ONSPAN NETWORKING INC Form 10KSB/A February 24, 2004

United States Securities and Exchange Commission Washington, D.C. 20549

	FORM 10-KSB/A AMENDMENT NO. 1
(Mark One)	
	NUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE CURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
Fc	or the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003
	RANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE CURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
Fo	or the transition period from to
	Commission file number 000-22991
	Onspan Networking, Inc.
(Nā	ume of small business issuer in its charter)
	Nevada
(State of c	 other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)
	87-0460247
	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
6413 Cong	ress Avenue, Suite 230, Boca Raton, Florida 33487
(Addr	ress of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)
	Issuer's telephone number 561-988-2334
Securities	registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:
Title of each o	class Name of each exchange on which registered
None	Not applicable
Securities	registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act:

Common Stock
----(Title of each class)

Check whether the issuer (1) has filed all reports required to be filed By Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No []

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-B contained in this form, and no disclosure will be contained to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB []

State issuer's revenues for its most recent fiscal year. None

As of December 31, 2003, the registrant had outstanding 968,677 shares of its Common Stock, par value \$.012 its only class of voting securities. The aggregate market value of the shares of Common Stock of the registrant held by non-affiliates on December 31, 2003, was approximately \$255,090 based on its closing price on the OTC: Bulletin Board on that date. (See Item 5).

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

No documents are incorporated by reference into this Report except those Exhibits so incorporated as set forth in the Exhibit index.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (Check one): Yes []; No [X]

2

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION

PART	I	
Item	1.	Business
Item	2.	Properties
Item	3.	Legal Proceedings
Item	4.	Submission of Matters to a vote of security holders11
PART	ΙΙ	
Item	1.	Market for common equity and related stockholder matters
Item	2.	Management's discussion and analysis or plan or operation
Item	3.	Other Information
Item	4.	Consolidated Financial Statements
PART	III	
Item	1.	Directors, Executive officers, Promoters and Control persons Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act
Item	2.	Executive Compensation

Item	3.	Security Ownership of certain beneficial owners and Management
Item	4.	Certain relationships and related transactions41
Item	5.	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K41
		3
		PART I

ITEM 1. HISTORY OF BUSINESS

Originally incorporated in 1985, as Network Information Services, Inc., Network Systems International, Inc. ("NESI"), a Nevada corporation, was the surviving corporation of a reverse merger completed in April 1996. The Company became a publicly traded entity in connection with the re-organization. On July 10, 1998, the Company's stock was officially approved for listing on the NASDAQ Small Cap market and the Company's common stock began trading on NASDAQ Small Cap under the symbol NESI. As of April 2, 2002, the securities were de-listed from the NASDAQ Small Cap market and now trade on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol ONSP. Effective February 10, 2001, the Company changed its name from Network Systems International, Inc., to Onspan Networking, Inc. (the "Company" or "Onspan"). On October 9, 2001, the Company effected a 1 for 12 reverse stock split of its issued and outstanding common stock. Prior to August 5, 2002, the Company, a Nevada corporation, was a holding company, that through its wholly owned subsidiary, InterLAN Communications, Inc. ("InterLAN"), developed data communications and networking infrastructure solutions for business, government and education. On August 5, 2002, the Company completed the sale of its operating division InterLAN and announced a change in its strategy of business as discussed under Discontinued Operations below. April 22, 2003 the Company created a new subsidiary, Coventry 1 Inc. that is a Nevada Corporation. The Company's other subsidiary Onspan SmartHouse, Inc., is a Florida Corporation.

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On August 5, 2002, the Company sold and transferred the stock of its wholly-owned subsidiary, InterLAN Communications, Inc. to G. Anthony Munno, Martin Sainsbury Carter and Brian Ianniello, who were executives and employees of InterLAN. In exchange for the assignment of the InterLAN stock, Messrs. Munno, Carter and Ianniello transferred 21,168 shares of Onspan common shares, and Onspan was relieved of substantially all obligations and guarantees provided to third parties. Onspan also retained the right to a certain tax refund in amount of \$45,147 owing to InterLAN. These individuals also resigned in all capacities as directors, officers and/or employees of Onspan. Onspan retained the following assets of the corporation \$1,078,883 in cash, the marketable securities, the prepaid expenses, the entire income tax receivable, and \$2,611 in property. The liabilities Onspan retained include a \$30,946 dividend payable, \$25,929 due to purchasers of discontinued operations, and \$19,410 note payable.

4

PLAN OF OPERATION

Prior to August 5, 2002, the Company, a Nevada corporation, was a holding Company, that through its wholly owned subsidiary, InterLAN Communications, Inc. ("InterLAN"), developed data communications and networking infrastructure solutions for business, government and education. Following August 5, 2002, the Company, announced a change in its strategy and subsequently

sold its operating division InterLAN. The Company's recently changed its business focus to residential real estate development and building construction services. From 1985 until 2002, the Company's business primarily concentrated on sales of computer hardware and software. In April of 2003, the Company changed its focus to investing in and revitalizing single family homes in established residential neighborhoods in suburban areas. The Company closed on this property on June 19, 2003. The Company has entered into a contract with Garcia Brenner & Stromberg architects to design the project. The Company intends to renovate and expand the existing single-family home project on this site. This project, known as Coventry 1 Inc., has entered into the permitting stage.

RISK FACTORS

REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT INDUSTRY

Ownership of properties in the categories of which the Company invests is highly fragmented among individuals, partnerships, public and private corporations, and REITs. No single entity or person dominates the market for such properties. At any given time, a significant number of home properties as well as individual lots and tracts suitable for single-family homes are available for purchase in the various markets where the Company may seek additional acquisitions. Industry risks include environmental hazards; changes in general or local economic conditions; changes in interest rates and the availability of permanent mortgage financing which may render the acquisition, sale, or refinancing of a property difficult or unattractive and which may make debt service burdensome; changes in real estate and zoning laws; changes in income taxes, real estate taxes, or federal or local economic or rent controls; floods, earthquakes, and other acts of nature; and other factors beyond the control of any firm involved in the real estate development industry. Further, the Company, as other companies it size, will in all probability continue to encounter problems in obtaining contractors who, in turn, are able to obtain performance bonds for building contracts; obtaining bank financing for construction; and obtaining financing without personal guarantees of its officers and directors, all of which materially adversely affect its ability to carry on its business. The illiquidity of real estate investments generally may impair an industry participant's ability to respond promptly to changing circumstances. See "Risk Factors," below.

CERTAIN RISK FACTORS CERTAIN FACTORS ASSOCIATED WITH REAL ESTATE AND RELATED INVESTMENTS.

The Company is subject to the risks associated with ownership, operation, and financing of real estate. These risks include, but are not limited to, liability for environmental hazards; changes in general or local economic conditions; changes in interest rates and

5

the availability of construction and permanent mortgage financing which may render the acquisition, sale, or refinancing of a property difficult or unattractive and which may make debt service burdensome; changes in real estate and zoning laws; bonding requirements; permitting requirements, changes in income taxes, real estate taxes, or federal or local economic or rent controls; floods, earthquakes, and other acts of nature; and other factors beyond the company's control. The illiquidity of real estate investments generally may impair the Company's ability to respond promptly to changing circumstances. Under federal, state, and local environmental laws, ordinances, and regulations, the Company may be liable for removal or remediation costs, as well as other costs (such as fines or injuries to persons and property) where our employees may have arranged for removal, disposal, or treatment of hazardous or toxic substances. In addition, environmental laws impose liability for release of

asbestos-containing materials into the air, and third parties can seek recovery from the Company for personal injury associated with those materials.

LIMITED REVENUES; LIMITED RELEVANT OPERATING HISTORY; SIGNIFICANT AND CONTINUING OPERATING LOSSES; NEGATIVE CASH FLOW; ACCUMULATED DEFICIT.

Since its change in focus the Company has not had any revenues from sales of its properties. Accordingly, the Company has a limited relevant operating history upon which an evaluation of its prospects can be made. Such prospects must be considered in light of the risks, expenses and difficulties frequently encountered in the establishment of a relatively new business in the real estate development industry, which is a continually evolving industry characterized by an increasing number of market entrants and intense competition, as well as the risks, expenses and difficulties encountered in the real estate development and building construction business. The Company prior to its change has incurred operating losses and has an accumulated deficit of approximately \$7,074,815. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in generating revenues at a sufficient quantity or margin or that the Company will ever achieve profitable operations.

SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS; NEED FOR ADDITIONAL CAPITAL.

The Company's capital requirements have been and will continue to be significant. The Company has been dependent primarily on existing capital and a credit line. Future capital needs may be satisfied by either the private placement of equity securities and/or debt financings. The Company based on its cash requirements and exposure to liability from shareholder lawsuits is unsure if existing capital will be sufficient for the next twelve months. In the event that the Company's plans (due to unanticipated expenses, delays, problems, or otherwise), the Company would be required to seek additional funding. Any such additional funding could be in the form of additional equity capital. The Company is currently, contemplating, pursuing potential funding opportunities. However, there can be no assurance that any of such opportunities will result in actual funding or that additional financing will be available to the Company when needed, on commercially reasonable terms, or at all. If the Company is unable to obtain additional financing if needed, it will likely be required to curtail its real estate development plans and may possibly cease its operations. Any additional equity financings may involve substantial dilution to the Company's then-existing shareholders.

6

MANAGEMENT OF GROWTH AND ATTRACTION AND RETENTION OF KEY PERSONNEL.

Management of the Company's growth may place a considerable strain on the Company's management, operations and systems. The Company's ability to execute any future business strategy will depend in part upon its ability to manage the demands of a growing business. Any failure of the Company's management team to effectively manage growth could have a material adverse affect on the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations. The Company's future success depends in large part on the continued service of its key management personnel. The Company believes that its future success also depends on its ability to attract and retain skilled technical, managerial and marketing personnel. Competition for qualified personnel is intense. The Company has from time to time experienced difficulties in recruiting qualified personnel. Failure by the Company to attract and retain the personnel it requires could have a material adverse affect on the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

VOLATILITY OF MARKET PRICE; ISSUANCE OF SUBSTANTIAL NUMBER OF SHARES; AUTHORIZED SHARES; PROXY RULES.

The Company's Common Stock has been traded since 1994. The Company believes that factors such as (but not limited to) the sale of common stock issued on conversion of the Company's debentures, announcements of developments related to the Company's business, fluctuations in the Company's quarterly or annual operating results, failure to meet expectations, general economic conditions, interest rate changes or money supply fluctuations and developments in the Company's relationships with clients and suppliers will cause the price of the Company's Common Stock to fluctuate substantially. In recent years the stock market has experienced extreme price fluctuations, which have often been unrelated to the operating performance of affected companies. Such fluctuations could adversely affect the market price of the Company's Common Stock.

PENNY STOCK REGULATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS FOR LOW PRICED STOCK.

The Commission adopted regulations which generally define a "penny stock" to be any non-Nasdaq equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. Based upon the price of the Company's Common Stock as currently traded on the OTC Bulletin Board, the Company's stock is subject to Rule 15g-9 under the Exchange Act which imposes additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers which sell securities to persons other than established customers and "accredited investors." For transactions covered by this Rule, a broker-dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchaser and have received a purchasers' written consent to the transaction prior to sale. Consequently, the Rule may have a negative effect on the ability of shareholders to sell common shares of the Company in the secondary market.

MANAGEMENT CONTROLS THE COMPANY'S FUNDS.

Management has broad discretion over how to spend the funds held by the Company. Although management will endeavor to act in the best interests of the shareholders, there can be no assurance that the decision to utilize proceeds will prove profitable to the Company.

7

THE COMPANY MAY NOT BE SUCCESSFUL.

The Company is to compete in the competitive market of real estate development and housing construction. The Company's prospects for success will depend on management's ability to successfully market its lots or houses to buyers and its apartment projects to renters. As a result, demand and market acceptance for our projects is subject to a high level of uncertainty. The Company currently has limited resources to undertake the activities that will be necessary to acquire property and build real estate projects. If the Company is unable to expand its efforts, it will not generate substantial additional revenues. Investors should be aware that if the Company is not successful in the operation of its current business, or any future acquisition endeavors, each investor's entire investment in the Common Stock of the Company could become worthless. Even if the Company is successful in our operations and potential acquisitions, it is not certain that investors will derive a profit from investment in the Company.

THE COMPANY RELIES ON ITS MANAGEMENT.

The Company is dependent upon the members of management set forth herein. If the current management is no longer able to provide services to the Company, its business will be negatively affected.

ADDITIONAL DEBT, OR EQUITY FINANCING MAY AFFECT INVESTOR'S ABILITY TO SELL

COMMON STOCK.

The Company's common stock currently trades on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol ONSP. Stocks trading on the OTC Bulletin Board generally attract a smaller number of market makers and a less active public market and may be subject to significant volatility. If the Company raises additional money from the sale of its Common Stock, the market price could drop and investor's ability to sell stock could be diminished. Further, even if the Company is able to increase its authorized shares, there can be no assurance that it will be able to obtain sufficient shareholder votes in the future for any such increase, which votes are required by Nevada law.

THE COMPANYS STRATEGY INCLUDES PURSUING STRATEGIC ACQUISITIONS THAT MAY NOT BE SUCCESSFUL

The Company will consider acquiring businesses that are intended to add products and or services. Acquisitions involve a number of operational risks that the acquired business may not be successfully integrated, may distract management attention, may involve unforeseen costs and liabilities, and possible regulatory costs, some or all of which could have a materially adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations. Additionally, the Company may make acquisitions with cash or with stock, or a combination thereof. If the Company does make any such acquisitions, various associated risks may be encountered, including potential dilution to the Company's then current shareholders, as a result of additional shares of common stock being issued in connection with the acquisitions.

8

THE COMPANY'S STOCK PRICE WILL FLUCTUATE AND MAY FALL BELOW EXPECTATIONS OF SECURITIES ANALYSTS AND INVESTORS, WHICH COULD SUBJECT THE COMPANY TO LITIGATION

The market price of the Company's common stock may fluctuate significantly in response to a number of factors, some of which are beyond its control. These factors include:

- quarterly variations in operating results;
- changes in accounting treatments or principles;
- existing litigation;
- announcements by the Company or its competitors of new products and services offerings, significant contracts, acquisitions or strategic relationships;
- additions or departures of key personnel;
- any future sales of the Company's common stock or other securities;
- stock market price and volume fluctuations of publicly-traded companies in general and Internet-related companies in particular; and
- general political, economic and market conditions.

It is likely that in some future quarter the Company's operating results may fall below the expectations of securities analysts and investors, which could result in a decrease in the trading price of the Company's common stock. In the past, securities class action litigation has often been brought against a company following periods of volatility in the market price of its securities. The Company may be the target of similar litigation in the future.

Securities litigation could result in substantial costs and divert management's attention and resources, which could seriously harm the Company's business and operating results.

THERE IS A LIMITED PUBLIC MARKET FOR THE COMPANY'S COMMON STOCK AND THERE ARE NO ASSURANCES OF A CONTINUED TRADING MARKET FOR THE COMPANY'S COMMON STOCK

The Company's common stock is currently quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board (R) Market (OTCBB) under the symbol "ONSP". The Company's common stock is thinly traded. There are no assurances the Company will maintain its OTC Bulletin Board (R) listing. If the Company's common stock should be delisted from the OTC Bulletin Board(R) Market, it is likely that the stock would then be quoted on the Pink Sheets Market, which could materially and / or adversely effect any future liquidity in the Company's common stock.

9

INABILITY TO SECURE AN INDEPENDENT AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBER

Due to the potential exposure to litigation and small compensation, it may be difficult to secure and Independent Audit Committee Member. If the Company is unable to secure an Independent Audit Committee Member, it may be in violation of current audit standards and may be subject to possible de-listing of which could have a materially adverse affect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

The Company's principal executive offices are located in approximately 2,108 square feet of commercial office space sub-leased from Millennium Holdings Group, Inc., under a three-year lease signed on July 1, 2003 at a rate of \$34,907 per annum plus 5% per annum. The Company believes its current facilities are adequate for its current needs.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

1. Network Systems International of North Carolina, Inc. v Network Systems International, Inc. and OnSpan Networking, Inc. (02-CvS-10154) (Complaint filed September 13, 2002). This action asserts a claim for breach of contract against the Company, seeking certain tax refunds obtained by the Company. The plaintiff, a former subsidiary of the Company, claims that these tax refunds belong to the plaintiff. The Company has filed an answer disputing the amounts claimed and seeking reimbursement for certain expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of the plaintiff. The parties have engaged in settlement discussions, which have been unsuccessful to date.

2. Securities Actions:

a. Richard T. Clark and Joel C. Holt v. OnSpan Networking, Inc. and Herbert Tabin, Case No. 03-CV-298K (N.D. Okla.) (Removed from state court May 1, 2003); This action asserts claims for violation of Oklahoma securities law, fraud, breach of contract, and breach of fiduciary duties. The action seeks damages in the amount of \$300,000, for each plaintiff, the plaintiffs' attorneys' fees and costs, and certain other relief. The case was filed in Oklahoma State court on March 28, 2003, and it was removed to federal court on May 1, 2003. The Company has filed a Motion to Dismiss the matter.

b. D. Mark White v Onspan Networking, Inc. and Herbert Tabin, Case No. 352198686 03 (District Court, Tarrant County Texas) (Complaint filed May 2, 2003) This action asserts claims for violation of Texas securities law, fraud, and breach of fiduciary duties. The action seeks unspecified damages, restitution in the amount of \$300,000, punitive damages, pre-judgment interest, the plaintiffs' attorney's fees and costs, and certain other relief. The case was filed in Texas state court on May 2, 2002. The Company has filed a Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Amended Complaint.

No discovery has taken place in either of these two actions. The Company will vigorously defend both of these actions.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

PART II

ITEM 1. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

From July 1998, until February 9, 2001, the Company's common stock was traded under the symbol NESI, on the NASDAQ Small Cap market. Beginning February 10, 2001, it began trading under the symbol ONSP. As of April 2, 2002, the securities were de-listed from the NASDAQ Small Cap market. The Company's common stock is now traded on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol ONSP. On October 9, 2001, the Company effected a 1 for 12 reverse stock split of its issued and outstanding common stock. The total number of authorized Shares of its common stock before the stock split was 100,000,000; the total number of authorized shared of common stock after the stock split was 8,333,333. The total number of issued and outstanding shares of its common stock on the record date were 11,574,619; giving effect to the stock split, there were 964,552 shares of common stock issued and outstanding after the split. All information contained in this annual report gives proforma effect to this stock split.

The following table sets forth, for the periods from October 1, 2001, through September 30, 2003, the quarterly high and low closing bid sale prices for the Company's Common Stock as reported on the NASDAQ Small Cap Market until April 2, 2002, and the OTC Bulletin Board subsequently, as adjusted to reflect the stock split. The prices represent quotations by dealers without adjustment for retail mark ups, mark-downs or commissions and may not represent actual transactions.

11

FISCAL YEAR 2003	HIGH	LOW
First Quarter Second Quarter Third Quarter Fourth Quarter	\$.85 \$1.07 \$.55 \$2.75	\$.10 \$.51 \$.30 \$.30
FISCAL YEAR 2002	HIGH	LOW
First Quarter Second Quarter Third Quarter Fourth Quarter	\$4.20 \$1.90 \$.92 \$1.01	\$.10 \$.67 \$.20 \$.30

As of September 30, 2003, there were approximately 320 holders of record of the Company's common stock, an undetermined number of which represent more than one individual participant in securities positions with the Company.

RECENT ISSUANCES OF SECURITIES

On September 28, 2001, the Company agreed to issue 29,168 shares of its common stock, as of September 30, 2002, all of these shares have been issued, and granted a three-year option to purchase 25,000 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$ 7.20 per share, in settlement of certain litigation. These issuances will be made in a private transaction exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 in reliance on Section 4(2) of that act.

The Company has reserved 500,000 shares of common stock for the grant of qualified incentive options or non-qualified options to employees and directors of the Company or its parents or subsidiaries, and to non-employee directors, consultants and advisors and other persons who may perform significant services for or on behalf of the Company under the Plan. Prices for incentive stock options must provide for an exercise price of not less than 100% of the fair market value of the common stock on the date the options are granted unless the eligible employee owns more than 10% of the Company's common stock for which the exercise price must be at least 110% of such fair market value. Non-statutory options must provide for an exercise price of not less than 85% of the fair market value.

Pursuant to the Plan on September 2, 2003, the Company granted 122,000 non-qualified stock options and 366,000 incentive stock options to certain directors and employees. The stock options are immediately exercisable.

12

DIVIDENDS

The Company has never paid cash dividends on its common stock, and intends to utilize current resources to expand its operations. Therefore, it is not anticipated that cash dividends will be paid on the Company's common stock in the foreseeable future.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

The following discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition and results of operations should be read with the condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes contained in this annual report on Form 10-KSB ("Form 10-KSB"). All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Form 10-KSB are, or may be deemed to be, forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the Company's actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different than any expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "potential," "continue," or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in such forward-looking statements include: 1. General economic factors including, but not limited to, changes in interest rates and trends in disposable income; 2. Information and technological advances; 3. Cost of products sold; 4.

Competition; and 5. Success of marketing, advertising and promotional campaigns. The Company is subject to specific risks and uncertainties related to its business model, strategies, markets and legal and regulatory environment You should carefully review the risks described in this Form 10-KSB and in other documents the Company files from time to time with the SEC. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Form 10-KSB. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly release any revisions to the forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this document.

Effective August 5, 2002 the Company completed the sale of its operating line of business as discussed under Discontinued Operations in Item 1, accordingly, the following discussion will deal with the Company's Plan of Operation. The operations of InterLAN, for the year ended September 30, 2002 have been reclassified as loss from discontinued operations.

13

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company has identified the policies outlined below as critical to its business operations and an understanding of its results of operations. The listing is not intended to be a comprehensive list of all of the Company's accounting policies. In many cases, the accounting treatment of a particular transaction is specifically dictated by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, with no need for management's judgment in their application. The impact and any associated risks related to these policies on the Company's business operations is discussed throughout Management's Discussion and Analysis or plan of operations where such policies affect the Company's reported and expected financial results. For a detailed discussion on the application of these and other accounting policies, see the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. The Company's preparation of the financial statements requires it to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Company's financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. There can be no assurance that actual results will not differ from those estimates.

PLAN OF OPERATION

Prior to August 5, 2002, the Company, a Nevada corporation, was a holding Company, that through its wholly owned subsidiary, InterLAN Communications, Inc. ("InterLAN"), developed data communications and networking infrastructure solutions for business, government and education. Following August 5, 2002, the Company, announced a change in its strategy and subsequently sold its operating division InterLAN. The Company's recently changed its business focus to residential real estate development and building construction services. From 1985 until 2002, the Company's business primarily concentrated on sales of computer hardware and software. In April of 2003, the Company changed its focus to investing in and revitalizing single family homes in established residential neighborhoods in suburban areas. The Company closed on this property on June 19, 2003. The Company has entered into a contract with Garcia Brenner & Stromberg architects to design the project. The Company intends to renovate and expand the existing single-family home project on this site. This project, known as Coventry 1 Inc., has entered the permitting stage.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment is recorded at cost and is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of such assets. Changes in circumstances such as technological advances, changes to the Company's business

model or changes in the Company's capital strategy could result in the actual useful lives differing from the Company's estimates. In those cases where the Company determines that the useful life of property, plant and equipment should be shortened, the Company will depreciate the net book value in excess of the estimated salvage value over its revised remaining useful life.

14

DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

The Company records a valuation allowance to reduce the carrying value of its deferred tax assets to an amount that is more likely than not to be realized. While the Company has considered future taxable income and prudent and feasible tax planning strategies in assessing the need for the valuation allowance, should the Company determine that it would not be able to realize all or part of its net deferred tax assets in the future, an adjustment to the carrying value of the deferred tax assets would be charged to income in the period in which such determination was made.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE

The Company's selling, general and administrative expenses, including salaries and wages amounted to \$396,305 during the twelve months ended September 30, 2003, as compared to \$417,422 for the twelve months ended September 30, 2002. The majority of the decrease is a result of higher compensation costs of \$88,000, increased legal fees due to lawsuits of \$69,000, increased rent of \$7,200 offset by a decrease of \$17,000 in accounting fees, decreased filing fees of \$20,000, decreased D & O Insurance due to cancellation of the policy of \$49,000 and \$80,000 due to bad debt expense .

INCOME TAXES

The North Carolina Department of Revenue has contacted the Company with regard to state income taxes for the tax year ended September 30, 1999. Upon investigation, the Company has determined that former management did not file a state income tax return in North Carolina for that year although a return was filed in Florida for that year. The Company is in the process of investigating the situation and of evaluating what action should be taken as a result of the inquiry by the North Carolina Department of Revenue. The Company has been unable to estimate with any reasonable certainty what liability it may have to the State of North Carolina.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

During the twelve months ended September 30, 2003, working capital decreased \$424,112 to \$681,065 from \$1,105,177. The primary reasons for the decrease is the \$(80,000) decrease in market value of marketable securities due to the sale of RCG stock, a decrease of (\$990,537) in cash off set by an increase in inventory - home of \$1,464,344, and increase in loan payable of \$675,000. During this same period, stockholders' equity decreased \$425,024 to \$682,432 from \$1,107,456. The decrease in stockholders' equity is primarily due to the net loss for the year of (\$525,599), and increases in paid in capital of \$100,575 primary due to the issuance of options for the loan payable to Evolve One, Inc (EONE). The Company has budgeted significant capital expenditures for the current fiscal year to make improvements on the house. The Company is currently reliant on construction/mortgage financing provided by one lender - Evolve One Inc. As of September 30, 2003, Evolve One, Inc did not have sufficient cash reserves to fully fund the available credit under the line of credit. Any financial or legal impairment of this lender may have an impact on

our current project. An impairment of our lender may force the Company to cancel outstanding project, may cause project delays or may ultimately force the Company to sell its project.

15

The Company is currently a party to several legal proceedings and although the Company will vigorously defend all of these actions, the Company is unable to estimate with any reasonable certainty what liability it may have to these litigants. There are no assurances that the Company will be successful in defending these legal proceedings, or if successful the cost of defending these legal proceedings may significantly deplete the capital of the Company impairing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, there are no assurances that the Company will be successful in achieving the above plans, or that such plans, if consummated, will enable the Company to obtain profitable operations or continue as a going concern.

ITEM 3. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 4. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEX

Pag	je #
ndependent auditors' reports	.17
Consolidated Balance Sheet - September 30, 2003	.18
Consolidated Statements of Operations - Years Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002	.19
Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity - Years Ended September 30, 2003and 2002	.20
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - Years Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002	.21
otes to Consolidated Financial Statements	.23

16

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Onspan Networking, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(f/k/a Network Systems International, Inc.)

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Onspan Networking, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of September 30, 2003 and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years ended September 30, 2003, and 2002. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial

statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Onspan Networking, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of September 30, 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. However, the Company has suffered recurring losses from operations and had negative cash flows from operations that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans regarding those matters are also described in Note 14. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Daszkal Bolton LLP Boca Raton, Florida December 2, 2003

17

Onspan Networking, Inc. and Subsidiary

Consolidated Balance Sheet September 30, 2003

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,074
Deposits		3 , 584
Prepaid Insurance		10,405
Inventory - Home	1	,464,344
Total current assets Property and equipment, net		,518,407 1,367
	\$ 1 ===	,519,774 =======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	66,034
Accrued dividend		30,946
Accrued interest		9,433

Loan Payable		675,000 55,929
Total current liabilities		837,342
COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock; \$.001 par value; authorized 12,500 shares; issued and outstanding 2,713 shares; liquidation preference \$271,300		11,624 7,873,709
		(7,202,903)
Total stockholders' equity	• • • • • • • •	682,432
		\$ 1,519,774 ========
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial state	ments.	
18		
Onspan Networking, Inc. and Subsidiary		
Consolidated Statements of Operations Years Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002		
rears and september 30, 2003 and 2002	2003	2002
Costs and expenses:		
Other selling, general and administrative expenses	396,305	417,422
	396 , 305	417,422
(Loss) from operations	(396,305)	(417,422)
Other income (expense):		
Interest income	9,580	23,313
equity securities	(28,866)	-
marketable equity securities	-	(382,000)
Interest expense	(110,008)	(2,277)
Total other income (expense)		(360,964)
(Loss) before income taxes and		
discontinued operations	(525 , 599) -	(778,386) (11,975)
(Loss) from continuing operations	(525,599)	
income tax expense of \$3,660)	_	6 , 075
		(549,758)

Net (loss)	\$(525 , 599) -	\$(1,340,119) -
Net (loss) applicable to common shares	\$ (525,599) ======	\$(1,340,119)
Basic and diluted net (loss) per share		
Continuing operations	\$ (0.54)	\$ (0.82)
	=======	========
Discontinued operations	\$ -	\$ (0.57)
	=======	========
Total	\$ (0.54)	\$ (1.38)
	=======	========
Weighted average shares outstanding		
Basic	968 , 677	967 , 735
	=======	========
Diluted	968 , 677	967,735
	=======	========

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

19

Onspan Networking, Inc. and Subsidiary

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity Years Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

					Stock Par Value		Ret Ear
Balance, September 30, 2001		\$		•	•	7,755,319	(5,
Conversion of preferred stock	(50)		_	209	2	_	
Sale of interLAN	_		-	(21, 168)	(254)	254	
Retirement of shares	_		_	(4,084)	(48)	46	
Issuance of stock for legal settlement	_		_	29,168	349	17,515	
Net income (loss)	-		_	_	-	. –	(1,
Balance, September 30, 2002	2,713	\$	2	968 , 677	\$ 11 , 624	\$7 , 773 , 134	\$(6,
		==:					====
Issuance of options for loan payable .	_		_	_	_	100,575	
Net income (loss)	_		_	_	_	_	(
Balance, September 30, 2003	2,713	\$	2	968,677	\$ 11,624	\$7,873,709	(7,
	-=====	==:			=======	========	====

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

20

Onspan Networking, Inc. and Subsidiary

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

	2003	2002
Challe Clause Communication and the transfer		
Cash flows from operating activities Net loss	(525 500)	\$ (1 3/0 110)
Less: (Loss) from discontinued operations, net		\$ (549,758)
(Loss) from continuing opertions		
Depreciation	912	990
Stock options granted in loan agreement	100,575	_
Deferred income taxes	_	46,303
Stock issued in legal settlement	_	(17,865) 382,000
Gain on sale of marketable securities	28 , 866	302,000
Change in assets and liabilities (excluding effects of acquisitions):	20,000	
Income tax receivable	45,147	60,696
Inventory - Home		
Prepaid expenses	(2,156)	
Accounts payable	60,495 9,433	(4,121)
Accrued interest	,	_
operations	30,000	
Net cash provided by operating activities	(1,716,671)	(292,378)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	51,134	-
Capital expenditures	-	(1,589)
Net cash provided by investing activities	51,134	(1,589)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Loan from EONE	675 , 000	_
Proceeds from notes payable	_	71,000
Payment of notes payable	_	(77,781)
Payment to purchasers of discontinued operations		(44,531)
Net cash used in financing activities	675 , 000	(51,312)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		
from continuing operations	(990,537)	(345,279)
Net cash used in (provided by) discontinued operations	_	92,217
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(990,537)	(253 , 062)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period from continuing operations	1,030,611	1,283,673
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	40,074	\$ 1,030,611
=		Continued

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

21

Onspan Networking, Inc. and Subsidiary
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

(Continued)

(concernada)	2003		2002
Supplemental Cash Flow Information			
Cash paid for interest and income taxes are as follows: Interest		- -	\$ 2,377 -
Financed insurance premiums\$		_	\$ 57,000

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

22

ONSPAN NETWORKING , INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 AND 2002

1. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Onspan Networking, Inc. (the "Company" or "Onspan"), a Nevada corporation, is a holding company. The financial statements include the accounts of the Company and the discontinued operations of InterLAN Communications, Inc. ("InterLAN"). Onspan changed its name from Network Systems International, Inc. effective February 10, 2001.

Originally incorporated in 1985, as Network Information Services, Inc., Network Systems International, Inc. ("NESI"), a Nevada corporation, was the surviving corporation of a reverse merger completed in April 1996. The Company became a publicly traded entity in connection with the re-organization. On July 10, 1998, the Company's stock was officially approved for listing on the NASDAQ Small Cap market and the Company's common stock began trading on NASDAQ Small Cap under the symbol NESI. As of April 2, 2002, the securities were de-listed from the NASDAQ Small Cap market and now trade on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol ONSP. On November 10, 2000, Onspan completed the acquisition of 100% of the issued and outstanding common stock of InterLAN, a Virginia corporation.

On August 5, 2002, the Company sold and transferred the stock of its wholly-owned subsidiary, InterLAN Communications, Inc. to G. Anthony Munno, Martin Sainsbury Carter and Brian Ianniello, who were executives and employees of InterLAN. In exchange for the assignment of the InterLAN stock, Messrs. Munno, Carter and Ianniello transferred 21,168 shares of Onspan common shares, and Onspan was relieved of substantially all obligations and guarantees provided to third parties. Onspan also retained the right to a certain tax refund in amount of \$45,147 owing to InterLAN. These individuals also resigned in all capacities as directors, officers and/or employees of Onspan. Onspan retained the following assets of the corporation \$1,078,883 in cash, the marketable securities, the prepaid expenses, the entire income tax receivable, and \$2,611 in property. The liabilities Onspan retained include a \$30,946 dividend payable, \$25,929 due to purchasers of discontinued operations, and \$19,410 note payable.

On April 22, 2003 the Company created a new subsidiary, Coventry 1 Inc. which is a Nevada Corporation. The Company's other subsidiary Onspan SmartHouse, Inc., is a Florida Corporation

Prior to August 5, 2002, the Company, a Nevada corporation, was a holding Company, that through its wholly owned subsidiary, InterLAN Communications, Inc. ("InterLAN"), developed data communications and networking infrastructure solutions for business, government and education. Following August 5, 2002, the Company, announced a change in its strategy and subsequently sold its operating division InterLAN. The Company's recently changed its business focus to residential real estate development and building construction services. From 1985 until 2002, the Company's business primarily

23

concentrated on sales of computer hardware and software. In April of 2003, the Company changed its focus to investing in and revitalizing single family homes in established residential neighborhoods in suburban areas. The Company closed on this property on June 19, 2003. The Company has entered into a contract with Garcia Brenner & Stromberg architects to design the project. The Company intends to renovate and expand the existing single-family home project on this site. This project, known as Coventry 1 Inc., has entered into the permitting stage.

2. SUMMARIES OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The financial statements at September 30, 2003 and 2002, include the accounts of the Company and the discontinued operations of InterLAN Communications, Inc.

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2003 include the accounts of Onspan Networking, Inc. and its subsidiary, Coventry 1, Inc. and Onspan Smarthouse Inc. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, marketable equity securities, notes receivable, income taxes receivable, accounts payable, amounts due to purchasers of discontinued operations and note payable approximate fair value as of September 30, 2003, because of the short maturity of these instruments.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company recognizes revenue from all homebuilding activities at the closing of the sale using the deposit method. During construction, all direct material and labor costs and those indirect costs related to acquisition and construction are capitalized, and all customer deposits are treated as liabilities. Capitalized costs are charged to earnings upon closing. Costs incurred in connection with completed homes and selling, general, and administrative costs are charged to expense as incurred. Provision for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts and on speculative projects is made in the period in which such losses are determined.

2.4

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Investments are classified into three categories as follows:

- Trading securities reported at fair value with unrealized gains and losses included in earnings;
- 2. Securities available-for-sale reported at fair value with unrealized gains and losses reported in other comprehensive income; and
- 3. Held-to-maturity securities reported at amortized cost.

PREFERRED STOCK

At September 30, 2003, the Company had 2,713 shares outstanding of its Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series A"). This issue has a stated liquidation preference value of \$100 per share redeemable at the Company's option, has no voting rights, and each preferred share is convertible to 4 shares of the Company's common stock as adjusted for the 1 for 12 reverse stock split. Dividends on the Series A were to be paid monthly in cash at a rate of 12% of the original issue. The Company's Board of Directors, elected for the payment of cash dividends on its Series A to be suspended. This decision was made in light of the general economic conditions. In particular, the Board took such actions as necessary to preserve the Company's working capital in order to ensure the continued viability of the Company. The Board of Directors is unable at this time to predict if the Company will resume the payment of cash dividends on its Series A 12% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock. However, the Company has accrued dividends on these shares in the amount of \$30,946 at September 30, 2003.

INCOME TAXES

The Company accounts for income taxes under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("SFAS 109"). Under SFAS 109, the liability method is used in accounting for income taxes and deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company applies the intrinsic value-based method of accounting prescribed by Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations, in accounting for its stock option plan. As such, compensation expense would be recorded on the date of grant only if the current market price of the underlying stock exceeded the exercise price.

25

EARNINGS PER SHARE

The financial statements are presented in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128 ("SFAS 128"), "Earnings Per Share". Basic earnings

per share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution from the exercise or conversion of securities into common stock.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Expenditures for significant renewals and improvements are capitalized. Repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred. Depreciation is computed using an accelerated method for both financial and tax purposes based upon the useful lives of the assets.

RECLASSIFICATION

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In January 2003, the FASB issued FIN No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an Interpretation of ARB No. 51." FIN No. 46 requires certain variable interest entities to be consolidated by the primary beneficiary of the entity if the equity investors in the entity do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. FIN No. 46 is effective immediately for all new variable interest entities created or acquired after January 31, 2003. For variable interest entities created or acquired prior to February 1, 2003, the provisions of FIN No. 46 must be applied for the first interim or annual period beginning after June 15, 2003. We believe that the adoption of this standard will have no material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In April 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 149, "Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." SFAS No. 149 amends and clarifies financial accounting and reporting of derivative instruments and hedging activities under SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." SFAS No. 149 amends SFAS No. 133 for decisions made:

26

(i) as part of the Derivatives Implementation Group process that require amendment to SFAS No. 133; (ii) in connection with other FASB projects dealing with financial instruments; and (iii) in connection with the implementation issues raised related to the application of the definition of a derivative. SFAS No. 149 is effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003 and for designated hedging relationships after June 30, 2003. The Company does not believe that the adoption of this standard will have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity." The Statement establishes standards for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity and further requires that an issuer classify as a liability (or an asset in some

circumstances) financial instruments that fall within its scope because that financial instrument embodies an obligation of the issuer. Many of such instruments were previously classified as equity. The statement is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and otherwise is effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. We believe that the adoption of this standard will not have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

3. INVENTORY HOME

Inventory – home which is reflected at cost consists of the following at September 30, 2003:

Home Basis	 \$1,440,865
Improvements .	 23,479
Total Basis	 \$1,464,344

4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment, which are reflected at cost, consist of the following at September 30, 2003:

Computer equipment	\$ 3,689
Total property and equipment .	\$ 3,689
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,322)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 1,367
	======

Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 is \$912 and \$990, respectively.

27

5. REVOLVING CREDIT NOTE

The Company has a demand line of credit with a related party (Evolve One Inc), totaling \$1,000,000, under which the Company may borrow on an unsecured basis at 5% annually. There was \$675,000 outstanding under this line of credit at September 30, 2003. Evolve One has deferred receiving the first payment of interest due under the Note at December 19, 2003. As of September 30, 2003, Evolve One, Inc did not have sufficient cash reserves to fully fund the available credit under the line of credit. The terms of the demand line of credit state that the Company must issue options to purchase common stock equal to 10% of the dollar amount of the loan advance at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share, and options to purchase common stock equal to 90% of the dollar amount of the loan advance at the ten trading day average at the time of the draw (\$0.30 at June 30, 2003). Under these terms, the Company issued 675,000 stock options resulting in a charge to interest expense of \$110,008.

6. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

On June 19, 2003, the Company granted 67,500 stock options to Evolve One Inc in a revolving note agreement see footnote 5. The options have an exercise price of \$.10 per share. The Company also granted on June 19, 2003, 607,500, stock options to Evolve One Inc., in the same note agreement. These options have an exercise price of \$.30 per share. The Company recognized a non-cash interest expense of \$100,575, during the twelve month period ended September 30, 2003.

7. EMPLOYEE INCENTIVE STOCK OPTION AGREEMENTS

During 1999, the Company adopted the Onspan Networking, Inc. f/k/a Network Systems International, Inc. "1999 Long Term Stock Incentive Plan." The maximum number of shares authorized and available under the plan was amended to be increased from 41,667 to 500,000 shares, this amendment was approved at the annual shareholder meeting held December 31, 2001, Under the terms of the plan, the options expire after 10 years, as long as the employees remain employed with the Company. The Company has reserved 500,000 shares of common stock for the grant of qualified incentive options or non-qualified options to employees and directors of the Company or its parents or subsidiaries, and to non-employee directors, consultants and advisors and other persons who may perform significant services for or on behalf of the Company under the Plan. Prices for incentive stock options must provide for an exercise price of not less than 100% of the fair market value of the common stock on the date the options are granted unless the eligible employee owns more than 10% of the Company's common stock for which the exercise price must be at least 110% of such fair market value. Non-statutory options must provide for an exercise price of not less than 85% of the fair market value.

Pursuant to the Plan on September 2, 2003, the Company granted 122,000 non-qualified stock options and 366,000 incentive stock options to certain directors and employees. The stock options are immediately exercisable. The following is a summary of option activity for the years ended September 30, 2003 and 2002.

28

	OPTIONS AVAILABLE FOR GRANT	OPTIONS	OPTIONS OUTSTANDING WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE
Balance; September 30, 2001	8 , 598	14,334	\$13.08
Granted Exercised Cancelled Plan amendment	 - - - 477,068	 - - -	 - - -
Balance; September 30, 2002	•	14,334	13.08
Granted Exercised Cancelled	(488,000) - 2,667		.30
Balance; September 30, 2003	333	499 , 667	.67

SFAS No. 123 "Accounting for Stock Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"), requires the Company to disclose pro forma information regarding option grants made to its employees. SFAS 123 specifies certain valuation techniques that produce estimated compensation charges that are included in the pro forma results below. These amounts have not been reflected in the Company's Statement of Operations, because Accounting Principles Board Opinion 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," specifies that no compensation charge arises when the price of the employees' stock options equal the market value of the underlying stock at the grant date, as in the case of options granted to the Company's employees.

SFAS No. 123 pro forma numbers are as follows for the years ended September 30, 2003 and 2002:

	2003	2002
	(525,599)	\$(1,340,119)
Pro forma net income (loss)\$	(667 , 119)	\$(1,340,119)
Pro forma basic and diluted net Income (loss) per share \$	(.69)	\$ (1.38)
8. INCOME TAXES		
The provision for income taxes for the years ended Se following components:	ptember 30, co	onsists of the
29		
	2003	2002
Continuing operations		
Federal Deffered	\$ -	\$11,975
	 \$ -	\$11 , 975
Discontinued Operations Federal	====	=====
Deffered		3,660 =====
Total income tax expense (benefit)	\$ - =====	\$15 , 635
Reconciliation of the Federal Statutory Income Tax ra	te to the Com	oany's
effective income tax rate is as follows:	2003	2002
Computed at the Statuary rates (34%)	\$ (178,704) 625 (19,704) 143,747	\$(455,640) 126,973 (35,090) - 3,660
Reinstatement/Change in valuation Allowance	54,036	
Tax provision (benefit)	\$ - ======	\$ 15,635 ======
The significant temporary differences that give rise of September 30, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:	to a deferred	tax asset as
	2003	2002
Deferred tax asset:		
Unrealized loss on marketable securities Capital loss Carryforward NOL Carryforward	\$ - 41,798 417,796	\$ 143,747 41,798 220,013

Total deferred tax asset Less valuation allowance	459,594 (459,594)	,
Net deferred tax asset	\$ -	\$ -

30

The net change in the total valuation allowance for the year ended September 30, 2003 was an increase of \$54,036.

In assessing the reliability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Management considers projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment.

The net operating loss carry forward originated September 30, 2002; the amount is \$1,110,275 and expires in 2023.

During the year ended September 30, 2003 a refund of \$45,147\$ was received from the Internal Revenue Service for \$45,147\$ for prior year overpaid income taxes for former subsidiary InterLAN Communications as per the sale agreement.

9. LEASE COMMITMENT

OPERATING LEASES

The Company has entered into a sub-lease agreement with Millennium Holdings Group, Inc for a three-year term commencing July 1, 2003, for office space in Boca Raton, Florida. The lease provides for base monthly rentals of \$2,908 plus the Company's proportionate share of certain expenses with 5% annual increases through June 30, 2006.

Minimum future obligations over the term of the lease are as follows:

Year ended September 30,	
2004	\$ 35,343
2005	37,106
2006	30,303
	\$102 , 752
	=======

Rent expense for the years ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 aggregated \$13,226 and \$6,000 respectively.

10. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

1. Network Systems International of North Carolina, Inc. v Network Systems International, Inc. and OnSpan Networking, Inc. (02-CvS-10154) (Complaint filed September 13, 2002). This action asserts a claim for breach of contract against the Company, seeking certain tax refunds obtained by the Company. The plaintiff, a former subsidiary of the Company, claims that these tax refunds belong to the plaintiff. The Company has filed an answer disputing

the amounts claimed and seeking reimbursement or certain expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of the plaintiff. The parties have engaged in settlement discussions, which have been unsuccessful to date.

2. Securities Actions:

a. Richard T. Clark and Joel C. Holt v. OnSpan Networking, Inc. and Herbert Tabin, Case No. 03-CV-298K (N.D. Okla.) (Removed from state court May 1, 2003); This action asserts claims for violation of Oklahoma securities law, fraud, breach of contract, and breach of fiduciary duties. The action seeks damages in the amount of \$300,000, for each plaintiff, the plaintiffs' attorneys' fees and costs, and certain other relief. The case was filed in Oklahoma State court on March 28, 2003, and it was removed to federal court on May 1, 2003. The Company has filed a Motion to Dismiss the matter.

b. D. Mark White v OnSpan Networking, Inc. and Herbert Tabin, Case No. 352198686 03 (District Court, Tarrant County Texas) (Complaint filed May 2, 2003) This action asserts claims for violation of Texas securities law, fraud, and breach of fiduciary duties. The action seeks unspecified damages, restitution in the amount of \$300,000, punitive damages, pre-judgment interest, the plaintiffs' attorneys' fees and costs, and certain other relief. The case was filed in Texas state court on May 2, 2002. The Company has filed a Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Amended Complaint.

No discovery has taken place in either of these two actions. The Company will vigorously defend both of these actions.

11. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

	2003	2002
Net Sales - Interlan	\$ -	\$2,146,824
Net loss from discontinued division - Interlan	\$ -	\$ (555,833)
Gain on disposal of a division net of income taxes of \$3,660	\$ - 	\$ 6,075
Net (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ - ====	\$ (549,758) ======
Net (loss) per common share Basic Diluted		(.57) (.57)

32

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earning (loss) per share is computed by dividing earnings available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect per share amounts that would have resulted if dilutive potential common stock had been converted to common stock. The following reconciles amounts reported in the financial statements:

2003	2	0	0	2
	_	_	_	_

(Loss) from continuing operations	\$(525 , 599) - 	
Net (loss)	\$(525,599) ======	\$(1,340,119) =======
Denominator for basic earnings per share - Weighted average shares Effect of dilutive securities - stock options	968 , 677 - 	967 , 735 -
Denominator for diluted earnings per share - Weighted average shares adjusted for dilutive securities	968 , 677	967 , 735
Basic and diluted (loss) per common share: (Loss) from continuing operations	\$ (.54)	\$ (.82)
(Loss) from discontinued operations		(.57)
Net (loss)	\$ (.54) ======	\$ (1.38) ======

13. REVERSE SPLIT

On October 4, 2001, the Company announced a 1 for 12 reverse stock split of its common stock. The total number of authorized shares of its common stock before the stock split was 100,000,000 the par value was \$.001; the total number of authorized shares of common stock after the stock split is 8,333,333 and the par value is .012. The total number of issued and outstanding shares of its common stock on the record date were 11,574,619; giving effect to the stock split, Onspan Networking now has 967,735 shares of common stock issued and outstanding. Any fractional shares, which would otherwise be issuable upon such split, were rounded up to the next whole share. Onspan Networking did not issue new stock certificates as a result of the stock split. The financial statements have been adjusted to retroactively to show the 1 for 12 reverse stock split.

33

14. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying condensed financials were prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company is currently a party to several legal proceedings and although the Company will vigorously defend all of these actions, the Company is unable to estimate with any reasonable certainty what liability it may have to these litigants. There are no assurances that the Company will be successful in defending these legal proceedings, or if successful the cost of defending these legal proceedings may significantly deplete the capital of the Company impairing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, there are no assurances that the Company will be successful in achieving the above plans, or that such plans, if consummated, will enable the Company to obtain profitable operations or continue as a going concern.

15. CONCENTRATIONS

GEOGRAPHICAL

Currently, all of the Company's material revenues to be derived in 2004 are from

one house located in Palm Beach County within the State of Florida. Accordingly, the Company could be adversely affected by natural disasters, such as hurricanes or other tropical storms or events, economic downturns, significant unemployment, and other economic conditions that may occur from time to time in Florida, which may not have as much impact on more geographically diversified competitors.

FINANCIAL

The Company is currently reliant on construction/mortgage financing provided by one lender — Evolve One Inc. Any financial or legal impairment of this lender may have an impact on our current projects. An impairment of our lender may force the Company to cancel outstanding projects, may cause project delays or may ultimately force the Company to sell its projects.

34

PART III

ITEM 1. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS, COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(A) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS:

The following table sets forth the names, ages and current positions with the Company held by the Directors and Executive Officers, together with the date such positions were assumed. The Company is not aware of any arrangement or understanding between any Director or Executive Officer and any other person pursuant to which he was elected to his current position.

Position or Office	Date	Name	Age
President/CEO/Director	Jul/2000	Herbert Tabin	36
Treasurer/CFO/Director	Sep/2000	Marissa Dermer	35
Director	2001	Elizabeth Capra	41

HERBERT TABIN is a Director of the Company and is currently the President and CEO. Mr. Tabin was the Chief Operating Officer and founder of publicly traded Evolve One, Inc., formerly International Internet, Inc., and had served as its Vice President until December 2000. Mr. Tabin has been a Director of Evolve One, Inc and serves as the Company's Director of Marketing since February 1998,. Mr. Tabin is also currently vice president of Millennium Holdings Group, Inc. a private Florida based venture capital firm. Mr. Tabin has been Vice President with Millennium Holdings since 1996. In February 1999, Mr. Tabin became President of Interactive Golf Marketing a publicly traded company that became WowStores.com. In August 1999, Mr. Tabin resigned as President of WowStores.com. Previously, Mr. Tabin was a Vice President of Marketing with LBI Group, Inc., a merchant banking and venture capital group from April 1995 to December 1996. From September 1993 to March 1995 Mr. Tabin was a vice president with HBL Associates a financial relations firm in New York City. From 1989 to August 1993 Mr. Tabin was employed with the American Stock Exchange and three Long Island, NY based Stock Brokerage firms. Mr. Tabin received a Bachelor of Science in Business Economics from the State University of New York At Oneonta in 1989. In March 2000, the State University of New York At Oneonta named their campuses largest computer lab, the Tabin Computer Lab.

MARISSA DERMER is a Director of the Company and is currently the Chief Financial Officer. Ms. Dermer is also currently controller of publicly traded Evolve One, Inc. symbol EVLO.pk. From September 1997 to April 2000, Ms. Dermer was an assistant controller with Mitchell Hutchins Asset Management, Inc., the mutual fund advisory group of Paine Webber Inc. Prior to her employment with Paine Webber, Ms. Dermer was a manager of David Berdon and Company LLP, a

prominent public accounting firm

3.5

headquartered in New York City from 1990 to 1997. Ms. Dermer graduated in 1990 from the State University of New York at Albany with a degree in Business/Accounting.

ELIZABETH CAPRA is a Director of the Company. Mrs. Capra is also currently an Executive Assistant with Publicly Traded Evolve One, Inc. From October 1992 to July 1999, Mrs. Capra was simultaneously a Property Manager for upscale properties, Reflections of Boca, Inc. and Sanctuary of Boca Raton, Inc., both located in Boca Raton, Florida. From 1984 to 1991 Mrs. Capra was the Assistant to the Vice President of The International Department of Marsh & McLennan – insurance and reinsurance broking, investment management and consulting businesses worldwide. Mrs. Capra graduated in 1983 from Roberts Walsh Business School with a degree in Business Administration.

ITEM 2. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table shows the cash compensation of the Company's chief executive officer and each officer whose total cash compensation exceeded \$100,000, for the three fiscal years ended September 30, 2001, 2002 and 2003.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE - ANNUAL COMPENSATION

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Other Annual Bonus	Compensation
Herbert Tabin Chairman of the Board And Chief Executive Officer Since July 25, 2000	2003 2002 2001	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
Marissa Dermer Chief Financial Officer Since September 2000	2003 2002 2001	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A

36

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE - LONG-TERM COMPENSATION

Name and principal position	Year	Securities Underlying Options SAR's
		100 000 101
Herbert Tabin	2003	122,000(2)
Chairman of the Board	2002	N/A
And Chief Executive Officer	2001	8,333(1)
Since July 25, 2000		
Marissa Dermer	2003	122,000(2)
Chief Financial Officer	2002	N/A
Since September 2000	2001	2,500

⁽¹⁾ The Company issued Mr. Tabin options to purchase 8,333 shares of its common

stock, exercisable at \$13.56 per share, as compensation for his services to the Company in fiscal 2001 and it issued him options to purchase 14,569 shares of its common stock exercisable at \$6.864 per share as compensation for his services to the Company in fiscal 2001.

(2) The Company issued Mr. Tabin, and Ms Dermer options to purchase 122,000 shares each of its common stock, exercisable at \$.33 and .30 per share respectively, as compensation for his services to the Company in fiscal 2003

Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan

In April 1999, the Board of Directors of the Company adopted, subject to stockholder approval, the Company's Stock Incentive Plan (the "Stock Incentive Plan"). The purposes of the Stock Incentive Plan are to closely associate the interests of the key associates (management and certain other employees) of the Company and its adopting subsidiaries with the stockholders by reinforcing the relationship between participants' rewards and stockholder gains, to provide key associates with an equity ownership in the Company commensurate with Company performance, as reflected in increased stockholder value, to maintain competitive compensation levels, and to provide an incentive to key associates for continuous employment with the Company.

Under the Stock Incentive Plan, the Company may grant (i) incentive stock options intended to qualify under Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and (ii) options that are not qualified as incentive stock options ("nonqualified stock options"). Executive officers, management and other employees of the Company capable of making a substantial contribution to the success of the Company are eligible to participate in the Stock Incentive Plan.

37

The Stock Incentive Plan is administered by a Committee consisting of three members appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Committee"). The Committee is currently comprised of Messr. Tabin and Ms. Dermer. and Ms Capra The Committee, in its sole discretion, has the authority to: (i) designate the key associates or classes of key associates eligible to participate in the Stock Incentive Plan; (ii) to grant awards provided in the Stock Incentive Plan in the form and amount determined by the Committee; (iii) to impose such limitations, restrictions and conditions upon any such award as the Committee shall deem appropriate; and (iv) to interpret the Stock Incentive Plan.

The maximum aggregate number of shares of common stock available for issuance under the Stock Incentive Plan is 500,000 shares. At September 30, 2003, there were options to purchase 499,667 shares of the Company's common stock outstanding under the Stock Incentive Plan. The shares of common stock available for issuance under the Stock Incentive Plan are subject to adjustment for any stock dividend or distribution, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, split-up, combination, exchange of shares or the like. Shares issued may consist in whole or in part of authorized but unissued shares or treasury shares. Shares tendered by a participant as payment for shares issued upon exercise of an option shall be available for issuance under the Stock Incentive Plan.

Any shares of common stock subject to an option, which for any reason is terminated unexercised or expires shall again be available for issuance under the Stock Incentive Plan. Subject to the provisions of the Stock Incentive Plan, the Committee may award incentive stock options and nonqualified stock options and determine the number of shares to be covered by each option, the option price therefore and the conditions and limitations applicable to the exercises of the option. Each option shall be exercisable at such times and subject to

such terms and conditions as the Committee may specify in the applicable award or thereafter.

Incentive stock options granted under the Stock Incentive Plan are intended to qualify as such under section 422 of the Code. No incentive stock option granted under the Stock Incentive Plan may be exercisable more than 10 years from the date of grant.

The option price per share for nonqualified stock options and incentive stock options must at least equal the fair market value of the common stock on the date the option is granted. For a 10% shareholder must equal at least 110%. Each option shall be evidenced by a written stock option agreement, in such form as the Committee may from time to time determine, executed by the Company and the grantee, stating the number of shares of common stock subject to the option. The Committee may at any time and from time to time terminate or modify or amend the Stock Incentive Plan in any respect, except that without stockholder approval the Committee may not (i) increase the maximum number of shares of common stock which may be issued under the Stock Incentive Plan, (ii) extend the period during which any award may be granted or exercised, (iii) extend the term of the Stock Incentive Plan, or (iv) change the associates/employees or group of associates/employees eligible to receive incentive stock options.

38

OPTION/SAR GRANTS IN LAST FISCAL YEAR

NONE

	Percent of total			
	Number of	options/SARs		
	Securities	grated to	Exercise or	
	Underlying Options/	employees in	Base	Exp
Name	SARs granted (#)	fiscal year	Price (\$/Sh)	
Herbert Tabin	122,000	25%	.33	9/
Marissa Dermer	122,000	25%	.30	9/
Elizabeth Capra	122,000	25%	.30	9/
Gary Schultheis	122,000	25%	.30	9/

AGGREGATED OPTION/SAR EXERCISES IN LAST FISCAL YEAR AND FY-END OPTION/SAR VALUES

Acquired On	Value	FY-end (#) Exercisable/	At FY-en
Shares		Number of securities underlying unexercised options/SARs at	VALUE OF UNEXERCI IN-THE-M OPTIONS/

ITEM 3. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table indicates all persons who, as of September 30,

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2003, the most recent practicable date, are known by the Company to own beneficially more than 5% of any class of the Company's voting securities and all Directors of the Company and all Officers who are not Directors of the Company, as a group. The Company's common stock is the only class of its voting securities. As of September 30, 2003, there were 968,677 shares of the Company's common stock outstanding. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities and includes any securities which the person has the right to acquire within 60 days through the conversion or exercise of any security or other right. Unless otherwise noted, the Company believes that all persons named in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of its common stock beneficially owned by them. The information as to the number of shares of the Company's common stock owned by each named person or group is based upon the information contained in a record list of the Company's shareholders at September 30, 2003.

39

Title of Class	Name & Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount & Nature of Beneficial Owner	
Common	Herbert Tabin 6413 Congress Avenue, Suite 230 Boca Raton, FL 33487	369,902(1)	25.39%
Common	Marissa Dermer 6413 Congress Avenue, Suite 230 Boca Raton, FL 33487	124,500(2)	8.5%
Common	Elizabeth Capra 6413 Congress Avenue, Suite 230 Boca Raton, FL 33487	122,000(3)	8.4%
Common	Gary Schultheis 6413 Congress Avenue, Suite 230 Boca Raton, FL 33487	205,050(4)	13.96%
Common	All directors and executive officers as a group (four persons)	848,452	55.94%

⁽¹⁾ Includes an option granted to Mr. Tabin on October 23, 2000 for 8,333 shares with an exercise price of \$13.56 per share, and an option granted on September 2, 2003 for 122,000 shares with an exercise price of \$.33 per share, the closing price for the stock on that date as reported on the NASDAQ Small Cap Market. The options were granted by the Board of Directors in lieu of current compensation agreements.

⁽²⁾ Includes an option granted to Ms. Dermer on October 23, 2000 for 2,500 shares with an exercise price of \$13.56 per share, and an option granted on September 2, 2003 for 122,000 shares with an exercise price of \$.30 per share, the closing price for the stock on that date as reported on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market. The options were granted by the Board of Directors in lieu of current compensation agreements.

⁽³⁾ Includes an option granted to Ms. Capra on September 2, 2003 for 122,000 shares with an exercise price of \$.30 per share, the closing price for the stock on that date as reported on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market. The options were granted by the Board of Directors in lieu of current compensation agreements.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes an option granted to Mr. Schultheis on September 2, 2003 for

122,000 shares with an exercise price of \$.30 per share, the closing price for the stock on that date as reported on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market. The options

40

were granted by the Board of Directors in lieu of current compensation agreements. As of the date of this filing Mr. Schultheis has sold all shares owned in the company, retaining only the unexercised options granted on September 2, 2003, therefore he is no longer a 10 % beneficial owner in the company.

ITEM 4. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

"There is no immediate family relationship between or among any of the Directors and Executive Officers, except Ms. Dermer who is the sister-in-law of Mr. Tabin. Related transactions include 1) Mr. Tabin is also Vice President of Millennium Holdings Group, Inc. who Onspan sub leases its office space from.

EVALUATION OF DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Within the 90 days prior to the filing date of this report, the Company carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14. This evaluation was done under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Chairman, President and General Counsel and Secretary. Based upon that evaluation, they concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in gathering, analyzing and disclosing information needed to satisfy the Company's disclosure obligations under the Exchange Act.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROLS

There were no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect those controls since the most recent evaluation of such controls.

ITEM 5. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

1. Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission October 16, 2001 announcing the Onspan Networking, Inc. (the "Company"), filed a Certificate pursuant to Section 78.207 of the Nevada Statutes whereby the Company decreasing the number of issued and outstanding shares of common stock, par value \$.012, at a rate of one for twelve (1:12), and proportionately decreasing the number of authorized shares of common stock at a rate of one for twelve (1:12). As a result, the Company's authorized common stock has been reduced from 100,000,000 shares to 8,333,333 shares, and the number of issued and outstanding shares of common stock were reduced from 11,574,619 to approximately 964,552 shares.

41

2. Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission August 8, 2002 announcing on August 5, 2002, the Company sold and transferred the stock of its wholly-owned subsidiary, InterLAN Communications, Inc. to G. Anthony Munno, Martin Sainsbury Carter and Brian Ianniello, who were executives and employees of InterLAN. In exchange for the assignment of the InterLAN stock, Messrs. Munno, Carter and Ianniello transferred 20,833 shares of Onspan common shares, and Onspan was relieved of substantially all obligations and guarantees provided to third parties. Onspan also retained the right to a certain tax refund owing to InterLAN. These individuals also resigned in all capacities as directors, officers and/or employees of Onspan. InterLAN provides data communications and

network solutions and consulting services.

4.0 Long Term Incentive Stock Options Plan (1)

(1) Incorporated by reference to the company's report on form S-8 dated July 27, 2001

42

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ONSPAN NETWORKING, INC.

By: /s/ Herbert Tabin

February 23, 2004

Herbert Tabin, Principal Executive Officer

In accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

SIGNATURES

By: /s/ Herbert Tabin

February 23, 2004

Herbert Tabin, Principal Executive Officer

By: /s/ Marissa Dermer

February 23, 2004

Marissa Dermer, Principal Accounting and Financial Officer