

Edgar Filing: Easterly Government Properties, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Easterly Government Properties, Inc.
Form 10-Q
August 07, 2018

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from To

Commission file number 001-36834

EASTERLY GOVERNMENT PROPERTIES, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Maryland
(State of Incorporation)

47-2047728
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

2101 L Street NW, Suite 650, Washington, D.C.
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

20037
(Zip Code)

(202) 595-9500

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer,” “smaller reporting company” and “emerging growth company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer

Accelerated Filer

Non-Accelerated Filer

(Do not check if smaller reporting company) Smaller Reporting Company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

As of July 31, 2018, the registrant had 60,384,591 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding.

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Easterly Government Properties, Inc.

Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands, except share amounts)

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Assets		
Real estate properties, net	\$ 1,254,368	\$ 1,230,162
Cash and cash equivalents	147,505	12,682
Restricted cash	6,330	3,519
Deposits on acquisitions	15,750	750
Rents receivable	14,074	12,751
Accounts receivable	8,198	9,347
Deferred financing, net	3,753	945
Intangible assets, net	132,477	143,063
Interest rate swaps	6,552	4,031
Prepaid expenses and other assets	10,405	8,088
Total assets	\$ 1,599,412	\$ 1,425,338
Liabilities		
Revolving credit facility	—	99,750
Term loan facilities, net	99,271	99,202
Notes payable, net	173,727	173,692
Mortgage notes payable, net	211,164	203,250
Intangible liabilities, net	33,937	38,569
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	25,285	19,786
Total liabilities	543,384	634,249
Equity		
Common stock, par value \$0.01, 200,000,000 shares authorized, 60,376,466 and 44,787,040 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively	604	448
Additional paid-in capital	1,008,615	740,546
Retained earnings	10,086	7,127
Cumulative dividends	(107,573)	(83,718)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	5,692	3,403
Total stockholders' equity	917,424	667,806
Non-controlling interest in Operating Partnership	138,604	123,283
Total equity	1,056,028	791,089
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,599,412	\$ 1,425,338

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Easterly Government Properties, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues				
Rental income	\$32,459	\$27,501	\$64,748	\$53,521
Tenant reimbursements	4,089	2,974	7,572	6,602
Other income	424	128	626	367
Total revenues	36,972	30,603	72,946	60,490
Operating expenses				
Property operating	7,223	5,837	13,783	12,186
Real estate taxes	3,845	2,979	7,545	5,714
Depreciation and amortization	14,588	13,272	29,222	26,141
Acquisition costs	499	456	723	988
Corporate general and administrative	3,623	3,142	7,082	6,586
Total expenses	29,778	25,686	58,355	51,615
Operating income	7,194	4,917	14,591	8,875
Other expenses				
Interest expense, net	(5,475)	(3,714)	(11,057)	(6,131)
Net income	1,719	1,203	3,534	2,744
Non-controlling interest in Operating Partnership	(279)	(221)	(575)	(525)
Net income available to Easterly Government				
Properties, Inc.	\$1,440	\$982	\$2,959	\$2,219
Net income available to Easterly Government				
Properties, Inc. per share:				
Basic	\$0.02	\$0.03	\$0.05	\$0.06
Diluted	\$0.02	\$0.02	\$0.05	\$0.05
Weighted-average common shares outstanding				
Basic	47,531,128	37,408,603	46,276,125	37,151,527
Diluted	49,124,886	39,845,314	47,845,560	39,534,993
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.26	\$0.25	\$0.52	\$0.49

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Easterly Government Properties, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands)

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net income	\$1,719	\$1,203	\$3,534	\$2,744
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swaps,				
net	662	(694)	2,521	(586)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	662	(694)	2,521	(586)
Comprehensive income	2,381	509	6,055	2,158
Non-controlling interest in Operating				
Partnership	(279)	(221)	(575)	(525)
Other comprehensive income attributable to				
non-controlling interest	141	221	(232)	209
Comprehensive income attributable to Easterly				
Government Properties, Inc.	\$2,243	\$509	\$5,248	\$1,842

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Easterly Government Properties, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands)

	For the six months ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$3,534	\$2,744
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	29,222	26,141
Straight line rent	(3,073)	(493)
Amortization of above- / below-market leases	(4,518)	(4,218)
Amortization of unearned revenue	(52)	(55)
Amortization of loan premium / discount	(42)	(42)
Amortization of deferred financing costs	605	516
Non-cash compensation	1,576	1,467
Net change in:		
Rents receivable	1,742	787
Accounts receivable	1,149	(923)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(1,988)	(1,698)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	459	318
Net cash provided by operating activities	28,614	24,544
Cash flows from investing activities		
Real estate acquisitions and deposits	(20,576)	(249,492)
Additions to operating properties	(2,425)	(901)
Additions to development properties	(21,125)	(3,911)
Net cash used in investing activities	(44,126)	(254,304)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Payment of deferred financing costs	(3,070)	(3,225)
Issuance of common shares	297,805	1,886
Credit facility draws	19,000	108,000
Credit facility repayments	(118,750)	(252,167)
Term loan draws	—	100,000
Issuance of notes payable	—	175,000
Issuance of mortgage notes payable	—	127,500
Repayments of mortgage notes payable	(1,560)	(1,473)
Dividends and distributions paid	(29,196)	(22,564)
Payment of offering costs	(11,083)	(24)
Net cash provided by financing activities	153,146	232,933
Net increase in Cash and cash equivalents and Restricted cash	137,634	3,173
Cash and cash equivalents and Restricted cash, beginning of period	16,201	6,491
Cash and cash equivalents and Restricted cash, end of period	\$153,835	\$9,664

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Easterly Government Properties, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands)

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information is as follows:

	For the six months ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest	\$10,766	\$5,149
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash information		
Additions to operating properties accrued, not paid	\$652	\$229
Additions to development properties accrued, not paid	7,419	11
Financing costs accrued, not paid	137	173
Offering costs accrued, not paid	246	—
Deferred asset acquisition costs accrued, not paid	256	—
Unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swaps, net	2,521	(586)
Debt assumed on acquisition of operating property	9,414	—
Exchange of Common Units for Shares of Common Stock		
Non-controlling interest in Operating Partnership	\$(3,039)	\$(19,866)
Common stock	2	13
Additional paid-in capital	3,037	19,853
Total	\$—	\$—

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Easterly Government Properties, Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

The information contained in the following notes to the consolidated financial statements is condensed from that which would appear in the annual consolidated financial statements; accordingly, the consolidated financial statements included herein should be reviewed in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, and related notes thereto, included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Easterly Government Properties, Inc. (the “Company”) for the year ended December 31, 2017 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) on March 1, 2018.

The Company is a Maryland corporation that has elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust (“REIT”) under the Internal Revenue Code, as amended (the “Code”) commencing with its taxable year ended December 31, 2015. The operations of the Company are carried on primarily through Easterly Government Properties LP (the “Operating Partnership”) and the wholly owned subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership. As used herein, the “Company,” “we,” “us,” or “our” refer to Easterly Government Properties, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries and partnerships, including the Operating Partnership, except where context otherwise requires.

We are an internally managed REIT, focused primarily on the acquisition, development, and management of Class A commercial properties that are leased to U.S. Government agencies that serve essential functions. We generate substantially all of our revenue by leasing our properties to such agencies, either directly or through the U.S. General Services Administration (“GSA”). Our objective is to generate attractive risk-adjusted returns for our stockholders over the long term through dividends and capital appreciation.

As of June 30, 2018, we wholly owned 47 operating properties in the United States, including 45 operating properties that were leased primarily to U.S. Government tenant agencies and two operating properties that were entirely leased to private tenants, encompassing approximately 3.7 million square feet in the aggregate. In addition, we wholly owned three properties under development that we expect will encompass approximately 0.3 million square feet upon completion. We focus on acquiring, developing, and managing U.S. Government leased properties that are essential to supporting the mission of the tenant agency and strive to be a partner of choice for the U.S. Government, working with the tenant agency to meet its needs and objectives.

The Operating Partnership holds substantially all of our assets and conducts substantially all our business. The Company is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership. The Company owned approximately 86.9% of the aggregate limited partnership interests in the Operating Partnership (“common units”) at June 30, 2018. We believe that we have operated and have been organized in conformity with the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2015.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) and include the accounts of the Company, Easterly Government Properties TRS, LLC, Easterly Government Services, LLC, the Operating Partnership and its other subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein are unaudited; however, they include all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to state fairly the consolidated financial position of the Company at June 30, 2018, and the consolidated results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 and the consolidated cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. The year-end condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the balance sheet and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements are disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Revision of Previously Reported Consolidated Financial Statements

In connection with the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company identified an error in the estimated useful life utilized to amortize certain assets associated with three properties contributed at the time of the Company's initial public offering in the first quarter of 2015. As a result of the error, Depreciation and amortization expense had been overstated and thereby Real estate properties, net, Intangible assets, net and Equity were understated. The Company concluded that the amounts are not material to any of its previously issued consolidated financial statements. However, to maintain proper comparability between our financial statements we have elected to revise prior periods. Accordingly, the Company revised these balances in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. The effects of this revision to the consolidated financial statements are as follows (in thousands, except for per share data).

	As Previously Reported	Adjustment	As Revised
Effect of Revision For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017			
Total revenues	\$ 30,603	\$ —	\$30,603
Depreciation and amortization	13,462	(190)	13,272
Total expenses	25,876	(190)	25,686
Net income	1,013	190	1,203
Net income available to Easterly Government Properties, Inc.	827	155	982
Net income available to Easterly Government Properties, Inc. per share (basic)	0.02	0.01	0.03
Net income available to Easterly Government Properties, Inc. per share (diluted)	0.02	—	0.02
Comprehensive income	319	190	509

	As Previously Reported	Adjustment	As Revised
Effect of Revision For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017			
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 26,522	\$ (381)	\$26,141
Total expenses	51,996	(381)	51,615
Net income	2,363	381	2,744
Net income available to Easterly Government Properties, Inc.	1,911	308	2,219
Net income available to Easterly Government Properties, Inc. per share (basic)	0.05	0.01	0.06
Net income available to Easterly Government Properties, Inc. per share (diluted)	0.05	—	0.05
Comprehensive income	1,777	381	2,158

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). Please refer to Note 10 for more information pertaining to our adoption of this guidance.

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230), which provides classification guidance for certain cash receipts and cash payments including payment of debt extinguishment costs, settlement of zero-coupon debt instruments, insurance claim payments and distributions from equity method investees. The guidance should be applied retrospectively, however the implementation of this update did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted and retrospectively applied ASU No. 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230), which requires that the statement of cash flows explain the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents. The Company now reconciles both cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash in the accompanying Statements of Cash Flows for all periods, whereas under the prior guidance the Company explained the changes during the period for cash and cash equivalents only.

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASU No. 2017-05, Other Income-Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets (Subtopic 610-20): Clarifying the Scope of Asset Derecognition Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets. This ASU clarifies the scope and accounting of a financial asset that meets the definition of an “in-substance nonfinancial asset” and defines the term “in-substance nonfinancial asset.” This ASU also adds guidance for partial sales of nonfinancial assets. The Company adopted this ASU using the modified retrospective method and the implementation of this update did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

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On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASU 2017-09, Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting, which provides updated guidance about which changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award would require an entity to apply modification accounting under the topic. The guidance should be applied prospectively to an award modified on or after the adoption date, however, implementation of this update did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases, which sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract (i.e., lessees and lessors). The new standard requires lessees to apply a dual approach, classifying leases as either finance or operating leases based on the principle of whether or not the lease is effectively a financed purchase of the leased asset by the lessee. This classification will determine whether the lease expense is recognized based on an effective interest method or on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. A lessee is also required to record a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for all leases with a term of greater than 12 months regardless of their classification. Leases with a term of 12 months or less will be accounted for in the same manner as operating leases today. As of June 30, 2018, the Company had a sublease for office space in Washington D.C. expiring in June 2021 and a lease for office space in San Diego, CA expiring in April 2022. The remaining contractual payments under the Company's lease and sublease for office space aggregate \$1.6 million.

The new standard requires lessors to account for leases using an approach that is substantially equivalent to existing guidance for sales-type leases, direct financing leases and operating leases. In connection with the new revenue guidance, we believe that the new revenue standard may apply to executory costs and other components of revenue deemed to be non-lease components, even when the revenue for such activities is not separately stipulated in the lease. In that case, we would need to separate the lease components of revenue due under leases from the non-lease components. Under the new guidance, we would continue to recognize the lease components of lease revenue on a straight-line basis over our respective lease terms as we do under prior guidance. However, we would recognize the non-lease components under the new revenue guidance as the related services are delivered. As a result, while the total revenue recognized over time would not differ under the new guidance, the recognition pattern could be different. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the significance of the difference in the recognition pattern that would result from this change.

Additionally, ASU 2016-02 will require that lessees and lessors capitalize, as initial direct costs, only those costs that are incurred due to the execution of a lease. Under ASU 2016-02, allocated payroll costs and other costs that are incurred regardless of whether the lease is obtained will no longer be capitalized as initial direct costs and instead will be expensed as incurred.

ASU No. 2016-02 is effective for reporting periods beginning January 1, 2019, with modified retrospective application for each reporting period presented at the time of adoption. Early adoption is also permitted for this guidance. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of this new guidance.

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-12, Derivatives and Hedging: Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities. The purpose of this updated guidance is to better align a company's financial reporting for hedging activities with the economic objectives of those activities. The transition guidance provides companies with the option of either adopting the new standard early using a modified retrospective transition method in any interim period after issuance of the update, or alternatively adopting the new standard for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. This adoption method may require the Company to recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying the ASU as an adjustment to accumulated other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings as of the beginning of the fiscal year that an entity adopts the update. While the Company continues to assess all potential impacts of the standard, we do not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

3. Real Estate and Intangibles

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, we acquired one operating property, VA – Golden, in an asset acquisition for a purchase price of \$14.9 million. We allocated the purchase price of the acquisition based on the estimated fair values of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Total
Real estate	
Land	\$4,080
Building	7,718
Acquired tenant improvements	1,215
Total real estate	13,013
Intangible assets	
In-place leases	1,752
Acquired leasing commissions	383
Total intangible assets	2,135
Intangible liabilities	
Below-market leases	(280)
Total intangible liabilities	(280)
Purchase price	14,868
Less: Mortgage note assumed	(9,414)
Net assets acquired	\$5,454

The intangible assets and liabilities of VA – Golden has a weighted average amortization period of 8.24 years as of June 30, 2018. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, we included \$0.2 million of revenues and less than \$0.1 million of net income in our consolidated statement of operations related to VA – Golden.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, we agreed to acquire a 1,479,762-square foot portfolio of 14 properties (the “Acquisition Portfolio”) for a purchase price of approximately \$430.0 million, including a \$15.0 million non-refundable deposit paid in connection with the execution of the purchase agreement and the end of the due diligence period. The completion of the portfolio acquisition is subject to customary closing conditions.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, we incurred \$0.7 million of acquisition-related expenses including \$0.5 million of internal costs associated with property acquisitions.

Consolidated Real Estate and Intangibles

Real estate and intangibles consisted of the following as of June 30, 2018 (amounts in thousands):

	Total
Real estate properties, net	
Land	\$138,243
Building	1,109,671
Acquired tenant improvements	48,718
Construction in progress	42,997
Accumulated amortization	(85,261)

Total Real estate properties, net	\$ 1,254,368
Intangible assets, net	
In-place leases	\$ 161,872
Acquired leasing commissions	38,847
Above market leases	9,455
Accumulated amortization	(77,697)
Total Intangible assets, net	\$ 132,477
Intangible liabilities, net	
Below market leases	\$(63,136)
Accumulated amortization	29,199
Total Intangible liabilities, net	\$(33,937)

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The following table summarizes the scheduled amortization of the Company's acquired above- and below-market lease intangibles for each of the five succeeding years as of June 30, 2018 (amounts in thousands):

	Acquired Above-Market Lease Intangibles	Acquired Below-Market Lease Intangibles
2018 \$	394	\$ 4,494
2019	743	6,905
2020	609	6,208
2021	608	4,385
2022	608	2,850

Above-market lease amortization reduces Rental income on our Consolidated Statements of Operations and below-market lease amortization increases Rental income on our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

4. Debt

At June 30, 2018, our consolidated borrowings consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

Loan	Principal Outstanding June 30, 2018	Interest Rate ⁽¹⁾	Current Maturity
Revolving credit facility:			
Revolving credit facility ⁽²⁾	\$ —	L + 130bps	June 2022 ⁽³⁾
Total revolving credit facility	—		
Term loan facilities:			
2016 term loan facility	100,000	3.17% ⁽⁴⁾	September 2023
2018 term loan facility	—	L + 125bps	June 2023
Total term loan facility	100,000		
Less: Total unamortized deferred financing fees	(729)		
Total term loan facilities, net	99,271		
Notes payable:			
Senior unsecured notes payable, series A	95,000	4.05%	May 2027
Senior unsecured notes payable, series B	50,000	4.15%	May 2029
Senior unsecured notes payable, series C	30,000	4.30%	May 2032

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Total notes payable	175,000		
Less: Total unamortized deferred financing fees	(1,273)		
Total notes payable, net	173,727		
Mortgage notes payable:			
CBP - Savannah	13,856	3.40% (5)	July 2033
ICE - Charleston	19,227	4.21% (5)	January 2027
MEPCOM - Jacksonville	10,349	4.41% (5)	October 2025
USFS II - Albuquerque	16,739	4.46% (5)	July 2026
DEA - Pleasanton	15,700	L + 150bps (5)	October 2023
VA - Loma Linda	127,500	3.59% (5)	July 2027
VA - Golden	9,404	5.00% (5)	April 2024
Total mortgage notes payable	212,775		
Less: Total unamortized deferred financing fees	(1,930)		
Less: Total unamortized premium/discount	319		
Total mortgage notes payable, net	211,164		
Total debt	\$ 484,162		

(1) At June 30, 2018, the one-month LIBOR (“L”) was 2.09%. The current interest rate is not adjusted to include the amortization of deferred financing fees or debt issuance costs incurred in obtaining debt or any unamortized fair market value premiums. The spread over the applicable rate for the Company’s senior unsecured revolving credit facility and senior unsecured term loan facility is based on the Company’s consolidated leverage ratio, as defined in the respective loan agreements.

- (2) Available capacity of \$450.0 million at June 30, 2018 with an accordion feature that provides additional capacity of up to \$250.0 million, for a total facility size of not more than \$700.0 million.
- (3) Our revolving credit facility has two six-month as-of-right extension options subject to certain conditions and the payment of an extension fee.
- (4) The interest rate is calculated based on two interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional value of \$100.0 million, which effectively fix the interest rate at 3.17% annually, based on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio, as defined in the 2016 term loan facility agreement.
- (5) Effective interest rates are as follows: CBP - Savannah 4.12%, ICE - Charleston 3.93%, MEPCOM - Jacksonville 3.89%, USFS II - Albuquerque 3.92%, DEA - Pleasanton 1.8%, VA - Loma Linda 3.78%, VA - Golden 5.03%.

On June 18, 2018, we entered into an amended and restated senior unsecured credit facility (our "amended senior unsecured credit facility"). Our amended senior unsecured credit facility increased the total borrowing capacity of our existing senior unsecured credit facility by \$200.0 million for a total credit facility size of \$600.0 million, consisting of two components: (i) a \$450.0 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility (the "revolving credit facility"), and (ii) a \$150.0 million senior unsecured term loan facility (the "2018 term loan facility"). The revolving credit facility also includes an accordion feature that will provide us with additional capacity, subject to the satisfaction of customary terms and conditions, of up to \$250.0 million.

The Operating Partnership is the borrower, and we and certain of our subsidiaries that directly own certain of our properties are guarantors under our amended senior unsecured credit facility. The revolving credit facility matures in four years and the 2018 term loan facility matures in five years. In addition, the revolving credit facility has two six-month as-of-right extension options subject to certain conditions and the payment of an extension fee.

Our amended senior unsecured credit facility bears interest, at our option, either at:

- a Eurodollar rate equal to a periodic fixed rate equal to LIBOR plus, a margin ranging from 1.25% to 1.80% for advances under the revolving credit facility and a margin ranging from 1.20% to 1.75% for advances under the 2018 term loan facility; or

- a fluctuating rate equal to the sum of (a) the highest of (x) Citibank, N.A.'s base rate, (y) the federal funds effective rate plus 0.50% and (z) the one-month Eurodollar rate plus 1.00% plus (b) a margin ranging from 0.25% to 0.80% for advances under the revolving credit facility and a margin ranging from 0.20% to 0.75% for advances under the 2018 term loan facility, in each case with a margin based on our leverage ratio.

The 2018 term loan facility has a 364-day delayed draw period and is prepayable without penalty for the entire term of the loan. As of June 30, 2018, we had not drawn any funds under our 2018 term loan facility.

In addition, on June 18, 2018, we entered into a second amendment to our existing \$100 million senior unsecured term loan facility (the "2016 term loan facility"). The second amendment amends certain covenants and other provisions in the 2016 term loan facility to conform to changes made to such covenants and other provisions in our amended senior unsecured credit facility.

Financial Covenant Considerations

The Company was in compliance with all financial and other covenants as of June 30, 2018 related to its revolving credit facility, 2016 term loan facility, notes payable and mortgage notes payable.

Fair Value of Debt

As of June 30, 2018, the carrying value of our 2016 term loan facility approximated fair value. In determining the fair value we considered the variable interest rate and credit spreads. We deem the fair value of our 2016 term loan facility as a Level 3 measurement.

At June 30, 2018, the fair value of our notes payable was determined by discounting future contractual principal and interest payments using prevailing market rates. We deem the fair value measurement of our notes payable instruments as a Level 3 measurement. At June 30, 2018, the fair value of our notes payable was \$171.5 million.

At June 30, 2018, the fair value of our mortgage notes payable was determined by discounting future contractual principal and interest payments using prevailing market rates. We deem the fair value measurement of our mortgage notes payable as a Level 3 measurement. At June 30, 2018, the fair value of our mortgage notes payable was \$205.7 million.

5. Derivatives and Hedging Activities

As of June 30, 2018, the Company had two outstanding interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional value of \$100.0 million that were designated as cash flow hedges. The swaps had an effective date of March 29, 2017 and extend until the maturity of our 2016 term loan facility on September 29, 2023. The swaps effectively fix the interest rate under our 2016 term loan facility at 3.17% annually based on the Company's current consolidated leverage ratio and a variable interest rate of one-month LIBOR.

Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

As of June 30, 2018 our swaps were classified as an asset on our consolidated balance sheet at \$6.6 million. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and qualified as cash flow hedges is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income and will be reclassified to interest expense in the period that the hedged forecasted transactions affect earnings on the Company's consolidated variable rate debt. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivatives is recognized directly in earnings into interest expense. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 the amount of unrealized gains recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income on interest rate swaps was \$0.8 million and \$2.7 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 the amount of gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into interest expense was \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. Additionally, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company did not record any hedge ineffectiveness. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 the amount of unrealized loss recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income on interest rate swaps was \$0.8 million and \$0.7 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 the amount of loss reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into interest expense was \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. Additionally, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company did not record any hedge ineffectiveness.

The Company estimates that \$1.0 million will be reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income as a decrease to interest expense over the next 12 months.

Credit-Risk-Related Contingent Features

The Company has agreements with each of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where the Company could be declared in default on its derivative obligations if repayment of the underlying indebtedness is accelerated by the lender due to the Company's default on such indebtedness. As of June 30, 2018, the Company did not have any derivatives in a net liability position.

6. Fair Value Measurements

Accounting standards define fair value as the exit price, or the amount that would be received upon sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The standards also establish a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of us. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect our assumptions about the factors market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability developed based upon the best information available in the circumstances. The hierarchy of these inputs is broken down into three levels: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted

prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions. Categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is most significant to the fair value measurement.

Recurring fair value measurements

The fair values of our interest rate swaps are determined using widely accepted valuation techniques, including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each derivative. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity, and uses observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves and implied volatilities in such interest rates. While the Company determined that the majority of the inputs used to value its derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the credit valuation adjustments associated with its derivatives utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default by the Company and its counterparties. The Company has determined that the significance of the impact of the credit valuation adjustments made to its derivative contracts, which determination was based on the fair value of each individual contract, was not significant to the overall valuation. As a result, all of the Company's derivatives held as of June 30, 2018 were classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

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The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, other assets and accounts payable and accrued expenses are reasonable estimates of fair values because of the short maturities of these instruments. For our disclosure of debt fair values in Note 4, we estimated the fair value of our 2016 term loan facility based on the variable interest rate and credit spreads (categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy) and estimated the fair value of our other debt based on the discounted estimated future cash payments to be made on such debt (categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy); the discount rates used approximate current market rates for loans, or groups of loans, with similar maturities and credit quality, and the estimated future payments included scheduled principal and interest payments. Fair value estimates are made as of a specific point in time, are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment. Settlement at such fair value amounts may not be possible and may not be a prudent management decision.

The table below presents the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2018, aggregated by the level in the fair value hierarchy within which those measurements fall.

Balance Sheet Line Item	As of June 30, 2018		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	1	2	3
Interest rate swaps - Asset	\$—	\$6,552	\$—

7. Equity

The following table summarizes the changes in our stockholders' equity for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (amounts in thousands, except share amounts):

		Common			Non-		
		Stock	Additional	Retained	Accumulated	controlling	
		Par	Paid-in	Earnings	Cumulative	Other	Interest in
Shares		Value	Capital	(Deficit)	Dividends	Comprehensive	Operating
Six months ended June 30, 2018						Income	Partnership
Balance at							Total
December 31, 2017	44,787,040	\$ 448	\$740,546	\$7,127	\$(83,718)	\$ 3,403	\$123,283
Stock based compensation		—	181	—	—	—	1,395
Dividends and distributions paid		—	—	—	(23,855)	—	(5,341)
Grant of unvested restricted stock	21,328	—	—	—	—	—	—
	186,061	2	3,037	—	—	—	(3,039)

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Redemption of
common units for

shares of common
stock

Issuance of common stock	15,382,037	154	286,350	—	—	—	—	286,504
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Unrealized gain on
interest rate swaps,

net	—	—	—	—	2,289	232	2,521
Net income	—	—	2,959	—	—	575	3,534

Allocation of
non-controlling
interest

in Operating
Partnership

Balance at June 30, 2018	60,376,466	\$ 604	\$ 1,008,615	\$ 10,086	\$(107,573)	\$ 5,692	\$ 138,604	\$ 1,056,028
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Six months ended June 30, 2017

Balance at December 31, 2016	36,874,810	\$ 369	\$ 597,164	\$ 2,679	\$(42,794)	\$ 3,038	\$ 137,844	\$ 698,300
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Stock based compensation	—	158	—	—	—	1,309	1,467
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Dividends and distributions paid	—	—	—	(18,432)	—	(4,132)	(22,564)
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Grant of unvested restricted stock	17,912	—	—	—	—	—	—
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Redemption of
common units for

shares of common
stock

Issuance of common stock	1,325,331	13	19,853	—	—	—	(19,866)	—
Unrealized loss on interest rate swaps,	87,048	1	1,861	—	—	—	—	1,862

net	—	—	—	—	(377)	(209)	(586)
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Net income	—	—	2,219	—	—	525	2,744
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Allocation of non-controlling interest	—	876	—	—	—	(876)	—
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in Operating Partnership	—	876	—	—	—	(876)	—
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Balance at June 30, 2017	38,305,101	\$ 383	\$ 619,912	\$ 4,898	\$(61,226)	\$ 2,661	\$ 114,595	\$ 681,223
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The Company granted 891,000 long term incentive plan units in our operating partnership (“LTIP units”) on May 6, 2015 and 40,000 LTIP units on February 26, 2016 to members of management as long-term incentive compensation

under the 2015 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended (the “2015 Equity Incentive Plan”) subject to the Company achieving certain absolute and relative total shareholder returns through the performance period, which ended on December 31, 2017. Based on the Company’s absolute and relative total shareholder return performance through the end of the performance period, the compensation committee of the Company’s board of directors determined that an aggregate of 2,079,297 LTIP units were earned. Under the terms of the awards, earned awards vested 50% on February 15, 2018 with the remaining 50% vesting on February 6, 2019, subject to the grantee’s continued employment.

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On January 4, 2018, the Company granted an aggregate of 173,381 performance-based LTIP units to members of management under the 2015 Equity Incentive Plan, subject to the Company achieving certain absolute and relative total shareholder returns through the performance period. The awards consist of three separate tranches of 32,448 LTIP units, 55,463 LTIP units and 85,470 LTIP units with performance periods ending on December 31, 2018, December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2020, respectively. The performance criteria for each tranche is based 75% on the Company's absolute total shareholder return performance and 25% on the Company's relative total shareholder return performance during the relevant performance period, with 50% of the LTIP Units vesting when earned following the end of the applicable performance period and 50% of the earned award subject to an additional one year of vesting.

On April 3, 2018, the Company issued an aggregate of 2,236 shares of restricted common stock to certain employees pursuant to our 2015 Equity Incentive Plan. The restricted common stock grants will vest upon the second anniversary of the grant date so long as the grantee remains an employee of the Company on such date.

In connection with our 2018 annual meeting of stockholders, we issued an aggregate of 19,092 shares of restricted common stock to our non-employee directors pursuant to our 2015 Equity Incentive Plan. The restricted common stock grants will vest upon the earlier of the anniversary of the date of the grant or the next annual stockholder meeting.

In connection with the liquidation of certain private investment funds that contributed assets in our initial public offering, we issued 186,061 shares of our common stock between January 1, 2018 and June 30, 2018 upon redemption of 186,061 common units in accordance with the terms of the partnership agreement of the Operating Partnership.

A summary of our shares of restricted common stock and LTIP unit awards at June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Restricted		LTIP	
	Shares		Units	
	Weighted		Weighted	
	Average		Average	
	Grant		Grant	
	Date Fair		Date Fair	
	Value		Value	
	Restricted		LTIP	
	Shares	Per Share	Units	Per Share
Outstanding, December 31, 2017	17,912	\$ 19.72	926,000	\$ 8.91
Granted	21,328	20.87	173,381	18.31
Vested	(15,220)	19.71	(463,000)	8.91
Forfeited	—	—	—	—
Outstanding, June 30, 2018	24,020	\$ 20.74	636,381	\$ 11.47

We recognized \$1.6 million in compensation expense related to our shares of restricted common stock and the LTIP unit awards for the six months ended June 30, 2018. As of June 30, 2018, unrecognized compensation expense for both sets of awards was \$3.6 million, which will be amortized over the vesting period.

A summary of dividends declared by the board of directors per share of common stock and per common unit at the date of record is as follows:

Quarter	Declaration Date	Record Date	Pay Date	Dividend (1)
Q1 2018	May 3, 2018	June 11, 2018	June 28, 2018	\$ 0.26
Q2 2018	August 1, 2018	September 13, 2018	September 27, 2018	\$ 0.26

(1) Prior to the end of the performance period as set forth in the applicable LTIP unit award, holders of LTIP units are entitled to receive dividends per LTIP unit equal to 10% of the dividend paid per common unit. After the end of the performance period, the number of LTIP units, both vested and unvested, that LTIP award recipients have earned, if any, are entitled to receive dividends in an amount per LTIP unit equal to dividends, both regular and special, payable per common unit.

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On March 3, 2017, we entered into separate equity distribution agreements with each of Citigroup Global Markets Inc., BTIG, LLC, Jefferies LLC, Raymond James & Associates, Inc., RBC Capital Markets, LLC and SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc. (collectively, the “managers”), pursuant to which we may issue and sell the shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$100.0 million from time to time through the managers, acting as sales agents and/or principals (the “ATM program”). The sales of shares of our common stock under the equity distribution agreements may be made in negotiated transactions or transactions that are deemed to be “at the market” offerings as defined in Rule 415 under the Securities Act. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to the ATM program as of June 30, 2018:

	Number of Shares Sold	Net Proceeds
For the year ended December 31, 2017	1,569,514	\$ 33,263
For the three months ended March 31, 2018	671,666	13,532
For the three months ended June 30, 2018	1,010,371	20,208
	3,251,551	\$ 67,003

We have used the proceeds from such sales for general corporate purposes. As of June 30, 2018, we had approximately \$32.3 million of gross sales of our common stock available under the ATM program.

On June 21, 2018, we completed an underwritten public offering of an aggregate of 20,700,000 shares of our common stock, consisting of (i) 13,700,000 shares sold by us to the underwriters (including 2,700,000 shares pursuant to the underwriters’ exercise of their option to purchase additional shares) and (ii) 7,000,000 shares offered and sold on a forward basis in connection with forward sales agreements entered into with certain financial institutions, acting as forward purchasers. We received approximately \$252.9 million in net proceeds from the sale of shares offered by us in the offering, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and our offering expenses. Subject to the Company’s right to elect cash or net share settlement, we expect to physically settle the forward sales agreements no later than December 21, 2018. Assuming the forward sales agreements are physically settled in full, we expect to receive an additional \$129.3 million of net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and estimated offering expenses.

8. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings or loss per share of common stock (“EPS”) is calculated by dividing net income attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding for the periods presented. Diluted EPS is computed after adjusting the basic EPS computation for the effect of dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding during the periods presented. Unvested restricted shares and unvested LTIP units are considered participating securities, which require the use of the two-class method for the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share.

The following table sets forth the computation of the Company’s basic and diluted earnings per share of common stock for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (amounts in thousands, except per share amounts):

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Numerator				
Net income	\$1,719	\$1,203	\$3,534	\$2,744
Less: Non-controlling interest in Operating				
Partnership	(279)	(221)	(575)	(525)
Net income available to Easterly Government				
Properties, Inc.	1,440	982	2,959	2,219
Less: Dividends on participating securities	(281)	(28)	(561)	(54)
Net income available to common stockholders	\$1,159	\$954	\$2,398	\$2,165
Denominator for basic EPS	47,531,128	37,408,603	46,276,125	37,151,527
Dilutive effect of share-based compensation awards	10,596	8,191	6,408	6,992
Dilutive effect of LTIP units ⁽¹⁾	999,179	1,873,429	987,516	1,856,030
Dilutive effect of shares issuable under forward				
sales agreements	583,983	555,091	575,511	520,444
Denominator for diluted EPS	49,124,886	39,845,314	47,845,560	39,534,993
Basic EPS	\$0.02	\$0.03	\$0.05	\$0.06
Diluted EPS	\$0.02	\$0.02	\$0.05	\$0.05

(1) During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, there were approximately 173,381 unvested performance-based LTIP units that were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because to do so would have been antidilutive for the period.

9. Operating Leases

Our rental properties are subject to generally non-cancelable operating leases generating future minimum contractual rent payments due from tenants. As of June 30, 2018, future non-cancelable minimum contractual rent payments are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Payments due by period						
	Total	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter
Operating Leases							
Minimum lease payments	\$917,080	52,583	107,083	101,536	90,473	77,685	487,720

The Company's consolidated operating properties were 100% occupied by 24 tenants at June 30, 2018.

For the six months ended June 30, 2018 we recognized \$57.1 million in rental income attributable to base rent, \$4.5 million in rental income attributable to the amortization of our above- and below-market leases and a straight-line adjustment of \$3.1 million.

10. Revenue

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) using the modified retrospective method and applied it to all contracts that were not completed as of January 1, 2018. The new guidance requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers and replaced the existing revenue recognition guidance.

The adoption of Topic 606 did not have an impact on the Company's historical financial statements as the revenue that falls under the scope of this guidance is limited to tenant construction projects and the associated management fee, the recognition of which did not change from how the Company has historically accounted for these projects upon adoption of the new guidance. Tenant construction project reimbursements consist primarily of subcontracted costs that are reimbursed to the Company by the tenant.

Historically, the Company has accounted for tenant construction project reimbursement arrangements using the percentage of completion method and will continue to recognize revenue from tenant construction projects using the percentage of completion method when the revenue and costs for such projects can be estimated with reasonable accuracy; when these criteria do not apply to a project, the Company recognizes revenue from that project using the completed contract method. Under the percentage of completion method, the Company recognizes a percentage of the total revenue on a project based on the cost of services provided on the project as of a point in time relative to the total costs on the project. The duration of the majority of tenant construction project reimbursement arrangements are less than a year and payment is typically due once a project is complete and work has been accepted by the tenant. For those projects ongoing as of June 30, 2018 and with a duration of greater than one year, the aggregate amount of transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations at the end of the reporting period was \$0.1 million, which will be recognized as revenue prior to the end of 2018 using the percentage of completion method as discussed above.

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The table below sets forth revenue from tenant construction projects disaggregated by tenant agency for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 (in thousands).

Tenant	For the three months ended June 30, 2018	For the six months ended June 30, 2018
Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts (“AOC”)	\$ 12	\$ 112
Drug Enforcement Administration (“DEA”)	163	186
Federal Bureau of Investigation (“FBI”)	67	125
Immigration and Customs Enforcement (“ICE”)	—	9
National Park Service (“NPS”)	—	31
Social Security Administration (“SSA”)	14	14
U.S. Coast Guard (“USCG”)	—	6
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (“USCIS”)	39	39
U.S. Forest Service (“USFS”)	61	90
Department of Veteran Affairs (“VA”)	1,246	2,033
	\$ 1,602	\$ 2,645

The balance in Accounts receivable related to tenant construction projects was \$1.2 million as of June 30, 2018 and \$3.0 million as of December 31, 2017. There were no contract assets or liabilities as of June 30, 2018.

11. Concentrations Risk

Concentrations of credit risk arise for the Company when multiple tenants of the Company are engaged in similar business activities, are located in the same geographic region or have similar economic features that impact in a similar manner their ability to meet contractual obligations, including those to the Company. The Company regularly monitors its tenant base to assess potential concentrations of credit risk.

As stated in Note 1 above, the Company leases commercial space to the U.S. Government or nongovernmental tenants. At June 30, 2018, the U.S Government accounted for approximately 98.7% of rental income and non-governmental tenants accounted for the remaining approximately 1.3%.

Fourteen of our 47 operating properties are located in California, accounting for approximately 25.4% of our total rentable square feet and approximately 32.8% of our total annualized lease income as of June 30, 2018. In addition, we owned two properties under development located in California. To the extent that weak economic or real estate conditions or natural disasters affect California more severely than other areas of the country, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be significantly impacted.

12. Subsequent Events

For its consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2018, the Company evaluated subsequent events and noted the following significant events:

On July 11, 2018, we acquired a 90,085 square foot VA Facility in San Jose, CA. The building was constructed in 2018 and is 100% leased to the VA for an initial, non-cancelable lease term of 20 years through February 2038.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). We caution investors that forward-looking statements are based on management's beliefs and on assumptions made by, and information currently available to, management. When used, the words "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "might", "plan", "project", "result", "should", "will", and similar expressions which do not relate solely to historical matters are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance, which may be affected by known and unknown risks, trends, uncertainties, and factors that are beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated, or projected. We expressly disclaim any responsibility to update our forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. Accordingly, investors should use caution in relying on forward-looking statements, which are based on results and trends at the time they are made, to anticipate future results or trends.

Some of the risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements include, among others, the following:

- the factors included under the heading "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 and the factors included under the heading "Risk Factors" in the Company's other public filings;
- risks associated with our dependence on the U.S. Government and its agencies for substantially all of our revenues, including credit risk and risk that the U.S. Government reduces its spending on real estate or that it changes its preference away from leased properties;
- risks associated with ownership and development of real estate;
- the risk of decreased rental rates or increased vacancy rates;
- loss of key personnel;
- general volatility of the capital and credit markets and the market price of our common stock;
- the risk we may lose one or more major tenants;
- difficulties in completing and successfully integrating acquisitions;
- failure of acquisitions or development projects to occur at anticipated levels or yield anticipated results;
- risks associated with actual or threatened terrorist attacks;
- intense competition in the real estate market that may limit our ability to attract or retain tenants or re-lease space;
- insufficient amounts of insurance or exposure to events that are either uninsured or underinsured;
- uncertainties and risks related to adverse weather conditions, natural disasters and climate change;
- exposure to liability relating to environmental and health and safety matters;
- limited ability to dispose of assets because of the relative illiquidity of real estate investments and the nature of our assets;
- exposure to litigation or other claims;
- risks associated with breaches of our data security;
- risks associated with our indebtedness, including failure to refinance current or future indebtedness on favorable terms, or at all; failure to meet the restrictive covenants and requirements in our existing and new debt agreements; fluctuations in interest rates and increased costs to refinance or issue new debt;
- risks associated with derivatives or hedging activity; and
- risks associated with mortgage debt or unsecured financing or the unavailability thereof, which could make it difficult to finance or refinance properties and could subject us to foreclosure.

For a further discussion of these and other factors, see the section entitled "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Overview

References to “we,” “our,” “us” and “the Company” refer to Easterly Government Properties, Inc., a Maryland corporation, together with our consolidated subsidiaries including Easterly Government Properties LP, a Delaware limited partnership, which we refer to herein as our operating partnership.

We are an internally managed real estate investment trust, or REIT, focused primarily on the acquisition, development and management of Class A commercial properties that are leased to U.S. Government agencies that serve essential functions. We generate substantially all of our revenue by leasing our properties to such agencies, either directly or through the U.S. General Services Administration, or GSA. Our objective is to generate attractive risk-adjusted returns for our stockholders over the long term through dividends and capital appreciation.

As of June 30, 2018, we wholly owned 47 operating properties in the United States, including 45 operating properties that were leased primarily to U.S. Government tenant agencies and two operating properties that were entirely leased to private tenants, encompassing approximately 3.7 million square feet in the aggregate. In addition, we wholly owned three properties under development that we expect to encompass approximately 0.3 million square feet upon completion. We focus on acquiring, developing and managing U.S. Government leased properties that are essential to supporting the mission of the tenant agency and strive to be a partner of choice for the U.S. Government, working with the tenant agency to meet its needs and objectives.

Our operating partnership holds substantially all of our assets and conducts substantially all of our business. As of June 30, 2018, we owned approximately 86.9% of the aggregate limited partnership interests in our operating partnership, or common units. We have elected to be taxed as a REIT and operate in a manner that we believe allows us to continue to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2015.

Recent Acquisitions

On May 24, 2018, we acquired a 56,753 square foot Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) Facility in Golden, CO. The building was originally constructed in 1996 and fully renovated in 2011 to meet the specific design needs of the VA. The facility is leased to the VA for an initial 15-year lease term, which expires in September 2026.

On July 11, 2018, we acquired a 90,085 square foot VA Facility in San Jose, CA. The building was constructed in 2018 and is 100% leased to the VA for an initial, non-cancelable lease term of 20 years through February 2038.

Pending Portfolio Acquisition

On June 15, 2018, we entered into a definitive purchase and sale agreement, which we refer to as the purchase agreement, to acquire a portfolio of 14 properties, comprising 1,479,762 square feet, from a third-party seller and its affiliates for an aggregate contractual purchase price of approximately \$430.0 million. The 14-property portfolio, which we refer to as the Acquisition Portfolio, is 94% leased to the U.S. Federal Government and 99% leased overall. Based on lease count and property count respectively, 88% of the U.S. Government leases are still under their original lease contract and 79% of the properties are build-to-suit or renovation-to-suit construction, designed for the specific needs and requirements of the occupying U.S. Government tenant agency. We expect to close on the properties in the acquisition portfolio on a rolling basis between August and December of 2018. The completion of the portfolio acquisition is subject to customary closing conditions and is not subject to a financing or due diligence condition or the receipt of third-party consents. There is no assurance that we or the sellers will fulfill such customary closing conditions or that we will complete the portfolio acquisition on the anticipated schedule or at all.

Operating Properties

As of June 30, 2018, our 47 operating properties were 100% leased with a weighted average annualized lease income per leased square foot of \$35.64 and a weighted average age of approximately 12.7 years. We calculate annualized lease income as annualized contractual base rent for the last month in a specified period, plus the annualized straight-line rent adjustments for the last month in such period and the annualized expense reimbursements earned by us for the last month in such period.

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Information about our operating properties as of June 30, 2018 is set forth in the table below:

Property Name	Location	Type ⁽¹⁾	Expiration Year ⁽²⁾	Square Feet	Annualized Lease Income	Percentage of Total Annualized Lease Income per Square Foot	
						Annualized	Leased
						Lease	Square
Property Name	Location	Type ⁽¹⁾	Year ⁽²⁾	Feet	Income	Income	Foot
U.S Government Leased							
VA - Loma Linda	Loma Linda, CA	OC	2036	327,614	\$16,029,163	12.1 %	\$ 48.93
IRS - Fresno	Fresno, CA	O	2033	180,481	7,548,561	5.7 %	41.82
FBI - Salt Lake	Salt Lake City, UT	O	2032	169,542	6,746,595	5.1 %	39.79
PTO - Arlington	Arlington, VA	O	2019 / 2020	189,871	6,598,312	5.0 %	34.75
FBI - San Antonio	San Antonio, TX	O	2021	148,584	5,132,896	3.9 %	34.55
FBI - Omaha	Omaha, NE	O	2024	112,196	4,432,976	3.3 %	39.51
EPA - Kansas City	Kansas City, KS	L	2023	71,979	4,183,838	3.2 %	58.13
VA - South Bend	Mishakawa, IN	OC	2032	86,363	3,985,309	3.0 %	46.15
ICE - Charleston ⁽⁴⁾	North Charleston, SC	O	2021 / 2027	86,733	3,780,688	2.8 %	43.59
DOT - Lakewood	Lakewood, CO	O	2024	122,225	3,382,692	2.5 %	27.68
USCIS - Lincoln	Lincoln, NE	O	2020	137,671	3,314,921	2.5 %	24.08
FBI - Birmingham	Birmingham, AL	O	2020	96,278	3,220,700	2.4 %	33.45
AOC - El Centro ⁽⁶⁾	El Centro, CA	C/O	2019	46,813	3,095,133	2.3 %	66.12
OSHA - Sandy	Sandy, UT	L	2024 ⁽⁷⁾	75,000	2,979,790	2.2 %	39.73
USFS II - Albuquerque	Albuquerque, NM	O	2026 ⁽⁸⁾	98,720	2,870,004	2.2 %	29.07
ICE - Albuquerque	Albuquerque, NM	O	2027	71,100	2,804,426	2.1 %	39.44
DEA - Vista	Vista, CA	L	2020	54,119	2,777,302	2.1 %	51.32
DEA - Pleasanton	Pleasanton, CA	L	2035	42,480	2,775,692	2.1 %	65.34
USFS I - Albuquerque	Albuquerque, NM	O	2021 ⁽⁸⁾	92,455	2,749,070	2.1 %	29.73
FBI - Richmond	Richmond, VA	O	2021	96,607	2,749,032	2.1 %	28.46
AOC - Del Rio ⁽⁶⁾	Del Rio, TX	C/O	2024	89,880	2,685,251	2.0 %	29.88
DEA - Dallas Lab	Dallas, TX	L	2021	49,723	2,414,114	1.8 %	48.55
FBI - Little Rock	Little Rock, AR	O	2021	101,977	2,206,381	1.7 %	21.64
MEPCOM - Jacksonville	Jacksonville, FL	O	2025	30,000	2,183,945	1.6 %	72.80
CBP - Savannah	Savannah, GA	L	2033	35,000	2,118,784	1.6 %	60.54
FBI - Albany	Albany, NY	O	2018	98,184	2,098,811	1.6 %	21.38
DEA - Santa Ana	Santa Ana, CA	O	2024	39,905	2,077,244	1.6 %	52.05
DOE - Lakewood	Lakewood, CO	O	2029	115,650	2,068,524	1.6 %	17.89
CBP - Chula Vista	Chula Vista, CA	O	2028	59,322	1,804,171	1.4 %	30.41
DEA - Dallas	Dallas, TX	O	2021	71,827	1,785,029	1.3 %	24.85

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NPS - Omaha	Omaha, NE	O	2024	62,772	1,751,754	1.3	%	27.91
ICE - Otay	San Diego, CA	O	2022 / 2026 ⁽⁹⁾	52,881	1,742,757	1.3	%	35.24
VA - Golden	Golden, CO	O/W	2026	56,753	1,686,982	1.3	%	29.72
CBP - Sunburst	Sunburst, MT	O	2028	33,000	1,597,758	1.2	%	48.42
USCG - Martinsburg	Martinsburg, WV	O	2027	59,547	1,582,249	1.2	%	26.57
DEA - Birmingham ⁽¹⁰⁾	Birmingham, AL	O	2020	35,616	1,533,079	1.2	%	43.04
DEA - Otay ⁽¹¹⁾	San Diego, CA	O	2018	32,560	1,490,135	1.1	%	45.77
AOC - Aberdeen ⁽⁶⁾	Aberdeen, MS	C/O	2025	46,979	1,465,665	1.1	%	31.20
DEA - North Highlands	Sacramento, CA	O	2032	37,975	1,435,217	1.1	%	37.79
DEA - Albany	Albany, NY	O	2025	31,976	1,348,050	1.0	%	42.16
DEA - Riverside	Riverside, CA	O	2032	34,354	1,232,259	0.9	%	35.87
AOC - South Bend ⁽⁶⁾	South Bend, IN	C/O	2027	30,119	820,347	0.6	%	27.24
DEA - San Diego	San Diego, CA	W	2032	16,100	531,914	0.4	%	33.04
SSA - Mission Viejo	Mission Viejo, CA	O	2020	11,590	467,297	0.4	%	40.32
SSA - San Diego	San Diego, CA	O	2032	10,856	327,423	0.2	%	32.55
Subtotal				3,551,377	\$131,612,240	99.2	%	\$ 37.10
Privately Leased								
5998 Osceola Court -								
United Technologies	Midland, GA	W/M	2023 ⁽¹²⁾	105,641	544,405	0.4	%	5.15
501 East Hunter Street								
-								
Lummus								
Corporation	Lubbock, TX	W/D	2028 ⁽⁷⁾	70,078	520,918	0.4	%	7.43
Subtotal				175,719	\$1,065,323	0.8	%	\$ 6.06
Total / Weighted								
Average				3,727,096	\$132,677,563	100.0	%	\$ 35.64

(1) OC=Outpatient Clinic; O=Office; C=Courthouse; L=Laboratory; W=Warehouse; D=Distribution; M=Manufacturing.

(2) The year of lease expiration does not include renewal options. All leases with renewal options are noted in the following footnotes to this table.

(3) 168,468 rentable square feet leased to the PTO will expire on March 31, 2019, and 21,403 rentable square feet leased to the PTO will expire on January 7, 2020.

(4) This property is only partially leased to the U.S. Government. We Are Sharing Hope SC (formerly known as LifePoint, Inc.) occupies 21,609 rentable square feet.

(5) 21,609 rentable square feet leased to We Are Sharing Hope SC will expire on September 30, 2021, and 54,872 rentable square feet leased to ICE, 9,198 rentable square feet leased to DEA, and 1,054 rentable square feet leased to U.S. Marshals Service will expire on January 31, 2027.

- (6) A portion of this property is occupied by the U.S. Marshals Service to provide security and otherwise support the mission of the Administrative Office of the Courts. Because of the interrelated nature of the U.S. Marshals Service and the Administrative Office of the Courts, we have not separately addressed occupancy by the U.S. Marshals Service.
- (7) Lease contains two five-year renewal options.
- (8) Lease contains one five-year renewal option.
- (9) 40,485 rentable square feet leased to ICE will expire on November 27, 2022, 7,434 rentable square feet leased to the DOT will expire on June 4, 2022 and 1,538 rentable square feet leased to the Department of Agriculture (DOA) will expire on January 1, 2026.
- (10) The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF) occupies 8,680 rentable square feet.
- (11) ICE occupies 5,813 rentable square feet.
- (12) Lease contains three five-year renewal options.

Certain of our leases are currently in the “soft-term” period of the lease, meaning that the U.S. Government tenant agency has the right to terminate the lease prior to its stated lease end date. We believe that, from the U.S. Government’s perspective, leases with such provisions are helpful for budgetary purposes. While some of our leases are contractually subject to early termination, we do not believe that our tenant agencies are likely to terminate these leases early given the build-to-suit features at the properties subject to the leases, the average age of these properties (approximately 16.2 years as of June 30, 2018), the mission-critical focus of the properties subject to the leases and the current level of operations at such properties.

The following table sets forth a schedule of lease expirations for leases in place as of June 30, 2018.

							Annualized
							Lease
							Income
							per Leased
							Square
							Foot
Year of Lease Expiration ⁽¹⁾	Number of Leases	Square Footage	Percentage of Portfolio Square Footage	Annualized Lease Income	Annualized Lease Income	Percentage of Total Annualized Lease Income	Lease Income per Leased Square Foot
Expiring	Expiring	Expiring	Expiring	Expiring	Expiring	Expiring	Expiring
2018	3	130,744	3.5%	\$3,588,946	2.7%	%	27.45
2019	2	215,281	5.8%	\$8,919,751	6.7%	%	41.43
2020	7	356,677	9.6%	\$12,086,993	9.1%	%	33.89
2021	7	582,782	15.7%	\$17,646,138	13.3%	%	30.28
2022	2	47,919	1.3%	\$1,687,758	1.3%	%	35.22
2023	2	177,620	4.8%	\$4,728,243	3.6%	%	26.62
2024	6	501,978	13.5%	\$17,309,707	13.0%	%	34.48
2025	3	108,955	2.9%	\$4,997,660	3.8%	%	45.87
2026	3	157,011	4.2%	\$4,611,985	3.5%	%	29.37
2027	6	225,890	6.1%	\$8,378,094	6.3%	%	37.09
Thereafter	10	1,218,018	32.6%	\$48,722,288	36.7%	%	40.00
Total / Weighted Average	51	3,722,875	100.0%	\$132,677,563	100.0%	%	\$ 35.64

- (1) The year of lease expirations is pursuant to current contract terms. Some tenants have the right to vacate their space during a specified period, or “soft term,” before the stated terms of their leases expire. As of June 30, 2018, four tenants occupying approximately 6.1% of our rentable square feet and contributing approximately 4.4% of our annualized lease income have exercisable rights to terminate their leases before the stated term of their lease

expires.

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Results of Operations

Comparison of Results of Operations for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

The financial information presented below summarizes the results of operations of the Company for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (amounts in thousands).

	For the three months ended June 30,		
	2018	2017	Change
Revenues			
Rental income	\$32,459	\$27,501	\$4,958
Tenant reimbursements	4,089	2,974	1,115
Other income	424	128	296
Total revenues	36,972	30,603	6,369
Operating Expenses			
Property operating	7,223	5,837	1,386
Real estate taxes	3,845	2,979	866
Depreciation and amortization	14,588	13,272	1,316
Acquisition costs	499	456	43
Corporate general and administrative	3,623	3,142	481
Total expenses	29,778	25,686	4,092
Operating income	7,194	4,917	2,277
Other expenses			
Interest expense	(5,475)	(3,714)	(1,761)
Net income	\$1,719	\$1,203	\$516

Revenues

Total revenue consists primarily of rental income from our properties, tenant reimbursements for real estate taxes and certain other expenses, and project management income.

Total revenue increased by \$6.4 million to \$37.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$30.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase is primarily attributable to an additional \$5.1 million of revenue from the three operating properties acquired since June 30, 2017 as well as a full period of operations from one operating property acquired during the three months ended June 30, 2017 offset by one property disposed of since June 30, 2017. Additionally, there was a \$0.8 million increase in tenant project reimbursements and the associated project management income.

Operating Expenses

Total expenses increased by \$4.1 million to \$29.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$25.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase is attributable to \$3.0 million in property operating expenses, real estate taxes, and depreciation and amortization associated with the three operating properties acquired since June 30, 2017 as well as a full period of operations from one operating property acquired during the three months ended June 30, 2017 offset by one property disposed of since June 30, 2017, as well as a \$0.8 million increase in expenses associated with projects and other services that were fully reimbursed by the tenant and a \$0.5 million increase in employee services. This was offset by a \$0.5 million decrease in depreciation related to the timing of intangible asset amortization.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased \$1.8 million to \$5.5 million for three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$3.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase is primarily due to \$1.1 million associated with interest on the senior unsecured notes and \$1.2 million associated with interest on the mortgage loan secured by VA – Loma Linda, which were both entered into during the three months ended June 30, 2017, offset by a \$0.4 million decrease in interest due to capitalized interest on development properties.

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Comparison of Results of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

The financial information presented below summarizes the results of operations of the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (amounts in thousands).

	For the six months ended June 30,		
	2018	2017	Change
Revenues			
Rental income	\$64,748	\$53,521	\$11,227
Tenant reimbursements	7,572	6,602	970
Other income	626	367	259
Total revenues	72,946	60,490	12,456
Operating Expenses			
Property operating	13,783	12,186	1,597
Real estate taxes	7,545	5,714	1,831
Depreciation and amortization	29,222	26,141	3,081
Acquisition costs	723	988	(265)
Corporate general and administrative	7,082	6,586	496
Total expenses	58,355	51,615	6,740
Operating income	14,591	8,875	5,716
Other (expenses) / income			
Interest expense	(11,057)	(6,131)	(4,926)
Net income (loss)	\$3,534	\$2,744	\$790

Revenues

Total revenue consists primarily of rental income from our properties, tenant reimbursements for real estate taxes and certain other expenses, and project management income.

Total revenue increased by \$12.5 million to \$72.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$60.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase is primarily attributable to an additional \$11.7 million of revenue from the three operating properties acquired since June 30, 2017 as well as a full period of operations from the two operating properties acquired during the six months ended June 30, 2017 offset by one property disposed of since June 30, 2017.

Operating Expenses

Total expenses increased by \$6.7 million to \$58.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$51.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase is attributable to \$7.0 million in property operating expenses, real estate taxes, and depreciation and amortization associated with the three operating properties acquired since June 30, 2017 as well as a full period of operations from the two operating properties acquired during the six months ended June 30, 2017 offset by one property disposed of since June 30, 2017. Additionally, there was a \$0.2 million increase in expenses associated with projects and other services that were fully reimbursed by the tenant and a \$0.3 million increase in employee services. This was offset by a \$1.0 million decrease in depreciation related to the timing of intangible asset amortization.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased \$4.9 million to \$11.1 million for six months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$6.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase is primarily due to \$2.9 million associated with interest on the senior unsecured notes, \$0.7 million attributable to interest on our 2016 term loan facility and \$2.4 million associated with interest on the mortgage loan secured by VA – Loma Linda, which were all drawn during the six months ended June 30, 2017. This is offset by a \$0.6 million decrease in interest due to capitalized interest on development properties and a \$0.5 million decrease in interest on the revolving credit facility due to a decrease in the weighted average borrowings from \$200.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017 to \$99.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 offset by an increase in weighted average interest rate from of 2.3% during the six months ended June 30, 2017 to 3.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2018.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We anticipate that our cash flows from the sources listed below will provide adequate capital for the next 12 months for all anticipated uses, including all scheduled principal and interest payments on our outstanding indebtedness, current and anticipated tenant improvements, stockholder distributions to maintain our qualification as a REIT and other capital obligations associated with conducting our business. At June 30, 2018, we had \$147.5 million available in cash and cash equivalents, there was \$450.0 million available under our revolving credit facility (as defined below), and there was \$150.0 million undrawn under our 2018 term loan facility (as defined below).

Our primary expected sources of capital are as follows:

- cash and cash equivalents;
- operating cash flow;
- available borrowings under our revolving credit facility and our 2018 term loan facility;
- secured loans collateralized by individual properties;
- issuance of long-term debt;
- issuance of equity, including under our ATM program (as described below); and
- asset sales.

Our short-term liquidity requirements consist primarily of funds to pay for the following:

- development and redevelopment activities, including major redevelopment, renovation or expansion programs at individual properties;
- property acquisitions under contract, including the Acquisition Portfolio properties;
- tenant improvements allowances and leasing costs;
- recurring maintenance capital expenditures;
- debt repayment requirements;
- corporate and administrative costs;
- interest swap payments; and
- distribution payments.

Our long-term liquidity needs, in addition to recurring short-term liquidity needs as discussed above, consist primarily of funds necessary to pay for acquisitions, non-recurring capital expenditures, and scheduled debt maturities.

Although we may be able to anticipate and plan for certain of our liquidity needs, unexpected increases in uses of cash that are beyond our control and which affect our financial condition and results of operations may arise, or our sources of liquidity may be fewer than, and the funds available from such sources may be less than, anticipated or required. As of the date of this filing, there were no known commitments or events that would have a material impact on our liquidity.

Equity

Shelf Registration Statement on Form S-3

On March 16, 2018, we filed an automatic universal shelf registration statement on Form S-3 with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, which was deemed automatically effective and which provides for the registration of unspecified amounts of securities. However, there can be no assurance that we will be able to complete any such offerings of securities in the future.

Underwritten Public Offering of Common Stock

On June 21, 2018, we completed an underwritten public offering of an aggregate of 20,700,000 shares of our common stock, consisting of (i) 13,700,000 shares sold by us to the underwriters (including 2,700,000 shares pursuant to the underwriters' exercise of their option to purchase additional shares) and (ii) 7,000,000 shares offered and sold on a

forward basis in connection with forward sales agreements entered into with certain financial institutions, acting as forward purchasers. We received approximately \$252.9 million in net proceeds from the sale of shares offered by us in the offering, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and our offering expenses. Subject to the Company's right to elect cash or net share settlement, we expect to physically settle the forward sales agreements no later than December 21, 2018. Assuming the forward sales agreements are physically settled in full, we expect to receive an additional \$129.3 million of net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and estimated offering expenses.

ATM Program

On March 3, 2017, we entered into equity distribution agreements with each of Citigroup Global Markets Inc., BTIG, LLC, Jefferies LLC, Raymond James & Associates, Inc., RBC Capital Markets, LLC and SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc., whom we refer to collectively as, the managers, pursuant to which we may issue and sell the shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$100.0 million from time to time through the managers, acting as sales agents and/or principals, which we refer to as our ATM program. The sales of shares of our common stock, under the equity distribution agreements may be made in negotiated transactions or transactions that are deemed to be “at the market” offerings as defined in Rule 415 under the Securities Act.

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to our ATM program as of June 30, 2018 (amounts in thousands, except share amounts):

	Number of Shares Sold	Net Proceeds
For the year ended December 31, 2017	1,569,514	\$ 33,263
For the three months ended March 31, 2018	671,666	13,532
For the three months ended June 30, 2018	1,010,371	20,208
	3,251,551	\$ 67,003

We have used the proceeds from such sales for general corporate purposes. As of June 30, 2018, we had approximately \$32.3 million of gross sales of our common stock available under on our ATM program.

Debt

Amended and Restated Credit Facility

On June 18, 2018, we entered into an amended and restated senior unsecured credit facility, which we refer to as our amended senior unsecured credit facility. Our amended senior unsecured credit facility increased the total borrowing capacity of our existing senior unsecured credit facility by \$200.0 million for a total credit facility size of \$600.0 million, consisting of two components: (i) a \$450.0 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility, which we refer to as the revolving credit facility, and (ii) a \$150.0 million senior unsecured term loan facility, which we refer to as the 2018 term loan facility. The revolving credit facility also includes an accordion feature that will provide us with additional capacity, subject to the satisfaction of customary terms and conditions, of up to \$250.0 million.

Our operating partnership is the borrower, and we and certain of our subsidiaries that directly own certain of our properties are guarantors under our amended senior unsecured credit facility. The revolving credit facility matures in four years and the 2018 term loan facility matures in five years. In addition, the revolving credit facility has two six-month as-of-right extension options subject to certain conditions and the payment of an extension fee.

Our amended senior unsecured credit facility bears interest, at our option, either at:

- Eurodollar rate equal to a periodic fixed rate equal to LIBOR plus, a margin ranging from 1.25% to 1.80% for advances under the revolving credit facility and a margin ranging from 1.20% to 1.75% for advances under the 2018 term loan facility; or
- fluctuating rate equal to the sum of (a) the highest of (x) Citibank, N.A.’s base rate, (y) the federal funds effective rate plus 0.50% and (z) the one-month Eurodollar rate plus 1.00% plus (b) a margin ranging from 0.25% to 0.80% for advances under the revolving credit facility and a margin ranging from 0.20% to 0.75% for advances under the 2018 term loan facility, in each case with a margin based on our leverage ratio.

The 2018 term loan facility has a 364-day delayed draw period and is prepayable without penalty for the entire term of the loan. As of June 30, 2018, we had not drawn any funds under our 2018 term loan facility.

Amendments to Term Loan Facility

In addition, on June 18, 2018, we entered into a second amendment to our existing \$100 million senior unsecured term loan facility, which we refer to as the 2016 term loan facility. The second amendment amends certain covenants and other provisions in the 2016 term loan facility to conform to changes made to such covenants and other provisions in our amended senior unsecured credit facility.

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Indebtedness Outstanding

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to our outstanding indebtedness as of June 30, 2018 (amounts in thousands):

Loan	Principal Outstanding June 30, 2018	Interest Rate ⁽¹⁾	Current Maturity
Revolving credit facility:			
Revolving credit facility ⁽²⁾	\$ —	L + 130bps	June 2022 ⁽³⁾
Total revolving credit facility	—		
Term loan facilities:			
2016 term loan facility	100,000	3.17% ⁽⁴⁾	September 2023
2018 term loan facility	—	L + 125bps	June 2023
Total term loan facility	100,000		
Less: Total unamortized deferred financing fees	(729)		
Total term loan facilities, net	99,271		
Notes payable:			
Senior unsecured notes payable, series A	95,000	4.05%	May 2027
Senior unsecured notes payable, series B	50,000	4.15%	May 2029
Senior unsecured notes payable, series C	30,000	4.30%	May 2032
Total notes payable	175,000		
Less: Total unamortized deferred financing fees	(1,273)		
Total notes payable, net	173,727		
Mortgage notes payable:			
CBP - Savannah	13,856	3.40% ⁽⁵⁾	July 2033
ICE - Charleston	19,227	4.21% ⁽⁵⁾	January 2027
MEPCOM - Jacksonville	10,349	4.41% ⁽⁵⁾	October 2025
USFS II - Albuquerque	16,739	4.46% ⁽⁵⁾	July 2026
DEA - Pleasanton	15,700	L + 150bps ⁽⁵⁾	October 2023
VA - Loma Linda	127,500	3.59% ⁽⁵⁾	July 2027
VA - Golden	9,404	5.00% ⁽⁵⁾	April 2024
Total mortgage notes payable	212,775		
Less: Total unamortized deferred financing fees	(1,930)		

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Less: Total unamortized premium/discount	319
Total mortgage notes payable, net	211,164

Total debt	\$ 484,162
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- (1) At June 30, 2018, the one-month LIBOR (“L”) was 2.09%. The current interest rate is not adjusted to include the amortization of deferred financing fees or debt issuance costs incurred in obtaining debt or any unamortized fair market value premiums. The spread over the applicable rate for the Company’s senior unsecured revolving credit facility and senior unsecured term loan facility is based on the Company’s consolidated leverage ratio, as defined in the respective loan agreements.
- (2) Available capacity of \$450.0 million at June 30, 2018 with an accordion feature that provides additional capacity of up to \$250.0 million, for a total facility size of not more than \$700.0 million.
- (3) Our revolving credit facility has two six-month as-of-right extension options subject to certain conditions and the payment of an extension fee.
- (4) The interest rate is calculated based on two interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional value of \$100.0 million, which effectively fix the interest rate at 3.17% annually, based on the Company’s consolidated leverage ratio, as defined in the 2016 term loan facility agreement.
- (5) Effective interest rates are as follows: CBP - Savannah 4.12%, ICE - Charleston 3.93%, MEPCOM - Jacksonville 3.89%, USFS II - Albuquerque 3.92%, DEA - Pleasanton 1.8%, VA – Loma Linda 3.78%, VA – Golden 5.03%.

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Our unsecured credit facility, unsecured term loans, unsecured notes, and mortgage notes payable are subject to ongoing compliance with a number of financial and other covenants. As of June 30, 2018, we were in compliance with the applicable financial covenants.

The chart below details our debt capital structure as of June 30, 2018 (amounts in thousands):

Debt Capital Structure	June 30, 2018
Total principal outstanding	\$487,775
Weighted average maturity	8.8 years
Weighted average interest rate	3.8 %
% Variable debt	3.2 %
% Fixed debt ⁽¹⁾	96.8 %
% Secured debt	43.6 %

(1) Our 2016 term loan facility is swapped to be fixed and as such is included as fixed rate debt in the table above.

Dividend Policy

In order to qualify as a REIT, we are required to distribute to our stockholders, on an annual basis, at least 90% of our REIT taxable income, determined without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gains. We anticipate distributing all of our taxable income. We expect to make quarterly distributions to our stockholders in a manner intended to satisfy this requirement. Prior to making any distributions for U.S. federal tax purposes or otherwise, we must first satisfy our operating and debt service obligations. It is possible that it would be necessary to utilize cash reserves, liquidate assets at unfavorable prices or incur additional indebtedness in order to make required distributions. It is also possible that our board of directors could decide to make required distributions in part by using shares of our common stock.

A summary of dividends declared by the board of directors per share of common stock and per common unit of our operating partnership at the date of record is as follows:

Quarter	Declaration Date	Record Date	Pay Date	Dividend ⁽¹⁾
Q1 2018	May 3, 2018	June 11, 2018	June 28, 2018	\$ 0.26
Q2 2018	August 1, 2018	September 13, 2018	September 27, 2018	\$ 0.26

(1) Prior to the end of the performance period as set forth in the applicable LTIP unit award, holders of LTIP units are entitled to receive dividends per LTIP unit equal to 10% of the dividend paid per common unit. After the end of the performance period, the number of LTIP units, both vested and unvested, that LTIP award recipients have earned, if any, are entitled to receive dividends in an amount per LTIP unit equal to dividends, both regular and special, payable per common unit.

Off-balance Sheet Arrangements

We had no material off-balance sheet arrangements as of June 30, 2018.

Inflation

Substantially all of our leases provide for operating expense escalations. We believe inflationary increases in expenses may be at least partially offset by the operating expenses that are passed through to our tenants and by contractual rent increases. We do not believe inflation has had a material impact on our historical financial position or results of operations.

Cash Flows

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The following table sets forth a summary of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (amounts in thousands):

	For the six months ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Net cash (used in) provided by:		
Operating activities	\$28,614	\$24,544
Investing activities	(44,126)	(254,304)
Financing activities	153,146	232,933

Operating Activities

The Company generated \$28.6 million and \$24.5 million of cash from operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2018 includes \$27.3 million in net cash from rental activities net of expenses and \$1.4 million related to the change in rents receivable, accounts receivable, prepaid and other assets, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2017 includes \$26.1 million in net cash from rental activities net of expenses offset by \$1.5 million related to the change in rents receivable, accounts receivable, prepaid and other assets, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Investing Activities

The Company used \$44.1 million and \$254.3 million in cash for investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2018 includes \$5.5 million in real estate acquisitions related to the purchase of VA – Golden, \$21.1 million in additions to development properties, \$2.4 million in additions to operating properties and a \$15.0 million increase in deposits on acquisitions. Net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2017 includes \$253.7 million in real estate acquisitions related to the purchase of OSHA – Sandy, VA – Loma Linda and FDA – Lenexa.

Financing Activities

The Company generated \$153.1 million and \$232.9 million in cash from financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Net cash generated by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2018 includes \$297.8 million in gross proceeds from our underwritten public offering and ATM program and \$19.0 million in draws under our revolving credit facility, offset by \$118.8 million in net pay downs under our revolving credit facility, \$29.2 million in dividends, \$11.1 million in payment of offering costs, \$3.1 million in payment of deferred financing costs and \$1.6 million in mortgage notes payable repayment. Net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2017 includes \$100.0 million in draws under our 2016 term loan facility, \$175.0 million in proceeds from the issuance of senior unsecured notes, \$127.5 million in mortgage notes payable and \$1.9 million in gross proceeds from our ATM program, offset by \$144.2 million in net pay downs under our revolving credit facility, \$22.6 million in dividends, \$3.2 million in payment of deferred financing costs and \$1.5 million in mortgage notes payable repayment.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We use and present funds from operations, or FFO, and FFO, as Adjusted as supplemental measures of our performance. The summary below describes our use of FFO and FFO, as Adjusted, provides information regarding why we believe these measures are meaningful supplemental measures of our performance and reconciles these measures from net income (loss), presented in accordance with GAAP.

Funds From Operations and Funds From Operations, as Adjusted

Funds From Operations, or FFO, is a supplemental measure of our performance. We present FFO calculated in accordance with the current National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, or NAREIT, definition. In addition, we present FFO, as Adjusted for certain other adjustments that we believe enhance the comparability of our FFO across periods and to the FFO reported by other publicly traded REITs. FFO is a supplemental performance measure that is commonly used in the real estate industry to assist investors and analysts in comparing results of REITs.

FFO is defined by NAREIT as net income (loss), calculated in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains or losses from sales of property and impairment losses on depreciable real estate, plus real estate depreciation and amortization, and

after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. We present FFO because we consider it an important supplemental measure of our operating performance, and we believe it is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of REITs, many of which present FFO when reporting results.

We adjust FFO to present FFO, as Adjusted as an alternative measure of our operating performance, which, when applicable, excludes the impact of acquisition costs, straight-line rent, above-/below-market leases, non-cash interest expense, non-cash compensation and other non-cash items including amortization of lease inducements. By excluding these income and expense items from FFO, as Adjusted, we believe we provide useful information as these items have no cash impact. In addition, by excluding acquisition related costs we believe FFO, as Adjusted provides useful information that is comparable across periods and more accurately reflects the operating performance of our properties.

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FFO and FFO, as Adjusted are presented as supplemental financial measures and do not fully represent our operating performance. Other REITs may use different methodologies for calculating FFO and FFO, as Adjusted or use other definitions of FFO and FFO, as Adjusted and, accordingly, our presentation of these measures may not be comparable to other REITs. Neither FFO nor FFO, as Adjusted is intended to be a measure of cash flow or liquidity. Please refer to our financial statements, prepared in accordance with GAAP, for purposes of evaluating our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of our net income to FFO and FFO, as Adjusted for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (amounts in thousands):

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net income	\$1,719	\$1,203	\$3,534	\$2,744
Depreciation and amortization	14,588	13,272	29,222	26,141
Funds From Operations	16,307	14,475	32,756	28,885
Adjustments to FFO:				
Acquisition costs	499	456	723	988
Straight-line rent and amortization of				
lease inducements	(1,253)	(350)	(3,047)	(493)
Above-/below-market leases	(2,239)	(2,106)	(4,518)	(4,218)
Non-cash interest expense	299	244	563	474
Non-cash compensation	712	740	1,576	1,467
Funds from Operations, as Adjusted	\$14,325	\$13,459	\$28,053	\$27,103

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss from adverse changes in market prices and interest rates. Our future earnings, cash flows and fair values relevant to financial instruments are dependent upon prevailing market interest rates. Our primary market risk results from our indebtedness, which bears interest at both fixed and variable rates. We manage and may continue to manage our market risk on variable rate debt by entering into swap arrangements to, in effect, fix the rate on all or a portion of the debt for varying periods up to maturity. This in turn, reduces the risks of variability of cash flows created by variable rate debt and mitigates the risk of increases in interest rates. Our objective when undertaking such arrangements is to reduce our floating rate exposure and we do not intend to enter into hedging arrangements for speculative purposes.

As of June 30, 2018, \$472.1 million, or 96.8% of our debt, excluding unamortized premiums and discounts, had fixed interest rates and \$15.7 million, or 3.2% had variable interest rates. If market rates of interest on our variable rate debt fluctuate by 25 basis points, interest expense would increase or decrease, depending on rate movement, future earnings and cash flows, by less than \$0.1 million annually.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation required by the Exchange Act, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15 of the Exchange Act, as of June 30, 2018. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2018, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and to provide reasonable assurance that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2018 that have materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II

Item 1. Legal
Proceedings

We are not currently involved in any material litigation nor, to our knowledge, is any material litigation currently threatened against us.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds
None

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities
Not applicable

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures
Not applicable

Item 5. Other Information
None

Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are included, or incorporated by reference, in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

Exhibit Exhibit Description

- 3.1 Amended and Restated Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Easterly Government Properties, Inc. (previously filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Amendment No. 2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 on January 30, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference)
- 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Easterly Government Properties, Inc. (previously filed as Exhibit 3.2 to Amendment No. 2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 on January 30, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference)
- 4.1 Specimen Certificate of Common Stock of Easterly Government Properties, Inc. (previously filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Amendment No. 2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 on January 30, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference)
- 10.1* Purchase and Sale Agreement and Escrow Instructions, dated June 15, 2018, by and among Easterly Government Properties LP and the Sellers identified therein.
- 31.1* Certification of Chief Executive Officer Required by Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
- 31.2* Certification of Chief Financial Officer Required by Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
- 32.1** Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Required by Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
- 101* The following materials from Easterly Government Properties, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for six months ended June 30, 2018 formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Equity, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (v) the related notes to these consolidated financial statements

* Filed herewith

** Furnished herewith

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Easterly Government Properties, Inc.

Date: August 7, 2018

/s/ William C. Trimble, III
William C. Trimble, III
Chief Executive Officer and President

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 7, 2018

/s/ Meghan G. Baivier
Meghan G. Baivier
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)