NEXSTAR BROADCASTING INC Form 424B3 October 21, 2013 Table of Contents

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**PROSPECTUS OCTOBER 21, 2013** 

# \$525,000,000

# **NEXSTAR BROADCASTING, INC.**

# **Exchange Offer for**

# 6<sup>7</sup>/<sub>8</sub> Senior Notes due 2020

Offer for outstanding  $6^{7}/_{8}\%$  Senior Notes due 2020, in the aggregate principal amount of \$525,000,000 (which we refer to as the Old Notes ) in exchange for up to \$525,000,000 aggregate principal amount of  $6^{7}/_{8}\%$  Senior Notes due 2020 which have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (which we refer to as the New Notes ).

### Terms of the Exchange Offer:

Expires 5:00 p.m., New York City time, November 20, 2013, unless extended.

Not subject to any condition other than that the exchange offer does not violate applicable law or any interpretation of the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Nexstar Broadcasting can amend or terminate the exchange offer.

Nexstar Broadcasting will exchange all 6<sup>7</sup>/<sub>8</sub>% Senior Notes due 2020 that are validly tendered and not validly withdrawn.

Nexstar Broadcasting will not receive any proceeds from the exchange offer.

The exchange of notes will not be a taxable exchange for United States federal income tax purposes.

You may withdraw tendered outstanding Old Notes any time before the expiration of the exchange offer. **Terms of the New Notes:** 

The New Notes and the guarantees will be Nexstar Broadcasting s and the guarantors senior unsecured obligations.

The New Notes will be guaranteed by Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc. Nexstar Broadcasting s ultimate parent, Mission Broadcasting, Inc. (Mission) and certain of Nexstar Broadcasting s and Mission s future restricted subsidiaries.

The New Notes mature on November 15, 2020. The New Notes will bear interest at 6<sup>7</sup>/<sub>o</sub>% per annum.

Nexstar Broadcasting may redeem the New Notes at any time on or after November 15, 2015.

Upon a change of control, Nexstar Broadcasting may be required to offer to repurchase the New Notes.

The terms of the New Notes are identical to Nexstar Broadcasting s outstanding Old Notes except for transfer restrictions and registration rights.

For a discussion of specific risks that you should consider before tendering your outstanding Senior Notes due 2020 in the exchange offer, see Risk Factors beginning on page 10.

There is no public market for the Old Notes or the New Notes. However, you may trade Nexstar Broadcasting s outstanding Senior Notes due 2020 in the Private Offering Resale and Trading through Automatic Linkages, or PORTAL<sup>TM</sup>, market.

Each broker-dealer that receives New Notes pursuant to the exchange offer must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of the New Notes. A broker dealer who acquired Old Notes as a result of market making or other trading activities may use this exchange offer prospectus, as supplemented or amended, in connection with any resales of the New Notes.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the New Notes or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is October 21, 2013

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information different from that contained in this prospectus. The information contained in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or of any sale of our Senior Notes due 2020.

Each broker-dealer that receives new securities for its own account pursuant to the exchange offer must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of these new securities. By so acknowledging and by delivering a prospectus, a broker-dealer will not be deemed to admit that it is an underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act. This prospectus, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, may be used by a broker-dealer in connection with resales of new securities received in exchange for securities where those securities were acquired by this broker-dealer as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities. We have agreed that, starting on the expiration date and ending on the close of business 180 days after the expiration date, we will make this prospectus available to any broker-dealer for use in connection with any such resale. See Plan of Distribution.

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As used in this prospectus and unless the context indicated otherwise, Notes refers, collectively, to our Old Notes and New Notes.

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#### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

Certain capitalized terms used in this prospectus have the following meanings unless the context indicates otherwise, Nexstar refers to Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries; Nexstar Broadcasting and the Issuer refer to Nexstar Broadcasting, Inc., the issuer of the Notes; Mission refers to Mission Broadcasting, Inc., a guarantor of the Notes; and all references to the Company, we, our, ours, and us refer to Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc., and its consolidated subsidiaries. Unless specified, all financial information in this prospectus is information regarding Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. This prospectus includes specific terms of the New Notes we are offering as well as information regarding our business and detailed financial data. For a more complete understanding of this offering, we encourage you to read this prospectus in its entirety.

We are a television broadcasting and digital media company focused exclusively on the acquisition, development and operation of television stations and interactive community websites in medium-sized markets in the United States, primarily markets that rank from 35 to 150 out of the 210 generally recognized television markets, as reported by The Nielsen Company.

As of June 30, 2013, we owned, operated, programmed or provided sales and other services to 72 television stations and 17 digital multicast channels, including those owned by Mission, in 41 markets in the states of Illinois, Indiana, Maryland, Missouri, Montana, Tennessee, Texas, Pennsylvania, Louisiana, Arkansas, Alabama, New York, Florida, Wisconsin, Michigan, Utah, Vermont and California. In 26 of the 41 markets that we serve, we own, operate, program or provide sales and other services to more than one station. We refer to these markets as duopoly markets. The stations we serve are affiliates of NBC (16 stations), CBS (12 stations), ABC (17 stations), FOX (14 stations), MyNetworkTV (5 stations and 2 digital multicast channels), The CW (6 stations and 2 digital multicast channels), Bounce TV (9 digital multicast channels), Me-TV (2 digital multicast channels), Telemundo (one station), LATV (one digital multicast channel) and one of our stations and one digital multicast channel are independent. The stations reach approximately 13.8 million viewers or 12.10% of all U.S. television households.

On April 24, 2013, Nexstar Broadcasting and Mission entered into a stock purchase agreement to acquire the stock of Communications Corporation of America (CCA) and White Knight Broadcasting (White Knight) for a total consideration of \$270.0 million, subject to adjustments for working capital acquired (the CCA Acquisition ). CCA and White Knight are the owners of nineteen television stations in ten markets. Pursuant to the stock purchase agreement, Nexstar Broadcasting has agreed to purchase all the outstanding equity of CCA. In addition, Mission has agreed to purchase all the outstanding equity of White Knight. Nexstar Broadcasting will acquire ten television stations and will enter into local service agreements with independent third parties: Mission, who will acquire seven television stations, and Rocky Creek Communications, Inc. ( Rocky Creek ), who will acquire two television stations. The transactions are expected to close early in the fourth quarter of 2013, subject to closing conditions, including without limitation, approval of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and expiration or termination of any waiting periods under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended (the HSR Act ) or other applicable anti-trust laws. There can be no assurance when the closing conditions will be satisfied, if at all. A deposit of \$27.0 million was paid upon signing the stock purchase agreement, which was funded by a combination of borrowings under Nexstar Broadcasting s revolving credit facility and cash on hand. We expect to finance the remaining purchase price through cash generated from operations prior to closing, borrowings under the existing credit facilities and future credit market transactions. The stock purchase agreement includes other customary provisions, including representations and warranties, covenants and indemnification provisions. In addition, On June 28, 2013, Nexstar Broadcasting and Mission entered into amendments to the Senior Secured Credit Facilities (as defined below). The amendments provided commitments for incremental term loan facilities available to Nexstar Broadcasting of \$144.0 million and to Mission of \$90.0 million, subject to reallocation of up to \$18.0 million for the benefit of Rocky Creek, pursuant to the terms of the amended credit agreements. On June 28, 2013, Nexstar Broadcasting

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received initial proceeds of \$50.0 million under its committed incremental term loan facility which was used to repay outstanding revolving loans of \$27.0 million in June 2013 and \$22.0 million in July 2013. We expect the remainder of the commitments to be used by Nexstar Broadcasting, Mission and Rocky Creek to finance the CCA Acquisition.

On September 16, 2013, Nexstar Broadcasting and Mission each entered into definitive agreements to acquire five television stations in four markets for total consideration of \$103.25 million. Under the terms of the purchase agreements, Nexstar Broadcasting will acquire stations in Des Moines, Iowa, Rock Island, Illinois and Sioux City, Iowa from entities related to Citadel Communications, L.P. for \$88 million and began operating the three stations pursuant to a time brokerage agreement on September 16, 2013 (the Citadel Acquisition ). The Des Moines station will be acquired pursuant to a stock purchase agreement while the Rock Island and Sioux City station acquisitions are structured as asset purchases. Mission will acquire two stations in Binghamton, New York from Stainless Broadcasting, L.P. for \$15.25 million in a transaction structured as an asset purchase. Completion of these acquisitions is subject to FCC approval and other customary closing conditions and is expected to be completed early in the first quarter of 2014.

#### Our Relationship with Mission

Through various local service agreements with Mission, we provide sales, programming and other services to 20 television stations that are owned and operated by Mission as of June 30, 2013. Mission is 100% owned by independent third parties. We do not own Mission or any of its television stations. In compliance with FCC regulations for both us and Mission, Mission maintains complete responsibility for and control over programming, finances, personnel and operations of its stations. However, we are deemed under U.S. GAAP to have a controlling financial interest in Mission because of (1) the local service agreements Nexstar has with the Mission stations, (2) Nexstar s guarantee of the obligations incurred under Mission s senior secured credit facility, (3) Nexstar having power over significant activities affecting Mission s economic performance, including budgeting for advertising revenue, advertising sales and hiring and firing of sales force personnel and (4) purchase options granted by Mission that permit Nexstar to acquire the assets and assume the liabilities of each Mission station, subject to FCC consent. The purchase options are freely exercisable or assignable by Nexstar without consent or approval by Mission for consideration equal to the greater of (1) seven times the station s cash flow, as defined in the option agreement, less the amount of its indebtedness, as defined in the option agreement, or (2) the amount of its indebtedness. Additionally, on November 29, 2011, Mission s shareholders granted Nexstar an option to purchase any or all of Mission s stock, subject to FCC consent, for a price equal to the pro rata portion of the greater of (1) five times the stations cash flow, as defined in the agreement, reduced by the amount of indebtedness, as defined in the agreement, or (2) \$100,000. These option agreements (which expire on various dates between 2013 and 2023) are freely exercisable or assignable by Nexstar without consent by Mission or its shareholders. Therefore, Mission is consolidated into Nexstar s financial statements. We expect our option agreements with Mission to be renewed upon expiration.

#### **Background of the Notes**

In November 2012, we used the net proceeds of the offering of \$250,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of Old Notes to repurchase Nexstar Broadcasting s then outstanding 7% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2014 and 7% Senior Subordinated PIK Notes due 2014, refinance a portion of Nexstar Broadcasting s borrowings outstanding under its existing senior secured credit facilities and pay related fees and expenses. On October 1, 2013, we used the net proceeds of the offering of \$275,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of Old Notes to repurchase any and all of Nexstar Broadcasting s then outstanding 8.875% Senior Secured Second Lien Notes due 2017 co-issued by Nexstar Broadcasting and Mission (the 2017 Notes). The remainder will be used to fund the Citadel Acquisition and to pay related fees and expenses and for general corporate purposes.

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#### **Corporate and Other Information**

Our principal executive offices are located at 5215 N. O Connor Blvd., Suite 1400, Irving, Texas 75039, and our main telephone number at that address is (972) 373-8800. Our website is located at <a href="http://www.nexstar.tv">http://www.nexstar.tv</a>. The information contained on our website or that can be accessed through our website is not part of this prospectus memorandum and you should not rely on that information.

#### **Corporate Structure**

The following diagram summarizes our operational structure and our relationship with Mission, whose results of operations and financial position are consolidated with ours.

- (1) Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc. is a guarantor under the 2017 Notes and is a guarantor under Nexstar Broadcasting s and Mission s senior secured credit facilities that Nexstar Broadcasting and Mission entered into on December 3, 2012, as amended, which consist of (i) a \$550 million term loan facility with maturities that range from five to seven years (plus commitments for incremental term loan facilities available to Nexstar Broadcasting of \$94.0 million and to Mission of \$90.0 million, subject to reallocation of up to \$18.0 million for the benefit of Rocky Creek and with a five year maturity) (the Term Loan Facility ) and (ii) a \$105 million revolving credit facility with a five-year maturity (the Revolving Credit Facility and together with the Term Loan Facility, the Senior Secured Credit Facilities ).
- (2) Nexstar Broadcasting is a borrower under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities and a guarantor of Mission s obligations under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities. Nexstar Broadcasting is a co-issuer of the 2017 Notes.
- (3) Mission Broadcasting, Inc. is a borrower under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities and is a guarantor of Nexstar Broadcasting s obligations under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities. Mission is a co-issuer of the 2017 Notes.

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#### Purpose of the Exchange Offer

On November 9, 2012, Nexstar Broadcasting sold, through a private placement exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, \$250.0 million principal amount of Senior Notes due 2020 and on October 1, 2013, Nexstar Broadcasting sold, through a private placement exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, an additional \$275.0 million principal amount of Senior Notes due 2020, all of which are eligible to be exchanged for New Notes. We refer to these notes as Old Notes in this prospectus. The Old Notes are subject to transfer restrictions until we consummate this exchange offer or they are resold under a shelf registration statement.

Simultaneously with both private placements, Nexstar Broadcasting entered into registration rights agreements with the initial purchasers of the Old Notes. Nexstar Broadcasting was required to cause a registration statement for substantially identical Notes, which will be issued in exchange for the Old Notes, to be filed on or prior to 270 days after November 9, 2012 (and such registration statement was initially filed on July 31, 2013). We refer to the Notes to be registered under this exchange offer registration statement as New Notes and collectively with the Old Notes, we refer to them as the Notes in this prospectus. You may exchange your Old Notes for New Notes in this exchange offer. You should read the discussion under the headings Summary of the Exchange Offer, The Exchange Offer and Description of the Notes for further information regarding the New Notes.

Nexstar Broadcasting did not register the Old Notes under the Securities Act or any state securities law, nor do we intend to after the exchange offer. As a result, the Old Notes may only be transferred in limited circumstances under the securities laws. If the holders of the Old Notes do not exchange their Old Notes in the exchange offer, they lose their right to have the Old Notes registered under the Securities Act, subject to certain limitations. Anyone who still holds Old Notes after the exchange offer may be unable to resell their Old Notes.

#### **Summary of the Exchange Offer**

**Securities Offered** 

\$525.0 million principal amount of Senior Notes due 2020. The Notes are subject to transfer restrictions until Nexstar Broadcasting consummates this exchange offer or they are resold under a shelf registration statement.

The Exchange Offer

Nexstar Broadcasting is offering to exchange the Old Notes for a like principal amount at maturity of the New Notes. Old Notes may be exchanged only in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and integral principal at maturity multiples of \$1,000 thereof. This exchange offer is being made pursuant to registration rights agreements dated as of November 9, 2012 and October 1, 2013, which granted the initial purchasers and any subsequent holders of the Old Notes certain exchange and registration rights. This exchange offer is intended to satisfy those exchange and registration rights with respect to the Old Notes. After the exchange offer is complete, you will no longer be entitled to any exchange or registration rights with respect to your Old Notes.

**Expiration Date; Withdrawal of Tender** 

Nexstar Broadcasting s exchange offer will expire 5:00 p.m. New York City time, on November 20, 2013, or a later time if we choose to extend this exchange offer. You may withdraw your tender of Old

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Notes at any time prior to the expiration date. All outstanding Old Notes that are validly tendered and not validly withdrawn will be exchanged. Any Old Notes not accepted by Nexstar Broadcasting for exchange for any reason will be returned to you at our expense as promptly as possible after the expiration or termination of the exchange offer.

#### Resales

We believe that you can offer for resale, resell and otherwise transfer the New Notes without complying with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act if:

you acquire the New Notes in the ordinary course of business;

you are not participating, do not intend to participate, and have no arrangement or understanding with any person to participate, in the distribution of the New Notes;

you are not an affiliate of Nexstar, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act; and

you are not a broker-dealer.

If any of these conditions is not satisfied and you transfer any New Notes without delivering a proper prospectus or without qualifying for a registration exemption, you may incur liability under the Securities Act. Nexstar Broadcasting does not assume or indemnify you against this liability.

Each broker-dealer acquiring New Notes issued for its own account in exchange for Old Notes, which it acquired through market-making activities or other trading activities, must acknowledge that it will deliver a proper prospectus when any New Notes issued in the exchange offer are transferred. A broker-dealer may use this prospectus for an offer to resell, a resale or other retransfer of the New Notes issued in the exchange offer.

#### Conditions to the Exchange Offer

Nexstar Broadcasting s obligation to accept for exchange, or to issue the New Notes in exchange for, any Old Notes is subject to certain customary conditions relating to compliance with any applicable law, or any applicable interpretation by any staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission, or any order of any governmental agency or court of law. Nexstar Broadcasting currently expects that each of the conditions will be satisfied and that no waivers will be necessary. See The Exchange Offer Conditions to the Exchange Offer.

# of Book-Entry Interests

**Procedures for Tendering Notes Held in the Form** The Old Notes were issued as global book-entry notes and were deposited upon issuance with The Bank of New York Mellon. The Bank of New York Mellon issued certificateless depositary interests in those outstanding Old Notes, which represent a 100% interest in those Old Notes, to The Depository Trust Company.

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Beneficial interests in the outstanding Old Notes, which are held by direct or indirect participants in the Depository Trust Company, are shown on, and transfers of the Old Notes can only be made through, records maintained in book-entry form by The Depository Trust Company.

You may tender your outstanding Old Notes by instructing your broker or bank where you keep the Old Notes to tender them for you. In some cases you may be asked to submit the BLUE-colored Letter of Election and Instructions to Brokers or Bank that may accompany this prospectus. By tendering your Old Notes you will be deemed to have acknowledged and agreed to be bound by the terms set forth under The Exchange Offer. Your outstanding Old Notes will be tendered in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and multiples of \$1,000 thereof.

A timely confirmation of book-entry transfer of your outstanding Old Notes into the exchange agent s account at The Depository Trust Company, under the procedure described in this prospectus under the heading The Exchange Offer must be received by the exchange agent on or before 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date.

United States Federal Income Tax Considerations The exchange offer should not result in any income, gain or loss to the holders of Old Notes or to us for United States federal income tax purposes. See Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations.

**Use of Proceeds** 

Nexstar Broadcasting will not receive any proceeds from the issuance of the New Notes in the exchange offer.

**Exchange Agent** 

The Bank of New York Mellon is serving as the exchange agent for the exchange offer.

**PORTAL Market** 

There is no public market for Nexstar Broadcasting s Old Notes or the New Notes.

**Shelf Registration Statement** 

In limited circumstances, holders of Old Notes may require Nexstar Broadcasting to register their Old Notes under a shelf registration statement.

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#### THE NEW NOTES

The form and terms of the New Notes are the same as the form and terms of the Old Notes, except that the New Notes will be registered under the Securities Act. As a result, the New Notes will not bear legends restricting their transfer and will not contain the registration rights and liquidated damage provisions contained in the Old Notes. The New Notes represent the same debt as the Old Notes. The Old Notes and the New Notes are governed by the same indenture and are together considered a series of securities under that indenture. Unless the context indicates otherwise, we use the term Notes in this prospectus to refer collectively to the Old Notes and the New Notes.

Issuer Nexstar Broadcasting, Inc. The New Notes \$525.0 million aggregate principal amount of  $6^{7}/_{8}\%$  senior notes due 2020. **Maturity Date** The Notes will mature on November 15, 2020. Interest Interest on the Notes will accrue at a rate of  $6^{7}/_{8}\%$  per annum. Interest on the Notes will be payable semi-annually, in cash in arrears, on May 15 and November 15 of each year. Guarantees The payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest on the Notes will be unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, on a senior unsecured basis by the Issuer s ultimate parent, Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc., Mission and certain of the Issuer s and Mission s future restricted subsidiaries. Under certain circumstances, subsidiary guarantors may be released from their guarantees without the consent of the holders of Notes. See Description of the Notes Guarantees. Ranking The Notes will be the Issuer s senior unsecured obligations and will: be effectively subordinated to secured obligations of the Issuer including debt under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities; rank equal in right of payment to all existing and future unsecured obligations of the Issuer that are not, by their terms, expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Notes: rank senior in right of payment to all existing and future obligations of the Issuer that are, by their terms, expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Notes; and

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of the Issuer that are not subsidiary guarantors.

be structurally subordinated to any existing and future obligations of any subsidiaries

The guarantees will be the senior unsecured obligations of the guarantors and will:

be effectively subordinated to secured obligations of the guarantors including the Senior Secured Credit Facility, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such obligations;

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rank equal in right of payment to all existing and future unsecured obligations of the guarantors that are not, by their terms, expressly subordinated in right of payment to the guarantees; and

rank senior in right of payment to all existing and future obligations of the guarantors that are, by their terms, expressly subordinated in right of payment to the guarantees.

As of June 30, 2013, the Issuer and the guarantors have \$994.3 million of indebtedness (excluding intercompany indebtedness), of which \$424.4 million was outstanding under Nexstar and Mission s senior secured credit facilities, and an additional \$257.0 million was available for borrowings under Nexstar and Mission s Senior Secured Credit Facilities.

#### **Optional Redemption**

The Notes will be redeemable at the Issuer s option, in whole or in part, at any time on or after November 15, 2015, at the redemption prices set forth in Description of the Notes Optional Redemption, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption.

Prior to November 15, 2015, the Issuer may redeem all or any portion of the Notes at 100% of their principal amount, plus a make whole premium, plus accrued interest.

In addition, at any time and from time to time on or prior to November 15, 2015, the Issuer may redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes using the net cash proceeds of certain public equity offerings, so long as:

the Issuer pays 106.875% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption;

at least 65% of the aggregate principal amount of all Notes issued under the indenture remain outstanding afterwards; and

the redemption occurs within 90 days of the date of the closing of such public equity offering.

### **Change of Control; Asset Sales**

If a Change of Control Repurchase Event occurs, as described under Description of the Notes Change of Control, the Issuer will be required to offer to purchase the Notes from holders at a price equal to 101% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of repurchase.

If we sell certain assets and do not apply the net proceeds in compliance with the indenture, the Issuer will be required to make an offer to repurchase the Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of repurchase. See Description of the Notes Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock.

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#### **Covenants**

The indenture governing the Notes restricts the Issuer s ability and the ability of the Issuer s restricted subsidiaries to:

incur additional indebtedness;

pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem our capital stock;

make certain investments;

create liens;

merge or consolidate with another company or transfer or sell assets;

enter into restrictions affecting the ability of the Issuer s restricted subsidiaries to make distributions, loans or advances to us or other restricted subsidiaries; prepay, redeem or repurchase certain indebtedness; and

engage in transactions with affiliates.

These covenants are subject to a number of important limitations and exceptions, which are described under Description of the Notes Certain Covenants.

#### No Public Market for the Notes

The Notes are a new issue of securities. The Notes generally are freely transferable but are new securities for which there is no established market.

#### **Use of Proceeds**

We will not receive any cash proceeds from the issuance of the New Notes. In consideration for issuing the New Notes contemplated in this prospectus, Nexstar Broadcasting will receive outstanding securities in like principal amount, the form and terms of which are the same as the form and terms of the New Notes, except as otherwise described in this prospectus. The Old Notes surrendered in exchange for New Notes will be retired and canceled. See Use of Proceeds.

#### **Risk Factors**

In evaluating an investment in the Notes, prospective investors should carefully consider, along with the other information in this prospectus, the specific factors set forth under Risk Factors for risks involved with an investment in the Notes.

For more complete information about the Notes, see the Description of the Notes section of this prospectus.

#### RISK FACTORS

Any investment in the Notes involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks described below and all of the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus before deciding whether to purchase the Notes. The risks and uncertainties described below or incorporated by reference in this prospectus are not the only risks and uncertainties that we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business operations. If any of those risks actually occurs, our business, financial condition and results of operations would suffer. The risks discussed below also include forward-looking statements, and our actual results may differ substantially from those discussed in these forward-looking statements. See Forward-Looking Statements in this prospectus.

#### Risks Related to the Exchange Offer

Because there is no public market for the New Notes, you may not be able to sell your New Notes.

The New Notes will be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, but will constitute a new issue of securities with no established trading market, and uncertainty exists with regard to:

the liquidity of any trading market that may develop;

the ability of holders to sell their New Notes; or

the price at which the holders would be able to sell their New Notes.

If a trading market were to develop, the New Notes might trade at higher or lower prices than their principal amount or purchase price, depending on many factors, including prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities and our financial performance.

Any market-making activity will be subject to the limits imposed by the Securities Act and the Exchange Act, and may be limited during the exchange offer or the pendency of an applicable shelf registration statement. An active trading market might not exist for the New Notes and any trading market that does develop might not be liquid.

In addition, any holder of Old Notes who tenders in the exchange offer for the purpose of participating in a distribution of the New Notes may be deemed to have received restricted securities, and if so, will be required to comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale transaction.

The market for non-investment grade debt historically has been subject to disruptions that have caused substantial volatility in the prices of securities similar to the Notes. The market for the Notes, if any, may be subject to similar disruptions that could adversely affect their value. In addition, subsequent to their initial issuance, the Notes may trade at a discount from their initial offering price, depending upon prevailing interest rates, the market for similar Notes, Nexstar Broadcasting s performance and other factors.

### Your Old Notes will not be accepted for exchange if you fail to follow the exchange offer procedures.

Nexstar Broadcasting will issue New Notes pursuant to this exchange offer only after a timely receipt of your Old Notes (including timely notation in book-entry form). Therefore, if you want to tender your Old Notes, please allow sufficient time to ensure timely delivery. If Nexstar Broadcasting does not receive your Old Notes, by the expiration date of the exchange offer, Nexstar Broadcasting will not accept your Old Notes for exchange. Nexstar Broadcasting is under no duty to give notification of defects or irregularities with respect to the tenders of Old Notes for exchange. If there are defects or irregularities with respect to your tender of Old Notes, Nexstar Broadcasting will not accept your Old Notes for exchange.

If you do not exchange your Old Notes, your Old Notes will continue to be subject to the existing transfer restrictions and you may be unable to sell your Old Notes.

Nexstar Broadcasting did not register the Old Notes, nor does Nexstar Broadcasting intend to do so following the exchange offer. The Old Notes that are not tendered will, therefore, continue to be subject to the existing transfer restrictions and may be transferred only in limited circumstances under the securities laws. If you do not exchange your Old Notes, you will be subject to existing transfer restrictions. As a result, if you hold Old Notes after the exchange offer, you may be unable to sell your Old Notes. If a large number of outstanding Old Notes are exchanged for New Notes issued in the exchange offer, it may be difficult for holders of outstanding Old Notes that are not exchanged in the exchange offer to sell their Old Notes, since those Old Notes may not be offered or sold unless they are registered or there are exemptions from registration requirements under the Securities Act or state laws that apply to them. In addition, if there are only a small number of Old Notes outstanding, there may not be a very liquid market in those Old Notes. There may be few investors that will purchase unregistered securities in which there is not a liquid market.

If you exchange your Old Notes, you may not be able to resell the New Notes you receive in the exchange offer without registering them and delivering a prospectus.

You may not be able to resell New Notes you receive in the exchange offer without registering those New Notes or delivering a prospectus. Based on interpretations by the SEC in no-action letters, Nexstar Broadcasting believes, with respect to New Notes issued in the exchange offer, that:

holders who are not affiliates of Nexstar within the meaning of Rule 405 of the Securities Act;

holders who acquire their New Notes in the ordinary course of business;

holders who do not engage in, intend to engage in, or have arrangements to participate in a distribution (within the meaning of the Securities Act) of the New Notes; and

holders who are not broker-dealers

do not have to comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act.

Holders described in the preceding sentence must tell us in writing at our request that they meet these criteria. Holders that do not meet these criteria could not rely on interpretations of the SEC in no-action letters, and would have to register the New Notes they receive in the exchange offer and deliver a prospectus for them. In addition, holders that are broker-dealers may be deemed underwriters within the meaning of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of New Notes acquired in the exchange offer. Holders that are broker-dealers must acknowledge that they acquired their outstanding New Notes in market-making activities or other trading activities and must deliver a prospectus when they resell New Notes they acquire in the exchange offer in order not to be deemed an underwriter.

#### Risks Related to the Notes

Our substantial indebtedness could adversely affect our financial condition and prevent us from fulfilling our obligations under the Notes.

We have a significant amount of indebtedness. As of June 30, 2013 Nexstar and Mission have total indebtedness of approximately \$994.3 million, excluding \$257.0 million of unused commitments under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities.

Our substantial indebtedness could have important consequences to the holders of the Notes, including:

making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the Notes and our other indebtedness;

limiting our ability to obtain additional financing to fund future working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions or other general corporate requirements;

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requiring a substantial portion of our cash flows to be dedicated to debt service payments instead of other purposes, thereby reducing the amount of cash flows available for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes;

increasing our vulnerability to adverse changes in general economic, industry and competitive conditions;

exposing us to the risk of increased interest rates because certain of our borrowings, including borrowings under our credit facilities are or will be at variable rates of interest;

limiting our flexibility in planning for and reacting to changes in the industry in which we compete;

placing us at a disadvantage compared to other, less leveraged competitors; and

increasing our cost of borrowing.

In addition, the terms of the Notes and the Senior Secured Credit Facilities contain restrictive covenants that limit our ability to engage in activities that may be in our long-term best interest. Our failure to comply with those covenants could result in an event of default which, if not cured or waived, could result in the acceleration of substantially all of our indebtedness.

Despite our current level of indebtedness, we may still be able to incur substantially more indebtedness. This could further exacerbate the risks to our financial condition described above and prevent Nexstar Broadcasting from fulfilling its obligations under the Notes.

We may be able to incur significant additional indebtedness in the future. Although the terms of the Notes and the credit agreements that govern the Senior Secured Credit Facilities include restrictions on the incurrence of additional indebtedness, these restrictions are subject to a number of qualifications and exceptions, and the additional indebtedness incurred in compliance with these restrictions could be substantial. If we incur any additional indebtedness that ranks equally with the Notes, the holders of that debt will be entitled to share ratably with you in any proceeds distributed in connection with our insolvency, liquidation, reorganization, dissolution or other winding up as a company. This may have the effect of reducing the amount of proceeds paid to you. These restrictions also will not prevent us from incurring obligations that do not constitute indebtedness. In addition, the Revolving Credit Facility provides commitments of up to \$105 million in the aggregate. All of those borrowings would be secured indebtedness. If new indebtedness is added to our current indebtedness levels, the related risks that we now face could intensify. See Description of the Notes.

We may not be able to generate sufficient cash to service all of our indebtedness, including the Notes, and may be forced to take other actions to satisfy our obligations under our indebtedness, which may not be successful.

Our ability to make scheduled payments on or to refinance our debt obligations, including the Notes, depends on our financial condition and results of operations, which in turn are subject to prevailing economic and competitive conditions and to certain financial, business and other factors beyond our control. We may not be able to maintain a level of cash flows from operating activities sufficient to permit us to pay the principal, premium, if any, and interest on our indebtedness, including the Notes.

If our cash flows and capital resources are insufficient to fund our debt service obligations, we could face substantial liquidity problems and may be forced to reduce or delay investments and capital expenditures, or to sell assets, seek additional capital or restructure or refinance our indebtedness, including the Notes. Our ability to restructure or refinance our debt will depend on the condition of the capital markets and our financial condition at such time. Any refinancing of our debt could be at higher interest rates and may require us to comply with more onerous covenants, which could further restrict our business operations. The terms of existing or future debt instruments and the indenture that governs the Notes restrict us from adopting some of these alternatives. In addition, any failure to make payments of interest and principal on our outstanding indebtedness on a timely

basis would likely result in a reduction of our credit rating, which could harm our ability to incur additional indebtedness. In the absence of such cash flows and resources, we could face substantial liquidity problems and might be required to dispose of material assets or operations to meet our debt service and other obligations. The terms of the Notes and the credit facilities restrict our ability to dispose of assets and use the proceeds from the disposition. We may not be able to consummate those dispositions or to obtain the proceeds that we could realize from them and these proceeds may not be adequate to meet any debt service obligations then due. These alternative measures may not be successful and may not permit us to meet our scheduled debt service obligations. See Description of the Notes.

Our inability to generate sufficient cash flows to satisfy our debt obligations, or to refinance our indebtedness on commercially reasonable terms or at all, would materially and adversely affect our financial position and results of operations and our ability to satisfy our obligations under the Notes.

If we cannot make scheduled payments on our indebtedness, we will be in default and holders of the Notes could declare all outstanding principal and interest to be due and payable, the lenders under the credit facilities, as applicable, could terminate their commitments to loan money, our secured lenders could foreclose against the assets securing their borrowings and we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation. All of these events could result in your losing your entire investment in the Notes.

The terms of the Notes and the Senior Secured Credit Facilities restrict our current and future operations, particularly our ability to respond to changes or to take certain actions.

The terms of the Notes and the Senior Secured Credit Facilities include a number of restrictive covenants that impose significant operating and financial restrictions on us and may limit our ability to engage in acts that may be in our long-term best interest, including, among other things, restrictions on our ability to:

incur additional indebtedness and guarantee indebtedness;
pay dividends or make other distributions in respect of, or repurchase or redeem, capital stock;
prepay, redeem or repurchase certain indebtedness;
make loans and investments;
sell or otherwise dispose of assets;
incur liens;
enter into transactions with affiliates;
alter the businesses we conduct;
enter into agreements restricting our subsidiaries ability to pay dividends; and
consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets

The covenants in the indenture that governs the Notes are subject to important exceptions and qualifications, which are described under Description of the Notes.

In addition, the restrictive covenants in the terms of the Senior Secured Credit Facilities require us to maintain specified financial ratios and satisfy other financial condition tests. Our ability to meet those financial ratios and tests can be affected by events beyond our control, and we may not be able to meet them.

satisfy other inflation tests. Our dointy to meet those finalicial ratios and tests can be directed by events beyond our control, and	*** C
may not be able to meet them.	
These restrictive covenants could adversely affect our ability to:	

finance our operations;

make needed capital expenditures;

make strategic acquisitions or investments or enter into joint ventures;

withstand a future downturn in our business, the industry or the economy in general;

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engage in business activities, including future opportunities, that may be in our best interest; and

plan for or react to market conditions or otherwise execute our business strategies. These restrictions may affect our ability to grow in accordance with our plans.

A breach of the covenants under the terms of the Notes, the 2017 Notes or the Senior Secured Credit Facilities could result in an event of default under the applicable indebtedness. Such a default may allow the creditors to accelerate the related indebtedness and may result in the acceleration of any other indebtedness to which a cross-acceleration or cross-default provision applies. In addition, an event of default under the terms of the credit facilities could permit the lenders to terminate all commitments to extend further credit under such facilities. Furthermore, if we were unable to repay the amounts due and payable under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities, those respective parties could proceed against the collateral granted to them to secure that indebtedness. In the event our lenders or noteholders accelerate the repayment of our borrowings, we and our guarantors may not have sufficient assets to repay that indebtedness.

The Notes will be effectively subordinated to our indebtedness under the 2017 Notes, the Senior Secured Credit Facilities and our other secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing that indebtedness.

The Notes will not be secured by any of our assets. As a result, the Notes and the guarantees will be effectively subordinated to the indebtedness under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities to the extent of the value of the assets that secure that indebtedness. As of June 30, 2013 Nexstar and Mission have approximately \$424.4 million of indebtedness under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities and approximately \$319.9 million of indebtedness under the 2017 Notes, all of which are effectively senior to the Notes, and approximately \$257.0 million of additional borrowing capacity under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities. The effect of this subordination is that upon a default in payment on, or the acceleration of, any of our secured indebtedness, or in the event of bankruptcy, insolvency, liquidation, dissolution or reorganization of our company, the proceeds from the sale of assets securing our secured indebtedness will be available to pay obligations on the Notes only after all indebtedness under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities, the 2017 Notes and any other secured indebtedness has been paid in full. As a result, the holders of the Notes may receive less, ratably, than the holders of secured indebtedness in the event of our or any of the guarantors bankruptcy, insolvency, liquidation, dissolution or reorganization.

#### Nexstar Broadcasting may not be able to repurchase the Notes upon a change of control.

Upon the occurrence of specific kinds of change of control events along with a downgrade of the rating of the Notes by one or more rating agencies that is attributable to such change of control when the Notes are not investment grade, Nexstar Broadcasting will be required to offer to repurchase all outstanding Notes at 101% of their principal amount, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the purchase date. Additionally, under the terms of the credit facilities, a change of control may constitute an event of default that permits the lenders to accelerate the maturity of borrowings under the respective agreements and terminate their commitments to lend. The source of funds for any purchase of the Notes and the 2017 Notes and repayment of borrowings under the credit facilities would be our available cash or cash generated from our subsidiaries—operations or other sources, including borrowings, sales of assets or sales of equity. Nexstar Broadcasting may not be able to repurchase the Notes upon a change of control because we may not have sufficient financial resources to purchase all of the debt securities that are tendered upon a change of control and repay our other indebtedness that will become due. We may require additional financing from third parties to fund any such purchases, and we may be unable to obtain financing on satisfactory terms or at all. Further, Nexstar Broadcasting s ability to repurchase the Notes may be limited by law. In order to avoid the obligations to repurchase the Notes and events of default and potential breaches of the terms of the credit facilities, we may have to avoid certain change of control transactions that would otherwise be beneficial to us.

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In addition, some important corporate events, such as leveraged recapitalizations, may not, under the indenture that governs the Notes, constitute a change of control that would require us to repurchase the Notes, even though those corporate events could increase the level of our indebtedness or otherwise adversely affect our capital structure, credit ratings, financial condition or the value of the Notes. See Description of the Notes Repurchase at the Option of Holders Change of Control.

Federal and state fraudulent transfer laws may permit a court to void the Notes or the guarantees, and if that occurs, you may not receive any payments on the Notes.

Federal and state fraudulent transfer and conveyance statutes may apply to the issuance of the Notes and the incurrence of the guarantees of the Notes. Under federal bankruptcy law and comparable provisions of state fraudulent transfer or conveyance laws, which may vary from state to state, the Notes or the guarantees thereof could be voided as a fraudulent transfer or conveyance if the issuer or a guarantor, as applicable, (i) issued the Notes or incurred its guarantee with the intent of hindering, delaying or defrauding creditors or (ii) received less than reasonably equivalent value or fair consideration in return for either issuing the Notes or incurring the guarantee and, in the case of (ii) only, one of the following is also true at the time thereof:

the issuer or such guarantor, as applicable, was insolvent or rendered insolvent by reason of the issuance of the Notes or the incurrence of its guarantees;

the issuance of the Notes or the incurrence of its guarantees left the issuer or such guarantor, as applicable, with an unreasonably small amount of capital or assets to carry on the business;

the issuer or such guarantor intended to, or believed that it would, incur indebtedness beyond its ability to pay as they mature; or

the issuer or such guarantor was a defendant in an action for money damages, or had a judgment for money damages docketed against it if, in either case, the judgment is unsatisfied after final judgment.

As a general matter, value is given for a transfer or an obligation if, in exchange for the transfer or obligation, property is transferred or a valid antecedent debt is secured or satisfied. A court would likely find that a guarantor did not receive reasonably equivalent value or fair consideration for its guarantee to the extent the guarantor did not obtain a reasonably equivalent benefit directly or indirectly from the issuance of the Notes.

We cannot be certain as to the standards a court would use to determine whether or not the issuer or a guarantor was insolvent at the relevant time or, regardless of the standard that a court uses, whether the Notes or the guarantees would be subordinated to other indebtedness. In general, however, a court would deem an entity insolvent if:

the sum of its indebtedness, including contingent and unliquidated liabilities, was greater than the fair saleable value of all of its assets;

the present fair saleable value of its assets was less than the amount that would be required to pay its probable liability on its existing indebtedness, including contingent liabilities, as they become absolute and mature; or

it could not pay its indebtedness as they became due.

If a court were to find that the issuance of the Notes or the incurrence of a guarantee was a fraudulent transfer or conveyance, the court could void the payment obligations under the Notes or that guarantee, could subordinate the Notes or that guarantee to presently existing and future indebtedness of the issuer or of the relevant guarantor or could require the holders of the Notes to repay any amounts received with respect to the Notes or that guarantee. In the event of a finding that a fraudulent transfer or conveyance occurred, you may not receive any repayment on the

Notes. Further, the avoidance of the Notes could result in an event of default with respect to our and our subsidiaries other indebtedness that could result in acceleration of that indebtedness.

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Finally, as a court of equity, the bankruptcy court may subordinate the claims in respect of the Notes to other claims against us under the principle of equitable subordination if the court determines that (i) the holder of Notes engaged in some type of inequitable conduct, (ii) the inequitable conduct resulted in injury to our other creditors or conferred an unfair advantage upon the holders of Notes and (iii) equitable subordination is not inconsistent with the provisions of the United States Bankruptcy Code.

Your ability to transfer the Notes may be limited by the absence of an active trading market, and an active trading market may not develop for the Notes.

The Notes will be a new issue of securities for which there is no established trading market. We do not intend to list the Notes or any exchange Notes on any national securities exchange or include the Notes or any exchange Notes in any automated quotation system.

Therefore, an active market for the Notes may not develop or be maintained, which would adversely affect the market price and liquidity of the Notes. In that case, the holders of the Notes may not be able to sell their Notes at a particular time or at a favorable price.

Even if an active trading market for the Notes does develop, there is no guarantee that it will continue. Historically, the market for non-investment grade debt has been subject to severe disruptions that have caused substantial volatility in the prices of securities similar to the Notes. The market, if any, for the Notes may experience similar disruptions, and any such disruptions may adversely affect the liquidity in that market or the prices at which you may sell your Notes. In addition, subsequent to their initial issuance, the Notes may trade at a discount from their initial offering price, depending upon prevailing interest rates, the market for similar Notes, our performance and other factors.

A lowering or withdrawal of the ratings assigned to Nexstar Broadcasting s debt securities by rating agencies may increase Nexstar Broadcasting s future borrowing costs and reduce our access to capital.

Nexstar Broadcasting s debt will have a non-investment grade rating, and any rating assigned could be lowered or withdrawn entirely by a rating agency if, in that rating agency s judgment, future circumstances relating to the basis of the rating, such as adverse changes, so warrant. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the market value of the Notes. Credit ratings are not recommendations to purchase, hold or sell the Notes. Additionally, credit ratings may not reflect the potential effect of risks relating to the structure or marketing of the Notes. Any downgrade by either Standard & Poor s Rating s Group (Standard & Poor s) or Moody s Investor Service, Inc. (Moody s) would increase the interest rate on the credit facilities, decrease our earnings and may result in higher borrowing costs.

Any future lowering of our ratings likely would make it more difficult or more expensive for us to obtain additional debt financing. If any credit rating initially assigned to the Notes is subsequently lowered or withdrawn for any reason, you may not be able to resell your Notes at a favorable price or at all.

Many of the covenants in the indenture that governs the Notes will not apply during any period in which the Notes are rated investment grade by both Moody's and Standard & Poor's.

Many of the covenants in the indenture that will govern the Notes will not apply to us during any period in which the Notes are rated investment grade by both Moody s and Standard & Poor s, provided at such time no default or event of default has occurred and is continuing. These covenants restrict, among other things, our ability to pay distributions, incur indebtedness and enter into certain other transactions. There can be no assurance that the Notes will ever be rated investment grade, or that if they are rated investment grade, that the Notes will maintain these ratings. However, suspension of these covenants would allow us to engage in certain transactions that would not be permitted while these covenants were in force. To the extent the covenants are subsequently reinstated, any such actions taken while the covenants were suspended would not result in an event of default under the indenture that governs the Notes. See Description of the Notes Certain Covenants Suspension of Covenants on Achievement of Investment Grade Status.

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#### MARKET AND INDUSTRY DATA

Some of the market and industry data contained in this prospectus are based on independent industry publications or other publicly available information, while other information is based on internal studies. Although we believe that these independent sources and our internal data are reliable as of their respective dates, the information contained in them has not been independently verified, and we cannot assure you as to the accuracy or completeness of this information. As a result, you should be aware that the market and industry data contained in this prospectus, and beliefs and estimates based on such data, may not be reliable.

There are 210 generally recognized television markets, known as Designated Market Areas, or DMAs, in the United States. DMAs are ranked in size according to various factors based upon actual or potential audience. DMA rankings contained in this prospectus are from *Investing in Television Market Report 2012 4th Edition*, as published by BIA Financial Network, Inc.

Unless otherwise indicated, information contained in this prospectus concerning the television broadcast markets and our general expectations concerning these markets are based on information from independent industry analysts and publications, government reports and management estimates. We have derived management estimates from publicly available information released by third-party sources, as well as data from our internal research, and have based our estimates on such data and our knowledge of our industry and markets, which we believe to be reasonable. We have not independently verified any of the data from third-party sources nor have we ascertained the underlying economic assumptions relied upon therein and cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of any such data or the related forecasts contained, or incorporated by reference, in this prospectus. None of the independent industry publications referred to in this prospectus were prepared on our or our affiliates behalf. Estimates of historical growth rates are not necessarily indicative of future growth rates.

In the context of describing ownership of television stations in a particular market, the term duopoly refers to owning or deriving the majority of the economic benefit through local service agreements, from two or more stations in a particular market.

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#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements for purposes of federal and state securities laws, including: any projections or expectations of earnings, revenue, financial performance, liquidity and capital resources or other financial items; any assumptions or projections about the television broadcasting industry; any statements of our plans, strategies and objectives for our future operations, performance, liquidity and capital resources or other financial items; any statements concerning proposed new products, services or developments; any statements regarding future economic conditions or performance; any statements of belief; and any statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing. Forward-looking statements may include the words could, would, predicts, potential, continue, expects, anticipates, believes, may, words.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in any of our forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results could differ from this projection or assumption in any of our forward-looking statements. Our future financial position and results of operations, as well as any forward-looking statements, are subject to change and inherent risks and uncertainties, including those discussed at greater length in the Risk Factors beginning on page 10 and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The forward-looking statements made in this prospectus are made only as of the date hereof, and we do not have or undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances unless otherwise required by law.

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#### **USE OF PROCEEDS**

This exchange offer is intended to satisfy Nexstar Broadcasting s obligations under the registration rights agreement dated as of November 9, 2012 and the registration rights agreement dated as of October 1, 2013. We will not receive any cash proceeds from the issuance of the New Notes. In consideration for issuing the New Notes contemplated in this prospectus, Nexstar Broadcasting will receive outstanding securities in like principal amount, the form and terms of which are the same as the form and terms of the New Notes, except as otherwise described in this prospectus. The Old Notes surrendered in exchange for New Notes will be retired and canceled. Accordingly, no additional debt will result from the exchange. Nexstar Broadcasting has agreed to bear the expense of the exchange offer.

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#### THE EXCHANGE OFFER

#### Terms Of The Exchange Offer; Period For Tendering Outstanding Old Notes

Nexstar Broadcasting will accept any validly tendered Old Notes that you do not withdraw before 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date. Nexstar Broadcasting will issue \$1,000 of principal amount of New Notes in exchange for each \$1,000 principal amount of your outstanding Old Notes. You may tender some or all of your Old Notes in the exchange offer.

The form and terms of the New Notes are the same as the form and terms of the outstanding Old Notes except that:

- (1) the New Notes being issued in the exchange offer will be registered under the Securities Act and will not have legends restricting their transfer;
- (2) the New Notes being issued in the exchange offer will not contain the registration rights and liquidated damages provisions contained in the outstanding Old Notes; and
- (3) interest on the New Notes will accrue from the last interest date on which interest was paid on your Old Notes.

Outstanding Old Notes that Nexstar Broadcasting accepts for exchange will not accrue interest after Nexstar Broadcasting completes the exchange offer.

The exchange offer will expire at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on November 20, 2013, unless Nexstar Broadcasting extends it. If we extend the exchange offer, Nexstar Broadcasting will issue a notice by press release or other public announcement before 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the next business day after the previously scheduled expiration date.

Nexstar Broadcasting reserves the right, in its sole discretion:

- (1) to extend the exchange offer;
- (2) to terminate the exchange offer and not accept any Old Notes for exchange if any of the conditions have not been satisfied; or
- (3) to amend the exchange offer in any manner provided, however, that if we amend the exchange offer to make a material change, including the waiver of a material condition, we will extend the exchange offer, if necessary to keep the exchange offer open for at least five business days after such amendment or waiver.

Nexstar Broadcasting will promptly give written notice of any extension, delay, non-acceptance, termination or amendment. Nexstar Broadcasting will also file a post-effective amendment with the SEC if it amends the terms of the exchange offer.

If Nexstar Broadcasting extends the exchange offer, Old Notes that you have previously tendered will still be subject to the exchange offer and Nexstar Broadcasting may accept them. Nexstar Broadcasting will promptly return your Old Notes if Nexstar Broadcasting does not accept them for exchange for any reason without expense to you after the exchange offer expires or terminates.

#### **Procedures For Tendering Old Notes Held Through Brokers And Banks**

Since the Old Notes are represented by global book-entry notes, The Depository Trust Company or DTC, as depositary, or its nominee is treated as the registered holder of the notes and will be the only entity that can tender your Old Notes for New Notes. Therefore, to tender notes subject to this exchange offer and to obtain New Notes, you must instruct the institution where you keep your Old Notes to tender your notes on your behalf so that they are received on or prior to the expiration of this exchange offer.

The BLUE-colored Letter of Election and Instructions to Broker or Bank that may accompany this prospectus may be used by you to give such instructions. YOU SHOULD CONSULT YOUR ACCOUNT REPRESENTATIVE AT THE BROKER OR BANK WHERE YOU KEEP YOUR NOTES TO DETERMINE THE PREFERRED PROCEDURE.

IF YOU WISH TO ACCEPT THIS EXCHANGE OFFER, PLEASE INSTRUCT YOUR BROKER OR ACCOUNT REPRESENTATIVE IN TIME FOR YOUR OLD NOTES TO BE TENDERED BEFORE THE 5:00 PM (NEW YORK CITY TIME) DEADLINE ON NOVEMBER 20, 2013.

You may tender some or all of your Old Notes in this exchange offer. However, notes may be tendered only in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 thereof.

When you tender your outstanding Old Notes and we accept them, the tender will be a binding agreement between you and us in accordance with the terms and conditions in this prospectus.

The method of delivery of outstanding Old Notes and all other required documents to the exchange agent is at your election and risk.

Nexstar Broadcasting will decide all questions about the validity, form, eligibility, acceptance and withdrawal of tendered Old Notes, and Nexstar Broadcasting s determination will be final and binding on you. Nexstar Broadcasting reserves the absolute right to:

- (1) reject any and all tenders of any particular note not properly tendered;
- (2) refuse to accept any Old Note if, in our judgment or the judgment of our counsel, the acceptance would be unlawful; and
- (3) waive any defects or irregularities or conditions of the exchange offer as to any particular Old Note before the expiration of the offer.

Nexstar Broadcasting s interpretation of the terms and conditions of the exchange offer will be final and binding on all parties. You must cure any defects or irregularities in connection with tenders of Old Notes as Nexstar Broadcasting will determine. Nexstar Broadcasting, the exchange agent nor any other person will incur any liability for failure to notify you of any defect or irregularity with respect to your tender of Old Notes. If Nexstar Broadcasting waives any terms or conditions pursuant to (3) above with respect to a noteholder, Nexstar Broadcasting will extend the same waiver to all noteholders with respect to that term or condition being waived.

#### **Deemed Representations**

To participate in the exchange offer, Nexstar Broadcasting requires that you represent to them that:

- (1) you or any other person acquiring New Notes for your outstanding Old Notes in the exchange offer is acquiring them in the ordinary course of business;
- (2) neither you nor any other person acquiring New Notes in exchange for your outstanding Old Notes is engaging in or intends to engage in a distribution of the New Notes issued in the exchange offer;
- (3) neither you nor any other person acquiring New Notes in exchange for your outstanding Old Notes has an arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in the distribution of New Notes issued in the exchange offer;
- (4) neither you nor any other person acquiring New Notes in exchange for your outstanding Old Notes is our affiliate as defined under Rule 405 of the Securities Act; and
- (5) if you or another person acquiring New Notes for your outstanding Old Notes is a broker-dealer, and acquired the Old Notes as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities, and you acknowledge that you will deliver a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act in connection with any resale of your New Notes.

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#### By Tendering Your Old Notes You Are Deemed To Have Made These Representations

Broker-dealers who cannot make the representations in item (5) of the paragraph above cannot use this exchange offer prospectus in connection with resales of the New Notes issued in the exchange offer.

If you are Nexstar Broadcasting s affiliate, as defined under Rule 405 of the Securities Act, you are a broker-dealer who acquired your outstanding Old Notes in the initial offering and not as a result of market-making or trading activities, or if you are engaged in or intend to engage in or have an arrangement or understanding with any person to participate in a distribution of New Notes acquired in the exchange offer, you or that person:

- (1) may not rely on the applicable interpretations of the staff of the SEC and therefore may not participate in the exchange offer; and
- (2) must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act or an exemption therefrom when reselling the Old Notes.

#### Procedures For Brokers And Custodian Banks: DTC Account

In order to accept this exchange offer on behalf of a holder of Old Notes you must submit or cause your DTC participant to submit an Agent s Message as described below.

The exchange agent, on Nexstar Broadcasting s behalf, will seek to establish an Automated Tender Offer Program (ATOP) account with respect to the outstanding notes at DTC promptly after the delivery of this prospectus. Any financial institution that is a DTC participant, including your broker or bank, may make book-entry tender of outstanding Old Notes by causing the book-entry transfer of such notes into our ATOP account in accordance with DTC s procedures for such transfers. Concurrently with the delivery of Old Notes, an Agent s Message in connection with such book-entry transfer must be transmitted by DTC to, and received by, the exchange agent on or prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City Time on the expiration date. The confirmation of a book-entry transfer into the ATOP account as described above is referred to herein as a Book-Entry Confirmation.

The term Agent s Message means a message transmitted by the DTC participants to DTC, and thereafter transmitted by DTC to the exchange agent, forming a part of the Book-Entry Confirmation which states that DTC has received an express acknowledgment from the participant in DTC described in such Agent s Message stating that such participant and beneficial holder agree to be bound by the terms of this exchange offer.

Each Agent s Message must include the following information:

- (1) Name of the beneficial owner tendering such notes;
- (2) Account number of the beneficial owner tendering such notes; and
- (3) Principal amount of notes tendered by such beneficial owner.

# BY SENDING AN AGENT S MESSAGE THE DTC PARTICIPANT IS DEEMED TO HAVE CERTIFIED THAT THE BENEFICIAL HOLDER FOR WHOM NOTES ARE BEING TENDERED HAS BEEN PROVIDED WITH A COPY OF THIS PROSPECTUS.

The delivery of notes through DTC, and any transmission of an Agent s Message through ATOP, is at the election and risk of the person tendering notes. Nexstar Broadcasting will ask the exchange agent to instruct DTC to return those Old Notes, if any, that were tendered through ATOP but were not accepted by us, to the DTC participant that tendered such notes on behalf of holders of the notes. Neither Nexstar Broadcasting nor the exchange agent is responsible or liable for the return of such notes to the tendering DTC participants or to their owners, nor as to the time by which such return is completed.

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#### Acceptance Of Outstanding Old Notes For Exchange; Delivery Of New Notes Issued In The Exchange Offer

Nexstar Broadcasting will accept validly tendered Old Notes when the conditions to the exchange offer have been satisfied or Nexstar Broadcasting has waived them. Nexstar Broadcasting will have accepted your validly tendered Old Notes when Nexstar Broadcasting gives oral or written notice to the exchange agent. The exchange agent will act as agent for the tendering holders for the purpose of receiving the New Notes from us. If Nexstar Broadcasting does not accept any tendered Old Notes for exchange because of an invalid tender or other valid reason, the exchange agent will return the certificates, without expense, to the tendering holder. If a holder has tendered Old Notes by book-entry transfer, Nexstar Broadcasting will credit the notes to an account maintained with The Depository Trust Company. Nexstar Broadcasting will credit the account at The Depository Trust Company promptly after the exchange offer terminates or expires.

# THE AGENT S MESSAGE MUST BE TRANSMITTED TO EXCHANGE AGENT ON OR BEFORE 5:00 PM, NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON THE EXPIRATION DATE.

#### Withdrawal Rights

You may withdraw your tender of outstanding Old Notes at any time before 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date.

For a withdrawal to be effective, you should contact your bank or broker where your Old Notes are held and have them send an ATOP notice of withdrawal so that it is received by the exchange agent before 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date. Such notice of withdrawal must:

- (1) specify the name of the person that tendered the Old Notes to be withdrawn;
- (2) identify the Old Notes to be withdrawn, including the CUSIP number and principal amount at maturity of the Old Notes; and
- (3) specify the name and number of an account at The Depository Trust Company to which your withdrawn Old Notes can be credited.

Nexstar Broadcasting will decide all questions as to the validity, form and eligibility of the notices and Nexstar Broadcasting s determination will be final and binding on all parties. Any tendered Old Notes that you withdraw will not be considered to have been validly tendered. Nexstar Broadcasting will return any outstanding Old Notes that have been tendered but not exchanged, or credit them to The Depository Trust Company account, promptly after withdrawal, rejection of tender, or termination of the exchange offer. You may re-tender properly withdrawn Old Notes by following one of the procedures described above before the expiration date.

#### **Conditions To The Exchange Offer**

Notwithstanding any other provision herein, we are not required to accept for exchange, or to issue New Notes in exchange for, any outstanding Old Notes. Nexstar Broadcasting may terminate or amend the exchange offer, before the expiration of the exchange offer;

- (1) if any federal law, statute, rule or regulation has been adopted or enacted which, in our judgment, would reasonably be expected to impair our ability to proceed with the exchange offer;
- (2) if any stop order is threatened or in effect with respect to the registration statement which this prospectus is a part of or the qualification of the indenture under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939; or
- (3) if there is a change in the current interpretation by the staff of the SEC which permits holders who have made the required representations to us to resell, offer for resale, or otherwise transfer New Notes issued in the exchange offer without registration of the New Notes and delivery of a prospectus, as discussed above.

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These conditions are for our sole benefit and we may assert them at any time before the expiration of the exchange offer. Our failure to exercise any of the foregoing rights will not be a waiver of our rights.

#### **Exchange Agent**

You should direct questions, requests for assistance, and requests for additional copies of this prospectus and the BLUE- colored Letter of Elections and Instructions to Brokers or Bank to the exchange agent at The Bank of New York Mellon c/o The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation, Corporate Trust Operations Reorganization Unit, 111 Sanders Creek Parkway, East Syracuse, NY 13057, attention: Christopher Landers, (telephone) (315) 414-3362, and (facsimile) (732) 667-9408.

Delivery to an address other than set forth above will not constitute a valid delivery.

#### **Fees And Expenses**

Nexstar Broadcasting will not make any payment to brokers, dealers, or others soliciting acceptances of the exchange offer except for reimbursement of mailing expenses.

Nexstar Broadcasting will pay the estimated cash expenses connected with the exchange offer.

### **Accounting Treatment**

The New Notes will be recorded at the same carrying value as the existing Old Notes, as reflected in Nexstar Broadcasting s accounting records on the date of exchange. Accordingly, Nexstar Broadcasting will recognize no gain or loss for accounting purposes. The expenses incurred in connection with the exchange offer will be expensed as incurred.

#### **Transfer Taxes**

If you tender outstanding Old Notes for exchange you will not be obligated to pay any transfer taxes. However, if you instruct us to register New Notes in the name of, or request that your Old Notes not tendered or not accepted in the exchange offer be returned to, a person other than you, you will be responsible for paying any transfer tax owed.

#### YOU MAY SUFFER ADVERSE CONSEQUENCES IF YOU FAIL TO EXCHANGE OUTSTANDING OLD NOTES

If you do not tender your outstanding Old Notes, you will not have any further registration rights, except for the rights described in the registration rights agreement and described above, and your Old Notes will continue to be subject to restrictions on transfer when we complete the exchange offer. Accordingly, if you do not tender your notes in the exchange offer, your ability to sell your Old Notes could be adversely affected. Once Nexstar Broadcasting has completed the exchange offer, holders who have not tendered notes will not continue to be entitled to any increase in interest rate that the indenture provides for if Nexstar Broadcasting does not complete the exchange offer.

Holders of the New Notes issued in the exchange offer and Old Notes that are not tendered in the exchange offer will vote together as a single class under the indenture governing the New Notes.

#### **Consequences Of Exchanging Outstanding Old Notes**

If you make the representations that are discussed above, Nexstar Broadcasting believes that you may offer, sell or otherwise transfer the New Notes to another party without registration of your notes or delivery of a prospectus.

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Nexstar Broadcasting bases its belief on interpretations by the staff of the SEC in no-action letters issued to third parties. If you cannot make these representations, you cannot rely on this interpretation by the SEC s staff and you must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act in connection with a resale of the Old Notes. A broker-dealer that receives New Notes for its own account in exchange for its outstanding Old Notes must acknowledge that it acquired as a result of market making activities or other trading activities and that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of the New Notes. Broker-dealers who can make these representations may use this exchange offer prospectus, as supplemented or amended, in connection with resales of New Notes issued in the exchange offer.

However, because the SEC has not issued a no-action letter in connection with this exchange offer, Nexstar Broadcasting cannot be sure that the staff of the SEC would make a similar determination regarding the exchange offer as it has made in similar circumstances.

#### **Shelf Registration**

The registration rights agreement also requires that Nexstar Broadcasting file a shelf registration statement if:

- (1) Nexstar Broadcasting cannot file a registration statement for the exchange offer because the exchange offer is not permitted by law;
- (2) a law or SEC policy prohibits a holder from participating in the exchange offer;
- (3) a holder cannot resell the New Notes it acquires in the exchange offer without delivering a prospectus and this prospectus is not appropriate or available for resales by the holder; or
- (4) a holder is a broker-dealer and holds notes acquired directly from us or one of our affiliates.

Nexstar Broadcasting will also register the New Notes under the securities laws of jurisdictions that holders may request before offering or selling notes in a public offering. Nexstar Broadcasting does not intend to register New Notes in any jurisdiction unless a holder requests that we do so

Old Notes may be subject to restrictions on transfer until:

- (1) a person other than a broker-dealer has exchanged the Old Notes in the exchange offer;
- (2) a broker-dealer has exchanged the Old Notes in the exchange offer and sells them to a purchaser that receives a prospectus from the broker, dealer on or before the sale;
- (3) the Old Notes are sold under an effective shelf registration statement that we have filed; or
- (4) the Old Notes are sold to the public under Rule 144 of the Securities Act.

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#### SELECTED HISTORICAL FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA

The following table presents Nexstar s selected historical financial and other data, which you should read in conjunction with Nexstar s financial statements and related notes incorporated by reference in this prospectus. Due to the consolidation of Mission under U.S. GAAP into Nexstar s consolidated financial statements, all information below includes the consolidated amounts of Nexstar and Mission. The selected historical consolidated financial data presented below for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2013 have been derived from our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements which, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the unaudited interim periods. The selected historical consolidated financial data presented below as of and for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012 have been derived from our consolidated balance sheets, statements of operations and statements of cash flows and related notes thereto.

(in thousands except per share data)	2008	Year Ended December 31, 2009 2010 2011			2012	Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 2013	
Statements of Operations Data:							
Net revenue	\$ 284,919	\$ 251,979	\$ 313,350	\$ 306,491	\$ 378,632	\$ 172,506	\$ 238,416
Operating expenses (income):							
Direct operating expenses, excluding							
depreciation and amortization	78,287	77,233	78,322	81,657	91,764	43,980	70,565
Selling, general and administrative expenses,							
excluding depreciation and amortization	90,468	89,525	100,891	105,167	117,535	54,261	73,063
Restructure charge		670					
Non-cash contract termination fees	7,167	191					
Impairment of goodwill(1)	38,856	7,360					
Impairment of other intangible assets(1)	43,539	8,804					
Amortization of broadcast rights	20,423	25,263	21,481	23,389	22,411	10,740	17,679
Amortization of intangible assets	28,129	23,705	23,732	25,979	22,994	11,115	14,904
Depreciation	21,024	21,680	21,112	21,845	23,555	11,463	16,193
Gain on asset exchange	(4,776)	(8,093)	(30)				
(Gain) loss on asset disposal, net	(43)	(2,560)	294	461	468	(21)	2
(Loss) income from operations	(38,155)	8,201	67,548	47,993	99,905	40,968	46,010
Interest expense, net	(48,117)	(39,182)	(54,266)	(53,004)	(51,559)	(25,483)	(33,452)
Other Expense							(168)
Gain (loss) on extinguishment of debt	2,897	18,567	(8,356)	(1,155)	(3,272)	(497)	
-							
(Loss) income from continuing operations before							
income tax benefit (expense)(3)	(83,375)	(12,414)	4.926	(6,166)	45.074	14.988	12,390
Income tax benefit (expense)(4)	5,316	(200)	(6,741)	(5,725)	132,279	(3,154)	(5,318)
Gain on disposal of station, net of income tax		, ,	,	, ,			
expense(2)					5,139		
•							
Net (loss) income	\$ (78,059)	\$ (12,614)	\$ (1,815)	\$ (11,891)	\$ 182,492	\$ 11.834	\$ 7,072
Tiet (1033) moonie	Ψ (70,037)	ψ (12,011)	ψ (1,013)	ψ (11,0)1)	Ψ 102,192	Ψ 11,05.	Ψ 7,072
Net (loss) income per common share							
Basic	\$ (2.75)	\$ (0.44)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.42)	\$ 6.31	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.24
Diluted	\$ (2.75)	\$ (0.44)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.42)	\$ 5.94	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.24
Weighted average common shares outstanding:	$\varphi = (2.73)$	φ (U. <del>44</del> )	φ (0.00)	φ (0.42)	φ J.7 <del>4</del>	φ 0.39	φ 0.23
Basic	28,423	28,427	28,434	28,626	28,940	28,841	29,533
Diluted	28,423	28,427	28,434	28,626	30,732	30,490	31,189
Diluted	20,423	20,421	40, <del>434</del>	20,020	50,732	50,470	51,107

<sup>(1)</sup> Nexstar and Mission recognized impairment charges on goodwill and FCC licenses during the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 and on network affiliation agreements for the year ended December 31, 2008.

(2) We recognized a \$5.1 million gain on disposal of KBTV, net of \$3.1 million income tax expense, during the year ended December 31, 2012.

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- (3) Due to the accretive acquisitions in 2011 and the acquisition from Newport in 2012, Nexstar and Mission generated pre-tax income from continuing operations during the year ended December 31, 2012.
- (4) In the fourth quarter of 2012, Nexstar and Mission decreased their valuation allowance on deferred tax assets by \$151.4 million as a result of improvements in results and projections to be able to utilize their NOLs.

	As of December 31,				As of June 30,		
(in thousands)	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2012	2013
Balance Sheet data:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,834	\$ 12,752	\$ 23,658	\$ 7,546	\$ 68,999	\$ 12,478	\$ 45,625
Working capital	27,391	36,875	53,622	39,619	105,323	40,216	105,036
Net intangible assets and goodwill	390,540	362,762	339,040	335,602	491,096	324,487	580,410
Total assets(1)	615,173	606,530	586,374	580,959	945,815	559,849	1,086,766
Total debt	662,117	670,374	643,100	640,361	857,642	609,296	994,299
Total stockholders (deficit)							
equity(2)	(165,871)	(176,978)	(175,880)	(184,119)	2,239	(171,298)	5,994

						Six Mon	ths Ended
		Year	Ended Decem	ber 31,		Jun	ie 30,
(in thousands)	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2012	2013
Cash Flow Data:							
Net cash proved by (used in):							
Operating activities	\$ 60,648	\$ 22,993	\$ 59,268	\$ 40,340	\$ 79,888	\$ 42,397	\$ 13,834
Investing activities	(38,492)	(35,590)	(13,340)	(54,579)	(238,617)	(7,164)	(167,103)
Financing activities	(22,548)	9,515	(35,022)	(1,873)	220,182	(30,301)	129,895
Other Financial Data:							
Capital expenditures, net of proceeds							
from asset disposals	30,687	18,838	13,799	13,316	17,250	7,164	12,483
Cash payments for broadcast rights	8,239	9,315	9,870	10,149	9,169	4,513	7,379
Financial Ratio Data:							
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges(3)			1.09		1.84	1.57	1.36
Deficiency to cover fixed charges(3)	\$ 83,375	\$ 12,414	\$	\$ 6,166	\$	\$	\$

- (1) We revised our total assets as of December 31, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011 and June 30, 2012 by \$11.4 million, \$13.3 million, \$16.2 million, \$14.1 million and \$6.5 million, respectively, due to the change in accounting for broadcast rights described in Note 2 of the Consolidated Financial Statements incorporated by reference in this registration statement.
- (2) As described in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2013, we corrected our noncurrent liabilities and accumulated deficit for an error in deferred rent from tower leases recorded during a 2003 acquisition. This error was corrected as of the earliest period presented and increased total stockholders deficit or decreased total stockholders equity for each of these periods presented by \$0.7 million.
- (3) The computation of the ratio of earnings to fixed charges has previously been filed with this registration statement as Exhibit 12.1.

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### DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

The following is a description of the 6.875% senior notes due 2020 (the *Notes* ). In this Description of the Notes, the term *Company* , *we* , *us* and *our* refers only to Nexstar Broadcasting, Inc. and not to any of its Subsidiaries.

The Company will issue the Notes under the indenture dated November 9, 2012 among the Company, Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc., the Company's ultimate parent, the Guarantors and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee (the \*Trustee\*\*). The terms of the Notes include those stated in the indenture and, except as specified below, those made part of the indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the \*Trust Indenture Act\*\*). The Notes are subject to all such terms pursuant to the provisions of the indenture, and Holders of the Notes are referred to the indenture and the Trust Indenture Act for a statement thereof.

The following is a summary of the material provisions of the indenture. Because this is a summary, it may not contain all the information that is important to you. You should read the indenture in its entirety. A copy of the indenture is available as described under Where You Can Find More Information. You can find the definitions of certain terms used in this description under Certain Definitions.

Brief Description of the Notes and the Note Guarantees
The Notes will be:
general, unsecured, senior obligations of the Company;
pari passu in right of payment with any existing and future senior Indebtedness (including the Credit Agreements and the 2017 Notes) of the Company;
effectively subordinated to all Secured Indebtedness of the Company (including the Credit Agreements and the 2017 Notes) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such Indebtedness;
senior in right of payment to any future Subordinated Indebtedness of the Company;
guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by each Guarantor; and

structurally subordinated to any existing and future Indebtedness and other liabilities, including preferred stock, of Non-Guarantors. The indenture and the Notes will be, jointly and severally, unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by all of the Guarantors. See the section entitled Guarantees.

Each Note Guarantee (as defined below) will be:

a general unsecured senior obligation of each Guarantor;

pari passu in right of payment with any existing and future senior Indebtedness (including the Credit Agreements and the 2017 Notes) of the Guarantors;

effectively subordinated to all Secured Indebtedness of the Guarantors (including the Credit Agreements and the 2017 Notes) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such Indebtedness; and

senior in right of payment to any future Subordinated Indebtedness of the Guarantor.

### Principal, Maturity and Interest

The Notes will be issued in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and in integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. The rights of Holders of beneficial interests in the Notes to receive the payments on such Notes are

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subject to applicable procedures of The Depository Trust Company ( DTC ). If the due date for any payment in respect of any Notes is not a Business Day at the place at which such payment is due to be paid, the Holder thereof will not be entitled to payment of the amount due until the next succeeding Business Day at such place, and will not be entitled to any further interest or other payment as a result of any such delay.

The Notes will be issued in an aggregate principal amount of \$525.0 million. The Notes will mature on November 15, 2020. Interest on the Notes will accrue at the rate per annum set forth on the cover of this prospectus and will be payable, in cash, semi-annually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 of each year, commencing on May 15, 2013, to Holders of record on the immediately preceding May 1 and November 1, respectively. Interest on the Notes will accrue from the most recent date to which interest has been paid or, if no interest has been paid, from the date of original issuance. Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months. Each interest period will end on (but not include) the relevant interest payment date.

Additional Interest may accrue on the Notes in certain circumstances pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement. See Exchange Offer; Registration Rights.

#### **Additional Notes**

#### **Additional Notes**

The indenture provides for the issuance of additional notes having identical terms and conditions to the Notes offered hereby, subject to compliance with the covenants contained in the indenture ( *Additional Notes* ). To the extent required by applicable tax regulations, Additional Notes that are issued with a certain amount of original issue discount may not trade fungibly with the Notes, may trade under a separate CUSIP number and may be treated as a separate class for purposes of transfer and exchange. However, the Notes and such Additional Notes will be treated as a single class under the indenture for all other purposes, including, without limitation, waivers, amendments, redemptions and offers to purchase.

#### **Payments**

Principal of, and premium, if any, and interest and Additional Interest, if any, on the Notes will be payable at the office or agency of the Company maintained for such purpose or, at the option of the paying agent, payment of interest and Additional Interest, if any, may be made by check mailed to the Holders of the Notes at their respective addresses set forth in the register of Holders provided that all payments of principal, premium, if any, interest and Additional Interest, if any, with respect to Notes represented by one or more global notes registered in the name of or held by DTC or its nominee will be made by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the accounts specified by the Holder or Holders thereof. Until otherwise designated by the Company, the Company s office or agency will be the office of the Trustee maintained for such purpose.

### Guarantees

The Company has no Subsidiaries as of the Issue Date. The obligations of the Company under the Notes and the indenture will initially be, jointly and severally, unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis (the *Note Guarantees*) by the Mission Entities. The Notes will be also be guaranteed by Parent. However, Parent is not considered a Guarantor for any purpose under the indenture and is not be subject to the indenture.

In addition, if the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries acquires or creates a Wholly Owned Domestic Subsidiary after the Issue Date, which Subsidiary guarantees the Credit Agreements, the Company will cause such new Subsidiary to provide a Note Guarantee.

Each Note Guarantee will be limited to the maximum amount that would not render the Guarantor s obligations subject to avoidance under applicable fraudulent conveyance provisions of the United States

Bankruptcy Code or any comparable provision of foreign or state law to comply with corporate benefit, financial assistance and other laws. By virtue of this limitation, a Guarantor s obligation under its Note Guarantee could be significantly less than amounts payable with respect to the Notes, or a Guarantor may have effectively no obligation under its Note Guarantee. See Risk Factors Risks Related to the Notes.

The Note Guarantee of a Guarantor will terminate upon:

- (1) a sale or other disposition (including by way of consolidation or merger) of the Capital Stock of such Guarantor after which such Guarantor is not a Restricted Subsidiary or the sale or disposition of all or substantially all the assets of the Guarantor (other than to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary) otherwise permitted by the indenture;
- (2) the designation in accordance with the indenture of the Guarantor as an Unrestricted Subsidiary or the occurrence of any event after which the Guarantor is no longer a Restricted Subsidiary;
- (3) defeasance or discharge of the Notes, as provided in Defeasance and Satisfaction and Discharge;
- (4) to the extent that such Guarantor is not an Immaterial Subsidiary solely due to the operation of clause (i) of the definition of Immaterial Subsidiary, upon the release of the guarantee referred to in such clause;
- (5) to the extent such Guarantor is also a guarantor or borrower under the Credit Agreements as in effect on the Issue Date and, at the time of release of its Guarantee, (x) has been released from its guarantee of, and all pledges and security, if any, granted in connection with the Credit Agreements (except a release by or as a result of a payment thereon), (y) is not an obligor under any Indebtedness (other than Indebtedness permitted to be incurred pursuant to clause (4) of the second paragraph of the covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness ) and (z) does not guarantee any Indebtedness of the Company or any of the other Guarantors; or
- (6) upon the achievement of Investment Grade Status by the Notes; *provided* that such Note Guarantee shall be reinstated upon the Reversion Date.

As of the date of the indenture, neither the Company nor Mission has any Subsidiaries. Claims of creditors of non-guarantor Subsidiaries, including trade creditors, secured creditors and creditors holding debt and guarantees issued by those Subsidiaries, and claims of preferred and minority stockholders (if any) of those Subsidiaries and claims against joint ventures generally will have priority with respect to the assets and earnings of those Subsidiaries and joint ventures over the claims of creditors of the Company, including Holders of the Notes. The Notes and each Note Guarantee therefore will be effectively subordinated to creditors (including trade creditors) and preferred and minority stockholders (if any) of Subsidiaries of the Company (other than the Guarantors) and joint ventures. Although the indenture limits the incurrence of Indebtedness, Disqualified Stock and Preferred Stock of Restricted Subsidiaries, the limitation is subject to a number of significant exceptions. Moreover, the indenture does not impose any limitation on the incurrence by Restricted Subsidiaries of liabilities that are not considered Indebtedness, Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock under the indenture. See Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness.

### **Optional Redemption**

Except as set forth in the next three paragraphs, the Notes are not redeemable at the option of the Company.

At any time prior to November 15, 2015, the Company may redeem the Notes in whole or in part, at its option, upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior notice at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such Notes plus the relevant Applicable Premium as of, and accrued and unpaid interest and Additional Interest, if any, to the redemption date.

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At any time and from time to time on or after November 15, 2015, the Company may redeem the Notes, in whole or in part, upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days notice at a redemption price equal to the percentage of principal amount set forth below plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, on the Notes redeemed, to the applicable date of redemption, if redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on November 15 of the year indicated below:

Year	Percentage
2015	105.156%
2016	103.438%
2017	101.719%
2018 and thereafter	100.000%

At any time and from time to time prior to November 15, 2015, the Company may redeem Notes with the net cash proceeds received by the Company from any Equity Offering at a redemption price equal to 106.875% plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date, in an aggregate principal amount for all such redemptions not to exceed 35% of the original aggregate principal amount of the Notes (including Additional Notes), *provided* that

- (1) in each case the redemption takes place not later than 90 days after the closing of the related Equity Offering; and
- (2) not less than 65% of the original aggregate principal amount of the Notes issued under the indenture (including any Additional Notes) remains outstanding immediately thereafter (excluding Notes held by the Company, any of its Restricted Subsidiaries or the Mission Entities).

Notice of redemption will be provided as set forth under Selection and Notice below.

Any redemption and notice of redemption may, at the Company s discretion, be subject to the satisfaction of one or more conditions precedent (including, in the case of a redemption related to an Equity Offering, the consummation of such Equity Offering).

If the optional redemption date is on or after an interest record date and on or before the related interest payment date, the accrued and unpaid interest will be paid to the Person in whose name the Note is registered at the close of business on such record date, and no additional interest will be payable to Holders whose Notes will be subject to redemption by the Company.

Unless the Company defaults in the payment of the redemption price, interest will cease to accrue on the Notes or portions thereof called for redemption on the applicable redemption date.

### **Sinking Fund**

The Company is not required to make mandatory redemption payments or sinking fund payments with respect to the Notes. However, under certain circumstances, the Company may be required to offer to purchase Notes as described under the captions Change of Control, and Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock. The Company may at any time and from time to time purchase Notes in the open market, in a privately negotiated transaction, through tender or exchange offer or otherwise.

### **Selection and Notice**

If less than all of the Notes are to be redeemed at any time, the Trustee will select the Notes for redemption in compliance with the requirements of the principal securities exchange, if any, on which the Notes are listed, as certified to the Trustee by the Company, and in compliance with the requirements of DTC, or if the Notes are not so listed or such exchange prescribes no method of selection and the Notes are not held through DTC or DTC prescribes no method of selection, on a pro rata basis; *provided*, *however*, that no Note of \$2,000 in aggregate principal amount or less shall be redeemed in part.

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Notices of redemption will be delivered electronically or mailed by first class mail at least 30 but not more than 60 days before the redemption date to each Holder to be redeemed at the address of such Holder appearing in the security register or otherwise in accordance with the procedures of DTC, except that redemption notices may be delivered electronically or mailed more than 60 days prior to a redemption date if the notice is issued in connection with a defeasance of the Notes or a satisfaction and discharge of the indenture.

If any Note is to be redeemed in part only, the notice of redemption that relates to that Note shall state the portion of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed, in which case a portion of the original Note will be issued in the name of the Holder thereof upon cancellation of the original Note. In the case of a Global Note, an appropriate notation will be made on such Note to decrease the principal amount thereof to an amount equal to the unredeemed portion thereof. Subject to the terms of the applicable redemption notice (including any conditions contained therein), Notes called for redemption become due on the date fixed for redemption. On and after the redemption date, unless the Company defaults in the payment of the redemption price, interest ceases to accrue on Notes or portions of them called for redemption.

### **Change of Control**

The indenture provides that if a Change of Control Repurchase Event occurs, unless the Company has previously or concurrently delivered a redemption notice (that may only be conditional upon the occurrence of such Change of Control Repurchase Event) with respect to all the outstanding Notes as described under Optional Redemption, the Company will make an offer to purchase all of the Notes (the *Change of Control Offer*) at a price in cash equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to but excluding the date of repurchase, subject to the right of Holders of the Notes of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date. Within 30 days following any Change of Control Repurchase Event, the Company will deliver notice of such Change of Control Offer electronically or by first-class mail, with a copy to the Trustee, to each Holder of Notes at the address of such Holder appearing in the security register or otherwise in accordance with the procedures of DTC, describing the transaction or transactions that constitute the Change of Control Repurchase Event and offering to repurchase the Notes for the specified purchase price on the date specified in the notice, which date will be no earlier than 30 days and no later than 60 days from the date such notice is delivered, pursuant to the procedures required by the indenture and described in such notice.

The Company will comply with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act and any other securities laws and regulations thereunder to the extent such laws or regulations are applicable in connection with the repurchase of Notes pursuant to a Change of Control Offer. To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with the provisions of the indenture, the Company will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and shall not be deemed to have breached its obligations described in the indenture by virtue thereof.

The provisions described above that require the Company to make a Change of Control Offer following a Change of Control will be applicable whether or not any provisions of the indenture are applicable. Except as described above with respect to a Change of Control, the indenture does not contain provisions that permit the Holders of the Notes to require that the Company repurchase or redeem the Notes in the event of a takeover, recapitalization or similar transaction.

We expect that the Credit Agreements will, and future credit agreements or other agreements to which the Company becomes a party may, provide that certain change of control events with respect to the Company would constitute a default thereunder (including a Change of Control under the indenture) and prohibit or limit the Company from purchasing any Notes pursuant to this covenant. In the event the Company is prohibited from purchasing the Notes, the Company could seek the consent of its lenders to the purchase of the Notes or could attempt to refinance the borrowings that contain such prohibition. If the Company does not obtain such consent or repay such borrowings, they will remain prohibited from purchasing the Notes. In such case, the Company s failure to purchase tendered Notes would constitute an Event of Default under the indenture.

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Our ability to pay cash to the Holders of Notes following the occurrence of a Change of Control may be limited by our then-existing financial resources. Therefore, sufficient funds may not be available when necessary to make any required repurchases. The Change of Control purchase feature of the Notes may in certain circumstances make more difficult or discourage a sale or takeover of us and, thus, the removal of incumbent management. The Change of Control purchase feature is a result of negotiations between the Initial Purchasers and us. We have no present intention to engage in a transaction involving a Change of Control, although it is possible that we could decide to do so in the future.

Subject to the limitations discussed below, we could, in the future, enter into certain transactions, including acquisitions, refinancings or other recapitalizations, that would not constitute a Change of Control under the indenture, but that could increase the amount of Indebtedness outstanding at such time or otherwise affect our capital structure or credit ratings. Restrictions on our ability to incur additional Indebtedness are contained in the covenants described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness and Certain Covenants Limitation on Liens. Such restrictions in the indenture can be waived only with the consent of the Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding. Except for the limitations contained in such covenants, however, the indenture does contain any covenants or provisions that may afford Holders of the Notes protection in the event of a highly leveraged transaction.

The Company will not be required to make a Change of Control Offer following a Change of Control if a third party makes the Change of Control Offer in the manner, at the times and otherwise in compliance with the requirements set forth in the indenture applicable to a Change of Control Offer made by the Company and purchases all Notes validly tendered and not withdrawn under such Change of Control Offer. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, a Change of Control Offer may be made in advance of a Change of Control, conditional upon such Change of Control, if a definitive agreement is in place for the Change of Control at the time of making of the Change of Control Offer.

If holders of not less than 90% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes validly tender and do not withdraw such Notes in a Change of Control Offer and the Company, or any third party making a Change of Control Offer in lieu of the Company as described above, purchases all of the Notes validly tendered and not withdrawn by such holders, the Company or such third party will have the right, upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior notice, given not more than 30 days following such purchase pursuant to the Change of Control Offer described above, to redeem all Notes that remain outstanding following such purchase at a price in cash equal to 101% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest to but excluding the date of redemption.

The definition of Change of Control includes a disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to any Person. Although there is a limited body of case law interpreting the phrase substantially all, there is no precise established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, in certain circumstances there may be a degree of uncertainty as to whether a particular transaction would involve a disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole. As a result, it may be unclear as to whether a Change of Control has occurred and whether a Holder of Notes may require the Company to make an offer to repurchase the Notes as described above.

The provisions under the indenture relative to the Company s obligation to make an offer to repurchase the Notes as a result of a Change of Control may be waived or modified with the written consent of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Notes then outstanding.

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#### **Certain Covenants**

Set forth below are summaries of certain covenants contained in the indenture.

Suspension of Covenants on Achievement of Investment Grade Status

Following the first day:

- (a) the Notes have achieved Investment Grade Status; and
- (b) no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing under the indenture, then, beginning on that day and continuing until the Reversion Date (as defined below), the Company, its Restricted Subsidiaries and the Mission Entities will not be subject to the provisions of the indenture summarized under the following headings (collectively, the *Suspended Covenants*):

Limitation on Restricted Payments,

Limitation on Indebtedness,

Limitation on Restrictions on Distributions from Restricted Subsidiaries,

Limitation on Affiliate Transactions,

Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock,

Limitation on Guarantees, and

The provisions of clause (3) of the first paragraph of Merger and Consolidation.

If at any time the Notes cease to have such Investment Grade Status or if a Default or Event of Default occurs and is continuing, then the Suspended Covenants will thereafter be reinstated as if such covenants had never been suspended (the *Reversion Date*) and be applicable pursuant to the terms of the indenture (including in connection with performing any calculation or assessment to determine compliance with the terms of the indenture), unless and until the Notes subsequently attain Investment Grade Status and no Default or Event of Default is in existence (in which event the Suspended Covenants shall no longer be in effect for such time that the Notes maintain an Investment Grade Status and no Default or Event of Default is in existence); *provided, however*, that no Default, Event of Default or breach of any kind shall be deemed to exist under the indenture, the Notes or the Note Guarantees with respect to the Suspended Covenants based on, and none of the Company, any of its Subsidiaries, Parent or the Mission Entities shall bear any liability for, any actions taken or events occurring during the Suspension Period (as defined below), or any actions taken at any time pursuant to any contractual obligation arising prior to the Reversion Date, regardless of whether such actions or events would have been permitted if the applicable Suspended Covenants remained in effect during such period. The period of time between the date of suspension of the covenants and the Reversion Date is referred to as the *Suspension Period*.

On the Reversion Date, all Indebtedness Incurred during the Suspension Period will be classified to have been Incurred pursuant to the first paragraph of Limitation on Indebtedness or one of the clauses set forth in the second paragraph of Limitation on Indebtedness (to the extent such

Indebtedness would be permitted to be Incurred thereunder as of the Reversion Date and after giving effect to the Indebtedness Incurred prior to the Suspension Period and outstanding on the Reversion Date). To the extent such Indebtedness would not be so permitted to be Incurred pursuant to the first and second paragraphs of Limitation on Indebtedness, such Indebtedness will be deemed to have been outstanding on the Issue Date, so that it is classified as permitted under clause (4)(b) of the second paragraph of Limitation on Indebtedness. Calculations made after the Reversion Date of the amount available to be made as Restricted Payments under Limitation on Restricted Payments will be made as though the covenants described under Limitation on Restricted Payments had been in effect since the Issue Date and throughout the Suspension Period. Accordingly, Restricted Payments

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made during the Suspension Period will reduce the amount available to be made as Restricted Payments under the first paragraph of Dimitation on Restricted Payments. In addition, any future obligation to grant further Guarantees shall be released. All such further obligation to grant Guarantees shall be reinstated upon the Reversion Date.

There can be no assurance that the Notes will ever achieve or maintain Investment Grade Status.

#### Limitation on Indebtedness

The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, Incur any Indebtedness (including Acquired Indebtedness); provided, however, that the Company and any of its Restricted Subsidiaries may Incur Indebtedness (including Acquired Indebtedness) if on the date of such Incurrence and after giving pro forma effect thereto (including pro forma application of the proceeds thereof), the Leverage Ratio for the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries is less than 7.00 to 1.00; provided, further, that Restricted Subsidiaries that are not Guarantors may not Incur Indebtedness or Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock if, after giving pro forma effect to such incurrence or issuance (including a pro forma application of the net proceeds therefrom), more than an aggregate of \$10.0 million of Indebtedness or Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock of Restricted Subsidiaries that are not Guarantors would be outstanding pursuant to this paragraph at such time.

The first paragraph of this covenant will not prohibit the Incurrence of the following Indebtedness:

- (1) Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to any Credit Facility (including letters of credit or bankers acceptances issued or created under any Credit Facility), and any Refinancing Indebtedness in respect thereof and Guarantees in respect of such Indebtedness in a maximum aggregate principal amount at any time outstanding not exceeding (i) \$445.0 million or, if the Acquisition has not been consummated, \$250.0 million, plus (ii) in the case of any refinancing of any Indebtedness permitted under this clause or any portion thereof, the aggregate amount of fees, underwriting discounts, premiums and other costs and expenses Incurred in connection with such refinancing;
- (2) Guarantees by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of Indebtedness of the Company or any Guarantor so long as the Incurrence of such Indebtedness is permitted under the terms of the indenture;
- (3) Indebtedness of the Company owing to and held by any Restricted Subsidiary or Indebtedness of a Restricted Subsidiary owing to and held by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary; *provided*, *however*, that:
  - (a) any subsequent issuance or transfer of Capital Stock or any other event which results in any such Indebtedness being beneficially held by a Person other than the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company; and
  - (b) any sale or other transfer of any such Indebtedness to a Person other than the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company.

shall be deemed, in each case, to constitute an Incurrence of such Indebtedness by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be;

(4) Indebtedness represented by (a) the Notes (other than any Additional Notes) and the Exchange Notes, in each case, including any Guarantee thereof, (b) any Indebtedness (other than Indebtedness incurred pursuant to clauses (1) and (2)) outstanding on the Issue Date (c) Refinancing Indebtedness Incurred in respect of any Indebtedness described in this clause or clauses (5), (7), (10) or (14) of this paragraph or Incurred pursuant to the first paragraph of this covenant, and (d) Management Advances;

(5)

Indebtedness of (x) the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary Incurred or issued to finance an acquisition or (y) Persons that are acquired by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary or merged into or consolidated with the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary in accordance with the terms of the indenture; *provided* that after giving effect to such acquisition, merger or consolidation, either

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- (a) the Company would be permitted to Incur at least \$1.00 of additional Indebtedness pursuant to the Leverage Ratio test set forth in the first paragraph of this covenant; or
- (b) the Leverage Ratio of the Company and the Restricted Subsidiary would not be greater than immediately prior to such acquisition, merger or consolidation;
- (6) Hedging Obligations (excluding Hedging Obligations entered into for speculative purposes);
- (7) Indebtedness represented by Capitalized Lease Obligations or Purchase Money Obligations in an aggregate outstanding principal amount which, when taken together with the principal amount of all other Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to this clause and then outstanding and any Refinancing Indebtedness in respect thereof, does not exceed the greater of (a) \$20.0 million and (b) 2.0 % of Total Assets at the time of Incurrence;
- (8) Indebtedness in respect of (a) workers compensation claims, self-insurance obligations, performance, indemnity, surety, judgment, appeal, advance payment, customs, value added or other tax or other guarantees or other similar bonds, instruments or obligations and completion guarantees and warranties provided by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary or relating to liabilities, obligations or guarantees Incurred in the ordinary course of business, (b) the honoring by a bank or other financial institution of a check, draft or similar instrument drawn against insufficient funds in the ordinary course of business; *provided*, *however*, that such Indebtedness is extinguished within five Business Days of Incurrence; (c) customer deposits and advance payments received in the ordinary course of business from customers for goods or services purchased in the ordinary course of business; and (d) letters of credit, bankers acceptances, guarantees or other similar instruments or obligations issued or relating to liabilities or obligations Incurred in the ordinary course of business;
- (9) Indebtedness arising from agreements providing for guarantees, indemnification, obligations in respect of earn-outs or other adjustments of purchase price or, in each case, similar obligations, in each case, Incurred or assumed in connection with the acquisition or disposition of any business or assets or Person or any Capital Stock of a Subsidiary (other than Guarantees of Indebtedness Incurred by any Person acquiring or disposing of such business or assets or such Subsidiary for the purpose of financing such acquisition or disposition); *provided* that the maximum liability of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries in respect of all such Indebtedness in connection with a Disposition shall at no time exceed the gross proceeds, including the fair market value of non-cash proceeds (measured at the time received and without giving effect to any subsequent changes in value), actually received by the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries in connection with such disposition;
- (10) Indebtedness of Non-Guarantors in an aggregate amount not to exceed, together with any Refinancing Indebtedness in respect thereof, the greater of (a) \$8.5 million and (b) 1.0% of Total Assets of Non-Guarantors at any time outstanding;
- (11) Indebtedness consisting of promissory notes issued by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries to any current or former employee, director or consultant of the Company, any of its Subsidiaries or any of its Parents (or permitted transferees, assigns, estates, or heirs of such employee, director or consultant), to finance the purchase or redemption of Capital Stock of the Company or any of its Parents that is permitted by the covenant described below under Limitation on Restricted Payments;
- (12) Indebtedness of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries consisting of (i) the financing of insurance premiums or (ii) take-or-pay obligations contained in supply arrangements, in each case, Incurred in the ordinary course of business;
- (13) Indebtedness in an aggregate outstanding principal amount which, when taken together with any Refinancing Indebtedness in respect thereof and the principal amount of all other Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to this clause and then outstanding, will not exceed

\$30.0 million;

(14) Acquisition Debt of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary if (w) such Acquisition Debt is incurred within 270 days after the date on which the related definitive acquisition agreement or LMA, as the

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case may be, was entered into by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, (x) the aggregate principal amount of such Acquisition Debt is no greater than the aggregate principal amount of Acquisition Debt set forth in a notice from the Company to the Trustee (an *Incurrence Notice*) within ten days after the date on which the related definitive acquisition agreement or LMA, as the case may be, was entered into by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, which notice shall be executed on the Company s behalf by the chief financial officer of the Company in such capacity and shall describe in reasonable detail the acquisition or LMA, as the case may be, which such Acquisition Debt will be incurred to finance, (y) after giving *pro forma* effect to the acquisition or LMA, as the case may be, described in such Incurrence Notice, the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary could have incurred such Acquisition Debt under the indenture as of the date upon which the Company delivers such Incurrence Notice to the Trustee and (z) such Acquisition Debt is used solely to finance the acquisition or LMA, as the case may be, described in such Incurrence Notice (including to repay or refinance Indebtedness or other obligations incurred in connection with such acquisition or LMA, as the case may be, and to pay related fees and expenses); and

(15) Indebtedness in the amount of all premiums, if any, interest (including post-petition interest), fees, expenses, charges and additional or contingent interest on obligations described in clauses (1) through (14) above.

For purposes of determining compliance with, and the outstanding principal amount of any particular Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to and in compliance with, this covenant:

- (1) in the event that Indebtedness meets the criteria of more than one of the types of Indebtedness described in the first and second paragraphs of this covenant, the Company, in its sole discretion, will classify, and may from time to time reclassify, such item of Indebtedness and only be required to include the amount and type of such Indebtedness in one of the clauses of the second paragraph or the first paragraph of this covenant;
- (2) additionally, all or any portion of any item of Indebtedness may later be classified as having been Incurred pursuant to any type of Indebtedness described in the first and second paragraphs of this covenant so long as such Indebtedness is permitted to be Incurred pursuant to such provision at the time of reclassification;
- (3) all Indebtedness outstanding on the Issue Date under the Credit Agreements and all Indebtedness under Credit Facilities incurred to finance the Acquisition shall be deemed to be Incurred on the Issue Date or the date of Incurrence, as applicable under clause (1) of the second paragraph of the description of this covenant and may not later be reclassified;
- (4) Guarantees of, or obligations in respect of letters of credit, bankers acceptances or other similar instruments relating to, or Liens securing, Indebtedness that is otherwise included in the determination of a particular amount of Indebtedness shall not be included;
- (5) if obligations in respect of letters of credit, bankers acceptances or other similar instruments are Incurred pursuant to any Credit Facility and are being treated as Incurred pursuant to clause (1), (7), (10) or (13) of the second paragraph above or the first paragraph above and the letters of credit, bankers acceptances or other similar instruments relate to other Indebtedness, then such other Indebtedness shall not be included;
- (6) the principal amount of any Disqualified Stock of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary, or Preferred Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary, will be equal to the greater of the maximum mandatory redemption or repurchase price (not including, in either case, any redemption or repurchase premium) or the liquidation preference thereof;
- (7) Indebtedness permitted by this covenant need not be permitted solely by reference to one provision permitting such Indebtedness but may be permitted in part by one such provision and in part by one or more other provisions of this covenant permitting such Indebtedness; and

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(8) the amount of Indebtedness issued at a price that is less than the principal amount thereof will be equal to the amount of the liability in respect thereof determined on the basis of GAAP.

Accrual of interest, accrual of dividends, the accretion of accreted value, the accretion or amortization of original issue discount, the payment of interest in the form of additional Indebtedness, the payment of dividends in the form of additional shares of Preferred Stock or Disqualified Stock or the reclassification of commitments or obligations not treated as Indebtedness due to a change in GAAP, will not be deemed to be an Incurrence of Indebtedness for purposes of the covenant described under this Limitation on Indebtedness. The amount of any Indebtedness outstanding as of any date shall be (a) the accreted value thereof in the case of any Indebtedness issued with original issue discount and (b) the principal amount of the Indebtedness, or liquidation preference thereof, in the case of any other Indebtedness.

If at any time an Unrestricted Subsidiary becomes a Restricted Subsidiary, any Indebtedness of such Subsidiary shall be deemed to be Incurred by a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company as of such date (and, if such Indebtedness is not permitted to be Incurred as of such date under the covenant described under this Limitation on Indebtedness, the Company shall be in default of this covenant).

Notwithstanding any other provision of this covenant, the maximum amount of Indebtedness that the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary may Incur pursuant to this covenant shall not be deemed to be exceeded solely as a result of fluctuations in the exchange rate of currencies. The principal amount of any Indebtedness Incurred to refinance other Indebtedness, if Incurred in a different currency from the Indebtedness being refinanced, shall be calculated based on the currency exchange rate applicable to the currencies in which such Refinancing Indebtedness is denominated that is in effect on the date of such refinancing.

The indenture provides that the Company will not, and will not permit any Guarantor to, directly or indirectly, Incur any Indebtedness (including Acquired Indebtedness) that is subordinated or junior in right of payment to any Indebtedness of the Company or such Guarantor, as the case may be, unless such Indebtedness is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Notes or such Guarantor s Guarantee to the extent and in the same manner as such Indebtedness is subordinated to other Indebtedness of the Company or such Guarantor, as the case may be.

The indenture does not treat (1) unsecured Indebtedness as subordinated or junior to Secured Indebtedness merely because it is unsecured or (2) senior Indebtedness as subordinated or junior to any other senior Indebtedness merely because it has a junior priority with respect to the same collateral or is secured by different collateral.

#### Limitation on Restricted Payments

The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries, directly or indirectly, to:

- (1) declare or pay any dividend or make any distribution on or in respect of the Company s or any Restricted Subsidiary s Capital Stock (including, without limitation, any payment in connection with any merger or consolidation involving the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries) except:
  - (a) dividends or distributions payable in Capital Stock of the Company (other than Disqualified Stock) or in options, warrants or other rights to purchase such Capital Stock of the Company; and
  - (b) dividends or distributions payable to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary (and, in the case of any such Restricted Subsidiary (other than a Mission Entity) making such dividend or distribution, to holders of its Capital Stock other than the Company or another Restricted Subsidiary on no more than a *pro rata* basis);
- (2) purchase, redeem, retire or otherwise acquire for value any Capital Stock of the Company or any Parent of the Company held by Persons other than the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary;

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- (3) purchase, repurchase, redeem, defease or otherwise acquire or retire for value, prior to scheduled maturity, scheduled repayment or scheduled sinking fund payment, any Subordinated Indebtedness (other than (a) any such purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement in anticipation of satisfying a sinking fund obligation, principal installment or final maturity, in each case, due within one year of the date of purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement and (b) any Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to clause (3) of the second paragraph of the covenant described under Limitation on Indebtedness ); or
- (4) make any Restricted Investment; (any such dividend, distribution, purchase, redemption, repurchase, defeasance, other acquisition, retirement or Restricted Investment referred to in clauses (1) through (4) are referred to herein as a *Restricted Payment*), if at the time the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary makes such Restricted Payment:
  - (a) a Default shall have occurred and be continuing (or would result immediately thereafter therefrom);
  - (b) the Company is not able to Incur an additional \$1.00 of Indebtedness pursuant to the first paragraph under the Limitation on Indebtedness covenant after giving effect, on a *pro forma* basis, to such Restricted Payment; or
  - (c) the aggregate amount of such Restricted Payment and all other Restricted Payments made subsequent to April 19, 2010 (and not returned or rescinded) (including Permitted Payments permitted below by clauses (1)(b), (6) and (16) of the next succeeding paragraph, but excluding all other Restricted Payments permitted by the next succeeding paragraph) would exceed the sum of (without duplication):
    - (i) 100% of Consolidated EBITDA for the period (treated as one accounting period) from April 1, 2010 to the end of the most recent fiscal quarter ending prior to the date of such Restricted Payment for which internal consolidated financial statements of the Company are available (or, in the case such Consolidated EBITDA for such period is a deficit, minus 100% of such deficit) less 1.4 times Fixed Charges for the same period;
    - (ii) 100% of the aggregate Net Cash Proceeds, and the fair market value of property or assets or marketable securities, received by the Company or Mission from the issue or sale of its Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) subsequent to the Issue Date or otherwise contributed to the equity (other than through the issuance of Disqualified Stock) of the Company or Mission subsequent to April 19, 2010 (other than (x) Net Cash Proceeds or property or assets or marketable securities received from an issuance or sale of such Capital Stock to a Restricted Subsidiary or an employee stock ownership plan or trust established by the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company for the benefit of its employees to the extent funded by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, (y) Net Cash Proceeds or property or assets or marketable securities to the extent that any Restricted Payment has been made from such proceeds in reliance on clause (6) of the next succeeding paragraph and (z) Excluded Contributions);
    - (iii) 100% of the aggregate Net Cash Proceeds, and the fair market value of property or assets or marketable securities, received by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary from the issuance or sale (other than to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company or an employee stock ownership plan or trust established by the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company for the benefit of their employees to the extent funded by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary) by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary subsequent to April 19, 2010 of any Indebtedness or Disqualified Stock that has been converted into or exchanged for Capital Stock of the Company (other than Disqualified Stock) plus, without duplication, the amount of any cash, and the fair market value of property or assets or marketable securities, received by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary upon such conversion or exchange;

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- (iv) 100% of the aggregate amount received in cash and the fair market value, as determined in good faith by the Company, of marketable securities or other property received by means of: (i) the sale or other disposition (other than to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary) of Restricted Investments made by the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries and repurchases and redemptions of such Restricted Investments from the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries and repayments of loans or advances, and releases of guarantees, which constitute Restricted Investments by the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries, in each case after April 19, 2010; or (ii) the sale (other than to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary) of the stock of an Unrestricted Subsidiary or a distribution from an Unrestricted Subsidiary (other than in each case to the extent of the amount of the Investment in such Unrestricted Subsidiary made by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary pursuant to clause (14) of the next succeeding paragraph or to the extent of the amount of the Investment that constituted a Permitted Investment) or a dividend from an Unrestricted Subsidiary after the Issue Date;
- (v) in the case of the redesignation of an Unrestricted Subsidiary as a Restricted Subsidiary or the merger or consolidation of an Unrestricted Subsidiary into the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary or the transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of an Unrestricted Subsidiary to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary after the Issue Date, the fair market value of the Investment in such Unrestricted Subsidiary (or the assets transferred), as determined in good faith of the Company at the time of the redesignation of such Unrestricted Subsidiary as a Restricted Subsidiary or at the time of such merger or consolidation or transfer of assets (after taking into consideration any Indebtedness associated with the Unrestricted Subsidiary so designated or merged or consolidated or Indebtedness associated with the assets so transferred), other than to the extent of the amount of the Investment in such Unrestricted Subsidiary made by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary pursuant to clause (14) of the next succeeding paragraph or to the extent of the amount of the Investment that constituted a Permitted Investment; and
- (vi) \$50.0 million.

The foregoing provisions will not prohibit any of the following (collectively, *Permitted Payments*):

- (1) (a) the payment of any dividend or distribution within 60 days after the date of declaration thereof, if at the date of declaration such payment would have complied with the provisions of the indenture or (b) the redemption, repurchase or retirement of Indebtedness if, at the date of any irrevocable redemption notice, such payment would have complied with the provisions of the indenture;
- (2) the making of any Restricted Payment in exchange for, or out of the net cash proceeds of the substantially concurrent sale (other than to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary) of Equity Interests of the Company (other than Disqualified Stock) or from the substantially concurrent contribution of common equity capital to the Company; *provided*, that the amount of any such net cash proceeds that are utilized for any such Restricted Payment will be excluded from clause (c)(2) of the first paragraph of this covenant;
- (3) any purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement of Subordinated Indebtedness made by exchange for, or out of the proceeds of the substantially concurrent sale of, Refinancing Indebtedness permitted to be Incurred pursuant to the covenant described under Limitation on Indebtedness above;
- (4) any purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement of Preferred Stock of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary made by exchange for or out of the proceeds of the substantially concurrent sale of Preferred Stock of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, that, in each case, is permitted to be Incurred pursuant to the covenant described under Limitation on Indebtedness above;

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- (5) any purchase, repurchase, redemption, defeasance or other acquisition or retirement of Subordinated Indebtedness or Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary:
  - (a) from Net Available Cash to the extent permitted under Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock below, but only if the Company shall have first complied with the terms described under Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock and purchased all Notes tendered pursuant to any offer to repurchase all the Notes required thereby, prior to purchasing, repurchasing, redeeming, defeasing or otherwise acquiring or retiring such Subordinated Indebtedness, Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock; or
  - (b) to the extent required by the agreement governing such Subordinated Indebtedness, Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock, following the occurrence of a Change of Control (or other similar event described therein as a change of control), but only if the Company shall have first complied with the terms described under Change of Control and purchased all Notes tendered pursuant to the offer to repurchase all the Notes required thereby, prior to purchasing, repurchasing, redeeming, defeasing or otherwise acquiring or retiring such Subordinated Indebtedness, Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock; or
  - (c) consisting of Acquired Indebtedness (other than Indebtedness Incurred (A) to provide all or any portion of the funds utilized to consummate the transaction or series of related transactions pursuant to which such Person became a Restricted Subsidiary or was otherwise acquired by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary or (B) otherwise in connection with or contemplation of such acquisition);
- (6) a Restricted Payment to pay for the repurchase, retirement or other acquisition or retirement for value of Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) of the Company or any of its Parents held by any future, present or former employee, director or consultant of the Company, any of its Subsidiaries or any of its Parents (or permitted transferees, assigns, estates, trusts or heirs of such employee, director or consultant) either pursuant to any management equity plan or stock option plan or any other management or employee benefit plan or agreement or upon the termination of such employee, director or consultant s employment or directorship; *provided*, *however*, that the aggregate Restricted Payments made under this clause do not exceed \$4.0 million in any calendar year (with unused amounts in any calendar year being carried over to succeeding calendar years subject to a maximum of \$8.0 million in any calendar year); *provided further* that such amount in any calendar year may be increased by an amount not to exceed:
  - (a) the cash proceeds from the sale of Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) of the Company and, to the extent contributed to the capital of the Company (other than through the issuance of Disqualified Stock or an Excluded Contribution), Capital Stock of any of the Company s Parents, in each case to members of management, directors or consultants of the Company, any of its Subsidiaries or any of its Parents that occurred after the Issue Date, to the extent the cash proceeds from the sale of such Capital Stock have not otherwise been applied to the payment of Restricted Payments by virtue of clause (c) of the preceding paragraph; plus
  - (b) the cash proceeds of key man life insurance policies received by the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries after the Issue Date: less
- (c) the amount of any Restricted Payments made in previous calendar years pursuant to clauses (a) and (b) of this clause; and *provided further* that cancellation of Indebtedness owing to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary from members of management, directors, employees or consultants of the Company or any of its Parents or Restricted Subsidiaries in connection with a repurchase of Capital Stock of the Company or any of its Parents will not be deemed to constitute a Restricted Payment for purposes of this covenant or any other provision of the indenture;

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- (7) the declaration and payment of dividends on Disqualified Stock, or Preferred Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary, Incurred in accordance with the terms of the covenant described under Limitation on Indebtedness above;
- (8) purchases, repurchases, redemptions, defeasances or other acquisitions or retirements of Capital Stock deemed to occur upon the exercise of stock options, warrants or other rights in respect thereof if such Capital Stock represents a portion of the exercise price thereof:
- (9) dividends, loans, advances or distributions to any Parent or other payments by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in amounts equal to (without duplication) the amounts required for any Parent to pay any Parent Expenses or any Related Taxes;
- (10) payments by the Company, or loans, advances, dividends or distributions to any Parent to make payments, to holders of Capital Stock of the Company or any Parent in lieu of the issuance of fractional shares of such Capital Stock, *provided*, *however*, that any such payment, loan, advance, dividend or distribution shall not be for the purpose of evading any limitation of this covenant or otherwise to facilitate any dividend or other return of capital to the holders of such Capital Stock (as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors);
- (11) Restricted Payments that are made with Excluded Contributions;
- (12) dividends or other distributions of Capital Stock of, or Indebtedness owed to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary by, Unrestricted Subsidiaries (unless the Unrestricted Subsidiary s principal asset is cash and Cash Equivalents);
- (13) any Restricted Payment made in connection with the Transactions and the fees and expenses related thereto;
- (14) so long as no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing (or would result from), Restricted Payments (including loans or advances) in an aggregate amount outstanding at the time made not to exceed \$20.0 million;
- (15) so long as no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing (or would result therefrom), mandatory redemptions of Disqualified Stock issued as a Restricted Payment or as consideration for a Permitted Investment; and
- (16) dividends or other distributions by the Company in an amount per fiscal quarter not to exceed \$0.15 per share of common stock of Parent (as such amount shall be appropriately adjusted for any stock splits, stock dividends, reverse stock splits, stock consolidations or other similar transactions).

Notwithstanding anything to the foregoing, no Mission Entity shall make a Restricted Payment (other than Restricted Investments) to any person other than the Company or a Guarantor.

For purposes of determining compliance with this Restricted Payments covenant, in the event that a Restricted Payment meets the criteria of more than one of the categories of Permitted Payments described in clauses (1) through (16) above, or is permitted pursuant to the first paragraph of this covenant, the Company will be entitled to classify such Restricted Payment (or portion thereof) on the date of its payment or later reclassify such Restricted Payment (or portion thereof) in any manner that complies with this covenant.

The amount of all Restricted Payments (other than cash) shall be the fair market value on the date of such Restricted Payment of the asset(s) or securities proposed to be paid, transferred or issued by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, pursuant to such Restricted Payment. The fair market value of any cash Restricted Payment shall be their face amount, and the fair market value of any non-cash Restricted Payment, property or assets other than cash shall be determined conclusively by the Board of Directors of the Company acting in good faith.

#### Limitation on Liens

The Company will not, and will not permit any Restricted Subsidiary to, directly or indirectly, create, Incur or permit to exist any Lien (other than Permitted Liens) upon any of its property or assets (including Capital Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company), whether owned on the Issue Date or acquired after that date, which Lien secures any Indebtedness (such Lien, the *Initial Lien*), without effectively providing that the Notes shall be secured equally and ratably with (or prior to) the obligations so secured for so long as such obligations are so secured.

Any Lien created for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes pursuant to the preceding sentence shall provide by its terms that such Lien shall be automatically and unconditionally released and discharged upon the release and discharge of the Initial Lien.

### Limitation on Restrictions on Distributions from Restricted Subsidiaries

The Company will not, and will not permit any Restricted Subsidiary to, create or otherwise cause or permit to exist or become effective any consensual encumbrance or consensual restriction on the ability of any Restricted Subsidiary to:

- (A) pay dividends or make any other distributions in cash or otherwise on its Capital Stock or pay any Indebtedness or other obligations owed to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary;
- (B) make any loans or advances to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary; or
- (C) sell, lease or transfer any of its property or assets to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary; provided that (x) the priority of any Preferred Stock in receiving dividends or liquidating distributions prior to dividends or liquidating distributions being paid on common stock and (y) the subordination of (including the application of any standstill requirements to) loans or advances made to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary to other Indebtedness Incurred by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary shall not be deemed to constitute such an encumbrance or restriction.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph will not prohibit:

- (1) any encumbrance or restriction pursuant to (a) any Credit Facility and the 2017 Notes or (b) any other agreement or instrument, in each case, in effect at or entered into on the Issue Date (or otherwise required as of the Issue Date);
- (2) the indenture, the Notes, the Exchange Notes and the Note Guarantees;
- (3) encumbrances or restrictions arising or existing by reason of applicable law or any applicable rule, regulation or order, or required by any regulatory authority;
- (4) any encumbrance or restriction pursuant to an agreement or instrument of a Person or relating to any Capital Stock or Indebtedness of a Person, entered into on or before the date on which such Person was acquired by or merged, consolidated or otherwise combined with or into the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, or was designated as a Restricted Subsidiary or on which such agreement or instrument is assumed by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in connection with an acquisition of assets (other than Capital Stock or Indebtedness Incurred as consideration in, or to provide all or any portion of the funds utilized to consummate, the transaction or series of related transactions pursuant to which such Person became a Restricted Subsidiary or was acquired by the Company or was merged, consolidated or otherwise combined with or into the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary or entered into in contemplation of or in connection with such transaction) and outstanding on such date; *provided* that, for the purposes of this clause, if another Person is the Successor Company, any Subsidiary thereof or agreement or instrument of such Person or any such

Subsidiary shall be deemed acquired or assumed by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary when such Person becomes the Successor Company;

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(5)	any encumbrance or restriction:	

- (a) that restricts in a customary manner the subletting, assignment or transfer of any property or asset that is subject to a lease, license or similar contract or agreement, or the assignment or transfer of any lease, license or other contract or agreement;
- (b) contained in mortgages, pledges, charges or other security agreements permitted under the indenture or securing Indebtedness of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary permitted under the indenture to the extent such encumbrances or restrictions restrict the transfer or encumbrance of the property or assets subject to such mortgages, pledges, charges or other security agreements; or
- (c) pursuant to customary provisions restricting dispositions of real property interests set forth in any reciprocal easement agreements of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary;
- (6) any encumbrance or restriction pursuant to Purchase Money Obligations and Capitalized Lease Obligations permitted under the indenture, in each case, that impose encumbrances or restrictions on the property so acquired;
- (7) any encumbrance or restriction imposed pursuant to an agreement entered into for the direct or indirect sale or disposition to a Person of all or substantially all the Capital Stock or assets of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (or the property or assets that are subject to such restriction) pending the closing of such sale or disposition;
- (8) customary provisions in leases, licenses, joint venture agreements and other similar agreements and instruments;
- (9) any encumbrance or restriction on cash or other deposits or net worth imposed by customers under agreements entered into in the ordinary course of business;
- (10) any encumbrance or restriction pursuant to Hedging Obligations;
- (11) any encumbrance or restriction arising pursuant to an agreement or instrument relating to any Indebtedness permitted to be Incurred subsequent to the Issue Date pursuant to the provisions of the covenant described under Limitation on Indebtedness if the encumbrances and restrictions contained in any such agreement or instrument taken as a whole are not materially less favorable to the Holders than (i) the encumbrances and restrictions contained in the Credit Agreements, together with the security documents associated therewith as in effect on the Issue Date or (ii) in comparable financings (as determined in good faith by the Company) and where, in the case of clause (ii), either (a) the Company determines at the time of issuance of such Indebtedness that such encumbrances or restrictions will not adversely affect, in any material respect, the Company s ability to make principal or interest payments on the Notes or (b) such encumbrance or restriction applies only during the continuance of a default relating to such Indebtedness;
- (12) any encumbrance or restriction existing by reason of any lien permitted under Limitation on Liens ;
- (13) agreements governing Indebtedness of Mission permitted to be incurred under the indenture; or

(14) any encumbrance or restriction pursuant to an agreement or instrument effecting a refinancing of Indebtedness Incurred pursuant to, or that otherwise extends, renews, restates, replaces, restructures or refinances, an agreement or instrument referred to in clauses (1) to (13) of this paragraph or this clause (14) (an *Initial Agreement*) or contained in any amendment, supplement, extension, renewal, restatement, replacement, restructuring or other modification to an agreement referred to in clauses (1) to (13) of this paragraph or this clause (14); *provided*, *however*, that the encumbrances and restrictions with respect to such Restricted Subsidiary contained in any such agreement or instrument are no less favorable in any material respect to the Holders taken as a whole than the encumbrances and restrictions contained in the Initial Agreement or Initial Agreements to which such refinancing or amendment, supplement or other modification relates (as determined in good faith by the Company).

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### Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock

The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, make any Asset Disposition unless:

- (1) the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, receives consideration (including by way of relief from, or by any other Person assuming responsibility for, any liabilities, contingent or otherwise) at least equal to the fair market value (such fair market value to be determined on the date of contractually agreeing to such Asset Disposition), as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors of the Company, of the shares and assets subject to such Asset Disposition (including, for the avoidance of doubt, if such Asset Disposition is a Permitted Asset Swap);
- (2) in any such Asset Disposition, or series of related Asset Dispositions (except to the extent the Asset Disposition is a Permitted Asset Swap), at least 75% of the consideration from such Asset Disposition (including by way of relief from, or by any other Person assuming responsibility for, any liabilities, contingent or otherwise) received by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, is in the form of cash or Cash Equivalents; and
- (3) an amount equal to 100% of the Net Available Cash from such Asset Disposition is applied by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be:
  - (a) to the extent the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, elects (or is required by the terms of any Indebtedness), (i) to prepay, repay or purchase any Indebtedness of a Non-Guarantor or that is secured by a Lien (in each case, other than Indebtedness owed to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary) or Indebtedness under the Credit Agreements (or any Refinancing Indebtedness in respect thereof) within 365 days from the later of (A) the date of such Asset Disposition and (B) the receipt of such Net Available Cash; provided, however, that, in connection with any prepayment, repayment or purchase of Indebtedness pursuant to this clause (a), the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary will retire such Indebtedness and will cause the related commitment (if any) to be reduced in an amount equal to the principal amount so prepaid, repaid or purchased; or (ii) to prepay, repay or purchase Pari Passu Indebtedness at a price of no more than 100% of the principal amount of such Pari Passu Indebtedness plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of such prepayment, repayment or purchase; provided further that, to the extent the Company redeem, repay or repurchase Pari Passu Indebtedness pursuant to this clause (ii), the Company shall equally and ratably reduce Obligations under the Notes as provided under

Optional Redemption, through open-market purchases (to the extent such purchases are at or above 100% of the principal amount thereof) or by making an offer (in accordance with the procedures set forth below for an Asset Disposition Offer) to all Holders to purchase their Notes at 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus the amount of accrued but unpaid interest, if any, on the amount of Notes that would otherwise be prepaid; or

(b) to the extent the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary elects, to invest in or commit to invest in Additional Assets (including by means of an investment in Additional Assets by a Restricted Subsidiary with Net Available Cash received by the Company or another Restricted Subsidiary) within 365 days from the later of (i) the date of such Asset Disposition and (ii) the receipt of such Net Available Cash; *provided, however*, that any such reinvestment in Additional Assets made pursuant to a definitive binding agreement or a commitment approved by the Board of Directors of the Company that is executed or approved within such time will satisfy this requirement, so long as such investment is consummated within 180 days of such 365th day;

provided that, pending the final application of any such Net Available Cash in accordance with clause (a) or clause (b) above, the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries may temporarily reduce Indebtedness or otherwise use such Net Available Cash in any manner not prohibited by the indenture.

Any Net Available Cash from Asset Dispositions that is not applied or invested or committed to be applied or invested as provided in the preceding paragraph will be deemed to constitute *Excess Proceeds* under the indenture. On the 366th day after an Asset Disposition, if the aggregate amount of Excess Proceeds under the indenture exceeds \$25.0 million, the Company will within 30 Business Days be required to make an offer ( *Asset Disposition Offer* ) to all Holders of Notes issued under such indenture and, to the extent the Company elects, to all holders of other outstanding Pari Passu Indebtedness, to purchase the maximum principal amount of Notes and any such Pari Passu Indebtedness to which the Asset Disposition Offer applies that may be purchased out of the Excess Proceeds, at an offer price in respect of the Notes in an amount equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes and Pari Passu Indebtedness, in each case, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the date of purchase, in accordance with the procedures set forth in the indenture or the agreements governing the Pari Passu Indebtedness, as applicable, and, with respect to the Notes, in minimum denominations of \$2,000 and in integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof. The Company will deliver notice of such Asset Disposition Offer electronically or by first-class mail, with a copy to the Trustee, to each Holder of Notes at the address of such Holder appearing in the security register or otherwise in accordance with the procedures of DTC, describing the transaction or transactions that constitute the Asset Disposition and offering to repurchase the Notes for the specified purchase price on the date specified in the notice, which date will be no earlier than 30 days and no later than 60 days from the date such notice is delivered, pursuant to the procedures required by the indenture and described in such notice.

To the extent that the aggregate amount of Notes and Pari Passu Indebtedness so validly tendered and not properly withdrawn pursuant to an Asset Disposition Offer is less than the Excess Proceeds, the Company may use any remaining Excess Proceeds for any purpose not prohibited by the indenture. If the aggregate principal amount of the Notes surrendered in any Asset Disposition Offer by Holders and other Pari Passu Indebtedness surrendered by holders or lenders, collectively, exceeds the amount of Excess Proceeds, the Excess Proceeds shall be allocated among the Notes and Pari Passu Indebtedness to be purchased on a pro rata basis on the basis of the aggregate principal amount of tendered Notes and Pari Passu Indebtedness, *provided* that no Notes or other Pari Passu Indebtedness will be selected and purchased in an unauthorized denomination. Upon completion of any Asset Disposition Offer, the amount of Excess Proceeds shall be reset at zero.

To the extent that any portion of Net Available Cash payable in respect of the Notes is denominated in a currency other than U.S. dollars, the amount thereof payable in respect of the Notes shall not exceed the net amount of funds in U.S. dollars that is actually received by the Company upon converting such portion into U.S. dollars.

For the purposes of clause (2) of the first paragraph of this covenant, the following will be deemed to be cash:

- (1) the assumption by the transferee of Indebtedness or other liabilities of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary (other than Subordinated Indebtedness of the Company or a Guarantor) and the release of the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary from all liability on such Indebtedness or other liability in connection with such Asset Disposition;
- (2) securities, notes or other obligations received by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company from the transferee that are converted by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary into cash or Cash Equivalents within 180 days following the closing of such Asset Disposition;
- (3) Indebtedness of any Restricted Subsidiary that is no longer a Restricted Subsidiary as a result of such Asset Disposition, to the extent that the Company and each other Restricted Subsidiary are released from any Guarantee of payment of such Indebtedness in connection with such Asset Disposition;
- (4) consideration consisting of Indebtedness of the Company (other than Subordinated Indebtedness) received after the Issue Date from Persons who are not the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary; and
- (5) any Designated Non-Cash Consideration received by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in such Asset Dispositions having an aggregate fair market value, taken together with all other Designated Non-Cash Consideration received pursuant to this covenant that is at that time outstanding, not to

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exceed the greater of (a) \$20.0 million and (b) 2.0 % of Total Assets (with the fair market value of each item of Designated Non-Cash Consideration being measured at the time received and without giving effect to subsequent changes in value). The Company will comply, to the extent applicable, with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act and any other securities laws and regulations thereunder to the extent such laws or regulations are applicable in connection with the repurchase of Notes pursuant to this covenant. To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with the provisions of the indenture, the Company will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and shall not be deemed to have breached its obligations described in the indenture by virtue thereof.

The Credit Agreements will prohibit or limit, and future credit agreements or other agreements to which the Company becomes a party may prohibit or limit, the Company from purchasing any Notes pursuant to this covenant. In the event the Company is prohibited from purchasing the Notes, the Company could seek the consent of its lenders to the purchase of the Notes or could attempt to refinance the borrowings that contain such prohibition. If the Company does not obtain such consent or repay such borrowings, they will remain prohibited from purchasing the Notes. In such case, the Company s failure to purchase tendered Notes would constitute an Event of Default under the indenture.

### Limitation on Affiliate Transactions

The Company will not, and will not permit any of its Restricted Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, enter into or conduct any transaction (including the purchase, sale, lease or exchange of any property or the rendering of any service) with any Affiliate of the Company (an *Affiliate Transaction*) involving aggregate value in excess of \$5.0 million unless:

- (1) the terms of such Affiliate Transaction taken as a whole are not materially less favorable to the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, than those that could be obtained in a comparable transaction at the time of such transaction or the execution of the agreement providing for such transaction in arm s length dealings with a Person who is not such an Affiliate; and
- (2) in the event such Affiliate Transaction involves an aggregate value in excess of \$10.0 million, the terms of such transaction have been approved by a majority of the members of the Board of Directors.

Any Affiliate Transaction shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirements set forth in clause (2) of this paragraph if such Affiliate Transaction is approved by a majority of the Disinterested Directors, if any.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph will not apply to:

- (1) any Restricted Payment permitted to be made pursuant to the covenant described under Limitation on Restricted Payments, or any Permitted Investment:
- (2) any issuance or sale of Capital Stock, options, other equity-related interests or other securities, or other payments, awards or grants in cash, securities or otherwise pursuant to, or the funding of, or entering into, or maintenance of, any employment, consulting, collective bargaining or benefit plan, program, agreement or arrangement, related trust or other similar agreement and other compensation arrangements, options, warrants or other rights to purchase Capital Stock of the Company, any Restricted Subsidiary or any Parent, restricted stock plans, long-term incentive plans, stock appreciation rights plans, participation plans or similar employee benefits or consultants plans (including valuation, health, insurance, deferred compensation, severance, retirement, savings or similar plans, programs or arrangements) or indemnities provided on behalf of officers, employees, directors or consultants approved by the Board of Directors of the Company, in each case in the ordinary course of business;

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- (3) any Management Advances and any waiver or transaction with respect thereto;
- (4) any transaction between or among the Company and any Restricted Subsidiary (or entity that becomes a Restricted Subsidiary as a result of such transaction), or between or among Restricted Subsidiaries;
- (5) the payment of compensation, reasonable fees and reimbursement of expenses to, and customary indemnities (including under customary insurance policies) and employee benefit and pension expenses provided on behalf of, directors, officers, consultants or employees of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company (whether directly or indirectly and including through any Person owned or controlled by any of such directors, officers or employees);
- (6) the entry into and performance of obligations of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries under the terms of any transaction arising out of, and any payments pursuant to or for purposes of funding, any agreement or instrument in effect as of or on the Issue Date, as these agreements and instruments may be amended, modified, supplemented, extended, renewed or refinanced from time to time in accordance with the other terms of this covenant or to the extent not more disadvantageous to the Holders in any material respect;
- (7) transactions with customers, clients, suppliers or purchasers or sellers of goods or services, in each case in the ordinary course of business, which are fair to the Company or the relevant Restricted Subsidiary in the reasonable determination of the Board of Directors or the senior management of the Company or the relevant Restricted Subsidiary, or are on terms no less favorable than those that could reasonably have been obtained at such time from an unaffiliated party;
- (8) any transaction between or among the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary and any Affiliate of the Company or an Associate or similar entity that would constitute an Affiliate Transaction solely because the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary owns an equity interest in or otherwise controls such Affiliate, Associate or similar entity;
- (9) issuances or sales of Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) of the Company or options, warrants or other rights to acquire such Capital Stock and the granting of registration and other customary rights in connection therewith or any contribution to capital of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary;
- (10) transactions in which the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, as the case may be, delivers to the Trustee a letter from an Independent Financial Advisor stating that such transaction is fair to the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary from a financial point of view or meets the requirements of clause (1) of the preceding paragraph;
- (11) the existence of, or the performance by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of its obligations under the terms of, any equityholders agreement (including any registration rights agreement or purchase agreements related thereto) to which it is party as of the Issue Date and any similar agreement that it may enter into thereafter; *provided*, *however*, that the existence of, or the performance by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of its obligations under any future amendment to the equityholders agreement or under any similar agreement entered into after the Issue Date will only be permitted under this clause to the extent that the terms of any such amendment or new agreement are not otherwise disadvantageous to the Holders in any material respects; and
- (12) any purchases by the Company s Affiliates of Indebtedness or Disqualified Stock of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries the majority of which Indebtedness or Disqualified Stock is purchased by Persons who are not the Company s Affiliates; provided that such purchases by the Company s Affiliates are on the same terms as such purchases by such Persons who are not the Company s Affiliates.

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### Designation of Restricted and Unrestricted Subsidiaries

The Board of Directors of the Company may designate any Restricted Subsidiary to be an Unrestricted Subsidiary if that designation would not cause a Default. If a Restricted Subsidiary is designated as an Unrestricted Subsidiary, the aggregate fair market value of all outstanding Investments owned by the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries in the Subsidiary designated as an Unrestricted Subsidiary will be deemed to be an Investment made as of the time of the designation and will reduce the amount available for Restricted Payments under the covenant described above under the caption Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments or under one or more clauses of the definition of Permitted Investments, as determined by the Company. That designation will only be permitted if the Investment would be permitted at that time and if the Restricted Subsidiary otherwise meets the definition of an Unrestricted Subsidiary. The Board of Directors of the Company may redesignate any Unrestricted Subsidiary to be a Restricted Subsidiary if that redesignation would not cause a Default.

Any designation of a Subsidiary of the Company or any of the Mission Entities as an Unrestricted Subsidiary will be evidenced to the Trustee by filing with the Trustee a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company giving effect to such designation and an Officer's Certificate certifying that such designation complies with the preceding conditions and was permitted by the covenant described above under the caption Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments. If, at any time, any Unrestricted Subsidiary would fail to meet the preceding requirements as an Unrestricted Subsidiary, it will thereafter cease to be an Unrestricted Subsidiary for purposes of the indenture and any Indebtedness of such Subsidiary will be deemed to be incurred by a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company as of such date and, if such Indebtedness is not permitted to be incurred as of such date under the covenant described under the caption Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness, the Company will be in default of such covenant.

The Board of Directors of the Company may at any time designate any Unrestricted Subsidiary to be a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company; provided that such designation will be deemed to be an incurrence of Indebtedness by a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company of any outstanding Indebtedness of such Unrestricted Subsidiary, and such designation will only be permitted if (1) such Indebtedness is permitted under the covenant described under the caption Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness, calculated on a pro forma basis as if such designation had occurred at the beginning of the applicable reference period; and (2) no Default or Event of Default would be in existence following such designation. Any such designation by the Board of Directors of the Company shall be evidenced to the Trustee by filing with the Trustee a certified copy of a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company giving effect to such designation and an Officer's Certificate certifying that such designation complies with the preceding conditions.

### Reports

Whether the Company is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, so long as any Notes are outstanding, the Company will furnish to the Trustee:

- (1) within 90 days after the end of each fiscal year, annual reports of the Company containing substantially all of the financial information that would have been required to be contained in an Annual Report on Form 10-K under the Exchange Act if the Company had been a reporting company under the Exchange Act (but only to the extent similar information is included in the Company s Offering Memorandum dated October 24, 2012), including (A) Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and (B) audited financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP;
- (2) within 45 days after the end of each of the first three fiscal quarters of each fiscal year, quarterly reports of the Company containing substantially all of the financial information that would have been required to be contained in a Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q under the Exchange Act if the Company had been a reporting company under the Exchange Act (but only to the extent similar information is provided in the Company s Offering Memorandum dated October 24, 2012), including

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- (A) Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and (B) unaudited quarterly financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP; and
- (3) within the time periods specified for filing Current Reports on Form 8-K after the occurrence of each event that would have been required to be reported in a Current Report on Form 8-K under the Exchange Act if the Company had been a reporting company under the Exchange Act, current reports containing substantially all of the information that would have been required to be contained in a Current Report on Form 8-K under the Exchange Act if the Company had been a reporting company under the Exchange Act; provided, however, that no such current report will be required to be furnished if the Company determines in its good faith judgment that such event is not material to noteholders or the business, assets, operations, financial positions or prospects of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries, taken as a whole; provided, however, that such reports (A) will not be required to comply with Section 302 or Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, or related Items 307 and 308 of Regulation S-K promulgated by the SEC, or Item 10(e) of Regulation S-K (with respect to any non-GAAP financial measures contained therein) and (B) will not be required to contain the separate financial information for Guarantors contemplated by Rule 3-10 of Regulation S-X promulgated by the SEC.

At any time that any of the Subsidiaries of the Company are Unrestricted Subsidiaries, then the quarterly and annual reports required by the preceding paragraph will include a reasonably detailed presentation, either on the face of the financial statements or in the footnotes thereto, and in Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations or other comparable section, of the financial condition and results of operations of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries separate from the financial condition and results of operations of the Unrestricted Subsidiaries of the Company.

In addition, the Company shall furnish to noteholders, prospective investors, broker-dealers and securities analysts, upon their request, any information required to be delivered pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act so long as the Notes are not freely transferable under the Securities Act.

In the event that any Parent of the Company becomes a guarantor of the Notes, the indenture permits the Company to satisfy its obligations in this covenant with respect to financial information relating to the Company by furnishing financial information relating to such Parent; *provided* that the same is accompanied by consolidating information that explains in reasonable detail the differences between the information relating to such Parent, on the one hand, and the information relating to the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries on a standalone basis, on the other hand.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth above, if the Company or any Parent of the Company has furnished the Holders of Notes and filed with the SEC the reports described in the preceding paragraphs with respect to the Company or any Parent of the Company (including any consolidated financial information required by Regulation S-X relating to the Company), the Company shall be deemed to be in compliance with the provisions of this covenant.

### Limitation on Guarantees

The Company will not permit any of its Wholly-Owned Domestic Subsidiaries that are Restricted Subsidiaries (and non-Wholly-Owned Domestic Subsidiaries if such non-Wholly Owned Domestic Subsidiaries guarantee other capital markets debt securities of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary or guarantee all or a portion of the Credit Agreements), other than a Guarantor, to Guarantee the payment of any Indebtedness of the Company or any other Guarantor unless:

(1) such Restricted Subsidiary within 30 days executes and delivers a supplemental indenture to the indenture providing for a senior Guarantee by such Restricted Subsidiary, except that with respect to a guarantee of Indebtedness of the Company or any Guarantor, if such Indebtedness is by its express terms subordinated in right of payment to the Notes or such Guarantor s Guarantee, any such guarantee

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by such Restricted Subsidiary with respect to such Indebtedness shall be subordinated in right of payment to such Guarantee substantially to the same extent as such Indebtedness is subordinated to the Notes or such Guaranter s Guarantee;

- (2) such Restricted Subsidiary waives and will not in any manner whatsoever claim or take the benefit or advantage of, any rights of reimbursement, indemnity or subrogation or any other rights against the Company or any other Restricted Subsidiary as a result of any payment by such Restricted Subsidiary under its Guarantee until payment in full of obligations under the indenture; and
- (3) such Restricted Subsidiary shall deliver to the Trustee an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that:
  - (a) such Guarantee has been duly executed and authorized; and
  - (b) such Guarantee constitutes a valid, binding and enforceable obligation of such Restricted Subsidiary, except insofar as enforcement thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws (including, without limitation, all laws relating to fraudulent transfers) and except insofar as enforcement thereof is subject to general principals of equity;

provided that this covenant shall not be applicable (i) to any guarantee of any Restricted Subsidiary that existed at the time such Person became a Restricted Subsidiary and was not incurred in connection with, or in contemplation of, such Person becoming a Restricted Subsidiary, or (ii) in the event that the Guarantee of the Company sobligations under the Notes or the indenture by such Subsidiary would not be permitted under applicable law.

The Company may elect, in its sole discretion, to cause any Subsidiary that is not otherwise required to be a Guarantor to become a Guarantor.

### Merger and Consolidation

The Company

The Company will not consolidate with or merge with or into, or sell, convey, transfer or lease all or substantially all its assets to, any Person, unless:

- (1) the resulting, surviving or transferee Person (the Successor Company) will be a Person organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, any State of the United States or the District of Columbia and the Successor Company (if not the Company) will expressly assume, by supplemental indenture, executed and delivered to the Trustee, all the obligations of the Company under the Notes and the indenture and if such Successor Company is not a corporation, a co-obligor of the Notes is a corporation organized or existing under such laws;
- (2) immediately after giving effect to such transaction (and treating any Indebtedness that becomes an obligation of the Successor Company or any Subsidiary of the Successor Company as a result of such transaction as having been Incurred by the Successor Company or such Subsidiary at the time of such transaction), no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing;
- (3) immediately after giving effect to such transaction, either (a) the Successor Company would be able to Incur at least an additional \$1.00 of Indebtedness pursuant to the first paragraph of the covenant described under Limitation on Indebtedness or (b) the Leverage Ratio would not be greater than it was immediately prior to giving effect to such transaction; and
- (4) the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an Officer's Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each to the effect that such consolidation, merger or transfer and such supplemental indenture (if any) comply with the indenture and an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that such supplemental indenture (if any) has been duly authorized, executed and delivered and is a legal, valid and binding

agreement enforceable against the Successor Company *provided* that in giving an Opinion of Counsel, counsel may rely on an Officer s Certificate as to any matters of fact, including as to satisfaction of clauses (2) and (3) above.

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For purposes of this covenant, the sale, lease, conveyance, assignment, transfer, or other disposition of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of one or more Subsidiaries of the Company, which properties and assets, if held by the Company instead of such Subsidiaries, would constitute all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company on a consolidated basis, shall be deemed to be the transfer of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company.

The Successor Company will succeed to, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power of, the Company under the indenture but in the case of a lease of all or substantially all its assets, the predecessor company will not be released from its obligations under such indenture or the Notes.

Notwithstanding the preceding clauses (2), (3) and (4) (which do not apply to transactions referred to in this sentence), (a) any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company may consolidate or otherwise combine with, merge into or transfer all or part of its properties and assets to the Company and (b) any Restricted Subsidiary may consolidate or otherwise combine with, merge into or transfer all or part of its properties and assets to any other Restricted Subsidiary. Notwithstanding the preceding clauses (2) and (3) (which do not apply to the transactions referred to in this sentence), the Company may consolidate or otherwise combine with or merge into an Affiliate incorporated or organized for the purpose of changing the legal domicile of the Company, reincorporating the Company in another jurisdiction, or changing the legal form of the Company.

There is no precise established definition of the phrase substantially all under applicable law. Accordingly, in certain circumstances there may be a degree of uncertainty as to whether a particular transaction would involve all or substantially all of the property or assets of a Person.

The foregoing provisions (other than the requirements of clause (2) of the first paragraph of this covenant) shall not apply to the creation of a new Subsidiary as a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company.

Guarantors

No Guarantor may

- (1) consolidate with or merge with or into any Person, or
- (2) sell, convey, transfer, lease or dispose of, all or substantially all its assets, in one transaction or a series of related transactions, to any Person, or
- (3) permit any Person to merge with or into the Guarantor, unless
  - (A) the other Person is the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary that is Guarantor or becomes a Guarantor concurrently with the transaction; or
  - (B) (1) either (x) a Guarantor is the continuing Person or (y) the resulting, surviving or transferee Person expressly assumes all of the obligations of the Guarantor under its Guarantee of the Notes; and (2) immediately after giving effect to the transaction, no Default has occurred and is continuing; or
  - (C) the transaction constitutes a sale or other disposition (including by way of consolidation or merger) of the Guarantor or the sale or disposition of all or substantially all the assets of the Guarantor (in each case other than to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary) otherwise permitted by the indenture.

There is no precise established definition of the phrase substantially all under applicable law. Accordingly, in certain circumstances there may be a degree of uncertainty as to whether a particular transaction would involve all or substantially all of the property or assets of a Person.

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#### **Events of Default**

Each of the following is an Event of Default under the indenture:

- (1) default in any payment of interest or Additional Interest, if any, on any Note when due and payable, continued for 30 days;
- (2) default in the payment of the principal amount of or premium, if any, on any Note issued under the indenture when due at its Stated Maturity, upon optional redemption, upon required repurchase, upon declaration or otherwise;
- (3) failure to comply with the Company s agreements or obligations contained in the indenture for 60 days after written notice by the Trustee on behalf of the Holders or by the Holders of 25% in principal amount of the outstanding Notes;
- (4) default under any mortgage, indenture or instrument under which there may be issued or by which there may be secured or evidenced any Indebtedness for money borrowed by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries (or the payment of which is Guaranteed by the Company any of its Restricted Subsidiaries) other than Indebtedness owed to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary whether such Indebtedness or Guarantee now exists, or is created after the date hereof, which default:
  - (a) is caused by a failure to pay principal of such Indebtedness, at its stated final maturity (after giving effect to any applicable grace periods) provided in such Indebtedness ( payment default ); or
- (b) results in the acceleration of such Indebtedness prior to its stated final maturity (the *cross acceleration provision*); and, in each case, the principal amount of any such Indebtedness, together with the principal amount of any other such Indebtedness under which there has been a payment default or the maturity of which has been so accelerated, aggregates \$25.0 million or more;
  - (5) certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or court protection of the Company or a Significant Subsidiary or group of Restricted Subsidiaries that, taken together (as of the latest audited consolidated financial statements for the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries), would constitute a Significant Subsidiary (the bankruptcy provisions);
  - (6) failure by the Company or any Significant Subsidiary (or group of Restricted Subsidiaries that together (determined as of the most recent consolidated financial statements of the Company for a fiscal period end provided as required under Certain Covenants Reports ) would constitute a Significant Subsidiary), to pay final judgments aggregating in excess of \$25.0 million other than any judgments covered by indemnities provided by, or insurance policies issued by, reputable and creditworthy issuers, which final judgments remain unpaid, undischarged and unstayed for a period of more than 60 days after such judgment becomes final, and in the event such judgment is covered by insurance, an enforcement proceeding has been commenced by any creditor upon such judgment or decree which is not promptly stayed (the judgment default provision ); and
  - (7) any Guarantee of the Notes ceases to be in full force and effect, other than in accordance with the terms of the indenture or a Guarantor denies or disaffirms its obligations under its Guarantee of the Notes, other than in accordance with the terms thereof or upon release of such Guarantee in accordance with the indenture.

However, a default under clause (3) of this paragraph will not constitute an Event of Default until the Trustee or the Holders of 25% in principal amount of the outstanding Notes notify the Company of the default and the Company does not cure such default within the time specified in clause (3) of this paragraph after receipt of such notice.

If an Event of Default (other than an Event of Default described in clause (5) above with respect to the Company) occurs and is continuing, the Trustee by notice to the Company or the Holders of at least 25% in

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principal amount of the outstanding Notes by written notice to the Company and the Trustee, may, and the Trustee (subject to certain conditions) at the request of such Holders shall, declare the principal of, premium, if any, and accrued and unpaid interest, including Additional Interest, if any, on all the Notes to be due and payable. Upon such a declaration, such principal, premium and accrued and unpaid interest, including Additional Interest, if any, will be due and payable immediately. In the event of a declaration of acceleration of the Notes because an Event of Default described in clause (4) under Events of Default has occurred and is continuing, the declaration of acceleration of the Notes shall be automatically annulled if the event of default or payment default triggering such Event of Default pursuant to clause (4) shall be remedied or cured, or waived by the holders of the Indebtedness, or the Indebtedness that gave rise to such Event of Default shall have been discharged in full, in each case, within 30 days after the declaration of acceleration with respect thereto and if (1) the annulment of the acceleration of the Notes would not conflict with any judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction and (2) all existing Events of Default, except nonpayment of principal, premium or interest, including Additional Interest, if any, on the Notes that became due solely because of the acceleration of the Notes, have been cured or waived.

If an Event of Default described in clause (5) above with respect to the Company occurs and is continuing, the principal of, premium, if any, and accrued and unpaid interest, including Additional Interest, if any, on all the Notes will become and be immediately due and payable without any declaration or other act on the part of the Trustee or any Holders.

The Holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes under the indenture may waive all past or existing Defaults or Events of Default (except with respect to nonpayment of principal, premium or interest, including Additional Interest, if any) and rescind any such acceleration with respect to such Notes and its consequences if rescission would not conflict with any judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction.

If an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the Trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers under the indenture at the request or direction of any of the Holders unless such Holders have offered to the Trustee indemnity or security satisfactory to the Trustee against any fee, loss, liability or expense. Except to enforce the right to receive payment of principal or interest when due, no Holder may pursue any remedy with respect to the indenture or the Notes unless:

- (1) such Holder has previously given the Trustee written notice that an Event of Default is continuing;
- (2) Holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding Notes have requested in writing the Trustee to pursue the remedy;
- (3) such Holders have offered in writing the Trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee against any loss, liability or expense;
- (4) the Trustee has not complied with such request within 60 days after the receipt of the written request and the offer of security or indemnity; and
- (5) the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes have not given the Trustee a written direction that, in the opinion of the Trustee, is inconsistent with such request within such 60-day period.

Subject to certain restrictions, the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes are given the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or of exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee. The indenture provides that, in the event an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Trustee will be required in the exercise of its powers to use the degree of care that a prudent person would use in the conduct of its own affairs. The Trustee, however, may refuse to follow any direction that conflicts with law or the indenture or that the Trustee determines is unduly prejudicial to the rights of any other Holder or that would involve the Trustee in personal liability. Prior to taking any action under the indenture, the Trustee will be entitled to indemnification satisfactory to it against all liabilities, losses, expenses caused by taking or not taking such action.

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The indenture provides that if a Default occurs and is continuing and the Trustee is informed of such occurrence by the Company, the Trustee must give notice of the Default to the Holders within 60 days after being notified by the Company. Except in the case of a Default in the payment of principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on any Note, the Trustee may withhold notice if and so long as a committee of trust officers of the Trustee in good faith determines that withholding notice is in the interests of the Holders. The Company is required to deliver to the Trustee, within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year, an Officer s Certificate indicating whether the signers thereof know of any Default that occurred during the previous year. The Company is required to deliver to the Trustee, within 30 days after the occurrence thereof, written notice of any events of which they are aware which would constitute certain Defaults, their status and what action the Company is taking or proposes to take in respect thereof.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the indenture, the sole remedy for an Event of Default relating to the failure to comply with the reporting obligations described above under the heading Certain Covenants Reports, and for any failure to comply with the requirements of Section 314(a) of the Trust Indenture Act, will for the 365 days after the occurrence of such an Event of Default consist exclusively of the right to receive additional interest on the principal amount of the Notes at a rate equal to 0.50% per annum. This additional interest will be payable in the same manner and subject to the same terms as other interest payable under the indenture. This additional interest will accrue on all outstanding Notes from and including the date on which an Event of Default relating to a failure to comply with the reporting obligations described above under the heading Certain Covenants Reports or Section 314(a) of the Trust Indenture Act first occurs to but excluding the 365th day thereafter (or such earlier date on which the Event of Default relating to such reporting obligations is cured or waived). If the Event of Default resulting from such failure to comply with the reporting obligations is continuing on such 365th day, such additional interest will cease to accrue and the Notes will be subject to the other remedies provided under the heading Events of Default.

The Notes will provide for the Trustee to take action on behalf of the Holders in certain circumstances, but only if the Trustee is indemnified to its satisfaction. It may not be possible for the Trustee to take certain actions in relation to the Notes and, accordingly, in such circumstances the Trustee will be unable to take action, notwithstanding the provision of an indemnity to it, and it will be for Holders to take action directly.

### **Amendments and Waivers**

Subject to certain exceptions, the Note Documents may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified with the consent of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Notes then outstanding (including consents obtained in connection with a purchase of, or tender offer or exchange offer for, such Notes) and, subject to certain exceptions, any default or compliance with any provisions thereof may be waived with the consent of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Notes then outstanding (including consents obtained in connection with a purchase of, or tender offer or exchange offer for, such Notes). However an amendment or waiver may not, with respect to any such Notes held by a non-consenting Holder:

- (1) reduce the principal amount of such Notes whose Holders must consent to an amendment;
- (2) reduce the stated rate of or extend the stated time for payment of interest on any such Note (other than provisions relating to Change of Control and Asset Dispositions);
- (3) reduce the principal of or extend the Stated Maturity of any such Note;
- (4) reduce the premium payable upon the redemption of any such Note or change the time at which any such Note may be redeemed, in each case as described above under Optional Redemption;
- (5) make any such Note payable in money other than that stated in such Note;
- (6) impair the right of any Holder to receive payment of principal of and interest on such Holder s Notes on or after the due dates therefor or to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment on or with respect to such Holder s Notes;

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- (7) waive a Default or Event of Default with respect to the nonpayment of principal, premium or interest (except pursuant to a rescission of acceleration of the Notes by the Holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of such Notes and a waiver of the payment default that resulted from such acceleration); or
- (8) make any change in the amendment or waiver provisions which require the Holders consent described in this sentence. Notwithstanding the foregoing, without the consent of any Holder, the Company, the Trustee and the other parties thereto, as applicable, may amend or supplement any Note Documents to:
  - (1) cure any ambiguity, omission, mistake, defect, error or inconsistency, conform any provision to this Description of the Notes, or reduce the minimum denomination of the Notes;
  - (2) provide for the assumption by a successor Person of the obligations of the Company under any Note Document;
  - (3) provide for uncertificated Notes in addition to or in place of certificated Notes;
  - (4) add to the covenants or provide for a Guarantee for the benefit of the Holders or surrender any right or power conferred upon the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary;
  - (5) make any change that does not adversely affect the rights of any Holder in any material respect;
  - (6) make such provisions as necessary (as determined in good faith by the Company) for the issuance of Exchange Notes and/or Additional Notes;
  - (7) to provide for any Restricted Subsidiary to provide a Guarantee in accordance with the Covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness, to add Guarantees with respect to the Notes, to add security to or for the benefit of the Notes, or to confirm and evidence the release, termination, discharge or retaking of any Guarantee or Lien with respect to or securing the Notes when such release, termination, discharge or retaking is provided for under the indenture;
  - (8) to evidence and provide for the acceptance and appointment under the indenture of a successor Trustee pursuant to the requirements thereof or to provide for the accession by the Trustee to any Note Document; or
  - (9) to make any amendment to the provisions of the indenture relating to the transfer and legending of Notes as permitted by the indenture, including, without limitation, to facilitate the issuance and administration of Notes; *provided*, *however*, that (i) compliance with the indenture as so amended would not result in Notes being transferred in violation of the Securities Act or any applicable securities law and (ii) such amendment does not materially and adversely affect the rights of Holders to transfer Notes.

The consent of the Holders is not necessary under the indenture to approve the particular form of any proposed amendment of any Note Document. It is sufficient if such consent approves the substance of the proposed amendment. A consent to any amendment or waiver under the indenture by any Holder of Notes given in connection with a tender of such Holder s Notes will not be rendered invalid by such tender.

#### **Defeasance**

The Company at any time may terminate all obligations of the Company under the Notes and the indenture ( legal defeasance ) and cure all then existing Defaults and Events of Default, except for certain obligations, including those respecting the defeasance trust, the rights, powers, trusts, duties, immunities and indemnities of the Trustee and the obligations of the Company in connection therewith and obligations concerning issuing temporary Notes, registrations of Notes, mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Notes and the maintenance of an office or agency for payment and money for security payments held in trust.

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The Company at any time may terminate its obligations under the covenants described under Certain Covenants (other than clauses (1) and (2) of Merger and Consolidation ) and Change of Control and the default provisions relating to such covenants described under Events of Defau above, the operation of the cross-default upon a payment default, the cross acceleration provisions, the bankruptcy provisions with respect to the Company and Significant Subsidiaries, the judgment default provision and the guarantee provision described under Events of Default above ( covenant defeasance ).

The Company at its option at any time may exercise its legal defeasance option notwithstanding its prior exercise of its covenant defeasance option. If the Company exercises its legal defeasance option, payment of the Notes may not be accelerated because of an Event of Default with respect to the Notes. If the Company exercises its covenant defeasance option with respect to the Notes, payment of the Notes may not be accelerated because of an Event of Default specified in clause (3), (4), (5) (with respect only to the Company and Significant Subsidiaries), (6) or (7) under Events of Default above.

In order to exercise either defeasance option, the Company must irrevocably deposit in trust (the *defeasance trust*) with the Trustee cash in dollars or U.S. Government Obligations or a combination thereof for the payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest on the Notes to redemption or maturity, as the case may be, and must comply with certain other conditions, including delivery to the Trustee of:

- (1) an Opinion of Counsel in the United States stating that Holders of the Notes will not recognize income, gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a result of such deposit and defeasance and will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the same amounts and in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such deposit and defeasance had not occurred (and in the case of legal defeasance only, such Opinion of Counsel in the United States must be based on a ruling of the U.S. Internal Revenue Service or change in applicable U.S. federal income tax law since the issuance of the Notes);
- (2) an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that, as of the date of such opinion and subject to customary assumptions and exclusions, following the deposit, the trust funds will not be subject to the effect of Section 547 of Title 11 of the United States Code, as amended;
- (3) an Officer s Certificate stating that the deposit was not made by the Company with the intent of defeating, hindering, delaying, defrauding or preferring any creditors of the Company; and
- (4) an Officer's Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel (which opinion of counsel may be subject to customary assumptions and exclusions), each stating that that all conditions precedent provided for or relating to legal defeasance or covenant defeasance, as the case may be, have been complied with.

### Satisfaction and Discharge

The indenture will be discharged and cease to be of further effect (except as to surviving rights of conversion or transfer or exchange of the Notes, as expressly provided for in the indenture) as to all outstanding Notes when (1) either (a) all the Notes previously authenticated and delivered (other than certain lost, stolen or destroyed Notes and certain Notes for which provision for payment was previously made and thereafter the funds have been released to the Company) have been delivered to the Trustee for cancellation; or (b) all Notes not previously delivered to the Trustee for cancellation (i) have become due and payable, (ii) will become due and payable at their Stated Maturity within one year or (iii) are to be called for redemption within one year under arrangements satisfactory to the trustee for the giving of notice of redemption by the Trustee in the name, and at the expense, of the Company; (2) the Company has deposited or caused to be deposited with the Trustee, money or U.S. Government Obligations, or a combination thereof, as applicable, in an amount sufficient to pay and discharge the entire indebtedness on the Notes not previously delivered to the Trustee for cancellation, for principal, premium, if any, and interest to the date of deposit (in the case of Notes that have become due and payable), or to the Stated Maturity or redemption date, as the case may be; (3) the Company has paid or caused to be paid all other sums payable under the indenture; and (4) the Company has delivered to the Trustee an Officer s Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel each to the effect that all conditions precedent under the

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and Discharge section of the indenture relating to the satisfaction and discharge of the indenture have been complied with; *provided* that any such counsel may rely on any Officer s Certificate as to matters of fact (including as to compliance with the foregoing clauses (1), (2) and (3)).

### No Personal Liability of Directors, Officers, Employees and Shareholders

No director, officer, employee, incorporator or shareholder of the Company or any of their respective Subsidiaries or Affiliates, as such, shall have any liability for any obligations of the Company under the Note Documents or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each Holder by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Notes. Such waiver may not be effective to waive liabilities under the U.S. federal securities laws and it is the view of the SEC that such a waiver is against public policy.

### **Concerning the Trustee and Certain Agents**

The Bank of New York Mellon is the Trustee under the indenture. The indenture provides that, except during the continuance of an Event of Default, the Trustee will perform only such duties as are set forth specifically in such indenture. During the existence of an Event of Default, the Trustee will exercise such of the rights and powers vested in it under the indenture and use the same degree of care that a prudent Person would use in conducting its own affairs. The permissive rights of the Trustee to take or refrain from taking any action enumerated in the indenture will not be construed as an obligation or duty.

The indenture imposes certain limitations on the rights of the Trustee, should it become a creditor of the Company, to obtain payment of claims in certain cases, or to realize on certain property received in respect of any such claim as security or otherwise. The Trustee will be permitted to engage in other transactions with the Company and its respective Affiliates and Subsidiaries.

The indenture sets out the terms under which the Trustee may retire or be removed, and replaced. Such terms includes, among others, (1) that the Trustee may be removed at any time by the Holders of a majority in principal amount of then outstanding Notes, or may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Company and (2) that if the Trustee at any time (a) has or acquires a conflict of interest that is not eliminated, (b) fails to meet certain minimum limits regarding the aggregate of its capital and surplus or (c) becomes incapable of acting as Trustee or becomes insolvent or bankrupt, then the Company may remove the Trustee, or any Holder who has been a bona fide Holder for not less than 6 months may petition any court for removal of the Trustee and appointment of a successor Trustee.

Any removal or resignation of the Trustee shall not become effective until the acceptance of appointment by the successor Trustee.

The indenture contains provisions for the indemnification of the Trustee for any loss, liability, taxes and expenses incurred without negligence, willful misconduct or bad faith on its part, arising out of or in connection with the acceptance or administration of the indenture.

### Notices

All notices to Holders of Notes will be validly given if mailed to them at their respective addresses in the register of the Holders of the Notes, if any, maintained by the Registrar. For so long as any Notes are represented by Global Notes, all notices to Holders of the Notes will be delivered to DTC, delivery of which shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements of this paragraph, which will give such notices to the Holders of Book-Entry Interests.

Each such notice shall be deemed to have been given on the date of such publication or, if published more than once on different dates, on the first date on which publication is made; *provided* that, if notices are mailed, such notice shall be deemed to have been given on the later of such publication and the seventh day after being so

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mailed. Any notice or communication mailed to a Holder shall be mailed to such Person by first-class mail or other equivalent means and shall be sufficiently given to him if so mailed within the time prescribed. Failure to mail a notice or communication to a Holder or any defect in it shall not affect its sufficiency with respect to other Holders. If a notice or communication is mailed in the manner provided above, it is duly given, whether or not the addressee receives it.

### Prescription

Subject to applicable law, claims against the Company for the payment of principal, or premium, if any, on the Notes will be prescribed 10 years after the applicable due date for payment thereof. Subject to applicable law, claims against the Company for the payment of interest on the Notes will be prescribed five years after the applicable due date for payment of interest.

### **Governing Law**

The indenture and the Notes, including any Note Guarantees, and the rights and duties of the parties thereunder is governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

#### **Certain Definitions**

2014 Notes means the (1) the 7% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2014 issued pursuant to an Indenture, dated as of December 30, 2003, among the Company, Mission, as initial guarantor, and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee, as supplemented or amended to date, and (2) the 7% Senior Subordinated PIK Notes due 2014 issued pursuant to an Indenture, dated as of March 30, 2009, among the Company, Mission, as initial guarantor, and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee, as supplemented or amended to date.

2017 Notes means the 8.875% Senior Secured Second Lien Notes due 2017 issued pursuant to an Indenture, dated as of April 19, 2010, among the Company, Mission, the guarantors party thereto, and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee and collateral agent.

ABRY means, collectively, ABRY Broadcast Partners III, L.P. and ABRY Partners, LLC, and funds or partnerships related to, or managed or advised by any of them or any Affiliate of any of them.

Acquired Indebtedness means Indebtedness (1) of a Person or any of its Subsidiaries existing at the time such Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary, or (2) assumed in connection with the acquisition of assets from such Person, in each case whether or not Incurred by such Person in connection with such Person becoming a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company or such acquisition or (3) of a Person at the time such Person merges with or into or consolidates or otherwise combines with the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary. Acquired Indebtedness shall be deemed to have been Incurred, with respect to clause (1) of the preceding sentence, on the date such Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary and, with respect to clause (2) of the preceding sentence, on the date of consummation of such acquisition of assets and, with respect to clause (3) of the preceding sentence, on the date of the relevant merger, consolidation or other combination.

Acquisition means the acquisition of certain television station assets and Inergize Digital media operations from Newport Television LLC and Newport Television License LLC by the Company and Mission.

Acquisition Debt means Indebtedness the proceeds of which are utilized solely to (x) acquire all or substantially all of the assets or a majority of the Voting Stock of an existing television broadcasting business franchise or station or (y) finance an LMA (including to repay or refinance Indebtedness or other obligations incurred in connection with such acquisition or LMA, as the case may be, and to pay related fees and expenses).

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Additional Assets means:

- (1) any property or assets (other than Capital Stock) used or to be used by the Company, a Restricted Subsidiary or otherwise useful in a Similar Business (it being understood that capital expenditures on property or assets already used in a Similar Business or to replace any property or assets that are the subject of such Asset Disposition shall be deemed an investment in Additional Assets);
- (2) the Capital Stock of a Person that is engaged in a Similar Business and becomes a Restricted Subsidiary as a result of the acquisition of such Capital Stock by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company; or
- (3) Capital Stock constituting a minority interest in any Person that at such time is a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company. *Additional Interest* means all additional interest then owning pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement.

Affiliate of any specified Person means any other Person, directly or indirectly, controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified Person. For the purposes of this definition, control when used with respect to any Person means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms controlling and controlled have meanings correlative to the foregoing.

Applicable Premium means the greater of (A) 1.0% of the principal amount of such Note and (B) on any redemption date, the excess (to the extent positive) of:

- (a) the present value at such redemption date of (i) the redemption price of such Note at November 15, 2015 (such redemption price (expressed in percentage of principal amount) being set forth in the table under Optional Redemption (excluding accrued but unpaid interest)), plus (ii) all required interest payments due on such Note to and including such date set forth in clause (i) (excluding accrued but unpaid interest), computed upon the redemption date using a discount rate equal to the Treasury Rate at such redemption date plus 50 basis points; over
- (b) the then outstanding principal amount of such Note; in each case, as calculated by the Company or on behalf of the Company by such Person as the Company shall designate.

Asset Disposition means:

- (a) the sale, conveyance, transfer or other disposition, whether in a single transaction or a series of related transactions, of property or assets (including by way of a Sale and Leaseback Transaction) of the Company (other than Capital Stock of the Company) or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries (each referred to in this definition as a *disposition*); or
- (b) the issuance or sale of Capital Stock of any Restricted Subsidiary (other than Preferred Stock or Disqualified Stock of Restricted Subsidiaries issued in compliance with the covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness or directors qualifying shares and shares issued to foreign nationals as required under applicable law), whether in a single transaction or a series of related transactions;

in each case, other than:

(1) a disposition by a Restricted Subsidiary to the Company or by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary to a Restricted Subsidiary;

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(2)	a disposition of cash, Cash Equivalents;
(3)	a disposition of inventory or other assets in the ordinary course of business;
(4)	a disposition of obsolete, surplus or worn out equipment or other assets or equipment or other assets that are no longer useful in the conduct of the business of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries;
(5)	transactions permitted under Certain Covenants Merger and Consolidation The Company or a transaction that constitutes a Change of Control;
(6)	an issuance of Capital Stock by a Restricted Subsidiary to the Company or to another Restricted Subsidiary or as part of or pursuant to an equity incentive or compensation plan approved by the Board of Directors;
(7)	any dispositions of Capital Stock, properties or assets in a single transaction or series of related transactions with a fair market value (as determined in good faith by the Company) of less than \$15.0 million;
(8)	any Restricted Payment that is permitted to be made, and is made, under the covenant described above under Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments and the making of any Permitted Payment or Permitted Investment or, solely for purposes of clause (3) of the first paragraph under Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock, asset sales, the proceeds of which are used to make such Restricted Payments or Permitted Investments;
(9)	dispositions in connection with Permitted Liens;
(10)	dispositions of receivables in connection with the compromise, settlement or collection thereof in the ordinary course of business or in bankruptcy or similar proceedings;
(11)	the licensing or sub-licensing of intellectual property or other general intangibles and licenses, sub-licenses, leases or subleases of other property, in each case, in the ordinary course of business;
(12)	foreclosure, condemnation or any similar action with respect to any property or other assets;
(13)	the sale or discount (with or without recourse, and on customary or commercially reasonable terms and for credit management purposes) of accounts receivable or notes receivable arising in the ordinary course of business, or the conversion or exchange of accounts receivable for notes receivable;
(14)	any disposition of Capital Stock, Indebtedness or other securities of an Unrestricted Subsidiary;

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(15) any disposition of Capital Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary pursuant to an agreement or other obligation with or to a Person (other than the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary) from whom such Restricted Subsidiary was acquired, or from whom such Restricted Subsidiary acquired its business and assets (having been newly formed in connection with such acquisition), made as part of such

acquisition and in each case comprising all or a portion of the consideration in respect of such sale or acquisition;

- (16) to the extent allowable under Section 1031 of the Code, any exchange of like property (excluding any boot thereon) for use in a Similar Business;
- (17) any financing transaction with respect to property constructed, acquired, replaced, repaired or improved (including any reconstruction, refurbishment, renovation and/or development of real property) by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary after the Issue Date, including Sale and Leaseback Transactions and asset securitizations, permitted by the indenture;
- (18) any surrender or waiver of contract rights or the settlement, release or surrender of contract, tort or other claims of any kind; and
- (19) any disposition of any Non-Core Asset.

Associate means (i) any Person engaged in a Similar Business of which the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries are the legal and beneficial owners of between 20% and 50% of all outstanding Voting Stock and (ii) any joint venture entered into by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company.

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Board of Directors means (1) with respect to the Company or any corporation, the board of directors or managers, as applicable, of the corporation, or any duly authorized committee thereof; (2) with respect to any partnership, the board of directors or other governing body of the general partner of the partnership or any duly authorized committee thereof; and (3) with respect to any other Person, the board or any duly authorized committee of such Person serving a similar function. Whenever any provision requires any action or determination to be made by, or any approval of, a Board of Directors, such action, determination or approval shall be deemed to have been taken or made if approved by a majority of the directors on any such Board of Directors (whether or not such action or approval is taken as part of a formal board meeting or as a formal board approval).

Business Day means each day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which banking institutions in New York, New York, or the place of payment on the Notes in the United States are authorized or required by law to close.

Capital Stock of any Person means any and all shares of, rights to purchase, warrants, options or depositary receipts for, or other equivalents of or partnership or other interests in (however designated), equity of such Person, including any Preferred Stock, but excluding any debt securities convertible into such equity.

Capitalized Lease Obligations means an obligation that is required to be classified and accounted for as a capitalized lease for financial reporting purposes on the basis of GAAP. The amount of Indebtedness represented by such obligation will be the capitalized amount of such obligation at the time any determination thereof is to be made as determined on the basis of GAAP, and the Stated Maturity thereof will be the date of the last payment of rent or any other amount due under such lease prior to the first date such lease may be terminated without penalty.

Cash Equivalents means:

- (1) (a) United States dollars or (b) any other foreign currency held by the Company and the Restricted Subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business;
- (2) securities issued or directly and fully Guaranteed or insured by the United States or Canadian governments or, in each case, any agency or instrumentality of thereof (*provided* that the full faith and credit of such country is pledged in support thereof), having maturities of not more than two years from the date of acquisition;
- (3) certificates of deposit, time deposits, eurodollar time deposits, overnight bank deposits or bankers acceptances having maturities of not more than one year from the date of acquisition thereof issued by any lender to the Credit Agreements or by any bank or trust company (a) whose commercial paper is rated at least A-2 or the equivalent thereof by S&P or at least P-2 or the equivalent thereof by Moody s (or if at the time neither is issuing comparable ratings, then a comparable rating of another Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization) or (b) (in the event that the bank or trust company does not have commercial paper which is rated) having combined capital and surplus in excess of \$100 million;
- (4) repurchase obligations for underlying securities of the types described in clauses (2) and (3) entered into with any bank meeting the qualifications specified in clause (3) above;
- (5) commercial paper rated at the time of acquisition thereof at least A-2 or the equivalent thereof by S&P or P-2 or the equivalent thereof by Moody s or carrying an equivalent rating by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization, if both of the two named rating agencies cease publishing ratings of investments or, if no rating is available in respect of the commercial paper, the issuer of which has an equivalent rating in respect of its long-term debt, and in any case maturing within one year after the date of acquisition thereof;

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- (6) readily marketable direct obligations issued by any state of the United States of America, any province of Canada or any political subdivision thereof, in each case, having one of the two highest rating categories obtainable from either Moody s or S&P (or, if at the time, neither is issuing comparable ratings, then a comparable rating of another Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization) with maturities of not more than two years from the date of acquisition; and
- (7) interests in any investment company, money market or enhanced high yield fund which invests 95% or more of its assets in instruments of the type specified in clauses (1) through (6) above.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Cash Equivalents shall include amounts denominated in currencies other than those set forth in clause (1) above, *provided* that such amounts are converted into any currency listed in clause (1) as promptly as practicable and in any event within 10 Business Days following the receipt of such amounts.

Cash Management Services means any of the following to the extent not constituting a line of credit (other than an overnight draft facility that is not in default): ACH transactions, treasury and/or cash management services, including, without limitation, controlled disbursement services, overdraft facilities, foreign exchange facilities, deposit and other accounts and merchant services.

Change of Control means:

- (1) the Company becomes aware of (by way of a report or any other filing pursuant to Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act, proxy, vote, written notice or otherwise) any person or group of related persons (as such terms are used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act as in effect on the Issue Date), other than one or more Permitted Holders, is or becomes the beneficial owner (as defined in Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 under the Exchange Act as in effect on the Issue Date), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the total voting power of the Voting Stock of the Company;
- (2) the sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (other than by way of merger, consolidation or other business combination transaction), in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries taken as a whole to a Person, other than a Restricted Subsidiary or one or more Permitted Holders; or
- (3) the adoption of a plan relating to the liquidation or dissolution of the Company. Change of Control Repurchase Event means the occurrence of both a Change of Control and a Ratings Event.

Code means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

Consolidated Depreciation and Amortization Expense means, with respect to any Person for any period, the total amount of depreciation and amortization expense, including amortization of deferred financing fees of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries for such period on a consolidated basis and otherwise determined in accordance with GAAP.

Consolidated EBITDA for any period means the Consolidated Net Income for such period:

- (1) increased (without duplication) by:
  - (a) provision for taxes based on income or profits or capital, including, without limitation, state, franchise and similar taxes and foreign withholding taxes of such Person paid or accrued during such period deducted (and not added back) in computing Consolidated Net Income; *plus*

(b)

Fixed Charges of such Person for such period (including (x) net losses on Hedging Obligations or other derivative instruments entered into for the purpose of hedging interest rate risk and (y) costs

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of surety bonds in connection with financing activities, plus amounts excluded from the definition of Consolidated Interest Expense pursuant to clauses (w), (x) and (y) in clause (1) thereof, to the extent the same were deducted (and not added back) in calculating such Consolidated Net Income; *plus* 

- (c) Consolidated Depreciation and Amortization Expense of such Person for such period to the extent the same were deducted (and not added back) in computing Consolidated Net Income; *plus*
- (d) any expenses or charges (other than depreciation or amortization expense) related to any Equity Offering, Permitted Investment, acquisition, disposition, recapitalization or the incurrence of Indebtedness permitted to be incurred by the indenture (including a refinancing thereof) (whether or not successful), including (i) such fees, expenses or charges related to the offering of the Notes and the Credit Agreements, and (ii) any amendment or other modification of the Notes or the Credit Agreements, in each case, deducted (and not added back) in computing Consolidated Net Income; *plus*
- (e) other than for the purpose of determining the amount available for Restricted Payments under clause (c)(1) of the first paragraph of the covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments, the amount of any restructuring charge or reserve, integration cost or other business optimization expense or cost associated with establishing new facilities that is deducted (and not added back) in such period in computing Consolidated Net Income, including any one-time costs incurred in connection with acquisitions after the Issue Date and costs related to the closure and/or consolidation of facilities; *provided* that the aggregate amount of cash charges and cash costs that are included in this clause (e) shall not exceed 10% of Consolidated EBITDA in any four quarter period; *plus*
- (f) any other non-cash charges, write-downs, expenses, losses or items reducing Consolidated Net Income for such period including any impairment charges or the impact of purchase accounting, (excluding any such non-cash charge, write-down or item to the extent it represents an accrual or reserve for a cash expenditure for a future period) less other non-cash items of income increasing Consolidated Net Income (excluding any such non-cash item of income to the extent it represents a receipt of cash in any future period); plus
- (g) other than for the purpose of determining the amount available for Restricted Payments under clause (c)(1) of the first paragraph of the covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments, the amount of net cost savings or any contractual retransmission revenue projected by the Company in good faith to be realized in connection with any Investment, acquisition, disposition, merger, consolidation, reorganization or restructuring (each, a *Specified Transaction*), taken or initiated prior to or during such period (calculated on a pro forma basis as though such cost savings had been realized on the first day of such period), net of the amount of actual benefits realized or expected to be realized prior to or during such period from such actions; *provided* that (x) such cost savings are reasonably identifiable and factually supportable, (y) such actions have been taken or will be taken within 12 months of the date of such Specified Transaction, and (z) the aggregate amount of such cost savings that are included in this clause (g) shall not (1) in the case of any cost savings in connection with any reorganization or restructuring, exceed \$5.0 million in any four quarter period and (2) in all other cases, exceed 10% of Consolidated EBITDA in any single Specified Transaction and shall not exceed 20% of Consolidated EBITDA in any four quarter period; *plus*
- (h) any costs or expense incurred by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary pursuant to any management equity plan or stock option plan or any other management or employee benefit plan or agreement or any stock subscription or shareholder agreement, to the extent that such cost or expenses are funded with cash proceeds contributed to the capital of the Company or net cash proceeds of an issuance of Equity Interest of the Company (other than Disqualified Stock) solely

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- to the extent that such net cash proceeds are excluded from the calculation set forth in clause (3) of the first paragraph under Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments , *plus*
- (i) cash receipts (or any netting arrangements resulting in reduced cash expenditures) not representing Consolidated EBITDA or Net Income in any period to the extent non-cash gains relating to such income were deducted in the calculation of Consolidated EBITDA pursuant to clause (2) below for any previous period and not added back; *plus*
- (j) any net loss included in the consolidated financial statements due to the application of Accounting Standard Codification Topic 810 and related pronouncements; *plus*
- (k) realized foreign exchange losses resulting from the impact of foreign currency changes on the valuation of assets or liabilities on the balance sheet of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries; and
- (l) net realized losses from Hedging Obligations or embedded derivatives that require similar accounting treatment and the application of Accounting Standard Codification Topic 815 and related pronouncements;
- (2) decreased (without duplication) by: (a) (i) non-cash gains increasing Consolidated Net Income of such Person for such period, excluding any non-cash gains to the extent they represent the reversal of an accrual or reserve for a potential cash item that reduced Consolidated EBITDA in any prior period, (ii) any non-cash gains with respect to cash actually received in a prior period so long as such cash did not increase Consolidated EBITDA in such prior period and (iii) programming rights payments made during such prior period; plus (b) realized foreign exchange income or gains resulting from the impact of foreign currency changes on the valuation of assets or liabilities on the balance sheet of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries; plus (c) any net realized income or gains from Hedging Obligations or embedded derivatives that require similar accounting treatment and the application of Accounting Standard Codification Topic 815 and related pronouncements, plus (d) any net income included in the consolidated financial statements due to the application of Accounting Standard Codification Topic 810 and related pronouncements; and
- (3) increased or decreased (without duplication) by, as applicable, any adjustments resulting for the application of Accounting Standards Codification Topic 460 or any comparable regulation.

Consolidated Interest Expense means, with respect to any Person for any period, without duplication, the sum of:

- (1) consolidated interest expense of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries for such period, to the extent such expense was deducted (and not added back) in computing Consolidated Net Income (including (a) amortization of original issue discount resulting from the issuance of Indebtedness at less than par, (b) all commissions, discounts and other fees and charges owed with respect to letters of credit or bankers acceptances, (c) non-cash interest payments (but excluding any non-cash interest expense attributable to the movement in the mark to market valuation of Hedging Obligations or other derivative instruments pursuant to GAAP), (d) the interest component of Capitalized Lease Obligations, and (e) net payments, if any, pursuant to interest rate Hedging Obligations with respect to Indebtedness, and excluding (v) accretion or accrual of discounted liabilities other than Indebtedness, (w) any expense resulting from the discounting of any Indebtedness in connection with the application of purchase accounting in connection with any acquisition, (x) amortization of deferred financing fees, debt issuance costs, commissions, fees and expenses, (y) any expensing of bridge, commitment and other financing fees, and (z) interest with respect to Indebtedness of any Parent of such Person appearing upon the balance sheet of such Person solely by reason of push-down accounting under GAAP); plus
- (2) consolidated capitalized interest of such Person and its Restricted Subsidiaries for such period, whether paid or accrued; less

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(3) interest income for such period.

For purposes of this definition, interest on a Capitalized Lease Obligation shall be deemed to accrue at an interest rate reasonably determined by such Person to be the rate of interest implicit in such Capitalized Lease Obligation in accordance with GAAP.

Consolidated Net Income means, for any period, the net income (loss) of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries determined on a consolidated basis on the basis of GAAP; provided, however, that there will not be included in such Consolidated Net Income:

- (1) subject to the limitations contained in clause (3) below, any net income (loss) of any Person if such Person is not a Restricted Subsidiary, except that the Company s equity in the net income of any such Person for such period will be included in such Consolidated Net Income up to the aggregate amount of cash or Cash Equivalents actually distributed by such Person during such period to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary as a dividend or other distribution or return on investment (subject, in the case of a dividend or other distribution or return on investment to a Restricted Subsidiary, to the limitations contained in clause (2) below);
- (2) solely for the purpose of determining the amount available for Restricted Payments under clause (c)(i) of the first paragraph of the covenant described under Certain Covenants—Limitation on Restricted Payments,—any net income (loss) of any Restricted Subsidiary (other than Guarantors) if such Subsidiary is subject to restrictions, directly or indirectly, on the payment of dividends or the making of distributions by such Restricted Subsidiary, directly or indirectly, to the Company or a Guarantor by operation of the terms of such Restricted Subsidiary—s charter or any agreement, instrument, judgment, decree, order, statute or governmental rule or regulation applicable to such Restricted Subsidiary or its shareholders (other than (a) restrictions that have been waived or otherwise released, (b) restrictions pursuant to the Notes or the indenture), except that the Company—s equity in the net income of any such Restricted Subsidiary for such period will be included in such Consolidated Net Income up to the aggregate amount of cash or Cash Equivalents actually distributed or that could have been distributed by such Restricted Subsidiary during such period to the Company or another Restricted Subsidiary as a dividend or other distribution (subject, in the case of a dividend to another Restricted Subsidiary, to the limitation contained in this clause);
- (3) any net gain (or loss) realized upon the sale or other disposition of any asset or disposed operations of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiaries (including pursuant to any sale/leaseback transaction) which is not sold or otherwise disposed of in the ordinary course of business (as determined in good faith by an Officer or the Board of Directors of the Company);
- (4) any extraordinary, exceptional, unusual or nonrecurring gain, loss, charge or expense or any charges, expenses or reserves in respect of any restructuring, redundancy or severance expense;
- (5) the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principles;
- (6) any (i) non-cash compensation charge or expense arising from any grant of stock, stock options or other equity based awards and any non-cash deemed finance charges in respect of any pension liabilities or other provisions and (ii) income (loss) attributable to deferred compensation plans or trusts shall be excluded;
- (7) all deferred financing costs written off and premiums paid or other expenses incurred directly in connection with any early extinguishment of Indebtedness and any net gain (loss) from any write-off or forgiveness of Indebtedness;
- (8) any unrealized gains or losses in respect of Hedging Obligations or any ineffectiveness recognized in earnings related to qualifying hedge transactions or the fair value of changes therein recognized in earnings for derivatives that do not qualify as hedge transactions, in each case, in respect of Hedging Obligations;

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- (9) any unrealized foreign currency transaction gains or losses in respect of Indebtedness of any Person denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of such Person and any unrealized foreign exchange gains or losses relating to translation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies;
- (10) any unrealized foreign currency translation or transaction gains or losses in respect of Indebtedness or other obligations of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary owing to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary;
- (11) any purchase accounting effects including, but not limited to, adjustments to inventory, property and equipment, software and other intangible assets and deferred revenue in component amounts required or permitted by GAAP and related authoritative pronouncements (including the effects of such adjustments pushed down to the Company and the Restricted Subsidiaries), as a result of any consummated acquisition, or the amortization or write-off of any amounts thereof (including any write-off of in process research and development);
- (12) any goodwill or other intangible asset impairment charge or write-off;
- (13) any after-tax effect of income (loss) from the early extinguishment or cancellation of Indebtedness or Hedging Obligations or other derivative instruments shall be excluded:
- (14) accruals and reserves that are established within twelve months after the Issue Date that are so required to be established as a result of the Transactions in accordance with GAAP, shall be excluded:
- (15) any net unrealized gains and losses resulting from Hedging Obligations or embedded derivatives that require similar accounting treatment and the application of Accounting Standards Codification Topic 815 and related pronouncements shall be excluded; and
- (16) the amount of any expense to the extent a corresponding amount is received in cash by the Company and the Restricted Subsidiaries from a Person other than the Company or any Restricted Subsidiaries under any agreement providing for reimbursement of any such expense, provided such reimbursement payment has not been included in determining Consolidated Net Income (it being understood that if the amounts received in cash under any such agreement in any period exceed the amount of expense in respect of such period, such excess amounts received may be carried forward and applied against expense in future periods).

Consolidated Secured Leverage means the sum of the aggregate outstanding Secured Indebtedness for borrowed money, obligations in respect of Capitalized Lease Obligations, letters of credit (only to the extent of any unreimbursed drawings thereunder), debt obligations evidenced by promissory notes and similar instruments and any Guarantees in respect of any of the foregoing of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries.

Consolidated Secured Leverage Ratio means, as of any date of determination, the ratio of (x) Consolidated Secured Leverage at such date to (y) the aggregate amount of Consolidated EBITDA for the period of the most recent four consecutive fiscal quarters ending prior to the date of such determination for which internal consolidated financial statements of the Company are available, in each case with such *pro forma* adjustments as are consistent with the *pro forma* adjustments set forth in the definition of Leverage Ratio; *provided* that, for the purpose of determining Consolidated Secured Leverage, the aggregate amount of cash and Cash Equivalents of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries shall be determined without giving *pro forma* effect to the proceeds of Indebtedness incurred on such date.

Consolidated Total Indebtedness means, as at any date of determination, an amount equal to the sum of (1) the aggregate amount of all outstanding Indebtedness of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis consisting of Indebtedness for borrowed money, obligations in respect of Capitalized Lease Obligations, letters of credit (only to the extent of any unreimbursed drawings thereunder), debt obligations evidenced by promissory notes and similar instruments and any Guarantees in respect of any of the foregoing,

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and (2) the aggregate amount of all outstanding Disqualified Stock of the Company and all Disqualified Stock and Preferred Stock of its Restricted Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, with the amount of such Disqualified Stock and Preferred Stock equal to the greater of their respective voluntary or involuntary liquidation preferences and maximum fixed repurchase prices, in each case determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP; provided that Indebtedness of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries under any revolving credit facility or line of credit as at any date of determination shall be determined using the Average Quarterly Balance of such Indebtedness for the most recently ended four fiscal quarters for which internal financial statements are available as of such date of determination (the Reference Period ). For purposes hereof, (a) the maximum fixed repurchase price of any Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock that does not have a fixed repurchase price shall be calculated in accordance with the terms of such Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock as if such Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock were purchased on any date on which Consolidated Total Indebtedness shall be required to be determined pursuant to the indenture, and if such price is based upon, or measured by, the fair market value of such Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock, such fair market value shall be determined reasonably and in good faith by the Company, (b) Average Quarterly Balance means, with respect to any Indebtedness incurred by the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries under a revolving facility or line of credit, the quotient of (x) the sum of each Individual Quarterly Balance for each fiscal quarter ended on or prior to such date of determination and included in the Reference Period divided by (y) 4, and (c) Individual Quarterly Balance means, with respect to any Indebtedness incurred by the Company or its Restricted Subsidiaries under a revolving credit facility or line of credit during any fiscal quarter of the Company, the quotient of (x) the sum of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of all such Indebtedness at the end of each day of such quarter divided by (y) the number of days in such fiscal quarter.

Contingent Obligations means, with respect to any Person, any obligation of such Person guaranteeing in any manner, whether directly or indirectly, any operating lease, dividend or other obligation that does not constitute Indebtedness ( primary obligations ) of any other Person (the primary obligor ), including any obligation of such Person, whether or not contingent:

- (1) to purchase any such primary obligation or any property constituting direct or indirect security therefor;
- (2) to advance or supply funds:
  - (a) for the purchase or payment of any such primary obligation; or
  - (b) to maintain the working capital or equity capital of the primary obligor or otherwise to maintain the net worth or solvency of the primary obligor; or
- (3) to purchase property, securities or services primarily for the purpose of assuring the owner of any such primary obligation of the ability of the primary obligor to make payment of such primary obligation against loss in respect thereof.

Credit Agreements means (1) that certain Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated April 1, 2005, as amended by that certain First Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of October 18, 2005, that certain Second Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of October 8, 2009, that certain Third Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of April 19, 2010, that certain Fourth Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of April 15, 2011, that certain Fifth Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of July 29, 2011, that certain Sixth Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated September 19, 2012, and that certain Seventh Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated October 23, 2012 by and among the Company, the guarantors party thereto, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and as syndication agent, and the other lenders party thereto, together with the related documents thereto (including the revolving loans thereunder, any letters of credit and reimbursement obligations related thereto, any Guarantees and security documents), as may be further amended, extended, renewed, restated, refunded, replaced, restructured, refinanced, supplemented, modified or otherwise changed (in whole or in part, and without limitation as to amount, terms, conditions, covenants and other provisions) from time to time.

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and any one or more agreements (and related documents) governing Indebtedness, including indentures, incurred to refinance, amend, extend, renew, restate, refund, replace, restructure, supplement, modify, substitute, supplement, replace or add to (including increasing the amount available for borrowing or adding or removing any Person as a borrower, issuer or guarantor thereunder), in whole or in part, the borrowings and commitments then outstanding or permitted to be outstanding under such Credit Agreement, refinance to different lenders or one or more successors to the Credit Agreement or one or more new credit agreements; (2) that certain Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated April 1, 2005, as amended by that certain First Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of October 8, 2009, that certain Second Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of April 19, 2010, that certain Third Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of July 29, 2011, that certain Fourth Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated September 19, 2012, and that certain Fifth Amendment to Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated October 23, 2012, by and among Mission, the guarantors party thereto, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and as syndication agent, and the other lenders party thereto, together with the related documents thereto (including the revolving loans thereunder, any letters of credit and reimbursement obligations related thereto, any Guarantees and security documents), as may be further amended, extended, renewed, restated, refunded, replaced, restructured, refinanced, supplemented, modified or otherwise changed (in whole or in part, and without limitation as to amount, terms, conditions, covenants and other provisions) from time to time, and any one or more agreements (and related documents) governing Indebtedness, including indentures, incurred to refinance, amend, extend, renew, restate, refund, replace, restructure, supplement, modify, substitute, supplement, replace or add to (including increasing the amount available for borrowing or adding or removing any Person as a borrower, issuer or guarantor thereunder), in whole or in part, the borrowings and commitments then outstanding or permitted to be outstanding under such Credit Agreement, refinance to different lenders or one or more successors to the Credit Agreement or one or more new credit agreements; (3) that certain credit agreement to be entered into by and among the Company, the guarantors identified therein, the senior lenders (as identified therein), and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and collateral agent, together with the related documents thereto (including the revolving loans thereunder, any letters of credit and reimbursement obligations related thereto, any Guarantees and security documents), as amended, extended, renewed, restated, refunded, replaced, restructured, refinanced, supplemented, modified or otherwise changed (in whole or in part, and without limitation as to amount, terms, conditions, covenants and other provisions) from time to time, and any one or more agreements (and related documents) governing Indebtedness, including indentures, incurred to refinance, amend, extend, renew, restate, refund, replace, restructure, modify, substitute, supplement, replace or add to (including increasing the amount available for borrowing or adding or removing any Person as a borrower, issuer or guarantor thereunder), in whole or in part, the borrowings and commitments then outstanding or permitted to be outstanding under such Credit Agreement, refinance to different lenders or one or more successors to the Credit Agreement or one or more new credit agreements and (4) that certain credit agreement to be entered into by and among Mission, the guarantors identified therein, the senior lenders (as identified therein), and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and collateral agent, together with the related documents thereto (including the revolving loans thereunder, any letters of credit and reimbursement obligations related thereto, any Guarantees and security documents), as amended, extended, renewed, restated, refunded, replaced, restructured, refinanced, supplemented, modified or otherwise changed (in whole or in part, and without limitation as to amount, terms, conditions, covenants and other provisions) from time to time, and any one or more agreements (and related documents) governing Indebtedness, including indentures, incurred to refinance, amend, extend, renew, restate, refund, replace, restructure, modify, substitute, supplement, replace or add to (including increasing the amount available for borrowing or adding or removing any Person as a borrower, issuer or guarantor thereunder), in whole or in part, the borrowings and commitments then outstanding or permitted to be outstanding under such Credit Agreement, refinance to different lenders or one or more successors to the Credit Agreement or one or more new credit agreements.

Credit Facility means one or more debt facilities, indentures or other arrangements (including the Credit Agreements or commercial paper facilities, receivables financing and overdraft facilities) with banks, other financial institutions or investors providing for revolving credit loans, term loans, notes, receivables financing

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(including through the sale of receivables to such institutions or to special purpose entities formed to borrow from such institutions against such receivables), letters of credit or other Indebtedness, in each case, as amended, restated, modified, renewed, refunded, replaced, restructured, refinanced, repaid, increased or extended in whole or in part from time to time (and whether in whole or in part and whether or not with the original administrative agent and lenders or another administrative agent or agents or other banks or institutions and whether provided under the original Credit Agreements or one or more other credit or other agreements, indentures, financing agreements or otherwise) and in each case including all agreements, instruments and documents executed and delivered pursuant to or in connection with the foregoing (including any notes and letters of credit issued pursuant thereto and any Guarantee and collateral agreement, patent and trademark security agreement, mortgages or letter of credit applications and other Guarantees, pledges, agreements, security agreements and collateral documents). Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the term Credit Facility shall include any agreement or instrument (1) changing the maturity of any Indebtedness Incurred thereunder or contemplated thereby, (2) adding Subsidiaries of the Company or the Mission Entities as additional borrowers or guarantors thereunder, (3) increasing the amount of Indebtedness Incurred thereunder or available to be borrowed thereunder, (4) changing the administrative agent or lenders or (5) otherwise altering the terms and conditions thereof.

*Default* means any event that is, or with the passage of time or the giving of notice or both would be, an Event of Default; *provided* that any Default that results solely from the taking of an action that would have been permitted but for the continuation of a previous Default will be deemed to be cured if such previous Default is cured prior to becoming an Event of Default.

Designated Non-Cash Consideration means the fair market value (as determined in good faith by the Company) of non-cash consideration received by the Company or one of its Restricted Subsidiaries in connection with an Asset Disposition that is so designated as Designated Non-Cash Consideration pursuant to an Officer's Certificate, setting forth the basis of such valuation, less the amount of cash or Cash Equivalents received in connection with a subsequent payment, redemption, retirement, sale or other disposition of such Designated Non-Cash Consideration. A particular item of Designated Non-Cash Consideration will no longer be considered to be outstanding when and to the extent it has been paid, redeemed or otherwise retired or sold or otherwise disposed of in compliance with the covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock.

Disinterested Director means, with respect to any Affiliate Transaction, a member of the Board of Directors of the Company having no material direct or indirect financial interest in or with respect to such Affiliate Transaction. A member of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be deemed not to have such a financial interest by reason of such member s holding Capital Stock of the Company or any options, warrants or other rights in respect of such Capital Stock.

Disqualified Stock means, with respect to any Person, any Capital Stock of such Person which by its terms (or by the terms of any security into which it is convertible or for which it is exchangeable) or upon the happening of any event:

- (1) matures or is mandatorily redeemable for cash or in exchange for Indebtedness pursuant to a sinking fund obligation or otherwise; or
- (2) is or may become (in accordance with its terms) upon the occurrence of certain events or otherwise redeemable or repurchasable for cash or in exchange for Indebtedness at the option of the holder of the Capital Stock in whole or in part, in each case on or prior to the earlier of (a) the Stated Maturity of the Notes or (b) the date on which there are no Notes outstanding; *provided*, *however*, that (i) only the portion of Capital Stock which so matures or is mandatorily redeemable, is so convertible or exchangeable or is so redeemable at the option of the holder thereof prior to such date will be deemed to be Disqualified Stock and (ii) any Capital Stock that would constitute Disqualified Stock solely because the holders thereof have the right to require the Company to repurchase such

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Capital Stock upon the occurrence of a change of control or asset sale (howsoever defined or referred to) shall not constitute Disqualified Stock if any such redemption or repurchase obligation is subject to compliance by the relevant Person with the covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments; *provided, however*, that if such Capital Stock is issued to any plan for the benefit of employees of the Company or its Subsidiaries or by any such plan to such employees, such Capital Stock shall not constitute Disqualified Stock solely because it may be required to be repurchased by the Company or its Subsidiaries in order to satisfy applicable statutory or regulatory obligations.

Domestic Subsidiary means, with respect to any Person, any Restricted Subsidiary of such Person other than a Foreign Subsidiary.

DTC means The Depository Trust Company or any successor securities clearing agency.

Equity Offering means (x) a sale of Capital Stock of the Company (other than Disqualified Stock) other than offerings registered on Form S-4 or Form S-8 (or any successor form) under the Securities Act or any similar offering in other jurisdictions, or (y) the sale of Capital Stock or other securities by a Parent, the proceeds of which are contributed to the equity (other than through the issuance of Disqualified Stock or through an Excluded Contribution) of the Company.

Exchange Act means the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder, as amended.

*Exchange Notes* means the debt securities of the Company issued pursuant to the indenture in exchange for, and in an aggregate principal amount equal to, the Notes, in compliance with the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement.

Excluded Contribution means Net Cash Proceeds or property or assets received by the Company as capital contributions to the equity (other than through the issuance of Disqualified Stock) of the Company after the Issue Date or from the issuance or sale (other than to a Restricted Subsidiary or an employee stock ownership plan or trust established by the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company for the benefit of their employees to the extent funded by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary) of Capital Stock (other than Disqualified Stock) of the Company, to the extent designated as an Excluded Contribution pursuant to an Officer's Certificate of the Company.

fair market value may be conclusively established by means of an Officer s Certificate or resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Company setting out such fair market value as determined by such Officer or such Board of Directors in good faith.

FCC means the Federal Communications Commission or any governmental authority succeeding to the Federal Communications Commission.

Fixed Charges means, with respect to any Person for any period, the sum of:

- (1) Consolidated Interest Expense of such Person for such Period;
- (2) all cash dividends or other distributions paid (excluding items eliminated in consolidation) on any series of Preferred Stock of any Subsidiary of such Person during such period; and
- (3) all cash dividends or other distributions paid (excluding items eliminated in consolidation) on any series of Disqualified Stock during this period.

Foreign Subsidiary means, with respect to any Person, any Subsidiary of such Person that is not organized or existing under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia, and any Subsidiary of such Subsidiary.

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GAAP means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America as in effect on the date of any calculation or determination required hereunder. Except as otherwise set forth in the indenture, all ratios and calculations based on GAAP contained in the indenture shall be computed in accordance with GAAP. At any time after the Issue Date, the Company may elect to establish that GAAP shall mean GAAP as in effect on the date of such election; provided that any such election, once made, shall be irrevocable. At any time after the Issue Date, the Company may elect to apply IFRS accounting principles in lieu of GAAP and, upon any such election, references herein to GAAP shall thereafter be construed to mean IFRS (except as otherwise provided in the indenture), including as to the ability of the Company to make an election pursuant to the previous sentence; provided that any such election, once made, shall be irrevocable; provided, further, that any calculation or determination in the indenture that require the application of GAAP for periods that include fiscal quarters ended prior to the Company selection to apply IFRS shall remain as previously calculated or determined in accordance with GAAP; provided, further again, that the Company may only make such election if it also elects to report any subsequent financial reports required to be made by the Company, including pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act and the covenants set forth under Reports, in IFRS. The Company shall give notice of any such election made in accordance with this definition to the Trustee and the Holders.

*Guarantee* means any obligation, contingent or otherwise, of any Person directly or indirectly guaranteeing any Indebtedness of any other Person, including any such obligation, direct or indirect, contingent or otherwise, of such Person:

- (1) to purchase or pay (or advance or supply funds for the purchase or payment of) such Indebtedness of such other Person (whether arising by virtue of partnership arrangements, or by agreements to keep-well, to purchase assets, goods, securities or services, to take-or-pay or to maintain financial statement conditions or otherwise); or
- (2) entered into primarily for purposes of assuring in any other manner the obligee of such Indebtedness of the payment thereof or to protect such obligee against loss in respect thereof (in whole or in part);

provided, however, that the term Guarantee will not include endorsements for collection or deposit in the ordinary course of business. The term Guarantee used as a verb has a corresponding meaning.

Guarantor means each of:

- (1) any person that executes a Guarantee in accordance with the provisions of the indenture, and their respective successors and assigns; and
- (2) Parent; provided that such Guarantee by Parent shall only be a Guarantee of (a) the due and punctual payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Notes, whether at maturity, by acceleration, redemption or otherwise, the due and punctual payment of interest on overdue principal and premium, and, to the extent permitted by law, interest, and the due and punctual performance of all other financial obligations of the Company to the Holders or the Trustee all in accordance with the terms of the indenture and (b) in case of any extension of time of payment or renewal of any Notes or any of such other financial obligations, that the same will be promptly paid in full when due or performed in accordance with the terms of the extension or renewal, whether at Stated Maturity, by acceleration or otherwise.

Hedging Obligations means, with respect to any person, the obligations of such Person under any interest rate swap agreement, interest rate cap agreement, interest rate collar agreement, commodity swap agreement, commodity cap agreement, commodity collar agreement, foreign exchange contracts, currency swap agreement or similar agreement providing for the transfer or mitigation of interest rate, commodity price or currency risks either generally or under specific contingencies.

Holder means each Person in whose name the Notes are registered on the Registrar s books, which shall initially be the respective nominee of DTC.

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Immaterial Subsidiary means any Restricted Subsidiary that (i) has not guaranteed any other Indebtedness of the Company and (ii) has Total Assets together with all other Immaterial Subsidiaries (as determined in accordance with GAAP) and Consolidated EBITDA of less than 5.0% of the Company s Total Assets and Consolidated EBITDA (measured, in the case of Total Assets, at the end of the most recent fiscal period for which internal financial statements are available and, in the case of Consolidated EBITDA, for the four quarters ended most recently for which internal financial statements are available, in each case measured on a *pro forma* basis giving effect to any acquisitions or depositions of Company, division or lines of business since such balance sheet date or the start of such four quarter period, as applicable, and on or prior to the date of acquisition of such Subsidiary).

*Incur* means issue, create, assume, enter into any Guarantee of, incur, extend or otherwise become liable for; *provided*, *however*, that any Indebtedness or Capital Stock of a Person existing at the time such Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary (whether by merger, consolidation, acquisition or otherwise) will be deemed to be Incurred by such Restricted Subsidiary at the time it becomes a Restricted Subsidiary and the terms. Incurred and Incurrence have meanings correlative to the foregoing and any Indebtedness pursuant to any revolving credit or similar facility shall only be. Incurred at the time any funds are borrowed thereunder.

Indebtedness means, with respect to any Person on any date of determination (without duplication):

- (1) the principal of indebtedness of such Person for borrowed money;
- (2) the principal of obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or other similar instruments;
- (3) all reimbursement obligations of such Person in respect of letters of credit, bankers acceptances or other similar instruments (the amount of such obligations being equal at any time to the aggregate then undrawn and unexpired amount of such letters of credit or other instruments plus the aggregate amount of drawings thereunder that have been reimbursed) (except to the extent such reimbursement obligations relate to trade payables and such obligations are satisfied within 30 days of Incurrence);
- (4) the principal component of all obligations of such Person to pay the deferred and unpaid purchase price of property (except trade payables), which purchase price is due more than one year after the date of placing such property in service or taking final delivery and title thereto:
- (5) Capitalized Lease Obligations of such Person;
- (6) the principal component of all obligations, or liquidation preference, of such Person with respect to any Disqualified Stock or, with respect to any Restricted Subsidiary, any Preferred Stock (but excluding, in each case, any accrued dividends);
- (7) the principal component of all Indebtedness of other Persons secured by a Lien on any asset of such Person, whether or not such Indebtedness is assumed by such Person; *provided*, *however*, that the amount of such Indebtedness will be the lesser of (a) the fair market value of such asset at such date of determination (as determined in good faith by the Company) and (b) the amount of such Indebtedness of such other Persons;
- (8) Guarantees by such Person of the principal component of Indebtedness of other Persons to the extent Guaranteed by such Person; and
- (9) to the extent not otherwise included in this definition, net obligations of such Person under Hedging Obligations (the amount of any such obligations to be equal at any time to the net payments under such agreement or arrangement giving rise to such obligation that

would be payable by such Person at the termination of such agreement or arrangement).

The term *Indebtedness* shall not include any lease, concession or license of property (or Guarantee thereof) which would be considered an operating lease under GAAP as in effect on the Issue Date, any

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prepayments of deposits received from clients or customers in the ordinary course of business, or obligations under any license, permit or other approval (or Guarantees given in respect of such obligations) Incurred prior to the Issue Date or in the ordinary course of business.

The amount of Indebtedness of any Person at any time in the case of a revolving credit or similar facility shall be the total amount of funds borrowed and then outstanding. The amount of Indebtedness of any Person at any date shall be determined as set forth above or otherwise provided in the indenture, and (other than with respect to letters of credit or Guarantees or Indebtedness specified in clause (7) above) shall equal the amount thereof that would appear on a balance sheet of such Person (excluding any notes thereto) prepared on the basis of GAAP.

Notwithstanding the above provisions, in no event shall the following constitute Indebtedness:

- (i) Contingent Obligations Incurred in the ordinary course of business;
- (ii) Cash Management Services;
- (iii) in connection with the purchase by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of any business, any post-closing payment adjustments to which the seller may become entitled to the extent such payment is determined by a final closing balance sheet or such payment depends on the performance of such business after the closing; *provided*, *however*, that, at the time of closing, the amount of any such payment is not determinable and, to the extent such payment thereafter becomes fixed and determined, the amount is paid in a timely manner; or
- (iv) for the avoidance of doubt, any obligations in respect of workers compensation claims, early retirement or termination obligations, pension fund obligations or contributions or similar claims, obligations or contributions or social security or wage Taxes.
   Independent Financial Advisor means an investment banking or accounting firm of international standing or any third party appraiser of international standing; provided, however, that such firm or appraiser is not an Affiliate of the Company.

*Initial Purchasers* means Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, UBS Securities LLC, RBC Capital Markets, LLC, Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC (each an *Initial Purchaser* ).

Investment means, with respect to any Person, all investments by such Person in other Persons (including Affiliates) in the form of any direct or indirect advance, loan or other extensions of credit (other than advances or extensions of credit to customers, suppliers, directors, officers or employees of any Person in the ordinary course of business, and excluding any debt or extension of credit represented by a bank deposit other than a time deposit) or capital contribution to (by means of any transfer of cash or other property to others or any payment for property or services for the account or use of others), or the Incurrence of a Guarantee of any obligation of, or any purchase or acquisition of Capital Stock, Indebtedness or other similar instruments issued by, such other Persons and all other items that are or would be classified as investments on a balance sheet prepared on the basis of GAAP; provided, however, that endorsements of negotiable instruments and documents in the ordinary course of business will not be deemed to be an Investment. If the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary issues, sells or otherwise disposes of any Capital Stock of a Person that is a Restricted Subsidiary such that, after giving effect thereto, such Person is no longer a Restricted Subsidiary, any Investment by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in such Person remaining after giving effect thereto will be deemed to be a new Investment at such time.

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For purposes of Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments and Designation of Restricted and Unrestricted Subsidiaries:

- (1) Investment will include the portion (proportionate to the Company s equity interest in a Restricted Subsidiary to be designated as an Unrestricted Subsidiary) of the fair market value of the net assets of such Restricted Subsidiary of the Company at the time that such Restricted Subsidiary is designated an Unrestricted Subsidiary; provided, however, that upon a redesignation of such Subsidiary as a Restricted Subsidiary, the Company will be deemed to continue to have a permanent Investment in an Unrestricted Subsidiary in an amount (if positive) equal to (a) the Company s Investment in such Subsidiary at the time of such redesignation less (b) the portion (proportionate to the Company s equity interest in such Subsidiary) of the fair market value of the net assets (as conclusively determined by the Board of Directors of the Company in good faith) of such Subsidiary at the time that such Subsidiary is so re-designated a Restricted Subsidiary; and
- (2) any property transferred to or from an Unrestricted Subsidiary will be valued at its fair market value at the time of such transfer, in each case as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Investment Grade means (i) BBB- or higher by S&P; (ii) Baa3 or higher by Moody s, or (iii) the equivalent of such ratings by S&P or Moody s, or of another Nationally Recognized Statistical Ratings Organization.

Investment Grade Status shall occur when the Notes receive both of the following:

- (1) a rating of BBB- or higher from S&P; and
- (2) a rating of Baa3 or higher from Moody s; or the equivalent of such rating by either such rating organization or, if no rating of Moody s or S&P then exists, the equivalent of such rating by any other Nationally Recognized Statistical Ratings Organization.

Issue Date means November 9, 2012.

Leverage Ratio as of any date of determination, means the ratio of:

- (1) Consolidated Total Indebtedness of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries at the time of determination, to
- (2) the Company s Consolidated EBITDA for the most recently ended four full fiscal quarters for which financial statements are available immediately preceding the date on which such event for which such calculation is being made shall occur;

provided, however, that:

(a) if the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary has Incurred, repaid, repurchased, redeemed, retired, defeased or otherwise discharged any Indebtedness since the beginning of such period that remains outstanding on such date of determination or if the transaction giving rise to the need to calculate the Leverage Ratio involves an Incurrence, repayment, repurchase, redemption, retirement, defeasement or other discharge of Indebtedness, Indebtedness at the end of such period, Consolidated EBITDA and Consolidated Interest Expense for such period will be calculated after giving effect on a *pro forma* basis to such Incurrence, repayment, repurchase, redemption, retirement, defeasement or other discharge of Indebtedness as if such Indebtedness had been Incurred or repaid, repurchased, redeemed, retired, defeased or otherwise discharged on the first day of such period; *provided*, *however*, that the *pro forma* calculation

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shall not give effect to any Indebtedness Incurred on such date of determination pursuant to the provisions described in the second paragraph under Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness:

- (b) if since the beginning of such period the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary will have made any Asset Disposition or disposed of or discontinued any company, division, operating unit, segment, business, group of related assets or line of business or if the transaction giving rise to the need to calculate the Leverage Ratio includes such an Asset Disposition, Consolidated EBITDA, Consolidated Interest Expense and Indebtedness for such period will be calculated after giving *pro forma* effect thereto (including the Incurrence of any Indebtedness) as if such Asset Disposition, sale or discontinuation occurred on the first day of such period.
- (c) if since the beginning of such period the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary (by merger or otherwise) will have made an Investment in any Restricted Subsidiary (or any Person that becomes a Restricted Subsidiary or is merged with or into the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary), execution of an LMA or an acquisition of assets, including any acquisition of assets occurring in connection with a transaction causing a calculation to be made hereunder, which constitutes all or substantially all of a company, division, operating unit, segment, business or group of related assets or line of business, Consolidated EBITDA, Consolidated Interest Expense and Indebtedness for such period will be calculated after giving *pro forma* effect thereto (including the Incurrence of any Indebtedness) as if such Investment, execution or acquisition occurred on the first day of such period; and
- (d) if since the beginning of such period any Person (that subsequently became a Restricted Subsidiary or was merged with or into the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary since the beginning of such period) will have Incurred any Indebtedness or discharged any Indebtedness or made any disposition or any Investment or acquisition of assets that would have required an adjustment pursuant to clause (a), (b) or (c) above if made by the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary during such period, Consolidated EBITDA, Consolidated Interest Expense and Indebtedness for such period will be calculated after giving *pro forma* effect thereto as if such transaction occurred on the first day of such period.

The *pro forma* calculations will be determined in good faith by a responsible financial or accounting Officer of the Company. If any Indebtedness bears a floating rate of interest and is being given *pro forma* effect, the interest expense on such Indebtedness will be calculated as if the rate in effect on the date of determination had been the applicable rate for the entire period (taking into account any interest rate agreement applicable to such Indebtedness).

*Lien* means any mortgage, pledge, security interest, encumbrance, lien or charge of any kind (including any conditional sale or other title retention agreement or lease in the nature thereof).

LMA means a local marketing arrangement, joint sales agreement, time brokerage agreement, shared services agreement, management agreement or similar arrangement pursuant to which a Person, subject to customary preemption rights and other limitations (i) obtains the right to sell a portion of the advertising inventory of a television station of which a third party is the licensee, (ii) obtains the right to exhibit programming and sell advertising time during a portion of the air time of a television station or (iii) manages a portion of the operations of a television station.

Management Advances means loans or advances made to, or Guarantees with respect to loans or advances made to, directors, officers, employees or consultants of any Parent, the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary:

- (1) (a) in respect of travel, entertainment or moving related expenses Incurred in the ordinary course of business or (b) for purposes of funding any such person s purchase of Capital Stock (or similar obligations) of the Company, its Subsidiaries or any Parent with (in the case of this sub-clause (b)) the approval of the Board of Directors;
- (2) in respect of moving related expenses Incurred in connection with any closing or consolidation of any facility or office; or

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(3) not exceeding \$5.0 million in the aggregate outstanding at any time. *Mission* means Mission Broadcasting, Inc., a Delaware corporation.

Mission Entities means Mission and any Person that is a direct or indirect Subsidiary of Mission Broadcasting, Inc.

Moody s means Moody s Investors Service, Inc. or any of its successors or assigns that is a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization.

Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization means a nationally recognized statistical rating organization within the meaning of Rule 436 under the Securities Act.

Net Available Cash from an Asset Disposition means cash payments received (including any cash payments received by way of deferred payment of principal pursuant to a note or installment receivable or otherwise and net proceeds from the sale or other disposition of any securities received as consideration, but only as and when received, but excluding any other consideration received in the form of assumption by the acquiring person of Indebtedness or other obligations relating to the properties or assets that are the subject of such Asset Disposition or received in any other non-cash form) therefrom, in each case net of:

- (1) all legal, accounting, investment banking, title and recording tax expenses, commissions and other fees and expenses Incurred, and all Taxes, and Related Taxes, paid or reasonably estimated to be required to be paid or accrued as a liability under GAAP (after taking into account any otherwise available tax credits or deductions of the Company (or any of their Subsidiaries) and any tax sharing agreements), as a consequence of such Asset Disposition;
- (2) all payments made on any Indebtedness which is secured by any assets subject to such Asset Disposition, in accordance with the terms of any Lien upon such assets, or which by applicable law be repaid out of the proceeds from such Asset Disposition;
- (3) all distributions and other payments required to be made to minority interest holders (other than any Parent, the Company or any of its respective Subsidiaries) in Subsidiaries or joint ventures as a result of such Asset Disposition; and
- (4) the deduction of appropriate amounts required to be provided by the seller as a reserve, on the basis of GAAP, against any liabilities associated with the assets disposed of in such Asset Disposition and retained by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary after such Asset Disposition.

Net Cash Proceeds, with respect to any issuance or sale of Capital Stock, means the cash proceeds of such issuance or sale net of attorneys fees, accountants fees, underwriters or placement agents fees, listing fees, discounts or commissions and brokerage, consultant and other fees and charges actually Incurred in connection with such issuance or sale and net of taxes paid or payable as a result of such issuance or sale (after taking into account any available tax credit or deductions and any tax sharing arrangements).

Non-Core Asset means (i) assets that comprise or consist of the KBTV station, the FOX and Bounce TV affiliate in Beaumont-Port Arthur, Texas, and (ii) the property that comprise or consist of the WPTY station, the ABC affiliate in Memphis, Tennessee, and the WLMT station, the CW affiliate in Memphis, Tennessee.

Non-Guarantor means any Restricted Subsidiary that is not a Guarantor.

*Note Documents* means the Notes (including Additional Notes), the Guarantees and the indenture.

Offering means the offering of the Notes and the application of the proceeds thereof.

Officer means, with respect to any Person, (1) the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the President, the Chief Operating Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, any Vice President, the

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Treasurer, any Managing Director, or the Secretary (a) of such Person or (b) if such Person is owned or managed by a single entity, of such entity, or (2) any other individual designated as an Officer for the purposes of the indenture by the Board of Directors of such Person.

Officer s Certificate means, with respect to any Person, a certificate signed by one Officer of such Person.

*Opinion of Counsel* means a written opinion from legal counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee. The counsel may be an employee of or counsel to the Company or its Subsidiaries.

*Parent* means Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc. and any Person of which the Company at any time is or becomes a subsidiary after the Issue Date and any holding company established by any Permitted Holder for purposes of holding its investment in any Parent.

Parent Expenses means:

- (1) costs (including all professional fees and expenses) Incurred by any Parent in connection with reporting obligations under or otherwise Incurred in connection with compliance with applicable laws, rules or regulations of any governmental, regulatory or self-regulatory body or stock exchange, the indenture or any other agreement or instrument relating to Indebtedness of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary, including in respect of any reports filed with respect to the Securities Act, Exchange Act or the respective rules and regulations promulgated thereunder;
- (2) customary indemnification obligations of any Parent owing to directors, officers, employees or other Persons under its charter or by-laws or pursuant to written agreements with any such Person to the extent relating to the Company and its Subsidiaries;
- (3) obligations of any Parent in respect of director and officer insurance (including premiums therefor) to the extent relating to the Company and its Subsidiaries;
- (4) general corporate overhead expenses, including professional fees and expenses and other operational expenses of any Parent related to the ownership or operation of the business of the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries; and
- (5) expenses Incurred by any Parent in connection with any public offering or other sale of Capital Stock or Indebtedness:
  - (x) where the net proceeds of such offering or sale are intended to be received by or contributed to the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary,
  - in a pro-rated amount of such expenses in proportion to the amount of such net proceeds intended to be so received or contributed, or
  - (z) otherwise on an interim basis prior to completion of such offering so long as any Parent shall cause the amount of such expenses to be repaid to the Company or the relevant Restricted Subsidiary out of the proceeds of such offering promptly if completed.

Pari Passu Indebtedness means Indebtedness of the Company which ranks equally in right of payment to the Notes or any Guarantor if such Guarantee ranks equally in right of payment to the Guarantees of the Notes.

Permitted Asset Swap means the concurrent purchase and sale or exchange of assets used or useful in a Similar Business or a combination of such assets and cash, Cash Equivalents between the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries and another Person; provided that any cash or Cash Equivalents received in excess of the value of any cash or Cash Equivalents sold or exchanged must be applied in accordance with the

covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock.

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*Permitted Holders* means, collectively, (1) ABRY, (2) any one or more Persons, together with such Persons Affiliates, whose beneficial ownership constitutes or results in a Change of Control in respect of which a Change of Control Offer is made in accordance with the requirements of the indenture, (3) members of management of the Company (or its direct or indirect Parents), (4) any Person who is acting as an underwriter in connection with a public or private offering of Capital Stock of any Parent or the Company, acting in such capacity, and (5) any group (within the meaning of Section 13(d)(3) or Section 14(d)(2) of the Exchange Act or any successor provision) of which any of the foregoing are members; *provided* that, in the case of such group and without giving effect to the existence of such group or any other group, ABRY and members of management, collectively, have beneficial ownership of more than 50% of the total voting power of the Voting Stock of the Company or any of its Parents held by such group.

Permitted Investment means (in each case, by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries):

- (1) Investments in (a) a Restricted Subsidiary (including the Capital Stock of a Restricted Subsidiary) or the Company or (b) a Person (including the Capital Stock of any such Person) that will, upon the making of such Investment, become a Restricted Subsidiary;
- (2) Investments in another Person if such Person is engaged in any Similar Business and as a result of such Investment such other Person is merged, consolidated or otherwise combined with or into, or transfers or conveys all or substantially all its assets to, the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary;
- (3) Investments in cash, Cash Equivalents;
- (4) Investments in receivables owing to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary created or acquired in the ordinary course of business;
- (5) Investments in payroll, travel and similar advances to cover matters that are expected at the time of such advances ultimately to be treated as expenses for accounting purposes and that are made in the ordinary course of business;
- (6) Management Advances;
- (7) Investments received in settlement of debts created in the ordinary course of business and owing to the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary or in exchange for any other Investment or accounts receivable held by the Company or any such Restricted Subsidiary, or as a result of foreclosure, perfection or enforcement of any Lien, or in satisfaction of judgments or pursuant to any plan of reorganization or similar arrangement including upon the bankruptcy or insolvency of a debtor or otherwise with respect to any secured Investment or other transfer of title with respect to any secured Investment in default;
- (8) Investments made as a result of the receipt of non-cash consideration from a sale or other disposition of property or assets, including an Asset Disposition;
- (9) Investments existing or pursuant to agreements or arrangements in effect on the Issue Date and any modification, replacement, renewal or extension thereof; *provided* that the amount of any such Investment may not be increased except (a) as required by the terms of such Investment as in existence on the Issue Date or (b) as otherwise permitted under the indenture;

(10)

Hedging Obligations, which transactions or obligations are Incurred in compliance with Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness ;

- (11) pledges or deposits with respect to leases or utilities provided to third parties in the ordinary course of business or Liens otherwise described in the definition of Permitted Liens or made in connection with Liens permitted under the covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Liens;
- (12) any Investment to the extent made using Capital Stock of the Company (other than Disqualified Stock) or Capital Stock of any Parent as consideration;

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- (13) any transaction to the extent constituting an Investment that is permitted and made in accordance with the provisions of the second paragraph of the covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Affiliate Transactions (except those described in clauses (1), (3), (6), (7), (8), (11) and (13) of that paragraph);
- (14) Investments consisting of purchases and acquisitions of inventory, supplies, materials and equipment or licenses or leases of intellectual property, in any case, in the ordinary course of business and in accordance with the indenture;
- (15) (i) Guarantees not prohibited by the covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness and (other than with respect to Indebtedness) guarantees, keepwells and similar arrangements in the ordinary course of business, and (ii) performance guarantees with respect to obligations incurred by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries that are permitted by the indenture;
- (16) Investments consisting of earnest money deposits required in connection with a purchase agreement, or letter of intent, or other acquisitions to the extent not otherwise prohibited by the indenture;
- (17) Investments of a Restricted Subsidiary acquired after the Issue Date or of an entity merged into the Company or merged into or consolidated with a Restricted Subsidiary after the Issue Date to the extent that such Investments were not made in contemplation of or in connection with such acquisition, merger or consolidation and were in existence on the date of such acquisition, merger or consolidation;
- (18) Investments consisting of licensing of intellectual property pursuant to joint marketing arrangements with other Persons;
- (19) contributions to a rabbi trust for the benefit of employees or other grantor trust subject to claims of creditors in the case of a bankruptcy of the Company;
- (20) Investments in joint ventures and Unrestricted Subsidiaries having an aggregate fair market value, when taken together with all other Investments made pursuant to this clause that are at the time outstanding, not to exceed the greater of (a) \$20.0 million and (b) 2.0 % of Total Assets at the time of such Investment (with the fair market value of each Investment being measured at the time made and without giving effect to subsequent changes in value); and
- (21) additional Investments having an aggregate fair market value, taken together with all other Investments made pursuant to this clause (21) that are at that time outstanding, not to exceed the greater of (a) \$20.0 million and (b) 2.0 % of Total Assets (with the fair market value of each Investment being measured at the time made and without giving effect to subsequent changes in value) plus the amount of any distributions, dividends, payments or other returns in respect of such Investments (without duplication for purposes of the covenant described in the section entitled Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments of any amounts applied pursuant to clause (c) of the first paragraph of such covenant); provided that if such Investment is in Capital Stock of a Person that subsequently becomes a Restricted Subsidiary, such Investment shall thereafter be deemed permitted under clause (1) or (2) above and shall not be included as having been made pursuant to this clause (21).

Permitted Liens means, with respect to any Person:

(1) Liens on assets or property of a Restricted Subsidiary that is not a Guarantor securing Indebtedness of any Restricted Subsidiary that is not a Guarantor;

(2) pledges, deposits or Liens under workmen s compensation laws, unemployment insurance laws, social security laws or similar legislation, or insurance related obligations (including pledges or deposits securing liability to insurance carriers under insurance or self-insurance arrangements), or in connection with bids, tenders, completion guarantees, contracts (other than for borrowed money) or leases, or to secure utilities, licenses, public or statutory obligations, or to secure surety, indemnity, judgment, appeal or performance bonds, guarantees of government contracts (or other similar bonds,

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instruments or obligations), or as security for contested taxes or import or customs duties or for the payment of rent, or other obligations of like nature, in each case Incurred in the ordinary course of business;

- (3) Liens imposed by law, including carriers, warehousemen s, mechanics, landlords, materialmen s and repairmen s or other like Liens, in each case for sums not yet overdue for a period of more than 60 days or that are bonded or being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings;
- (4) Liens for taxes, assessments or other governmental charges not yet delinquent or which are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings; provided that appropriate reserves required pursuant to GAAP have been made in respect thereof;
- (5) encumbrances, ground leases, easements (including reciprocal easement agreements), survey exceptions, or reservations of, or rights of others for, licenses, rights of way, sewers, electric lines, telegraph and telephone lines and other similar purposes, or zoning, building codes or other restrictions (including minor defects or irregularities in title and similar encumbrances) as to the use of real properties or Liens incidental to the conduct of the business of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries or to the ownership of their properties which do not in the aggregate materially adversely affect the value of said properties or materially impair their use in the operation of the business of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries;
- (6) Liens (a) on assets or property of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary securing Hedging Obligations or Cash Management Services permitted under the indenture; (b) that are contractual rights of set-off or, in the case of clause (i) or (ii) below, other bankers Liens (i) relating to treasury, depository and cash management services or any automated clearing house transfers of funds in the ordinary course of business and not given in connection with the issuance of Indebtedness, (ii) relating to pooled deposit or sweep accounts to permit satisfaction of overdraft or similar obligations incurred in the ordinary course of business of the Company or any Subsidiary or (iii) relating to purchase orders and other agreements entered into with customers of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business; (c) on cash accounts securing Indebtedness incurred under clause (8)(c) of the second paragraph of the covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness with financial institutions; (d) encumbering reasonable customary initial deposits and margin deposits and similar Liens attaching to commodity trading accounts or other brokerage accounts incurred in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practice and not for speculative purposes; and/or (e) (i) of a collection bank arising under Section 4-210 of the Uniform Commercial Code on items in the course of collection and (ii) in favor of a banking institution arising as a matter of law encumbering deposits (including the right of set-off) arising in the ordinary course of business in connection with the maintenance of such accounts and (iii) arising under customary general terms of the account bank in relation to any bank account maintained with such bank and attaching only to such account and the products and proceeds thereof, which Liens, in any event, do not to secure any Indebtedness;
- (7) leases, licenses, subleases and sublicenses of assets (including real property and intellectual property rights), in each case entered into in the ordinary course of business;
- (8) Liens arising out of judgments, decrees, orders or awards not giving rise to an Event of Default so long as any appropriate legal proceedings which may have been duly initiated for the review of such judgment, decree, order or award have not been finally terminated or the period within which such proceedings may be initiated has not expired;
- (9) Liens on assets or property of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary for the purpose of securing Capitalized Lease Obligations or Purchase Money Obligations permitted by clause (7) of the second paragraph under Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness; provided that any such Lien may not extend to any assets or property of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary other than assets or property acquired, improved, constructed or leased with the proceeds of such Indebtedness and any improvements or accessions to such assets and property;

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- (10) Liens arising from Uniform Commercial Code financing statement filings (or similar filings in other applicable jurisdictions) regarding operating leases entered into by the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business;
- (11) Liens existing on the Issue Date, excluding Liens securing the Credit Agreements;
- (12) Liens on property, other assets or shares of stock of a Person at the time such Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary (or at the time the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary acquires such property, other assets or shares of stock, including any acquisition by means of a merger, consolidation or other business combination transaction with or into the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary); provided, however, that such Liens are not created, Incurred or assumed in anticipation of or in connection with such other Person becoming a Restricted Subsidiary (or such acquisition of such property, other assets or stock); provided, further, that such Liens are limited to all or part of the same property, other assets or stock (plus improvements, accession, proceeds or dividends or distributions in connection with the original property, other assets or stock) that secured (or, under the written arrangements under which such Liens arose, could secure) the obligations to which such Liens relate;
- (13) Liens on assets or property of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary securing Indebtedness or other obligations of the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary owing to the Company or another Restricted Subsidiary, or Liens in favor of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary;
- (14) Liens securing Refinancing Indebtedness Incurred to refinance Indebtedness that was previously so secured, and permitted to be secured under the indenture; *provided* that any such Lien is limited to all or part of the same property or assets (plus improvements, accessions, proceeds or dividends or distributions in respect thereof) that secured (or, under the written arrangements under which the original Lien arose, could secure) the Indebtedness being refinanced or is in respect of property that is or could be the security for or subject to a Permitted Lien hereunder;
- (15) (a) mortgages, liens, security interests, restrictions, encumbrances or any other matters of record that have been placed by any government, statutory or regulatory authority, developer, landlord or other third party on property over which the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company has easement rights or on any leased property and subordination or similar arrangements relating thereto and (b) any condemnation or eminent domain proceedings affecting any real property;
- (16) any encumbrance or restriction (including put and call arrangements) with respect to Capital Stock of any joint venture or similar arrangement pursuant to any joint venture or similar agreement;
- (17) Liens on property or assets under construction (and related rights) in favor of a contractor or developer or arising from progress or partial payments by a third party relating to such property or assets;
- (18) Liens arising out of conditional sale, title retention, hire purchase, consignment or similar arrangements for the sale of goods entered into in the ordinary course of business;
- (19) Liens securing Indebtedness permitted to be Incurred under Credit Facilities, including any letter of credit facility relating thereto, that was permitted by the terms of the indenture to be Incurred pursuant to clause (1) of the second paragraph under Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness;
- (20) Liens Incurred to secure Obligations in respect of any Indebtedness permitted by clause (7) of the second paragraph of the covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness;

- (21) Liens on Capital Stock or other securities or assets of any Unrestricted Subsidiary that secure Indebtedness of such Unrestricted Subsidiary;
- (22) Liens on specific items of inventory of other goods and proceeds of any Person securing such Person s obligations in respect of bankers acceptances issued or created for the account of such Person to facilitate the purchase, shipment or storage of such inventory or other goods;

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- (23) Liens on equipment of the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary and located on the premises of any client or supplier in the ordinary course of business;
- (24) Liens on assets or securities deemed to arise in connection with and solely as a result of the execution, delivery or performance of contracts to sell such assets or securities if such sale is otherwise permitted by the indenture;
- (25) Liens arising by operation of law or contract on insurance policies and the proceeds thereof to secure premiums thereunder, and Liens, pledges and deposits in the ordinary course of business securing liability for premiums or reimbursement or indemnification obligations of (including obligations in respect of letters of credit or bank guarantees for the benefits of) insurance carriers;
- (26) Liens solely on any cash earnest money deposits made in connection with any letter of intent or purchase agreement permitted hereunder:
- (27) Liens (i) on cash advances in favor of the seller of any property to be acquired in an Investment permitted pursuant to Permitted Investments to be applied against the purchase price for such Investment, and (ii) consisting of an agreement to sell any property in an asset sale permitted under the covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Sales of Assets and Subsidiary Stock, in each case, solely to the extent such Investment or asset sale, as the case may be, would have been permitted on the date of the creation of such Lien:
- (28) Liens securing Indebtedness and other obligations in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$15.0 million at any one time outstanding; and
- (29) Liens Incurred to secure Obligations in respect of any Indebtedness permitted to be Incurred pursuant to the covenant described under Certain Covenants Limitation on Indebtedness; *provided* that, with respect to liens securing Obligations permitted under this clause, at the time of Incurrence and after giving *pro forma* effect thereto, the Consolidated Secured Leverage Ratio would be no greater than 5.5 to 1.0.

For purposes of this definition, the term Indebtedness shall be deemed to include interest on such Indebtedness including interest which increases the principal amount of such Indebtedness.

*Person* means any individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated organization, limited liability company, government or any agency or political subdivision thereof or any other entity.

*Preferred Stock*, as applied to the Capital Stock of any Person, means Capital Stock of any class or classes (however designated) which is preferred as to the payment of dividends or as to the distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation or dissolution of such Person, over shares of Capital Stock of any other class of such Person.

Purchase Money Obligations means any Indebtedness Incurred to finance or refinance the acquisition, leasing, construction or improvement of property (real or personal) or assets (including Capital Stock), and whether acquired through the direct acquisition of such property or assets or the acquisition of the Capital Stock of any Person owning such property or assets, or otherwise.

Rating Agency means (1) each of Moody s and S&P and (2) if Moody s or S&P ceases to rate the Notes for reasons outside of the Company s control, a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization selected by the Company or any parent of the Company as a replacement agency for Moody s or S&P, as the case may be.

Ratings Decline Period means the period that (i) begins on the earlier of (a) a Change of Control or (b) the first public notice of the intention by the Company to affect a Change of Control and (ii) ends 60 days following the consummation of such Change of Control; provided, that such period will be extended so long as the rating of the Notes is under publicly announced consideration for a possible downgrade by any of the Rating Agencies.

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Ratings Event means (x) a downgrade by one or more gradations (including gradations within ratings categories as well as between categories) or withdrawal of the rating of the Notes within the Ratings Decline Period by one or more Rating Agencies if the applicable Rating Agency shall have put forth a statement to the effect that such downgrade is attributable in whole or in part to the applicable Change of Control and (y) the Notes do not have an Investment Grade Status from either Rating Agency.

*Refinance* means refinance, refund, replace, renew, repay, modify, restate, defer, substitute, supplement, reissue, resell, extend or increase (including pursuant to any defeasance or discharge mechanism) and the terms *refinances*, *refinanced* and *refinancing* as used for any purpose in the indenture shall have a correlative meaning.

Refinancing Indebtedness means Indebtedness that is Incurred to refund, refinance, replace, exchange, renew, repay or extend (including pursuant to any defeasance or discharge mechanism) any Indebtedness existing on the date of the indenture or Incurred in compliance with the indenture (including Indebtedness of the Company that refinances Indebtedness of any Restricted Subsidiary and Indebtedness of any Restricted Subsidiary that refinances Indebtedness of the Company or another Restricted Subsidiary) including Indebtedness that refinances Refinancing Indebtedness; provided, however, that:

- (1) if the Indebtedness being refinanced constitutes Subordinated Indebtedness, the Refinancing Indebtedness has a final Weighted Average Life to Maturity at the time such Refinancing Indebtedness is Incurred that is the same as or greater than the final Weighted Average Life to Maturity of the Indebtedness being refinanced or, if less, the Notes and such Refinancing Indebtedness is subordinated to the Notes on terms at least as favorable to the Holders as those contained in the documentation governing the Indebtedness being refinanced; and
- (2) shall not include:
  - (i) Indebtedness, Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock a Subsidiary of the Company that is not a Guarantor that refinances Indebtedness, Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock of the Company or a Guarantor; or
  - (ii) Indebtedness, Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock of the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary that refinances Indebtedness, Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock of an Unrestricted Subsidiary.

Refinancing Indebtedness in respect of any Credit Facility or any other Indebtedness may be Incurred from time to time after the termination, discharge or repayment of any such Credit Facility or other Indebtedness.

Registration Rights Agreement means the Registration Rights Agreement dated the Issue Date, among the Company, the Guarantors and the Initial Purchasers.

Related Taxes means, without duplication:

- (1) any Taxes, including sales, use, transfer, rental, *ad valorem*, value added, stamp, property, consumption, franchise, license, capital, registration, business, customs, net worth, gross receipts, excise, occupancy, intangibles or similar Taxes (other than (x) Taxes measured by income and (y) withholding imposed on payments made by any Parent), required to be paid (*provided* such Taxes are in fact paid) by any Parent by virtue of its:
  - (a) being organized or having Capital Stock outstanding (but not by virtue of owning stock or other equity interests of any corporation or other entity other than, directly or indirectly, the Company or any of the Company s Subsidiaries);
  - (b) being a holding company parent, directly or indirectly, of the Company or any of the Company s Subsidiaries;

(c) receiving dividends from or other distributions in respect of the Capital Stock of, directly or indirectly, the Company or any of the Company s Subsidiaries; or

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- (d) having made any payment in respect to any of the items for which the Company is permitted to make payments to any Parent pursuant to Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments;
- (2) if and for so long as the Company is a member of a group filing a consolidated, unitary or combined tax return with any Parent, any Taxes measured by income for which such Parent is liable up to an amount not to exceed with respect to such Taxes the amount of any such Taxes that the Company and its Subsidiaries would have been required to pay on a separate company basis or on a consolidated basis if the Company and its Subsidiaries had paid tax on a consolidated, combined, group, affiliated or unitary basis on behalf of an affiliated group consisting only of the Company and its Subsidiaries; and
- (3) for any taxable period (or portion thereof corresponding to a period used for computing estimated tax of a calendar year corporation) ending after the Issue Date for which the Company is a partnership or disregarded entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes, tax distributions (in the case of an estimated tax period, prior to the related due date) to the owner or owners of equity of the Company in an aggregate amount equal to the product of (i) the Company s taxable income (in the case of a disregarded entity, computed as if such entity were a partnership) for such period (or portion thereof), reduced by the cumulative net taxable loss of the Company for all prior periods ending after the Issue Date (determined as if all such prior periods were one taxable period) to the extent such loss is of a character that would permit such loss to be deducted against the current period s income, and (ii) the highest combined marginal federal, state and/or local income tax rate applicable to any direct or (through a partnership or other pass-through entity) indirect equity holder of the Company for such period (taking into account (x) the deductibility of state and local income taxes for U.S. federal income tax purposes and (y) the character (e.g., long-term or short-term capital gain or ordinary or exempt) of the applicable income), as properly adjusted to reflect the final determination of any previously estimated taxable income or loss.

Restricted Investment means any Investment other than a Permitted Investment.

Restricted Subsidiary means (a) any Subsidiary of the Company other than an Unrestricted Subsidiary and (b) the Mission Entities other than an Unrestricted Subsidiary.

*S&P* means Standard & Poor s Investors Ratings Services or any of its successors or assigns that is a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization.

Sale and Leaseback Transaction means any arrangement providing for the leasing by the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries of any real or tangible personal property, which property has been or is to be sold or transferred by the Company or such Restricted Subsidiary to a third Person in contemplation of such leasing.

SEC means the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission or any successor thereto.

Secured Indebtedness means any Indebtedness secured by a Lien.

Securities Act means the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder, as amended.

Significant Subsidiary means any Restricted Subsidiary that would be a significant subsidiary as defined in Article 1, Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X, promulgated pursuant to the Securities Act, as such regulation is in effect on the Issue Date.

Similar Business means (a) any businesses, services or activities engaged in by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries on the Issue Date and (b) any businesses, services and activities engaged in by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries that are related, complementary, incidental, ancillary or similar to any of the foregoing or are extensions or developments of any thereof.

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Stated Maturity means, with respect to any security, the date specified in such security as the fixed date on which the payment of principal of such security is due and payable, including pursuant to any mandatory redemption provision, but shall not include any contingent obligations to repay, redeem or repurchase any such principal prior to the date originally scheduled for the payment thereof.

Subordinated Indebtedness means, with respect to any person, any Indebtedness (whether outstanding on the Issue Date or thereafter Incurred) which is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Notes pursuant to a written agreement.

Subsidiary means, with respect to any Person:

- (1) any corporation, association, or other business entity (other than a partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or similar entity) of which more than 50% of the total voting power of shares of Capital Stock entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors, managers or trustees thereof is at the time of determination owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by such Person or one or more of the other Subsidiaries of that Person or a combination thereof; or
- (2) any partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or similar entity of which:
  - (a) more than 50% of the capital accounts, distribution rights, total equity and voting interests or general or limited partnership interests, as applicable, are owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by such Person or one or more of the other Subsidiaries of that Person or a combination thereof whether in the form of membership, general, special or limited partnership interests or otherwise; and
- (b) such Person or any Subsidiary of such Person is a controlling general partner or otherwise controls such entity. *Taxes* means all present and future taxes, levies, imposts, deductions, charges, duties and withholdings and any charges of a similar nature (including interest, penalties and other liabilities with respect thereto) that are imposed by any government or other taxing authority.

Total Assets mean, as of any date, the total consolidated assets of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, as shown on the most recent consolidated balance sheet of the Company and its Restricted Subsidiaries, determined on a *pro forma* basis in a manner consistent with the *pro forma* basis contained in the definition of Leverage Ratio.

*Transactions* means, the acquisition of certain television station assets and Inergize Digital media operations from Newport Television LLC and Newport Television License LLC by the Company and Mission, the repurchase, acquisition for value or other distribution or transfer of any or all of the 2014 Notes to the Company for retirement or cancellation, the entry into the Credit Agreements and application of the proceeds thereof and the Offering.

Treasury Rate means the yield to maturity at the time of computation of United States Treasury securities with a constant maturity (as compiled and published in the most recent Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 (519) which has become publicly available at least two Business Days (but not more than five Business Days) prior to the redemption date (or, if such statistical release is not so published or available, any publicly available source of similar market data selected by the Company in good faith)) most nearly equal to the period from the redemption date to November 15, 2015; provided, however, that if the period from the redemption date to November 15, 2015 is not equal to the constant maturity of a United States Treasury security for which a weekly average yield is given, the Treasury Rate shall be obtained by linear interpolation (calculated to the nearest one-twelfth of a year) from the weekly average yields of United States Treasury securities for which such yields are given, except that if the period from the redemption date to such applicable date is less than one year, the weekly average yield on actually traded United States Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year shall be used.

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Unrestricted Subsidiary means:

- (1) any Subsidiary of the Company or any of the Mission Entities that at the time of determination is an Unrestricted Subsidiary (as designated by the Board of Directors of the Company in the manner provided below); and
- (2) any Subsidiary of an Unrestricted Subsidiary.

The Board of Directors of the Company may designate any Subsidiary of the Company or any of the Mission Entities, respectively, (including any newly acquired or newly formed Subsidiary or a Person becoming a Subsidiary through merger, consolidation or other business combination transaction, or Investment therein) to be an Unrestricted Subsidiary only if:

- (1) such Subsidiary or any of the Mission Entities, respectively, or any of their Subsidiaries does not own any Capital Stock or Indebtedness of, or own or hold any Lien on any property of, the Company or any other Subsidiary of the Company which is not a Subsidiary of the Subsidiary to be so designated or otherwise an Unrestricted Subsidiary; and
- (2) such designation and the Investment of the Company in such Subsidiary complies with Certain Covenants Limitation on Restricted Payments.

*U.S. Government Obligations* means securities that are (1) direct obligations of the United States of America for the timely payment of which its full faith and credit is pledged or (2) obligations of a Person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America the timely payment of which is unconditionally Guaranteed as a full faith and credit obligation of the United States of America, which, in either case, are not callable or redeemable at the option of the issuers thereof, and shall also include a depasitory receipt issued by a bank (as defined in Section 3(a)(2) of the Securities Act), as custodian with respect to any such U.S. Government Obligations or a specific payment of principal of or interest on any such U.S. Government Obligations held by such custodian for the account of the holder of such depositary receipt, *provided* that (except as required by law) such custodian is not authorized to make any deduction from the amount payable to the holder of such depositary receipt from any amount received by the custodian in respect of the U.S. Government Obligations or the specific payment of principal of or interest on the U.S. Government Obligations evidenced by such depositary receipt.

Voting Stock of a Person means all classes of Capital Stock of such Person then outstanding and normally entitled to vote in the election of directors.

Weighted Average Life to Maturity means, when applied to any Indebtedness, Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock, as the case may be, at any date, the quotient obtained by dividing:

- (1) the sum of the products of the number of years from the date of determination to the date of each successive scheduled principal payment of such Indebtedness or redemption or similar payment with respect to such Disqualified Stock or Preferred Stock multiplied by the amount of such payment, by
- (2) the sum of all such payments.

Wholly Owned Domestic Subsidiary means a Domestic Subsidiary of the Company, all of the Capital Stock of which is owned by the Company or a Guarantor.

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#### CERTAIN UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion is based upon current provisions of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, applicable Treasury regulations, judicial authority and administrative rulings and practice as of the date hereof. The United States Internal Revenue Service (the Service ) or a court may take a contrary view, and no ruling from the Service has been or will be sought in connection with this transaction. Legislative, judicial or administrative changes or interpretations may be forthcoming that could alter or modify the following statements and conditions. Any such changes or interpretations may or may not be retroactive and could affect the tax consequences to holders. Some holders, including insurance companies, tax-exempt organizations, financial institutions, broker-dealers, foreign corporations and persons who are not citizens or residents of the United States, may be subject to special rules not discussed below. We recommend that each holder consult his, her or its own tax advisor as to the particular tax consequences of exchanging such holder s Old Notes for New Notes, including the applicability and effect of any state, local or non-United States tax law.

The exchange of the Old Notes for New Notes pursuant to the exchange offer should not be treated as an exchange for United States federal income tax purposes because the New Notes should not be considered to differ materially in kind or extent from the Old Notes. Rather, the New Notes received by a holder should be treated as a continuation of the Old Notes in the hands of such holder. As a result, there should be no United States federal income tax consequences to holders exchanging Old Notes for New Notes pursuant to the exchange offer.

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#### PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Each broker-dealer that receives New Notes for its own account under the exchange offer must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of New Notes.

This prospectus, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time, may be used by a broker-dealer in connection with resales of New Notes received in exchange for Old Notes if the Old Notes were acquired as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities.

We have agreed to make this prospectus, as amended or supplemented, available to any broker-dealer to use in connection with any such resale for a period of at least 90 days after the expiration date. In addition, until, January 19, 2014, all dealers effecting transactions in the New Notes may be required to deliver a prospectus.

We will not receive any proceeds from any sale of New Notes by broker-dealers. New Notes received by broker-dealers for their own accounts under the exchange offer may be sold from time to time in one or more transactions;

in the over-the-counter market;
in negotiated transactions;
through the writing of options on the New Notes or a combination of such methods of resale;
at market prices prevailing at the time of resale;
at prices related to such prevailing market prices; or
at negotiated prices.  ale may be made directly to purchasers or to or through brokers or dealers. Brokers or dealers may receive compensation in the form of sions or concessions from any broker-dealer or the purchasers of any such New Notes. An underwriter within the meaning of the es Act of 1933 includes:

Any res commiss Securitie

- (1) any broker-dealer that resells New Notes that were received by it for its own account pursuant to the exchange offer; or
- (2) any broker or dealer that participates in a distribution of such New Notes.

Any profit on any resale of New Notes and any commissions or concessions received by any persons may be deemed to be underwriting compensation under the Securities Act of 1933. The letter of transmittal states that, by acknowledging that it will deliver and by delivering a prospectus, a broker-dealer will not be deemed to admit that it is an underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933.

Based on interpretations by the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission in no-action letters issued to third parties, we believe that a holder or other person who receives New Notes will be allowed to resell the New Notes to the public without further registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and without delivering to the purchasers of the New Notes a prospectus that satisfies the requirements of Section 10 of the Securities Act of 1933. The holder (other than a person that is an affiliate of Nexstar within the meaning of Rule 405 under the Securities Act of 1933) who receives New Notes in exchange for Old Notes in the ordinary course of business and who is not participating, need not intend to participate or have an arrangement or understanding with person to participate in the distribution of the New Notes.

However, if any holder acquires New Notes in the exchange offer for the purpose of distributing or participating in a distribution of the New Notes, the holder cannot rely on the position of the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission enunciated in such no-action letters or any similar interpretive letters. The holder must comply with the registration and prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 in connection with any resale transaction. A secondary resale transaction should be covered by an effective

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registration statement containing the selling security holder information required by Item 507 or 508, as applicable, of Regulation S-K under the Securities Act of 1933, unless an exemption from registration is otherwise available.

Further, each broker-dealer that receives New Notes for its own account in exchange for Old Notes, where the Old Notes were acquired by such participating broker-dealer as a result of market-making activities or other trading activities, must acknowledge that it will deliver a prospectus in connection with any resale of any New Notes. We have agreed, for a period of not less than 90 days from the consummation of the exchange offer, to make this prospectus available to any broker-dealer for use in connection with any such resale.

For a period of not less than 90 days after the expiration date we will promptly send additional copies of this prospectus and any amendment or supplement to this prospectus to any broker-dealer that requests those documents in the letter of transmittal. We have agreed to pay all expenses incident to the exchange offer, including the expenses of one counsel for the holders of the Old Notes, other than commissions or concessions of any brokers or dealers. We will indemnify the holders of the Old Notes against liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, including any broker-dealers.

#### LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters with respect to the validity of the Notes offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Kirkland & Ellis LLP, New York, New York, a limited liability partnership that includes professional corporations. Wiley Rein LLP served as FCC regulatory counsel for us.

#### **EXPERTS**

The consolidated financial statements and management s assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting (which is included in Management s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting) incorporated in this prospectus by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 have been so incorporated in reliance on the report (which contains an explanatory paragraph on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting due to the exclusion of certain elements of the internal control over financial reporting of the KTVX, KUCW, WPTY, WLMT, WSYR, WBGH, WIVT, WETM, WJKT, WWTI and Inergize Digital Media businesses due to their acquisition by Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc. during 2012) of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The audited combined financial statements of the High Plains Broadcasting Operating Company LLC and Newport Television LLC Stations in Binghamton, NY; Elmira, NY; Jackson, TN; Little Rock, AR; Memphis, TN; Salt Lake City, UT; Syracuse, NY; and Watertown, NY; along with Inergize Digital and the New York Hub Operating Divisions as of December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009 and for the years then ended, included in this prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement have been so included in reliance upon the report of Grant Thornton LLP, independent certified public accountants, upon the authority of said firm as experts in giving said report.

The audited combined financial statements of the High Plains Broadcasting Operating Company LLC and Newport Television LLC Stations in Bakersfield, CA and Fresno, CA as of December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 and for the years then ended, incorporated by reference in this prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement have been so incorporated by reference in reliance upon the report of Grant Thornton LLP, independent certified public accountants, upon the authority of said firm as experts in giving said report.

# WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc. files annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. The public may read and copy the information we file with the SEC at the SEC s Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. The public may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1 800 SEC 0330. The SEC also maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC. The address of that site is <a href="http://www.sec.gov">http://www.sec.gov</a>.

Our website address is located at http://www.nexstar.tv. Through links on the News portion of our website, we make available free of charge our Annual Report on Form 10 K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10 Q, Current Reports on Form 8 K and any amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Such material is made available through our website as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file the information with, or furnish it to, the SEC. The information contained on our website does not constitute part of this prospectus.

In addition, Nexstar Broadcasting has agreed that so long as the Notes constitute restricted securities within the meaning of Rule 144(a)(3) under the Securities Act and during any period in which Nexstar Broadcasting is not subject to and in compliance with the information requirements of the Exchange Act, Nexstar Broadcasting will make available, upon request, to any beneficial owner of the Notes and any prospective purchaser of the Notes the information required pursuant to Rule 144A.

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#### INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN INFORMATION BY REFERENCE

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference information into this prospectus, which means that we can disclose important information about us by referring you to another document filed separately with the SEC. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be a part of this prospectus. This prospectus incorporates by reference the documents and reports listed below (other than portions of these documents that are either (1) described in paragraph (e) of Item 201 of Registration S-K or paragraphs (d)(1)-(3) and (e)(5) of Item 407 of Regulation S-K promulgated by the SEC or (2) furnished under Item 2.02 or Item 7.01 of a Current Report on Form 8-K):

Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc. s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 (filed with the SEC on March 15, 2013);

Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc. s Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2013 (filed with the SEC on May 10, 2013) and for the period ended June 30, 2013 (filed with the SEC on August 8, 2013);

Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc. s Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 19, 2012, January 28, 2013, January 30, 2013, February 6, 2013 (Items 8.01 and 9.01 only), February 12, 2013, February 15, 2013, February 20, 2013, March 15, 2013, April 26, 2013, April 30, 2013, May 1, 2013 (with respect to Items 2.01 and 9.01 only), May 7, 2013, June 6, 2013, June 13, 2013, July 5, 2013, July 15, 2013, July 26, 2013, September 17, 2013, September 18, 2013 and October 2, 2013 (two filings);

Information contained in reports or documents that we file with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14, or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act ) after the date of this prospectus until the sale of all of the notes covered by this prospectus or the termination of this offering; and

The portions of our Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A, filed on April 30, 2013, that are incorporated by reference into Part III of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

We also incorporate by reference the information contained in all other documents we file with the SEC pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act (other than portions of these documents that are either (1) described in paragraph (e) of Item 201 of Registration S-K or paragraphs (d)(1)-(3) and (e)(5) of Item 407 of Regulation S-K promulgated by the SEC or (2) furnished under Item 2.02 or Item 7.01 of a Current Report on Form 8-K, unless otherwise indicated therein) after the date of this prospectus and prior to the termination of the exchange offer. The information contained in any such document will be considered part of this prospectus from the date the document is filed with the SEC.

Any statement contained in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference in this prospectus will be deemed to be modified or superseded to the extent that a statement contained herein or in any other subsequently filed document which also is or is deemed to be incorporated by reference in this prospectus modifies or supersedes that statement. Any statement so modified or superseded will not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this prospectus.

If you make a request for such information in writing or by telephone, we will provide you, without charge, a copy of any or all of the information incorporated by reference into this prospectus. Any such request should be directed to:

Nexstar Broadcasting Group, Inc.

5215 N. O Connor Blvd., Suite 1400

Irving, Texas 75039

(972) 373-8800

You should rely only on the information contained in, or incorporated by reference into, this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different or additional information.

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# INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT S

High Plains Broadcasting Operating Company LLC and Newport Television LLC Stations in Binghamton, NY; Elmira, NY; Jackson, TN; Little Rock, AR; Memphis, TN; Salt Lake City, UT; Syracuse, NY; and Watertown, NY; along with Inergize Digital and the New York Hub Operating Divisions ( The Combined Group ) Audited Financial Statements

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# Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

Board of Directors

Nexstar Broadcasting, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying combined balance sheets of High Plains Broadcasting Operating Company LLC and Newport Television LLC Stations in Binghamton, NY; Elmira, NY; Jackson, TN; Little Rock, AR; Memphis, TN; Salt Lake City, UT; Syracuse, NY; Watertown, NY; along with Inergize Digital and the New York Hub Operating Divisions (See Note A to the financial statements) ( The Combined Group ) as of December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009 and the related combined statements of operations, changes in owners equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of The Combined Group s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the The Combined Group s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the combined financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined financial position of the High Plains Broadcasting Operating Company LLC and Newport Television LLC Stations in Binghamton, NY; Elmira, NY; Jackson, TN; Little Rock, AR; Memphis, TN; Salt Lake City, UT; Syracuse, NY; Watertown, NY; along with Inergize Digital and the New York Hub Operating Divisions as of December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009 and the combined results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Grant Thornton LLP

Wichita, Kansas

October 15, 2012

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# The Combined Group

# COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share information)

	2011	December 31 2010	, 2009
Current Assets			
Accounts receivable, less allowance of \$389, \$433, and \$359, respectively	\$ 18,40		\$ 15,943
Program rights	3,7	,	5,948
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	7:	22 502	502
Total current assets	22,9	51 21,278	22,393
Property and Equipment			
Land, buildings and improvements	13,80	- ,	13,547
Towers, transmitters and studio equipment	53,3	73 50,547	48,870
Furniture and other equipment	4,2	27 3,172	2,800
Construction in progress	24	2,108	660
	71,6	48 69,423	65,877
Less accumulated depreciation	23,50	17,827	11,171
	48,0	82 51,596	54,706
Intangible Assets			
Definite-lived intangibles, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,946, \$1,438, and \$2,502,			
respectively	2,5	,	3,746
Indefinite-lived intangibles licenses	73,9		73,966
Goodwill	18,42	21 18,421	18,421
Other Noncurrent Assets			
Program rights	2,30		4,119
Other noncurrent assets	1,24	1,348	1,461
Total assets	\$ 169,5	\$ 172,473	\$ 178,812
Current Liabilities	Φ 0.7	22 0 2517	Ф 2.202
Accounts payable	\$ 2,73		\$ 3,282
Accrued expenses	2,23		2,024
Program rights payable Other current liabilities	6,29		8,165
Other current natinues		52 70	27
Total current liabilities	11,30	67 11,716	13,498
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Program rights payable	3,50	65 4,033	5,382
Other noncurrent liabilities		18 3	3
Total liabilities	14,9	50 15,752	18,883
Commitments and Contingencies			
Owners Equity	154,62	156,721	159,929
Total liabilities and owners equity	\$ 169,5	74    \$ 172,473	\$ 178,812

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

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# The Combined Group

# COMBINED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

# (in thousands, except share information)

Year ended December 31,			
2010	2009		
\$ 95,983	\$ 84,293		
34,250	35,477		
31,750	30,666		
3,570	5,352		
7,938	7,745		
	8,074		
1,289	4,625		
17,186	(7,646)		
1	3		
(395)	(392)		
16,792	(8,035)		
	,		
114			
\$ 16,678	\$ (8,035)		
	2010 \$ 95,983 34,250 31,750 3,570 7,938 1,289 17,186 1 (395) 16,792 114		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

# The Combined Group

# COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN OWNERS EQUITY

(in thousands, except share information)

Years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009

	Own	ers equity
Balance at January 1, 2009	\$	180,375
Net loss		(8,035)
Net distribution to owners		(12,411)
Balance at December 31, 2009		159,929
Net income		16,678
Net distribution to owners		(19,886)
Balance at December 31, 2010		156,721
Net income		19,583
Net distribution to owners		(21,680)
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$	154,624

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

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# The Combined Group

# COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands, except share information)

	Year ended December 31,		
	2011	2010	2009
Cash flows from operating activities	Φ 10.502	ф. 1 <i>6</i> 6 <b>7</b> 0	Φ (0.025)
Net income (loss)	\$ 19,583	\$ 16,678	\$ (8,035)
Reconciling items	5 0 C 1	7.020	7.7.15
Depreciation and intangible amortization	7,261	7,938	7,745
Amortization of program rights	6,541	7,544	8,149
Provision for doubtful accounts	187	236	766
Equity in losses of nonconsolidated affiliates	410	395	392
Impairment of goodwill and other intangibles			8,074
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	893	1,289	4,625
Payments for program rights	(6,101)	(7,691)	(5,875)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Accounts receivable	(2,120)	(821)	649
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(531)	(282)	(182)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(37)	(208)	(1,160)
Net cash provided by operating activities	26,086	25,078	15,148
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchases of property and equipment	(4,417)	(5,520)	(2,746)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	11	328	9
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,406)	(5,192)	(2,737)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net distributions to owners	(21,680)	(19,886)	(12,411)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	\$	\$
Supplemental cash flow information:			
Cash paid for taxes	\$ 295	\$ 114	\$
Noncash investing and financing activities Property and equipment purchases included in accounts payable	37	311	34

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

# The Combined Group

# NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009

# NOTE A SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1. Basis of presentation and nature of business

Newport Television LLC (a wholly owned subsidiary of Newport TV Holdco LLC, hereafter referred to as Newport ) owns and operates television stations across the United States of America. Newport is a party to a shared services agreement and a joint sales agreement providing certain sales, operational, and administrative services to High Plains Broadcasting, Inc. and its subsidiaries (High Plains). High Plains is a variable interest entity which is consolidated into the Newport financial statements.

On July 18, 2012, Nexstar Broadcasting, Inc. ( Nexstar ) and Mission Broadcasting, Inc. ( Mission ) entered into asset purchase agreements to purchase substantially all of the assets (excluding working capital) of 22 television stations owned by Newport and High Plains, including 10 stations distributed as digital multicast stations, Newport s New York Hub service center and Inergize Digital for \$285.5 million (the Transactions ). The 22 television stations are located in the following markets: Binghamton, New York; Elmira, New York; Jackson, Tennessee; Little Rock, Arkansas; Memphis, Tennessee; Salt Lake City, Utah; Syracuse, New York; and Watertown, New York ( The Combined Group ). The Nexstar transaction includes the assets of these markets except for Little Rock, Arkansas, which is to be sold to Mission, an independently-owned variable interest entity included in the consolidated financial statements of Nexstar. The transactions are expected to close upon receipt of regulatory approval.

These combined financial statements represent the 22 stations, including 10 stations distributed as digital multicast stations, Newport s New York Hub service center and Inergize Digital which are all included in the Transactions. These stations are affiliated with four major networks, including five ABC stations, two NBC stations, two FOX station, and four CW stations. These stations reach approximately 3.0 million homes weekly and cover 2.6% of the television households in the United States. These stations operate in demographic market areas as defined by AC Nielsen ranging in rank from 33rd to 177th.

A significant source of programming for ABC, NBC, FOX, and CW affiliated television stations are their respective networks, which produce and distribute programming in exchange for commitments to air the programming at specified times and for commercial announcement time during the programming. Another source of programming is provided to each station by selecting and purchasing syndicated television programs. The stations compete with other television stations within each market for these programming rights. The majority of the stations produce local news programming.

The accompanying financial statements and related notes present the combined financial position, results of operations and cash flows of The Combined Group and reflect allocations of the cost of certain services provided by Newport for treasury, payroll, human resources, employee benefit services, legal and related services, and information systems and related information technology services. Management believes the allocation methodologies are reasonable. All credit facilities are recorded by Newport and High Plains at the corporate level and as such, interest and financing activity costs have not been allocated to The Combined Group. Substantially all of the assets of The Combined Group serve as collateral to secure the aforementioned credit facilities.

# 2. Principles of combination

The combined financial statements have been derived from the financial statements and accounting records of Newport and High Plains and combine the accounts of the operations previously described. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

# The Combined Group

# NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009

# 3. Allowance for doubtful accounts

The Combined Group evaluates the collectability of its accounts receivable based on a combination of factors. In circumstances where it is aware of a specific customer s inability to meet its financial obligations, it records a specific reserve to reduce the amounts recorded to what it believes will be collected. For all other customers, it recognizes reserves for bad debts based on historical experience of bad debts as a percent of revenues, adjusted for relative improvements or deteriorations in the aging and changes in current economic conditions.

# 4. Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method at rates that, in the opinion of management, are adequate to allocate the cost of such assets over their estimated useful lives, which are as follows:

Buildings and improvements Towers, transmitters and studio equipment Furniture and other equipment Leasehold improvements 10 39 years

7 20 years

3 20 years

Shorter of economic life or lease term assuming renewal periods, if appropriate

For assets associated with a lease or contract, the assets are depreciated over the shorter of the economic life or the lease or contract term, assuming renewal periods, if appropriate. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred, whereas expenditures for renewal and betterments are capitalized. The Combined Group tests for possible impairment of property and equipment whenever events or changes in circumstances, such as a reduction in operating cash flow or a dramatic change in the manner that the asset is intended to be used, indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. If indicators exist, The Combined Group compares the estimated undiscounted future cash flows related to the asset to the carrying value of the asset. If the carrying value is greater than the estimated undiscounted future cash flow amount, an impairment charge is recorded in depreciation and amortization expense in the statement of operations for amounts necessary to reduce the carrying value of the asset to fair value. The impairment loss calculations require management to apply judgment in estimating future cash flows.

# 5. Intangible Assets

The Combined Group classifies intangible assets as definite-lived, indefinite-lived or as goodwill. Definite-lived intangibles are amortized over the estimated lives of the relationships. The Combined Group periodically reviews the appropriateness of the amortization periods related to its definite-lived assets. Indefinite-lived intangibles include broadcast FCC licenses. The excess cost over fair value of net assets acquired is classified as goodwill. FCC licenses and goodwill are not subject to amortization, but are tested for impairment at least annually.

The Combined Group tests for possible impairment of definite-lived intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances, such as a reduction in operating cash flow or a dramatic change in the manner that the asset is intended to be used indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable.

If indicators exist, The Combined Group compares the estimated future undiscounted cash flows related to the asset to the carrying value of the asset. If the carrying value is greater than the undiscounted cash flow amount, an impairment charge is recorded in an amount necessary to reduce the carrying value of the asset to fair value.

# The Combined Group

# NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009

The Combined Group performs its annual impairment test for its FCC licenses using a direct valuation technique, which is an acceptable industry approach. Certain assumptions are used under The Combined Group s direct valuation technique, including market revenue growth rates, market share, profit margin, duration and profile of the build-up period, estimated start-up cost and losses incurred during the build-up period, the risk adjusted discount rate and terminal values.

The impairment test for goodwill utilizes a two-step fair value approach. The first step of the goodwill impairment test is used to identify potential impairment by comparing the fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying amount. The Combined Group has determined that each market constitutes a reporting unit. The fair value of a reporting unit is determined using a combination of a comparable transaction analysis and a discounted cash flows analysis that excludes network compensation payments. If the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds its carrying amount, goodwill is not considered impaired. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value, the second step of the goodwill impairment test is performed to measure the amount of impairment loss, if any. The second step of the goodwill impairment test compares the implied fair value of the reporting units goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined by performing an assumed purchase price allocation, using the reporting unit fair value (as determined in the first step) as the purchase price. If the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds the implied fair value, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess.

The Combined Group utilizes an independent third party valuation firm to assist in the development of these assumptions and determination of the fair value of its intangible assets.

# 6. Program rights

Program rights represent the right to air various forms of first-run and existing second-run programming. Program rights and the corresponding contractual obligations are recorded when the license period begins and the programs are available for use. Program rights are carried at the lower of unamortized cost or estimated net realizable value on a program-by-program basis. Program rights and the corresponding contractual obligations are classified as current or long-term based on estimated usage and payment terms, respectively. Costs of first-run and existing second-run programming are generally amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the license period.

# 7. Nonconsolidated affiliates

In general, investments in which The Combined Group owns 20 percent to 50 percent of the common stock or otherwise exercises significant influence over the investee are accounted for under the equity method. The Combined Group reviews the value of equity method investments and records impairment charges in the statements of operations for any decline in value that is determined to be other-than-temporary. These are classified as other assets in the accompanying balance sheet.

# 8. Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value

Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, a fair value measurement should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles establish a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs that are classified within Levels 1 and 2 of the hierarchy) and the reporting entity s own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy).

# The Combined Group

# NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009

Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that The Combined Group has the ability to access. Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs may include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, as well as inputs that are observable for the asset or liability (other than quoted prices), such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability that are typically based on an entity s own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity. In instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the entire fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The Combined Group s assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

The Combined Group performs an annual impairment test, on October 1, on intangible assets and, if necessary, writes certain intangible assets down to fair value if changes in economic conditions indicate the assets are impaired. These impairments are based primarily on unobservable (Level 3) inputs.

#### 9. Income taxes

The Combined Group files its income tax returns as part of the respective owners returns.

As a limited liability company, Newport is taxed as a partnership under the Internal Revenue Code and applicable state statutes. Income or loss flows through to the members to be taxed on their applicable tax returns; accordingly, the financial statements do not include any provision for federal or state pass-through income taxes. Certain states in which The Combined Group operates will assess tax on an income or gross receipts basis, regardless of entity type. The state taxes related to The Combined Group are reflected in these combined financial statements.

High Plains, a corporation, accounts for deferred income tax assets and liabilities based on the temporary differences between the financial accounting and tax basis of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined at the end of each period using the current enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the periods in which the deferred tax asset or liability is expected to be realized or settled. The financial statements reflect the income tax expense associated with High Plains, as if a stand-alone tax return was filed.

# 10. Revenue recognition

The Combined Group s revenue is primarily derived from the sale of advertising. Advertising revenue is recognized over the period in which the commercials are aired. Advertising revenue is reported net of agency and national sales representative commissions, which are calculated based on a stated percentage applied to gross billing revenue. Payments received in advance of being earned are recorded as deferred income.

Retransmission consent revenue is recognized based on the number of subscribers over the life of the agreement.

Inergize Digital revenue is generated pursuant to contracts with its customers. Contracted monthly fees for website hosting and website content management is recognized in the month of service. Revenue generated through website development and other related projects is recognized upon completion of the project based upon the contracted rate. Advertising revenue is recognized when advertising is broadcast based upon the contracted rate.

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# The Combined Group

# NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009

# 11. Barter and trade transactions

Barter and trade transactions represent the exchange of airtime for merchandise or services. These transactions are generally recorded at the fair market value of the airtime, or the fair market value of the merchandise or services received. Revenue is recognized on barter and trade transactions when the advertisements are broadcast. Expenses are recorded ratably over the period the merchandise or service received is utilized.

Barter and trade revenue and expenses included in operations for the years ended December 31, were as follows:

(in thousands)	Revenues	Expenses
2011	\$ 4,108	\$ 4,035
2010	4,579	4,289
2009	5,134	5,023

# 12. Advertising expense

The Combined Group records advertising expense as it is incurred. Advertising expense for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009 was \$134,000, \$33,000, and \$70,000, respectively.

# 13. Use of estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates, judgments, and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The Combined Group bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# 14. Subsequent Events

The Combined Group evaluated and disclosed subsequent events, if any, through October 15, 2012, which represents the date as of which the financial statements were available to be issued.

# NOTE B INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND GOODWILL

# 1. Definite-lived intangibles

The Combined Group classifies intangible assets as definite-lived, indefinite-lived or as goodwill. Definite-lived intangibles include network affiliation agreements which represent the value assigned to an acquired television station—s relationship with a national television network. These intangible assets are amortized over the estimated lives of the relationships. The Combined Group periodically reviews the appropriateness of the amortization periods related to its definite-lived assets.

# The Combined Group

# NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009

The following tables reflect the gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization of definite-lived intangibles:

	Weighted		D 1 24 204	
	Average		December 31, 201	1
(In thousands)	Amortization Period	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Definite-lived intangible assets:	renou	Amount	Amoruzation	Net book value
Network affiliation	8 years	\$ 2,160	\$ (1,035)	\$ 1,125
Favorable leasehold interests	10 years	2,376	(911)	1,465
	10 years	2,570	(>11)	1,100
Total		\$ 4,536	\$ (1,946)	\$ 2,590
	Weighted Average		December 31, 201	0
	Amortization Period	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Definite-lived intangible assets:				
Network affiliation	8 years	\$ 2,160	\$ (765)	\$ 1,395
Favorable leasehold interests	10 years	2,376	(673)	1,703
Total		\$ 4,536	\$ (1,438)	\$ 3,098
	Weighted Average		December 31, 200	9
	Amortization Period	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Definite-lived intangible assets:	renou	Amount	Alloi uzauoil	Net Dook value
Network affiliation	8 years	\$ 2,160	\$ (495)	\$ 1,665
Favorable leasehold interests	10 years	2,376	(436)	1,940
Retransmission Agreements	2 years	1,615	(1,481)	134
Other	2 years	97	(90)	7
	-			
Total		\$ 6,248	\$ (2,502)	\$ 3,746

Amortization expense for the next five years is as follows:

For the years ending December 31,	(In thousands)
2012	\$ 508
2013	508

2014	508
2015	508
2016	283

# 2. Indefinite-lived Intangibles

The Combined Group s indefinite-lived intangible assets consist of FCC broadcast licenses. FCC broadcast licenses are granted to television stations for up to eight years under the Telecommunications Act of 1996. The Act requires the FCC to renew a broadcast license if it finds that the station has served the public interest, convenience and necessity; there have been no serious violations of either the Communications Act of 1934 or the FCC s rules and regulations by the licensee; and there have been no other serious violations which taken together constitute a pattern of abuse. The licenses may be renewed indefinitely at little or no cost.

# The Combined Group

# NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009

The Combined Group does not amortize its FCC broadcast licenses, but rather tests them for impairment at least annually using a direct method. During 2011 and 2010, The Combined Group performed this analysis as of October 1 and did not recognize any FCC license impairment. During 2009, The Combined Group performed this analysis as of October 1 and recognized FCC license impairment of \$7.3 million in the statement of operations.

#### 3. Goodwill

During 2011, The Combined Group tested goodwill impairment as of October 1, 2011. As a result, The Combined Group did not recognize any goodwill impairment. The Combined Group s accumulated goodwill impairment loss was \$0.8 million at December 31, 2011. The key assumptions used to determine the fair value of the reporting units at October 1, 2011 include the following: (a) discount rate of 10.0%; (b) long term market growth rates of 1.5% to 4.0%; (c) annual expense growth rates of 1.0% to 4.5%; (d) effective combined federal and state tax rates of 34.0% to 40.6%.

During 2010, The Combined Group tested goodwill impairment as of October 1, 2010. As a result, The Combined Group did not recognize any goodwill impairment. The Combined Group s accumulated goodwill impairment loss was \$0.8 million at December 31, 2010. The key assumptions used to determine the fair value of the reporting units at October 1, 2010 include the following: (a) discount rate of 10.5%; (b) long term market growth rates of 1.5% to 4.0%; (c) annual expense growth rates of 2.0% to 3.5%; (d) effective combined federal and state tax rates of 34.0% to 40.6%.

During 2009, The Combined Group tested goodwill impairment as of October 1, 2009. As a result, The Combined Group recognized \$0.8 million of goodwill impairment due to the continued decline in the advertising market experienced during the first three quarters of 2009. The key assumptions used to determine the fair value of the reporting units at October 1, 2009 include the following: (a) discount rate of 11.0%; (b) long term market growth rates of 1.5% to 4.0%; (c) annual expense growth rates of 2.0% to 3.0%; (d) effective combined federal and state tax rates of 34.0% to 40.6%.

# NOTE C COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Combined Group has long-term operating leases for office space, certain broadcasting facilities and equipment. The leases expire at various dates, generally during the next ten years, and have varying options to renew and cancel. Some of the lease agreements contain renewal options and annual rental escalation clauses (generally tied to the consumer price index), as well as provisions for the payment of utilities and maintenance by The Combined Group. In addition, The Combined Group has commitments relating to programming rights.

As of December 31, 2011, The Combined Group s future minimum rental commitments under non-cancelable operating lease agreements and future programming rights not yet reflected in the balance sheet, both with terms in excess of one year, consist of the following:

(In thousands)	Payments Due for Year Ended December 31,						
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Thereafter	Total
Program rights payments	\$ 870	\$ 2,504	\$ 1,965	\$ 971	\$ 938	\$ 2,392	\$ 9,640
Operating leases	466	348	181	118	101	474	1,688
Total contractual obligations	\$ 1,336	\$ 2,852	\$ 2,146	\$ 1,089	\$ 1,039	\$ 2,866	\$11,328

# The Combined Group

# NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009

Rental expense for operating leases for each of the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009 was approximately \$0.7 million, \$0.7 million, and \$0.9 million, respectively.

There are no pending legal proceedings that The Combined Group anticipates will have a material adverse effect on its financial statements.

#### NOTE D RELATED PARTY AND OTHER TRANSACTIONS

Newport provides certain day-to-day management services to The Combined Group. In addition to the day-to-day management of the stations, these services include treasury, payroll, human resources, employee benefit services, legal and related services, and information systems and related information technology services. As part of the treasury services, day-to-day net cash is swept to Newport s bank accounts. The net cash flow generated by The Combined Group is reflected as net distributions to owners in the accompanying financial statements. The costs of these services are prorated to all stations based on the station s broadcast cash flow and are reflected as corporate expense allocation in the accompanying financial statements. Management believes the allocation methodology is reasonable. Total corporate costs allocated to The Combined Group for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009, were \$3.3 million, \$3.6 million, and \$5.4 million, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009, the corporate costs allocated to The Combined Group includes \$0.6 million, \$0.6 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, of noncash compensation expense for restricted units issued to certain members of the corporate management team.

Inergize Digital (a division of Newport) provides website hosting, website development, website content management, website related advertising support and certain sales support services to all Newport stations, including those in The Combined Group. Inergize Digital revenues recognized in the combined statements of operations from Newport stations not included in The Combined Group for the years ended December 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$3.5 million, \$3.2 million, and \$2.6 million, respectively.

The New York Hub (a division of Newport) provides certain engineering, programming, master control, accounting, and traffic support services to the all stations located in New York in The Combined Group, as well as other Newport stations located in New York. New York Hub revenues recognized in the combined statements of operations from Newport stations not included in The Combined Group for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$1.1 million, \$1.2 million, and \$1.2 million, respectively.

Newport has a management agreement with its equity partner which owns the majority of the equity interests of Newport. Under this management agreement, Newport is to pay its equity partner an annual management fee based on EBITDA, as defined in the agreement. This expense of \$2.1 million, \$1.9 million, and \$1.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively, has not been allocated to the financials of The Combined Group.

The Combined Group s employees are eligible to participate in the Newport 401(k) Plan, a defined contribution plan (the Plan). Newport suspended any company match in 2009 and The Combined Group did not recognize any expense related to the Plan during 2011, 2010, and 2009.

Newport is currently self-insured up to certain stop-loss thresholds for health and welfare benefit plans and obtains insurance from various third parties for general liability, property, and casualty insurance. Newport charges The Combined Group premiums based on one or more of the following: number of employees, historical claims, estimates of future claims, administrative costs, and applicable third party insurance premiums. The insurance premiums charged to The Combined Group for the years ended December 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$2.4 million, \$2.6 million, and \$2.2 million, respectively.

# The Combined Group

# NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009

# NOTE E INCOME TAXES

The income taxes presented in the combined financial statements represent the taxes on High Plain s stations as if a stand-alone tax return was filed plus any income taxes in the state of Tennessee. Income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 was \$0.3 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. There was no income tax expense in 2009. Deferred tax assets associated with High Plains and Tennessee are recorded at the Newport and High Plains level.

The Combined Group evaluates its uncertain tax positions annually. Accordingly, a liability is recognized when it is more likely than not that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The amount recognized is subject to estimates and management judgment with respect to the likely outcome of each uncertain tax position. The amount that is ultimately sustained for an individual uncertain tax position or for all uncertain tax positions in the aggregate could differ from the amount recognized.

The Combined Group is subject to income taxes in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. Tax regulations within each jurisdiction are subject to the interpretation of the related tax laws and regulations and require significant judgment to apply. Newport and High Plains are subject to U.S. federal, state and local tax examinations by tax authorities for its 2009 2011 returns.

The Combined Group is not currently under examination. The Combined Group does not expect any material changes to its unrecognized tax benefits within the next 12 months. The Combined Group recognizes interest and penalties accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense for all periods presented.

#### NOTE F FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Due to their short maturity, the carrying amounts of accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximated their fair values at December 31, 2011, 2010, and 2009.

The following table summarizes the valuation of assets, upon which impairment was recorded, at fair value on a nonrecurring basis in the combined balance sheets at December 31, 2009:

(In thousands)	Items measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis					
	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets Level	Significant other Significant observable inputs inputs  Level 2 Level 3		Balance as of December 31, 2009		
Assets						
Goodwill	\$	\$	\$ 15,	283	\$	15,283
Broadcast license rights			57,	889		57,889
Total assets at fair value	\$	\$	\$ 73,	172	\$	73,172

Note: Goodwill and broadcast license rights were measured on October 1, 2009 (the measurement date for impairment testing) and may not necessarily reflect fair value as of December 31, 2009.

\* \* \* \*

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# \$525,000,000

# NEXSTAR BROADCASTING, INC.

# **Exchange Offer for**

6<sup>7</sup>/<sub>8</sub> Senior Notes due 2020

# **PROSPECTUS**

October 21, 2013

We have not authorized any dealer, salesperson or other person to give any information or represent anything to you other than the information contained in this prospectus. You may not rely on unauthorized information or representations.

This prospectus does not offer to sell or ask for offers to buy any of the securities in any jurisdiction where it is unlawful, where the person making the offer is not qualified to do so, or to any person who can not legally be offered the securities.

The information in this prospectus is current only as of the date on its cover, and may change after that date. For any time after the cover date of this prospectus, we do not represent that our affairs are the same as described or that the information in this prospectus is correct, nor do we imply those things by delivering this prospectus or selling securities to you.

Until January 19, 2014, all dealers that effect transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in the exchange offer may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers obligations to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.