our employees and it is accounted for in the balance sheet on the date of exercise of the stock option.

Financial Condition

Our total assets increased by 29.2% to Rs. 3,649.44 billion as at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 2,823.72 billion as at September 30, 2006, primarily due to increase in advances and investments. Net advances increased by 33.3% to Rs. 2,071.21 billion as at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 1,554.03 billion as at September 30, 2006, primarily due to an increase in term loans, loans in overseas branches and an increase in retail advances in accordance with our strategy of growth in our retail portfolio, offset, in part by reduction in advances due to repayments and securitizations. Total investments as at September 30, 2007 increased 23.3% to Rs. 1,022.89 billion as at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 829.92 billion as at September 30, 2006, primarily due to a 22.5% increase in government and other approved securities to Rs. 743.83 billion as at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 607.14 billion as at September 30, 2006 in line with the increase in our net demand and time liabilities. Banks in India are required to maintain a specified percentage, currently 25.0%, of their net demand and time liabilities by way of liquid assets like cash, gold or approved unencumbered securities. Other investments (including debentures and bonds) increased by 25.3% to Rs. 279.06 billion as at September 30, 2007 compared to Rs. 222.78 billion as at September 30, 2006, reflecting an increase in investments in insurance and international subsidiaries and pass through certificates. Cash, balances with RBI and other banks and money at call and short notice as at September 30, 2007 were Rs. 340.25 billion compared to Rs. 238.26 billion as at September 30, 2006. Other assets, including fixed assets, increased to Rs. 215.09 billion as at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 201.52 billion as at September 30, 2006. Total assets (gross) of overseas branches (including offshore banking unit in Mumbai) increased by 94.0% to Rs. 608.08 billion as at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 319.83 billion as at September 30, 2006.

Our equity share capital and reserves as at September 30, 2007 was Rs. 447.52 billion as compared to Rs. 235.50 billion as at September 30, 2006, primarily due to the increase in the equity capital on account of our follow-on public offering of Rs. 192.63 billion during the year. Total deposits increased by 20.5% to Rs. 2,283.07 billion as at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 1,894.99 billion as at September 30, 2006. Our savings account deposits increased by 28.2% to Rs. 348.28 billion as at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 271.77 billion as at September 30, 2006, while other demand deposits increased by 55.2% to Rs. 229.99 billion as at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 148.19 billion as at September 30, 2006. Term deposits increased by 15.6% to Rs. 1,704.80 billion as at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 1,475.03 billion as at September 30, 2006. Total deposits as at September 30, 2007 constituted 75.6% of our funding (comprising deposits, borrowings and subordinated debts) compared to 78.6% as at September 30, 2006. Borrowings (including subordinated debt) increased to Rs. 735.85 billion as at September 30, 2007 from Rs. 516.01 billion as at September 30, 2006.

Recent Developments

Equity issue

We made a follow-on public offering of equity shares (including an over-allotment option) and ADSs via a prospectus dated June 26, 2007 and June 13, 2007, respectively, in an aggregate amount of Rs. 199,673.5 million. The expenses of the issue amounting to Rs. 1,846.6 million have been written-off against securities premium account as per the objects of the issue as stated in the prospectus. The details of the equity and ADS offerings are set forth in the table below.

	No. of equity shares (Rupees in million, except no. of shares)	Amount of securities premium in million, except no. of shares)	Aggregate proceeds
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each at a premium of Rs. 930 per share	61,923,519	57,588.9	58,208.1
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each at a premium of Rs. 880 per share ⁽¹⁾	32,912,238	28,962.7	29,291.9
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each at a premium of Rs. 930 per share issued under over-allotment option	13,762,869	12,799.5	12,937.1
49,949,238 ADSs at a price of US\$ 49.25 per ADS ^{(2), (3), (4)}	99,898,476	98,237.4	99,236.4
Total	208,497,102	197,588.5	199,673.5

(1) Includes 17,402,172 partly paid up equity shares of Rs. 10 each at a premium of Rs. 880 per share, on which Rs. 500 is to be paid on application and allotment and the balance amount of Rs. 390 payable on one call to be made within 6 months from the date of allotment.

(2) Includes 6,497,462 ADSs issued on exercise of the over-allotment option.

(3) 1 ADS = 2 equity shares of Rs. 10 each.

(4) Converted at US\$ 1 = Rs. 40.34, being noon buying rate on the date of allotment.

Merger of Sangli Bank Limited

Sangli Bank was amalgamated with ICICI Bank with effect from April 19, 2007 as per the terms of a Scheme of Amalgamation approved by RBI via its order DBOD No. PSBD 10268/16.01.128/2006-07 dated April 18, 2007 under section 44A(4) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 (the "Scheme"). Sangli Bank is a banking company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 and licensed by RBI under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The consideration for the amalgamation was 100 equity shares of ICICI Bank of face value Rs. 10 each fully paid-up for every 925 equity shares of Rs. 10 each of Sangli Bank. Accordingly on May 28, 2007, ICICI Bank allotted 3,455,008 equity shares of Rs. 10 each, credited as fully paid up, to the shareholders of Sangli Bank.

As per the Scheme, the entire undertaking of Sangli Bank, including all its assets and liabilities were transferred/deemed to be transferred to and vest in the Bank with effect from April 19, 2007 and all branches of Sangli Bank started operating as ICICI Bank branches.

The amalgamation has been accounted for as per the Scheme in accordance with the purchase method of accounting. Excess of the paid-up value of the shares issued over the fair value of the net assets acquired and amalgamation expenses totaling of Rs. 3.5

billion has been written off from the share premium account as per the terms of the Scheme.

2. State of Production, Orders Accepted and Sales

Please refer to " - II. - 2. Nature of Business" and " - III. - 1. Outline of Results of Operations".

3. Problems to be Coped with

There has been no material change during the relevant six-month period.

4. Material Contracts relating to Management, etc.

There has been no material change during the relevant six-month period.

5. Research and Development Activities

There has been no material change during the relevant six-month period.

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IV. STATEMENT OF FACILITIES

1. State of Major Facilities

Our registered office is located at Landmark, Race Course Circle, Vadodara 390 007, Gujarat, India. Our corporate headquarter is located at ICICI Bank Towers, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra, India.

At September 30, 2007, we had a network consisting of 918 branches (excluding foreign branches and OBU SEEPZ (Santa Cruz Electronics Export Processing Zone)), 32 extension counters and 3,596 ATMs. These facilities are located throughout India. In addition to the branches, extension counters and ATMs, we have 18 controlling/administrative offices including the registered office at Vadodara and the corporate headquarter at Mumbai, 36 regional processing centers in various cities and one central processing center at Mumbai. We also have a branch each in Bahrain, Dubai International Finance Centre, Hong Kong, OBU SEEPZ, Qatar, Singapore, Sri Lanka, and the United States and one representative office each in Bangladesh, China, Indonesia, Malaysia, South Africa, Thailand and United Arab Emirates. We also provide residential and holiday home facilities to employees at subsidized rates.

2. Plan for Installation, Retirement, etc. of Facilities

There has been no material change during the relevant six-month period.

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V. STATEMENT OF FILING COMPANY

1. State of Shares, etc.

(1) Total Number of Shares, etc.

(i)		Total Number of Shares, etc.	
		(As of September 30, 2007)	
Number of Shares Authorised to be Issued	Number of Issued Shares	Number of Unissued Shares	
1,275,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each	1,111,912,138 shares	163,087,862 shares	
15,000,000 shares of Rs. 100 each ⁽¹⁾	Nil	15,000,000 shares	
350 preference shares of Rs. 10,000,000 each	350 shares	Nil	

(1) Above shares will be of such class and with rights, privileges, conditions or restrictions as may be determined by the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and subject to the legislative provisions.

(ii) Issued Shares

(As of September 30, 2007)

Bearer or Registered; Par Value or Non-Par Value	Kind	Number of Issued Shares	Names of Listed Financial Instruments Exchanges or Registered Financial Instruments Firm Association Underlying equity shares on: Bombay Stock Exchange; and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ADSS on: New York Stock Exchange
Registered shares, with par value of Rs.10 each	Ordinary shares	1,111,912,138 shares	
Registered shares, with par value of Rs. 10,000,000 each	Preference shares	350 shares	Not applicable.
Total	-	1,111,912,488 shares	-

(2) Total Number of Issued Shares and Capital Stock, etc.

Date	Number of Shares on Issue		Share Capital (in Rs.)		Remarks
	Number of Shares Increased/ Decreased	Number of Outstanding Shares After Increase/ Decrease	Amount of Share Capital Increased/ Decreased	Amount After Share Capital Increase/ Decrease	
Total shares outstanding as on April 1, 2007		899,266,672		8,992,666,720	
May 28, 2007	3,455,008	902,721,680	34,550,080	9,027,216,800	Allotment of 3,455,008 shares on amalgamation of erstwhile Sangli Bank Limited to Sangli shareholders
July 5, 2007	77,433,585	980,155,265	774,335,850	9,801,552,650	Issue of shares pursuant to follow on public issue in the domestic market (fully paid up shares)
July 5, 2007	17,402,172	997,557,437	160,970,091	9,962,522,741	Issue of shares pursuant to follow on public issue in the domestic market (partly paid up shares, Rs. 9.25 called up)
July 5, 2007	99,898,476	1,097,455,913	998,984,760	10,961,507,501	Issue of shares pursuant to follow on public issue by issuing ADS
August 6, 2007	13,762,869	1,111,218,782	137,628,690	11,099,136,191	Shares issued by exercising the over-allotment option pursuant to the follow on

During fiscal year 2008 (Up to September 30, 2007)	693,356	1,111,912,138	6,933,560	11,106,069,751	public issue A l l o t m e n t of shares issued on exercise of options, under the ESOS 2000
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(3)

Major Shareholders

(As of September 30, 2007)

Shareholder	Shares (million)	% Holding
Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas (Depository for ADS holders)	324.13	29.2
Allamanda Investments Pte. Limited	84.75	7.6
Life Insurance Corporation of India	80.62	7.3
CLSA (Mauritius) Limited	44.10	4.0
Bajaj Auto Limited	38.41	3.5
Crown Capital Limited	29.16	2.6
Merrill Lynch Capital Markets ESPANA S.A. S.V.	28.81	2.6
Government of Singapore	19.27	1.7
Europacific Growth Fund	16.79	1.5
The Growth Fund of America, Inc	16.00	1.4
BMF - Bank Bees - Investment A/C	15.21	1.4
The New India Assurance Company Limited	13.50	1.2
Calyon	11.64	1.1

2.**Trends in Stock Prices****Monthly High and Low Stock Prices of Shares for each of the Last Six Months ended September 30, 2007****National Stock Exchange (NSE)**

(in Rs.)

Month	April 2007	May 2007	June 2007	July 2007	August 2007	September 2007
High	962.90	951.15	955.45	1,003.65	915.50	1,062.40
(yen)	(2,850)	(2,815)	(2,828)	(2,971)	(2,710)	(3,145)
Low	803.95	839.80	901.95	914.40	824.70	884.05
(yen)	(2,380)	(2,486)	(2,670)	(2,707)	(2,441)	(2,617)

Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE)

(in Rs.)

Month	April 2007	May 2007	June 2007	July 2007	August 2007	September 2007
High	964.05	950.70	955.30	1,005.40	915.30	1,063.15
(yen)	(2,854)	(2,814)	(2,828)	(2,976)	(2,709)	(3,147)
Low	803.95	841.45	901.90	914.25	825.80	883.85
(yen)	(2,380)	(2,491)	(2,670)	(2,706)	(2,444)	(2,616)

New York Stock Exchange
(ADS)

(in US\$)

Month	April 2007	May 2007	June 2007	July 2007	August 2007	September 2007
High	46.52	47.89	49.69	53.23	44.73	52.72
(yen)	(5,116)	(5,267)	(5,465)	(5,854)	(4,919)	(5,798)
Low	36.53	40.29	45.96	44.16	38.03	43.79
(yen)	(4,018)	(4,431)	(5,055)	(4,857)	(4,183)	(4,816)

3. Statement of Directors and Officers

The Board of Directors of ICICI Bank Limited at its meeting on October 19, 2007 elevated Ms. Chanda Kochhar, Deputy Managing Director as Joint Managing Director & Chief Financial Officer.

Effective November 28, 2007, Ms. Vishakha Mulye, Group Chief Financial Officer has been appointed as Executive Director on the Board of ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Limited.

Effective October 22, 2007, Dr. Nachiket Mor, Deputy Managing Director, is no longer serving on the Board of Directors of ICICI Bank and will act as the President of the "ICICI Foundation for Inclusive Growth" proposed to be established by ICICI Bank Limited.

The Board of Directors have appointed Mr. Sonjoy Chatterjee, Managing Director & CEO of ICICI Bank UK PLC. as an Executive Director of ICICI Bank Limited effective October 22, 2007, subject to approval of the shareholders.

The information for Mr. Sonjoy Chatterjee is as follows:

(As of November 30, 2007)

Position	Name (Age)	Biography	Term	Number of Shares Held
Executive Director	Mr. Sonjoy Chatterjee (39)	Mr. Sonjoy Chatterjee is a Bachelor of Engineering in Chemical Engineering and holds a Masters degree in Business Administration from IIM Bangalore. Mr. Chatterjee joined erstwhile ICICI Limited ("eICICI") in 1994 in the project finance department. During the period 1998-2000, he was Head-Strategic Support in the office of the Group Chief Executive Officer of eICICI. During 2000-2002, he was responsible for managing some of the key corporate relationships of eICICI. He moved to London in 2003 to set-up ICICI Bank's first	October 21, 2012	30,925 shares

Position	Name (Age)	Biography	Term	Number of Shares Held
		overseas subsidiary; ICICI Bank UK PLC. He is currently responsible for wholesale banking, government banking and international banking business.		

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VI.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

The original English financial statements of ICICI Bank Limited (the “Bank”) for the six-month period ended September 30, 2007 presented in this document are the same ones included in the Form 6-K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on October 19, 2007, and are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India (“Indian GAAP”).

This document includes the Japanese translation of the aforementioned English interim financial statements pursuant to the provision under item 2 of Article 74 of the Regulations Regarding Terminology, Format and Method of Preparation of Interim Financial Statements, etc. (Ministry of Finance Ordinance No. 38 of 1977).

These financial statements of the Bank were summary financial statements and extracted from the complete set of interim financial statements. The complete set of interim financial statements for the six months period ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were audited by B.S.R. & Co., Chartered Accountants. Since the complete set of the audited financial statements and independent auditor's report were not filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, the same have not been included in this document.

The financial statements of the Bank are presented in Indian rupees. In preparation of Japanese translation, only key amounts were translated into Japanese yen solely for the convenience of the reader at the rate of Rs. 1= ¥ 2.96 which was the telegraphic transfer customer selling exchange rate of The Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. as of December 5, 2007.

“Major differences between United States and Japanese Accounting Principles and Practices” and “Major differences between Indian and Japanese Accounting Principles and Practices” are included at the end of this section.

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1. Financial Statements for the Relevant Six-month Period

Summary Profit and Loss Statement

	Six months ended				Year ended	
	September 30, 2006		September 30, 2007		March 31, 2007	
	Rs. crore	JPY mm	Rs. crore	JPY mm	Rs. crore	JPY mm
Net interest income ¹	2,543	753	3,265	966	5,637	1,669
Non-interest income (excluding treasury)	2,590	767	3,653	1,081	5,915	1,751
-Fee income	2,240	663	2,914	863	5,012	1,484
-Lease & other income	350	104	739	219	903	267
Less:						
Operating expense	2,237	662	3,020	894	4,979	1,474
Expenses on direct market agents (DMAs) ²	718	213	768	227	1,524	451
Lease depreciation	102	30	88	26	188	56
Core operating profit	2,076	614	3,042	900	4,861	1,439
Treasury income	258	76	369	109	1,013	300
Operating profit	2,334	691	3,411	1,010	5,874	1,739
Less: Provisions	683	202	1,197	354	2,226	659
Profit before tax	1,651	489	2,215	656	3,648	1,080
Less: Tax	276	82	437	129	538	159
Profit after tax	1,375	407	1,778	526	3,110	921

1. Net of premium amortisation on government securities of Rs. 2.43 bn in Q2-2007, Rs. 2.10 bn in Q2-2008, Rs. 5.09 bn in H1-2007, Rs. 4.46 bn in H1-2008 and Rs. 9.99 bn in FY2007.

2. Represents commissions paid to direct marketing agents (DMAs) for origination of retail loans. These commissions are expensed upfront.

3. Prior period figures have been regrouped/re-arranged where necessary.

Summary Balance Sheet

	September 30, 2006		September 30, 2007		March 31, 2007	
	Rs. crore	JPY mm	Rs. crore	JPY mm	Rs. crore	JPY mm
Assets						
Cash balances with Banks & SLR	84,539	25,024				