CROSS TIMBERS ROYALTY TRUST Form 10-Q April 30, 2007 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2007

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number: 1-10982

Cross Timbers Royalty Trust

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas (State or other jurisdiction of

75-6415930 (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification No.)

Bank of America, N.A., P.O. Box 830650, Dallas, Texas (Address of principal executive offices)

75283-0650 (Zip Code)

(877) 228-5084

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

NONE

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if change since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

Indicate the number of units of beneficial interest outstanding, as of the latest practicable date:

Outstanding as of April 1, 2007

6,000,000

CROSS TIMBERS ROYALTY TRUST

FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2007

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	Glossary of Terms	Page 3
PART I.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1.	Financial Statements	4
	Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	5
	Condensed Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Trust Corpus at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006	6
	Condensed Statements of Distributable Income for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 and 2006	7
	Condensed Statements of Changes in Trust Corpus for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 and 2006	8
	Notes to Condensed Financial Statements	9
Item 2.	<u>Trustee s Discussion and Analysis</u>	11
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	15
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	15
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	16
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	16
	<u>Signatures</u>	17

2

CROSS TIMBERS ROYALTY TRUST

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

The following are definitions of significant terms used in this Form 10-Q:

Bbl Barrel (of oil)

Mcf Thousand cubic feet (of natural gas)

MMBtu One million British Thermal Units, a common energy measurement

net proceeds Gross proceeds received by XTO Energy from sale of production from the underlying properties, less applicable

costs, as defined in the net profits interest conveyances

net profits income Net proceeds multiplied by the applicable net profits percentage of 75% or 90%, which is paid to the trust by XTO

Energy. Net profits income is referred to as royalty income for income tax purposes.

net profits interest An interest in an oil and gas property measured by net profits from the sale of production, rather than a specific

portion of production. The following defined net profits interests were conveyed to the trust from the underlying

properties:

90% net profits interests interests that entitle the trust to receive 90% of the net proceeds from the underlying

properties that are royalty or overriding royalty interests in Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico

75% net profits interests interests that entitle the trust to receive 75% of the net proceeds from the underlying

properties that are working interests in Texas and Oklahoma

royalty interest A nonoperating interest in an oil and gas property that provides the owner a specified share of production without

any production expense or development costs

(and overriding

royalty interest)

underlying properties XTO Energy s interest in certain oil and gas properties from which the net profits interests were conveyed. The

underlying properties include royalty and overriding royalty interests in producing and nonproducing properties in Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico, and working interests in producing properties located in Texas and Oklahoma.

working interest An operating interest in an oil and gas property that provides the owner a specified share of production that is subject

to all production expense and development costs

3

CROSS TIMBERS ROYALTY TRUST

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

The condensed financial statements included herein are presented, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the trustee believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included in the trust s latest Annual Report on Form 10-K. In the opinion of the trustee, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the assets, liabilities and trust corpus of the Cross Timbers Royalty Trust at March 31, 2007, and the distributable income and changes in trust corpus for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2007 and 2006, have been included. Distributable income for such interim periods is not necessarily indicative of distributable income for the full year.

4

REPORT OF INDEPENDEN T REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Bank of America, N.A., as Trustee

for the Cross Timbers Royalty Trust:

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed statement of assets, liabilities and trust corpus of the Cross Timbers Royalty Trust as of March 31, 2007 and the related condensed statements of distributable income and changes in trust corpus for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2007 and 2006. These condensed financial statements are the responsibility of the trustee.

We conducted our review in accordance with standards established by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The accompanying condensed financial statements are prepared on a modified cash basis as described in Note 1 which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the condensed financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the statement of assets, liabilities and trust corpus of the Cross Timbers Royalty Trust as of December 31, 2006, and the related statements of distributable income and changes in trust corpus for the year then ended (not presented herein), included in the trust s 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K, and in our report dated February 28, 2007, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed statement of assets, liabilities and trust corpus as of December 31, 2006 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the statement of assets, liabilities and trust corpus included in the trust s 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K from which it has been derived.

KPMG LLP

Dallas, Texas

April 26, 2007

5

CROSS TIMBERS ROYALTY TRUST

Condensed Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Trust Corpus

	March 31,	December 31,
	2007 (Unaudited)	2006
ASSETS		
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 1,604,941	\$ 1,970,795
Interest to be received	3,857	4,963
Net profits interests in oil and gas properties - net (Note 1)	19,346,823	19,679,502
	\$ 20,955,621	\$ 21,655,260
LIABILITIES AND TRUST CORPUS		
Distribution payable to unitholders	\$ 1,608,798	\$ 1,975,758
Trust corpus (6,000,000 units of beneficial interest authorized and outstanding)	19,346,823	19,679,502
	\$ 20,955,621	\$ 21,655,260

The accompanying notes to condensed financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

6

CROSS TIMBERS ROYALTY TRUST

Condensed Statements of Distributable Income (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended

	Mar	March 31	
	2007	2006	
Net profits income	\$ 4,699,186	\$ 7,149,251	
Interest income	9,772	15,282	
Total income	4,708,958	7,164,533	
Administration expense	160,508	112,781	
Distributable income	\$ 4,548,450	\$ 7,051,752	
Distributable income per unit (6,000,000 units)	\$ 0.758075	\$ 1.175292	

The accompanying notes to condensed financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

7

CROSS TIMBERS ROYALTY TRUST

Condensed Statements of Changes in Trust Corpus (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended

	Marc	March 31	
	2007	2006	
Trust corpus, beginning of period	\$ 19,679,502	\$ 21,204,723	
Amortization of net profits interests	(332,679)	(425,974)	
Distributable income	4,548,450	7,051,752	
Distributions declared	(4,548,450)	(7,051,752)	
Trust corpus, end of period	\$ 19,346,823	\$ 20,778,749	

The accompanying notes to condensed financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

8

CROSS TIMBERS ROYALTY TRUST

Notes to Condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of Cross Timbers Royalty Trust are prepared on the following basis and are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP):

Net profits income recorded for a month is the amount computed and paid by XTO Energy Inc., the owner of the underlying properties, to Bank of America, N.A., as trustee for the trust. Net profits income consists of net proceeds received by XTO Energy from the underlying properties in the prior month, multiplied by net profit percentages of 90% for the 90% net profits interests, and 75% for the 75% net profits interests.

Costs deducted in the calculation of net proceeds for the 90% net profits interests generally include applicable taxes, transportation, marketing and legal costs, and do not include production expense or development costs. For the 75% net profits interests, costs deducted in the calculation of net proceeds include production expense, development costs, applicable taxes, transportation, marketing and legal costs, operating charges and other costs.

Net profits income is computed separately for each of five conveyances under which the net profits interests were conveyed to the trust. If monthly costs exceed revenues for any conveyance, such excess costs must be recovered, with accrued interest, from future net proceeds of that conveyance and cannot reduce net proceeds from the other conveyances.

Interest income, interest to be received and distribution payable to unitholders include interest to be earned from the monthly record date (last business day of the month) through the date of the next distribution to unitholders.

Trust expenses are recorded based on liabilities paid and cash reserves established by the trustee for liabilities and contingencies.

Distributions to unitholders are recorded when declared by the trustee.

The financial statements of the trust differ from those prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP because revenues are recognized when received rather than accrued in the month of production, expenses are recognized when paid rather than when incurred, and certain cash reserves may be established for contingencies which would not be accrued under U.S. GAAP. This comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. GAAP corresponds to the accounting permitted for royalty trusts by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, as specified by Staff Accounting Bulletin Topic 12:E, Financial Statements of Royalty Trusts.

Most accounting pronouncements apply to entities whose financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, directing such entities to accrue or defer revenues and expenses in a period other than when such revenues were received or expenses were paid. Because the trust s financial statements are

9

Table of Contents

prepared on the modified cash basis, as described above, most accounting pronouncements are not applicable to the trust s financial statements.

The initial carrying value of the net profits interests of \$61,100,449 represents XTO Energy s historical net book value on February 12, 1991, the creation date of the trust. Amortization of the net profits interests is calculated on a unit-of-production basis and is charged directly to trust corpus. Accumulated amortization was \$41,753,626 as of March 31, 2007 and \$41,420,947 of December 31, 2006.

2. Contingencies

Several states have enacted legislation to require state income tax withholding from nonresident recipients of oil and gas proceeds. After consultation with its state tax counsel, XTO Energy has advised the trustee that it believes the trust is not subject to these withholding requirements. However, regulations are subject to change by the various states, which could change this conclusion. Should the trust be required to withhold state taxes, distributions to the unitholders would be reduced by the required amount, subject to the unitholder s right to file a state tax return to claim any refund due.

In May 2006, the State of Texas passed legislation to implement a new margin tax of 1% to be imposed on revenues less certain costs, as specified in the legislation, generated from Texas activities beginning in 2007. Entities subject to the tax generally include trusts, unless otherwise exempt, and various other types of entities. Trusts that meet statutory requirements are generally exempt from the margin tax as passive entities; however, there is currently no clear authority that the trust meets requirements for the margin tax exemption as a passive entity. Additional legislative action or issuance of applicable administrative rules by the state comptroller may be necessary to determine if the trust is exempt. The trust does not currently intend to pay the margin tax, based on the assumption that it is exempt as a passive entity. However, if it is subsequently determined that the trust is not exempt from the margin tax, the trust would be required to deduct and withhold from future distributions the amounts necessary to pay the margin tax for the entire 2007 year, including the tax liability accruing on income distributed after January 2007 from which no tax was withheld. Approximately 30% of the trust s net profits income is generated from underlying properties in Texas

3. Reversion Agreement

Certain of the properties underlying the 90% net profits interests are subject to a reversion agreement between XTO Energy and an unrelated party. The agreement calls for XTO Energy to transfer 25% of its interest in those properties to the third party when net amounts received by XTO Energy from the properties subject to the agreement equal the purchase price of the properties plus a 1% per month return on the unrecouped purchase price, known as payout. At the time payout occurs and the 25% interest is transferred to the third party, net proceeds payable to the trust and trust distributions to unitholders will be reduced. Based on recent prices and sales volumes, XTO Energy has informed the trustee that payout could occur by the end of 2007, thereafter reducing monthly distributions by approximately 5%. Payout is affected by product prices and the level of development of properties subject to the reversion agreement.

10

Item 2. Trustee s Discussion and Analysis.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the trustees soliscussion and analysis contained in the trust solution solution are port, as well as the condensed financial statements and notes thereto included in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q. The trust so Annual Report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and all amendments to those reports are available on the trust so web site at www.crosstimberstrust.com.

Distributable Income

For the quarter ended March 31, 2007, net profits income was \$4,699,186 compared to \$7,149,251 for first quarter 2006. This 34% decrease in net profits income is the result of lower oil and gas prices and decreased oil and gas sales volumes. See Net Profits Income below.

After considering interest income of \$9,772 and administration expense of \$160,508, distributable income for the quarter ended March 31, 2007 was \$4,548,450, or \$0.758075 per unit of beneficial interest. Administration expense for the quarter increased 42% from the prior year quarter primarily because of costs related to additional unitholder tax reporting. For first quarter 2006, distributable income was \$7,051,752, or \$1.175292 per unit. Distributions to unitholders for the quarter ended March 31, 2007 were:

		Distribution
Record Date	Payment Date	per Unit
January 31, 2007	February 14, 2007	\$ 0.225083
February 28, 2007	March 14, 2007	0.264859
March 30, 2007	April 16, 2007	0.268133

\$ 0.758075

Net Profits Income

Net profits income is recorded when received by the trust, which is the month following receipt by XTO Energy, and generally two months after oil production and three months after gas production. Net profits income is generally affected by three major factors:

oil and gas sales volumes,

oil and gas sales prices, and

costs deducted in the calculation of net profits income.

Because properties underlying the 90% net profits interests are royalty and overriding royalty interests, the calculation of net profits income from these interests only includes deductions for production and property taxes, legal costs, and marketing and transportation charges. In addition to these costs, the calculation of net profits income from the 75% net profits interests includes deductions for production expense and development costs since the related underlying properties are working interests.

11

The following is a summary of the calculation of net profits income received by the trust:

		Three Months Ended March 31 (a)		Increase
		2007	2006	(Decrease)
Sales Volumes				
Oil (Bbls) (b)				
Underlying properties		65,005	68,822	(6)%
Average per day		707	748	(5)%
Net profits interests		29,468	32,708	(10)%
Gas (Mcf) (b)				
Underlying properties		608,703	797,891	(24)%
Average per day		6,616	8,673	(24)%
Net profits interests		527,564	692,084	(24)%
Average Sales Prices				
Oil (per Bbl)	\$	51.69	\$ 54.78	(6)%
Gas (per Mcf)	\$	7.40	\$ 9.29	(20)%
Revenues				
Oil sales	\$ 3	3,359,911	\$ 3,770,355	(11)%
Gas sales	4	4,504,081	7,412,845	(39)%
Total Revenues	7	7,863,992	11,183,200	(30)%
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Costs				
Taxes, transportation and other	1	1,071,371	1,707,099	(37)%
Production expense (c)		963,330	1,058,352	(9)%
Development costs		468,551	259,679	80%
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Total Costs	2	2,503,252	3,025,130	(17)%
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Net Proceeds	\$ 5	5,360,740	\$ 8,158,070	(34)%
Net Profits Income	\$ 4	1,699,186	\$ 7,149,251	(34)%

⁽a) Because of the interval between time of production and receipt of royalty income by the trust, oil and gas sales for the quarter ended March 31 generally represent oil production for the period November through January and gas production for the period October through December.

⁽b) Oil and gas sales volumes are allocated to the net profits interests based upon a formula that considers oil and gas prices and the total amount of production expense and development costs. Changes in any of these factors may result in disproportionate fluctuations in volumes allocated to the net profits interests. Therefore, comparative discussion of oil and gas sales volumes is based on the underlying properties.

⁽c) Includes an overhead charge which is deducted and retained by XTO Energy. As of March 31, 2007, this charge was \$27,844 per month (including a monthly overhead charge of \$2,536 which XTO Energy deducts as operator of the Penwell Unit) and is subject to adjustment each May based on an oil and gas industry index.

12

Table of Contents

The following are explanations of significant variances on the underlying properties from first quarter 2006 to first quarter 2007:

Sales Volumes

Oil

Oil sales volumes decreased 6% from first quarter 2006 to first quarter 2007 primarily because of natural production decline, partially offset by the timing of cash receipts and increased production from new wells and workovers.

Gas

Gas sales volumes decreased 24% from first quarter 2006 to first quarter 2007 primarily because of cash receipts from four purchasers during first quarter 2006 related to prior period gas sales from new wells. Excluding the effect of these prior period gas sales, first quarter 2007 gas sales volumes increased approximately 10% primarily because of the timing of cash receipts, partially offset by natural production decline.

Sales Prices

Oil

The first quarter 2007 average oil price was \$51.69 per Bbl, a 6% decrease from the first quarter 2006 average price of \$54.78 per Bbl. Oil prices decreased from first quarter 2006 to first quarter 2007 primarily because of warmer than normal temperatures in January 2007. With the onset of colder temperatures in February 2007 and rising tension in the Middle East, recent NYMEX oil prices have fluctuated between \$60.00 and \$66.00 per Bbl. Oil prices are expected to remain volatile. The average NYMEX price for February and March 2007 was \$60.15 per Bbl. At April 18, 2007, the average NYMEX futures price for the following twelve months was \$67.19 per Bbl. Recent trust oil prices have averaged approximately 12% lower than the NYMEX price.

Gas

The first quarter 2007 average gas price was \$7.40 per Mcf, a 20% decrease from the first quarter 2006 average price of \$9.29 per Mcf. Gas prices decreased primarily due to the effect of 2005 Gulf of Mexico hurricanes on first quarter 2006 gas prices, versus the absence of 2006 Gulf of Mexico hurricane activity affecting first quarter 2007 gas prices. Much colder temperatures during February 2007 caused prices to increase. Prices will continue to be affected by weather, the U.S. economy, the level of North American production and import levels of liquified natural gas. Natural gas prices are expected to remain volatile. The first quarter 2007 gas price is primarily related to production from October through December 2006, when the average NYMEX price was \$6.56. The average NYMEX price for January through March 2007 was \$6.77 per MMBtu. At April 18, 2007, the average NYMEX futures price for the following twelve months was \$8.49 per MMBtu. Recent trust gas prices have averaged approximately 12% higher than the NYMEX price.

13

Costs

Taxes

Taxes, transportation and other decreased 37% for the first quarter primarily because of lower production taxes related to lower oil and gas revenues and lower property taxes related to the timing of disbursements.

Production Expense

Production expense was 9% lower for the first quarter primarily because of decreased power and fuel, carbon dioxide injection and other costs, as well as the timing of cash disbursements.

Development

Development costs increased 80% for the first quarter primarily because of increased activity and costs related to properties underlying the 75% net profits interests.

State of Texas Margin Tax

In May 2006, the State of Texas passed legislation to implement a new margin tax of 1% to be imposed on revenues less certain costs, as specified in the legislation, generated from Texas activities beginning in 2007. Entities subject to the tax generally include trusts, unless otherwise exempt, and various other types of entities. Trusts that meet statutory requirements are generally exempt from the margin tax as passive entities; however, there is currently no clear authority that the trust meets requirements for the margin tax exemption as a passive entity. Additional legislative action or issuance of applicable administrative rules by the state comptroller may be necessary to determine if the trust is exempt. The trust does not currently intend to pay the margin tax, based on the assumption that it is exempt as a passive entity. However, if it is subsequently determined that the trust is not exempt from the margin tax, the trust would be required to deduct and withhold from future distributions the amounts necessary to pay the margin tax for the entire 2007 year, including the tax liability accruing on income distributed after January 2007 from which no tax was withheld. Approximately 30% of the trust s net profits income is generated from underlying properties in Texas.

If the trust is exempt from the margin tax at the trust level as a passive entity, each unitholder that is a taxable entity would generally include its share of the trust s revenues in its margin tax computation. If, however, the margin tax is imposed on the trust at the trust level, each unitholder would generally exclude its share of the trust s net income from the margin tax calculation. Unitholders should consult their tax advisors regarding their individual tax situation.

Reversion Agreement

Certain of the properties underlying the 90% net profits interests are subject to a reversion agreement between XTO Energy and an unrelated party. The agreement calls for XTO Energy to transfer 25% of its interest in those properties to the third party when net amounts received by XTO Energy from the properties subject to the agreement equal the purchase price of the properties plus a 1% per month return on the unrecouped purchase price, known as payout. At the time payout occurs and the 25% interest is transferred to the third party, net proceeds payable to the trust and trust distributions to unitholders will be reduced.

14

Table of Contents

Based on recent prices and sales volumes, XTO Energy has informed the trustee that payout could occur by the end of 2007, thereafter reducing monthly distributions by approximately 5%. Payout is affected by product prices and the level of development of properties subject to the reversion agreement.

Forward-Looking Statements

This report on Form 10-Q includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Form 10-Q including, without limitation, statements regarding the net profits interests, underlying properties, development activities, development, production and other costs and expenses, oil and gas prices and differentials to NYMEX prices, supply shortages, distributions to unitholders, timing of payout under the reversion agreement and industry and market conditions, are forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties which are detailed in Part I, Item 1A of the trust s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, which is incorporated by this reference as though fully set forth herein. Although XTO Energy and the trustee believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, neither XTO Energy nor the trustee can give any assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

There have been no material changes in the trust s market risks, as disclosed in Part II, Item 7A of the trust s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Item 4. Co ntrols and Procedures.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the trustee carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the trust s disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15. Based upon that evaluation, the trustee concluded that the trust s disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting the trustee to material information relating to the trust required to be included in the trust s periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In its evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures, the trustee has relied, to the extent considered reasonable, on information provided by XTO Energy Inc. There has not been any change in the trust s internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the trust s internal control over financial reporting.

15

PA RT II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1.

Not applicable.

Ite m 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes in the risk factors disclosed under Part I, Item 1A of the trust s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Items 2 through 5.

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits.

(a) Exhibits.

Exhibit	Number
and Des	cription

- (15) Awareness letter of KPMG LLP
- (31) Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification
- (32) Section 1350 Certification
- (99) Items 1A, 7 and 7A to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for Cross Timbers Royalty Trust filed with the

Securities and Exchange Commission on March 1, 2007 (incorporated herein by reference)

16

Date: April 30, 2007

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CROSS TIMBERS ROYALTY TRUST

By BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., TRUSTEE

By /s/ NANCY G. WILLIS Nancy G. Willis Vice President

XTO ENERGY INC.

By /s/ Louis G. Baldwin Louis G. Baldwin Executive Vice President

and Chief Financial Officer

17