TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC. Form 10-Q May 07, 2015
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
x Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015 or
<ul> <li>Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from to</li> <li>Commission file number 001-32352</li> </ul>
TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware 26-0075658 (State or Other Jurisdiction (I.R.S. Employer of Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

1211 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (212) 852-7000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer "Non-accelerated filer "Smaller reporting company" Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

As of May 1, 2015, 1,258,939,603 shares of Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 798,520,953 shares of Class B Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, were outstanding.

# TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

# FORM 10-Q

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# TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

# UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

# (IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

For	the three	monthe	ended	For the	nine	monthe	ended
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	March 31	,	2014		March 31,		2014	
Revenues	2015 \$ 6,840		2014 \$ 8,219		2015 \$ 22,782		2014 \$ 23,443	
Operating expenses	(4,357	)	(5,475	)	(14,775	)	(15,473	)
Selling, general and administrative	(823	)	(978	)	(2,890	)	(3,082	)
Depreciation and amortization	(124	)	(267	)	(601	)	(840	)
Equity earnings of affiliates	330	,	170	,	959	,	430	,
Interest expense, net	(292	)	(284	)	(907	)	(830	)
Interest income	8	,	6	,	31	,	21	,
Other, net	(67	)	(33	)	5,008		123	
	(07	,	(33	,	2,000		120	
Income from continuing operations before income tax expense	1,515		1,358		9,607		3,792	
Income tax expense	(458	)	(269	)	(1,150	)	(929	)
international confidence	( .0 0	,	(=0)	,	(1,100		(>=>	
Income from continuing operations	1,057		1,089		8,457		2,863	
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax	(15	)	(16	)	(38	)	696	
( · · · · )					(			
Net income	1,042		1,073		8,419		3,559	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(67	)	(20	)	(200	)	(44	)
Net income attributable to Twenty-First Century Fox, Inc.								
stockholders	\$ 975		\$ 1,053		\$ 8,219		\$ 3,515	
Earnings per share data								
Income from continuing operations attributable to Twenty-First								
Century Fox, Inc. stockholders - basic and diluted	\$ 990		\$ 1,069		\$ 8,257		\$ 2,819	
•							·	
Weighted average shares:								
Basic	2,111		2,252		2,151		2,279	
Diluted	2,113		2,256		2,153		2,283	
Income from continuing operations attributable to Twenty-First								
Century Fox, Inc. stockholders per share:								
Basic	\$ 0.47		\$ 0.47		\$ 3.84		\$ 1.24	
Diluted	\$ 0.47		\$ 0.47		\$ 3.84		\$ 1.23	
Net income attributable to Twenty-First Century Fox, Inc.								
stockholders per share - basic and diluted	\$ 0.46		\$ 0.47	:	\$ 3.82		\$ 1.54	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

## UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(IN MILLIONS)

For the three months ended For the nine months ended

	March 31,				March 31			
	2015		2014		2015	,	2014	
Net income	\$ 1,042		\$ 1,073		\$ 8,419		\$ 3,559	
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:								
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(378	)	21		(1,990	)	588	
Unrealized holding (losses) gains on securities	(1	)	5		(58	)	(134	)
Benefit plan adjustments	7		10		21		23	
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(372	)	36		(2,027	)	477	
Comprehensive income	670		1,109		6,392		4,036	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests <sup>(a)</sup>	(67	)	(20	)	(200	)	(44	)
Less: Other comprehensive (income) loss attributable to			·					
noncontrolling interests	-		(4	)	214		(134	)
Comprehensive income attributable to Twenty-First Century								
Fox, Inc. stockholders	\$ 603		\$ 1,085		\$ 6,406		\$ 3,858	

<sup>(</sup>a) Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests includes \$30 million and \$26 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$83 million and \$74 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, relating to redeemable noncontrolling interests.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

# TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

# (IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

	As of	As of
	March 31,	June 30,
	2015	2014
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Assets:		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,276	\$5,415
Receivables, net	6,345	6,468
Inventories, net	3,062	3,092
Other	366	401
Total current assets	19,049	15,376
Non-current assets:		
Receivables, net	418	454
Investments	4,441	2,859
Inventories, net	6,428	6,442
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,696	2,931
Intangible assets, net	6,372	8,072
Goodwill	12,502	18,052
Other non-current assets	586	607
omer non current assets	200	007
Total assets	\$ 51,492	\$54,793
Liabilities and Equity:		
Current liabilities:		
Borrowings	\$ 227	\$799
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities	3,860	4,183
Participations, residuals and royalties payable	1,684	1,546
Program rights payable	1,251	1,638
Deferred revenue	468	690
	<b>-</b> 400	0.056
Total current liabilities	7,490	8,856
Non-current liabilities:		
Borrowings	18,865	18,259
Other liabilities	3,355	3,507
Deferred income taxes	2,169	2,729
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	638	541

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Commitments and contingencies Equity: Class A common stock<sup>(a)</sup> 13 14 Class B common stock(b) 8 8 Additional paid-in capital 13,647 15,041 Retained earnings 6,168 2,389 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (1,847)(34 Total Twenty-First Century Fox, Inc. stockholders' equity 17,989 17,418 Noncontrolling interests 986 3,483 Total equity 18,975 20,901 Total liabilities and equity \$ 51,492 \$54,793

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

<sup>(</sup>a) Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, 6,000,000,000 shares authorized, 1,274,293,132 shares and 1,408,305,942 shares issued and outstanding, net of 123,687,371 treasury shares at par, as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

<sup>(</sup>b) Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, 3,000,000,000 shares authorized, 798,520,953 shares issued and outstanding, net of 356,993,807 treasury shares at par, as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

# TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

# UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(IN MILLIONS)

	For the nine months ende			ed
	March 31,			
	2015		2014	
Operating activities:				
Net income	\$ 8,419		\$ 3,559	
Less: (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax	(38	)	696	
Income from continuing operations	8,457		2,863	
Adjustments to reconcile income from continuing operations to cash provided by				
operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	601		840	
Amortization of cable distribution investments	61		61	
Equity-based compensation	80		85	
Equity earnings of affiliates	(959	)	(430	)
Cash distributions received from affiliates	223		223	
Other, net	(5,008	)	(123	)
Deferred income taxes	204		(143	)
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:				
Receivables and other assets	(550	)	(767	)
Inventories net of program rights payable	(657	)	(1,083	)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	171		55	
Net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations	2,623		1,581	
Investing activities:	(220		(470	\
Property, plant and equipment	(320	)	(470	)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(142	)	(692	)
Investments in equity affiliates	(1,108	)	(72	)
Other investments	(53	)	(33	)
Proceeds from dispositions, net	8,610		259	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities from continuing operations	6,987		(1,008	)
Financing activities:				
Borrowings	2,534		987	
Repayment of borrowings	(2,174	)	(142	)
Issuance of shares	49		66	
Repurchase of shares	(4,784	)	(2,752	)
Dividends paid and distributions	(494	)	(444	)
Purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interests	(650	)	(76	)

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Distribution to News Corporation	-		(10	)
Net cash used in financing activities from continuing operations	(5,519	)	(2,371	)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents from discontinued operations	(38	)	608	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,053		(1,190	)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Exchange movement on cash balances	5,415 (192	)	6,659 48	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 9,276	1	\$ 5,517	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Twenty-First Century Fox, Inc. and its subsidiaries (together, "Twenty-First Century Fox" or the "Company") is a Delaware corporation. Twenty-First Century Fox is a diversified global media and entertainment company, which manages and reports its businesses in five segments: Cable Network Programming, Television, Filmed Entertainment, Direct Broadcast Satellite Television ("DBS") and Other, Corporate and Eliminations. The DBS segment consisted entirely of the operations of Sky Italia and Sky Deutschland AG ("Sky Deutschland"). On November 12, 2014, Twenty-First Century Fox completed the previously announced sale of Sky Italia and its 57% interest in Sky Deutschland to British Sky Broadcasting Group plc, which was subsequently renamed Sky plc ("Sky") (See Note 2 – Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions). Sky is a pan-European digital television provider, which operates in Italy, Germany, Austria, the United Kingdom and Ireland. Following the sale of the DBS businesses, the Company continues to report in five segments for comparative purposes, and there is no future activity in the DBS segment.

The accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. In the opinion of management, all adjustments consisting only of normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been reflected in these Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. Operating results for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.

These interim Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on August 14, 2014 (the "2014 Form 10-K").

The Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Twenty-First Century Fox. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation, including the intercompany portion of transactions with equity method investees. Investments in and advances to equity or joint ventures in which the Company has significant influence, but less than a controlling voting interest, are accounted for using the equity method. Investments in which the Company has no significant influence are designated as available-for-sale investments if readily determinable market values are available. If an investment's fair value is not readily determinable, the Company accounts for its investment at cost.

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts that are reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Certain fiscal 2014 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the fiscal 2015 presentation. Unless indicated otherwise, the information in the notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements relate to the Company's continuing operations.

Recently Adopted and Recently Issued Accounting Guidance

Adopted

In March 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2013-05, "Foreign Currency Matters (Topic 830): Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity", ("ASU 2013-05"). The objective of ASU 2013-05 is to resolve the diversity in practice regarding the release of the cumulative translation adjustment into net income when a parent either sells a part or all of its investment in a foreign entity or no longer holds a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets or a business within a foreign entity. ASU 2013-05 is effective for the Company for interim reporting periods beginning July 1, 2014. The Company's adoption of ASU 2013-05 did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

### Issued

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, "Interest – Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs", ("ASU 2015-03"). To simplify the presentation of debt issuance costs, ASU 2015-03 requires debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability. ASU 2015-03 requires retrospective adoption and is effective for the Company for the interim reporting periods beginning July 1, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU 2015-03 to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In May 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-07, "Fair Value Measurements (Topic 820): Disclosures for Investments in Certain Entities That Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent)", ("ASU 2015-07"). ASU 2015-07 removes the requirement to categorize within the fair value hierarchy all investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share practical expedient. ASU 2015-07 also removes the requirement to make certain disclosures for all investments that are eligible to be measured at fair value using the net asset value per share practical expedient. ASU 2015-07 requires retrospective adoption and is effective for the Company for the interim reporting periods beginning July 1, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact ASU 2015-07 will have on its consolidated financial statements.

### NOTE 2. ACQUISITIONS, DISPOSALS AND OTHER TRANSACTIONS

The Company's acquisitions support the Company's strategic priority of increasing its brand presence and reach in key domestic and international markets, acquiring greater control of investments that complement its portfolio of businesses, creating new pay-TV sports franchises and leveraging its sports broadcasting rights.

For some recent acquisitions, the accounting for the business combination is based on provisional amounts and the allocation of the excess purchase price is not final. The amounts allocated to intangibles and goodwill, the estimates of useful lives and the related amortization expense are subject to change pending the completion of final valuations of certain assets and liabilities. A change in the purchase price allocations and any estimates of useful lives could result in a change in the value allocated to the intangible assets that could impact future amortization expense.

Fiscal 2015

Acquisitions

San Francisco-Bay Area Television Stations

In October 2014, the Company acquired two San Francisco-Bay area television stations, KTVU-TV FOX 2 and KICU-TV 36, with a fair value of approximately \$220 million from Cox Media Group in exchange for the Company's FOX Broadcasting Company ("FOX") affiliated stations WHBQ-TV FOX 13 and WFXT-TV FOX 25, located in the Memphis and Boston markets, respectively. The aggregate excess purchase price of approximately \$175 million has been preliminarily allocated, based on a provisional valuation of the two San Francisco-Bay area television stations, as follows: approximately \$170 million to intangible assets, of which approximately \$105 million has been allocated to FCC licenses with indefinite lives and approximately \$65 million to amortizable intangible assets, primarily retransmission agreements with useful lives of approximately 8 years; and the balance of the excess representing the goodwill on the transaction.

trueX media inc.

In February 2015, the Company acquired trueX media inc. ("true[X]"), a video advertising company specializing in consumer engagement and on-demand marketing campaigns, for an estimated total purchase price of approximately \$175 million in cash including deferred payments which are subject to the achievement of service and performance conditions. The excess purchase price of approximately \$125 million has been preliminarily allocated, based on a

provisional valuation of true[X], as follows: approximately \$30 million to intangible assets and the balance of the excess representing the goodwill on the transaction and other net assets. The goodwill reflects the synergies and increased market penetration expected from combining the operations of true[X] and the Company.

#### MAA Television Network

In February 2015, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire the broadcast business of MAA Television Network Limited ("MAA TV"), an entity in India that broadcasts and operates Telugu language entertainment channels, for approximately \$375 million in cash. The acquisition is subject to customary closing conditions, including regulatory approvals. The transaction is expected to close before December 31, 2015.

### **Dispositions**

## Sky Italia and Sky Deutschland

In January 2011, the Company purchased a convertible bond from Sky Deutschland for approximately \$225 million. In October 2014, the Company exercised its right to convert the bonds into 53.9 million Sky Deutschland shares, increasing the Company's ownership interest to 57%.

On November 12, 2014, the Company sold its 100% and 57% ownership stakes in Sky Italia and Sky Deutschland, respectively, to Sky for approximately \$8.8 billion in value comprised of approximately \$8.2 billion in cash received, net of \$650 million of cash

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

paid to acquire Sky's 21% interest in NGC Network International LLC and NGC Network Latin America LLC (collectively "NGC International"), increasing the Company's ownership stake in NGC International to 73%. In connection with this transaction, the Company participated in Sky's equity offering in July 2014 by purchasing additional shares in Sky for approximately \$900 million and maintained the Company's 39% ownership interest. As a result of the transaction, Sky Italia and Sky Deutschland ceased to be consolidated subsidiaries of the Company. The Company recorded a gain of \$5.0 billion on this transaction, which was included in Other, net in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2015. The resulting current income tax liability on this transaction will be substantially offset by the utilization of capital loss carryforwards and foreign tax credits (See Note 14 – Additional Financial Information).

The historical operating results of Sky Italia and Sky Deutschland and the gain on their disposal have not been classified as discontinued operations in the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, as the Company has a continuing involvement in Sky.

The following table presents the summarized assets and liabilities of Sky Italia and Sky Deutschland:

	As of	As of
	Novemb	odrune
	12,	30,
	2014	2014
	(in milli	ons)
Total current assets	\$1,563	\$1,200
Goodwill and intangible assets, net	5,830	6,451
Other non-current assets	1,363	1,493
Total assets	\$8,756	\$9,144
Total current liabilities	\$1,885	\$1,801
Total non-current liabilities	674	635
Total liabilities	\$2,559	\$2,436

## Shine Group

The Company and funds managed by Apollo Global Management, LLC ("Apollo") formed Endemol Shine Group in December 2014, to which the Company contributed its interests in Shine Group and cash, comprising an aggregate carrying value of approximately \$830 million. The joint venture, a global multi-platform content provider, is comprised of Shine Group, Endemol, and CORE Media Group. The Company and Apollo have an equal ownership interest in the joint venture. As a result of the transaction, Shine Group ceased to be a consolidated subsidiary of the Company. The Company recorded a gain of \$70 million on this transaction which was included in Other, net in the

Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2015. For income tax purposes, this was structured as a tax free transaction. The Company's investment in the Endemol Shine Group is accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

The historical operating results of Shine Group and the gain on its disposal have not been classified as discontinued operations in the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, as the Company has a continuing involvement in Endemol Shine Group.

Fiscal 2014

Acquisitions

Yankees Entertainment and Sports Network

On February 28, 2014, the Company acquired an additional 31% interest in the Yankees Entertainment and Sports Network (the "YES Network"), increasing the Company's ownership interest to 80%, for approximately \$680 million, net of cash acquired. Subsequent to the acquisition, the Company has consolidated the balance sheet and operating results of the YES Network, including \$1.7 billion in debt. The remaining 20% of the YES Network not owned by the Company has been recorded at a fair value of approximately \$385 million on the acquisition date based on the Company's valuation of the YES Network business using a market approach (a Level 3 measurement as defined in Note 7 – Fair Value). The carrying amount of the Company's previously held equity interest in the YES Network was revalued to its fair value of approximately \$860 million as of the acquisition date. The aggregate excess purchase price has been allocated, based on a valuation of 100% of the YES Network, as follows: approximately \$1.7 billion to intangible assets consisting of multi-channel video programming distributor ("MVPD") affiliate agreements and relationships with useful lives of 20 years and advertiser relationships with useful lives of 6 years, and the indefinite-lived YES Network trade name; approximately \$1.7 billion to debt; approximately \$1.6 billion representing the goodwill on the transaction; and other net assets. The

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

goodwill reflects the synergies and increased market penetration expected from combining the operations of the YES Network and the Company.

#### NOTE 3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

### Separation of News Corp

On June 28, 2013, the Company completed the separation of its business into two independent publicly traded companies (the "Separation") by distributing to its stockholders all of the outstanding shares of the new News Corporation ("News Corp"). The Company retained its interests in a global portfolio of media and entertainment assets spanning six continents. News Corp holds the Company's former businesses including newspapers, information services and integrated marketing services, digital real estate services, book publishing, digital education and sports programming and pay-TV distribution in Australia. The Company completed the Separation by distributing to its stockholders one share of News Corp Class A common stock for every four shares of the Company's Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share ("Class A Common Stock") held on June 21, 2013, and one share of News Corp Class B common stock for every four shares of the Company's Class B common stock, par value \$0.01 per share ("Class B Common Stock") held on June 21, 2013. The Company's stockholders received cash in lieu of fractional shares. Following the Separation, the Company does not beneficially own any shares of News Corp Class A common stock or News Corp Class B common stock.

Effective June 28, 2013, the Separation qualified for discontinued operations treatment in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 205-20, "Discontinued Operations", and accordingly the Company deconsolidated News Corp's balance sheet as of June 30, 2013, and presented its results for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 as discontinued operations on the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations and as discontinued operations on the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

## Summarized Financial Information

(Loss) income from discontinued operations were as follows:

	For the three monHor thdedne months ended			
	March 31,	March 31,		
	2015 2014	2015	2014	
	(in millions, exc	ept per share	data)	
(Loss) income from discontinued operations before income tax expense(a)	\$(2) \$(16)	\$ (11	\$ 696	
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$(15) \$(16)	\$ (38	\$ 696	
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax attributable to				
Twenty-First Century Fox stockholders per share - basic	\$(0.01) \$(0.01)	\$ (0.02	\$ 0.31	

(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax attributable to Twenty-First Century Fox stockholders per share - diluted

\$(0.01) \$(0.01) \$ (0.02) \$ 0.30

(a) Includes the net tax refund recognized and received, pursuant to the tax sharing and indemnification agreement with News Corp, of approximately \$720 million during the nine months ended March 31, 2014.

Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities from discontinued operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were \$(38) million and \$608 million, respectively.

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES, NET

Receivables, net are presented net of an allowance for returns and doubtful accounts, which is an estimate of amounts that may not be collectible.

Receivables, net consist of:

	As of	As of
	March	June
	31,	30,
	2015	2014
	(in millio	ons)
Total receivables	\$7,393	\$7,737
Allowances for returns and doubtful accounts	(630)	(815)
Total receivables, net	6,763	6,922
Less: current receivables, net	(6,345)	(6,468)
Non-current receivables, net	\$418	\$454

# NOTE 5. INVENTORIES, NET

The Company's inventories were comprised of the following:

	As of	As of
	March 31,	June 30,
	2015 (in milli	2014 ons)
Programming rights	\$5,906	\$5,812
DVDs, Blu-rays and other merchandise	72	81
Filmed entertainment costs:		
Films:		
Released	1,153	1,025

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Completed, not released	58	317
In production	897	819
In development or preproduction	194	151
1 1		
	2,302	2,312
Television productions:		
Released	875	862
In production	335	463
In development or preproduction	-	4
	1,210	1,329
Total filmed entertainment costs, less accumulated amortization <sup>(a)</sup>	3,512	3,641
Total inventories, net	9,490	9,534
Less: current portion of inventories, net <sup>(b)</sup>	(3,062)	(3,092)
Total non-current inventories, net	\$6,428	\$6,442

<sup>(</sup>a) Does not include \$311 million and \$335 million of net intangible film library costs as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively, which were included in intangible assets subject to amortization in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

<sup>(</sup>b) Current portion of inventories as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014 was comprised of programming rights (\$2,990 million and \$3,011 million, respectively), DVDs, Blu-rays and other merchandise.

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 6. INVESTMENTS

The Company's investments were comprised of the following:

		Ownership		
		percentage		
			As of	As of
		as of		
			March	June
		March 31,	31,	30,
		2015	2015	2014
			(in milli	ons)
Sky plc <sup>(a)(c)</sup>	European DBS operator	39%	\$3,356	\$2,359
Endemol Shine Group <sup>(b)(c)</sup>		50%	688	-
Other investments		various	397	500
Total investments			\$4,441	\$2,859

<sup>(</sup>a) The Company's investment in Sky had a market value of \$9.9 billion as of March 31, 2015 and was valued using the quoted market price on the London Stock Exchange (a Level 1 measurement as defined in Note 7 – Fair Value).

Sky

In July 2014, the Company participated in Sky's equity offering by purchasing approximately \$900 million of additional shares in Sky and maintained the Company's 39% ownership interest (See Note 2 – Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions). The Company received dividends of approximately \$210 million and \$195 million from Sky for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Included in Equity earnings of affiliates in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were the Company's proportionate share of approximately \$350 million of Sky's gains related to the sale of its investment in Sky Betting & Gaming ("Sky Bet") and for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were the Company's proportionate share of approximately \$830 million of Sky's gains related to the sale of its investments in Sky Bet, NGC International and ITV plc.

#### NOTE 7. FAIR VALUE

In accordance with ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurement", fair value measurements are required to be disclosed using a three-tiered fair value hierarchy which distinguishes market participant assumptions into the following

<sup>(</sup>b) See Note 2 – Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions.

<sup>(</sup>c) Equity method investment.

categories: (i) inputs that are quoted prices in active markets ("Level 1"); (ii) inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities ("Level 2"); and (iii) inputs that require the entity to use its own assumptions about market participant assumptions ("Level 3").

The tables below present information about financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value on a recurring basis:

	Fair value measurements As of March 31, 2015							
	713 01 1	Quoted prices in Significant						
			e markets	other Signi		ignifican	ıt	
				observable			nobserva	ıble
			identical instruments		inputs		inputs	
Description	Total (in mill	,		(Level 2)		(]	(Level 3)	
Assets	`	ĺ						
Investments <sup>(a)</sup>	\$18	\$	18	\$	-	\$	-	
Derivatives <sup>(b)</sup>	11		-		11		-	
Liabilities								
Derivatives <sup>(b)</sup>	(26)		-		(26	)	-	
Contingent consideration <sup>(c)</sup>	(119)		-		_		(119	)
Redeemable noncontrolling interests $^{(d)}$	(638)		-		-		(638	)
Total	\$(754)	\$	18	\$	(15	) \$	(757	)

### TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	As of J	As of June 30, 2014  Quoted prices in Significant				t				
				oth	ner	;	Sig	gnificant	į	
		for	1	ob	servable	e 1	un	observal	ole	
		identical instruments		inputs		j	inputs			
Description	Total (in mill	•	evel 1)	(Le	evel 2)	(	(L	evel 3)		
Assets	•		,							
Investments <sup>(a)</sup>	\$124	\$	124	\$	-	:	\$	-		
Liabilities										
Derivatives <sup>(b)</sup>	(10)		-		(10	)		_		
Contingent consideration <sup>(c)</sup>	(134)		-		-			(134	)	
Redeemable noncontrolling interests <sup>(d)</sup>	(541)		-		-			(541	)	
Total	\$(561)	\$	124	\$	(10	) :	\$	(675	)	

<sup>(</sup>a) Available for sale securities.

#### **Financial Instruments**

The carrying value of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables and cost method investments, approximates fair value.

#### **Borrowings**

<sup>(</sup>b) Represents derivatives associated with the Company's foreign currency forward contracts and interest rate swap contracts which are valued using an income approach.

<sup>(</sup>c) Represents contingent consideration related to the acquisitions of Eredivisie Media & Marketing and SportsTime Ohio in fiscal 2013.

<sup>(</sup>d) The Company accounts for redeemable noncontrolling interests in accordance with ASC 480-10-S99-3A, "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity", because their exercise is outside the control of the Company. The redeemable noncontrolling interests recorded at fair value are put arrangements held by the noncontrolling interests in certain of the Company's majority-owned sports networks. The Company utilizes the market, income or cost approaches or a combination of these valuation techniques for its Level 3 fair value measures, using observable inputs such as market data obtained from independent sources. To the extent observable inputs are not available, the Company utilizes unobservable inputs based upon the assumptions market participants would use in valuing the asset (liability). As of March 31, 2015, one minority shareholder's put right is currently exercisable and another minority shareholder's put right will become exercisable in March 2016. The increase in the amount of redeemable noncontrolling interests during the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 was primarily due to the issuance of redeemable instruments in one of the Company's majority-owned regional sports networks.

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As of

As of

March

31, June 30,

2015 2014

(in millions)

Fair value of borrowings \$23,560 \$22,692

Carrying value of borrowings \$19,092 \$19,058

Fair value is generally determined by reference to market values resulting from trading on a national securities exchange or in an over-the-counter market (a Level 1 measurement).

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Foreign Currency Forward Contracts

The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts primarily to hedge certain exposures to foreign currency exchange rate risks associated with revenues, the cost of producing or acquiring films and television programming as well as its investment in certain foreign operations and equity method investments.

	As of	As of
	March	
	2015 (in mi	
Cash flow hedges		
Notional amount of foreign currency forward contracts	\$799	\$393
Fair value of foreign currency forward contracts	\$(14)	\$(3)
Net investment hedges	, ,	
Notional amount of foreign currency forward contracts	\$321	\$-
Fair value of foreign currency forward contracts	\$(1)	\$-

The increase in the net investment hedges balance as of March 31, 2015 is primarily due to the Company's use of foreign currency forward contracts to hedge a portion of the carrying value of the Company's investment in an equity method investee.

	As oas of
	Mardhne 31, 30,
	201\overline{2014} (in millions)
Economic hedges	
Notional amount of foreign currency forward contracts	\$- \$305

Notional amount of foreign currency forward contracts \$-\$305

Fair value of foreign currency forward contracts \$- \$(1)

The economic hedges entered into by the Company as of June 30, 2014 primarily related to foreign currency forward contracts of the DBS segment, which was sold in November 2014 (See Note 2 – Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions).

**Interest Rate Swap Contracts** 

The Company uses interest rate swap contracts to hedge certain exposures to interest rate risks associated with certain borrowings.

	As	oAs c	of
	1,100	r <b>øh</b> ne 30,	;
	(in	1 <b>5</b> 2014	
Cash flow hedges			
Notional amount of interest rate swap contracts	\$-	\$30	8
Fair value of interest rate swap contracts	\$-	\$(6	)

As a result of the sale of the DBS businesses in November 2014, the Company no longer has interest rate swap contracts used as cash flow hedges (See Note 2 – Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions).

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	As of	As of
	March	
	2015 (in mi	2014 llions)
Economic hedges		
Notional amount of interest rate swap contracts	\$260	\$270
Fair value of interest rate swap contracts	\$-	\$-

The following table shows the changes in fair value of the Company's derivatives:

	For the three nFronthreenidedmonths ende						
		31, 2014 llions)	March 31 2015	l,	2014		
Beginning of period	\$(9)	\$(19)	\$ (10	)	\$ 3		
Changes in fair value recorded in accumulated other comprehensive (loss)							
income, net of settlements	(10)	(5)	121		(26	)	
Reclassified losses (gains) from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net							
income	4	6	(126	)	10		
Other	-	-	-		(5	)	
End of period	\$(15)	\$(18)	\$ (15	)	\$ (18	)	

The effective changes in the fair values of derivative contracts designated as cash flow hedges are reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income when the underlying hedged item is recognized in earnings. The effective changes in the fair values of derivative contracts designated as net investment hedges are reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income when the related foreign subsidiaries or equity method investments are sold and the related cash flows are reported in Proceeds from dispositions, net within Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities from continuing operations in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (See Note 2 – Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions). For foreign currency forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges, the Company expects to reclassify the cumulative changes in fair values, included in accumulated other comprehensive loss, to net income within the next 36 months. Cash flows from the settlement of derivative contracts designated as cash flow hedges offset cash flows from the underlying hedged items and are

included in operating activities in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

#### Concentrations of Credit Risk

Cash and cash equivalents are maintained with several financial institutions. The Company has deposits held with banks that exceed the amount of insurance provided on such deposits. Generally, these deposits may be redeemed upon demand and are maintained with financial institutions of reputable credit and, therefore, bear minimal credit risk.

The Company's receivables did not represent significant concentrations of credit risk as of March 31, 2015 or June 30, 2014 due to the wide variety of customers, markets and geographic areas to which the Company's products and services are sold.

The Company monitors its positions with, and the credit quality of, the financial institutions which are counterparties to its financial instruments. The Company is exposed to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties to the agreements. As of March 31, 2015, the Company did not anticipate nonperformance by any of the counterparties.

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 8. GOODWILL

The changes in the carrying value of goodwill, by segment, are as follows:

					D	irect					
					В	roadcast	Otl	ner,			
	Cable N	letwork	Fi	lmed	S	atellite	Coanc	rporate l			
	Progran (in milli	•	n Er	ntertainmen	t T	elevision	Eli	minations	Tota	al Goodw	ill
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$9,551	\$ 1,882	\$	1,594	\$	4,994	\$	31	\$ 1	8,052	
Acquisitions	92	5		-		-		-	9	7	
Dispositions	-	(55	)	(471	)	(4,548	)	-	(:	5,074	)
Foreign exchange movements and											
Other	(85	) -		(42	)	(446	)	-	(:	573	)
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$9,558	\$ 1,832	\$	1,081	\$	_	\$	31	\$ 1	2,502	

The increase in the carrying value of the Cable Network Programming segment goodwill, during the nine months ended March 31, 2015, was primarily due to the acquisition of true[X]. The decrease in the carrying value of the Television, Filmed Entertainment and DBS segments goodwill, during the nine months ended March 31, 2015, was primarily due to the dispositions of the FOX affiliated stations, Shine Group and Sky Deutschland, respectively (See Note 2 – Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions).

### **NOTE 9. BORROWINGS**

Borrowings include bank loans, public debt and other borrowings.

#### Senior Notes Issued

In September 2014, 21st Century Fox America, Inc. ("21CFA"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, issued \$600 million of 3.70% Senior Notes due 2024 and \$600 million of 4.75% Senior Notes due 2044. The net proceeds of approximately \$1.19 billion were used for general corporate purposes.

#### Senior Notes Due

In December 2014, the Company retired \$750 million of 5.30% Senior Notes.

#### Bank loans

Included in Borrowings within Non-current liabilities as of June 30, 2014 was €225 million (\$308 million) outstanding under the Sky Deutschland credit agreement. In November 2014, Sky Deutschland ceased to be a consolidated subsidiary of the Company, and as a result, this credit agreement is no longer an obligation of the Company (See Note 2 – Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions).

In November 2014, the YES Network amended its credit agreement to increase the total size of its credit facility to \$1.765 billion, comprised of a secured revolving credit facility, a term loan facility and a delayed draw term loan facility, and to extend the maturity date of the credit agreement to December 2019. As of March 31, 2015, the outstanding balance on the term loan facility and secured revolving credit facility was \$893 million and \$152 million, respectively. The total amount available under the secured revolving credit facility is \$305 million. The total amount available under the delayed draw term loan facility is \$560 million and will be used to retire the YES Network's Senior Subordinated Notes. If YES Network does not draw and utilize the funds on the delayed draw term loan facility by July 2015, it will be withdrawn.

### Current borrowings

Included in Borrowings within Current liabilities as of March 31, 2015 was 7.60% Senior Notes of \$200 million that are due in October 2015 and principal payments on the YES Network term loan facility of \$27 million that are due in the next 12 months.

# TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 10. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

The following tables summarize changes in equity:

	For the three 2015 Twenty-First					
	Century	oncontrolling	Total	Twenty-Firs Century Fox N	oncontrolling	Total
	stockholdeinst (in millions)	•	equity	stockholdein		equity
Balance, beginning of period	\$19,813 \$	975	\$20,788	\$17,649 \$	3,151	\$20,800
Net income (loss)	975	37	(a) 1,012	1,053	(6)	(a) 1,047
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(372)	-	(372)	32	4	36
Cancellation of shares, net	(2,046)	-	(2,046)	(1,013)	-	(1,013)
Dividends declared	(313 )	-	(313)	(281)	-	(281)
Acquisition of YES Network	-	-	-	-	385	385
Other	(68)	(26)	(d) (94 )	23	(33)	(d) (10 )
Balance, end of period	\$17,989 \$	986	\$18,975	\$17,463 \$	3,501	\$20,964
	2015 Twenty-Firs	e months ended		2014 Twenty-Fin	rst	
	Century		Total	Continue		
				Century		Total
		Noncontrolling		Fox	Noncontrolling	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
	Fox N stockholdein (in millions	sterests		•		
Balance, beginning of period	stockholdein (in millions	sterests		Fox stockholde		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Balance, beginning of period Net income (loss)	stockholdein (in millions	nsterests )	equity	Fox stockholde	insterests \$ 3,127	equity
	stockholdein (in millions \$17,418 \$	sterests ) 5 3,483 117	equity \$20,901	Fox stockholder \$16,998 \$3,515	insterests \$ 3,127	equity \$20,125
Net income (loss)	stockholdein (in millions \$17,418 \$ 8,219	sterests ) 5 3,483 117	equity \$20,901 (a) 8,336	Fox stockholder \$16,998 \$ 3,515 ) 343	\$ 3,127 (30	equity \$20,125 )(a) 3,485
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive (loss) income	stockholdein (in millions \$17,418 \$ 8,219 (1,813)	sterests ) 5 3,483 117 (214	equity \$20,901 (a) 8,336 ) (2,027 (4,592	Fox stockholder \$16,998 \$ 3,515 ) 343	\$ 3,127 (30 134	equity \$20,125 )(a) 3,485 477
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive (loss) income Cancellation of shares, net	stockholdein (in millions \$17,418 \$ 8,219 (1,813) (4,592) (586)	sterests ) 5 3,483 117 (214 -	equity \$20,901 (a) 8,336 ) (2,027 (4,592 (586	Fox stockholder \$16,998 \$ 3,515 \$ 343 \$ (2,577)	\$ 3,127 (30 134	equity  \$20,125 )(a) 3,485 477 (2,577)
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive (loss) income Cancellation of shares, net Dividends declared	stockholdein (in millions \$17,418 \$ 8,219 (1,813) (4,592) (586)	sterests ) 5 3,483 117 (214 -	equity \$20,901 (a) 8,336 ) (2,027 (4,592 (586	Fox stockholder \$16,998 (3,515) 343 (2,577) (568)	\$ 3,127 (30 134	equity  \$20,125  )(a) 3,485  477  (2,577)  (568)
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive (loss) income Cancellation of shares, net Dividends declared Purchase of noncontrolling interests <sup>(b)</sup>	stockholdein (in millions \$17,418 \$ 8,219 (1,813) (4,592) (586)	(128	equity \$20,901 (a) 8,336 ) (2,027 (4,592 (586	Fox stockholder \$16,998 \$ 3,515 \$ 343 \$ (2,577 ) \$ (568 ) \$ (58 ) \$ -	\$ 3,127 (30 134 - (18	equity  \$20,125  (a) 3,485  477  (2,577)  (568)  (76)
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive (loss) income Cancellation of shares, net Dividends declared Purchase of noncontrolling interests <sup>(b)</sup> Acquisition of YES Network	stockholdein (in millions \$17,418 \$ 8,219 (1,813) (4,592) (586)	(214 - (128 - (2,130	equity  \$20,901 (a) 8,336 ) (2,027 (4,592 (586 ) (650 -	Fox stockholder \$16,998 \$ 3,515 \$ 343 \$ (2,577 ) \$ (568 ) \$ (58 ) \$ -	\$ 3,127 (30 134 - (18 385	equity  \$20,125  )(a) 3,485  477  (2,577)  (568) ) (76) 385

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests excludes \$30 million and \$26 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$83 million and \$74 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, relating to redeemable noncontrolling interests which are reflected in temporary equity.

- (b) Represents the increase in ownership in NGC International (See Note 2 Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions) and Latin America Pay Television in fiscal 2015 and 2014, respectively.
- (c) Represents the noncontrolling interest in Sky Deutschland (See Note 2 Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions).
- (d) Other activity attributable to noncontrolling interests excludes \$61 million and \$(13) million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$14 million and \$(59) million for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, relating to redeemable noncontrolling interests.

Other Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income is reported in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income and consists of Net income and other gains and losses, including foreign currency translation adjustments, unrealized holding gains and losses on securities, and benefit plan adjustments, which affect stockholders' equity, and under GAAP, are excluded from Net income.

# TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following tables summarize the activity within Other comprehensive (loss) income:

	March 31	, 2015 Tax	nths ended	For the nine months ended March 31, 2015 Tax (provision)			
	(	provisio	on)	(provision)	on)		
	Before the		Net of tax	Before taxbenefit	Net of tax		
Foreign currency translation adjustments							
Unrealized losses	\$(452) \$	71	\$ (381	) \$(1,870) \$ 260	\$ (1,610 )		
Amount reclassified on hedging activity(a)	4	(1	) 3	(126 ) (1	) (127 )		
Amount reclassified on dispositions(b)	-	-	-	(253 ) -	(253)		
Other comprehensive loss	\$(448) \$	5 70	\$ (378	) \$(2,249) \$ 259	\$ (1,990 )		
Gains and losses on securities							
Unrealized (losses) gains	\$(1)\$	<b>-</b>	\$ (1	\$236 \$ (83)	) \$ 153		
Amount reclassified on sale of securities(b)	-	-	-	(325 ) 114	(211 )		
Other comprehensive loss	\$(1 ) \$	<b>.</b> -	\$ (1	) \$(89 ) \$ 31	\$ (58)		
Benefit plan adjustments							
Reclassification adjustments realized in net income <sup>(c)</sup>	\$10 \$	3 (3	) \$ 7	\$32 \$ (11	) \$ 21		
Other comprehensive income	\$10 \$	3 (3	) \$ 7	\$32 \$ (11	) \$21		
	For the three months ended March 31, 2014 Tax			For the nine months ended March 31, 2014 Tax			
	(1	provisio	on)	(provisio	on)		
	Beforb (in mill		Net of tax	Before taxbenefit	Net of tax		
Foreign currency translation adjustments							
Unrealized gains	\$17 \$	(1	) \$ 16	\$ 663 \$ (83	) \$ 580		
Amount reclassified on hedging activity <sup>(a)</sup>	6	(1	) 5	10 (2	) 8		
Other comprehensive income	\$23 \$	(2	) \$ 21	\$ 673 \$ (85	) \$ 588		
Gains and losses on securities	<b>40 4</b>	(2	) <b>.</b>	<b>.</b>	Φ (4		
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$8 \$	(3	) \$ 5	\$ (6 ) \$ 2	\$ (4)		

Amount reclassified on sale of Phoenix <sup>(b)</sup>	-	-	-	(200)	70	(130	)
				,		·	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$8	\$ (3	) \$ 5	\$ (206)	\$ 72	\$ (134	)
Benefit plan adjustments							
Reclassification adjustments realized in net							
income <sup>(c)</sup>	\$15	\$ (5	) \$ 10	\$ 37	\$ (14	) \$ 23	
Other comprehensive income	\$15	\$ (5	) \$ 10	\$ 37	\$ (14	) \$ 23	

<sup>(</sup>a) Reclassifications of amounts related to hedging activity are included in Operating expenses, Selling, general and administrative expenses or Other, net, as appropriate, in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 (See Note 7 – Fair Value for additional information regarding hedging activity).

<sup>(</sup>b) Reclassifications of amounts related to dispositions and gains and losses on securities are included in Equity earnings of affiliates or Other, net, as appropriate, in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

<sup>(</sup>c) Reclassifications of amounts related to benefit plan adjustments are included in Selling, general and administrative expenses or Other, net, as appropriate, in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Earnings Per Share Data

The following table sets forth the Company's computation of Income from continuing operations attributable to Twenty-First Century Fox stockholders:

For the three months ended

	March 31, 2015 201		31, 2014
Income from continuing operations	(in millions) \$1,057 \$1.	,089 \$ 8,45	7 \$ 2,863
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		20 ) (200	) (44 )
Income from continuing operations attributable to Twenty-First Century Fox stockholders	\$990 \$1,	,069 \$ 8,25°	7 \$ 2,819

### Stock Repurchase Program

The Board has authorized a stock repurchase program, under which the Company is currently authorized to acquire Class A Common Stock. The remaining authorized amount under the Company's stock repurchase program as of June 30, 2014, excluding commissions, was approximately \$0.6 billion. In August 2014, the Company announced that the Board approved an additional \$6 billion authorization, excluding commissions, to the Company's stock repurchase program for the repurchase of Class A Common Stock. The Company intends to complete this stock repurchase program by August 2015.

The remaining authorized amount under the Company's stock repurchase program as of March 31, 2015, excluding commissions, was approximately \$1.8 billion.

The program may be modified, extended, suspended or discontinued at any time.

#### Dividends

The following table summarizes the dividends declared per share on both the Company's Class A Common Stock and the Class B Common Stock:

For the three months ended	For the nine months ended

	March 31,		March 31,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Cash dividend per share	\$ 0.150	\$ 0.125	\$ 0.275	\$ 0.250

In February 2015, the Company declared a semi-annual dividend of \$0.15 per Class A and Class B share, resulting in a prospective annual dividend of \$0.30 per share. The dividend declared was paid on April 15, 2015 to stockholders of record on March 11, 2015.

Temporary Suspension of Voting Rights Affecting Non-U.S. Stockholders

On April 18, 2012, the Company announced that it suspended 50% of the voting rights of the Class B Common Stock held by stockholders who are not U.S. citizens ("Non-U.S. Stockholders") in order to maintain compliance with U.S. law which states that no broadcast station licensee may be owned by a corporation if more than 25% of that corporation's stock was owned or voted by Non-U.S. Stockholders, their representatives, or by any other corporation organized under the laws of a foreign country. The Company owns broadcast station licensees in connection with its ownership and operation of U.S. television stations. The suspension of voting rights of shares of Class B Common Stock held by Non-U.S. Stockholders is currently at 10%. This suspension of voting rights will remain in place for as long as the Company deems it necessary to maintain compliance with applicable U.S. law, and may be adjusted by the Audit Committee as it deems appropriate.

Voting Agreement with the Murdoch Family Interests

On April 18, 2012, the Murdoch Family Trust and K. Rupert Murdoch (together the "Murdoch Family Interests") entered into an agreement with the Company, whereby the Murdoch Family Interests agreed to limit their voting rights during the voting rights suspension period. Under this agreement, the Murdoch Family Interests will not vote or provide voting instructions with respect to a portion of their shares of Class B Common Stock to the extent that doing so would increase their percentage of voting power from what it was prior to the suspension of voting rights. Currently, as a result of the suspension of voting rights, the aggregate percentage vote of the Murdoch Family Interests is at 39.1% of the outstanding shares of Class B Common Stock not subject to the suspension of voting rights, and the percentage vote may be adjusted as provided in the agreement with the Company.

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 11. EQUITY-BASED COMPENSATION

In August 2014, the Compensation Committee approved the conversion of approximately 2.1 million outstanding cash-settled equity awards granted to certain named executive officers for the fiscal 2013-2015 and fiscal 2014-2016 performance periods from cash-settled to stock-settled awards. As a result, all currently outstanding equity awards granted to the Company's named executive officers are stock-settled and the remaining cash-settled awards outstanding are not material.

The following table summarizes the Company's equity-based compensation transactions:

	For the nine months ended		
	March 31, 2015 (in millions)	2014	
Equity-based compensation	\$ 89	\$ 126	
Intrinsic value of all settled equity-based awards	\$ 303	\$ 298	
Tax benefit on vested equity-based awards	\$ 110	\$ 91	

As of March 31, 2015, the Company's total compensation cost related to equity-based awards, not yet recognized, was approximately \$120 million, and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period between one and two years. Compensation expense on all equity-based awards is generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of the entire award. However, certain performance based awards are recognized on an accelerated basis.

As of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, the liability for cash-settled awards was approximately \$15 million and \$165 million, respectively. Cash-settled awards are marked-to-market at each reporting period.

#### Performance Stock Units

The Company's stock based awards are granted in Class A Common Stock. During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, approximately 4.1 million performance stock units ("PSUs") were granted and approximately 7.1 million PSUs vested. Approximately 1.7 million units of the awards that vested were settled in cash.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2014, approximately 4.9 million PSUs were granted and approximately 2.8 million PSUs vested. Approximately 2.1 million units of the awards that vested were settled in cash.

#### NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Commitments

The Company has commitments under certain firm contractual arrangements ("firm commitments") to make future payments. These firm commitments secure the future rights to various assets and services to be used in the normal operations. The total firm commitments and future debt payments as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014 were \$76 billion and \$87 billion, respectively. The decrease from June 30, 2014 was primarily due to the sale of the DBS businesses in November 2014 (See Note 2 – Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions), partially offset by commitments under a new contract with the International Cricket Council ("ICC").

#### Guarantees

The Company's guarantees as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014 were \$967 million and \$724 million, respectively. The increase from June 30, 2014 was primarily due to the Company obtaining a bank guarantee covering its programming rights obligation in connection with the agreement with the ICC.

Contingencies

Shareholder Litigation

Southern District of New York

On July 19, 2011, a purported class action lawsuit captioned Wilder v. News Corp., et al. ("Wilder Litigation"), was filed on behalf of all purchasers of the Company's common stock between March 3, 2011 and July 11, 2011, in the United States District

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Court for the Southern District of New York. The plaintiff brought claims under Section 10(b) and Section 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, alleging that false and misleading statements were issued regarding the alleged acts of voicemail interception at The News of the World. The suit names as defendants the Company, Rupert Murdoch, James Murdoch and Rebekah Brooks, and seeks compensatory damages, rescission for damages sustained, and costs. On June 5, 2012, the court issued an order appointing the Avon Pension Fund ("Avon") as lead plaintiff and Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd as lead counsel. Thereafter, on July 3, 2012, the court issued an order providing that an amended consolidated complaint shall be filed by July 31, 2012. Avon filed an amended consolidated complaint on July 31, 2012, which among other things, added as defendants NI Group Limited (now known as News Corp UK & Ireland Limited) and Les Hinton, and expanded the class period to include February 15, 2011 to July 18, 2011. The defendants filed motions to dismiss the litigation, which were granted by the court on March 31, 2014. Plaintiffs were allowed to amend their complaint, and on April 30, 2014, plaintiffs filed a second amended consolidated complaint, which generally repeats the allegations of the amended consolidated complaint and also expands the class period to July 8, 2009 to July 18, 2011. On August 11, 2014, defendants filed motions to dismiss the second amended consolidated complaint, and on October 24, 2014, plaintiffs opposed those motions. On November 21, 2014, defendants filed their replies to plaintiffs' opposition. The Company's management believes the claims in the Wilder Litigation are entirely without merit, and intends to vigorously defend those claims.

### U.K. Newspaper Matters and Related Investigations and Litigation

In 2011, U.S. regulators and governmental authorities initiated investigations with respect to phone hacking, illegal data access and inappropriate payments to public officials that occurred at subsidiaries of News Corp (the "U.K. Newspaper Matters"). On January 28, 2015, the Company was notified by the United States Department of Justice that it has completed its investigation relating to the U.K. Newspaper Matters, and is declining to prosecute the Company.

In connection with the Separation, the Company and News Corp agreed in the Separation and Distribution Agreement that the Company will indemnify News Corp, on an after-tax basis, for payments made after the Separation arising out of civil claims and investigations relating to the U.K. Newspaper Matters, as well as legal and professional fees and expenses paid in connection with the related criminal matters, other than fees, expenses and costs relating to employees who are not (i) directors, officers or certain designated employees or (ii) with respect to civil matters, co-defendants with News Corp (the "Indemnity"). As of June 30, 2014, the Company recognized approximately \$80 million as its obligation under the Indemnity, of which approximately \$65 million related to the amounts payable to News Corp and approximately \$15 million for the remaining unamortized fair value of expected future payments to be made under the Indemnity. Pursuant to ASC 460, "Guarantees", the amount provided for future payments is being amortized in a systematic pattern that reflects the release from the underlying risks and is included in (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax, in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of March 31, 2015, the Company has recognized approximately \$50 million as its obligation under the Indemnity, which relates to amounts payable to News Corp. Pursuant to the Indemnity, the Company made payments of \$38 million to News Corp during the nine months ended March 31, 2015. If additional information becomes available and as payments are made, the Company will update the liability provision for the Indemnity. Any changes to the liability provision for the Indemnity in the future will impact the results of operations for that period. The liability provision for the Indemnity was estimated by probability weighting expected payments to be made to News Corp under such Agreement and discounting probability-weighted expected payments to the valuation date, using a discount rate based on the Company's cost of debt.

Other

Equity purchase arrangements that are exercisable by the counter-party to the agreement, and that are outside the sole control of the Company, are accounted for in accordance with ASC 480-10-S99-3A. Accordingly, the fair values of such equity purchase arrangements are classified in Redeemable noncontrolling interests. Other than the arrangements classified in Redeemable noncontrolling interests, the Company is party to several other purchase and sale arrangements which become exercisable at various points in time. However, these arrangements are currently either not exercisable in the next twelve months or are not material.

The Company's operations are subject to tax in various domestic and international jurisdictions and as a matter of course, the Company is regularly audited by federal, state and foreign tax authorities. The Company believes it has appropriately accrued for the expected outcome of all pending tax matters and does not currently anticipate that the ultimate resolution of pending tax matters will have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial condition, future results of operations or liquidity.

The Company establishes an accrued liability for legal claims when the Company determines that a loss is both probable and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Once established, accruals are adjusted from time to time, as appropriate, in light of additional information. The amount of any loss ultimately incurred in relation to matters for which an accrual has been established may be higher or lower than the amounts accrued for such matters. Any fees, expenses, fines, penalties, judgments or settlements which might be incurred by the Company in connection with the various proceedings could affect the Company's results of operations

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

and financial condition. For the contingencies disclosed above for which there is at least a reasonable possibility that a loss may be incurred, other than the accrual provided, the Company was unable to estimate the amount of loss or range of loss.

#### NOTE 13. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company is a diversified global media and entertainment company, which manages and reports its businesses in the following five segments:

- ·Cable Network Programming, which principally consists of the production and licensing of programming distributed primarily through cable television systems, direct broadcast satellite operators, telecommunication companies and online video distributors in the U.S. and internationally.
- ·Television, which principally consists of the broadcasting of network programming in the U.S. and the operation of 28 full power broadcast television stations, including 11 duopolies, in the U.S. (of these stations, 17 are affiliated with FOX, 10 are affiliated with Master Distribution Service, Inc. ("MyNetworkTV") and one is an independent station).
- ·Filmed Entertainment, which principally consists of the production and acquisition of live-action and animated motion pictures for distribution and licensing in all formats in all entertainment media worldwide, and the production and licensing of television programming worldwide.
- ·Direct Broadcast Satellite Television, which consisted of the distribution of programming services via satellite, cable, and broadband directly to subscribers in Italy, Germany and Austria. The DBS segment consisted entirely of the operations of Sky Italia and Sky Deutschland. On November 12, 2014, Twenty-First Century Fox completed the previously announced sale of Sky Italia and its 57% interest in Sky Deutschland to Sky (See Note 2 Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions). Following the sale of the DBS businesses, the Company continues to report in five segments for comparative purposes.
- ·Other, Corporate and Eliminations, which principally consists of corporate overhead and eliminations and other businesses.

The Company's operating segments have been determined in accordance with the Company's internal management structure, which is organized based on operating activities. The Company evaluates performance based upon several factors, of which the primary financial measure is Segment OIBDA. Due to the integrated nature of these operating segments, estimates and judgments are made in allocating certain assets, revenues and expenses.

Segment OIBDA is defined as Revenues less Operating expenses and Selling, general and administrative expenses. Segment OIBDA does not include: Amortization of cable distribution investments, Depreciation and amortization, Impairment charges, Equity earnings of affiliates, Interest expense, net, Interest income, Other, net, Income tax expense and Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests. Management believes that Segment OIBDA is an appropriate measure for evaluating the operating performance of the Company's business segments because it is the primary measure used by the Company's chief operating decision maker to evaluate the performance of and allocate resources within the Company's businesses.

Management believes that information about Total Segment OIBDA assists all users of the Company's Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements by allowing them to evaluate changes in the operating results of the Company's portfolio of businesses separate from non-operational factors that affect net income, thus providing insight into both

operations and the other factors that affect reported results. Total Segment OIBDA provides management, investors and equity analysts a measure to analyze the operating performance of the Company's business and its enterprise value against historical data and competitors' data, although historical results, including Segment OIBDA and Total Segment OIBDA, may not be indicative of future results (as operating performance is highly contingent on many factors, including customer tastes and preferences).

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Total Segment OIBDA is a non-GAAP measure and should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, net income, cash flow and other measures of financial performance reported in accordance with GAAP. In addition, this measure does not reflect cash available to fund requirements and excludes items, such as depreciation and amortization and impairment charges, which are significant components in assessing the Company's financial performance.

	For the three months ended months ended			
	March 31, 2015 2014 (in millions)	March 31, 2015	2014	
Revenues:				
Cable Network Programming	\$3,590 \$3,152	\$ 10,205	\$ 8,926	
Television	1,237 1,587	3,908	4,265	
Filmed Entertainment	2,389 2,279	7,618	6,876	
Direct Broadcast Satellite Television	- 1,530	2,112	4,437	
Other, Corporate and Eliminations	(376) (329	(1,061	) (1,061 )	
Total revenues	\$6,840 \$8,219	\$ 22,782	\$ 23,443	
Segment OIBDA:				
Cable Network Programming	\$1,233 \$1,176	\$ 3,430	\$ 3,205	
Television	141 288	605	737	
Filmed Entertainment	382 354	1,176	1,019	
Direct Broadcast Satellite Television	- 58	234	278	
Other, Corporate and Eliminations	(79 ) (89	) (267	) (290 )	
Total Segment OIBDA	\$1,677 \$1,787	\$ 5,178	\$ 4,949	
Total Segment OIDDA	\$1,077 \$1,767	Ф 3,176	\$ 4,949	
Amortization of cable distribution investments	(17 ) (21	) (61	) (61 )	
Depreciation and amortization	(124 ) (267		) (840 )	
Equity earnings of affiliates	330 170	959	430	
Interest expense, net	(292 ) (284		) (830 )	
Interest income	8 6	31	21	
Other, net	(67 ) (33		123	
Other, net	(07 ) (33	) 5,000	123	
Income from continuing operations before income tax expense	1,515 1,358	9,607	3,792	
Income tax expense	(458) (269	·	) (929 )	
meonie tax expense	(430 ) (20)	(1,130	) ()2)	
Income from continuing operations	1,057 1,089	8,457	2,863	
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax	(15) (16	,	) 696	
(2000) meome from discontinued operations, net of tax	(13 ) (10	(30	, 0,0	
Net income	1,042 1,073	8,419	3,559	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(67) (20	) (200	) (44 )	

Net income attributable to Twenty-First Century Fox stockholders \$975 \$1,053 \$8,219 \$3,515

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Intersegment revenues, generated by the Filmed Entertainment segment, of \$442 million and \$305 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and of \$1,002 million and \$916 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, have been eliminated within the Other, Corporate and Eliminations segment.

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	March 2015 (in mi	2014	arch 31, 15	20	014
Depreciation and amortization:					
Cable Network Programming	\$70	\$58	\$ 219	\$	157
Television	29	30	84		79
Filmed Entertainment	21	33	84		98
Direct Broadcast Satellite Television	-	143	202		495
Other, Corporate and Eliminations	4	3	12		11
Total depreciation and amortization	\$124	\$267	\$ 601	\$	840

Depreciation and amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 include the amortization of definite lived intangible assets of \$60 million and \$82 million, respectively, and \$243 million and \$300 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

	As of	
		As of
	March	
	31,	June 30,
	2015	2014
	(in millio	ns)
Total assets:		
Cable Network Programming	\$22,879	\$22,422
Television	6,998	6,449
Filmed Entertainment	9,357	10,419
Direct Broadcast Satellite Television	-	9,144
Other, Corporate and Eliminations	7,817	3,500
Investments	4,441	2,859
Total assets	\$51,492	\$54,793

	As of	
		As of
	March	
	31,	June 30,
	2015	2014
	2015	2014
	(in millio	ons)
Goodwill and intangible assets, net:		
Cable Network Programming	\$12,680	\$12,854
Television	4,300	4,282
Filmed Entertainment	1,798	2,441
Direct Broadcast Satellite Television	-	6,451
Other, Corporate and Eliminations	96	96
_		
Total goodwill and intangible assets, net	\$18,874	\$26,124

# TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Revenues by Component

## For the three months retindentine months ended

	March 3	31,	March 31,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	(in milli	ons)		
Revenues:				
Affiliate fees	\$2,740	\$2,326	\$ 7,652	\$ 6,547
Subscription	-	1,390	1,964	4,061
Advertising	1,840	2,294	5,944	6,344
Content	2,189	2,067	6,938	6,135
Other	71	142	284	356
Total revenues	\$6,840	\$8,219	\$ 22,782	\$ 23,443

### NOTE 14. ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# Supplemental Cash Flows Information

	For the nine months ended		
	March 3 2015 (in millio	2014	
Supplemental cash flows information:			
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ (498	) \$ (1,100	)
Cash paid for interest	\$ (908	) \$ (816	)
Sale of other investments	\$ -	\$ 1	
Purchase of other investments	\$ (53	) \$ (34	)
Supplemental information on businesses acquired and additional investments:			
Fair value of assets acquired	\$ 219	\$ 2,833	
Cash acquired	-	3	
Liabilities assumed	(2	) (1,763	)

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Decrease in deferred consideration	-	7	
Noncontrolling interests increase	-	(385	)
Cash paid	(142	) (695	)
Fair value of equity instruments issued to third parties	75	-	
Issuance of subsidiary common units	(75	) -	
Fair value of equity instruments consideration	\$ -	\$ -	

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Other, net

The following table sets forth the components of Other, net included in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations:

#### For the three randedmonths ended

	March 31, 2015 2014 (in millions)	March 31, 2015		2014	
Gain on sale of the DBS businesses <sup>(a)</sup>	\$(11) \$-	\$ 4,984		\$ -	
Gain on disposition of Shine Group <sup>(a)</sup>	7 -	70		-	
Gain on sale of investment in Phoenix		-		199	
Shareholder litigation settlement(b)		-		111	
Loss on sale of investment in NDS	- (30)	-		(30	)
Restructuring <sup>(c)</sup>	(2) (3)	(40	)	(87	)
Investment impairment losses(d)		(3	)	(67	)
Devaluation losses and Other(e)	(61) -	(3	)	(3	)
Other, net	\$(67) \$(33)	\$ 5,008		\$ 123	

<sup>(</sup>a) See Note 2 – Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions.

(d) The write-downs of investments were recorded as a result of either the deteriorating financial position of the investee or due to a permanent impairment resulting from sustained losses and limited prospects for recovery.

Pension and Other Post Retirement Benefits

The Company is contemplating settling a portion of its pension obligations. As part of that strategy, the Company will irrevocably transfer a significant portion of pension liabilities to an insurance company selected by an independent fiduciary through the purchase of a group annuity contract. If concluded, the annuity contract is expected to be purchased by June 30, 2015. This purchase, which will be funded with pension plan assets, is not expected to have a

<sup>(</sup>b) In the nine months ended March 31, 2014, the Company recorded a net settlement gain of \$111 million related to certain shareholder litigation matters (as described in Note 16 – Commitments and Contingencies in the 2014 Form 10-K under the heading "Shareholder Litigation – Delaware").

<sup>(</sup>c) The restructuring charges in the nine months ended March 31, 2015 primarily relates to cost structure efficiency enhancement initiatives at the Cable Network Programming and Television segments. The restructuring charges in the nine months ended March 31, 2014 primarily relates to contract termination costs associated with cost structure efficiency enhancement initiatives at the DBS segment.

<sup>(</sup>e) Devaluation losses primarily relate to the Company's business activities in Venezuela which operate in a highly inflationary economy. In February 2015, the Venezuelan government introduced a new foreign currency exchange system called the Marginal Currency System ("SIMADI"). Accordingly, the Company has remeasured all its Venezuelan Bolivar denominated net monetary assets at the devalued SIMADI exchange rate. The Company had previously used the Supplementary Foreign Currency Administration System ("SICAD 2") rate.

material impact on net periodic pension expense for fiscal 2015. The Company expects to incur an estimated \$250 million to \$350 million pre-tax settlement loss related to the purchase due to the recognition of deferred actuarial losses. The proposed transaction is subject to review by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

### **Income Taxes**

The following table illustrates the overall changes in the Company's net deferred tax liabilities for the nine months ended March 31, 2015:

	Net	
	deferred	
	tax	
	liabilities	Total net
	before Less:	deferred
	valuation valuation	tax
	allowanceallowance	liabilities
	(in millions)	
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$(330 ) \$ (2,338	) \$ (2,668
Acquisitions and disposals	(1,296) 1,720	424
Other	(66 ) 148	82
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$(1,692) \$ (470	) \$ (2,162

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company had deferred tax assets of \$86 million and \$61 million as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. The Company had current deferred tax liabilities of \$79 million and nil as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

The Company also had non-current deferred tax liabilities of \$2,169 million and \$2,729 million as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

The primary reason for the change in the net deferred tax liabilities is due to the sale of the DBS businesses. This allowed for the utilization of capital loss carryforwards and foreign tax credit carryforwards to offset the current income tax liability attributable to the sale. Previously, these tax assets had a full valuation allowance recorded. As a result of the transaction, the associated valuation allowance was reversed. The Company also reversed the valuation allowance associated with the Company's remaining foreign tax credit carryforwards as it separately determined that it is more likely than not that the Company will utilize these foreign tax credit carryforwards prior to their expiration.

#### NOTE 15. SUPPLEMENTAL GUARANTOR INFORMATION

In May 2012, 21CFA entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), among 21CFA as Borrower, the Company as Parent Guarantor, the lenders named therein, the initial issuing banks named therein, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("JPMorgan Chase") and Citibank, N.A. as Co-Administrative Agents, JPMorgan Chase as Designated Agent and Bank of America, N.A. as Syndication Agent. The Credit Agreement provides a \$2 billion unsecured revolving credit facility with a sub-limit of \$400 million (or its equivalent in Euros) available for the issuance of letters of credit and a maturity date of May 2017. Under the Credit Agreement, the Company may request an increase in the amount of the credit facility up to a maximum amount of \$2.5 billion and the Company may request that the maturity date be extended for up to two additional one-year periods. Borrowings are issuable in U.S. dollars only, while letters of credit are issuable in U.S. dollars or Euros. The material terms of the agreement include the requirement that the Company maintain specific leverage ratios and limitations on secured indebtedness. Fees under the Credit Agreement will be based on the Company's long-term senior unsecured non-credit enhanced debt ratings. Given the current debt ratings, 21CFA pays a facility fee of 0.125% and an initial drawn cost of LIBOR plus 1.125%.

The Parent Guarantor presently guarantees the senior public indebtedness of 21CFA and the guarantee is full and unconditional. The supplemental condensed consolidating financial information of the Parent Guarantor should be read in conjunction with these Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

In accordance with rules and regulations of the SEC, the Company uses the equity method to account for the results of all of the non-guarantor subsidiaries, representing substantially all of the Company's consolidated results of operations, excluding certain intercompany eliminations.

The following condensed consolidating financial statements present the results of operations, financial position and cash flows of 21CFA, the Company and the subsidiaries of the Company and the eliminations and reclassifications necessary to arrive at the information for the Company on a consolidated basis.

With respect to the nine months ended March 31, 2015, we identified certain adjustments, which the Company determined were not material, related to the presentation of Earnings (losses) from subsidiary entities for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and Intragroup investments as of June 30, 2014. These revisions had no impact on any consolidated totals of the condensed consolidating financial statements. These revisions impacted the amounts presented in the 21CFA column (increasing the amounts presented as Earnings (losses) from subsidiary entities, Income tax (expense) benefit and Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Twenty-First Century Fox stockholders) and in the Reclassifications and Eliminations column in the Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and the amounts presented in the 21CFA column (increasing the Intragroup investments and Equity) and in the Reclassifications and Eliminations column in the Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2014. These adjustments were not reflected in the previously filed Supplemental Guarantor Information filed with our Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 8, 2014 and with our 2014 Form 10-K.

Accordingly, the Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2014 have been revised to reflect the immaterial adjustments described above. Fiscal 2015 amounts have been prepared to conform to this presentation. Future filings will also reflect increased 21CFA and reclassification/elimination amounts of Earnings (losses) from subsidiary entities, Income tax (expense) benefit, Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Twenty-First Century Fox stockholders, Intragroup investments and Equity for prior periods.

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

(in millions)

					Twenty-First
	21st Cent	ury		Reclassificati	Century on sox
		Twenty-F	First		
	Fox			and	and
	America,	Century		W110	
	Inc.	Fox	Non-Guara	ntoEliminations	Subsidiaries
Revenues	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 6,839	\$ -	\$ 6,840
Expenses	(72	) -	(5,232	) -	(5,304)
Equity (losses) earnings of affiliates	(1	) -	331	_	330
Interest expense, net	(394	) (173	) (20	) 295	(292)
Interest income	-	3	300	(295	) 8
Earnings (losses) from subsidiary entities	1,987	1,171	-	(3,158	) -
Other, net	(171	) (11	) 115	(3,130	(67)
Other, net	(1/1	) (11	) 113	<u>-</u>	(07)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before					
income tax (expense) benefit	1,350	990	2,333	(3,158	) 1,515
Income tax (expense) benefit	(425	990	(593	) 560	(458)
income tax (expense) benefit	(423	) -	(393	) 300	(436 )
Income (loss) from continuing energtions	925	990	1,740	(2.500	) 1,057
Income (loss) from continuing operations	923		1,740	(2,598	
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	-	(15	) -	-	(15)
NIA Second (Loss)	025	075	1.740	(2.500	1.042
Net income (loss)	925	975	1,740	(2,598	) 1,042
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling			467	`	(67
interests	-	-	(67	) -	(67)
No.					
Net income (loss) attributable to Twenty-First	Φ.025	A 075	ф. 1. <b>67</b> 2	ф. <b>(2.7</b> 00	\
Century Fox stockholders	\$ 925	\$ 975	\$ 1,673	\$ (2,598	) \$ 975
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to	A 450	<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>	)
Twenty-First Century Fox stockholders	\$ 459	\$ 603	\$ 1,210	\$ (1,669	) \$ 603



See notes to supplemental guarantor information

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations

For the three months ended March 31, 2014

(in millions)

					1 wenty 1 list
	21st Centu	ırv		Reclassification	Century
	2150 001100	Twenty-F	First	110014001110401	3120011
	Fox	1 welley 1	1150	and	and
	America,	Century			
	•		Non-Guara	ntoÆliminations	Subsidiaries
Revenues	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 8,218	\$ -	\$ 8,219
Expenses	(68	) -	(6,652	) -	(6,720)
Equity earnings of affiliates	1	_	169	-	170
Interest expense, net	(396	) (142	) (14	) 268	(284)
Interest income	1	1	272	(268	) 6
Earnings (losses) from subsidiary entities	1,952	1,203	-	(3,155	) -
Other, net	5	-	(38	) -	(33)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before					
income tax (expense) benefit	1,496	1,062	1,955	(3,155	) 1,358
Income tax (expense) benefit	(293	) -	(390	) 414	(269)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	1,203	1,062	1,565	(2,741	1,089
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(7	) (9	) -	-	(16)
Net income (loss)	1,196	1,053	1,565	(2,741	1,073
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling					
interests	-	-	(20	) -	(20)
Net income (loss) attributable to Twenty-First					
Century Fox stockholders	\$ 1,196	\$ 1,053	\$ 1,545	\$ (2,741	\$ 1,053
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to					
Twenty-First Century Fox stockholders	\$ 1,054	\$ 1,085	\$ 1,623	\$ (2,677	\$ 1,085

Twenty-First



TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations

For the nine months ended March 31, 2015

(in millions)

								1 wenty-11	131
21st Centu	ıry				F	Reclassificati		•	
	7	Γwenty-F	irst						
•					and			and	
America,	(	Century							
		Non-Guara	GuarantorEliminations			Subsidiario			
\$ 1 \$ -		(	\$ 22,781 \$ -			\$ 22,782			
(241	)	-		(18,025		-		(18,266	)
(2	)	-		961		-		959	
(1,188	)	(463	)	(78	)	822		(907	)
8		4		841		(822	)	31	
10,513		8,727		-		(19,240	)	-	
(18	)	(11	)	5,037		-		5,008	
9,073		8,257		11,517		(19,240	)	9,607	
(1,085	)	-		(1,378	)	1,313		(1,150	)
7,988		8,257		10,139		(17,927	)	8,457	
-		(38	)	-		-		(38	)
7,988		8,219		10,139		(17,927	)	8,419	
-		-		(200	)	-		(200	)
\$ 7,988	5	8 8,219	(	\$ 9,939	\$	6 (17,927	) :	\$ 8,219	
+ =				. = . = .				+	
\$ 5,925	9	6,406		\$ 7,858	\$	5 (13,783	) :	\$ 6,406	
	Fox America, Inc. \$ 1 (241 (2 (1,188 8 10,513 (18	Fox America, Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc.	Twenty-Fox America, Century Inc. Fox \$ 1	Twenty-First  Fox  America, Century  Inc. Fox  \$ 1	Twenty-First  Fox     America,	Twenty-First  Fox	Fox and America, Century Inc. Fox Non-GuarantorEliminations \$ 1	21st Century  Twenty-First  Fox  America, Century Inc.  Fox  Non-GuarantorEliminations  \$ 1	Century   Reclassification   Fox   America,   Century   Inc.   Fox   Non-Guarantor   Eliminations   Subsidiarion   Subsidiar

Twenty-First



TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations

For the nine months ended March 31, 2014

(in millions)

					Twenty-First
	21st Centu	ıry		Reclassificati	Century
		Twenty-F	First		
	Fox	Ž		and	and
	America,	Century			
	Inc.	Fox	Non-Guarai	ntorEliminations	Subsidiaries
Revenues	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 23,442	\$ -	\$ 23,443
Expenses	(233	) -	(19,162	) -	(19,395)
Equity earnings of affiliates	1	_	429	-	430
Interest expense, net	(1,174	) (418	) (27	) 789	(830)
Interest income	2	2	806	(789	) 21
Earnings (losses) from subsidiary entities	5,424	3,228	-	(8,652	) -
Other, net	280	_	(157	) -	123
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax (expense) benefit	4,301	2,812	5,331	(8,652	) 3,792
Income tax (expense) benefit	(1,054	) -	(1,306	) 1,431	(929)
Income (loss) from continuing operations (Loss) income from discontinued operations,	3,247	2,812	4,025	(7,221	) 2,863
net of tax	(7	) 703	-	-	696
Net income (loss) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling	3,240	3,515	4,025	(7,221	) 3,559
interests	_	_	(44	) -	(44)
Net income (loss) attributable to Twenty-First Century Fox stockholders	\$ 3,240	\$ 3,515	\$ 3,981	\$ (7,221	) \$ 3,515
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Twenty-First Century Fox stockholders	\$ 2,995	\$ 3,858	\$ 4,336	\$ (7,331	) \$ 3,858



See notes to supplemental guarantor information

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations

For the year ended June 30, 2014

(in millions)

									1 wenty-11	131
	21st Centu	ury				I	Reclassificati		Century Fox	
		•	wenty-F	First	t					
	Fox		,			and			and	
	America, Century									
	Inc.	Inc. Fox N		Non-Guara	rantorEliminations			Subsidiarie	es	
Revenues	\$ 1	\$	;  -		\$ 31,866	5	<b>5</b> -		\$ 31,867	
Expenses	(345	)	-		(26,034	)	-		(26,379	)
Equity earnings of affiliates	1		-		621		-		622	
Interest expense, net	(1,561	)	(513	)	(47	)	1,000		(1,121	)
Interest income	3		3		1,020		(1,000	)	26	
Earnings (losses) from subsidiary entities	6,530		4,200		-		(10,730	)	-	
Other, net	590		82		(498	)	-		174	
Income (loss) from continuing operations										
before income tax (expense) benefit	5,219		3,772		6,928		(10,730	)	5,189	
Income tax (expense) benefit	(1,279	)	-		(1,699	)	1,706		(1,272	)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	3,940		3,772		5,229		(9,024	)	3,917	
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax	(12	`	742						720	
net of tax	(13	)	742		-		-		729	
Net income (loss)	3,927		4,514		5,229		(9,024	)	4,646	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	-		-		(132	)	-		(132	)
Net income (loss) attributable to Twenty-First Century Fox stockholders	\$ 3,927	\$	5 4,514		\$ 5,097	S	\$ (9,024	)	\$ 4,514	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Twenty-First Century Fox stockholders	\$ 4,390	\$	5 4,799		\$ 5,572	9	\$ (9,962	)	\$ 4,799	

Twenty-First



# TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet

As of March 31, 2015

(in millions)

					Twenty-First
					Century
	21st Centur	•		Reclassification	onsFox
	Fox	Twenty-Fire	st	and	and
	America,	Century		and	and
	Inc.	Fox	Non-Guarant	tor Eliminations	Subsidiaries
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 468	\$ 7,716	\$ 1,092	\$ -	\$ 9,276
Receivables, net	11	-	6,335	(1	) 6,345
Inventories, net	-	-	3,062	-	3,062
Other	51	-	315	-	366
Total current assets	530	7,716	10,804	(1	) 19,049
Non-current assets:					
Receivables, net	15	-	403	-	418
Inventories, net	-	-	6,428	-	6,428
Property, plant and equipment, net	219	-	1,477	-	1,696
Intangible assets, net	-	-	6,372	-	6,372
Goodwill	-	-	12,502	-	12,502
Other	430	-	156	-	586
Investments:					
Investments in associated companies and					
other investments	50	22	4,369	-	4,441
Intragroup investments	92,103	52,704	-	(144,807	) -
Total investments	92,153	52,726	4,369	(144,807	) 4,441
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 93,347	\$ 60,442	\$ 42,511	\$ (144,808	) \$ 51,492
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Borrowings	\$ 200	\$ -	\$ 27	\$ -	\$ 227
Other current liabilities	431	376	6,457	(1	) 7,263

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Total current liabilities	631	376	6,484	(1	) 7,490	
Non-current liabilities:						
Borrowings	17,278	-	1,587	-	18,86	5
Other non-current liabilities	670	-	4,854	-	5,524	
Intercompany	35,118	42,077	(77,195	) -	-	
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	-	-	638	-	638	
Total equity	39,650	17,989	106,143	(144,807	) 18,973	5
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 93,347	\$ 60,442	\$ 42,511	\$ (144,808	) \$ 51,492	2

See notes to supplemental guarantor information

# TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet

As of June 30, 2014

(in millions)

					Τ	Wenty-First
	21st Centur	<b></b>		Reclassificati		Century
	21st Centu	Twenty-Fi	ret	Rectassificati	OHSI	OA .
	Fox	1 wenty 1 ii	130	and	a	nd
	America,	Century				
	Inc.	Fox	Non-Guarar	ntorEliminations	S	Subsidiaries
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 473	\$ 3,120	\$ 1,822	\$ -	\$	5 5,415
Receivables, net	3	-	6,466	(1	)	6,468
Inventories, net	-	-	3,092	-		3,092
Other	10	-	391	-		401
Total current assets	486	3,120	11,771	(1	)	15,376
Non-current assets:						
Receivables, net	16	-	438	-		454
Inventories, net	-	-	6,442	-		6,442
Property, plant and equipment, net	145	-	2,786	-		2,931
Intangible assets, net	-	-	8,072	-		8,072
Goodwill	-	-	18,052	-		18,052
Other	410	-	197	-		607
Investments:						
Investments in associated companies and						
other investments	113	19	2,727	-		2,859
Intragroup investments	80,714	46,499	-	(127,213	)	-
Total investments	80,827	46,518	2,727	(127,213	)	2,859
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 81,884	\$ 49,638	\$ 50,485	\$ (127,214	) \$	5 54,793
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Current liabilities:						
Borrowings	\$ 750	\$ -	\$ 49	\$ -	\$	799
Other current liabilities	516	85	7,457	(1	)	8,057
Total current liabilities	1,266	85	7,506	(1	)	8,856

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Non-current liabilities:					
Borrowings	16,279	-	1,980	-	18,259
Other non-current liabilities	316	-	5,920	-	6,236
Intercompany	33,276	32,135	(65,411	) -	-
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	-	-	541	-	541
Total equity	30,747	17,418	99,949	(127,213	) 20,901
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 81,884	\$ 49,638	\$ 50,485	\$ (127,214	) \$ 54,793

See notes to supplemental guarantor information

21st Century

441

(38

(5

473

(5,658)

4,596

3,120

### TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows

For the nine months ended March 31, 2015

Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities

Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities

Purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities

Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents from

Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash

Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year

(in millions)

Operating activities:

Investing activities:

Investments

**Borrowings** 

interests

equivalents

from continuing operations

Property, plant and equipment

Proceeds from dispositions, net

from continuing operations

Repayment of borrowings

from continuing operations

Discontinued operations:

discontinued operations

Dividends paid and distributions

Financing activities:

Issuance of shares

Repurchase of shares

Twenty-First Fox and and America, Century Inc. Fox Non-Guaranto Eliminations Subsidiaries \$ 1.224 \$ \$ (276) ) \$ 1,675 \$ 2,623 (84 (236)(320)(127)(3 (1,173)(1.303)79 8,582 (51 ) 8,610 (132)8,579 (1,460)6,987 1,191 1,343 2,534 (750)(2,174)) \_ (1,424)) \_ 49 49 (4,784 (4,784)(221)(494 (273)(650 (650)

(302)

(538

1,822

(5,519)

(38

4,053

5,415

Twenty-First

Century

Reclassifications

Exchange movement on cash balances	-	-	(192	)	-	(192	)
_							
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 468	\$ 7,716	\$ 1,092	\$	-	\$ 9,276	

See notes to supplemental guarantor information

# TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows

For the nine months ended March 31, 2014

(in millions)

Twenty-First

	21st Cent		Twenty-F	irst		Rec	lassific	Century ati <b>6ox</b>	
	Fox			1150		and		and	
	America,		Century	_				~	
	Inc.	]	Fox	N	lon-Guara	ınto <b>£</b> lir	ninatio	ns Subsidiari	es
Operating activities:									
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	ф (O17	\ (	t 1 401	Φ	017	ф		ф 1 <b>5</b> 01	
from continuing operations	\$ (817	) :	\$ 1,481	\$	917	\$	-	\$ 1,581	
Investing activities:									
Property, plant and equipment	(3	)	_		(467	)	_	(470	)
Investments	(1	)	_		(796	)	_	(797	)
Proceeds from dispositions, net	-	,	_		259	,	_	259	,
Net cash used in investing activities from									
continuing operations	(4	)	_		(1,004	)	_	(1,008	)
5 1					,			,	
Financing activities:									
Borrowings	987		-		-		-	987	
Repayment of borrowings	(134	)	-		(8	)	-	(142	)
Issuance of shares	-		66		-		-	66	
Repurchase of shares	-		(2,752	)	-		-	(2,752	)
Dividends paid and distributions	-		(287	)	(157	)	-	(444	)
Purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling									
interests	-		-		(76	)	-	(76	)
Distribution to News Corporation	-		(10	)	-		-	(10	)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities									
from continuing operations	853		(2,983	)	(241	)	-	(2,371	)
Discontinued operations:									
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents									
from discontinued operations	(90	)	698		-		-	608	
	450		(004		(220	,		(1.100	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(58	)	(804	)	(328	)	-	(1,190	)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	524		3,956		2,179		-	6,659	

Exchange movement on cash balances	-	-	48		-	48
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 466	\$ 3,152	\$ 1 899	\$	_	\$ 5,517
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	φ <del>1</del> 00	$\phi \ 3,132$	Φ 1,099	φ	-	$\varphi J, J I I$

See notes to supplemental guarantor information

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC.

### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Supplemental Guarantor Information

- (1) Investments in the Company's subsidiaries, for purposes of the supplemental consolidating presentation, are accounted for by their parent companies under the equity method of accounting whereby earnings of subsidiaries are reflected in the respective parent company's investment account and earnings.
- (2) The guarantees of 21CFA's senior public indebtedness constitute senior indebtedness of the Company, and rank pari passu with all present and future senior indebtedness of the Company. Because the factual basis underlying the obligations created pursuant to the various facilities and other obligations constituting senior indebtedness of the Company differ, it is not possible to predict how a court in bankruptcy would accord priorities among the obligations of the Company.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This document contains statements that constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The words "expect," "estimate," "anticipate," "predict," "believe" and similar expressions and variations thereof a intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements appear in a number of places in this document and include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of Twenty-First Century Fox, Inc., its directors or its officers with respect to, among other things, trends affecting Twenty-First Century Fox, Inc.'s financial condition or results of operations. The readers of this document are cautioned that any forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties. More information regarding these risks, uncertainties and other factors is set forth under the heading Part II "Other Information," Item 1A "Risk Factors" in this report. Twenty-First Century Fox, Inc. does not ordinarily make projections of its future operating results and undertakes no obligation (and expressly disclaims any obligation) to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. Readers should carefully review this document and the other documents filed by Twenty-First Century Fox, Inc. with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). This section should be read together with the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements of Twenty-First Century Fox, Inc. and related notes set forth elsewhere herein and Twenty-First Century Fox, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 as filed with the SEC on August 14, 2014 (the "2014 Form 10-K").

#### INTRODUCTION

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is intended to help provide an understanding of Twenty-First Century Fox, Inc. and its subsidiaries' (together, "Twenty-First Century Fox" or the "Company") financial condition, changes in financial condition and results of operations. This discussion is organized as follows:

- Overview of the Company's Business This section provides a general description of the Company's businesses, as well as developments that have occurred to date during fiscal 2015 that the Company believes are important in understanding its results of operations and financial condition or to disclose known trends.
- ·Results of Operations This section provides an analysis of the Company's results of operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. This analysis is presented on both a consolidated and a segment basis. In addition, a brief description is provided of significant transactions and events that impact the comparability of the results being analyzed.
- ·Liquidity and Capital Resources This section provides an analysis of the Company's cash flows for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, as well as a discussion of the Company's outstanding debt. This section also includes a discussion of the amount of financial capacity available to fund the Company's future commitments and obligations, as well as a discussion of other financing arrangements.

### OVERVIEW OF THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS

The Company is a diversified global media and entertainment company, which manages and reports its businesses in the following five segments:

- ·Cable Network Programming, which principally consists of the production and licensing of programming distributed primarily through cable television systems, direct broadcast satellite operators, telecommunication companies and online video distributors in the U.S. and internationally.
- ·Television, which principally consists of the broadcasting of network programming in the U.S. and the operation of 28 full power broadcast television stations, including 11 duopolies, in the U.S. (of these stations, 17 are affiliated with the FOX Broadcasting Company ("FOX"), 10 are affiliated with Master Distribution Service, Inc.

("MyNetworkTV") and one is an independent station).

- ·Filmed Entertainment, which principally consists of the production and acquisition of live-action and animated motion pictures for distribution and licensing in all formats in all entertainment media worldwide, and the production and licensing of television programming worldwide.
- ·Direct Broadcast Satellite Television, which consisted of the distribution of programming services via satellite, cable and broadband directly to subscribers in Italy, Germany and Austria. The Direct Broadcast Satellite Television ("DBS") segment consisted entirely of the operations of Sky Italia and Sky Deutschland AG ("Sky Deutschland"). On November 12, 2014, Twenty-First Century Fox completed the previously announced sale of Sky Italia and its 57% interest in Sky Deutschland to British Sky Broadcasting Group plc, which was subsequently renamed Sky plc ("Sky") (See Note 2 Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions to the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements). Sky

is a pan-European digital television provider, which operates in Italy, Germany, Austria, the United Kingdom and Ireland. Following the sale of the DBS businesses, the Company continues to report in five segments for comparative purposes.

·Other, Corporate and Eliminations, which principally consists of corporate overhead and eliminations and other businesses.

Cable Network Programming and Television

The Company's cable networks, which target various demographics, derive a majority of their revenues from monthly affiliate fees received from multi-channel video programming distributors ("MVPDs") based on the number of their subscribers. Affiliate fee revenues are net of the amortization of cable distribution investments (capitalized fees paid to U.S. MVPDs to typically facilitate the carriage of a domestic cable network). The Company defers the cable distribution investments and amortizes the amounts on a straight-line basis over the contract period. Cable television and direct broadcast satellite are currently the predominant means of distribution of the Company's program services in the U.S. Internationally, distribution technology varies region by region.

The television operations derive revenues primarily from the sale of advertising, and to a lesser extent, retransmission consent revenue. Adverse changes in general market conditions for advertising may affect revenues.

U.S. law governing retransmission consent revenue provides a mechanism for the television stations owned by the Company to seek and obtain payment from MVPDs who carry the Company's broadcast signals. Retransmission consent revenue consists of per subscriber-based compensatory fees paid to the Company by MVPDs that distribute the signals of the Company's owned and operated television stations. The Company also receives compensation from independently-owned television stations that are affiliated with FOX and receive retransmission consent fees from MVPDs for their signals.

The most significant operating expenses of the Cable Network Programming segment and the Television segment are the acquisition and production expenses related to programming, marketing and promotional expenses and the expenses related to operating the technical facilities of the cable network or broadcaster. Marketing and promotional expenses relate to improving the market visibility and awareness of the cable network or broadcaster and its programming. Additional expenses include sales commissions paid to the in-house advertising sales force, as well as salaries, employee benefits, rent and other routine overhead expenses.

#### Filmed Entertainment

The Filmed Entertainment segment derives revenue from the production and distribution of live-action and animated motion pictures and television series. In general, motion pictures produced or acquired for distribution by the Company are exhibited in U.S. and foreign theaters, followed by home entertainment, including sale and rental of DVDs and Blu-rays, licensing through digital distribution platforms, premium subscription television, network television and basic cable and syndicated television exploitation. Television series initially produced for the networks and first-run syndication are generally licensed to domestic and international markets concurrently and subsequently released in seasonal DVD and Blu-ray box sets and made available via digital distribution platforms. More successful series are later syndicated in domestic markets. The length of the revenue cycle for television series will vary depending on the number of seasons a series remains in active production and, therefore, may cause fluctuations in operating results. License fees received for television exhibition (including international and U.S. premium television and basic cable television) are recorded as revenue in the period that licensed films or programs are available for such exhibition, which may cause substantial fluctuations in operating results.

The revenues and operating results of the Filmed Entertainment segment are significantly affected by the timing of the Company's theatrical and home entertainment releases, the number of its original and returning television series that

are aired by television networks and cable channels and the number of its television series in off-network syndication. Theatrical and home entertainment release dates are determined by several factors, including timing of vacation and holiday periods and competition in the marketplace. The distribution windows for the release of motion pictures theatrically and in various home entertainment products and services (including subscription rentals, rental kiosks and digital distribution platforms), have been compressing and may continue to change in the future. A further reduction in timing between theatrical and home entertainment releases could adversely affect the revenues and operating results of this segment.

The Company enters into arrangements with third parties to co-produce many of its theatrical productions. These arrangements, which are referred to as co-financing arrangements, take various forms. The parties to these arrangements include studio and non-studio entities, both domestic and foreign. In several of these agreements, other parties control certain distribution rights. The Filmed Entertainment segment records the amounts received for the sale of an economic interest as a reduction of the cost of the film, as the investor assumes full risk for that portion of the film asset acquired in these transactions. The substance of these arrangements is that the third-party investors own an interest in the film and, therefore, receive a participation based on the respective third-party investor's interest in the profits or losses incurred on the film. Consistent with the requirements of Financial Accounting Standards Board

("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 926, "Entertainment—Films" ("ASC 926"), the estimate of a third-part investor's interest in profits or losses on the film is based on total estimated ultimate revenues.

Operating costs incurred by the Filmed Entertainment segment include: exploitation costs, primarily theatrical prints and advertising and home entertainment marketing and manufacturing costs; amortization of capitalized production, overhead and interest costs; and participations and talent residuals. Selling, general and administrative expenses include salaries, employee benefits, rent and other routine overhead expenses.

#### **Direct Broadcast Satellite Television**

The DBS segment derives revenues principally from subscriber fees. The Company believes that the quality and variety of programming, audio and interactive programming including personal video recorders, quality of picture including high definition channels, access to services, customer service and price are the key elements for gaining and maintaining market share.

The DBS segment's most significant operating expenses are those related to the acquisition of entertainment, movie and sports programming and subscribers and the expenses related to operating the technical facilities. Operating expenses related to sports programming are generally recognized over the course of the related sport season, which may cause fluctuations in the operating results of this segment.

### Other, Corporate and Eliminations

The Other, Corporate and Eliminations segment consists primarily of corporate overhead and eliminations and other businesses.

#### Other Business Developments

#### Cable Network Programming

In February 2015, the Company acquired trueX media inc., a video advertising company specializing in consumer engagement and on-demand marketing campaigns, for an estimated total purchase price of approximately \$175 million in cash including deferred payments which are subject to the achievement of service and performance conditions.

In February 2015, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire the broadcast business of MAA Television Network Limited ("MAA TV"), an entity in India that broadcasts and operates Telugu language entertainment channels, for approximately \$375 million in cash. The acquisition is subject to customary closing conditions, including regulatory approvals. The transaction is expected to close before December 31, 2015.

#### Television

In October 2014, the Company acquired two San Francisco-Bay area television stations, KTVU-TV FOX 2 and KICU-TV 36, with a fair value of approximately \$220 million from Cox Media Group in exchange for the Company's FOX affiliated stations WHBQ-TV FOX 13 and WFXT-TV FOX 25, located in the Memphis and Boston markets, respectively.

### Filmed Entertainment

The Company and funds managed by Apollo Global Management, LLC ("Apollo") formed Endemol Shine Group in December 2014 to which the Company contributed its interests in Shine Group and cash, comprising an aggregate carrying value of approximately \$830 million. The joint venture, a global multi-platform content provider, is comprised of Shine Group, Endemol, and CORE Media Group. The Company and Apollo have an equal ownership interest in the joint venture. As a result of the transaction, Shine Group ceased to be a consolidated subsidiary of the Company. The Company recorded a gain of \$70 million on this transaction which was included in Other, net in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2015. The Company's investment in the Endemol Shine Group is accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

#### **Direct Broadcast Satellite Television**

In January 2011, the Company purchased a convertible bond from Sky Deutschland for approximately \$225 million. In October 2014, the Company exercised its right to convert the bonds into 53.9 million Sky Deutschland shares, increasing the Company's ownership interest to 57%.

On November 12, 2014, the Company sold its 100% and 57% ownership stakes in Sky Italia and Sky Deutschland, respectively, to Sky for approximately \$8.8 billion in value comprised of approximately \$8.2 billion in cash received, net of \$650 million of cash paid to acquire Sky's 21% interest in NGC Network International LLC and NGC Network Latin America LLC (collectively "NGC International"), increasing the Company's ownership stake in NGC International to 73%. In connection with this transaction, the Company participated in Sky's equity offering in July 2014 by purchasing additional shares in Sky for approximately \$900 million

and maintained the Company's 39% ownership interest. As a result of the transaction, Sky Italia and Sky Deutschland ceased to be consolidated subsidiaries of the Company. The Company recorded a gain of \$5.0 billion on this transaction, which was included in Other, net in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2015.

### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Results of Operations—For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 versus the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014

The following tables set forth the Company's operating results for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014, including presentation of Revenues by component excluding the DBS segment and related intersegment eliminations.

	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended			
	March 3	1,			March 31,	,	
	2015	2014	% Cł	nange	2015	2014	% Change
	(in millio	ons, excep	ot %)				
Revenues:							
Affiliate fees	\$2,740	\$2,326	18	%	\$7,652	\$6,547	17 %
Subscription	-	1,390	(100	))%	1,964	4,061	(52)%
Advertising	1,840	2,294	(20	)%	5,944	6,344	(6)%
Content	2,189	2,067	6	%	6,938	6,135	13 %
Other	71	142	(50	)%	284	356	(20)%
Total revenues	6,840	8,219	(17	)%	22,782	23,443	(3)%
Operating expenses	(4,357)	(5,475)	) (20	)%	(14,775)	(15,473)	(5)%
Selling, general and administrative	(823	(978	(16	)%	(2,890)	(3,082)	(6)%
Depreciation and amortization	(124	(267	) (54	)%	(601)	(840	(28)%
Equity earnings of affiliates	330	170	94	%	959	430	**
Interest expense, net	(292	(284	) 3	%	(907)	(830	9 %
Interest income	8	6	33	%	31	21	48 %
Other, net	(67	(33	) **		5,008	123	**
Income from continuing operations before income							
tax expense	1,515	1,358	12	%	9,607	3,792	**
Income tax expense	(458	(269	70	%	(1,150)	(929	24 %
Income from continuing operations	1,057	1,089	(3	)%	8,457	2,863	**
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of							
tax	(15)	) (16	) (6	)%	(38)	696	**
Net income	1,042	1,073	(3	)%	8,419	3,559	**
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling							
interests	(67	(20	**		(200)	(44	**
						·	

Net income attributable to Twenty-First Century Fox							
stockholders	\$975	\$1,053	(7	)%	\$8,219	\$3,515	**

	For the three months ended		For the n	s ended		
	March 31,			March 3		
	2015 (in milli	2014 ons, exce	% Change ept %)	2015	2014	% Change
Revenues (excluding Direct Broadcast Satellite						
Television):						
Affiliate fees	\$2,740	\$2,359	16 %	\$7,695	\$6,643	16 %
Advertising	1,840	2,200	(16)%	5,838	6,111	(4)%
Content	2,189	2,083	5 %	6,961	6,182	13 %
Other	71	114	(38)%	253	286	(12)%
Adjusted Total Revenues	6,840	6,756	1 %	20,747	19,222	8 %
Direct Broadcast Satellite Television, net of eliminations	_	1,463	(100)%	2,035	4,221	(52)%

\$6,840 \$8,219 (17 )% \$22,782 \$23,443 (3 )%

### \*\*not meaningful

Total revenues

Overview – The Company's revenues decreased 17% and 3% for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014. The changes in revenues were primarily due to the effect of the sale of the DBS businesses in November 2014. Excluding the activity of the DBS businesses, the Company's revenues increased 1% and 8% for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, due to higher affiliate fee revenues partially offset by a decrease in advertising revenues. The increase in affiliate fee revenues was primarily attributable to higher average rates per subscriber across most channels and the acquisition of the majority interest in the Yankees Entertainment and Sports Network (the "YES Network") in February 2014. The decrease in advertising revenues for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 was primarily due to the comparative effect of the broadcast of Super Bowl XLVIII in February 2014. The strengthening of the U.S. dollar against local currencies resulted in a revenue decrease of approximately \$200 million and \$440 million for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014.

Operating expenses decreased 20% and 5% for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, primarily due to the sale of the DBS businesses in November 2014. Also contributing to the decrease was lower operating expenses at the Television segment of approximately \$190 million and \$210 million during the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively. The decrease at the Television segment was primarily due to lower programming costs as a result of the comparative effect of the broadcast of Super Bowl XLVIII in February 2014. These decreases were partially offset by increased operating expenses at the Cable Network Programming segment. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, operating expenses at the Cable Network Programming segment increased by approximately \$320 million and \$950 million, respectively. The increases at the Cable Network Programming segment were primarily due to higher programming costs led by the rights fees related to STAR Sports' broadcast of the International Cricket Council ("ICC") Cricket World Cup matches.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased 16% and 6% for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, primarily as a result of the sale of the DBS businesses in November 2014.

Depreciation and amortization, including amortization of acquired identifiable intangible assets, decreased 54% and 28% for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, primarily due to lower depreciation and amortization as a result of the sale of the DBS businesses in November 2014. These decreases were partially offset by the amortization of acquired identifiable intangible assets resulting from the acquisition of the majority interest in the YES Network in February 2014.

Equity earnings of affiliates – Equity earnings of affiliates increased \$160 million and \$529 million for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014. The increase was due to higher results at Sky which included the Company's proportionate share of approximately \$350 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 of Sky's gains related to the sale of its investment in Sky Betting & Gaming ("Sky Bet") and \$830 million during the nine months ended March 31, 2015 of Sky's gains related to the sale of its investments in Sky Bet, NGC International and ITV plc. Partially offsetting these increases were the results at Endemol Shine Group, an affiliate from December 2014 (See Note 2 – Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions to the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements), and the effect of the acquisition of the majority interest in the YES Network in February 2014.

#### For the three months ended or the nine months ended

	March 3	31,		March 31,		
	2015	2014	% Change	2015	2014	% Change
	(in mill	ions, ex	(xcept %			
Sky	\$453	\$165	**	\$ 1,145	\$ 441	**
Other equity affiliates	(123)	5	**	(186)	(11)	**
Equity earnings of affiliates	\$330	\$170	94 %	\$ 959	\$ 430	**

#### \*\*not meaningful

Interest expense, net – Interest expense, net increased \$8 million and \$77 million for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, primarily due to higher average debt outstanding due to the debt consolidated in connection with the acquisition of the majority interest in the YES Network in February 2014, and subsequently modified in November 2014. Also contributing to the increase for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 was the issuance in September 2014 of \$600 million of 3.70% Senior Notes due 2024 and \$600 million of 4.75% Senior Notes due 2044.

Other, net –

#### For the three rational mediated months ended

	March 31, 2015 2014 (in millions)	· ·	2014
Gain on sale of the DBS businesses <sup>(a)</sup>	\$(11) \$-	\$ 4,984	\$ -
Gain on disposition of Shine Group <sup>(a)</sup>	7 -	70	-
Gain on sale of investment in Phoenix		-	199
Shareholder litigation settlement <sup>(b)</sup>		-	111
Loss on sale of investment in NDS	- (30)	-	(30)

Restructuring <sup>(c)</sup>	(2) (3)	(40	)	(87	)
Investment impairment losses(d)		(3	)	(67	)
Devaluation losses and Other(e)	(61) -	(3	)	(3	)
Other, net	\$(67) \$(33) \$	5,008	\$	123	

- (a) See Note 2 Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions to the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.
- (b) In the nine months ended March 31, 2014, the Company recorded a net settlement gain of \$111 million related to certain shareholder litigation matters (as described in Note 16 Commitments and Contingencies in the 2014 Form 10-K under the heading "Shareholder Litigation Delaware").
- (c) The restructuring charges in the nine months ended March 31, 2015 primarily relates to cost structure efficiency enhancement initiatives at the Cable Network Programming and Television segments. The restructuring charges in the nine months ended March 31, 2014 primarily relates to contract termination costs associated with cost structure efficiency enhancement initiatives at the DBS segment.
- (d) The write-downs of investments were recorded as a result of either the deteriorating financial position of the investee or due to a permanent impairment resulting from sustained losses and limited prospects for recovery.
- (e) Devaluation losses primarily relate to the Company's business activities in Venezuela which operate in a highly inflationary economy. In February 2015, the Venezuelan government introduced a new foreign currency exchange system called the Marginal Currency System ("SIMADI"). Accordingly, the Company has remeasured all its Venezuelan Bolivar denominated net monetary assets at the devalued SIMADI exchange rate. The Company had previously used the Supplementary Foreign Currency Administration System ("SICAD 2") rate.

Income tax expense – The Company's effective income tax rate for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 was 30% and 12%, respectively, as compared to the statutory rate of 35%. For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the rate was lower than the statutory rate primarily due to rate reductions related to the Company's foreign operations including a 4% reduction due to tax credits and deductions arising from a corporate restructuring. For the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the rate was lower than the statutory rate primarily due to the income tax benefits associated with the reversal of previously recorded valuation allowances related to capital loss carryforwards and foreign tax credit carryforwards, which will be utilized to offset the income tax liability from the disposition of the DBS businesses. The reversal of the valuation allowance yielded an aggregate income tax benefit of 18% for the nine months. The Company also recognized a benefit of approximately 2% in the nine months ended March 31, 2015 associated with the recognition of various tax benefits. These benefits primarily relate to the reversal of valuation allowances related to its foreign tax credit carryforwards as the Company has separately determined, that it is more likely than not that the Company will utilize these credits before they expire.

The Company's effective income tax rate for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014 was 20% and 24%, respectively, as compared to the statutory rate of 35%. For the three months ended March 31, 2014, the rate was lower than the statutory rate primarily due to rate reductions related to the Company's foreign operations including a 3% reduction due to tax credits and deductions arising from a corporate restructuring and an 8% reduction due to the recognition of a deferred tax asset for additional tax basis. Also contributing to the difference for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 were changes in valuation allowances as a result of the Phoenix sale in the first quarter of fiscal 2014.

(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax – For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the loss from discontinued operations remained relatively constant, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014. For the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recorded a loss from discontinued operations of \$38 million as compared to income of \$696 million, in the corresponding period of fiscal 2014. The change was primarily due to the recognition of a tax refund paid to News Corp and then transferred to the Company in accordance with the tax sharing and indemnification agreement entered into at the time of the Separation (See Note 3 – Discontinued Operations to the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements). Prior to the Separation, a subsidiary of News Corp had filed for refunds to claim certain losses in a foreign jurisdiction.

Net income – Net income remained relatively constant for the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014. Net income increased for the nine months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014, primarily due to the gain on the sale of the DBS businesses in November 2014.

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests – The change in Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, was primarily due to the effect of the sale of the Company's interests in Sky Deutschland in November 2014 and the inclusion of the YES Network noncontrolling interest as a result of its consolidation beginning February 2014.

#### Segment Analysis

The Company's operating segments have been determined in accordance with the Company's internal management structure, which is organized based on operating activities. The Company evaluates performance based upon several factors, of which the primary financial measure is Segment OIBDA. Due to the integrated nature of these operating segments, estimates and judgments are made in allocating certain assets, revenues and expenses.

Segment OIBDA is defined as Revenues less Operating expenses and Selling, general and administrative expenses. Segment OIBDA does not include: Amortization of cable distribution investments, Depreciation and amortization,

Impairment charges, Equity earnings of affiliates, Interest expense, net, Interest income, Other, net, Income tax expense and Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests. Management believes that Segment OIBDA is an appropriate measure for evaluating the operating performance of the Company's business segments because it is the primary measure used by the Company's chief operating decision maker to evaluate the performance of and allocate resources within the Company's businesses.

Management believes that information about Total Segment OIBDA assists all users of the Company's Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements by allowing them to evaluate changes in the operating results of the Company's portfolio of businesses separate from non-operational factors that affect net income, thus providing insight into both operations and the other factors that affect reported results. Total Segment OIBDA provides management, investors and equity analysts a measure to analyze the operating performance of the Company's business and its enterprise value against historical data and competitors' data, although historical results, including Segment OIBDA and Total Segment OIBDA, may not be indicative of future results (as operating performance is highly contingent on many factors, including customer tastes and preferences).

Total Segment OIBDA is a non-GAAP measure and should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, net income, cash flow and other measures of financial performance reported in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles

("GAAP"). In addition, this measure does not reflect cash available to fund requirements and excludes items, such as depreciation and amortization and impairment charges, which are significant components in assessing the Company's financial performance.

The following tables reconcile Total Segment OIBDA to Income from continuing operations before income tax expense for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014.

For the three months ended March 31

	For the the	mee mome	is chaca	IVIUI CII	,
	2015	2014	Change	% C	hange
	(in millio	ons, except	t %)		
Revenues	\$6,840	\$8,219	\$(1,379	) (17	)%
Operating expenses	(4,357)	(5,475)			)%
Selling, general and administrative	(823)	(978)	155	(16	)%
Amortization of cable distribution investments	17	21	(4	) (19	)%
Total Segment OIBDA	1,677	1,787	-	, ,	) %
Amortization of cable distribution investments	(17)	, ,			)%
Depreciation and amortization	(124)	,		•	.)%
Equity earnings of affiliates	330	170	160	94	%
Interest expense, net	(292)	(284)		) 3	%
Interest income	8	6	2	33	%
Other, net	(67)	(33)	(34	) **	
		ne months			
	2015	2014	Chang		
	2015 (in million	2014 ns, except	Chang %)	e % (	Chan
	2015 (in million \$22,782	2014 ns, except ( \$23,443	Chang %) \$(661	e % (	Chan
Operating expenses	2015 (in million \$22,782 (14,775)	2014 ns, except ( \$23,443 (15,473	Chang %) \$(661 6) 698	e % (3 (5	Chan ) 9
Operating expenses Selling, general and administrative	2015 (in million \$22,782 (14,775) (2,890)	2014 ns, except ( \$23,443 ) (15,473 ) (3,082	Chang %) \$(661 6) 698	e % (	Chan ) 9
Operating expenses Selling, general and administrative	2015 (in million \$22,782 (14,775)	2014 ns, except ( \$23,443 (15,473	Chang %) \$(661 6) 698	e % (3 (5	) %
Revenues Operating expenses Selling, general and administrative Amortization of cable distribution investments  Total Segment OIBDA	2015 (in million \$22,782 (14,775) (2,890) 61	2014 ns, except (\$23,443 ) (15,473 ) (3,082 61	Chang %) \$(661 6) 698	e % (6 -	) % ) % ) %
Operating expenses Selling, general and administrative Amortization of cable distribution investments  Fotal Segment OIBDA	2015 (in million \$22,782 (14,775) (2,890) 61 5,178	2014 ns, except ( \$23,443 (15,473 (3,082 61 4,949	Chang %) \$(661 8) 698 ) 192	) (3 (5 (6	) % ) % ) %
Operating expenses Selling, general and administrative Amortization of cable distribution investments  Fotal Segment OIBDA Amortization of cable distribution investments	2015 (in million \$22,782 (14,775) (2,890) 61	2014 ns, except ( \$23,443 (15,473 (3,082 61 4,949 (61	Chang %) \$ (661 6) 698 192 - 229	) (3 (5 (6 - 5	Chan ) % ) % ) %
Operating expenses Selling, general and administrative Amortization of cable distribution investments  Fotal Segment OIBDA Amortization of cable distribution investments Depreciation and amortization	2015 (in million \$22,782 (14,775) (2,890) 61 5,178 (61)	2014 ns, except ( \$23,443 (15,473 (3,082 61 4,949 (61	Chang %) \$ (661 6) 698 192 - 229 ) -	) (3 (5 (6 - 5	) % ) % ) %
Operating expenses Selling, general and administrative Amortization of cable distribution investments  Fotal Segment OIBDA Amortization of cable distribution investments Depreciation and amortization Equity earnings of affiliates	2015 (in million \$22,782 (14,775) (2,890) 61  5,178 (61) (601)	2014 ns, except ( \$23,443 (15,473 (3,082 61 4,949 (61 (840 430	Chang %) \$ (661 6) 698 192 - 229 1) - 1 239	) (3 (5 (6 - 5 - (2	Chan ) 9 ) 9 ) 9  8 ) 9
Operating expenses Selling, general and administrative Amortization of cable distribution investments  Fotal Segment OIBDA Amortization of cable distribution investments Depreciation and amortization Equity earnings of affiliates Interest expense, net	2015 (in million \$22,782 (14,775) (2,890) 61  5,178 (61) (601) 959	2014 as, except ( \$23,443 (15,473 (3,082 61 4,949 (61 (840 430	Chang %) \$ (661 8) 698 ) 192 - 229 ) - ) 239 529	e % ( ) (3 (5 (6 - 5 - (2 **	Char () () () () () () () () () () () () () (
Operating expenses Selling, general and administrative Amortization of cable distribution investments  Fotal Segment OIBDA Amortization of cable distribution investments Depreciation and amortization Equity earnings of affiliates Interest expense, net Interest income	2015 (in million \$22,782 (14,775) (2,890) 61  5,178 (61) (601) 959 (907)	2014 ns, except ( \$23,443 (15,473 (3,082 61 4,949 (61 (840 430 (830	Chang %) \$ (661 6) 698 192 - 229 1) - 1 239 529 1) (77	e % (6 - 5 - (2 ** ) 9 48	(Char () % () % () % () % () % () % () % () %
Operating expenses Selling, general and administrative	2015 (in million \$22,782 (14,775) (2,890) 61  5,178 (61) (601) 959 (907) 31	2014 ns, except ( \$23,443 ) (15,473 ) (3,082 61  4,949 ) (61 ) (840 430 ) (830 21	Chang %) \$ (661 8) 698 192 - 229 1) - 10 239 529 1) (77 10	e % (6 - 5 - (2 ** ) 9 48	Chan ) % ) % ) % % 8 ) %

Income from continuing operations before income tax expense \$9,607

\$5,815 \*\*

\$3,792

\*\*not meaningful 45

The following tables set forth the Company's Revenues and Segment OIBDA for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014 including presentation of Revenues excluding the DBS segment and related intersegment eliminations ("Adjusted Total Revenues").

	For the three months ended March 3			
	2015 2014 Change Change (in millions, except %)			
Revenues:	(cc ::::::::, :::::;			
Cable Network Programming	\$3,590 \$3,152 \$438 14 %			
Television	1,237 1,587 (350 ) (22 )%			
Filmed Entertainment	2,389 2,279 110 5 %			
Direct Broadcast Satellite Television	- 1,530 (1,530) (100)%			
Other, Corporate and Eliminations	(376 ) (329 ) (47 ) (14 )%			
Total revenues	\$6,840 \$8,219 \$(1,379) (17)%			
Less: Direct Broadcast Satellite Television, net of eliminations	- (1,463) 1,463 (100)%			
Adjusted Total Revenues	\$6,840 \$6,756 \$84 1 %			
	For the nine months ended March 31, %			
	2015 2014 Change Change			
	(in millions, except %)			
Revenues:	<u>-</u>			
Cable Network Programming	\$10,205 \$8,926 \$1,279 14 %			
Television	3,908 4,265 (357 ) (8 )%			
Filmed Entertainment	7,618 6,876 742 11 %			
Direct Broadcast Satellite Television	2,112 4,437 (2,325) (52)%			
Other, Corporate and Eliminations	(1,061) (1,061)			
Total revenues	\$22,782 \$23,443 \$(661 ) (3 )%			
Less: Direct Broadcast Satellite Television, net of eliminations	(2,035) $(4,221)$ $2,186$ $(52)%$			
Adjusted Total Revenues	\$20,747 \$19,222 \$1,525 8 %			

	For the three months ended						
	March 31,						
				%			
	2015	2014	Change	Char	ige		
	(in milli	ons, exce	pt %)				
Segment OIBDA:							
Cable Network Programming	\$1,233	\$1,176	\$ 57	5	%		
Television	141	288	(147)	(51	)%		
Filmed Entertainment	382	354	28	8	%		

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-	58	(58)	(100	))%
(79)	(89)	10	11	%
\$1,677	\$1,787	\$(110)	(6	)%
			·	
For the	nine mon	ths ended	Marc	h
31,				
			%	
2015	2014	Change	Cha	nge
(in milli	ons, exce	pt %)		Č
,		•		
\$3,430	\$3,205	\$ 225	7	%
605	737	(132	(18	)%
1,176	1,019	157	15	%
234	278	(44	(16	)%
(267)	(290)	23	8	%
\$5,178	A 4 0 40	A 220	_	%
	\$1,677  For the 31,  2015 (in milli  \$3,430 605 1,176 234 (267)	(79 ) (89 ) \$1,677 \$1,787  For the nine mon 31,  2015 2014 (in millions, exceed) \$3,430 \$3,205 605 737 1,176 1,019 234 278 (267 ) (290 )	(79 ) (89 ) 10  \$1,677 \$1,787 \$ (110 )  For the nine months ended 31,  2015 2014 Change (in millions, except %)  \$3,430 \$3,205 \$225 605 737 (132 1,176 1,019 157 234 278 (44 (267 ) (290 ) 23	(79 ) (89 ) 10 11 \$1,677 \$1,787 \$ (110 ) (6  For the nine months ended Marc 31,  2015 2014 Change Cha (in millions, except %)  \$3,430 \$3,205 \$225 7  605 737 (132 ) (18 1,176 1,019 157 15 234 278 (44 ) (16 (267 ) (290 ) 23 8

Cable Network Programming (45% and 38% of the Company's consolidated revenues in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 and 2014, respectively)

For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, revenues at the Cable Network Programming segment increased \$438 million, or 14%, and \$1,279 million, or 14%, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, primarily due to higher affiliate fee and advertising revenues as shown below:

#### For the three months ended For the nine months ended

	March 31	, 2015	March 31, 2	015
	% Increas	se	% Increase	
Affiliate fees	15	%	15	%
Advertising	9	%	9	%

These revenue increases are net of decreases of approximately \$95 million and \$245 million for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against local currencies.

Domestic affiliate fee revenues increased 20% and 19% for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014. Over half of the increase in domestic affiliate fee revenues was due to higher average rates per subscriber across most channels led by Fox Sports 1 ("FS1"), the Regional Sports Networks, Fox News Channel ("Fox News") and FX Networks suite of channels. The balance of the growth was primarily attributable to the effect of the acquisition of the majority interest in the YES Network in February 2014. Domestic advertising revenues remained relatively constant for the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014, primarily due to higher advertising revenues at Fox News and FS1, as a result of increased pricing at Fox News and higher ratings at FS1, being offset by decreased advertising revenues at FX Networks and National Geographic Channels, as a result of lower ratings. Domestic advertising revenues increased 7% for the nine months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014, primarily due to the effect of the acquisition of the majority interest in the YES Network in February 2014 and strong advertising growth led by FX Networks' launch of FXX, higher pricing and volume at Fox News and FS1's inaugural broadcast of Major League Baseball ("MLB") regular season and playoff games.

For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, international affiliate fee revenues increased 2% and 5%, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014. The increase in international affiliate fee revenues was substantially led by local currency growth, primarily at Fox International Channels, as a result of additional subscribers and higher rates in Latin America and new affiliate agreements at STAR. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, international advertising revenues increased 24% and 14%, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014. The increase in international advertising revenues was primarily driven by the broadcast of the ICC Cricket World Cup matches at STAR Sports and higher ratings and increased pricing at STAR's entertainment channels. The international affiliate fee and advertising revenue increases in local currencies, for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding periods in fiscal 2014, were partially offset by the adverse impact of the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against local currencies, primarily in Latin America and Europe.

For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, Segment OIBDA at the Cable Network Programming segment increased \$57 million, or 5%, and \$225 million, or 7%, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, primarily due to the revenue increases noted above, partially offset by higher expenses of \$381 million, or

19%, and \$1,054 million, or 18%, respectively. Operating expenses increased by approximately \$320 million and \$950 million for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014. More than 60% and 30% of the increase in operating expenses for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, was due to the continued investment in STAR Sports, including the rights fees related to STAR Sports' broadcast of the ICC Cricket World Cup matches. The balance of the increase was primarily related to the continued investment in new shows at FX Networks, including the acquisition of The Simpsons, and the effect of the acquisition of the majority interest in the YES Network in February 2014. Also contributing to the increase in programming costs for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 was the continued investment in new sports channels, led by FS1's broadcast of MLB games. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by approximately \$60 million and \$105 million for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, primarily due to transaction losses on foreign currency exchange movements, the effect of the acquisition of the majority interest in the YES Network in February 2014 and the continued investment in STAR Sports. The increase in Segment OIBDA for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, was net of decreases of approximately \$55 million and \$165 million, respectively, due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against local currencies.

Television (17% and 18% of the Company's consolidated revenues in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 and 2014, respectively)

For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, revenues at the Television segment decreased \$350 million, or 22%, and \$357 million, or 8%, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, primarily due to lower advertising

revenues partially offset by higher affiliate fee revenues. Advertising revenues decreased 31% and 14% for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, primarily due to the comparative effect of revenues arising from the broadcast of Super Bowl XLVIII in February 2014 of approximately \$350 million and lower general entertainment primetime ratings at FOX. Also contributing to the decrease for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 was the effect of a majority of the MLB League Championship playoff games being broadcast on FS1 instead of FOX. Partially offsetting these decreases, for the nine months ended March 31, 2015, were higher political advertising revenues related to the 2014 mid-term elections and higher rates for the broadcast of the National Football League ("NFL") regular season. Affiliate fee revenues increased as a result of higher pricing for retransmission consent revenues for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014.

For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, Segment OIBDA at the Television segment decreased \$147 million, or 51%, and \$132 million, or 18%, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, primarily due to revenue decreases noted above partially offset by lower expenses of \$203 million, or 16%, and \$225 million, or 6%, respectively. Operating expenses decreased by approximately \$190 million and \$210 million for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 primarily due to the comparative effect of the broadcast of Super Bowl XLVIII in February 2014 partially offset by higher primetime programming costs at FOX as a result of original series such as Glee and Empire in fiscal 2015. Also contributing to the decrease in operating expenses for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were lower sports rights fees, as a result of a majority of the MLB League Championship playoff games being broadcast on FS1 instead of FOX partially offset by the effect of the new NFL broadcast agreement.

Filmed Entertainment (33% and 29% of the Company's consolidated revenues in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 and 2014, respectively)

For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, revenues at the Filmed Entertainment segment increased \$110 million, or 5%, and \$742 million, or 11%, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014. These revenue increases were primarily due to higher worldwide theatrical, home entertainment and digital distribution revenues of motion picture productions partially offset by the effect of the disposition of Shine Group in December 2014 and lower network and syndication revenues from the licensing of television productions, including the effect of the series finale of How I Met Your Mother in fiscal 2014. Also partially offsetting these increases for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was the comparative effect of the digital distribution revenue from the licensing of on-line and mobile rights for various products led by the sale of series to Amazon, including 24 and The Americans, in fiscal 2014. The three months ended March 31, 2015 included the worldwide theatrical releases of Kingsman: The Secret Service, Taken 3 and Night at the Museum: Secret of the Tomb, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014, which included the worldwide theatrical releases of Mr. Peabody and Sherman and The Secret Life of Walter Mitty. The nine months ended March 31, 2015 included the worldwide theatrical and home entertainment releases of Dawn of the Planet of the Apes and How to Train Your Dragon 2, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014, which included the worldwide theatrical and home entertainment releases of The Wolverine and Turbo.

For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, Segment OIBDA at the Filmed Entertainment segment increased \$28 million, or 8%, and \$157 million, or 15%, respectively, primarily due to the revenue increases noted above partially offset by higher expenses of \$82 million, or 4%, and \$585 million, or 10%, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014. Operating expenses increased by approximately \$105 million and \$580 million for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, respectively, primarily due to higher motion picture production amortization, participations and marketing costs partially offset by the effect of the disposition of Shine Group in December 2014 and lower amortization related to television productions.

In December 2014, the Company contributed its interests in Shine Group into Endemol Shine Group, a joint venture. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015, revenues related to the Shine Group decreased approximately \$165 million and \$275 million, respectively, as compared to the corresponding periods of fiscal 2014.

Direct Broadcast Satellite Television (9% and 19% of the Company's consolidated revenues in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 and 2014, respectively)

In November 2014, the Company sold its interests in Sky Italia and Sky Deutschland.

For the nine months ended March 31, 2015, revenues at the DBS segment decreased \$2,325 million, or 52%, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014. For the nine months ended March 31, 2015, Segment OIBDA at the DBS segment decreased \$44 million, or 16%, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014.

Other, Corporate and Eliminations ((4)% of the Company's consolidated revenues in the first nine months of fiscal 2015 and 2014)

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the change in revenues at the Other, Corporate and Eliminations segment, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014, was primarily due to corporate eliminations. For the nine months ended March

31, 2015, revenues at the Other, Corporate and Eliminations segment remained constant, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the increase in Segment OIBDA results at the Other, Corporate and Eliminations segment, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014, was primarily due to lower compensation expenses. For the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the increase in Segment OIBDA results at the Other, Corporate and Eliminations segment, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014, was primarily due to corporate eliminations.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

#### **Current Financial Condition**

The Company's principal source of liquidity is internally generated funds. The Company also has a five-year unused \$2 billion revolving credit facility, which expires in May 2017, and has access to various film co-production alternatives to supplement its cash flows. In addition, the Company has access to the worldwide capital markets, subject to market conditions. As of March 31, 2015, the Company was in compliance with all of the covenants under the revolving credit facility, and it does not anticipate any violation of such covenants. The Company's internally generated funds are highly dependent upon the state of the advertising markets and public acceptance of its film and television productions.

The principal uses of cash that affect the Company's liquidity position include the following: investments in the production and distribution of new motion pictures and television programs; the acquisition of and payments under programming rights for entertainment and sports programming; operational expenditures including employee costs; capital expenditures; interest expenses; income tax payments; investments in associated entities; dividends; acquisitions; debt repayments; and stock repurchases.

In addition to the acquisitions, sales and possible acquisitions disclosed elsewhere, the Company has evaluated, and expects to continue to evaluate, possible acquisitions and dispositions of certain businesses. Such transactions may be material and may involve cash, the Company's securities or the assumption of additional indebtedness.

#### Sources and Uses of Cash

Net cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was as follows (in millions):

For the nine months ended March 31, 2015 2014

Net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations \$2,623 \$1,581

The increase in net cash provided by operating activities during the nine months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014, primarily reflects lower tax payments and, at the Filmed Entertainment segment, higher worldwide theatrical receipts and lower production spending. These improvements were partially offset by an increase in rights payments, primarily for sports, at the Television segment and the absence of cash flows due to the sale of the DBS businesses in November 2014.

Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was as follows (in millions):

For the nine months ended March 31, 2015 2014

Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities from continuing operations \$6,987 \\$(1,008)

The increase in net cash provided by (used in) investing activities during the nine months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014, was primarily due to the cash proceeds from the sale of the DBS businesses in November 2014 partially offset by the Company's participation in Sky's equity offering in July 2014.

Net cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was as follows (in millions):

For the nine months ended March 31, 2015 2014

Net cash used in financing activities from continuing operations \$(5,519) \$(2,371)

The increase in net cash used in financing activities during the nine months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2014, was primarily due to additional cash used for share repurchases and for repayments on net borrowings. Also contributing to this increase was cash used in connection with the Company's acquisition of Sky's 21% noncontrolling interest in NGC International.

In August 2014, the Company announced that the Board approved an additional \$6 billion authorization, excluding commissions, to the Company's stock repurchase program for the repurchase of Class A Common Stock. The Company intends to complete this stock repurchase program by August 2015.

#### **Debt Instruments**

The following table summarizes cash from borrowings and cash used in repayment of borrowings for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

	For the nine months ended		
	March 31, 2015 (in millions)	2014	
Borrowings:			
Notes due September 2024 and due September 2044 <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ 1,191	\$ -	
Notes due September 2023 and due September 2043	-	987	
Bank loans(b)	1,343	-	
Total borrowings	\$ 2,534	\$ 987	
Repayment of borrowings:			
A\$ Notes due February 2014	\$ -	\$ (134	)
Notes due December 2014 <sup>(a)</sup>	(750)	-	
Bank loans <sup>(b)</sup>	(1,424)	(8	)
Total repayment of borrowings	\$ (2,174)	\$ (142	)

The table below summarizes the Company's credit ratings as of March 31, 2015.

Rating Agency	Senior Debt	Outlook
Moody's	Baa1	Stable
Standard & Poor's	BBB+	Stable

#### Revolving Credit Agreement

In May 2012, 21st Century Fox America, Inc. ("21CFA"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), among 21CFA as Borrower, the Company as Parent Guarantor, the lenders

<sup>(</sup>a) See Note 9 – Borrowings to the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

<sup>(</sup>b) The fiscal 2015 activity includes the effect of the amendment to the YES Network credit agreement (See Note 9 – Borrowings to the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion).
Ratings of the public debt

named therein, the initial issuing banks named therein, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("JPMorgan Chase") and Citibank, N.A. as Co-Administrative Agents, JPMorgan Chase as Designated Agent and Bank of America, N.A. as Syndication Agent. The Credit Agreement provides a \$2 billion unsecured revolving credit facility with a sub-limit of \$400 million (or its equivalent in Euros) available for the issuance of letters of credit and a maturity date of May 2017. Under the Credit Agreement, the Company may request an increase in the amount of the credit facility up to a maximum amount of \$2.5 billion and the Company may request that the maturity date be extended for up to two additional one-year periods. Borrowings are issuable in U.S. dollars only, while letters of credit are issuable in U.S. dollars or Euros. The material terms of the agreement include the requirement that the Company maintain specific leverage ratios and limitations on secured indebtedness. Fees under the Credit Agreement will be based on the Company's long-term senior unsecured non-credit enhanced debt ratings. Given the current debt ratings, 21CFA pays a facility fee of 0.125% and an initial drawn cost of LIBOR plus 1.125%.

#### Commitments

The Company has commitments under certain firm contractual arrangements ("firm commitments") to make future payments. These firm commitments secure the future rights to various assets and services to be used in the normal course of operations. The following table summarizes the Company's material firm commitments as of March 31, 2015.

	As of Ma Payment	•			
			2-3	4-5	After 5
	Total (in millic	1 year ons)	years	years	years
Contracts for capital expenditure	\$19	\$19	\$-	\$-	\$-
Operating leases and service agreements					
Land and buildings	1,462	229	426	378	429
Other	518	102	166	112	138
Other commitments					
Borrowings	19,049	227	505	2,739	15,578
Sports programming rights	49,324	4,614	9,675	8,727	26,308
Entertainment programming rights	2,727	982	1,085	488	172
Other commitments and contractual obligations	3,349	669	1,556	386	738

Total commitments, borrowings and contractual obligations \$76,448 \$6,842 \$13,413 \$12,830 \$43,363

### Operating leases and service agreements

Operating leases and service agreements primarily include agreements for office facilities, equipment, transponder service agreements and microwave transmitters used to carry broadcast signals. The leases, which are classified as operating leases, expire at certain dates through fiscal 2050. Included in the total amounts committed of \$1.5 billion, are approximately \$290 million for office facilities that have been sub-leased to News Corp.

#### Sports programming rights

Under the Company's contract with the NFL, remaining future minimum payments for program rights to broadcast certain football games are payable over the remaining term of the contract through 2022.

The Company's contract with the MLB gives the Company rights to broadcast certain regular season and post-season games, as well as exclusive rights to broadcast MLB's World Series and All-Star Game through the 2021 MLB season.

The Company's contracts with the National Association of Stock Car Auto Racing give the Company rights to broadcast certain races and ancillary content through calendar year 2024.

Under the Company's contracts with certain collegiate conferences, remaining future minimum payments for program rights to broadcast certain sporting events are payable over the remaining terms of the contracts.

Under the Company's contract with the ICC, remaining future minimum payments for programming rights to broadcast international cricket matches and series are payable over the remaining term of the contract through 2023. In connection with the agreement with the ICC, the Company was required to obtain a bank guarantee covering its programming rights obligation.

Under the Company's contract with the Board of Control for Cricket in India ("BCCI"), remaining future minimum payments for program rights to broadcast international and domestic cricket matches and series are payable over the remaining term of the contract through 2018. In connection with the agreement with the BCCI, the Company was required to obtain a bank guarantee covering its programming rights obligation.

In addition, the Company has certain other local sports broadcasting rights including the right to broadcast the New York Yankees pre-season and regular season games through the 2042 MLB season.

Other commitments and contractual obligations

Primarily includes obligations relating to distribution agreements, deferred and contingent consideration, marketing agreements and television rating services.

#### Guarantees

The Company's guarantees as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014 were \$967 million and \$724 million, respectively. The increase from June 30, 2014 was primarily due to the Company obtaining a bank guarantee covering its programming rights obligation in connection with the agreement with the ICC.

#### Contingencies

Equity purchase arrangements that are exercisable by the counter-party to the agreement, and that are outside the sole control of the Company, are accounted for in accordance with ASC 480-10-S99-3A, "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." Accordingly, the fair values of such equity purchase arrangements are classified in Redeemable noncontrolling interests. Other than the arrangements classified in Redeemable noncontrolling interests, the Company is party to several other purchase and sale arrangements which become exercisable at various points in time. However, these arrangements are currently either not exercisable in the next twelve months or are not material.

In connection with the Separation, the Company and News Corp agreed in the Separation and Distribution Agreement that the Company will indemnify News Corp, on an after-tax basis, for payments made after the Separation arising out of civil claims and investigations relating to the U.K. Newspaper Matters, as well as legal and professional fees and expenses paid in connection with the related criminal matters, other than fees, expenses and costs relating to employees who are not (i) directors, officers or certain designated employees or (ii) with respect to civil matters, co-defendants with News Corp (the "Indemnity") (See Note 12 – Commitments and Contingencies to the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements). If additional information becomes available and as payments are made, the Company will update the liability provision for the Indemnity. Any changes to the liability provision for the Indemnity in the future will impact the results of operations for that period.

The Company establishes an accrued liability for legal claims when the Company determines that a loss is both probable and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Once established, accruals are adjusted from time to time, as appropriate, in light of additional information. The amount of any loss ultimately incurred in relation to matters for which an accrual has been established may be higher or lower than the amounts accrued for such matters. It is possible that these proceedings and any adverse resolution thereof, including any fees, expenses, fines, penalties, judgments or settlements which might be incurred by the Company in connection with the various proceedings could damage the Company's reputation, impair its ability to conduct its business and adversely affect its results of operations and financial condition.

The Company's operations are subject to tax in various domestic and international jurisdictions and as a matter of course, the Company is regularly audited by federal, state and foreign tax authorities. The Company believes it has appropriately accrued for the expected outcome of all pending tax matters and does not currently anticipate that the ultimate resolution of pending tax matters will have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial condition, future results of operations or liquidity.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 1 – Basis of Presentation to the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements for discussion of recent accounting pronouncements.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company has exposure to several types of market risk: changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and stock prices. The Company neither holds nor issues financial instruments for trading purposes.

The following sections provide quantitative and qualitative information on the Company's exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and stock price risk. The Company makes use of sensitivity analyses that are inherently limited in estimating actual losses in fair value that can occur from changes in market conditions.

### Foreign Currency Exchange Rates

Historically, the Company conducted its operations in two principal currencies: the U.S. dollar and the Euro. The operations of Sky Italia and Sky Deutschland both utilized the Euro as their functional currency and constituted a significant portion of the Company's European operations. In November 2014, the Company sold its ownership interests in Sky Italia and Sky Deutschland (See Note 2 – Acquisitions, Disposals and Other Transactions to the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements for further information). The U.S. dollar is the functional currency of the Company's U.S. operations and continues to be the principal currency in which the Company conducts its operations. For operations outside the U.S., the respective local currency is generally the functional currency. In most regions where the Company operates, the net earnings of wholly owned subsidiaries are reinvested locally and working capital requirements are met from existing liquid funds. To the extent such funds are not sufficient to meet working capital requirements, draw downs in the appropriate local currency are available from intercompany borrowings. The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts primarily to hedge certain exposures to foreign currency exchange rate risks associated with revenues, the cost of producing or acquiring films and television programming as well as its investment in certain foreign operations and equity method investments. Information on the derivative financial instruments with exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk is presented below:

	As of	As of
	March 31,	June 30,
	2015 (in milli	2014 ons)
Notional Amount (Foreign currency purchases and sales)		
Foreign currency purchases	\$324	\$608
Foreign currency sales	796	90
Aggregate notional amount	\$1,120	\$698
Notional Amount (Hedge type)		
Cash flow hedges	\$799	\$393
Net investment hedges	321	_
Economic hedges	-	305
Aggregate notional amount	\$1,120	\$698
Fair Value		
Total fair value of financial instruments with foreign currency exchange rate risk: liability	\$(15)	\$(4)

Sensitivity Analysis

Potential change in fair values resulting from a 10% adverse change in quoted foreign currency exchange rates: loss

\$(45) \$(35)

#### **Interest Rates**

The Company's current financing arrangements and facilities include approximately \$17.5 billion of outstanding fixed-rate debt and approximately \$1.6 billion of outstanding variable and fixed-rate bank debt (see Note 9 – Borrowings to the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements). As of March 31, 2015, the notional amount of interest rate swap contracts outstanding was \$260 million, and the fair value of the interest rate swap contracts outstanding was not material.

Fixed and variable rate debts are impacted differently by changes in interest rates. A change in the interest rate or yield of fixed rate debt will only impact the fair market value of such debt, while a change in the interest rate of variable debt will impact interest expense, as well as the amount of cash required to service such debt. As of March 31, 2015, all of the Company's financial instruments with exposure to interest rate risk were denominated in U.S. dollars. Information on financial instruments with exposure to interest rate risk is presented below:

	As of	
	March	As of
	31,	June 30,
	2015 (in million	2014 ns)
Fair Value		
Total fair value of financial instruments with exposure to interest rate risk <sup>(a)</sup> : liability	\$(23,560)	\$(22,698)
Sensitivity Analysis		
Potential change in fair values resulting from a 10% adverse change in quoted interest rates: loss	\$(877)	\$(859)

**Stock Prices** 

The Company has common stock investments in publicly traded companies that are subject to market price volatility. These investments principally represent the Company's equity method affiliates. Information on the Company's investments with exposure to stock price risk is presented below:

	As of	As of
	March 31,	June 30,
	2015 (in milli	2014 (ons)
Fair Value	`	ĺ
Total fair value of common stock investments	\$9,921	\$9,580
Sensitivity Analysis	Φ.(002.)	Φ (0.50)
Potential change in fair values resulting from a 10% adverse change in quoted market prices: loss <sup>(a)</sup>	\$(992)	\$(958)

<sup>(</sup>a) The change in the fair values of the Company's financial instruments with exposure to interest rate risk is primarily due to the changes in interest rates.

(a) A hypothetical decrease would not result in a material before tax decrease in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations, as any changes in fair value of the Company's equity method affiliates are not recognized unless deemed other-than-temporary.

Credit Risk

Cash and cash equivalents are maintained with several financial institutions. The Company has deposits held with banks that exceed the amount of insurance provided on such deposits. Generally, these deposits may be redeemed upon demand and are maintained with financial institutions of reputable credit and, therefore, bear minimal credit risk.

The Company's receivables did not represent significant concentrations of credit risk as of March 31, 2015 or June 30, 2014 due to the wide variety of customers, markets and geographic areas to which the Company's products and services are sold.

The Company monitors its positions with, and the credit quality of, the financial institutions which are counterparties to its financial instruments. The Company is exposed to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties to the agreements. As of March 31, 2015, the Company did not anticipate nonperformance by any of the counterparties.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### (a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based on such evaluation, the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in recording, processing, summarizing and reporting on a timely basis, information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act and were effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

#### (b) Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the Company's third quarter of fiscal 2015 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

ITEM 1.LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

**Shareholder Litigation** 

Southern District of New York

On July 19, 2011, a purported class action lawsuit captioned Wilder v. News Corp., et al. ("Wilder Litigation"), was filed on behalf of all purchasers of the Company's common stock between March 3, 2011 and July 11, 2011, in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. The plaintiff brought claims under Section 10(b) and Section 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, alleging that false and misleading statements were issued regarding the alleged acts of voicemail interception at The News of the World. The suit names as defendants the Company, Rupert Murdoch, James Murdoch and Rebekah Brooks, and seeks compensatory damages, rescission for damages sustained, and costs. On June 5, 2012, the court issued an order appointing the Avon Pension Fund ("Avon") as lead plaintiff and Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd as lead counsel. Thereafter, on July 3, 2012, the court issued an order providing that an amended consolidated complaint shall be filed by July 31, 2012. Avon filed an amended consolidated complaint on July 31, 2012, which among other things, added as defendants NI Group Limited (now known as News Corp UK & Ireland Limited) and Les Hinton, and expanded the class period to include February 15, 2011 to July 18, 2011. The defendants filed motions to dismiss the litigation, which were granted by the court on March 31, 2014. Plaintiffs were allowed to amend their complaint, and on April 30, 2014, plaintiffs filed a second amended consolidated complaint, which generally repeats the allegations of the amended consolidated complaint and also expands the class period to July 8, 2009 to July 18, 2011. On August 11, 2014, defendants filed motions to dismiss the second amended consolidated complaint, and on October 24, 2014, plaintiffs opposed those motions. On November 21, 2014, defendants filed their replies to plaintiffs' opposition. The Company's management believes the claims in the Wilder Litigation are entirely without merit, and intends to vigorously defend those claims.

#### U.K. Newspaper Matters and Related Investigations and Litigation

In 2011, U.S. regulators and governmental authorities initiated investigations with respect to the U.K. Newspaper Matters. On January 28, 2015, the Company was notified by the United States Department of Justice that it has completed its investigation relating to the U.K. Newspaper Matters, and is declining to prosecute the Company.

In connection with the Separation, the Company and News Corp agreed in the Separation and Distribution Agreement that the Company will indemnify News Corp, on an after-tax basis, for payments made after the Separation arising out of civil claims and investigations relating to the U.K. Newspaper Matters, as well as legal and professional fees and expenses paid in connection with the related criminal matters, other than fees, expenses and costs relating to employees who are not (i) directors, officers or certain designated employees or (ii) with respect to civil matters, co-defendants with News Corp.

#### Other

The Company's operations are subject to tax in various domestic and international jurisdictions and as a matter of course, the Company is regularly audited by federal, state and foreign tax authorities. The Company believes it has appropriately accrued for the expected outcome of all pending tax matters and does not currently anticipate that the ultimate resolution of pending tax matters will have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial condition, future results of operations or liquidity.

#### ITEM 1A.RISK FACTORS

Prospective investors should consider carefully the risk factors set forth below before making an investment in the Company's securities.

A Decline in Advertising Expenditures Could Cause the Company's Revenues and Operating Results to Decline Significantly in any Given Period or in Specific Markets.

The Company derives substantial revenues from the sale of advertising on or in its television stations, broadcast and cable networks and direct broadcast satellite services. Expenditures by advertisers tend to be cyclical, reflecting overall economic conditions, as well as budgeting and buying patterns. A decline in the economic prospects of advertisers or the economy in general could alter current or prospective advertisers' spending priorities. Demand for the Company's products is also a factor in determining advertising rates. For example, ratings points for the Company's television stations and broadcast and cable networks are factors that are weighed when determining advertising rates, and with respect to the Company's television stations and broadcast and television networks, when determining the affiliate rates received by the Company. In addition, newer technologies, including new video formats, streaming and downloading capabilities via the Internet, video-on-demand, personal video recorders and other devices and technologies are increasing the number of media and entertainment choices available to audiences. Some of these devices and technologies allow users to view television or motion pictures from a remote location or on a time-delayed basis and provide users the ability to fast-forward, rewind, pause and skip programming and advertisements. These technological developments which are increasing the number of media and entertainment choices available to audiences could negatively impact not only consumer demand for our content and services but also could affect the attractiveness of the Company's offerings to viewers, advertisers and/or distributors. Failure to effectively anticipate or adapt to emerging technologies or changes in consumer behavior could have an adverse effect on our business. Further, a decrease in advertising expenditures, reduced demand for the Company's offerings or the inability to obtain market ratings that adequately measure demand for the Company's content on personal video recorders and mobile devices could lead to a reduction in pricing and advertising spending, which could have an adverse effect on the Company's businesses and assets.

The Company is exposed to risks associated with weak domestic and global economic conditions and increased volatility and disruption in the financial markets.

The Company's businesses, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected by weak domestic and global economic conditions. Factors that affect economic conditions include the rate of unemployment, the level of consumer confidence and changes in consumer spending habits. The Company also faces risks, including currency volatility and the stability of global local economies, associated with the impact of weak domestic and global economic conditions on advertisers, affiliates, suppliers, wholesale distributors, retailers, insurers, theater operators and others with which it does business.

Increased volatility and disruptions in the financial markets could make it more difficult and more expensive for the Company to refinance outstanding indebtedness and obtain new financing. Disruptions in the financial markets can also adversely affect the Company's lenders, insurers, customers and counterparties, including vendors, retailers and film co-financing partners. For instance, the inability of the Company's counterparties to obtain capital on acceptable terms could impair their ability to perform under their agreements with the Company and lead to negative effects on the Company, including business disruptions, decreased revenues and increases in bad debt expenses.

Acceptance of the Company's Films and Television Programming by the Public is Difficult to Predict, Which Could Lead to Fluctuations in Revenues.

Feature film and television production and distribution are speculative businesses since the revenues derived from the production and distribution of a feature film or television series depend primarily upon its acceptance by the public, which is difficult to predict. The commercial success of a feature film or television series also depends upon the quality and acceptance of other competing films and television series released into the marketplace at or near the same time, the availability of a growing number of alternative forms of entertainment and leisure time activities, general economic conditions and their effects on consumer spending and other tangible and intangible factors, all of which can change and cannot be predicted with certainty. Further, the theatrical success of a feature film and the audience ratings for a television series are generally key factors in generating revenues from other distribution channels, such as home entertainment and premium pay television, with respect to feature films, and syndication, with respect to television series.

The Company Could Suffer Losses Due to Asset Impairment Charges for Goodwill, Intangible Assets and Programming.

In accordance with applicable generally accepted accounting principles, the Company performs an annual impairment assessment of its recorded goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets, including FCC licenses, during the fourth quarter of each fiscal year. The Company also continually evaluates whether current factors or indicators, such as the prevailing conditions in the capital markets, require the performance of an interim impairment assessment of those assets, as well as other investments and other

long-lived assets. Any significant shortfall, now or in the future, in advertising revenue and/or the expected popularity of the programming for which the Company has acquired rights could lead to a downward revision in the fair value of certain reporting units. A downward revision in the fair value of a reporting unit, indefinite-lived intangible assets, investments or long-lived assets could result in an impairment and a non-cash charge would be required. Any such charge could be material to the Company's reported net earnings.

Fluctuations in Foreign Exchange Rates Could Have an Adverse Effect on the Company's Results of Operations.

The Company has significant operations in a number of foreign jurisdictions and certain of the Company operations are conducted in foreign currencies. The value of these currencies fluctuates relative to the U.S. dollar. As a result, the Company is exposed to exchange rate fluctuations, which could have an adverse effect on its results of operations in a given period or in specific markets. Even though the Company uses foreign currency derivative instruments to hedge certain exposures to foreign currency exchange rate risks, the use of such derivative instruments may not be effective in reducing the adverse financial effects of unfavorable movements in foreign exchange rates.

For example, our business activities in Venezuela operate in a highly inflationary economy. In February 2015, the Venezuelan government introduced a new foreign currency exchange system called the Marginal Currency System ("SIMADI"). Accordingly, the Company has remeasured all its Venezuelan Bolivar denominated net monetary assets at the devalued SIMADI exchange rate. The Company had previously used the Supplementary Foreign Currency Administration System ("SICAD 2") rate. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, we remeasured all our Bolivar denominated net monetary assets at the SICAD 2 exchange rate resulting in a devaluation loss of approximately \$100 million for fiscal 2014. The Venezuelan government may issue more regulations or take other steps that might introduce significant uncertainty regarding the exchange rate that we can access to convert our Venezuelan Bolivar denominated monetary assets to U.S. dollars. Such measures can also affect our decision on which exchange rate(s) to use for financial reporting purposes. In addition, other countries where we have operations, including in Latin America, may be determined in the future to be highly inflationary economies, requiring special accounting and financial reporting treatment for such operations.

The Loss of Carriage Agreements Could Cause the Company's Revenue and Operating Results to Decline Significantly in any Given Period or in Specific Markets.

The Company's broadcast stations and cable networks maintain affiliation and carriage arrangements that enable them to reach a large percentage of cable and direct broadcast satellite households across the United States. The loss of a significant number of these arrangements or the loss of carriage on basic programming tiers could reduce the distribution of the Company's broadcast stations and cable networks, which may adversely affect those networks' revenues from subscriber fees and their ability to sell national and local advertising time. The Company is dependent upon the maintenance of affiliation agreements with third party owned television stations and there can be no assurance that these affiliation agreements will be renewed in the future on terms acceptable to the Company. The loss of a significant number of these affiliation arrangements could reduce the distribution of FOX and MyNetworkTV and adversely affect the Company's ability to sell national advertising time.

The Inability to Renew Sports Programming Rights Could Cause the Company's Affiliate and Advertising Revenue to Decline Significantly in any Given Period or in Specific Markets.

The sports rights contracts between the Company, on the one hand, and various professional sports leagues and teams, on the other, have varying duration and renewal terms. As these contracts expire, renewals on favorable terms may be sought; however, third parties may outbid the current rights holders for the rights contracts. In addition, professional sports leagues or teams may create their own networks or the renewal costs could substantially exceed the original contract cost. The loss of rights could impact the extent of the sports coverage offered by the Company and its

affiliates, as it relates to FOX, and could adversely affect the Company's advertising and affiliate revenues. Upon renewal, the Company's results could be adversely affected if escalations in sports programming rights costs are unmatched by increases in advertising rates and, in the case of cable networks, subscriber fees.

The Company Relies on Network and Information Systems and Other Technology Whose Failure or Misuse, Could Cause a Disruption of Services or Improper Disclosure of Personal Data, Business Information, Including Intellectual Property, or Other Confidential Information, Resulting in Increased Costs or Loss of Revenue.

Network and information systems and other technologies, including those related to the Company's network management, are important to its business activities. Network and information systems-related events, such as computer hackings, computer viruses, worms or other destructive or disruptive software, process breakdowns, denial of service attacks, malicious social engineering or other malicious activities, or any combination of the foregoing, as well as power outages, natural disasters (including extreme weather), terrorist activities or human error that may affect such systems, could result in disruption of our services or improper disclosure of personal data, business information, including intellectual property, or other confidential information. In recent years, there has been a rise in the number of sophisticated cyber attacks on network and information systems, and as a result, the risks associated with such an event continue to increase. The Company has experienced, and expects to continue to be subject to, cybersecurity threats and incidents, none of which has been material to the Company to date. While we continue to develop, implement and maintain security

measures seeking to prevent unauthorized access or misuse of our network and information systems, such efforts may not be successful in preventing these events from occurring given that the techniques used to access, disable or degrade service, or sabotage systems change frequently. The development and maintenance of these measures is costly and requires ongoing monitoring and updating as technologies change and efforts to overcome security measures become more sophisticated. Significant security breaches, such as misappropriation, misuse, leakage, falsification, accidental release, or otherwise improper disclosure of information maintained in the Company's information systems and networks or those of our vendors, including financial, personal, confidential and proprietary information relating to personnel, customers, vendors and our business, including our intellectual property, could result in a disruption of our operations, customer or advertiser dissatisfaction, damage to our reputation or brands, regulatory investigations, lawsuits or loss of customers or revenue. In addition the Company may be subject to liability under relevant contractual obligations and laws and regulations protecting personal data and privacy, and require us to expend significant resources to remedy any such security breach.

Technological Developments May Increase the Threat of Content Piracy and Signal Theft and Limit the Company's Ability to Protect Its Intellectual Property Rights.

Content piracy and signal theft present a threat to the Company's revenues from products and services, including, but not limited to, films, television shows, cable and other programming. The Company seeks to limit the threat of content piracy and direct broadcast satellite programming signal theft; however, policing unauthorized use of the Company's products and services and related intellectual property is often difficult and the steps taken by the Company may not in every case prevent the infringement by unauthorized third parties. Developments in technology, including digital copying, file compressing and the growing penetration of high-bandwidth Internet connections, increase the threat of content piracy by making it easier to duplicate and widely distribute high-quality pirated material. In addition, developments in software or devices that circumvent encryption technology and the falling prices of devices incorporating such technologies increase the threat of unauthorized use and distribution of direct broadcast satellite programming signals and the proliferation of user-generated content sites and live and stored video streaming sites, which deliver unauthorized copies of copyrighted content, including those emanating from other countries in various languages, may adversely impact the Company's businesses. The proliferation of unauthorized distribution and use of the Company's content could have an adverse effect on the Company's businesses and profitability because it reduces the revenue that the Company could potentially receive from the legitimate sale and distribution of its products and services.

The Company has taken, and will continue to take, a variety of actions to combat piracy and signal theft, both individually and, in some instances, together with industry associations. However, protection of the Company's intellectual property rights is dependent on the scope and duration of the Company's rights as defined by applicable laws in the United States and abroad and the manner in which those laws are construed. If those laws are drafted or interpreted in ways that limit the extent or duration of the Company's rights, or if existing laws are changed, the Company's ability to generate revenue from intellectual property may decrease, or the cost of obtaining and enforcing our rights may increase. There can be no assurance that the Company's efforts to enforce its rights and protect its products, services and intellectual property will be successful in preventing content piracy or signal theft. Further, while piracy and technology tools continue to escalate, if any U.S. or international laws intended to combat piracy and protect intellectual property are repealed or weakened or not adequately enforced, or if the legal system fails to evolve and adapt to new technologies that facilitate piracy, we may be unable to effectively protect our rights and the value of our intellectual property may be negatively impacted and our costs of enforcing our rights could increase.

The Company Must Respond to Changes in Consumer Behavior as a Result of New Technologies in Order to Remain Competitive.

Technology, particularly digital technology used in the entertainment industry, continues to evolve rapidly, leading to alternative methods for the delivery and storage of digital content. These technological advancements have driven changes in consumer behavior and have empowered consumers to seek more control over when, where and how they consume digital content. Content owners are increasingly delivering their content directly to consumers over the Internet, often without charge, and innovations in distribution platforms have enabled consumers to view such Internet-delivered content on televisions and portable devices. There is a risk that the Company's responses to these changes and strategies to remain competitive, including distribution of its content on a "pay" basis, may not be adopted by consumers. In addition, enhanced Internet capabilities and other new media may reduce television viewership, the demand for DVDs and Blu-rays and the desire to see motion pictures in theaters, which could negatively affect the Company's revenues. The Company's failure to protect and exploit the value of its content, while responding to and developing new technology and business models to take advantage of advancements in technology and the latest consumer preferences, could have a significant adverse effect on the Company's businesses, asset values and results of operations.

Labor Disputes May Have an Adverse Effect on the Company's Business.

In a variety of the Company's businesses, the Company and its partners engage the services of writers, directors, actors and other talent, trade employees and others who are subject to collective bargaining agreements, including employees of the Company's film and television studio operations. If the Company or its partners are unable to renew expiring collective bargaining agreements, it is possible that the affected unions could take action in the form of strikes or work stoppages. Such actions, as well as higher costs in

connection with these collective bargaining agreements or a significant labor dispute, could have an adverse effect on the Company's business by causing delays in production or by reducing profit margins.

Changes in U.S. or Foreign Regulations May Have an Adverse Effect on the Company's Business.

The Company is subject to a variety of U.S. and foreign regulations in the jurisdictions in which its businesses operate. In general, the television broadcasting and multichannel video programming and distribution industries in the United States are highly regulated by federal laws and regulations issued and administered by various federal agencies, including the FCC. The FCC generally regulates, among other things, the ownership of media, broadcast and multichannel video programming and technical operations of broadcast licensees. Our program services and online properties are subject to a variety of laws and regulations, including those relating to issues such as content regulation, user privacy and data protection, and consumer protection, among others. Further, the United States Congress, the FCC and state legislatures currently have under consideration, and may in the future adopt, new laws, regulations and policies regarding a wide variety of matters, including technological changes and measures relating to privacy and data security, which could, directly or indirectly, affect the operations and ownership of the Company's U.S. media properties. Similarly, new laws or regulations or changes in interpretations of law or in regulations imposed by governments in other jurisdictions in which the Company, or entities in which the Company has an interest, operate could require changes in the operations or ownership of these international media properties. In addition, laws in non-U.S. jurisdictions which regulate, among other things, licensing arrangements, local content requirements, carriage requirements regarding pricing and distribution, and limitations on advertising time, may impact the operations and results of our international businesses.

In addition, changes in tax laws, regulations or the interpretations thereof in the U.S. and other jurisdictions in which the Company has operations could affect the Company's results of operations.

U.S. Citizenship Requirements May Limit Common Stock Ownership and Voting Rights.

The Company owns broadcast station licensees in connection with its ownership and operation of U.S. television stations. Under U.S. law, no broadcast station licensee may be owned by a corporation if more than 25% of its stock is owned or voted by non-U.S. persons, their representatives, or by any other corporation organized under the laws of a foreign country. The Company's Restated Certificate of Incorporation authorizes the Board of Directors to prevent, cure or mitigate the effect of stock ownership above the applicable foreign ownership threshold by taking any action including: refusing to permit any transfer of common stock to or ownership of common stock by a non-U.S. stockholder; voiding a transfer of common stock to a non-U.S. stockholder; suspending rights of stock ownership if held by a non-U.S. stockholder; or redeeming common stock held by a non-U.S. stockholder. In order to maintain compliance with U.S. law, the suspension of voting rights of the Class B Common Stock held by non-U.S. stockholders is currently at 10%. This suspension will remain in place for as long as the Company deems it necessary to maintain compliance with applicable U.S. law, and may be adjusted by the Audit Committee as it deems appropriate. The Company is not able to predict whether it will need to adjust the suspension or whether additional action pursuant to its Restated Certificate of Incorporation may be necessary. The FCC could review the Company's compliance with applicable U.S. law in connection with its consideration of the Company's renewal applications for licenses to operate the broadcast stations the Company owns.

#### Risks Related to the Separation

If the Separation, Together with Certain Related Transactions, Were Ultimately Determined to be Taxable Transactions for U.S. Federal Income Tax Purposes, then We Could Be Subject to Significant Tax Liability.

The Company received (i) a private letter ruling from the IRS substantially to the effect that, among other things, the distribution of Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock of News Corp qualifies as tax-free under Sections 368 and 355 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") except for cash received in lieu of fractional shares of News Corp stock and (ii) an opinion from the law firm of Hogan Lovells US LLP confirming the tax-free status of the distribution for U.S. federal income tax purposes, including confirming the satisfaction of the requirements under Section 368 and 355 of the Code not specifically addressed in the IRS private letter ruling. The opinion of Hogan Lovells US LLP will not be binding on the IRS or the courts, and there is no assurance that the IRS or a court will not take a contrary position.

The private letter ruling and the opinion rely on certain facts and assumptions, and certain representations from the Company and News Corp regarding the past and future conduct of our respective businesses and other matters. Notwithstanding the receipt of the private letter ruling and the opinion, the IRS could determine on audit that the distribution or the internal transactions should be treated as taxable transactions if it determines that any of these facts, assumptions, representations or undertakings is not correct or has been violated, or that the distribution or the internal transactions should be taxable for other reasons, including as a result of a significant change in stock or asset ownership after the distribution. If the distribution ultimately is determined to be taxable, the distribution could be treated as a taxable dividend or capital gain for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and U.S. stockholders and certain non-U.S. stockholders could incur significant U.S. federal income tax liabilities. In addition, if the internal reorganization and/or the distribution is ultimately determined to be taxable, the Company would recognize gains on the internal reorganization

and/or recognize gain in an amount equal to the excess of the fair market value of shares of the News Corp common stock distributed to our stockholders on the distribution date over our tax basis in such shares of our common stock.

We Could Be Liable for Income Taxes Owed by News Corp.

Each member of our consolidated group, which until June 28, 2013 included News Corp and each of our other subsidiaries, is jointly and severally liable for the U.S. federal income tax liability of each other member of the consolidated group. Consequently, we could be liable in the event any such liability is incurred, and not discharged, by any other member of our consolidated group. Under the terms of the tax sharing and indemnification agreement that we entered into in connection with the Separation, we will be required to indemnify News Corp for any such liability. Disputes or assessments could arise during future audits by the IRS in amounts that we cannot quantify.

We Might Not Be Able to Engage in Desirable Strategic Transactions and Equity Issuances Because of Certain Restrictions Relating to Requirements for Tax-Free Distributions for U.S. Federal Income Tax Purposes.

Our ability to engage in significant strategic transactions and equity issuances may be limited or restricted in order to preserve, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the tax-free nature of the distribution. Even if the distribution otherwise qualifies for tax-free treatment under Section 355 of the Code, it may result in corporate level taxable gain to us under Section 355(e) of the Code if 50% or more, by vote or value, of shares of our stock or News Corp's stock are acquired or issued as part of a plan or series of related transactions that includes the distribution.

To preserve the tax-free treatment of the distribution and the internal transactions in connection with the distribution for U.S. federal income tax purposes, under the tax sharing and indemnification agreement that we entered into with News Corp, we will be prohibited from taking or failing to take certain actions that may prevent the distribution and related transactions from being tax-free for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Further, for the two-year period following the distribution, we may be prohibited from:

- ·approving or allowing any transaction that results in a change in ownership of more than a specified percentage of our common stock,
- ·a merger,
- ·a redemption of equity securities exceeding 20% of its outstanding capital stock,
- ·a sale or other disposition of certain businesses or a specified percentage of our assets, or
- $\cdot$ an acquisition of a business or assets with equity securities to the extent one or more persons would acquire in excess of a specified percentage of our common stock

These restrictions may limit our ability to pursue strategic transactions or engage in new business or other transactions that may maximize the value of our business.

The Separation and Distribution Agreement May Restrict Us From Acquiring or Owning Certain Types of Assets in the U.S.

The FCC has promulgated certain rules and regulations that limit the ownership of radio and television broadcast stations, television broadcast networks and newspapers (the "Broadcast Ownership Rules"). Under the FCC's rules for determining ownership of the media assets described above, the Murdoch Family Trust's ownership interest in both News Corp and the Company following the Separation would generally result in each company's businesses and assets being attributable to the Murdoch Family Trust for purposes of determining compliance with the Broadcast Ownership Rules. Consequently, our future conduct, including the acquisition of any broadcast networks, or stations or any newspapers, in the same local markets in which News Corp owns or operates newspapers or has acquired television stations, may affect News Corp's ability to own and operate its newspapers or any television stations it acquires or otherwise comply with the Broadcast Ownership Rules. Therefore, we and News Corp agreed in the Separation and

Distribution Agreement that if the Company acquires, after the Separation, newspapers, radio or television broadcast stations or television broadcast networks in the U.S. and such acquisition would impede or be reasonably likely to impede News Corp's business, then the Company will be required to take certain actions, including divesting assets, in order to permit News Corp to hold its media interests and to comply with such rules. This agreement will effectively limit the activities or strategic business alternatives available to us if such activities or strategic business alternatives implicate the Broadcast Ownership Rules and would impede or be reasonably likely to impede News Corp's business.

The Indemnification Arrangements We Entered Into With News Corp in Connection With the Separation May Require Us to Divert Cash to Satisfy Indemnification Obligations to News Corp.

Pursuant to the Separation and Distribution Agreement and certain other related agreements, the Company agreed to indemnify News Corp for certain liabilities and News Corp agreed to indemnify the Company for certain liabilities. As a result, we could be required, under certain circumstances, to indemnify News Corp against certain liabilities to the extent such liabilities result from an

action we or our affiliates take or from any breach of our or our affiliates' representations, covenants or obligations under the Separation and Distribution Agreement, tax sharing and indemnification agreement or any other agreement entered into in connection with the Separation.

In addition to the indemnification arrangements described above, the Company and News Corp agreed in the Separation and Distribution Agreement that the Company will indemnify News Corp, on an after-tax basis, for payments made after the Separation arising out of civil claims and investigations relating to the U.K. Newspaper Matters, as well as legal and professional fees and expenses paid in connection with the related criminal matters, other than fees, expenses and costs relating to employees who are not (i) directors, officers or certain designated employees or (ii) with respect to civil matters, co-defendants with News Corp.

Certain of Our Directors and Officers May Have Actual or Potential Conflicts of Interest Because of Their Equity Ownership in News Corp, and Certain of Our Officers and Directors May Have Actual or Potential Conflicts of Interest Because They Also Serve as Officers and/or on the Board of Directors of News Corp.

Certain of our directors and executive officers own shares of News Corp's common stock, and the individual holdings may be significant for some of these individuals compared to their total assets. In addition, certain of our officers and directors also serve as officers and/or as directors of News Corp, including our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer K. Rupert Murdoch, who serves as News Corp's Executive Chairman and our Co-Chairman Lachlan K. Murdoch, who serves as News Corp's Co-Chairman. This ownership or service to both companies may create, or may create the appearance of, conflicts of interest when these directors and officers are faced with decisions that could have different implications for News Corp and us.

For example, potential conflicts of interest could arise in connection with the resolution of any dispute that may arise between News Corp and us regarding the terms of the agreements governing the internal reorganization, the distribution and the relationship thereafter between the companies, including with respect to the indemnification of certain matters. In addition to any other arrangements that the Company and News Corp may agree to implement, the Company and News Corp agreed that officers and directors who serve at both companies will recuse themselves from decisions where conflicts arise due to their positions at both companies.

#### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The Board has authorized a stock repurchase program, under which the Company is currently authorized to acquire Class A Common Stock. The remaining authorized amount under the Company's stock repurchase program as of June 30, 2014, excluding commissions, was approximately \$0.6 billion. In August 2014, the Company announced that the Board approved an additional \$6 billion authorization, excluding commissions, to the Company's stock repurchase program for the repurchase of Class A Common Stock. The Company intends to complete this stock repurchase program by August 2015.

The remaining authorized amount under the Company's stock repurchase program as of March 31, 2015, excluding commissions, was approximately \$1.8 billion.

The program may be modified, extended, suspended or discontinued at any time.

Below is a summary of the Company's purchases of its Class A Common Stock during the three months ended March 31, 2015:

	Total		
	number of	Average	Total
		price	cost of
	shares		
	purchased	per share	purchase
			(in
			millions)
January	5,650,391	\$ 35.57	\$ 201
February	20,909,704	34.63	724
March	32,585,064	34.65	1,129
Total	59,145,159		\$ 2,054

The Company did not purchase any of its Class B Common Stock during the three months ended March 31, 2015.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES Not applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES Not applicable.

ITEM 5.OTHER INFORMATION Not applicable.

#### **ITEM 6.EXHIBITS**

(a) Exhibits.

- 12.1 Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.\*
- 31.1 Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Certification required by Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.\*
- 31.2 Chief Financial Officer Certification required by Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.\*
- 32.1 Certification of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.\*\*
- 101 The following financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 formatted in eXtensible Business Reporting Language: (i) Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014; (ii) Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014; (iii) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2015 (unaudited) and June 30, 2014 (audited); (iv) Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014; and (v) Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.\*

<sup>\*</sup>Filed herewith.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Furnished herewith.

## **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY FOX, INC. (Registrant)

By: /s/ John P. Nallen John P. Nallen Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 6, 2015