ABN AMRO HOLDING N V Form 424B2 September 29, 2009 PRODUCT SUPPLEMENT

(TO PROSPECTUS DATED SEPTEMBER 29, 2009

AND PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT DATED SEPTEMBER 29, 2009)

Product Supplement No. 2-I to Registration Statement Nos. 333-162193 and 333-162193-01 Dated September 29, 2009 Rule 424(b)(2)

ABN AMRO Bank N.V.
ABN NotesSM
Senior Fixed Rate Notes
fully and unconditionally guaranteed by
ABN AMRO Holding N.V.

Buffer Securities and Out-performance Notes linked to a Common Stock, an Index, an Exchange-Traded Fund, a Currency Pair or a Basket of Common Stocks, Indices, Exchange-Traded Funds and/or Currency Pairs

The Buffer Securities and Out-performance Notes, which we will each refer to as the "Securities," will entitle the holder to receive at maturity an amount linked to the performance of (i) the common stock of a company, which we refer to as an "Underlying Stock"; (ii) an index of equity securities or commodity futures contracts, which we refer to as an "Underlying Index"; (iii) an exchange-traded fund that tracks the performance of an underlying index or basket of securities, primarily by holding securities or other instruments related to such underlying index or basket, which we refer to as an "Underlying Fund"; (iv) a reference currency, which we refer to as a "Reference Currency" relative to another currency, which we refer to as a "Base Currency" and which, together with its Reference Currency, we refer to as an "Underlying Currency Pair"; or (v) a basket comprised of Underlying Stocks, Underlying Indices, Underlying Funds and/or Underlying Currency Pairs, which we refer to as an "Underlying Basket." In this Product Supplement, we refer to any Underlying Stock, Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Underlying Currency Pair included in an Underlying Basket as a "Basket Component," and we refer to the Underlying Stock, Underlying Index, Underlying Fund, Underlying Currency Pair or Underlying Basket to which the Securities are linked as the "Underlying." As used in this Product Supplement, the term "common stock" includes non-U.S. equity securities issued through depositary arrangements such as American depositary shares, or ADSs. We refer to the common stock represented by ADSs as the "ADS Underlying Stock. If the Underlying Stock is an ADS, the term "issuer" refers to the issuer of the shares underlying the ADSs. We refer to the issuer of an Underlying Stock as the "Underlying Company." We refer to an Underlying Index comprised of stocks as an "Underlying Equity Index" and to an Underlying Commodity Index as an "Underlying Commodity Index." We refer to the index that an Underlying Fund tracks as a "Target Index."

The Securities do not pay interest. Any payment on the Securities is subject to the creditworthiness (i.e., the ability to pay) of ABN AMRO Bank. N.V. and ABN AMRO Holding N.V., as guarantor.

This Product Supplement describes terms that will apply generally to the Securities and supplements the terms described in the accompanying Prospectus Supplement and Prospectus. A separate Underlying Supplement, term sheet or pricing supplement, as the case may be, will describe the Underlying to which the Securities are linked, and a separate term sheet or pricing supplement, as the case may be, will specify the Underlying to which the Securities are linked and will describe terms that apply to any specific issue of Securities, including any changes to the terms specified below. We refer to such term sheets and pricing supplements generally as Pricing Supplements. If the terms described in the relevant Pricing Supplement are inconsistent with those described herein or in the accompanying Underlying Supplement, if any, Prospectus Supplement or Prospectus, the terms described in the relevant Pricing Supplement shall control.

The Securities are our unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by ABN AMRO Holding N.V.

The Securities are not bank deposits and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Deposit Insurance Fund or any other governmental agency.

The Securities involve risks not associated with an investment in conventional debt securities. See "Risk Factors" beginning on PS-9.

The Securities and Exchange Commission and state securities regulators have not approved or disapproved these Securities, or determined if this Product Supplement, the accompanying Underlying Supplement, if any, Prospectus Supplement or Prospectus or any relevant Pricing Supplement are truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The agents are not obligated to purchase the Securities but have agreed to use reasonable efforts to solicit offers to purchase the Securities. To the extent the full aggregate principal amount of the Securities being offered by the relevant Pricing Supplement is not purchased by investors in the offering, one or more of our affiliates may agree to purchase a part of the unsold portion, which may constitute up to 15% of the total aggregate principal amount of the Securities, and to hold such Securities for investment purposes. See "Holding of the Securities by Our Affiliates and Future Sales" under the heading "Risk Factors" and "Plan of Distribution." The relevant Pricing Supplement, this Product Supplement and the accompanying Prospectus Supplement and Prospectus may be used by our affiliates in connection with offers and sales of the Securities in market-making transactions.

RBS Securities Inc.

In this Product Supplement, the "Bank," "we," "us" and "our" refer to ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and "Holding" refers to ABN AMRO Holding N.V., our parent company. We refer to the Securities offered by the relevant Pricing Supplement and the related guarantees as the "Securities" and to each individual security offered thereby as a "Security."

ABN NotesSM is a service mark of ABN AMRO Bank N.V.

Any Securities issued, sold or distributed pursuant to the relevant Pricing Supplement may not be offered or sold (i) to any person/entity listed on sanctions lists of the European Union, United States or any other applicable local competent authority; (ii) within the territory of Cuba, Sudan, Iran and Myanmar; (iii) to residents in Cuba, Sudan, Iran or Myanmar; or (iv) to Cuban Nationals, wherever located.

#### **SUMMARY**

The following summary answers some questions that you might have regarding the Securities in general terms only. It does not contain all the information that may be important to you. You should read the summary together with the more detailed information that is contained in the rest of this Product Supplement and in the accompanying Pricing Supplement, Prospectus and Prospectus Supplement. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in "Risk Factors." In addition, we urge you to consult with your investment, legal, accounting, tax and other advisors with respect to any investment in the Securities.

#### What are the Securities?

The Securities are non-principal protected securities issued by us, ABN AMRO Bank N.V., and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by our parent company, ABN AMRO Holding N.V. The Securities are senior notes of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and have a maturity that will be specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement. The payment at maturity on the Securities is determined based on the performance of

- (1) the common stock of a company, which we refer to as an "Underlying Stock";
- (2) an index of equity securities or commodity futures contracts, which we refer to as an "Underlying Index";
- (3) an exchange-traded fund that tracks the performance of an underlying index or basket of securities, primarily by holding securities or other instruments related to such underlying index or basket, which we refer to as an "Underlying Fund";
- (4) a reference currency, which we refer to as a "Reference Currency" relative to another currency, which we refer to as a "Base Currency" and which, together with its Reference Currency, we refer to as an "Underlying Currency Pair"; or
- (5) a basket comprised of Underlying Stocks, Underlying Indices, Underlying Funds and/or Underlying Currency Pairs, which we refer to as an "Underlying Basket."

In this Product Supplement, we refer to any Underlying Stock, Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Underlying Currency Pair included in an Underlying Basket as a "Basket Component," and we refer to the Underlying Stock, Underlying Index, Underlying Fund, Underlying Currency Pair or Underlying Basket to which the Securities are linked as the "Underlying." As used in this Product Supplement, the term "common stock" includes non-U.S. equity securities issued through depositary arrangements such as American depositary shares, or ADSs. We refer to the common stock represented by ADSs as the "ADS Underlying Stock. If the Underlying Stock is an ADS, the term "issuer" refers to the issuer of the shares underlying the ADSs. We refer to the issuer of an Underlying Stock as the "Underlying Company." We refer to an Underlying Index comprised of stocks as an "Underlying Equity Index" and to an Underlying Commodity Index as an "Underlying Fund tracks as a "Target Index." For more information on the payment at maturity, please see "What will I receive at maturity of the Securities and how is this amount calculated?"

In addition, unlike ordinary debt securities, the Securities are not principal protected and do not pay interest, and, if a maximum amount is applicable, you will never receive a payment at maturity greater than \$1,000 plus the maximum amount per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities. For Buffer Securities, if the underlying return is less than the negative buffer level, you could lose some or all of your initial principal investment. For Out-Performance Notes, if the underlying return is less than 0%, you could lose some or all of your initial principal investment. Any payment on the Securities is subject to the creditworthiness (i.e., the ability to pay) of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and ABN AMRO Holding N.V., as guarantor.

What will I receive at maturity of the Securities and how is this amount calculated?

The payment at maturity of the Securities will depend on the performance of the Underlying. For Buffer Securities, at maturity, you will receive, for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities, a cash amount calculated as follows:

- (1) if the underlying return is 0% or positive, \$1,000 plus the additional payment;
- (2) if the underlying return is less than 0% down to and including the negative buffer level, \$1,000; and

(3) if the underlying return is less than the negative buffer level, \$1,000 plus [(underlying return + buffer level) × downside leverage factor (if applicable)] × \$1,000.

The buffer level is a fixed percentage as specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

The negative buffer level is equal to  $(-1) \times$  buffer level.

If the relevant Pricing Supplement specifies a downside leverage factor, the downside leverage factor is a fixed amount as specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Accordingly, the Buffer Securities are not principal protected. If the underlying return is less than the negative buffer level, you could lose some or all of your initial principal investment. In addition, if a maximum amount is applicable, you will never receive a payment at maturity greater than \$1,000 plus the maximum amount per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities.

For Out-Performance Notes, at maturity, you will receive for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities a cash amount calculated as follows:

- (1) if the underlying return is 0% or positive, \$1,000 plus the additional payment; and
- (2) if the underlying return is less than 0%, \$1,000 plus (underlying return  $\times$  \$1,000).

Accordingly, the Out-Performance Notes are not principal protected. If the underlying return is negative (i.e. less than 0%), you could lose some or all of your initial principal investment. In addition, if a maximum amount is applicable, you will never receive a payment at maturity greater than \$1,000 plus the maximum amount per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities.

The additional payment, maximum amount and underlying return are explained below.

Any payment on the Securities is subject to the creditworthiness of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and ABN AMRO Holding N.V., as guarantor.

What are the additional payment, the participation rate and the maximum amount and how are they calculated?

The Pricing Supplement will state whether the additional payment is a digital return or an out-performance amount:

- (1) If the additional payment is a digital return, it will be a fixed cash amount for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities that is specified in the Pricing Supplement. If the underlying return is 0% or positive so that the additional payment is payable, the amount of the digital return will not vary regardless of how much or how little the Underlying appreciates. We refer to this as a digital return because the digital return is either payable in full or it is not payable at all, like a digital switch that is either fully on or fully off.
- (2) If the additional payment is an out-performance amount, it will be an amount in cash for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities equal to the participation rate × the underlying return. However, if the relevant Pricing Supplement specifies a maximum amount, the out-performance amount you receive will never be more than the maximum amount.

The participation rate is a fixed amount or percentage as specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

The maximum amount is a fixed cash amount specified in the Pricing Supplement for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities. If a maximum amount is applicable, you will never receive a payment at maturity of more than \$1,000 plus the maximum amount for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities regardless of how much the Underlying appreciates.

What is the underlying return and how is it calculated?

For Securities linked to a single Underlying Stock, Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Underlying Currency Pair, the underlying return will be the percentage change in the value of the Underlying, calculated as:

final price, value or exchange rate – initial price, value or exchange rate initial price, value or exchange rate

For Securities linked to an Underlying Basket, the underlying return will be the sum of the weighted returns of the Basket Components, calculated as:

Sum of (component return of each Basket Component × component weight of such Basket Component)

With respect to each Basket Component, the component return will be the percentage change in the value of such Basket Component, calculated as:

final price, value or exchange rate – initial price, value or exchange rate initial price, value or exchange rate

The initial price of an Underlying Stock is the closing price of such Underlying Stock on the pricing date, divided by the exchange factor, subject to adjustment for certain corporate events, such as a stock split or merger, affecting such Underlying Stock, which we describe in "Description of Securities — Adjustment Events." The final price of an Underlying Stock is the closing price of such Underlying Stock on the determination date. We will usually determine the closing price for any listed Underlying Stock by reference to the last reported sale price, during regular trading hours (or if listed on The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC ("NASDAQ"), the official closing price), on the primary U.S. securities exchange on which the Underlying Stock is traded.

The initial value of an Underlying Index is the closing value of such Underlying Index on the pricing date. The final value of an Underlying Index is the closing value of such Underlying Index on the determination date, subject to the terms and provisions which we describe in "Description of Securities — Discontinuance of an Underlying Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation."

The initial price of an Underlying Fund is the closing price of such Underlying Fund on the pricing date, divided by the exchange factor, subject to adjustment for certain corporate events, such as a stock split or merger, affecting such Underlying Fund, which we describe in "Description of Securities — Adjustment Events." The final price of an Underlying Fund is the closing price of such Underlying Fund on the determination date, subject to the terms and provisions which we describe in "Description of Securities — Discontinuance of an Underlying Fund; Alteration of Method of Calculation." We will usually determine the closing price for any listed Underlying Fund by reference to the last reported sale price, during regular trading hours (or if listed on NASDAQ, the official closing price), on the primary U.S. securities exchange on which shares of the Underlying Fund are traded.

The initial exchange rate of an Underlying Currency Pair is the spot rate for such Underlying Currency Pair on the pricing date. The final exchange rate of an Underlying Currency Pair is the spot rate for such Underlying Currency Pair on the Determination Date.

With respect to each Basket Component, the component weight is a fixed percentage or fraction determined in the manner specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, provided that the sum of the component weights for all Basket Components will equal 100% or 1, as applicable. The relevant Pricing Supplement will specify either (i) the weight of each Basket Component in the Basket, which will be fixed for the term of the Securities, or (ii) the manner in which

the weight of each Basket Component will be determined. For example, if the relevant Pricing Supplement specifies that a Basket Component is weighted to comprise 18% of the value of the Basket, the component weight for that Basket Component is 18%. Alternatively, the relevant Pricing Supplement may specify that, for a Basket consisting of two Basket Components, the Basket Component with the greater component return will make up 70% of the value of the Basket, and the Basket Component with the lesser component return will make up 30% of the value of the Basket.

Will I receive interest payments on the Securities?

No. You will not receive any interest on the Securities.

Can you give me an example of the payment at maturity?

Please refer to the relevant Pricing Supplement for an example of the payment at maturity.

Do I get all my principal back at maturity?

The Securities are not fully principal protected. Further, any payment at maturity is subject to the creditworthiness of ABN AMRO Bank, N.V. as the issuer of the Securities and ABN AMRO Holding N.V. as the guarantor of the issuer's obligations under the Securities. For Buffered Securities without any downside leverage factor, you will receive at maturity at least \$1,000 × buffer level. For Buffer Securities with a downside leverage factor, if the underlying return is less than the negative buffer level, you could lose some or all of your initial principal investment. For Out-Performance Notes, if the underlying return is less than 0%, you could lose some or all of your initial principal investment.

However, if you sell the Securities prior to maturity, you will receive the market price for the Securities, which may or may not include any return of principal. There may be little or no secondary market for the Securities. Accordingly, you should be willing to hold your Securities until maturity.

Is there a limit on how much I can earn over the term of the Securities?

It depends on whether a maximum amount is applicable to the Securities. If a maximum amount is applicable and the Securities are held to maturity, the total amount payable at maturity per Security will not exceed \$1,000 plus the maximum amount, regardless of how much the Underlying may appreciate over the term of the Securities. If a maximum amount is not applicable and the Securities are held to maturity, the total amount payable at maturity is not limited and is based on the underlying return.

What is the minimum required purchase?

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, you can purchase Securities in \$1,000 denominations or in integral multiples thereof.

Is there a secondary market for the Securities?

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, the Securities will not be listed on any securities exchange. Accordingly, there may be little or no secondary market for the Securities and, as such, information regarding independent market pricing for the Securities may be extremely limited or non-existent. You should be willing to hold your Securities until the maturity date.

Although it is not required to do so, we have been informed by our affiliate that when this offering is complete, it intends to make purchases and sales of the Securities from time to time in off-exchange transactions. If our affiliate does make such a market in the Securities, it may stop doing so at any time.

In connection with any secondary market activity in the Securities, our affiliate may post indicative prices for the Securities on a designated website or via Bloomberg. However, our affiliate is not required to post such indicative prices and may stop doing so at any time. Investors are advised that any prices shown on any website or Bloomberg

page are indicative prices only and, as such, there can be no assurance that any trade could be executed at such prices. Investors should contact their brokerage firm for further information.

In addition, the issue price of the Securities includes the selling agents' commissions paid with respect to the Securities and the cost of hedging our obligations under the Securities. The cost of hedging includes the profit component that our affiliate has charged in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in managing the hedging of the transactions. The fact that the issue price of the Securities includes these commissions and hedging costs is expected to adversely affect the secondary market prices of the Securities. See "Risk Factors — The Inclusion of Commissions and Cost of Hedging in the Issue Price is Likely to Adversely Affect Secondary Market Prices" and "Use of Proceeds."

Tell me more about ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and ABN AMRO Holding N.V.

ABN AMRO Bank N.V. is an international banking group offering a wide range of banking products and financial services worldwide through our network of offices and branches. ABN AMRO Holding N.V., which we refer to as Holding, is the parent company of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. Holding's main purpose is to own the Bank and its subsidiaries. All of the Securities issued by the Bank hereunder are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Holding.

On October 17, 2007, RFS Holdings B.V., which at the time was owned by a consortium consisting of the Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc ("RBS"), Fortis N.V., Fortis SA/NV ("Fortis") and Banco Santander S.A. ("Santander"), completed the acquisition of Holding. We refer to all businesses owned by Holding as the ABN AMRO Group. RFS Holdings B.V., which is now jointly owned by RBS, the State of the Netherlands (the "Dutch State") and Santander (the "Consortium Members"), is in the process of implementing an orderly separation of the business units of the ABN AMRO Group. Substantially all assets and liabilities with shared ownership by the consortium have either been sold or economically allocated to a Consortium Member.

On November 28, 2008, UK Financial Investments Limited ("UKFI"), which is wholly owned by the UK government, acquired approximately 57.9% of the enlarged issued ordinary share capital of RBS and £5 billion of RBS preference shares. On January 19, 2009, RBS announced that it had reached agreement with the UK Treasury and UKFI to replace the £5 billion of RBS preference shares with new RBS ordinary shares. Effective April 14, 2009, the £5 billion of RBS preference shares were replaced with new RBS ordinary shares, resulting in UKFI holding approximately 70.3% of the enlarged issued ordinary share capital of RBS.

The Consortium Members continue to work on a joint plan for legally separating the businesses that are owned by the Dutch State from the residual RBS business into two separate banks. We expect that following the separation of the businesses that are owned by the Dutch State, we, the existing ABN AMRO Bank N.V., will be renamed "The Royal Bank of Scotland N.V." ("RBS NV"). The future RBS N.V. will be part of RBS and will principally contain the international lending and international transaction services of RBS. The businesses that are owned by the Dutch State will be transferred into a new legal entity, to be named "ABN AMRO Bank N.V.," which is a different legal entity from the existing ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and will operate under a separate Dutch banking license. Accordingly, once this business separation is complete, we will be known as The Royal Bank of Scotland N.V. Neither the new entity named ABN AMRO Bank N.V. nor the Dutch State will insure or guarantee the debt securities offered by any Pricing Supplement.

Similarly, Holding expects to change its name to "RBS Holding N.V." after the completion of the business separation described above. Holding is no longer listed on Euronext or the New York Stock Exchange but files periodic reports with the SEC. "See "Risk Factors — The Securities are Subject to the Credit Risk of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and ABN AMRO Holding N.V., and their Credit Ratings and Credit Spreads May Adversely Affect the Market Value of the Securities."

What is the relationship between ABN Amro Bank N.V., ABN Amro Holding N.V. and RBS Securities Inc.?

RBS Securities Inc., which we refer to as RBSSI, is an affiliate of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and ABN AMRO Holding N.V. RBSSI will act as calculation agent for the Securities, and is acting as agent for this offering. RBSSI will conduct this offering in compliance with the requirements of NASD Rule 2720 of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, which is commonly referred to as FINRA, regarding a FINRA member firm's distribution of the securities of an affiliate. See "Risk Factors — Potential Conflicts of Interest between Holders of Securities and the Calculation Agent" and "Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" in this Product Supplement.

Who will determine the final price, value or exchange rate, the underlying return and the payment at maturity?

We have appointed our affiliate, RBS Securities Inc., which we refer to as RBSSI, to act as calculation agent for the Securities. As calculation agent, RBSSI will determine the final price, value or exchange rate of the Underlying, the initial price, value or exchange rate of the Underlying, the underlying return and the payment at maturity. The calculation agent may be required, due to events beyond our control, to adjust any of these calculations, which we describe "Description of Securities — Adjustment Events," "Description of Securities — Discontinuance of the Underlying Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation" and "Description of Securities — Discontinuance of the Underlying Fund; Alteration of Method of Calculation."

Who invests in the Securities?

The Securities are not suitable for all investors. The Securities might be considered by investors who:

- are willing to risk losing some or all of their initial principal investment in exchange for the opportunity to benefit from the appreciation (which may be capped), if any, in the value of the Underlying over the term of the Securities;
  - do not require an interest income stream;
- are willing to be exposed to fluctuations in equity, commodity or currency prices in general, as applicable, and the price or value of any Underlying Stock, Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Underlying Currency Pair in particular; and
  - are willing to hold the Securities until maturity.

You should carefully consider whether the Securities are suited to your particular circumstances before you decide to purchase them. In addition, we urge you to consult with your investment, legal, accounting, tax and other advisors with respect to any investment in the Securities.

What are some of the risks in owning the Securities?

Investing in the Securities involves a number of risks. We have described the most significant risks relating to the Securities under the heading "Risk Factors" in this Product Supplement which you should read before making an investment in the Securities.

Some selected risk considerations include:

- Market Risk. For Buffer Securities, if the underlying return is less than 0% down to the negative buffer level, and for Out-Performance Notes, if the underlying return is 0%, you will be entitled to receive only the principal amount of \$1,000 per Security at maturity. In such a case, you will receive no return on your investment and you will not be compensated for any loss in value due to inflation and other factors relating to the value of money over time. For Buffer Securities, if the underlying return is less than the negative buffer level, and for Out-Performance Notes, if the underlying return is negative, you could lose some or all of your initial principal investment. If the underlying return is zero (0%) or positive, your return will be limited to the maximum amount, regardless of how much the underlying return may appreciate above its initial level, if a maximum amount is applicable.
- Credit Risk. Because you are purchasing a security from us, you are assuming our credit risk. In addition, because the Securities are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Holding, you are also assuming the credit risk of Holding in the event that we fail to make any payment required by the terms of the Securities.
- Principal Risk. The Securities are not principal protected, which means there is no guaranteed return of principal. For Buffer Securities, if the underlying return is less than the negative buffer level, the amount of cash paid to you at maturity will be less than the principal amount of the Securities. For Out-Performance Notes, if the underlying return is less than 0%, the amount of cash paid to you at maturity will be less than the principal amount of the Securities. Any payment on the Securities is subject to the creditworthiness of ABN AMRO Bank. N.V. and ABN AMRO Holding N.V., as guarantor.
- Liquidity Risk. Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, the Securities will not be listed on any securities exchange. Accordingly, there may be little or no secondary market for the Securities and information regarding independent market pricing for the Securities may be very limited or non-existent. If you sell your

Securities in the secondary market, if any, prior to maturity, you will receive the market price of the Securities, which could be zero. The value of the Securities in the secondary market, if any, will be subject to many unpredictable factors, including then prevailing market conditions.

#### What if I have more questions?

You should read "Description of Securities" in this Product Supplement for a detailed description of the general terms of the Securities. The relevant Pricing Supplement will describe the terms that apply specifically to the Securities, and the relevant Underlying Supplement (if any) or the relevant Pricing Supplement will describe the Underlying. The Securities are senior notes issued as part of our ABN NotesSM program and guaranteed by Holding. The Securities offered by the Bank will constitute the Bank's unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and rank pari passu without any preference among them and with all our other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations. The guarantee of Holding will constitute Holding's unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and rank pari passu without any preference among them and with all Holding's other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations. You can find a general description of our ABN NotesSM program in the accompanying Prospectus Supplement. We also describe the basic features of this type of note in the sections of the accompanying Prospectus Supplement called "Description of Notes" and "Notes Linked to Commodity Prices, Single Securities, Economic or Financial Measures and Baskets or Indices Thereof."

You may contact our principal executive offices at Gustav Mahleraan 10, 1082 PP Amsterdam, The Netherlands. Our telephone number is (31-20) 628-9393.

#### RISK FACTORS

This section describes the most significant risks relating to the Securities. For a discussion of certain general risks associated with your investment in the Securities, please refer to the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-3 of the accompanying Prospectus Supplement. You should carefully consider whether the Securities are suited to your particular circumstances before you decide to purchase them. In addition, we urge you to consult with your investment, legal, accounting, tax and other advisors with respect to any investment in the Securities.

Risks Related to the Securities Generally

The Securities Are Not Ordinary Senior Notes; The Securities Do Not Pay Interest and There Is No Guaranteed Return of Principal

The terms of the Securities differ from those of ordinary debt securities in that (i) we will not pay you interest on the Securities and (ii) you could lose some or all of your initial principal investment at maturity. For Buffer Securities, if the underlying return is less than the negative buffer level, you could lose some or all of your initial principal investment. For Out-Performance Notes, if the underlying return is less than 0%, you could lose some or all of your initial principal investment. In either case, the amount of cash paid to you at maturity will be less than the principal amount of your Securities and you assume the risk that you could lose some or all of your initial principal investment.

Furthermore, even if the underlying return is 0% or positive, the return you receive on the Securities may be less than the return you would have received had you invested your entire principal amount in a conventional debt security with the same maturity issued by us or a comparable issuer or an instrument which tracks the performance of the Underlying. If a maximum amount is applicable, the return you will receive on the Securities, if any, will never exceed the maximum amount and may not compensate you for any losses incurred due to inflation or the value of money over time. You cannot predict the future performance of the Underlying based on historical performance.

The Appreciation Potential of the Securities is Limited to the Maximum Amount, If Applicable.

If the Securities are subject to a maximum amount, the appreciation potential of the Securities will be limited to the maximum amount. Any applicable maximum amount will be a percentage which we will determine on the pricing date and which will be set forth in the relevant Pricing Supplement. Accordingly, if the relevant Pricing Supplement specifies a maximum amount for the Securities, the appreciation potential of the Securities will be limited to that maximum amount even if the underlying return (either alone or multiplied by, if applicable, the participation rate) is greater than that maximum amount.

Credit Risk of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and ABN AMRO Holding N.V., and their Credit Ratings and Credit Spreads May Adversely Affect the Market Value of the Securities

You are dependent on ABN AMRO Bank N.V.'s ability to pay all amounts due on the Securities, and therefore you are subject to the credit risk of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and to changes in the market's view of ABN AMRO Bank N.V.'s creditworthiness. In addition, because the Securities are unconditionally guaranteed by ABN AMRO Bank N.V.'s parent company, ABN AMRO Holding N.V., you are also dependent on the credit risk of ABN AMRO Holding N.V. in the event that ABN AMRO Bank N.V. fails to make any payment or delivery required by the terms of the Securities. Any actual or anticipated decline in ABN AMRO Bank N.V. or ABN AMRO Holding N.V.'s credit ratings or increase in their credit spreads charged by the market for taking credit risk is likely to adversely affect the value of the Securities.

Our credit ratings are an assessment, by each rating agency, of our ability to pay our obligations, including those under the Securities. Credit ratings are subject to revision, suspension or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organization in their sole discretion. However, because the return on the Securities is dependent upon factors in addition to our ability to pay our obligations under the Securities, an improvement in our credit ratings will not necessarily increase the market value of the Securities and will not reduce market risk and other investment risks related to the Securities. Credit ratings do not address the price, if any, at which the Securities may be resold prior to maturity (which may be substantially less than the issue price of the Securities) and are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold the Securities. See "Risk Factors — Market Price of the Securities Influenced by Many Unpredictable Factors."

Although We Are a Bank, the Securities Are Not Bank Deposits and Are Not Insured or Guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, The Deposit Insurance Fund or Any Other Government Agency

The Securities are our obligations but are not bank deposits. In the event of our insolvency the Securities will rank equally with our other unsecured, unsubordinated obligations and will not have the benefit of any insurance or guarantee of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, The Deposit Insurance Fund or any other governmental agency.

Unless Otherwise Specified in the Relevant Pricing Supplement, the Securities Will Not be Listed on Any Securities Exchange; Secondary Trading May Be Limited

You should be willing to hold your Securities until the maturity date. Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, the Securities will not be listed on any securities exchange; accordingly, there may be little or no secondary market for the Securities and information regarding independent market pricing for the Securities may be very limited or non-existent. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the Securities easily. Our affiliate has informed us that, upon completion of the offering, it intends to purchase and sell the Securities from time to time in off-exchange transactions, but it is not required to do so. If our affiliate does make such a market in the Securities, it may stop doing so at any time. In addition, the total principal amount of the Securities being offered by the relevant Pricing Supplement may not be purchased by investors in the offering, and one or more of our affiliates may agree to purchase a part of the unsold portion, which may constitute up to 15% of the total aggregate principal amount of the Securities. Such affiliate or affiliates intend to hold the Securities for investment purposes, which may affect the supply of Securities available for secondary trading and therefore adversely affect the price of the Securities in any secondary trading. If a substantial portion of any Securities held by our affiliates were to be offered for sale following this offering, the market price of such Securities could fall, especially if secondary trading in such Securities is limited or illiquid.

Market Price of the Securities Are Influenced by Many Unpredictable Factors

The value of the Securities may move up and down between the date you purchase them and the determination date when the calculation agent determines the amount to be paid to you on the maturity date.

Several factors, many of which are beyond our control, will influence the market value of the Securities, including:

- the market value of the Underlying, which can fluctuate significantly;
- the volatility (frequency and magnitude of changes) in the value of the Underlying;
- the dividend rate on the Underlying Stock or on stocks that comprise an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund, if applicable. While dividend payments, if any, on an Underlying Stock or the stocks that comprise an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund, as applicable, are not paid to you, such payments may have an influence on the market price of the Underlying Stock or such stocks, as applicable, and therefore on the Securities;
- the market prices of the commodities comprising an Underlying Index or the exchange-traded futures contracts on the commodities comprising an Underlying Index, if applicable;
  - interest and yield rates in the market;
- geopolitical conditions and economic, financial, political, regulatory, geographical, agricultural, or judicial events that affect an Underlying Stock or the stocks comprising an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund, the commodity

futures contracts comprising an Underlying Index or an Underlying Currency Pair, as applicable, or markets generally, and which may affect the value of the Underlying;

- if the Securities are linked in whole or in part to an Underlying Stock that is an ADS, a foreign Underlying Index, a foreign Underlying Fund or an Underlying Currency Pair, the exchange rate and volatility of the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the currency of the country in which the ADS Underlying Stock, the stocks comprising the foreign Underlying Index or Underlying Fund or the foreign commodity futures contracts comprising the foreign Underlying Index, as applicable, are traded, or between the Reference Currency and the Base Currency;
  - the time remaining to the maturity of the Securities;

- the occurrence of certain events affecting an Underlying Stock or Underlying Fund which may require an adjustment to the exchange factor (and therefore, the initial price); and
- the creditworthiness of the Bank as issuer of the Securities and Holding as the guarantor of the Bank's obligations under the Securities. Any person who purchases the Securities is relying upon the creditworthiness of the Bank and Holding and has no rights against any other person. The Securities constitute the general, unsecured and unsubordinated contractual obligations of the Bank and Holding.

These factors interrelate in complex ways, and the effect of one factor on the market value of your Securities may offset or enhance the effect of another factor.

Some or all of these factors will influence the price that you will receive if you sell your Securities prior to maturity in the secondary market, if any. If you sell your Securities prior to maturity, the price at which you are able to sell your Securities may be at a discount, which could be substantial, from the principal amount. For example, there may be a discount on the Securities if at the time of sale the closing price, closing value or spot rate of the Underlying is at or below its initial price, value or exchange rate or if market interest rates rise. Even if there is an appreciation in the value of the Underlying from its initial price, value or exchange rate, there may be a discount on the Securities based on the time remaining to the maturity of the Securities. Thus, if you sell your Security before maturity, you may not receive back your entire principal amount.

Some or all of these factors will influence the return, if any, that you receive upon maturity of the Securities. We cannot predict the future performance of the Securities, the Underlying or, if applicable, the stocks that comprise an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund based on the historical performance of the Underlying or, if applicable, the underlying stocks. Neither we nor Holding nor any of our affiliates can guarantee that the value of the Underlying will increase so that you will receive at maturity an amount in excess of the principal amount of the Securities.

As an investor in the Securities you assume the risk that as a result of the performance of the Underlying you may not receive any return on your initial principal investment in the Securities or that you may lose some or all of your initial principal investment in the Securities.

The Inclusion of Commissions and Cost of Hedging in the Issue Price Is Likely to Adversely Affect Secondary Market Prices.

Assuming no change in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which the selling agents are willing to purchase Securities in secondary market transactions will likely be lower than the issue price, since the issue price included, and secondary market prices are likely to exclude, commissions paid with respect to the Securities, as well as the profit component included in the cost of hedging our obligations under the Securities. In addition, any such prices may differ from values determined by pricing models used by the selling agents, as a result of dealer discounts, mark-ups or other transaction costs.

The Payment, If Any, You Receive at Maturity Depends on the Final Price, Value or Exchange Rate on the Determination Date Only

We determine the payment at maturity based on the difference between the initial price, value or exchange rate and the final price, value or exchange rate on the determination date. As a result the payment, if any, at maturity depends on the price, value or exchange rate on one day, the determination date, regardless of whether the price, value or exchange rate of the Underlying at the maturity date or at other times during the term of the Securities, including dates near the determination date, was higher than the final price, value or exchange rate. This difference could be particularly large if there is a significant increase in the price, value or exchange rate of the Underlying after the

determination date, if there is a significant decrease in the price, value or exchange rate of the Underlying around the time of the determination date or if there is significant volatility in the price, value or exchange rate of the Underlying during the term of the Securities (especially on dates near the determination date). For example, when the determination date is near the end of the term of the Securities, then if the price, value or exchange rate of the Underlying increases or remains relatively constant during the initial term of the Securities and then decreases below the initial price, value or exchange rate, the final price, value or exchange rate may be significantly less than if it were calculated on an earlier date. Under these circumstances, you may receive a lower payment at maturity than you would have received if you had invested directly in an Underlying Stock, an Underlying Fund, an Underlying Currency Pair or in the securities comprising an Underlying Index or Underlying Funds, as applicable.

An Increase in the Price, Value or Exchange Rate of the Underlying May Not Increase the Market Value of your Securities

Owning the Securities is not the same as owning the Underlying or a product which tracks the return on the Underlying. Accordingly, the market value of your Securities may not have a direct relationship with the price, value or exchange rate of the Underlying, and changes in the price, value or exchange rate of the Underlying may not result in a comparable change in the market value of your Securities. If the value of the Underlying increases above its initial price, value or exchange rate on the pricing date, the market value of the Securities may not increase. It is also possible for the price, value or exchange rate of the Underlying to increase while the market price of the Securities declines. If a maximum amount is specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, regardless of how much the value of the Underlying may increase above the initial price, value or exchange rate, you will never receive more than \$1,000 plus the maximum amount per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities.

Information Regarding Underlying Companies or Underlying Funds

Neither we nor Holding nor any of our affiliates assume any responsibility for the accuracy or adequacy of the information contained in the relevant Pricing Supplement about any Underlying Company or Underlying Fund or in any of their respective publicly available filings. As an investor in the Securities, you should make your own investigation into any Underlying Company or Underlying Fund. Unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Pricing Supplement, neither we nor Holding nor any of our affiliates have any affiliation with any Underlying Company or Underlying Fund and are not responsible for their respective public disclosure of information, whether contained in SEC filings or otherwise.

Hedging and Trading Activities by Us or Our Affiliates Could Affect Prices of Securities

We and our affiliates may carry out activities that minimize our risks related to the Securities. In particular, on or prior to the date of the relevant Pricing Supplement, we, through our affiliates, may have hedged our anticipated exposure in connection with the Securities by taking positions in Underlying Stocks, Underlying Funds, Underlying Currency Pair, stocks or commodities (or options or futures contracts on the stocks or commodities) that comprise Underlying Indices, stocks (or options or futures contracts on the stocks) that comprise Underlying Funds, exchange-traded funds that track Underlying Indices, options or futures on Underlying Stocks, Underlying Indices, Underlying Funds or Underlying Currency Pairs or in other instruments that we deemed appropriate in connection with such hedging. Our trading activities, however, could potentially alter the value of Underlying Stocks, Underlying Indices, Underlying Funds or Underlying Currency Pairs and, therefore, the value of the Securities.

We or our affiliates are likely to modify our hedge position throughout the term of the Securities by purchasing and selling Underlying Stocks, Underlying Funds, Underlying Currency Pairs, stocks or commodities (or options or futures contracts on the stocks or commodities) that comprise Underlying Indices, stocks (or options or futures contracts on the stocks) that comprise Underlying Funds, exchange-traded funds that track Underlying Indices or Underlying Funds, options or futures on Underlying Stocks, Underlying Indices, Underlying Funds or Underlying Currency Pairs or other instruments that we deem appropriate. We cannot give any assurance that our hedging or trading activities will not affect the value of Underlying Stocks, Underlying Indices, Underlying Funds or Underlying Currency Pairs. It is also possible that we or one of more of our affiliates could receive substantial returns from these hedging activities while the value of the Securities may decline.

We or one or more of our affiliates may also engage in trading Underlying Stocks, Underlying Funds, Underlying Currency Pairs, stocks or commodities (or options or futures contracts on the stocks or commodities) that comprise Underlying Indices, stocks (or options or futures contracts on the stocks) that comprise Underlying Funds, exchange-traded funds that track Underlying Indices or options or futures on Underlying Stocks, Underlying Indices,

Underlying Funds or Underlying Currency Pairs on a regular basis as part of our or their general broker-dealer activities and other businesses, for proprietary accounts, for other accounts under management or to facilitate transactions for customers, including through block transactions. Any of these activities could adversely affect the value of Underlying Stocks, Underlying Indices, Underlying Funds or Underlying Currency Pairs and, therefore, the value of the Securities.

We or one or more of our affiliates may also issue or underwrite other securities or financial or derivative instruments with returns linked or related to changes in the price or value of Underlying Stocks, Underlying Indices, Underlying Funds or Underlying Currency Pairs, stocks or commodities that comprise Underlying Indices or stocks that comprise Underlying Funds. By introducing competing products into the marketplace in this manner, we or one or more of our affiliates could adversely affect the value of the Securities.

Potential Conflicts of Interest between Security Holders and the Calculation Agent

Our affiliate, RBSSI, will serve as the calculation agent. RBSSI will, among other things, decide the amount of the return paid out to you on the Securities at maturity. For a fuller description of the calculation agent's role, see "Description of Securities — Calculation Agent." For example, the calculation agent may have to determine whether a market disruption event affecting the Underlying has occurred or is continuing on a day when the calculation agent will determine its price, level or exchange rate. This determination may, in turn, depend on the calculation agent's judgment whether the event has materially interfered with our ability to unwind our hedge positions. In addition, the calculation agent may have to make additional calculations if the Underlying Index or Underlying Fund is liquidated, discontinued, suspended, modified, delisted or otherwise terminated. The calculation agent will exercise its judgment when performing its functions. Since these determinations by the calculation agent may affect the market value of the Securities, the calculation agent may have a conflict of interest if it needs to make any such decision.

Moreover, the issue price of the Securities includes the agents' commissions and certain costs of hedging our obligations under the Securities. Our affiliates through which we hedge our obligations under the Securities expect to make a profit. Since hedging our obligations entails risk and may be influenced by market forces beyond our affiliates' control, such hedging may result in a profit that is more or less than initially projected.

No Security Interest or Rights in any Underlying Stock, in Any Stocks that Comprise an Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Target Index, in the shares of any Underlying Fund or in Any Commodity Futures Contracts that Comprise an Underlying Index

Neither we nor Holding nor any of our affiliates will pledge or otherwise hold any shares of an Underlying Stock, shares of the stocks that comprise an Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Target Index, commodity futures contracts that comprise an Underlying Index, shares of exchange-traded funds that track an Underlying Index, shares of an Underlying Fund or any option or futures contract or any other asset for the benefit of holders of the Securities under any circumstances. Consequently, in the event of a bankruptcy, insolvency or liquidation involving us or Holding, as the case may be, any of such assets will be subject to the claims of our creditors or Holding's creditors generally and will not be available specifically for the benefit of the holders of the Securities. In addition, as an investor in the Securities, you will not have voting rights or rights to receive dividends or other distributions or any other rights with respect to an Underlying Stock or the stocks that comprise an Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Target Index or shares of an Underlying Fund. As an investor in the Securities, you will not have any rights with respect to the commodity futures contracts that comprise an Underlying Index. If the Securities are linked to ADSs representing non-U.S. equity securities issued through depositary arrangements, you will not have the rights of owners of such ADSs or the ADS Underlying Stock.

Moreover, the indenture governing the Securities does not contain any restriction on our ability or the ability of any of our affiliates to buy, sell, pledge or otherwise convey all or any portion of an Underlying Stock, the stocks (or options or futures contracts on the stocks) that comprise an Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Target Index, commodities (or options or futures contracts on commodities) that comprise an Underlying Index, exchange-traded funds that track an Underlying Index, shares of an Underlying Fund or options or futures on an Underlying Stock, Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Target Index or other instruments that we deemed appropriate.

Limited Antidilution Protection For Securities Linked to an Underlying Stock or Underlying Fund

As calculation agent, RBSSI, which is our affiliate, will adjust the initial price for certain events affecting the shares of an Underlying Stock or Underlying Fund, such as stock splits and other corporate actions. The calculation agent is not required to make an adjustment for every corporate action which affects the shares of an Underlying Stock or

Underlying Fund. For example, the calculation agent is not required to make any adjustments if the Underlying Company or anyone else makes a partial tender or partial exchange offer for shares of the Underlying Stock. If an event occurs that does not require the calculation agent to adjust the amount of shares of an Underlying Stock or Underlying Fund payable at maturity, the market price of the Securities may be materially and adversely affected.

No Affiliation with the Underlying Company, the Underlying Fund or Any Issuers of the Stocks Comprising the Underlying Fund, as Applicable

Because neither we nor Holding nor any of our affiliates are affiliated with any Underlying Company, any Underlying Fund or the issuers of the stocks comprising any Underlying Index or Underlying Fund, we have no ability to control or predict the actions of any Underlying Company, any Underlying Fund or the issuers of the stocks comprising any Underlying Index or Underlying Fund, including any actions of the type that would require the calculation agent to adjust the initial price, and have no ability to control the public disclosure of these actions or any other events or circumstances affecting the any Underlying Company, any Underlying Fund or the issuers of the stocks comprising any Underlying Index or Underlying Fund. No Underlying Company, Underlying Fund or issuers of stocks comprising any Underlying Index or Underlying Fund are involved in the offer of the Securities in any way, and no Underlying Company, Underlying Fund or issuers of stocks comprising any Underlying Index or Underlying Fund has any obligation to consider your interest as an owner of the Securities in taking any actions that might affect the value of your Securities. None of the money you pay for the Securities will go to any Underlying Company, any Underlying Fund or the issuers of stocks comprising any Underlying Fund, as applicable.

We May Engage in Business with or Involving an Underlying Company, an Underlying Fund or One or More of the Issuers of the Stocks that Comprise an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund without Regard to Your Interests

We and/or our affiliates may presently or from time to time engage in business with an Underlying Company, an Underlying Fund or the issuers of the stocks comprising an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund, including extending loans to, or making equity investments in, or providing advisory services to such companies, including merger and acquisition advisory services. These activities could lead to actions on the part of an Underlying Company, an Underlying Fund or the issuers of the stocks comprising an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund, which might adversely affect the value of the Securities. In the course of such business, we and/or our affiliates may acquire non-public information with respect to such companies and, in addition, one or more of our affiliates may publish research reports with respect to such companies. The statement in the preceding sentence is not intended to affect the rights of holders of the Securities under the securities laws. As a prospective purchaser of a Security, you should undertake such independent investigation of the Underlying as in your judgment is appropriate to make an informed decision with respect to an investment in the Securities.

Holdings of the Securities by Our Affiliates and Future Sales

Certain of our affiliates may purchase for investment a portion of the Securities that has not been purchased by investors in a particular offering of Securities, which initially they intend to hold for investment purposes. As a result, upon completion of such an offering, our affiliates may own up to 15% of the aggregate principal amount of the Securities. Circumstances may occur in which our interests or those of our affiliates could be in conflict with your interests. For example, our affiliates may attempt to sell the Securities that they had been holding for investment purposes at the same time that you attempt to sell your Securities, which could depress the price, if any, at which you can sell your Securities. Moreover, the liquidity of the market for the Securities, if any, could be substantially reduced as a result of our affiliates holding the Securities. See "— The Securities Will Not be Listed on any Securities Exchange; Secondary Trading May Be Limited." In addition, our affiliates could have substantial influence over any matter subject to consent of the security holders.

The U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of an Investment in the Securities are Unclear.

There is no direct legal authority regarding the proper U.S. federal income tax treatment of the Securities, and we do not plan to request a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS"). Consequently, significant aspects of the tax treatment of the Securities are uncertain, and the IRS or a court might not agree with the treatment of the Securities (as

prepaid financial contracts) described in the section of this Product Supplement entitled "U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences." If the IRS were successful in asserting an alternative treatment, the tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the Securities might be affected materially and adversely. Additionally, as described in "U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences," in December 2007, Treasury and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on various issues regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of "prepaid forward contracts" and similar instruments. Any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in the Securities, possibly with retroactive effect.

Both U.S. and non-U.S. holders should consult their tax advisers regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Securities (including possible alternative treatments and the issues presented by the December 2007 notice), as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

Risks Related to an Underlying Stock

For Securities linked to the Performance of ADSs, Fluctuations in Exchange Rates Will Affect Your Investment

There are significant risks related to an investment in a Security that is linked to ADSs, which is quoted and traded in U.S. dollars, representing an ADS Underlying Stock that is quoted and traded in a foreign currency. The ADSs, which are quoted and traded in U.S. dollars, may trade differently from the ADS Underlying Stock. In recent years, the rates of exchange between the U.S. dollar and some other currencies have been highly volatile and this volatility may continue in the future. These risks generally depend on economic and political events over which we have no control. Fluctuations in any particular exchange rate that have occurred in the past are not necessarily indicative, however, of fluctuations that may occur during the term of the Securities. Changes in the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and a foreign currency may affect the U.S. dollar equivalent of the price of the ADS Underlying Stock on non-U.S. securities markets and, as a result, may affect the market price of the ADSs, which may consequently affect the value of the Securities.

For Securities linked to the Performance of ADSs, We Have No Control over Exchange Rates

Foreign exchange rates can either float or be fixed by sovereign governments. Exchange rates of the currencies used by most economically developed nations are permitted to fluctuate in value relative to the U.S. dollar and to each other. However, from time to time governments and, in the case of countries using the euro, the European Central Bank, may use a variety of techniques, such as intervention by a central bank, the imposition of regulatory controls or taxes or changes in interest rates to influence the exchange rates of their currencies. Governments may also issue a new currency to replace an existing currency or alter the exchange rate or relative exchange characteristics by a devaluation or revaluation of a currency. These governmental actions could change or interfere with currency valuations and currency fluctuations that would otherwise occur in response to economic forces, as well as in response to the movement of currencies across borders. As a consequence, these government actions could adversely affect an investment in a Security that is linked to ADSs, which is quoted and traded in U.S. dollars, representing an ADS Underlying Stock that is quoted and traded in a foreign currency.

We will not make any adjustment or change in the terms of the Securities in the event that exchange rates should become fixed, or in the event of any devaluation or revaluation or imposition of exchange or other regulatory controls or taxes, or in the event of other developments affecting the U.S. dollar or any relevant foreign currency. You will bear those risks.

For Securities linked to the Performance of ADSs, an Investment in the Securities Is Subject to Risks Associated with Non-U.S. Securities Markets

An investment in the Securities linked to the value of ADSs representing interests in non-U.S. equity securities involves risks associated with the securities markets in those countries where the relevant non-U.S. equity securities are traded, including risks of market volatility, governmental intervention in those markets and cross shareholdings in companies in certain countries. Also, non-U.S. companies are generally subject to accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements, and securities trading rules different from those applicable to U.S. reporting companies.

The prices of securities in non-U.S. markets may be affected by political, economic, financial and social factors in such markets, including changes in a country's government, economic and fiscal policies, currency exchange laws or other laws or restrictions. Moreover, the economies of such countries may differ favorably or unfavorably from the economy of the United States in such respects as growth of gross national product, rate of inflation, capital reinvestment, resources and self sufficiency. Such countries may be subjected to different and, in some cases, more adverse economic environments.

Some or all of these factors may influence the price of the ADSs. The impact of any of these factors set forth above may enhance or offset some or all of any change resulting from another factor or factors. You cannot predict the future performance of the ADSs based on their historical performance. The value of the ADSs may decrease such that you may not receive any return of your investment. You will bear the risk that the price of the ADSs may decrease so that at maturity, you will lose some or all of your investment.

There Are Important Differences Between the Rights of Holders of ADSs and the Rights of Holders of the Common Stock of the Foreign Company Underlying the ADSs

If your Security is linked to the performance of an ADS, you should be aware that your Security is linked to the price of the ADSs and not the ADS Underlying Stock, and there exist important differences between the rights of holders of ADSs and the ADS Underlying Stock. Each ADS is a security evidenced by American Depositary Receipts that represent a specified number of shares of common stock of a foreign issuer. Generally, the ADSs are issued under a deposit agreement, which sets forth the rights and responsibilities of the depositary, the foreign issuer and holders of the ADSs, which may be different from the rights of holders of common stock of the foreign issuer. For example, the foreign issuer may make distributions in respect of its common stock that are not passed on to the holders of its ADSs. Any such differences between the rights of holders of the ADSs and holders of the ADS Underlying Stock may be significant and may materially and adversely affect the value of the Securities.

In Some Circumstances, the Payment You Receive on the Securities May Be Based on the Common Stock (or ADSs, as applicable) of Another Company and not the Underlying Stock

Following certain corporate events, such as a merger or acquistion, relating to the Underlying Stock where its issuer is not the surviving entity, the amount you receive at maturity may be based on the common stock of a successor to the Underlying Company or any cash or any other assets distributed to holders of the Underlying Stock in such corporate event. The occurrence of these corporate events and the consequent adjustments may materially and adversely affect the value of the Securities. We describe the specific corporate events that can lead to these adjustments and the procedures for selecting Exchange Property (as described below) in the section of this Product Supplement called "Description of Notes — Adjustment Events."

Risks Related to an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund Generally

Investment in the Securities is Not the Same as a Direct Investment in an Underlying Index, in the Stocks that Comprise an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund or in Commodity Futures Contracts that Comprise an Underlying Index

An investment in the Securities is not the same as a direct investment in an Underlying Index, in the stocks that comprise an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund or the commodity futures contracts that comprise an Underlying Index. Investing in the Securities is not equivalent to investing directly in an Underlying Index because an Underlying Index is a theoretical calculation, not an actual portfolio, so it is not possible to make a direct investment in an Underlying Index. In addition, the return on your Securities could be less than if you had invested directly in the stocks (or any other securities) comprising an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund or the commodity futures contracts comprising an Underlying Index because you will only participate in the change in the price or value of the Underlying Index or Underlying Fund over the term of the Securities, because, for Underlying Indices or Underlying Funds comprised of stocks, the return on the Securities does not account for the return associated with the reinvestment of dividends that you would have received if you had invested directly in the stocks (or any other securities) comprising the Underlying Index or Underlying Fund and because there are management fees charged by the Underlying Fund. You will not receive any payment of dividends on any of the stocks (or any other securities) comprising the Underlying Index or Underlying Fund.

You Will Not Receive Interest Payments on the Securities or Have Rights in the Stocks that Comprise an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund or the Commodity Futures Contracts that Comprise an Underlying Index

You will not receive any interest payments on the Securities. As an owner of the Securities, you will not have rights that holders of the stocks that comprise an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund or the commodity futures contracts

that comprise an Underlying Index.

We May Engage in Business with or Involving One or More of the Issuers of the Stocks that Comprise an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund without Regard to your Interests

We or our affiliates may presently or from time to time engage in business with one or more of the issuers of the stocks comprising an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund without regard to your interests, including extending loans to, or making equity investments in, providing investment advisory services to, one or more of such issuers or their affiliates or subsidiaries. In the course of our business, we or our affiliates may acquire non-public information about one or more of the issuers of the stocks comprising an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund. None of us, Holding or any of our affiliates undertakes to disclose any such information to you. In addition, we or our affiliates from time to time have published, and in the future may publish, research reports with respect to the stocks comprising an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund. These research reports may or may not recommend that investors buy or hold the stocks comprising an Underlying Index or Underlying Fund.

The Sponsor of an Underlying Index May Adjust such Underlying Index in a Way That Affects Its Level, and Such Sponsor Has No Obligation to Consider Your Interests

The sponsor of an Underlying Index is responsible for calculating and maintaining the Underlying Index. The sponsor of an Underlying Equity Index can add, delete or substitute the equity securities underlying an Underlying Equity Index. You should realize that the changing of equity securities included in an Underlying Equity Index may affect the Underlying Equity Index, as a newly added equity security may perform significantly better or worse than the equity security or securities it replaces. The sponsor of an Underlying Index may make other methodological changes that could change the level of an Underlying Index. Additionally, a sponsor may alter, discontinue or suspend calculation or dissemination of an Underlying Index. Any of these actions could adversely affect the value of the Securities. The sponsor of an Underlying Index has no obligation to consider your interests in calculating or revising such Underlying Index.

The Policies of the Investment Advisor for an Underlying Fund, and the Sponsor of an Underlying Index or Target Index, Could Affect the Value of the Securities

The policies of the investment advisor concerning the calculation of an Underlying Fund's net asset value, additions, deletions or substitutions of stocks held by the Underlying Fund and manner in which changes affecting the stocks held by the Underlying Fund are reflected in the Underlying Fund could affect the market price of the shares of the Underlying Fund and, therefore, affect the value of the Securities. The value of the Securities could also be affected if the investment advisor changes these policies, for example, by changing the manner in which it calculates the Underlying Fund's net asset value, or if the investment advisor discontinues or suspends calculation or publication of the Underlying Fund's net asset value, in which case it may become difficult to determine the value of the Securities.

In addition, the sponsor of an Underlying Index or Target Index is responsible for the design and maintenance of such index. Periodically, the sponsor of an Underlying Index or Target Index may (i) determine that total shares outstanding have changed in one or more component securities of the Underlying Index or Target Index due to secondary offerings, repurchases, conversions or other corporate actions; (ii) determine that the available float shares of one or more of the component securities of the Underlying Index Target Index may have changed due to corporate actions, purchases or sales of securities by holders or other events, or (iii) replace one or more component securities of the Underlying Index or Target Index or other events, or other market conditions, or if the issuers of such component securities of the Underlying Index or Target Index fail to meet the criteria for inclusion in the Underlying Index or Target Index. With respect to a Target Index, the Underlying Fund generally aggregates certain of these adjustments and changes the composition of the Underlying Fund. Any of these actions could adversely affect the prices of the component securities of the Target Index and/or the Underlying Fund and, consequently, the value of the Securities.

Your Return May Be Affected by Factors Affecting International Securities or Commodities Markets

The price or value of an Underlying Equity Index or Underlying Fund may be computed by reference to the value of the equity securities of companies listed on various global exchanges. The value of an Underlying Commodity Index may be computed by reference to the value of commodity futures contracts traded on various global exchanges. Under these circumstances, the return on the Securities will be affected by factors affecting the prices of securities or commodities in the relevant markets. The relevant foreign securities or commodities markets may be more volatile than United States or other securities or commodities markets and may be affected by market developments in different ways than United States or other securities markets. Direct or indirect government intervention to stabilize a particular securities or commodities market and cross-shareholdings in companies in the relevant foreign securities markets may affect prices and the volume of trading in those markets. Also, there is generally less publicly available information about foreign companies than about United States companies that are

subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Additionally, accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements in foreign countries differ from those applicable to United States reporting companies.

The prices and performance of securities of companies or commodity futures contracts in foreign countries may be affected by political, economic, financial and social factors in those regions. In addition, recent or future changes in government, economic and fiscal policies in the relevant jurisdictions, the possible imposition of, or changes in, currency exchange laws or other laws or restrictions, and possible fluctuations in the rate of exchange between currencies, are factors that could negatively affect the relevant securities or commodities markets. Moreover, the relevant foreign economies may differ favorably or unfavorably from the United States economy in economic factors such as growth of gross national product, rate of inflation, capital reinvestment, resources and self-sufficiency.

If the Prices of the Equity Securities Comprising a Foreign Underlying Index or Held By a Foreign Underlying Fund or the Commodity Futures Contracts Comprising a Foreign Underlying Index Are Not Converted Into U.S. Dollars For Purposes of Calculating the Value of the Foreign Underlying Index or the Net Asset Value of the Foreign Underlying Fund, the Amount Payable On the Securities at Maturity Will Not Be Adjusted For Changes In Exchange Rates That Might affect the Foreign Underlying Index or Foreign Underlying Fund.

Because the prices of the equity securities a foreign Underlying Index or held by a foreign Underlying Fund or the commodity futures contracts comprising a foreign Underlying Index are not converted into U.S. dollars for purposes of calculating the value of that foreign Underlying Index or the net asset value of that foreign Underlying Fund and although the equity securities that foreign Underlying Index or held by that foreign Underlying Fund or the commodity futures contracts comprising that foreign Underlying Index are traded in currencies other than U.S. dollars, and the Securities, which are linked in whole or in part to that foreign Underlying Index or foreign Underlying Fund, are denominated in U.S. dollars, the amount payable on the Securities at maturity, if any, will not be adjusted for changes in the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and each of the currencies in which the equity securities that foreign Underlying Index or held by that foreign Underlying Fund or the commodity futures contracts comprising that foreign Underlying Index are denominated. Changes in exchange rates, however, may reflect changes in various non-U.S. economies that in turn may affect the return on the Securities. The amount we pay in respect of the Securities on the maturity date, if any, will be determined solely in accordance with the procedures described in "Description of Securities — Payment at Maturity."

If the Prices of the Equity Securities Comprising a Foreign Underlying Index or Held By a Foreign Underlying Fund or the Commodity Futures Contracts Comprising a Foreign Underlying Index Are Converted Into U.S. Dollars For Purposes of Calculating the Value of That Foreign Underlying Index or the Net Asset Value of That Foreign Underlying Fund, the Securities Will Be Subject To Currency Exchange Risk.

Because the prices of the equity securities a foreign Underlying Index or held by a foreign Underlying Fund or the commodity futures contracts comprising a foreign Underlying Index are converted into U.S. dollars for the purposes of calculating the value of that foreign Underlying Index or the net asset value of that foreign Underlying Fund, the holders of the Securities will be exposed to currency exchange rate risk with respect to each of the currencies in which the equity securities that foreign Underlying Index or held by that foreign Underlying Fund or the commodity futures contracts comprising that foreign Underlying Index trade. An investor's net exposure will depend on the extent to which such currencies strengthen or weaken against the U.S. dollar and the relative weight of the equity securities that foreign Underlying Index or held by that foreign Underlying Fund or the commodity futures contracts comprising that foreign Underlying Index denominated in each such currency. If, taking into account such weighting, the U.S. dollar strengthens against such currencies, the value of that foreign Underlying Index or the net asset value of that foreign Underlying Fund will be adversely affected and the payment at maturity of the Securities may be reduced.

Of particular importance to potential currency exchange risk are:

- existing and expected rates of inflation;
- existing and expected interest rate levels;
  - the balance of payments;
- the extent of governmental surpluses or deficits in the component countries and the United States;
  - government intervention in the currency markets; and

• government action fixing exchange rates or allowing exchange rates to float.

All of these factors are in turn sensitive to the monetary, fiscal and trade policies pursued by the governments of various component countries and the United States and other countries important to international trade and finance.

If the Prices of the Equity Securities Comprising a Foreign Underlying Index or Held By a Foreign Underlying Fund or the Commodity Futures Contracts Comprising a Foreign Underlying Index Are Converted Into U.S. Dollars For Purposes of Calculating the Value of That Foreign Underlying Index or the Net Asset Value of That Foreign Underlying Fund, Changes In the Volatility of Exchange Rates, and the Correlation Between Those Rates and the Value of That Foreign Underlying Index or the Net Asset Value of That Foreign Underlying Fund are Likely To affect the Market Value of the Securities.

The exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and each of the currencies in which the equity securities a foreign Underlying Index or held by a foreign Underlying Fund or the commodity futures contracts comprising a foreign Underlying Index are denominated refers to a foreign exchange spot rate that measures the relative values of two currencies—the particular currency in which an equity security that foreign Underlying Index or held by that foreign Underlying Fund or a commodity futures contract included in that foreign Underlying Index are denominated and the U.S. dollar. This exchange rate reflects the amount of the particular currency in which an equity security that foreign Underlying Index or held by that foreign Underlying Fund or a commodity futures contract included in that foreign Underlying Index trade is denominated that can be purchased for one U.S. dollar and thus increases when the U.S. dollar appreciates relative to the particular currency in which that equity security or commodity futures contract is denominated. The volatility of the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and each of the currencies in which the equity securities that foreign Underlying Index or held by that foreign Underlying Fund or the commodity futures contracts comprising that foreign Underlying Index trade are denominated refers to the size and frequency of changes in that exchange rate.

Because the value of a foreign Underlying Index or the net asset value of a foreign Underlying Fund is calculated, in part, by converting the closing prices of the equity securities that foreign Underlying Index or held by that foreign Underlying Fund or the final settlement prices of the commodity futures contracts comprising that foreign Underlying Index into U.S. dollars, the volatility of the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and each of the currencies in which those equity securities or commodity futures contracts are denominated could affect the market value of the Securities.

The correlation of the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and each of the currencies in which the equity securities a foreign Underlying Index or held by a foreign Underlying Fund or the commodity futures contracts comprising a foreign Underlying Index are denominated and the value of that foreign Underlying Index or the net asset value of that foreign Underlying Fund trade refers to the relationship between the percentage changes in that exchange rate and the percentage changes in the value of that foreign Underlying Index or the net asset value of that foreign Underlying Fund, as applicable. The direction of the correlation (whether positive or negative) and the extent of the correlation between the percentage changes in the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and each of the currencies in which the equity securities that foreign Underlying Index or held by that foreign Underlying Fund or the commodity futures contracts comprising that foreign Underlying Index trade are denominated and the percentage changes in the value of that foreign Underlying Index or the net asset value of that foreign Underlying Fund trade could affect the value of the Securities.

There Are Risks Associated With the Underlying Fund

An Underlying Fund may have limited operating history. Even if an Underlying Fund is listed for trading and a number of similar products have been traded for varying periods of time on various securities exchanges, you cannot be certain that an active trading market will continue for the shares of the Underlying Fund or that there will be liquidity in the trading market.

An Underlying Fund is also subject to management risk, which is the risk that the investment strategy of the Underlying Fund's investment advisor, the implementation of which is subject to a number of constraints, may not produce the intended results. See the relevant index description in the accompanying Underlying Supplement or the

relevant Pricing Supplement for additional information.

Underlying Funds are Not Actively Managed

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement or Underlying Supplement, Underlying Funds are not actively managed by traditional methods, and therefore the adverse financial condition of one or more issuers of stocks which comprise an associated Target Index will not result in the elimination of such stock or stocks from an Underlying Fund unless such stock or stocks are removed from the Target Index. For Securities linked to an Underlying Fund or to an Underlying Basket that includes an Underlying Fund, this may adversely affect the value of the Securities and the return, if any, on the Securities.

An Underlying Fund May Not Always be Able Exactly to Replicate the Performance of the Target Index

It is possible that, for a short period, an Underlying Fund may not fully replicate the performance of the Target Index due to the temporary unavailability of certain index securities in the secondary market or due to other extraordinary circumstances. In addition, an Underlying Fund is not able to replicate exactly the performance of the Target Index because the Target Index is a theoretical calculation while the Underlying Fund is an actual portfolio of stocks. Accordingly, the total return generated by an Underlying Fund is reduced by its expenses and transaction costs incurred in adjusting the actual balance of the Underlying Fund. For Securities linked to an Underlying Fund or to an Underlying Basket that includes an Underlying Fund, this may adversely affect the value of the Securities and the return, if any, on the Securities.

Risks Related to an Underlying Commodity Index

An Underlying Commodity Index or a Target Index May Be an Excess Return Index and Not a Total Return Index

An Underlying Commodity Index or a Target Index may be an excess return index and not a total return index. An excess return index reflects the returns that are potentially available through an unleveraged investment in the equity securities or commodity futures contracts that comprise the index. By contrast, a total return index, in addition to reflecting such returns, also reflects interest that could be earned on cash collateral. An excess return index does not include this total return feature. In addition, the term "excess return" is not intended to suggest that the performance of an excess return index at any time or the return on your Securities will be positive or that such excess return index is designed to exceed a particular benchmark.

The Final Value You Receive on the Securities May Be Delayed Upon the Occurrence of a Market Disruption Event

If the calculation agent determines that, on the Determination Date, a market disruption event has occurred or is continuing, the determination by the calculation agent of the value of the Underlying Commodity Index may be deferred. As a result, the Determination Date for your Securities may also be delayed. If this occurs, you may not receive the cash payment we are obligated to deliver on the Maturity Date of the Securities until several days after the originally scheduled due date.

Suspension or Disruptions of Market Trading in the Commodity and Related Futures Markets May Adversely Affect the Value of Your Securities

The commodity markets are subject to temporary distortions or other disruptions due to various factors, including the lack of liquidity in the markets, the participation of speculators and government regulation and intervention. In addition, U.S. futures exchanges and some foreign exchanges have regulations that limit the amount of fluctuation in futures contract prices which may occur during a single business day. These limits are generally referred to as "daily price fluctuation limits" and the maximum or minimum price of a contract on any given day as a result of these limits is referred to as a "limit price." Once the limit price has been reached in a particular contract, no trades may be made at a different price. Limit prices have the effect of precluding trading in a particular contract or forcing the liquidation of contracts at disadvantageous times or prices. These circumstances could adversely affect the price or level of the Underlying Commodity Index and, therefore, the value of your Securities.

An Underlying Commodity Index may be a Rolling Index and Future Prices of the Commodities that are Different Relative to Their Current Prices May Decrease the Amount Payable at Maturity

An Underlying Commodity Index is comprised of commodity futures contracts. Unlike equities, which typically entitle the holder to a continuing stake in a corporation, commodity futures contracts normally specify a certain date

for delivery of the underlying physical commodity. As the exchange-traded futures contracts that comprise the Underlying Commodity Index approach expiration, they are replaced by contracts that have a later expiration. Thus, for example, a contract purchased and held in August may specify an October expiration. As time passes, the contract expiring in October is replaced by a contract for delivery in November. This process is referred to as "rolling." If the market for these contracts is (putting aside other considerations) in "backwardation," where the prices are lower in the distant delivery months than in the nearer delivery months, the sale of the October contract would take place at a price that is higher than the price of the November contract, thereby creating a "roll yield" which might create a profit for the purchase of the contracts. While certain commodities' contracts included in an Underlying Commodity Index may have historically exhibited consistent periods of backwardation, backwardation will likely not exist at all times with respect to any commodity. Certain of the commodities included in an Underlying Commodity Index may have historically traded in "contango" markets. Contango markets are those in which the prices of contracts are higher in the distant delivery months than in the nearer delivery months. The absence of backwardation in the commodity markets could result in negative "roll yields," which might create a loss for the purchase of the contracts and could adversely affect the value of the Underlying Commodity Index. There can be no assurance, however, that backwardation or roll yields will exist in any particular commodity at any time during the term of the Securities.

The Securities Are Not Directly Linked to the Contracts in an Underlying Commodity Index or Any Other Exchange-Traded Futures Contracts

The Securities may be linked in whole or in part to an Underlying Commodity Index, but they are not directly linked to the contracts in an Underlying Commodity Index or any other exchange-traded futures contracts. An Underlying Commodity Index reflects the returns that are potentially available through an unleveraged investment in the contracts in the associated Target Index. Accordingly, the return on your Securities will reflect the returns associated with the contracts in the Target Index, including any positive or negative "roll yield," and therefore will not reflect the return you would realize if the Securities were linked directly to the contracts in the Target Index or if you actually owned such contracts or other exchange-traded futures contracts for a similar period.

An Underlying Commodity Index May Be Comprised of Commodities Produced Worldwide Whose Prices May Change Unpredictably

An Underlying Commodity Index may be comprised of specified commodities produced worldwide. Global commodity prices are primarily affected by the global demand for and supply of those commodities, but are also significantly influenced by speculative actions and by currency exchange rates. In addition, prices for commodities are affected by governmental programs and policies, such as trade, fiscal and monetary issues. Extrinsic factors such as weather, disease and natural disasters also affect commodity prices. Demand for agricultural commodities, such as wheat, corn and soy, both for human consumption and as cattle feed, has generally increased with increases in worldwide growth and prosperity. These factors and others may affect the level of an Underlying Commodity Index and the value of your Securities in varying ways, and different factors may cause the value of different commodities comprising an Underlying Commodity Index and the volatilities of their prices, to move in inconsistent directions and at inconsistent rates.

An Underlying Commodity Index May Include Futures Contracts on Foreign Exchanges That Are Less Regulated Than U.S. Markets and Are Subject to Risks That Do Not Always Apply to U.S. Markets

An Underlying Commodity Index may include futures contracts on physical commodities on exchanges located outside the United States. The regulations of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission do not apply to trading on foreign exchanges, and trading on foreign exchanges may involve different and greater risks than trading on United States exchanges. Certain foreign markets may be more susceptible to disruption than United States exchanges due to the lack of a government-regulated clearinghouse system. Trading on foreign exchanges also involves certain other risks that are not applicable to trading on United States exchanges. Those risks include varying exchange rates, foreign exchange controls, governmental expropriation, burdensome or confiscatory taxation systems, government imposed moratoriums, and political or diplomatic events.

It may also be more costly and difficult to enforce the laws or regulations of a foreign country or exchange, and it is possible that the foreign country or exchange may not have laws or regulations which adequately protect the rights and interests of investors in an Underlying Commodity Index.

#### Lack of Regulation by the CFTC

The Securities are debt securities that are our direct obligations. The net proceeds to be received by us from the sale of the Securities that include an Underlying Commodity Index will not be used to purchase or sell futures contracts that comprise the Underlying Commodity Index for the benefit of holders of the Securities. An investment in the Securities does not constitute either an investment in futures contracts or in a collective investment vehicle that trades in futures contracts. The Securities do not constitute a direct or indirect investment by you in the trading of the underlying futures contracts that constitute the Underlying Commodity Index. Unlike an investment in the Securities,

an investment in a collective investment vehicle that invests in futures contracts on behalf of its participants may be regulated as a commodity pool and its operator may be required to be registered with and regulated as a "commodity pool operator" (a "CPO") by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC"), an independent federal regulatory agency. Because the Securities are not interests in a commodity pool, the Securities will not be regulated by the CFTC as a commodity pool, we will not be registered with the CFTC as a CPO and you will not benefit from the CFTC's or any non-United States regulatory authority's regulatory protections afforded to persons who trade on futures exchanges, which generally may only be transacted through a person registered with the CFTC as a "futures commission merchant" (an "FCM"). We are not registered with the CFTC as an FCM and you will not benefit from the CFTC's or any other non-United States regulatory authority's regulatory protections afforded to persons who trade in futures contracts on regulated futures exchanges through registered a FCM.

Commodity Prices May Change Unpredictably, Affecting the Underlying Return and the Value of Your Securities In Unforeseeable Ways

Trading in futures contracts associated with commodities is speculative and can be extremely volatile. A decrease in the price of any of the commodities upon which the futures contracts that compose an Underlying Commodity Index are based may have a material adverse effect on the value of the Securities and your return on an investment in the Securities. Market prices of the commodities that comprise and Underlying Commodity Index may fluctuate rapidly based on numerous factors, including: changes in supply and demand relationships; governmental programs and policies, national and international political and economic events, changes in interest and exchange rates, speculation and trading activities in commodities and related contracts, general weather conditions, and trade, fiscal, monetary and exchange control policies; agriculture; trade; disease; and technological developments. Many commodities are also highly cyclical. These factors, some of which are specific to the market for each such commodity may cause the value of the different commodities upon which the futures contracts that compose an Underlying Commodity Index are based, as well as the futures contracts themselves, to move in inconsistent directions at inconsistent rates. This, in turn, will affect the value of the Securities. It is not possible to predict the aggregate effect of all or any combination of these factors.

Some of the Commodities that comprise an Underlying Commodity Index may be Subject to Pronounced Risks of Pricing Volatility

As a general matter, the risk of low liquidity or volatile pricing around the maturity date of a commodity futures contract is greater than in the case of other futures contracts because (among other factors) a number of market participants take physical delivery of the underlying commodities. Many commodities, like those in the energy and industrial metals sectors, have liquid futures contracts that expire every month. Therefore, in the calculation of the some Underlying Commodity Indices these contracts are rolled forward every month. Contracts based on certain other commodities, most notably agricultural and livestock products, tend to have only a few contract months each year that trade with substantial liquidity. Thus, these commodities, with related futures contracts that expire infrequently, may roll forward less frequently than every month in the calculation of an Underlying Commodity Index and can have further pronounced pricing volatility during extended periods of low liquidity.

Risks Related to an Underlying Currency Pair

The Securities Are Subject to Currency Exchange Risk

Fluctuations in the exchange rate of an Underlying Currency Pair will affect the value of the Securities. The exchange rate of an Underlying Currency Pair is the result of the supply of, and the demand for, those currencies. Changes in the exchange rate result over time from the interaction of many factors directly or indirectly affecting economic and political conditions in the countries of the Underlying Currency Pair, including economic and political developments in other countries. Of particular importance to potential currency exchange risk are existing and expected rates of inflation, existing and expected interest rate levels, the balance of payments and the extent of governmental surpluses or deficits in the countries of the Underlying Currency Pair. All of these factors are in turn sensitive to the monetary, fiscal and trade policies pursued by the governments of various countries, including the countries of the Underlying Currency Pair and other countries important to international trade and finance.

Investment in the Securities is Not the Same as a Direct Investment in Any Currency

An investment in the Securities is not the same as a direct investment any currency. This is due both to the method of calculating your payment at maturity and to the fact that the spot rate reflected in the Underlying Currency Pair is based on a single point in time and therefore does not necessarily reflect rates at which an actual transaction has

occurred. Consequently, the return on the Securities could be less than a direct investment in the Reference Currency relative to the Base Currency.

Even Though the Currencies Comprising an Underlying Currency Pair are Traded Around-the-Clock, the Securities Will Not Be So Traded

The interbank market in foreign currencies is a global, around-the-clock market. Therefore, the hours of trading for the Securities, if any trading market develops, will not conform to the hours during which the currencies comprising an Underlying Currency Pair are traded. To the extent that U.S. markets are closed while markets for other currencies remain open, significant price and rate movements may take place in the foreign exchange markets that will not be reflected immediately in the price of the Securities. The possibility of these movements should be taken into account in relating the value of the Securities to those in the U.S. foreign exchange markets.

There is no systematic reporting of last-sale information for foreign currencies. Reasonably current bid and offer information is available in certain brokers' offices, in bank foreign currency trading offices and to others who wish to subscribe for this information, but this information will not necessarily be reflected in the value of the Underlying Currency Pair used to calculate the amount paid to you at maturity. There is no regulatory requirement that those quotations be firm or revised on a timely basis. The absence of last-sale information and the limited availability of quotations to individual investors may make it difficult for many investors to obtain timely, accurate data about the state of the foreign exchange markets.

Suspension or Disruptions of Market Trading in an Currencies Comprising the Underlying Currency Pair May Adversely Affect the Value of the Securities

The currencies markets are subject to temporary distortions or other disruptions due to various factors, including government regulation and intervention, the lack of liquidity in the markets, and the participation of speculators. These circumstances could adversely affect the Underlying Currency Pair and, therefore, the value of the Securities.

Risks Related to an Underlying Basket

The Basket Components May Not be Equally Weighted

The Basket Components may have a different weight in determining the return of the Underlying Basket, depending on the component weight specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement. For example, the relevant Pricing Supplement may specify that the component weight for Component A, Component B and Component C are 50%, 30% and 20%, respectively. One consequence of such an unequal weighting of the Basket Components is that the same percentage change in the component return of two of the Basket Components may have different effects on the underlying return. For example, if the component weight for the Component A is greater than the component weight for Component B, a 5% decrease in Component A will have a greater effect on the underlying return than a 5% decrease in Component B.

Changes in the Price, Value or Exchange Rate of the Basket Components May Offset Each Other

Price movements in the Basket Components may not correlate with each other. At a time when the price, value or exchange rate of one or more of the Basket Components increases, the price, value or exchange rate of the other Basket Components may not increase as much or may even decline. Therefore, in calculating the underlying return, increases in the price, value or exchange rate of one or more of the Basket Components may be moderated, or more than offset, by lesser increases or declines in the price, value or exchange rate of the other Basket Component or Components, particularly if the Basket Component or Components that appreciate are of relatively low weight in the Basket. You assume the risk that the underlying return may not be positive and the risk that you may lose some or all of your investment in the Securities if the underlying return is negative.

You may not be able to rely on the Basket as a means of diversification in the equity, commodity or currency markets. For example, if one Basket Component is more heavily weighted than other Basket Components or if Basket Components representing one industry are more heavily weighted than other Basket Components, the Basket may be particularly sensitive to the performance of such Basket Component or such industry. In this situation, you may lose some or all of your investment based on a decline in one or more Basket Components.

If the Basket Components Are from the Same Industry or Sector, Prices May Correlate with Each Other

If all of the Basket Components are from the same industry or sector, it is often, but not always, the case that prices of stocks in the same industry or sector may move up or down in a similar pattern due to macroeconomic factors

affecting that industry or sector. This phenomenon is referred to as "correlation." For example, a Basket of ten Underlying Stocks in the same industry or sector is likely to result in correlation between the ten Underlying Stocks, and it is possible that correlation will be detrimental to you since the prices of all ten Underlying Stocks may decline at the same time. This is impossible to predict.

The Weight of Each Basket Component May Be Determined on a Date Other Than the Pricing Date.

If so specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, the weight of each Basket Component in the Basket may be determined on a date or dates other than the pricing date. For example, the relevant Pricing Supplement may specify that the weights of the Basket Components in the Basket will be determined based on the relative magnitude of the Component Return of each Basket Component on the determination date. As a result, if the relevant Pricing Supplement so specifies, you will not know the weight assigned to each Basket Component until a date later than the pricing date, and you may not know the weight assigned to each Basket Component in the Basket prior to the determination date.

#### PUBLIC INFORMATION REGARDING THE UNDERLYING STOCK OR THE UNDERLYING FUND

In the relevant Pricing Supplement, we will provide summary information regarding the Underlying Company or the Underlying Fund, as applicable, based on its publicly available documents. We take no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of such information.

The shares of the Underlying are registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which we refer to as the "Exchange Act." Companies with securities registered under the Exchange Act are required periodically to file certain financial and other information specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission, which we refer as the "Commission." In addition, registered investment companies that manage exchange-traded funds are required to provide or file periodically certain financial and other information specified by the Commission pursuant to the Exchange Act and the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Information provided to or filed with the Commission can be inspected and copied at the public reference facilities maintained by the Commission at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Copies of this material can also be obtained from the Public Reference Room of the Commission at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549 at prescribed rates. Please call the Commission at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information about the Public Reference Room. In addition, information provided to or filed with the Commission electronically can be accessed through a website maintained by the Commission. The address of the Commission's website is http://www.sec.gov. Information provided to or filed with the Commission by the Underlying Company or the Underlying Fund, as applicable, pursuant to the Exchange Act can be located by reference to the relevant Commission file number for such Underlying Company or Underlying Fund, as applicable.

In addition, information regarding the Underlying Company or Underlying Fund may be obtained from other sources including, but not limited to, press releases, newspaper articles and other publicly disseminated documents. We make no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of such reports.

This Product Supplement and the relevant Pricing Supplement relate only to the Securities offered by us and does not relate to the Underlying Stock or other securities of the Underlying Company or the Underlying Fund. We will derive all disclosures contained in the relevant Pricing Supplement regarding the Underlying Company or Underlying Fund from the publicly available documents described above. Neither we nor Holding nor the agents have participated in the preparation of such documents or made any due diligence inquiry with respect to the Underlying Company or Underlying Fund in connection with the offering of the Securities. Neither we nor Holding nor the agents make any representation that such publicly available documents or any other publicly available information regarding the Underlying Company or Underlying Fund are accurate or complete. Furthermore, neither we nor Holding can give any assurance that all events occurring prior to the date of the relevant Pricing Supplement (including events that would affect the accuracy or completeness of the publicly available documents described above) that would affect the trading price of the Underlying Stock or Underlying Fund (and therefore the initial price) have been publicly disclosed. Subsequent disclosure of any such events or the disclosure of or failure to disclose material future events concerning the Underlying Company or Underlying Fund could affect the payment, if any, you will receive on the maturity date with respect to the Securities and therefore the trading prices of the Securities. Neither we nor Holding nor any of our affiliates have any obligation to disclose any information about the Underlying Company or Underlying Fund after the date of the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Neither we nor Holding nor any of our affiliates makes any representation to you as to the performance of the Underlying Stock or Underlying Fund.

We and/or our affiliates may presently or from time to time engage in business with the Underlying Company, the Underlying Fund or the issuers of the stocks comprising the Underlying Fund, as applicable, including extending loans to, or making equity investments in, or providing advisory services to such companies, including merger and acquisition advisory services. In the course of such business, we and/or our affiliates may acquire non-public

information with respect to such companies and, in addition, one or more of our affiliates may publish research reports with respect to such companies. The statement in the preceding sentence is not intended to affect the rights of holders of the Securities under the securities laws. As a prospective purchaser of a Security, you should undertake such independent investigation of the Underlying Company or Underlying Fund as in your judgment is appropriate to make an informed decision with respect to an investment in the Securities.

#### DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

Capitalized terms not defined herein have the meanings given to such terms in the accompanying Prospectus Supplement. The term "Security" refers to each Buffer Security linked to an Underlying and to each Out-Performance Note linked to an Underlying, which are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Holding.

Underlying

As specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement. The Underlying will be (i) the common stock of a company, which we refer to as an "Underlying Stock"; (ii) an index of equity securities or commodity futures contracts, which we refer to as an "Underlying Index"; (iii) an exchange-traded fund that tracks the performance of an underlying index or basket of securities, primarily by holding securities or other instruments related to such underlying index or basket, which we refer to as an "Underlying Fund"; (iv) a reference currency, which we refer to as a "Reference Currency" relative to another currency, which we refer to as a "Base Currency" and which, together with its Reference Currency, we refer to as an "Underlying Currency Pair"; or (v) a basket comprised of Underlying Stocks, Underlying Indices, Underlying Funds and/or Underlying Currency Pairs, which we refer to as an "Underlying Basket." In this Product Supplement, we refer to any Underlying Stock, Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Underlying Currency Pair included in an Underlying Basket as a "Basket Component," and we refer to the Underlying Stock, Underlying Index, Underlying Fund, Underlying Currency Pair or Underlying Basket to which the Securities are linked as the "Underlying." As used in this Product Supplement, the term "common stock" includes non-U.S. equity securities issued through depositary arrangements such as American depositary shares, or ADSs. We refer to the common stock represented by ADSs as the "ADS Underlying Stock. If the Underlying Stock is an ADS, the term "issuer" refers to the issuer of the shares underlying the ADSs. We refer to the issuer of an Underlying Stock as the "Underlying Company." We refer to an Underlying Index comprised of stocks as an "Underlying Equity Index" and to an Underlying Commodity Index as an "Underlying Commodity Index." We refer to the index that an Underlying Fund tracks as a "Target Index."

Pricing Date

As specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Issue Price

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, 100%.

Maturity Date

As specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, subject to postponement as described below and as described under "Description of Notes — Fixed Rate Notes — If a Payment Date Is not a Business Day" in the accompanying Prospectus Supplement.

With respect to Securities linked to an Underlying Commodity Index or a Basket that includes an Underlying Commodity Index, if the Determination Date is postponed as described below under "— Determination Dates" the Maturity Date shall be postponed to the third business day immediately following the Determination Date, as postponed or, for Securities linked to a Basket, the last Determination Date, as postponed for any Basket Component. No interest shall accrue as a result of any such postponement.

**Specified Currency** 

U.S. Dollars

**Denominations** 

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, the Securities may be purchased in minimum denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Form of Securities The Securities will be represented by a single registered global security, deposited with

the Depository Trust Company.

Guarantee The payment and delivery obligations of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. under the Securities,

when and as they shall become due and payable, whether at maturity or upon

acceleration, are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by ABN AMRO Holding N.V.

**Interest Rate** 

None. The Securities do not pay interest.

Payment at Maturity

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, for Buffer Securities, at maturity, you will receive, for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities, a cash amount calculated as follows:

- (1) if the Underlying Return is 0% or positive, \$1,000 plus the Additional Payment;
- (2) if the Underlying Return is less than 0% down to and including the Negative Buffer Level, \$1,000; and
- (3) if the Underlying Return is less than the Negative Buffer Level, \$1,000 plus [(Underlying Return + Buffer Level) × Downside Leverage Factor (if applicable)] × \$1,000.

If the Underlying Return is less than the Negative Buffer Level, you could lose some or all of your initial principal investment. In addition, if a Maximum Amount is applicable, you will never receive a payment at maturity greater than \$1,000 plus the Maximum Amount per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities.

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, for Out-Performance Notes, at maturity, you will receive for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities a cash amount calculated as follows:

- (1) if the Underlying Return is 0% or positive, \$1,000 plus the Additional Payment; and
- (2) if the Underlying Return is less than 0%, \$1,000 plus (Underlying Return × \$1,000).

If the Underlying Return is less than 0%, you could lose some or all of your initial principal investment. In addition, if a Maximum Amount is applicable, you will never receive a payment at maturity greater than \$1,000 plus the Maximum Amount per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities.

Any payment on the Securities is subject to the creditworthiness of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and ABN AMRO Holding N.V., as guarantor.

The Calculation Agent, which is our affiliate, will calculate the cash payment due at maturity, if any, on the Determination Date. The Calculation Agent will provide written notice to the Securities Administrator at its New York Office, on which notice the Securities Administrator may conclusively rely, of such payment amount, on or prior to 11:00 a.m. on the Business Day preceding the Maturity Date.

The Calculation Agent will round all percentages resulting from any calculation with respect to the Securities to the nearest one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point, with five one-millionths of a percentage point rounded upwards (e.g., 9.876545% (or .09876545)) would be rounded to 9.87655% (or .0987655)). All dollar amounts resulting from such calculation will be rounded to the nearest cent with one-half cent being

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rounded upwards.

Additional Payment A Digital Return or an Out-Performance Amount, as specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Digital Return If applicable, a fixed cash amount for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities, as specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Out-Performance Amount If applicable, a cash amount for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities equal to the Participation Rate × the Underlying Return; provided, however, that the Out-Performance Amount will not exceed the Maximum Amount, if the relevant Pricing Supplement specifies a Maximum Amount.

Maximum Amount As specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Buffer Level A fixed percentage as specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Negative Buffer Level  $(-1) \times Buffer Level$ 

Participation Rate A fixed amount or percentage as specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Downside Leverage Factor

If applicable, a fixed amount as specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Underlying Return For Securities linked to a single Underlying Stock, Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Underlying Currency Pair, the Underlying Return will be the percentage change in the

price, value or exchange rate of the Underlying, calculated as:

final price, value or exchange rate – initial price, value or exchange rate

initial price, value or exchange rate

For Securities linked to an Underlying Basket, the Underlying Return will be the sum of

the weighted returns of the Basket Components, calculated as:

Sum of (Component Return of each Basket Component × Component Weight of such

Basket Component)

Component Return With regard to each Basket Component, the Component Return will be the percentage

change in the price, value or exchange rate of such Basket Component, calculated as:

final price, value or exchange rate – initial price, value or exchange rate

initial price, value or exchange rate

Component Weight With respect to each Basket Component, the Component Weight is a fixed percentage or fraction determined in the manner specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement,

provided that the sum of the Component Weights for all Basket Components will equal 100% or 1, as applicable. The relevant Pricing Supplement will specify either (i) the weight of each Basket Component in the Basket, which will be fixed for the term of the Securities, or (ii) the manner in which the weight of each Basket Component will be determined. For example, if the relevant Pricing Supplement specifies that a Basket Component is weighted to comprise 18% of the value of the Basket, the Component Weight for that Basket Component is 18%. Alternatively, the relevant Pricing Supplement may specify that, for a Basket consisting of two Basket Components, the Basket Component with the greater component return will make up 70% of the value of the Basket, and the Basket Component with the lesser component return will make up

30% of the value of the Basket.

Initial Price, Value or Exchange Rate

The Initial Price of an Underlying Stock is the Closing Price of such Underlying Stock on the Pricing Date, divided by the Exchange Factor, subject to adjustment for certain corporate events affecting such Underlying Stock, which we describe in "Description of

Securities — Adjustment Events."

The Initial Value of an Underlying Index is the Closing Value of such Underlying Index on the Pricing Date.

The Initial Price of an Underlying Fund is the Closing Price of a share of such Underlying Fund on the Pricing Date, divided by the Exchange Factor, subject to adjustment for certain corporate events affecting such Underlying Fund, which we describe in "Description of Securities — Adjustment Events."

The Initial Exchange Rate of an Underlying Currency Pair is the Spot Rate for such Underlying Currency Pair on the Pricing Date.

# Final Price, Value or Exchange Rate

The Final Price of an Underlying Stock is the Closing Price of such Underlying Stock on the Determination Date.

The Final Value of an Underlying Index is the Closing Value of such Underlying Index on the Determination Date, subject to the terms and provisions which we describe in "Description of Securities — Discontinuance of an Underlying Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation."

The Final Price of an Underlying Fund is the Closing Price of a share of such Underlying Fund on the Determination Date, subject to the terms and provisions which we describe in "Description of Securities — Discontinuance of an Underlying Fund; Alteration of Method of Calculation."

The Final Exchange Rate of an Underlying Currency Pair is the Spot Rate for such Underlying Currency Pair on the Determination Date.

# Closing Price, Closing Value or Spot Rate

With respect to an Underlying Stock (or any other security for which a Closing Price must be determined) or Underlying Fund, if the Underlying Stock (or any other security for which a Closing Price must be determined) or Underlying Fund is listed on a U.S. securities exchange registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (which we refer to as the Exchange Act), or is included in the OTC Bulletin Board Service, which we refer to as the OTC Bulletin Board (operated by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority), the Closing Price for one share of the Underlying Stock (or one unit of any such other security) or one share of the Underlying Fund on any Trading Day means (i) the last reported sale price, regular way (or if listed on NASDAQ, the official closing price), in the principal trading session on such day on the principal securities exchange on which the Underlying Stock (or any such other security) or shares of the Underlying Fund are listed or admitted to trading and (ii) if not listed or admitted to trading on any such securities exchange or if such last reported sale price is not obtainable (even if the Underlying Stock, other such other security or shares of the Underlying Fund are listed or admitted to trading on such securities exchange), the last reported sale price in the principal trading session on the over-the-counter market as reported on the Relevant Exchange or OTC Bulletin Board on such day. If the last reported sale price is not available pursuant to clause (i) or (ii) of the preceding sentence, the Closing Price for any Trading Day shall be the mean, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of the bid prices for the Underlying Stock (or any such other security) or shares of the Underlying Fund obtained from as many dealers in such security, but not exceeding three, as will make such bid prices available to the Calculation Agent. Bids of RBSSI or any of our other affiliates may be included in the calculation of the mean, but only if any such bid is not the lowest of the bids obtained. The term "OTC Bulletin Board Service" shall include any successor service thereto.

With respect to an Underlying Index on any Trading Day, the Closing Value means the closing value of such Underlying Index on such Trading Day.

With respect to an Underlying Currency Pair on any Trading Day, the Spot Rate means (a) the spot exchange rate, expressed as the number of units of Base Currency of such Underlying Currency Pair per one unit of the Reference Currency of such Underlying

Currency Pair or (b) the spot exchange rate, expressed as the number of units of Reference Currency of such Underlying Currency Pair per one unit of the Base Currency of such Underlying Currency Pair, in each case as reported by Reuters Group PLC ("Reuters") on the relevant page or by Bloomberg, L.P. ("Bloomberg") on the relevant page or any substitute Reuters or Bloomberg page at 10:00 a.m. New York City time (or such other time as specified in the relevant pricing supplement). The relevant Pricing Supplement will specify the means in which the Spot Rate will be expressed whether the Reuters or Bloomberg page will be used and the specific Reuters or Bloomberg page to be used to determine the Spot Rate.

**Determination Date** 

As specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, subject to adjustment as described below.

With respect to an Underlying Commodity Index, if the scheduled Determination Date is not a Trading Day, or if a Market Disruption Event has occurred on such Trading Day, the Determination Date will be postponed to the last date on which the settlement price of a Disrupted Contract (as defined below) is determined, as described below, and the Calculation Agent will calculate the Closing Value for that Determination Date utilizing, for those futures contracts included in the Underlying Commodity Index that do not suffer a Market Disruption Event or a non-Trading Day on the originally scheduled Determination Date, the final settlement prices, and for those futures contracts included in the Underlying Commodity Index that experience a Market Disruption Event or a non-Trading Day on the originally scheduled Determination Date (the "Disrupted Contracts"), the settlement prices on the first Trading Day on which a Market Disruption Event is not existing with respect to such futures contracts. If, however, a Market Disruption Event with respect to one or more Disrupted Contracts included in the Underlying Index is continuing on the third Trading Day following the originally scheduled Determination Date, the Calculation Agent will determine, on such third Trading Day, in its discretion, an estimated fair value price for the Disrupted Contracts after considering any available electronic or after hours trading prices, related over-the-counter or other non-exchanged based prices, implied prices that may be derived from other exchange traded instruments, and estimated fair values based on fundamental market information.

With respect to an Underlying Stock, an Underlying Equity Index, an Underlying Fund or an Underlying Currency Pair, if the scheduled Determination Date is not a Trading Day, or if a Market Disruption Event has occurred on such Trading Day, the Determination Date for such Underlying Stock, Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Underlying Currency Pair shall be the immediately succeeding Trading Day; provided that the Determination Date with respect to any Underlying Stock, Underlying Index or Underlying Fund comprised of stocks or Underlying Currency Pair shall be no later than the second scheduled Trading Day preceding the Maturity Date, notwithstanding the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event on such second scheduled Trading Day or such second scheduled Trading Day is not a Trading Day. For information about what constitutes a Market Disruption Event, see below under "— Market Disruption Events."

If, with respect to an Underlying Index comprising of stock or an Underlying Fund, a Market Disruption Event occurs on such second scheduled Trading Day prior to the Maturity Date or such scheduled Trading Day is not a Trading Day, the Calculation Agent will determine the Closing Price or Closing Value in accordance with the formula for calculating the price of the Underlying Fund or the value of the Underlying Index, as applicable, last in effect prior to the commencement of the Market Disruption Event, using the closing price (or, if trading in the relevant securities has been materially suspended or materially limited, its good faith estimate of the closing price that would have prevailed but for such suspension or limitation) on such Trading Day of each security most recently comprising such Underlying Index or Underlying Fund, as applicable.

If, with respect to an Underlying Currency Pair, a Market Disruption Event occurs on such second scheduled Trading Day prior to the Maturity Date or such scheduled Trading Day is not a Trading Day, the Calculation Agent will determine the Spot Rate at approximately 10:00 a.m. New York City time (or such other time as specified in the relevant pricing supplement) on the relevant date in accordance with the following substitute procedures:

(a) The Final Exchange Rate will be either (i) the Base Currency/Reference Currency exchange rate, expressed as the number of units of Base Currency of such Underlying Currency Pair per one unit of the Reference Currency of such Underlying Currency Pair or (ii) the Reference Currency/Base Currency exchange rate, expressed as the number of units of Reference Currency of such Underlying Currency Pair per one unit of the Base Currency of such Underlying Currency Pair (depending on how the Spot Rate is to be expressed, as

specified in the relevant pricing supplement) for settlement in two business days reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, in each case as reported by Reuters on the relevant page or by Bloomberg on the relevant page or any substitute Reuters or Bloomberg page at 10:00 a.m. New York City time (or such other time as specified in the relevant pricing supplement). The relevant Pricing Supplement will specify whether the Reuters or Bloomberg page will be used and the specific Reuters or Bloomberg page to be used to determine the Spot Rate.

(b) If the exchange rate referenced to in (a) above is not so quoted on Reuters or Bloomberg, as applicable, or any substitute page thereto, then the Final Exchange Rate will be calculated on the basis of the arithmetic mean of the applicable spot quotations received by the Calculation Agent on the relevant date for the purchase or sale of deposits in Base Currency/Reference Currency or Reference Currency/Base Currency by the New York offices of three leading banks engaged in the interbank market (selected in the sole discretion of the Calculation Agent), such banks also referred to as reference banks. If only two reference banks provide such spot quotations, then the Final Exchange Rate will be the arithmetic mean of such two spot quotations received by the Calculation Agent. If only one reference bank spot quotation is available or if no reference bank provides such a spot quotation, then the Calculation Agent shall determine the Final Exchange Rate using its fair and reasonable discretion.

For Securities linked to a Basket, if one or more of the Basket Components are subject to a Market Disruption Event or non-Trading Day, the Determination Date for each affected Basket Component will be adjusted as described above.

All determinations and adjustments to be made by the Calculation Agent with respect to the value of the Final Exchange Rate and the amount payable at maturity may be made by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion. See "Risk Factors" for a discussion of certain conflicts of interest which may arise with respect to the Calculation Agent.

Relevant Exchange

With respect to an Underlying Stock (or other security), the Relevant Exchange means the primary U.S. securities exchange or organized market of trading for the shares of the Underlying Stock (or other security). If a Reorganization Event has occurred or if the shares of the Underlying Stock are ADSs and such ADSs are delisted or the ADS facility is terminated, the Relevant Exchange will be the stock exchange or securities market on which the Exchange Property (as defined below under "— Adjustment Events") that is a listed equity security is principally traded or the primary securities exchange or organized market for trading in the ADS Underlying Stock, as applicable, in each case as determined by the Calculation Agent.

With respect to a commodity futures contract included in an Underlying Commodity Index, the Relevant Exchange means the primary market or exchange on which such contract trades.

With respect to an Underlying Equity Index, the Relevant Exchange means the Relevant Exchanges for any security (or any combination thereof) then included in such Underlying Index.

With respect to an Underlying Fund, the Relevant Exchange means the primary U.S. securities exchange or organized market of trading for shares of such Underlying Fund.

With respect to a Target Index, the Relevant Exchange means the primary exchange or market of trading for any security (or any combination thereof) then included in the Target Index.

**Trading Day** 

With respect to an Underlying Stock, a Trading Day means a day, as determined by the Calculation Agent, on which trading is generally conducted on the Relevant Exchange.

With respect to an Underlying Equity Index, a Trading Day means a day, as determined by the Calculation Agent, on which such Underlying Index is calculated and published and on which securities comprising more than 80% of the value of such Underlying Index on such day are capable of being traded on their Relevant Exchanges during the one-half hour before the determination of the Closing Value of such Underlying Index.

With respect to an Underlying Commodity Index, a Trading Day means a day, as determined by the Calculation Agent, on which the Relevant Exchanges for all commodity futures contracts included in such Underlying Index are open for business, including half-day opening.

With respect to an Underlying Fund, a Trading Day means a day, as determined by the Calculation Agent, on which trading in shares of such Underlying Fund is generally conducted on the Relevant Exchange and on which securities comprising more than 80% of the value of the Target Index on such day are capable of being traded on their Relevant Exchanges during the one-half hour before the determination of the Closing Price of such Underlying Fund.

With respect to an Underlying Currency Pair, a Trading Day means a day, other than a Saturday or a Sunday, that is neither a legal holiday nor a day on which commercial banks are authorized or required by law, regulation or executive order to close (including for dealings in foreign exchange in accordance with the practice of the foreign exchange market) in New York City and the principal financial centers for the Reference Currency and the Base Currency for such Underlying Currency Pair, as specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement.

Trustee

Wilmington Trust Company

Securities Administrator

Citibank, N.A.

Market Disruption Event

With respect to an Underlying Stock or any other securities (other than shares of an Underlying Fund) for which a Closing Price must be determined, Market Disruption Event means:

- (i) either:
- (a) the occurrence or existence of a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading of the Underlying Stock (or such other securities) on the Relevant Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or such other securities) for more than two hours of trading during, or during the one-half hour period preceding the close of, the principal trading session on such Relevant Exchange;

- (b) a breakdown or failure in the price and trade reporting systems of the Relevant Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or such other securities) as a result of which the reported trading prices for the Underlying Stock (or such other securities) during the last one-half hour preceding the close of the principal trading session on such Relevant Exchange are materially inaccurate; or
- (c) the suspension, absence or material limitation of trading on the primary market for trading in futures or options contracts related to the Underlying Stock (or such other securities), if available, during the one-half hour period preceding the close of the principal trading session in such market,

in each case as determined by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion; and

(ii) a determination by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion that the applicable event described in clause (i) above materially interfered with our ability or the ability of any of our affiliates to unwind or adjust all or a material portion of the hedge with respect to the Securities.

For purposes of determining whether a Market Disruption Event with respect to the Underlying Stock (or such other security) has occurred: (1) a limitation on the hours or number of days of trading will not constitute a Market Disruption Event if it results from an announced change in the regular business hours of the Relevant Exchange or the primary market for trading in the relevant futures or options contracts; (2) a decision to permanently discontinue trading in the relevant futures or options contract will not constitute a Market Disruption Event; (3) limitations pursuant NYSE Rule 80B (or any applicable rule or regulation enacted or promulgated by the New York Stock Exchange Inc., any other self-regulatory organization or the Commission of similar scope as determined by the Calculation Agent) on trading during significant market fluctuations shall constitute a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading; (4) a suspension of trading in the relevant futures or options contract by the primary market for trading in such futures or options, if available, by reason of (x) a price change exceeding limits set by such market, (y) an imbalance of orders relating to such contracts or (z) a disparity in bid and ask quotes relating to such contracts will constitute a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading in such futures or options contracts; and (5) a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading on the primary market on which the relevant futures or options are traded will not include any time when such market is itself closed for trading under ordinary circumstances.

With respect to an Underlying Equity Index, Market Disruption Event means:

#### (i) either:

- (a) any suspension or absence or limitation imposed on trading in stocks then constituting 20% or more of the level of the Underlying Equity Index by the primary exchange therefor or otherwise and whether by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by such exchange or otherwise or by any exchange or quotation system on which trading in futures or options contracts relating to stocks then constituting 20% or more of the level of the Underlying Equity Index is executed, or
- (b) any event (other than an event described in clause (c) below) that disrupts or impairs (as determined by the Calculation Agent) the ability of market participants in general (1) to effect transactions in or obtain market values for stocks then constituting 20% or more of the level of the Underlying Equity Index on the primary exchange therefor or (2) to effect transactions in or obtain market values for futures or options contracts relating to stocks then constituting 20% or more of the level of the Underlying Equity Index on any other exchange, or
- (c) the closure on any Trading Day of the primary exchange for stocks then constituting 20% or more of the level of the Underlying Equity Index, or any exchange or quotation system on which trading in future or options relating the such stocks is executed, prior to its scheduled closing time unless such earlier closing time is announced by such exchange at least one hour prior to the earlier of (1) the actual closing time for the regular trading session on such exchange on such Trading Day and (2) the submission deadline for orders to be entered into such exchange for execution on such Trading Day; and

(ii) a determination by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion that the applicable event described in clause (i) above materially interfered with our ability or the ability of any of our affiliates to unwind or adjust all or a material portion of the hedge with respect to the Securities.

For purposes of determining whether a Market Disruption Event exists with respect to an Underlying Equity Index at any time, if trading in a security included in the Underlying Equity Index is materially suspended or materially limited at that time, or there occurs an event that disrupts or impairs the ability of market participants in general to effect transactions in or obtain market values for such security, then the relevant percentage contribution of that security to the level of the Underlying Equity Index shall be based on a comparison of (i) the portion of the level of the Underlying Equity Index attributable to that

security relative to (ii) the overall level of the Underlying Equity Index, in each case immediately before the occurrence of that suspension, limitation or other market disruption, as the case may be.

For purposes of determining whether a Market Disruption Event with respect to an Underlying Equity Index has occurred: (1) a limitation on the hours or number of days of trading will not constitute a Market Disruption Event if it results from an announced change in the regular business hours of the Relevant Exchange or market, (2) a decision permanently to discontinue trading in the relevant futures or options contract will not constitute a Market Disruption Event, (3) limitations pursuant to NYSE Rule 80B (or the rules of any Relevant Exchange similar to any applicable rule or regulation enacted or promulgated by any other self-regulatory organization or any government agency of similar scope as determined by the Calculation Agent) on trading during significant market fluctuations will constitute a suspension or absence or limitation of trading, (4) a suspension of trading in a futures or options contract on the Underlying Index by the primary securities market related to such contract by reason of (x) a price change exceeding limits set by such exchange or market, (y) an imbalance of orders relating to such contracts or (z) a disparity in bid and ask quotes relating to such contracts will constitute a suspension or absence or limitation of trading in futures or options contracts related to the Underlying Equity Index and (5) a suspension or absence or limitation of trading on any Relevant Exchange or on the primary market on which futures or options contracts related to the Underlying Index are traded will not include any time when such market is itself closed for trading under ordinary circumstances.

With respect to an Underlying Commodity Index, Market Disruption Event means:

#### (i) either:

- (a) the termination or suspension of, or material limitation or disruption in, the trading of any exchange-traded futures contract, then included in the Underlying Index, or
- (b) the price at any time of any exchange-traded commodity futures contract then included in the Underlying Commodity Index has increased or decreased by an amount equal to or greater than the maximum permitted price change set by the Relevant Exchange;
- (c) the failure of the sponsor or calculation agent, as the case may be, for the Underlying Commodity Index to calculate and publish the U.S. dollar level for the Underlying Commodity Index;
- (d) the settlement price is not published for any exchange-traded futures contract then included in the Underlying Commodity Index;
- (e) the occurrence of a material change in the formula for or the method of calculating the relevant settlement price of the exchange-traded futures contracts then included in the Underlying Commodity Index;
- (f) the occurrence of a material change in the content, composition or constitution of the exchange-traded futures contracts then included in the Underlying Commodity

Index;

in each case as determined by the Calculation Agent; and

(ii) a determination by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion that the applicable event described in clause (i) above materially interfered with our ability or the ability of any of our affiliates to unwind or adjust all or a material portion of the hedge with respect to the Securities.

For purposes of determining whether a Market Disruption Even with respect to an Underlying Commodity Index has occurred, a limitation on the hours or number of days of trading will not constitute a Market Disruption Event if it results from an announced change in the regular business hours of the Relevant Exchange.

With respect to an Underlying Fund, Market Disruption Event means:

- (i) either:
- (a) the occurrence or existence of a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading of the Underlying Fund on the Relevant Exchange for the Underlying Fund for more than two hours of trading during, or during the one-half hour period preceding the close of, the principal trading session on such Relevant Exchange;
- (b) a breakdown or failure in the price and trade reporting systems of the Relevant Exchange for the Underlying Fund as a result of which the reported trading prices for the Underlying Fund during the last one-half hour preceding the close of the principal trading session on such Relevant Exchange are materially inaccurate;
- (c) the suspension, absence or material limitation of trading on the primary market for trading in futures or options contracts related to the Underlying Fund, if available, during the one-half hour period preceding the close of the principal trading session in such market,
- (d) the occurrence or existence of a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading of stocks then constituting 20% or more of the value of the Target Index on the Relevant Exchange(s) for such securities for more than two hours of trading during, or during the one-half hour period preceding the close of, the principal trading session on such Relevant Exchange(s), in each case as determined by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion; or
- (e) the suspension, material limitation or absence of trading on the primary market for trading in futures or options contracts related to the Target Index during the one-half hour period preceding the close of the principal trading session in such market,
- (f) in each case as determined by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion; and
- (ii) a determination by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion that the applicable event described in clause (i) above materially interfered with our ability or the ability of any of our affiliates to unwind or adjust all or a material portion of the hedge with respect to the Securities.

For the purpose of determining whether a Market Disruption Event exists with respect to an Underlying Fund at any time, if trading in a security included in the Target Fund is materially suspended or materially limited at that time, or there occurs an event that disrupts or impairs the ability of market participants in general to effect transactions in or obtain market values for such security, then the relevant percentage contribution of that security to the level of the Target Fund shall be based on a comparison of (i) the portion of the level of the Target Fund attributable to that security relative to (ii) the overall level of the Target Fund, in each case immediately before the occurrence of that suspension, limitation or other market disruption, as the case may be.

For purposes of determining whether a Market Disruption Event with respect to an Underlying Fund has occurred: (1) a limitation on the hours or number of days of trading will not constitute a Market Disruption Event if it results from an announced change in the regular business hours of the Relevant Exchange or the primary market for trading in the relevant futures or options contracts; (2) a decision to permanently discontinue trading in the relevant futures or options contract will not constitute a Market Disruption Event; (3) limitations pursuant NYSE Rule 80B (or any applicable rule or regulation enacted or promulgated by the New York Stock Exchange Inc., any other self-regulatory organization or the Commission of similar scope as determined by the Calculation Agent) on trading during significant market fluctuations shall constitute a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading; (4) a suspension of trading in the relevant futures or options contract by the primary market for

trading in such futures or options, if available, by reason of (x) a price change exceeding limits set by such market, (y) an imbalance of orders relating to such contracts or (z) a disparity in bid and ask quotes relating to such contracts will constitute a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading in such futures or options contracts; and (5) a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading on the primary market on which the relevant futures or options are traded will not include any time when such market is itself closed for trading under ordinary circumstances.

With respect to an Underlying Currency Pair, Market Disruption Event means:

either:

- (i) a determination by calculation agent in good faith that the Spot Rate for such Underlying Currency Pair is unavailable; or
- (ii) an event that generally makes it impossible to obtain the Spot Rate for such Underlying Currency Pair from the relevant Bloomberg or Reuters page, as applicable.

The Calculation Agent shall as soon as reasonably practicable under the circumstances notify us, the Trustee, the Securities Administrator, the Depository Trust Company and the Agents of the existence or occurrence of a Market Disruption Event with respect to any Underlying Stock, Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Underlying Currency Pair, as applicable, on any day that but for the occurrence or existence of a Market Disruption Event would have been the Determination Date for such Underlying Stock, Underlying Index, Underlying Fund or Underlying Currency Pair, as applicable.

**Exchange Factor** 

With respect to an Underlying Stock or Underlying Fund, the Exchange Factor will be set initially at 1.0, but will be subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain corporate events affecting such Underlying Stock or Underlying Fund. See "Adjustment Events" below.

**Adjustment Events** 

The Exchange Factor with respect to an Underlying Stock will be adjusted as follows:

- 1. If the Underlying Stock is subject to a stock split or reverse stock split, then once such split has become effective, the Exchange Factor with respect to the Underlying Stock will be proportionately adjusted.
- 2. If the Underlying Stock is subject (i) to a stock dividend (i.e., the issuance of additional Underlying Stock) that is given ratably to all holders of the Underlying Stock or (ii) to a distribution of the Underlying Stock as a result of the triggering of any provision of the corporate charter of the Underlying Company, in each case other than a stock split described in paragraph 1, then once the dividend has become effective and such Underlying Stock is trading ex-dividend, the Exchange Factor with respect to the Underlying Stock will be proportionally adjusted.
- 3. There shall be no adjustments to any Exchange Factor to reflect cash dividends or other distributions paid with respect to the Underlying Stock unless such cash dividends or other distributions constitute Extraordinary Dividends as described below (except that distributions described in paragraph 2 above shall not be subject to this

paragraph). A cash dividend or other distribution with respect to the Underlying Stock shall be deemed to be an "Extraordinary Dividend" if such dividend or other distribution exceeds the immediately preceding non-Extraordinary Dividend for the Underlying Stock by an amount equal to at least 10% of the Closing Price of the Underlying Stock (as adjusted for any subsequent corporate event requiring an adjustment hereunder, such as a stock split or reverse stock split) on the Trading Day preceding the ex-dividend date for the payment of such Extraordinary Dividend (the "ex-dividend date"). If an Extraordinary Dividend occurs with respect to the Underlying Stock, the Exchange Factor with respect to the Underlying Stock will be adjusted on the relevant ex-dividend date so that the new Exchange Factor with respect to the Underlying Stock will equal the product of (i) the

then-current Exchange Factor and (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the Closing Price of the Underlying Stock on the Trading Day preceding the ex-dividend date, and the denominator of which is the amount by which the Closing Price on the Trading Day preceding the ex-dividend date exceeds the Extraordinary Dividend Amount. The "Extraordinary Dividend Amount" with respect to an Extraordinary Dividend for the Underlying Stock shall equal (x) in the case of cash dividends or other distributions that constitute regular dividends, the amount per share of such Extraordinary Dividend minus the amount per share of the immediately preceding non-Extraordinary Dividend for the Underlying Stock or (y) in the case of cash dividends or other distributions that do not constitute regular dividends, the amount per share of such Extraordinary Dividend. To the extent an Extraordinary Dividend is not paid in cash, the value of the non-cash component will be determined by the Calculation Agent, whose determination shall be conclusive. A distribution on the Underlying Stock described in clause (A), clause (D) or clause (E) in the definitions of "Reorganization Event" of paragraph 5 below that also constitutes an Extraordinary Dividend shall not cause an adjustment to such Exchange Factor pursuant to this paragraph 3.

- 4. If the Underlying Company issues rights or warrants to all holders of its Underlying Stock to subscribe for or purchase the Underlying Stock at an exercise price per share less than the closing price of the Underlying Stock on both (i) the date the exercise price of such rights or warrants is determined and (ii) the expiration date of such rights or warrants, and if the expiration date of such rights or warrants precedes the maturity of the Securities, then the Exchange Factor with respect to the Underlying Stock shall be adjusted to equal the product of the prior Exchange Factor with respect to the Underlying Stock and a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the number of shares of the Underlying Stock outstanding immediately prior to the issuance of such rights or warrants plus the number of additional shares of the Underlying Stock offered for subscription or purchase pursuant to such rights or warrants and the denominator of which shall be the number of shares of the Underlying Stock outstanding immediately prior to the issuance of such rights or warrants plus the number of additional shares of Underlying Stock which the aggregate offering price of the total number of shares of the Underlying Stock so offered for subscription or purchase pursuant to such rights or warrants would purchase at the closing price on the expiration date of such rights or warrants, which shall be determined by multiplying such total number of shares offered by the exercise price of such rights or warrants and dividing the product so obtained by such Closing Price.
- 5. If a Reorganization Event (as defined below) occurs, in each case as a result of which the holders of the Underlying Stock are entitled to receive Exchange Property (as defined below) with respect to or in exchange for the Underlying Stock, then, following the effective date of such Reorganization Event, in lieu of using the Closing Price for the Underlying Stock to calculate the Underlying Return of the Underlying Stock on the Determination Date, the Calculation Agent will use the Transaction Value received with respect to a share of the Underlying Stock, as set forth below.

"Reorganization Event" means with respect to the Underlying Stock (A) there has occurred any reclassification or change with respect to such Underlying Stock,

including, without limitation, as a result of the issuance of any tracking stock by the Underlying Company; (B) the Underlying Company or any surviving entity or subsequent surviving entity of the Underlying Company (an "Underlying Company Successor") has been subject to a merger, combination or consolidation and is not the surviving entity; (C) any statutory exchange of securities of the Underlying Company or any Underlying Company Successor with another corporation occurs (other than pursuant to clause (B) above); (D) the Underlying Company is liquidated; (E) the Underlying Company issues to all of its shareholders equity securities of an issuer other than such Underlying Company (other than in a transaction described in clauses (B), (C) or (D) above) (a "Spin-off Event"); or (F) a tender or exchange offer or going-private transaction is consummated for all the outstanding shares of the Underlying Company.

"Exchange Property" means securities, cash or any other assets distributed to holders of the Underlying Stock in any Reorganization Event, including, (A) in the case of the issuance of tracking stock or in the case of a Spin-off Event, the Underlying Stock with respect to which the tracking stock or spun-off security was issued and (B) in the case of any other Reorganization Event where the Underlying Stock continues to be held by the holders receiving such distribution, the Underlying Stock.

"Transaction Value" means (A) for any cash received as Exchange Property in any such Reorganization Event, the amount of cash received per share of Underlying Stock valued as of the date of the Reorganization Event; (B) for any property other than cash or securities received in any such Reorganization Event, the market value, as determined by the Calculation Agent, as of the date of receipt by the party owning the original shares, of such Exchange Property received per share of Underlying Stock; and (C) for any security received in any such Reorganization Event (including in the case of the issuance of tracking stock, such reclassified Underlying Stock and, in the case of a Spin-off Event, the Underlying Stock with respect to which the spun-off security was issued), an amount equal to the Closing Price, as of the Determination Date, per share of such security multiplied by the quantity of such security received for each such Underlying Stock.

6. If an ADS serving as the Underlying Stock is no longer listed or admitted to trading on a U.S. securities exchange registered under the Exchange Act, or included in the OTC Bulletin Board, or if the ADS facility between the Underlying Company and the ADS depositary is terminated for any reason, then, on and after the date the ADSs are no longer so listed or admitted to trading or the date of such termination, as applicable (the "Change Date"), the ADS Underlying Stock will be deemed to be the Underlying Stock. The Exchange Factor will thereafter equal the last value of the Exchange Factor for the ADSs multiplied by the number of shares of ADS Underlying Stock represented by a single ADS. The Closing Price of the Underlying Stock on the Determination Date shall be expressed in U.S. dollars, converting the closing price of the ADS Underlying Stock on the Determination Date into U.S. dollars using the applicable exchange rate on the Change Date as described below.

On the Determination Date, the applicable exchange rate will be the spot rate of the local currency of the ADS Underlying Stock relative to the U.S. dollar as reported by Reuters Group PLC ("Reuters") on the relevant page for such rate at approximately the closing time of the Relevant Exchange for the ADS Underlying Stock on such day. However, if such rate is not displayed on the relevant Reuters page on the Determination Date, the applicable exchange rate on such day will equal an average (mean) of the bid quotations in The City of New York received by the Calculation Agent at approximately 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately following the Determination Date, from three recognized foreign exchange dealers (provided that each such dealer commits to execute a contract at its applicable bid quotation) or, (2) if the Calculation Agent is unable to obtain three such bid quotations, the average of such bid quotations obtained from two recognized foreign exchange dealers or, (3) if the Calculation Agent is able to obtain such bid quotation from only one recognized foreign exchange dealer, such bid quotation, in each case for the purchase of the applicable foreign currency for U.S. dollars in the

aggregate principal amount of the Securities for settlement on the third business day following the Determination Date. If the Calculation Agent is unable to obtain at least one such bid quotation, the Calculation Agent will determine the applicable exchange rate in its sole discretion.

With respect to paragraphs 1 to 5 above, if ADSs are serving as an Underlying Stock, all adjustments to the Exchange Factor for such Underlying Stock will be made as if the ADS Underlying Stock is serving as the Underlying Stock. Therefore, for example, if the ADS Underlying Stock is subject to a two-for-one stock split and assuming the Exchange Factor is equal to one, the Exchange Factor for the Underlying Stock would be adjusted to equal to

two. If the Securities are linked to ADSs, the term "dividend" will mean, unless otherwise specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, the dividend paid by the issuer of the ADS Underlying Stock, net of any applicable foreign withholding or similar taxes that would be due on dividends paid to a U.S. person that claims and is entitled to a reduction in such taxes under an applicable income tax treaty, if available.

If ADSs are serving as an Underlying Stock, no adjustment to the ADS price or the Exchange Factor, including those described below, will be made if (1) holders of ADSs are not eligible to participate in any of the transactions described above or (2) (and to the extent that) the Calculation Agent determines in its sole discretion that the issuer or the depositary for the ADSs has adjusted the number of shares of the ADS Underlying Stock represented by each ADS so that the ADS price would not be affected by the corporate event in question. However, to the extent that the number of shares of ADS Underlying Stock represented by each ADS is changed for any other reason, appropriate adjustments to the Exchange Factor will be made to reflect such change.

With respect to paragraphs 1 through 5 above, no adjustments to the Exchange Factor for the Underlying Stock will be required unless such adjustment would require a change of at least 0.1% in the Exchange Factor then in effect. The Exchange Factor resulting from any of the adjustments specified above will be rounded to the nearest one hundred-thousandth with five one-millionths being rounded upward. Adjustments to the Exchange Factor of the Underlying Stock will be made up to and including the Determination Date.

No adjustments to the Exchange Factor or method of calculating the Exchange Factor shall be required other than those specified above. However, the Bank may, at its sole discretion, cause the Calculation Agent to make additional changes to the Exchange Factor upon the occurrence of corporate or other similar events that affect or could potentially affect market prices of, or shareholders' rights in, the Underlying Stock (or other Exchange Property) but only to reflect such changes, and not with the aim of changing relative investment risk. The adjustments specified above do not cover all events that could affect the market price or the Closing Price of the Underlying Stock, including, without limitation, a partial tender or partial exchange offer for the Underlying Stock.

The Exchange Factor with respect to an Underlying Fund will be adjusted as follows:

If the shares of the Underlying Fund are subject to a stock split or reverse stock split, then once such split has become effective, the Exchange Factor will be adjusted to equal the product of the prior Exchange Factor and the number of shares issued in such stock split or reverse stock split with respect to one share of the underlying Fund.

No adjustments to the Exchange Factor shall be required unless such adjustment would require a change of at least 0.1% in the Exchange Factor then in effect. The Exchange Factor resulting from any of the adjustments specified above shall be rounded to the nearest one hundred-thousandth with five one-millionths being rounded upward.

No adjustments to the Exchange Factor or method of calculating the Exchange Factor shall be required other than those specified above. However, the Bank may, at its sole discretion, cause the Calculation Agent to make additional changes to the Exchange Factor upon the occurrence of other similar events that affect or could potentially affect market prices of, or shareholders' rights in, the Underlying Fund but only to reflect such changes, and not with the aim of changing relative investment risk. The adjustments specified above do not cover all events that could affect the market price or the Closing Price of the Underlying Fund.

The Calculation Agent will provide information as to any adjustments to the Exchange Factor or method of calculating the Exchange Factor upon written request by any holder of the Securities.

Discontinuance of an Underlying Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation If the sponsor of an Underlying Index (an "Index Sponsor") discontinues publication of the Underlying Index and such Index Sponsor or another entity publishes a successor or substitute index that the Calculation Agent determines, in its sole discretion, to be comparable to the discontinued Underlying Index (such index being referred to herein as a "Successor Index"), then the Final Value with respect to the Underlying Index will be determined by reference to the value of such Successor Index at the close of trading on the Relevant Exchange or market for such Successor Index on the applicable Determination Date.

Upon any selection by the Calculation Agent of a Successor Index, the Calculation Agent will cause written notice thereof to be furnished to us, the Trustee, the Securities Administrator and the Depository Trust Company as the holder of the Securities within three Trading Days of such selection.

If the Index Sponsor discontinues publication of the Underlying Index prior to, and such discontinuance is continuing on, the Determination Date, and the Calculation Agent determines that no Successor Index is available with respect to the Underlying Index at such time, then the Calculation Agent will determine the Final Value with respect to the Underlying Index. Such Final Value will be computed by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the formula for and method of calculating the Underlying Index last in effect prior to such discontinuance, using the closing price (or, if trading in the relevant securities has been materially suspended or materially limited, its good faith estimate of the closing price that would have prevailed but for such suspension or limitation) on the Determination Date for the Underlying Index of each security most recently comprising the Underlying Index. Notwithstanding these alternative arrangements, discontinuance of the publication of the Underlying Index may adversely affect the value of the Securities.

If at any time the method of calculating the Underlying Index or a Successor Index, or the value thereof, is changed in a material respect, or if the Underlying Index or a Successor Index is in any other way modified so that such index does not, in the opinion of the Calculation Agent, fairly represent the value of the Underlying Index or such Successor Index had such changes or modifications not been made, then the Calculation Agent will, at the close of business in New York City on the Determination Date with respect to the Underlying Index make such calculations and adjustments to the terms of the Securities as, in the good faith judgment of the Calculation Agent, may be necessary in order to arrive at a value of a stock index comparable to the Underlying Index or Successor Index, as the case may be, as if such changes or modifications had not been made, and on the applicable Determination Date make each relevant calculation with reference to the Underlying Index or Successor Index, as adjusted. Accordingly, if the method of calculating the Underlying Index or a Successor Index is modified so that the value of such index is a fraction of what it would have been if it had not been modified (e.g., due to a split in the index), then the Calculation Agent will adjust such index in order to arrive at a value of the Underlying Index or Successor Index as if it had not been modified (e.g., as if such split had not occurred).

Discontinuance of an Underlying Fund; Alteration of Method of Calculation If an Underlying Fund is liquidated, delisted or otherwise terminated and the sponsor of the Underlying Fund (a "Fund Sponsor") or another entity establishes and maintains a successor or substitute exchange-traded fund that the Calculation Agent determines, in its sole discretion, to be comparable to the liquidated, delisted or otherwise terminated Underlying Fund (such fund being referred to herein as a "Successor Fund"), then the Final Price with respect to the Underlying Fund will be determined by reference to the price per share of such Successor Fund at the close of trading on the Relevant Exchange or market for such Successor Fund on the applicable Determination Date.

Upon any selection by the Calculation Agent of a Successor Fund, the Calculation Agent will cause written notice thereof to be furnished to us, the Trustee, the Securities Administrator and the Depository Trust Company as the holder of the Securities within three Trading Days of such selection.

If the Fund Sponsor liquidates, delists or otherwise terminates the Underlying Fund prior to, and such liquidation, delisting or termination is continuing on, the Determination Date, and the Calculation Agent determines that no Successor Fund is available with respect to the Underlying Fund at such time, then the Calculation Agent will determine the Final Price with respect to the

Underlying Fund. Such Final Price will be computed by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the formula for and method of calculating the Underlying Fund last in effect prior to such liquidation, delisting or termination, using the closing price (or, if trading in the relevant securities has been materially suspended or materially limited, its good faith estimate of the closing price that would have prevailed but for such suspension or limitation) on the Determination Date for the Underlying Fund of each security most recently comprising the Underlying Fund. Notwithstanding these alternative arrangements, liquidation, delisting or termination of the Underlying Fund may adversely affect the value of the Securities.

If at any time the method of calculating the price of a share of the Underlying Fund or a Successor Fund is changed in a material respect, or if the Underlying Fund or a Successor Fund is in any other way modified so that such fund does not, in the opinion of the Calculation Agent, fairly represent the price of the Underlying Fund or such Successor Fund had such changes or modifications not been made, then the Calculation Agent will, at the close of business in New York City on the Determination Date with respect to the Underlying Fund make such calculations and adjustments to the terms of the Securities as, in the good faith judgment of the Calculation Agent, may be necessary in order to arrive at a price of a fund comparable to the Underlying Fund or Successor Fund, as the case may be, as if such changes or modifications had not been made, and on the applicable Determination Date make each relevant calculation with reference to the Underlying Fund or Successor Fund, as adjusted. Accordingly, if the method of calculating the price of a share of the Underlying Fund or a Successor Fund is modified so that the price of such fund is a fraction of what it would have been if it had not been modified, then the Calculation Agent will adjust such method in order to arrive at a price of the Underlying Fund or Successor Fund as if it had not been modified.

Alternate Calculation in case of an Event of Default

In case an Event of Default with respect to the Securities shall have occurred and be continuing, the amount declared due and payable for each Security upon any acceleration of the Securities shall be determined by RBSSI, as Calculation Agent, as though the Final Price, Final Value or Final Exchange Rate for the Underlying as of the applicable Determination Date were the Final Price, Final Value or Final Exchange Rate on the date of acceleration. See "Description of Debt Securities — Events of Default" in the Prospectus.

If the maturity of the Securities is accelerated because of an Event of Default as described above, we shall, or shall cause the Calculation Agent to, provide written notice to the Trustee at its New York office, and to the Securities Administrator at its Delaware office, on which notice the Trustee and the Securities Administrator may conclusively rely, and to DTC of the aggregate cash amount due with respect to the Securities, if any, as promptly as possible and in no event later than two Business Days after the date of acceleration.

Calculation Agent

RBSSI, which is our affiliate. All determinations made by the Calculation Agent will be at the sole discretion of the Calculation Agent and will, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive for all purposes and binding on you and on us.

#### **Additional Amounts**

Subject to certain exceptions and limitations described in "Description of Debt Securities — Payment of Additional Amounts" in the accompanying Prospectus, we will pay such additional amounts to holders of the Securities as may be necessary in order that the net payment of any amount payable on the Securities, after withholding for or on account of any present or future tax, assessment or governmental charge imposed upon or as a result of such

payment by The Netherlands (or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein) or the jurisdiction of residence or incorporation of any successor corporation (other than the United States), will not be less than the amount provided for in the Securities to be then due and payable.

Book Entry Note or Certificated Note

**Book Entry** 

Record Date

The "record date" for any interest payment date is the calendar day prior to that interest payment date, whether or not that date is a business day.

#### **USE OF PROCEEDS**

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, the net proceeds we receive from the sale of the Securities will be used for general corporate purposes and, in part, by us or one or more of our affiliates in connection with hedging our obligations under the Securities. The issue price of the Securities includes the selling agents' commissions (as shown on the cover page of the relevant Pricing Supplement) paid with respect to the Securities and the cost of hedging our obligations under the Securities. The cost of hedging includes the projected profit that our affiliates expect to realize in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in managing the hedging transactions. Since hedging our obligations entails risk and may be influenced by market forces beyond our or our affiliates' control, such hedging may result in a profit that is more or less than initially projected, or could result in a loss. See also "Risk Factors — The Inclusion of Commissions and Cost of Hedging in the Issue Price is Likely to Adversely Affect Secondary Market Prices" and "Potential Conflicts of Interest between Security Holders and the Calculation Agent" and "Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" in this Product Supplement and "Use of Proceeds" in the accompanying Prospectus.

#### U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following is a summary of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the Securities. It applies only to an investor who holds the Securities as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date hereof (the "Code"). This discussion is based on the Code, administrative pronouncements, judicial decisions and currently effective and proposed Treasury regulations, changes to any of which subsequent to the date of this Product Supplement may affect the tax consequences described below, possibly with retroactive effect. It does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to an investor in light of the investor's particular circumstances or to certain types of investors subject to special treatment under the U.S. federal income tax laws, such as certain former citizens or residents of the United States, certain financial institutions, real estate investment trusts, regulated investment companies, tax-exempt entities, dealers and certain traders in securities, partnerships or other entities classified as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes, persons who hold the Securities as a part of a hedging transaction, straddle, conversion or integrated transaction, U.S. holders (as defined below) who have a "functional currency" other than the U.S. dollar, or individual non-U.S. investors who are present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year in which their Securities are sold or retired.

In addition, we will not attempt to ascertain whether any entity included in or constituting any Underlying or Basket Component would be treated as a "passive foreign investment company" (a "PFIC") within the meaning of Section 1297 of the Code or as a "United States real property holding corporation" (a "USRPHC") within the meaning of Section 897 of the Code. If any such entity were so treated, certain adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences might apply, to a U.S. holder in the case of a PFIC and to a non-U.S. holder in the case of a USRPHC, upon the sale, exchange or retirement of a Security. You should refer to information filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission or the equivalent governmental authority by such entities and consult your tax adviser regarding the possible consequences to you if any such entity is or becomes a PFIC or a USRPHC.

#### Tax Treatment of the Securities

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable Pricing Supplement, we believe it is reasonable to treat the Securities as prepaid financial contracts for U.S. federal income tax purposes, with the consequences described below. Due to the absence of authorities that directly address instruments that are similar to the Securities, significant aspects of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Securities are uncertain. We do not plan to request a ruling from the IRS, and the IRS or a court might not agree with the treatment described herein. Accordingly, you should consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Securities (including possible alternative treatments, some of which are discussed below) and with respect to any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction. Unless otherwise stated, the following discussion assumes that the treatment of the Securities as prepaid financial contracts will be respected.

#### Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders

You are a "U.S. holder" if, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, you are a beneficial owner of the Securities who is: (i) a citizen or resident of the United States; (ii) a corporation created or organized under the laws of the United States or any political subdivision thereof; or (iii) an estate or trust the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source.

Tax Treatment Prior to Maturity. You should not recognize taxable income or loss over the term of the Securities prior to maturity, other than pursuant to a sale or exchange, as described below.

Sale, Exchange or Retirement of the Securities. Upon a sale, exchange or retirement of the Securities, you will recognize taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on such sale, exchange or

retirement and your tax basis in the Securities. Your tax basis in the Securities should equal the amount you paid to acquire them. This gain or loss generally should be capital gain or loss and should be long-term capital gain or loss if you have held the Securities for more than one year, subject to the potential application of the "constructive ownership" regime or certain rules and regulations relating to foreign currency instruments, each of which is discussed below. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to certain limitations.

Possible Alternative Tax Treatments of an Investment in the Securities. Due to the absence of authorities that directly address the proper tax treatment of the Securities, the IRS or a court might not uphold the treatment described above. Alternative U.S. federal income tax treatments of the Securities are possible that, if applied, could materially and adversely affect the timing and/or character of income or loss with respect to the Securities. It is possible, for example, that the Securities could be treated as debt instruments issued by us. Under this treatment, the Securities having a term exceeding one year from issuance to maturity (including the last possible date that the Securities could be outstanding) would be governed by Treasury regulations relating to the taxation of contingent payment debt instruments. In that event, even if you are a cash-method taxpayer, in each year that you held the Securities you would be required to accrue into income "original issue discount" based on our comparable yield for similar non-contingent debt, determined as of the time of issuance of the Securities, even though we will not be required to make any payments with respect to the Securities prior to maturity. In addition, any income on the sale, exchange or retirement of the Securities would be treated as ordinary in character. Moreover, if you were to recognize a loss above certain thresholds, you could be required to file a disclosure statement with the IRS.

Alternatively, if a "pass-thru entity" (such as a Fund) is an Underlying or a Basket Component, the Securities could be treated as "constructive ownership transactions" within the meaning of Section 1260 of the Code, in which case the tax consequences of sale, exchange or retirement of the Security could be affected materially and adversely. If a Security were treated in whole or in part as a constructive ownership transaction, all or a portion of any long-term capital gain you would otherwise recognize on a sale, exchange or retirement of the Security would be recharacterized as ordinary income to the extent such gain exceeded the "net underlying long-term capital gain." Under Section 1260, the net underlying long-term capital gain is generally the net long-term capital gain a taxpayer would have recognized by investing in the underlying pass-thru entity at the inception of the constructive ownership transaction and selling that investment on the date the constructive ownership transaction is closed (i.e., at maturity or earlier disposition). Assuming Section 1260 were to apply to a Security, it is unclear how the net underlying long-term capital gain would be computed. It is possible, for instance, where a Fund is the sole Underlying, that the net underlying long-term capital gain could equal the amount of long-term capital gain you would have recognized if on the issue date you had invested the face amount of the Security sold, exchanged or retired in shares of the Fund and sold those shares for their fair market value on the date your Security is sold, exchanged, or retired. Unless otherwise established by clear and convincing evidence, the net underlying long-term capital gain is treated as zero. Any long-term capital gain recharacterized as ordinary income under Section 1260 would be treated as accruing at a constant rate over the period you held the Security, and you would be subject to an interest charge in respect of the deemed tax liability on the income treated as accruing in prior tax years.

If payment at maturity is determined in whole or in part by reference to one or more Underlying Currency Pairs, it is also possible that Section 988 of the Code could apply to the Securities. If Section 988 were to apply, all or a portion of the gain or loss on your Securities that would otherwise be treated as capital gain or loss could be treated as ordinary income or loss, unless on or before the date on which you acquired your Securities you made a valid election pursuant to the applicable Treasury regulations to treat such gain or loss as capital gain or loss. We believe that it is reasonable to treat the election as available to the extent that Section 988 would otherwise apply and that there should be no adverse consequences as a result of having made a protective election under Section 988. To make the election, you must, in accordance with detailed procedures set forth in the regulations under Section 988, either (a) clearly identify the transaction on your books and records on or before the date you acquire your Securities as being subject to such an election and file the relevant statement verifying such election with your federal income tax return or (b) otherwise obtain independent verification. You should consult your tax adviser regarding the availability of the election, the advisability of making it and the conditions and procedures for doing so.

Other U.S. federal income tax characterizations of the Securities might also require you to include amounts in income during the term of the Securities and/or might treat all or a portion of the gain or loss on the sale or settlement of the Securities as ordinary income or loss or as short-term capital gain or loss, without regard to how long you held the

Securities. For instance, in the case of any index that is included in, or constitutes, an Underlying, it is possible that any reconstitution, rebalancing or recomposition of the index, change in methodology of calculating the index or substitution of a successor index could be treated as a "deemed" taxable exchange that could cause you to recognize gain or loss (subject, in the case of loss, to possible application of the "wash sale" rules) as if you had sold or exchanged the Securities.

In December 2007, Treasury and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on various issues regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of "prepaid forward contracts" and similar instruments, such as the Securities. The notice focuses in particular on whether to require holders of these instruments to accrue income over the term of their investment. It also asks for comments on a number of related topics, including the character of income or loss with respect to these instruments; the relevance of factors such as the nature of the underlying property to which the instruments are linked; and whether these instruments are or should be subject to the "constructive ownership" regime discussed above. While the notice requests comments on appropriate transition rules and effective dates, any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in the Securities, possibly with retroactive effect.

You should consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Securities, including possible alternative treatments and the issues presented by this notice, as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders

You are a "non- U.S. holder" if, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, you are a beneficial owner of the Securities who is: (i) a nonresident alien individual, (ii) a foreign corporation or (iii) a foreign estate or trust.

Sale, Exchange or Retirement of the Securities. Any gain from the sale, exchange or retirement of the Securities should not be subject to U.S. federal income tax, including withholding tax, unless such gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States, as described below.

Tax Consequences under Possible Alternative Treatments. If the Securities were treated as indebtedness, any income from the Securities would not be subject to U.S. federal income tax, including withholding tax, provided generally that (i) you certified on IRS Form W-8BEN, under penalties of perjury, that you are not a United States person and otherwise satisfied applicable requirements, and (ii) any income from the Securities was not effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States.

As described above under "—Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders—Possible Alternative Tax Treatments of an Investment in the Securities," in December 2007, Treasury and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on various issues regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of "prepaid forward contracts" and similar instruments, such as the Securities. The notice focuses, among other things, on the degree, if any, to which income realized with respect to such instruments by non-U.S. persons should be subject to withholding tax. It is possible that any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues might require non-U.S. holders to accrue income, subject to withholding tax, over the term of the Securities, possibly on a retroactive basis. You should consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Securities, including possible alternative treatments and the issues presented by this notice.

Income Effectively Connected with a Trade or Business in the United States. If you are engaged in a trade or business in the United States, and income from the Securities is effectively connected with your conduct of that trade or business, you generally will be taxed in the same manner as a U.S. holder. In this case, you will be required to provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI in order to claim an exemption from withholding. If this paragraph applies to you, you should consult your tax adviser with respect to other U.S. tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of the Securities, including the possible imposition of a 30% branch profits tax if you are a corporation.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

The proceeds received from a sale, exchange or retirement of the Securities will be subject to information reporting unless you are an exempt recipient (such as a domestic corporation) and may also be subject to backup withholding at the rate specified in the Code if you fail to provide certain identifying information (such as an accurate taxpayer identification number, if you are a U.S. holder) or meet certain other conditions. If you are a non-U.S. holder and you provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8ECI, as applicable, you will generally establish an exemption from backup withholding.

Amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules are not additional taxes and may be refunded or credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability, provided the required information is furnished to the IRS.

#### PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION (CONFLICTS OF INTEREST)

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement, we have appointed RBS Securities Inc. ("RBSSI") as agent for any offering of the Securities. RBSSI has agreed to use reasonable efforts to solicit offers to purchase the Securities. We will pay RBSSI, in connection with sales of the Securities resulting from a solicitation such agent made or an offer to purchase such agent received, a commission in an amount as specified in the relevant Pricing Supplement. RBSSI has informed us that, as part of its distribution of the Securities, it intends to reoffer the Securities to other dealers who will sell the Securities. Each such dealer engaged by RBSSI, or further engaged by a dealer to whom RBSSI reoffers the Securities, will purchase the Securities at an agreed discount to the initial offering price of the Securities. RBSSI has informed us that such discounts may vary from dealer to dealer and that not all dealers will purchase or repurchase the Securities at the same discount. RBSSI has also informed us that it may pay any dealer additional fees payable upon maturity of the Securities based on the performance of the Securities sold and/or additional fees payable annually based on the amount of Securities sold by such dealer in a particular calendar year; provided that the aggregate amount of such discounts and additional fees paid to all dealers for an offering shall not exceed the commission that RBSSI will receive from us. You can find a general description of the commission rates payable to the agents under "Plan of Distribution" in the accompanying Prospectus Supplement.

RBSSI is an affiliate of ours and Holding. RBSSI will conduct each offering of Securities in compliance with the requirements of NASD Rule 2720 of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, which is commonly referred to as FINRA, regarding a FINRA member firm's distribution of securities of an affiliate. Following the initial distribution of any of these Securities, RBSSI may offer and sell those Securities in the course of its business as broker-dealer. RBSSI may act as principal or agent in these transactions and will make any sales at varying prices related to prevailing market prices at the time of sale or otherwise. RBSSI may use this Product Supplement, the relevant Pricing Supplement and the accompanying Prospectus Supplement and Prospectus in connection with any of these transactions. RBSSI is not obligated to make a market in any of these Securities and may discontinue any market-making activities at any time without notice.

RBSSI or an affiliate of RBSSI may enter into one or more hedging transactions with us in connection with this offering of Securities. See "Use of Proceeds" above.

To the extent that the total aggregate principal amount of the Securities being offered by the relevant Pricing Supplement is not purchased by investors in that offering, one or more of our affiliates may agree to purchase a portion of the unsold Securities, and to hold such Securities for investment purposes. See "Holding of the Securities by our Affiliates and Future Sales" under the heading "Risk Factors."

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Product Supplement, the relevant Pricing Supplement, any related Underlying Supplement, the Prospectus Supplement and the Prospectus. We have not authorized anyone else to provide you with different or additional information. We are offering to sell these Securities and seeking offers to buy these Securities only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. Neither the delivery of this Product Supplement nor the relevant Pricing Supplement, any related Underlying Supplement, accompanying Prospectus Supplement or Prospectus, nor any sale made hereunder and thereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. or ABN AMRO Holding N.V. since the date of the relevant Pricing Supplement or that the information contained or incorporated by reference in the accompanying Prospectus is correct as of any time subsequent

ABN AMRO BANK N.V.

Senior Fixed Rate Notes

fully and unconditionally guaranteed by ABN AMRO Holding N.V.

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