TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES INC Form 10-Q

August 04, 2006

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549
FORM 10-0

	WASHINGTON, D. C		
(Mark One)	FORM 10-Ç	2	
[x] QUARTERLY REPORT PURS ACT OF 1934	UANT TO SECTION 13 C	OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EX	CHANGE
For the quarterly period	ended:	June 30, 2006	
	OR		
[] TRANSITION REPORT : EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	PURSUANT TO SECTION	13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIE	S
For the transition period	from	То	
Commission file number		1-10254	
	[TSYS LOGO OMIT Total System Servi www.tsys.co	ices, Inc.	
(Exact name Georgia	of registrant as spe	ecified in its charter) 58-1493818	
(State or other jurisdic incorporation or organi		(I.R.S. Employer Identificatio	n No.)
1600 First Avenue	, Post Office Box 17	755, Columbus, Georgia 31902	
(Address of principal ex	ecutive offices)	(Zip	Code)
	(706) 649-22	262	
(Registrant	's telephone number,	including area code)	
(Former name, forme	r address and former last report	fiscal year, if changed sinc	е
to be filed by Sections during the preceding 12 m	13 or 15(d) of the onths (or for such s ch reports), and ((1) has filed all reports re e Securities Exchange Act o shorter period that the regi (2) has been subject to such Yes [X] No	f 1934 strant filing
	non-accelerated fi	t is a large accelerated fil ller. See definition of "accel 2b-2 of the Exchange Act.	

Large accelerated filer [] Accelerated filer [X] Non-accelerated filer []

Indicate by check mark whether the $\mbox{registrant}$ is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes [] No [X]

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

CLASS OUTSTANDING AS OF: August 4, 2006

Common Stock, \$0.10 par value

196,612,906 shares

[TSYS LOGO OMITTED] TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC. INDEX

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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Part I - Financial Information

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share information)		2006
Assets Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (includes \$192.8 million and \$152.6 million on deposit with a related party at 2006 and 2005, respectively) Restricted cash (includes \$5.8 million and \$4.1 million on deposit with a related party at 2006 and 2005, respectively) Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts and billing	\$	
adjustments of \$12.7 million and \$12.6 million at 2006 and 2005, respectively (includes \$0.6 million and \$0.1 million due from a related party at 2006 and 2005, respectively) Deferred income tax assets Prepaid expenses and other current assets		
Total current assets		
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$206.9 million and \$188.1 million at 2006 and 2005, respectively Computer software, net of accumulated amortization of \$357.7 million and \$317.1 million at 2006 and 2005, respectively		
Contract acquisition costs, net Goodwill, net		
Equity investments Other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$7.0 million and		
\$5.4 million at 2006 and 2005, respectively		
Other assets		
Total assets	\$ ===:	1 ======
See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.		
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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (continued)		
(Unaudited)		
		 June 3
(in thousands, except per share information)		2006
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable (includes \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million payable to related		
parties at 2006 and 2005, respectively) Accrued salaries and employee benefits	\$	
Accrued salaries and employee benefits Current portion of obligations under capital leases		
Other current liabilities (includes \$11.3 million and \$9.9 million payable to		

June 3

related parties at 2006 and 2005, respectively)	
Total current liabilities Obligations under capital leases, excluding current portion Deferred income tax liabilities Other long-term liabilities	
Total liabilities	
Minority interests in consolidated subsidiary	
Shareholders' equity:	
Common stock - \$0.10 par value. Authorized 600,000 shares; 198,126 and 197,975 issued at 2006 and 2005, respectively; 197,434 and 197,283 outstanding at 2006 and 2005, respectively Additional paid-in capital Accumulated other comprehensive income Treasury stock (692 shares at 2006 and 2005) Retained earnings	
Total shareholders' equity	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$
- 4 - TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)	
(in thousands, except per share information)	
Revenues: Electronic payment processing services (includes \$1.2 million and \$1.2 million from related parties for 2006 and 2005, respectively)	\$
Merchant services Other services (includes \$2.2 million and \$1.6 million from related parties for 2006 and 2005, respectively)	
Revenues before reimbursable items Reimbursable items (includes \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million from related parties for 2006 and 2005, respectively)	
Total revenues	
Expenses: Salaries and other personnel expense	

Net occupancy and equipment expense

Other operating expenses (includes \$2.6 million and \$2.2 million to

related parties for 2006 and 2005, respectively) Expenses before reimbursable items Reimbursable items Total expenses Operating income Nonoperating income (expense): Interest income (includes \$1.8 million and \$0.3 million from related parties for 2006 and 2005, respectively) Interest expense Loss on foreign currency, net Total nonoperating income Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of equity investments Income taxes Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries' net income Equity in income of equity investments Net income Basic earnings per share _____ Diluted earnings per share _____ Weighted average common shares outstanding Increase due to assumed issuance of shares related to common equivalent shares Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding _____ See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. - 5 -TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited) ______ (in thousands, except per share information) _____

Electronic payment processing services (includes \$2.5 million and

\$2.4 million from related parties for 2006 and 2005, respectively)

Merchant services (includes \$2.4 million from related parties for 2005)

\$

Other services (includes \$3.8 million and \$3.3 million from related parties for 2006 and 2005, respectively) Revenues before reimbursable items Reimbursable items (includes \$0.9 million and \$2.2 million from related parties for 2006 and 2005, respectively) Total revenues Expenses: Salaries and other personnel expense Net occupancy and equipment expense Other operating expenses (includes \$5.2 million and \$4.2 million to related parties for 2006 and 2005, respectively) Expenses before reimbursable items Reimbursable items Total expenses Operating income Nonoperating income (expense): Interest income (includes \$3.2 million and \$0.8 million from related parties for 2006 and 2005, respectively) Interest expense Loss on foreign currency, net Total nonoperating income Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of equity investments Income taxes Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries' net income Equity in income of equity investments Net income Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share Weighted average common shares outstanding Increase due to assumed issuance of shares related to common equivalent shares Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

(in thousands) ______ Cash flows from operating activities: \$ Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries' net income Loss on foreign currency, net Equity in income of equity investments Depreciation and amortization Share-based compensation Impairment of developed software Provisions for bad debt expenses and billing adjustments Charges for transaction processing provisions Deferred income tax (benefit) expense Loss on disposal of equipment, net (Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses and other assets Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued salaries and employee benefits Other liabilities Net cash provided by operating activities Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of property and equipment, net Additions to licensed computer software from vendors Additions to internally developed computer software Cash acquired in acquisitions Cash used in acquisitions Dividends received from equity investments Additions to contract acquisition costs Net cash used in investing activities See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. - 7 -TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued) (Unaudited) (in thousands)

Cash flows from financing activities:

Dividends paid on common stock (includes \$19.2 million and \$12.8 million paid to related parties during 2006 and 2005, respectively)

Principal payments on long-term debt borrowings and capital lease obligations

Proceeds from borrowings of long-term debt Proceeds from exercise of stock options

Net cash used in financing activities

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period

Cash paid for interest

Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC. Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Total System Services, Inc.[registered trademark] (TSYS [registered trademark] or the Company) include the accounts of TSYS and its wholly owned subsidiaries and TSYS' majority owned foreign subsidiary. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. In addition, the Company evaluates its relationship with other entities to identify whether they are variable interest entities as defined by the Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB's) Interpretation No. 46(R) (FIN No. 46R), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities," and to assess whether it is the primary beneficiary of such entities. If the determination is made that the Company is the primary beneficiary, then that entity is included in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with FIN No. 46R.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and do not include all information and footnotes necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management of the Company to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. These estimates and assumptions are developed based upon all information available. Actual results could differ from estimated amounts. All adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and results of operations for the periods covered by this report have been included.

\$ -----\$

\$

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's summary of significant accounting policies, consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing in the Company's 2005 annual report previously filed on Form 10-K. Results of interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the year.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2005 financial statements to conform to the presentation adopted in 2006.

Note 2 - Supplementary Balance Sheet Information

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent balances are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	Ju	ne 30,
Cash and cash equivalents in domestic accounts Cash and cash equivalents in foreign accounts	\$	252 42
Total	\$ 	295

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Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The Company maintains accounts outside the United States denominated in U.S. dollars, Euros, British Pounds Sterling (BPS), Canadian dollars, Japanese Yen, Chinese Renminbi and Brazilian Real. All amounts in domestic accounts are denominated in U.S. dollars.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Significant components of prepaid expenses and other current assets are summarized as follows:

Jun	e 30,
\$	1
	2
\$	4
	Jun \$ \$

Contract Acquisition Costs, net

Significant components of contract acquisition costs, net of accumulated amortization, are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)	June 30,

Payments for processing rights, net Conversion costs, net	\$ 11
Total	\$ 16

Amortization related to payments for processing rights, which is recorded as a reduction of revenues, was \$7.2 million and \$3.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, amortization related to payments for processing rights was \$13.8 million and \$7.1 million, respectively.

Amortization expense related to conversion costs was \$4.5 million and \$3.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, amortization related to conversion costs was \$9.4 million and \$6.0 million, respectively.

The increase in the amortization of contract acquisition costs is the result of the acceleration of amortization costs related to client's portfolios scheduled to deconvert in 2006 and the consolidation of the financial results of TSYS Acquiring Solutions, L.L.C. (TSYS Acquiring).

Other Current Liabilities

Significant components of other current liabilities are summarized as follows:

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Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

June 30, 2
\$ 41 ,
37,
14,
14,
13,
6,
6,
 23,
\$ 158,
\$

Note 3 - Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income for TSYS consists of net income and foreign currency translation adjustments recorded as a component of shareholders' equity.

Comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30 is as follows:

(in thousands)

Net income	\$ 57,406	50
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Foreign currency translation		
adjustments, net of tax	4,295	(2
Total	\$ 61,701	47
	=========	

The income tax effects allocated to and the cumulative balance of accumulated other comprehensive income are as follows:

(in thousands)

Balance at

December 31, 2005

Foreign currency translation adjustments

\$5,685 ===========

Note 4 - Segment Reporting and Major Customers

The Company reports selected information about operating segments in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 131 (SFAS No. 131), "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information." The Company's segment information reflects the information that the chief operating decision maker (CODM) uses to make resource allocations and strategic decisions. The CODM at TSYS consists of the chairman of the board and chief executive officer, the president and the three senior executive vice presidents.

In April 2006, TSYS renamed Vital Processing Services, L.L.C. as TSYS Acquiring.

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Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Through online accounting and electronic payment processing systems, TSYS provides electronic payment processing and other services to card-issuing institutions in the United States, Mexico, Canada, Honduras, Europe and Puerto Rico. The Company has three reportable segments: domestic-based support services, international-based support services and merchant processing services.

Effective January 1, 2006, Golden Retriever Systems L.L.C. became a wholly owned subsidiary of Enhancement Services Corporation (ESC). Also effective January 1, 2006, Merlin Solutions, L.L.C. became a wholly owned subsidiary of TSYS. Both entities were previously wholly owned subsidiaries of TSYS Acquiring and were reported under the merchant processing services segment. Effective January 1, 2006, the financial results of the two entities are included in the domestic-based support services segment. The results for previous periods have been reclassified to reflect these changes.

On March 1, 2005, TSYS acquired the remaining 50% equity stake that Visa U.S.A. held in TSYS Acquiring. As a result of the acquisition, the Company revised its segment information to reflect the information that the CODM uses to make resource allocations and strategic decisions. The revision included adding a new segment, merchant processing services, to include the financial information of TSYS Acquiring.

Domestic-based support services include electronic payment processing services and other services provided from within the United States. Domestic-based support services segment includes the financial results of TSYS, excluding its foreign branch offices, and including the following subsidiaries: Columbus Depot Equipment Company (CDEC), Columbus Productions, Inc. (CPI), TSYS Canada, Inc. (TSYS Canada), TSYS Total Debt Management, Inc. (TDM), ProCard, Inc. (ProCard), TSYS Technology Center, Inc. (TTC), TSYS Prepaid, Inc. (TPI), Merlin Solutions, L.L.C. (Merlin) and ESC and its wholly owned subsidiary, Golden Retriever Systems, L.L.C.

International-based support services include electronic payment processing and other services provided from outside the United States. International-based support services include the financial results of GP Network Corporation (GP Net), TSYS Japan Co., Ltd. (TSYS Japan), TSYS Servicos De Transacoes Eletronicas Ltda. (TSYS Brazil), TSYS Europe (Netherlands) B.V., TSYS Europe (Spain) S.L. and TSYS' branch offices in Europe, Japan and China. TSYS' share of the equity earnings of its equity investments, Total System Services de Mexico, S.A. de C.V. (TSYS de Mexico) and China UnionPay Data Co., Ltd. (CUP Data), are included in international-based support services because TSYS de Mexico's and CUP Data's operations and client bases are located outside the United States.

Merchant processing services include the financial results of TSYS Acquiring. For periods prior to the acquisition, TSYS has reclassified TSYS' share of its equity earnings of TSYS Acquiring from domestic-based support services to merchant processing services.

(in thousands) Operating Segments	Domestic- based support services	Inter ba sup ser
At June 30, 2006		
Identifiable assets Intersegment eliminations	\$ 1,361,896 (341,199	
Total assets	\$ 1,020,697	 18 = ===

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(in thousands) Operating Segments	Domestic- based support services	Inter ba sup ser
At December 31, 2005		
Identifiable assets Intersegment eliminations	\$ 1,320,552 (318,475)	17
Total assets	\$ 1,002,077 ========	17 = ==

evenues before reimbursables ntersegment revenues	\$ 253,313 (4,778)
Revenues before reimbursables from external customers	\$ 248,535
Segment total revenues Intersegment revenues	\$ 325,105 (6,969)
Revenues from external customers	\$ 318,136
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 31,692 =======
Intersegment expenses	\$ 6,591 ========
Segment operating income	\$ 66,780 ========
Encome before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of equity investments	\$ 70,001 =======
Income taxes	\$ 23,443 ========
Equity in income of equity investments	\$ - =======
Net income	\$ 46,712 ========
'ntengerment verrenies	(3,812)
ncersegment revenues	
Revenues before reimbursables from external customers	\$ 237,306
Revenues before reimbursables from external customers segment total revenues	\$ 237,306 ========== \$ 306,835 (6,241)
Revenues before reimbursables from external customers segment total revenues intersegment revenues	\$ 237,306 ====================================
Revenues before reimbursables from external customers Segment total revenues Entersegment revenues Revenues from external customers	\$ 237,306 ====================================
Revenues before reimbursables from external customers Segment total revenues Entersegment revenues Revenues from external customers Depreciation and amortization	\$ 237,306 ====================================
Revenues before reimbursables from external customers Segment total revenues Entersegment revenues Revenues from external customers Depreciation and amortization Entersegment expenses	\$ 237,306 ====================================
Revenues before reimbursables from external customers Segment total revenues Intersegment revenues Revenues from external customers Depreciation and amortization Intersegment expenses Segment operating income Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of equity investments	\$ 237,306 ====================================
Revenues before reimbursables from external customers Segment total revenues Intersegment revenues Revenues from external customers Depreciation and amortization Intersegment expenses Segment operating income Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of	\$ 237,306 ====================================
Revenues before reimbursables from external customers Segment total revenues Entersegment revenues Revenues from external customers Depreciation and amortization Entersegment expenses Segment operating income Encome before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of equity investments	\$ 237,306 ====================================

Revenues before reimbursables Intersegment revenues	\$ 497,756 (9,212)
Revenues before reimbursables from external customers	\$ 488,544
Segment total revenues Intersegment revenues	\$ 637,935 \$ (14,055)
Revenues from external customers	\$ 623,880 =======

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(in thousands) Operating Segments	Domestic- based support services	_
Six months ended June 30, 2006		
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 63,603 ======	
Intersegment expenses	\$ 15,282 ========	(1
Segment operating income	\$ 127,745 =======	
<pre>Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of equity investments</pre>	\$ 133,481	
Income taxes	\$ 43,914	
Equity in income of equity investments	======================================	
Net income	\$ 89,531 =======	
Six months ended June 30, 2005		
Revenues before reimbursables Intersegment revenues	\$ 471,131 (5,095)	6
Revenues before reimbursables from external customers	\$ 466,036	6
Segment total revenues Intersegment revenues	\$ 597,852 (8,224)	7
Revenues from external customers	\$ 589 , 628	7
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 55,143	
Intersegment expenses	\$ 19,234	(1
Segment operating income	\$ 123,909 =======	

Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in income of			
equity investments	\$	126,125	
	===		==
Income taxes	\$	42,628	
	==	=======	==
Equity in income of equity investments	\$	_	
	==	=======	==
Net income	\$	82,831	
	===		==

Revenues for domestic-based support services and merchant processing services include electronic payment processing and other services provided from the United States to clients domiciled in the United States or other countries. Revenues for international-based support services include electronic payment processing and other services provided from facilities outside the United States to clients based predominantly outside the United States.

The following geographic data presents revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, based on the domicile of the Company's customers.

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Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

	Three months er June 30,
(in millions)	2006 2
United States	\$ 360.3
Europe	36.2
Canada	24.0
Japan	4.5
Mexico	2.9
Other	1.3
Totals	\$ 429.2
	=======================================

The following table reconciles geographic revenues to revenues by reporting segment for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, based on the domicile of the Company's customers.

	based suppor	Domestic- based support services	
(in millions)	2006	2005	
United States Europe Canada	\$ 289.9 0.3 23.9	275.8 0.3 22.3	

Japan	-	_
Japan Mexico	2.9	1.7
Other	1.1	0.5
Totals	\$ 318.1 =======	300.6

Note: The 2005 geographic revenues by operating segment have been reclassified to reflect the changes in operating segments.

The following table reconciles geographic revenues to revenues by reporting segment for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, based on the domicile of the Company's customers.

	Domestic- based support services		
(in millions)	2006	2005	
United States	\$ 569.8	541.3	
Europe	0.7	0.6	
Canada	45.8	43.3	
Japan	_	_	
Mexico	5.4	3.4	
Other	2.2	1.0	
Totals	\$ 623.9	589.6	

Note: The 2005 geographic revenues by operating segment have been reclassified to reflect the changes in operating segments.

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Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The Company maintains property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, in the following geographic areas:

(in millions)	At	June 3 2006
United States	\$	206.8
Europe		55.7
Japan		2.1
Canada		0.1
Other		0.2
Totals	\$ =========	264.9

Major Customers

For the three months ended June 30, 2006, the Company had two major customers which accounted for approximately 33.8%, or \$145.1 million, of total revenues. Bank of America, one of TSYS' major customers, accounted for approximately 23.7%, or \$101.8 million of total revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2006. For the three months ended June 30, 2005, the Company had one major customer that accounted for approximately 23.8%, or \$97.8 million, of total revenues.

For the six months ended June 30, 2006, the Company had two major customers which accounted for approximately 34.0%, or \$286.1 million, of total revenues. Bank of America, one of TSYS' major customers, accounted for approximately 23.5%, or \$198.1 million of total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2006. For the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company had one major customer that accounted for approximately 22.4%, or \$170.0 million, of total revenues.

Revenues from major customers for the periods reported are attributable to the domestic-based support services and merchant processing services segments.

Note 5 - Share-Based Compensation Accounting Policy

In December 2004, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.123 (revised) (SFAS No.123R), "Share-Based Payment." SFAS No.123R establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. It also addresses transactions in which an entity incurs liabilities in exchange for goods or services that are based on the fair value of the entity's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments. This Statement requires a public entity to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award (with limited exceptions). That cost will be recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award.

SFAS No.123R is effective for all awards granted on or after January 1, 2006, and to awards modified, repurchased or cancelled after that date. SFAS No. 123R requires the Company to recognize compensation costs for the nonvested portion of outstanding share-based compensation granted in the form of stock options based on the grant-date fair value of those awards calculated under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.123 (SFAS No. 123), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," for pro forma disclosures. Share-based compensation expenses include the impact of expensing the fair

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Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

value of stock options in 2006, as well as expenses associated with nonvested shares. In the future, the Company expects nonvested share awards to replace stock options as TSYS' primary method of share-based compensation. TSYS adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123R effective January 1, 2006 using the modified-prospective-transition method.

Prior to 2006, the Company applied the intrinsic-value based method of accounting prescribed by Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25 (APB 25), "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations, including FASB Interpretation No. 44, "Accounting for Certain Transactions Involving Stock Compensation, an Interpretation of APB Opinion No. 25," to account for its fixed-plan stock options. Under this method, compensation expense was recorded only if, on the date of grant, the market price of the

underlying stock exceeded the exercise price. The Company elected to adopt only the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123.

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123, to share-based employee compensation granted in the form of TSYS and Synovus Financial Corp. (Synovus) stock options.

		ee months e June 30, 20
(in thousands, except per share data)		
Net Income	\$	50 , 643
Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense, net of related income tax effects		184
Deduct: Stock-based employee compensation expense determined under the		41.000
fair value based method for all awards, net of related income tax effects		(1,236
Net income, as adjusted	\$	49,591
	=====	
Earnings per share:		
Basic - as reported	\$	0.26
Dania on adiust ad	===== \$	0.25
Basic - as adjusted	ې =====	0.25
Diluted - as reported	\$	0.26
	=====	
Diluted - as adjusted	\$	0.25
	=====	

Prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R, the Company elected to recognize compensation cost assuming all options would vest and reverse any recognized compensation costs for forfeited awards when the awards were actually forfeited. SFAS No. 123R eliminates this option and requires companies to estimate forfeitures when recognizing compensation cost. The estimate of forfeitures will be adjusted by a company as actual forfeitures differ from its estimates, resulting in compensation cost only for those awards that actually vest. The effect of the change in estimated forfeitures is recognized as compensation costs in the period of the change in estimate. In estimating its forfeiture rate, the Company stratified its data based upon historical experience to determine separate forfeiture rates for the different award grants. The Company currently estimates a forfeiture rate for existing Synovus stock

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Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

option grants to TSYS non-executive employees, and a forfeiture rate for all other TSYS and Synovus share-based awards. Currently, TSYS estimates a forfeiture rate in the range of 0% to 7.5%.

General Description of Share-Based Compensation Plans

TSYS has various long-term incentive plans under which the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors has the authority to grant share-based compensation to TSYS employees. Long-term performance awards can be granted to TSYS employees under the TSYS Long-Term Incentive Plans as well as the Synovus

Long-Term Incentive Plans.

Vesting for stock options granted during 2006 accelerates upon retirement for plan participants who have reached age 62 and who also have no less than fifteen years of service at the date of their election to retire. For stock options granted in 2006, share-based compensation expense is fully recognized for plan participants upon meeting the retirement eligibility requirements of age and service.

Stock options granted prior to 2006 generally become exercisable at the end of a two to three-year period and expire ten years from the date of grant. Vesting for stock options granted prior to 2006 accelerates upon retirement for plan participants who have reached age 50 and who also have no less than fifteen years of service at the date of their election to retire. Prior to adoption of SFAS No. 123R on January 1, 2006, share-based compensation expense was recognized in the pro forma disclosure over the nominal vesting period without consideration for retirement eligibility. Following adoption of SFAS No. 123R, stock-based compensation expense is recognized in income over the remaining nominal vesting period with consideration for retirement eligibility.

The Company historically issues new shares or uses treasury shares to satisfy share option exercises. On April 20, 2006, TSYS announced that its board had approved a stock repurchase plan to purchase up to 2 million shares. The shares will be purchased from time to time over a two year period and purchases will depend on various factors including price, market conditions, acquisitions and the general financial position of TSYS. Repurchased shares will be used for general corporate purposes, including, but not limited to, fulfilling stock option exercises and the granting of nonvested shares.

Long-Term Incentive Plans - TSYS

TSYS 2002 Long-Term Incentive Plan: TSYS' compensation program includes long-term performance awards under the Total System Services, Inc. 2002 Long-Term Incentive Plan (TSYS 2002 Plan), which is used to attract, retain, motivate and reward employees and non-employee directors who make a significant contribution to the Company's long-term success. The TSYS 2002 Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors and enables the Company to grant stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock and performance awards; 9.4 million shares of TSYS common stock are reserved for distribution under the TSYS 2002 Plan. Options granted under the TSYS 2002 Plan may be incentive stock options or nonqualified stock options as determined by the Committee at the time of grant.

Incentive stock options are granted at a price not less than 100% of the fair market value of the stock on the grant date, and nonqualified options are granted at a price to be determined by the Committee. Option vesting terms are established by the Committee at the time of grant and presently range from one to five years.

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Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The expiration date of options granted under the TSYS 2002 Plan is determined at the time of grant and may not exceed ten years from the date of the grant. At June 30, 2006, there were options outstanding under the TSYS 2002 Plan to purchase 342,721 shares of the Company's common stock, of which 320,221 were exercisable. The Company has issued its common stock to directors and to certain employees under nonvested stock awards. There were 8.5 million shares available for grant at June 30, 2006 under the TSYS 2002 plan.

2000 Long-Term Incentive Plan: TSYS maintains the 2000 Long-Term Incentive Plan

(LTI Plan) to attract, retain, motivate and reward employees who make a significant contribution to the Company's long-term success and to enable such employees to acquire and maintain an equity interest in the Company. The LTI Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors and enables the Company to grant stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock and performance awards; 3.2 million shares of common stock were reserved for distribution under the LTI Plan. Options granted under the LTI Plan may be incentive stock options or nonqualified stock options as determined by the Committee at the time of grant.

Incentive stock options are granted at a price not less than 100% of the fair market value of the stock on the grant date, and nonqualified options are granted at a price to be determined by the Committee. Option vesting terms are established by the Committee at the time of grant and presently range from one to five years. The expiration date of options granted under the LTI Plan is determined at the time of grant and may not exceed ten years from the date of the grant. At June 30, 2006, there were options outstanding under the LTI Plan to purchase 989,700 shares of the Company's common stock, all of which were exercisable.

There were no shares available for grant at June 30, $\,$ 2006 under the LTI Plan.

Other Share-Based Issuances: TSYS has granted options to purchase 37,500 shares of the Company's common stock to attract a key individual to the Company. At June 30, 2006, options to purchase 37,500 shares were outstanding and exercisable.

Share-Based Compensation

TSYS' share-based compensation costs are included as expenses and classified as salaries and other personnel expenses. For the three months ended June 30, 2006, share-based compensation was \$2.2 million, compared to \$0.3 million for the same period in 2005. Included in the \$2.2 million amount for 2006 is approximately \$1.7 million related to expensing the fair value of stock options. For the six months ended June 30, 2006, share-based compensation was \$4.4 million, compared to \$0.6 million for the same period in 2005. Included in the \$4.4 million amount for 2006 is approximately \$3.5 million related to expensing the fair value of stock options.

Nonvested Awards: During the first three months of 2006, the Company issued 150,775 shares of TSYS common stock with a market value of \$3.0 million to certain key executive officers and non-management members of its board of directors under nonvested stock bonus awards for services to be provided by such officers and directors in the future. The market value of the common stock at the date of issuance is amortized as compensation expense over the vesting period of the awards.

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Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

During the first three months of 2005, the Company issued 95,815 shares of TSYS common stock with a market value of \$2.2 million to certain key executive officers and non-management members of its board of directors under nonvested stock bonus awards for services to be provided by such officers and directors in the future.

The Company did not grant any shares under nonvested stock bonus awards during the three months ended June 30, 2006 or 2005.

A summary of the status of TSYS' nonvested shares as of June 30, 2006 and changes during the six months ended June 30, 2006 is presented below:

(in thousands) Nonvested shares:	Shares
Outstanding at beginning of year Granted Vested Forfeited/Canceled	101 151 (12)
Outstanding at end of period	240

As of June 30, 2006, there was approximately \$4.0 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested share-based compensation arrangements. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.7 years.

During 2005, TSYS authorized a total grant of 126,087 shares of nonvested stock to two key executives with a performance-vesting schedule (performance-vesting shares). These performance-vesting shares have seven one-year performance periods (2005-2011) during which the Compensation Committee establishes an earnings per share goal. Each year's award is 20% of the total authorized shares. Compensation expense for each year's award is measured on the grant date based on the quoted market price of TSYS common stock and is expensed on a straight-line basis for the year.

A summary of the status of TSYS' performance-based nonvested shares as of June 30, 2006 and changes during the six months ended June 30, 2006 is presented below:

(in thousands) Performance-based	
Nonvested shares:	Shares
Outstanding at beginning of year	25
Granted Vested	25 (25)
Forfeited/Canceled	-
Outstanding at end of period	 25
	=======================================

As of June 30, 2006, there was approximately \$0.3 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested performance-vesting share-based compensation arrangements. That cost is expected to be recognized over the remainder of 2006.

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Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Stock Option Awards

The Company did not grant any TSYS stock options during the six months

ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. A summary of the TSYS stock option activity as of June 30, 2006 and changes during the six months ended on June 30, 2006 is presented below:

(in thousands)	Av	Weig erage
Options:	Options	Pr
Outstanding at beginning of year Granted Exercised Forfeited/Canceled	1,382 - - (12)	
Outstanding at end of period	1,370	
Options exercisable at period-end	1,347	
Weighted average fair value of options granted during the period		

There were no TSYS stock options that were exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. As a result, the Company did not realize any tax benefits from stock option exercises. For awards granted before January 1, 2006 that were not fully vested on January 1, 2006, the Company will record the tax benefits from the exercise of stock options as increases to the "Additional paid-in capital" line item of the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company will record these tax benefits from share-based compensation costs as cash inflows in the financing section in the Statement of Cash Flows. The Company has elected to use the short-cut method to calculate its historical pool of windfall tax benefits, and as a result, will not record any benefits received from previous stock option exercises in the operating section in the Statement of Cash Flows.

As of June 30, 2006, there was approximately \$102,000 of total unrecognized compensation expense cost related to TSYS stock options that is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 0.7 year.

Long-Term Incentive Plans - Synovus

During the first six months of 2006, Synovus granted stock options to key TSYS executive officers. The fair value of the option grant was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 4.48%; expected volatility of 25.1%; expected life of 6.0 years; and dividend yield of 2.80%. The expected life of 6.0 years was determined using the "simplified" method, as prescribed by SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107.

A summary of the option activity related to option grants of Synovus common stock to TSYS employees as of June 30, 2006 and changes during the six months ended on June 30, 2006 is presented below:

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(in thousands)	r.A	Weig verage
Options:	Options	Pr
Outstanding at beginning of year Granted Exercised Net Synovus/TSYS employee transfers between entities Forfeited/Canceled	6,451 305 (343) (3) (51)	
Outstanding at end of period	6 , 359	
Options exercisable at period-end	2,687	
Weighted average fair value of options granted during the period		

The total intrinsic value of Synovus options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$1.9 million. As of June 30, 2006, there was \$11.9 million of total unrecognized compensation expense cost related to Synovus stock options that is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.8 years.

During the first six months of 2005, Synovus granted 203,440 stock options to key TSYS executive officers. The fair value of the option grant was \$7.56 and was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 4.43%; expected volatility of 25.6%; expected life of 8.8 years; and dividend yield of 2.60%.

The total intrinsic value of Synovus options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2005 was \$1.6\$ million.

Earnings Per Share

The diluted earnings per share calculation excludes stock options and nonvested awards that are convertible into 387,339 common shares for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively, and excludes 22,500 common shares for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, respectively because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

Note 6 - Long-Term Debt

On June 30, 2003, TSYS obtained a \$45.0 million long-term line of credit from a banking affiliate of Synovus. The line was an automatic draw down facility. The interest rate for the line of credit was the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 150 basis points. In addition, there was a charge of 15 basis points on any funds unused. The line of credit was unsecured and included covenants requiring the Company to maintain certain minimum financial ratios. The line of credit expired on June 30, 2006.

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Note 7 - Supplementary Cash Flow Information

Contract Acquisition Costs

Cash used for contract acquisition costs for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, are summarized as follows:

(in thousands)		June 30,
Conversion costs Payments for processing rights	\$	19,17 3,16
Total	\$	22,33
	=====	

Nonvested Awards

During the first quarter of 2006, the Company issued nonvested shares of common stock to certain key executive officers and non-management members of its board of directors under nonvested shares for services to be provided by such officers and directors in the future. Refer to Note 5 for more information.

Note 8 - Legal Proceedings

The Company is subject to lawsuits, claims and other complaints arising out of the ordinary conduct of its business. In the opinion of management, based in part upon the advice of legal counsel, all matters are believed to be adequately covered by insurance, or if not covered, are believed to be without merit or are of such kind or involve such amounts that would not have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company if disposed of unfavorably. The Company establishes reserves for expected future litigation exposures that TSYS determines to be both probable and reasonably estimable.

Note 9 - Guarantees and Indemnifications

The Company has entered into processing and licensing agreements with clients that include intellectual property indemnification clauses. The Company generally agrees to indemnify its clients, subject to certain exceptions, against legal claims that TSYS' services or systems infringes on certain third party patents, copyrights or other proprietary rights. In the event of such a claim, the Company is generally obligated to hold the client harmless and pay for related losses, liabilities, costs and expenses, including, without limitation, court costs and reasonable attorney's fees. The Company has not made any indemnification payments in relation to these indemnification clauses.

The Company has not recorded a liability for guarantees or indemnities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet since the maximum amount of potential future payments under such guarantees and indemnities is not determinable.

Note 10 - Business Combinations China UnionPay Data Co., Ltd.

Effective November 1, 2005, TSYS purchased an initial 34% equity interest in China UnionPay Data Co., Ltd., the payments-processing subsidiary of China UnionPay Co., Ltd. (CUP). TSYS plans to increase its ownership interest to 45% upon receipt of regulatory approval. CUP is sanctioned by the People's Bank of China, China's central bank, to perform payments-processing. CUP Data currently

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provides transaction processing, disaster recovery and other services for banks and bankcard issuers in China.

The Company is using the equity method of accounting to account for its investment in CUP Data. The difference between the cost of the investment and the amount of underlying equity in net assets of CUP Data is recognized as goodwill. The preliminary purchase price allocation related to the acquisition is presented below:

Net assets acquired	\$ 36,974
Total assets acquired Goodwill	\$ 7,948 29,026
(in thousands)	

The goodwill associated with CUP Data is not reported as goodwill in the Company's balance sheet, but is reported as a component of the equity investment.

TSYS Acquiring Solutions, L.L.C.

Vital Processing Services, L.L.C. (Vital), a limited liability company, was established in May 1996 as a 50/50 merchant processing joint venture between TSYS and Visa U.S.A. (Visa). TSYS Acquiring provides integrated end-to-end electronic transaction processing services primarily to large financial institutions and other merchant acquirers. TSYS Acquiring processes all payment forms including credit, debit, electronic benefit transfer and check truncation for merchants of all sizes across a wide array of retail market segments.

On March 1, 2005, TSYS acquired the remaining 50% of Vital from Visa for \$95.8 million in cash, including direct acquisition costs of \$794,000. In April 2006, TSYS renamed Vital as TSYS Acquiring. TSYS Acquiring is now a separate, wholly owned subsidiary of TSYS. As a result of the acquisition of control of TSYS Acquiring, TSYS changed from the equity method of accounting for the investment in TSYS Acquiring and began consolidating TSYS Acquiring's balance sheet and results of operations in TSYS' consolidated financial statements. In accordance with authoritative accounting guidelines, TSYS recorded the acquisition of the incremental 50% interest as a business combination, requiring that TSYS allocate the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their relative fair values. The Company finalized the purchase price allocation during the first quarter of 2006 and has allocated \$30.2 million to goodwill, \$30.5 million to other identifiable intangible assets and the remaining amount to the assets and liabilities acquired. Of the \$30.5 million other identifiable intangible assets, the Company has allocated \$18.5 million to computer software and the remaining amount to other intangible assets. The acquisition of TSYS Acquiring allows TSYS to be a provider of value-based services at both ends of the payment chain and allows TSYS to expand the services offered to the Company's largest customers. Revenues associated with TSYS Acquiring are included in merchant services and are classified in merchant processing services for segment reporting purposes.

Since TSYS acquired less than 100% of the outstanding shares of the acquired enterprise, the valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the acquisition was based on a pro rata allocation of the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and the historical financial statement carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of the acquired enterprise. As a result, TSYS recorded the fair value of the 50% interest of TSYS Acquiring's

assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of March

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Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1, 2005. The Company recorded the remaining 50% interest of TSYS Acquiring's assets and liabilities at historical carrying values. The purchase price allocation is presented below:

(in thousands)	
Cash and cash equivalents Intangible assets Goodwill Other assets	\$19,399 30,500 30,211 47,563
Total assets acquired	127,673
Other liabilities	31,830
Total liabilities assumed	31,830
Minority interest	49
Net assets acquired	\$95,794 ==========

Pro forma

Presented below are the pro forma consolidated results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2005, as though the acquisition of TSYS Acquiring had occurred on January 1, 2005. This pro forma information is based on the historical financial statements of TSYS Acquiring. Pro forma results do not include any actual or anticipated cost savings or expenses of the planned integration of TSYS and TSYS Acquiring, and are not necessarily indicative of the results which would have occurred if the business combinations had been in effect on the dates indicated, or which may result in the future.

(in thousands, except per share data)	Six months en June 30, 200
Revenues	\$ 803 , 817
Net income	98 , 770
Basic earnings per share	0.50

Note 11 - Subsequent Events TSYS Card Tech

Diluted earnings per share

On July 11, 2006, TSYS acquired Card Tech, Ltd., a privately owned London based payments firm, and related companies, adding issuing and acquiring capabilities and extending its geographic reach to Asia Pacific, Europe, the Middle East and Africa. TSYS paid an aggregate consideration of approximately \$58 million.

0.50

Card Tech, Ltd. was established in 1989 and keeps service centers in London; Dubai, United Arab Emirates; Nicosia, Cyprus; and Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. TSYS operates facilities in North America, Europe and the Asia-Pacific for a combined total of 12 countries worldwide.

Card Tech has implemented its payments software for six of the 25 largest global banks and three of the largest global card issuers. Worldwide, the company has approximately 190 clients from 70 countries - primarily banks. Its applications are certified by all of the major global payment networks.

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Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

TSYS formed and/or acquired five companies in connection with the Card Tech, Ltd. acquisition, which the Company collectively refers to as TSYS Card Tech.

TSYS Card Tech's software applications are utilized globally. TSYS Card Tech offers a server-based system with an established global footprint for comprehensive issuing and acquiring services. TSYS Card Tech offers products and services for installment loans, credit, debit, merchant acquiring and prepaid payment platforms in addition to fraud, risk management, authorizations, chargebacks, e-commerce and m-commerce solutions designed for the bankcard market. TSYS Card Tech's applications are browser-based, multilingual, multicurrency and multi-country (including double-byte-enabled).

Revenues associated with TSYS Card Tech will be included in electronic payment processing services and will be included in international-based support services for segment reporting purposes.

Share Repurchase

On July 24, 2006, TSYS purchased 820,800 shares of TSYS stock in a privately negotiated transaction pursuant to its previously announced stock repurchase plan for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$16.4 million and an average per share price of \$20. The Company has approximately 1.2 million shares remaining that could be repurchased under the share repurchase plan.

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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial
Condition and Results of Operations

Financial Overview

Total System Services, Inc.'s (TSYS' or the Company's) revenues are derived from providing electronic payment processing and related services to financial and nonfinancial institutions, generally under long-term processing contracts. TSYS' services are provided primarily through the Company's cardholder systems, TS2 and TS1, to financial institutions and other organizations throughout the United States, Mexico, Canada, Honduras, Puerto Rico and Europe. The Company currently offers merchant services to financial institutions and other organizations through its majority owned subsidiary, GP Network Corporation (GP Net), and its wholly owned subsidiary, TSYS Acquiring Solutions, L.L.C. (TSYS Acquiring).

Due to the somewhat seasonal nature of the credit card industry, TSYS' revenues and results of operations have generally increased in the fourth

quarter of each year because of increased transaction and authorization volumes during the traditional holiday shopping season. Furthermore, growth or declines in card portfolios of existing clients, the conversion of cardholder accounts of new clients to the Company's processing platforms, and the loss of cardholder accounts impact the results of operations from period to period. Another factor which may affect TSYS' revenues and results of operations from time to time, is the sale by a client of its business, its card portfolio or a segment of its accounts to a party which processes cardholder accounts internally or uses another third-party processor. Consolidation in either the financial services or retail industries, a change in the economic environment in the retail sector, or a change in the mix of payments between cash and cards could favorably or unfavorably impact TSYS' financial position, results of operations and cash flows in the future.

A significant amount of the Company's revenues is derived from long-term contracts with large clients, including certain major customers. Processing contracts with large clients, representing a significant portion of the Company's total revenues, generally provide for discounts on certain services based on the size and activity of clients' portfolios. Therefore, electronic payment processing revenues and the related margins are influenced by the client mix relative to the size of client card portfolios, as well as the number and activity of individual cardholder accounts processed for each client. Consolidation among financial institutions has resulted in an increasingly concentrated client base, which results in a change in client mix directed toward larger clients and increasing pressure on the Company's operating profit margins.

The Company provides services to its clients including processing consumer, retail, commercial, government services, stored value and debit cards. Below is a general description of each type of account:

Account type	Description
Consumer	Visa and MasterCard credit cards; American Express cards
Retail	Private label
Commercial	Purchasing cards, corporate cards and fleet cards for employees
Government services	Student loan processing accounts
Stored value	Prepaid cards, including loyalty incentive cards, flexible spending cards and gift cards
Debit	On-line (PIN-based) and off-line (signature-based) accounts

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Financial Overview (continued)

The table on page 35 summarizes TSYS' accounts on file (AOF) information as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

A summary of the financial highlights occurring during 2006, as compared to 2005, is provided below:

Three months ende

(in millions, except per share data)	2006	2005
Revenues Before Reimbursables	\$ 342.8	331.1
Total Revenues	429.2	410.2
Operating Income	84.7	76.3
Net Income	57.4	50.6
Basic EPS	0.29	0.26
Diluted EPS	0.29	0.26

Significant highlights for 2006 include:

Corporate

- o Announced that its Board of Directors approved a share repurchase plan to purchase up to 2 million shares of the Company's stock.
- o Announced that its Board of Directors approved a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.07 per share, an increase of 16.7 percent from the previous dividend rate of \$0.06 per share.

Domestic

- o Reached a long-term agreement with Wachovia Corporation to provide core-processing and other related services in support of their re-entry into the consumer credit-card line of business.
- o Entered the healthcare payments market by signing a long-term agreement with Exante Bank, a wholly owned subsidiary of UnitedHealth Group, Inc., to provide a broad range of payment processing and related services.
- o Renewed its multi-year agreement to provide CompuCredit Corp. of Atlanta, Ga., one of the nation's largest credit card providers, processing and related services for its portfolio of nearly 7 million cardholder accounts.

International

O Continued expansion of TSYS' global footprint with the acquisition of London-based Card Tech, Ltd., now known as TSYS Card Tech, for an aggregate consideration of approximately \$58 million. The acquisition enables TSYS to offer more technology choices with the right combination of scale and functionality that are attractive to small, medium and large banks in global emerging markets. The acquisition of TSYS Card Tech expands the number of countries in which TSYS has clients to 76.

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Financial Overview (continued)

O Continued assisting China UnionPay Data Co., Ltd. (CUP Data) in expanding its client list and strategically positioning for long-term growth in the Chinese credit card market.

Merchant

- Reached agreements through TSYS Acquiring Solutions with Delta Payment Solutions and New England Bankcard Association to provide merchant processing services.
- o Renewed a long term relationship through TSYS Acquiring Solutions with Heartland Payment Systems, one of the nation's largest providers of

merchant acquiring services.

Financial Review

This Financial Review provides a discussion of critical accounting policies and estimates, related party transactions and off-balance sheet arrangements. This Financial Review also discusses the results of operations, financial position, liquidity and capital resources of TSYS and outlines the factors that have affected its recent earnings, as well as those factors that may affect its future earnings.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows are impacted by the accounting policies the Company has adopted. In order to gain a full understanding of the Company's financial statements, one must have a clear understanding of the accounting policies employed.

The Company has prepared the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management of the Company to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. These estimates and assumptions are developed based upon all information available. Actual results could differ from estimated amounts.

Factors that could affect the Company's future operating results and cause actual results to vary materially from expectations include, but are not limited to, lower than anticipated growth from existing customers, an inability to attract new customers and grow internationally, loss of the Company's major customers or other significant clients, an inability to grow through acquisitions or successfully integrate acquisitions, an inability to control expenses, technology changes, financial services consolidation, change in regulatory mandates, a decline in the use of cards as a payment mechanism, a decline in the financial stability of the Company's clients and uncertain economic conditions. Negative developments in these or other risk factors could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows. For a detailed discussion regarding the Company's risk factors, see "Item 1A: Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

For a detailed discussion regarding the Company's critical accounting policies and estimates, see "Item 7: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. There have been no material changes to the Company's critical accounting policies, estimates and assumptions or the judgments affecting the application of those estimates and assumptions in 2006.

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Related Party Transactions

The Company provides electronic payment processing and other services to its parent company, Synovus Financial Corp. (Synovus) and its affiliates, and to the Company's equity investment, Total System Services de Mexico, S.A. de. C.V. (TSYS de Mexico). The services are performed under contracts that are similar to its contracts with other customers. The Company believes the terms and conditions of transactions between the Company and these related parties are comparable to those which could have been obtained in transactions with unaffiliated parties. The Company's margins with respect to related party transactions are comparable to margins recognized in transactions with unrelated

third parties. The amounts related to these transactions are disclosed on the face of TSYS' consolidated financial statements.

Line of Credit

TSYS had a \$45.0 million long-term line of credit from a banking affiliate of Synovus. The line was an automatic draw down facility. Refer to Note 6 of Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on TSYS' line of credit.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Operating Leases: As a method of funding its operations, TSYS employs noncancelable operating leases for computer equipment, software and facilities. These leases allow the Company to provide the latest technology while avoiding the risk of ownership. Neither the assets nor obligations related to these leases are included on the balance sheet.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth certain income statement captions as a percentage of total revenues and the percentage increases or decreases in those items for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively:

	Percentage of Total Revenues
	2006
Revenues:	
Electronic payment processing services	54.2 %
Merchant services	15.3
Other services	10.4
Revenues before reimbursable items	79.9
Reimbursable items	20.1
Total revenues	100.0
Expenses:	
Salaries and other personnel expense	28.1
Net occupancy and equipment expense	17.6
Other operating expenses	14.5
Expenses before reimbursable items	60.2
Reimbursable items	20.1

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Results of Operations (continued)

Percer	ntage	of
Total	Rever	nues
2006		
80.3		

Total expenses

Operating income	19.7	
Nonoperating income	0.8	
Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in		
income of equity investments	20.5	
Income taxes	7.3	
Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries' net income	0.0	
Equity in income of equity investments	0.2	
Net income	13.4 %	
	========	==

nm=not meaningful

The following table sets forth certain income statement captions as a percentage of total revenues and the percentage increases or decreases in those items for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively:

	Percentage Total Reven
	2006
Revenues:	
Electronic payment processing services	53.9 %
Merchant services	15.4
Other services	10.6
Revenues before reimbursable items	79 . 9
Reimbursable items	20.1
Total revenues	100.0 1
Expenses:	
Salaries and other personnel expense	28.7
Net occupancy and equipment expense	18.0
Other operating expenses	14.6
Expenses before reimbursable items	61.3
Reimbursable items	20.1
Total expenses	81.4
Operating income	 18.6
Nonoperating income	0.7
Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in	
income of equity investments	19.3
Income taxes	6.7

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Percentage of Total Revenue 2006

Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries' net income 0.0

Equity in income of equity investments 0.2

Net income 12.8 %

nm=not meaningful

Revenues

Total revenues increased \$18.9 million and \$81.2 million, or 4.6% and 10.7%, respectively, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, compared to the same periods in 2005. The increase in revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 includes a decrease of \$1.0 million and \$4.0 million related to the effects of currency translation of its foreign-based subsidiaries and branches. Excluding reimbursable items, revenues increased \$11.7 million and \$60.9 million, or 3.5% and 10.0%, respectively, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, compared to the same periods in 2005.

International Revenues

TSYS provides services to its clients worldwide and plans to continue to expand its service offerings internationally in the future. Total revenues from clients domiciled outside the United States for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, are summarized below:

	Three	Three months e June 30,	
(in millions)	2006	2005 %	
Europe	\$ 36.2	31.5	
Canada	24.0	22.4	
Japan	4.5	3.9	
Mexico	2.9	1.7	
Other	1.3	0.7	
Totals	\$ 68.9	60.2	
	=====		

Note: TSYS' international revenues are generated by TSYS and its consolidated entities. The Company has two equity investments located in Mexico and China that are accounted for under the equity method of accounting, and therefore, TSYS does not include the revenues of its equity investments in consolidated revenues.

Total revenues from clients based in Europe were \$36.2 million and \$68.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, a 14.5% and 6.5% increase compared to \$31.5 million and \$64.7 million for the same periods last year. The increase in revenues in 2006 from clients based in Europe was a result of internal growth of existing clients and the increased use of value added

products and services, netted against the effects of currency translation, which was approximately \$3.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

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Results of Operations (continued)

Total revenues from clients based in Mexico were \$2.9 million and \$5.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, a 70.9% and 59.6% increase compared to the \$1.7 million and \$3.4 million for the same periods last year. The growth in revenues in 2006 from clients based in Mexico was a result of the conversion of new accounts and the growth of existing clients.

Value Added Products and Services

The Company's revenues are impacted by the use of optional value added products and services of TSYS' processing systems. Value added products and services are optional features to which each client can choose to subscribe in order to potentially increase the financial performance of its portfolio. Value added products and services include: risk management tools and techniques, such as credit evaluation, fraud detection and prevention, and behavior analysis tools; and revenue enhancement tools and customer retention programs, such as loyalty programs and bonus rewards. These revenues can increase or decrease from period to period as clients subscribe to or cancel these services. Value added products and services are included mainly in electronic payment processing services revenue.

For the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, value added products and services represented 13.0% and 12.1%, respectively, of total revenues. For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, value added products and services represented 12.8% and 12.6%, respectively, of total revenues. Revenues from these products and services, which include some reimbursable items paid to third-party vendors, increased 11.7%, or \$5.8 million, and 12.6%, or \$12.0 million, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the same periods last year.

Major Customers

A significant amount of the Company's revenues is derived from long-term contracts with large clients, including its major customers, one of which is Bank of America. TSYS derives revenues from providing various processing and other services to these clients, including processing of consumer and commercial accounts, as well as revenues for reimbursable items. With the acquisition of TSYS Acquiring on March 1, 2005, the Company's revenues include revenues derived from providing merchant processing services to one of these clients, Bank of America. Refer to Notes 4 and 10 in the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on the major customers and the acquisition of TSYS Acquiring, respectively.

On January 25, 2005, the Company announced that it had extended its agreement with Bank of America for an additional five years through 2014. Additionally, during the third quarter of 2005, TSYS Acquiring announced the renewal of its agreement to provide merchant processing services to Bank of America.

During the second quarter of 2005, Bank of America announced its planned acquisition of MBNA. In December 2005, TSYS received official notification from Bank of America of its intent, pending its acquisition of MBNA, to shift the processing of its consumer card portfolio in house in October 2006. On January 1, 2006, Bank of America's acquisition of MBNA was completed. TSYS expects to continue providing commercial and small business card processing for Bank of America and MBNA, as well as merchant processing for Bank of America, according to the terms of the existing agreements for those services.

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Results of Operations (continued)

TSYS' processing agreement with Bank of America provides that Bank of America may terminate its agreement with TSYS for consumer credit card services upon the payment of a termination fee, the amount of which is dependent upon several factors. Based upon the expected October 2006 deconversion date, this fee is estimated to be approximately \$69 million. As a result of the expected deconversion in October 2006, TSYS is accelerating the amortization of approximately \$6 million in contract acquisition costs. The loss of Bank of America, or any significant client, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows. TSYS' management believes that the loss of revenues from the Bank of America consumer card portfolio for the months of 2006 subsequent to the expected deconversion, combined with decreased expenses from the reduction in hardware and software and the redeployment of personnel, should not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows for the year ending December 31, 2006. However, the Company's management believes that the termination fee associated with the Bank of America deconversion, offset by the loss of processing revenues subsequent to the deconversion and the acceleration of amortization of contract acquisition costs, will have a positive effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the year ending December 31, 2006.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, Bank of America accounted for approximately 23.7%, or \$101.8 million, and 23.5%, or \$198.1 million, respectively, of total revenues. This amount consists of processing revenues for consumer, commercial and merchant services, as well as reimbursable items. Of the \$101.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006, approximately \$36.6 million, or 35.9%, was derived from Bank of America for reimbursable items. Of the \$198.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006, approximately \$72.1 million, or 36.4%, was derived from Bank of America for reimbursable items. Bank of America accounted for approximately \$65.2 million, or 19.0%, and \$126.0 million, or 18.7%, of revenues before reimbursable items for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, Bank of America accounted for 23.8%, or \$97.8 million, and 22.4%, or \$170.0 million, respectively, of total revenues. The majority of the increase in revenues derived from Bank of America for 2006, as compared to 2005, is the result of including TSYS Acquiring's revenues for merchant services from Bank of America.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, the Company had another major client that accounted for approximately 10.1%, or \$43.3 million, and 10.5%, or \$88.0 million, respectively, of total revenues. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, this client accounted for approximately 7.3%, or \$29.8 million, and 8.5%, or \$64.5 million, respectively, of total revenues. The loss of this client, or any significant client, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Revenues from major customers for the periods reported are attributable to the domestic-based support services segment and merchant processing services.

Electronic Payment Processing Services

Electronic payment processing services revenues are generated primarily from charges based on the number of accounts on file, transactions and authorizations processed, statements mailed, cards embossed and mailed, and other processing services for cardholder accounts on file. Cardholder accounts

on file include active and inactive consumer credit, retail, debit, stored value, government

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Results of Operations (continued)

services and commercial card accounts. Due to the number of cardholder accounts processed by TSYS and the expanding use of cards, as well as increases in the scope of services offered to clients, revenues relating to electronic payment processing services have continued to grow. Revenues from electronic payment processing services increased \$15.3 million, or 7.0%, and \$31.6 million, or 7.5%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2005.

Accounts on File (AOF) Data (in millions):

	2006	
At June 30,	366.5	
QTD Average	415.8	
YTD Average	427.5	

AOF by Portfolio Type (in millions):

	2006		
At June 30,	AOF	%	
Consumer	241.2	65.8	
Retail	36.8	10.1	
Commercial	31.4	8.6	
Stored value	29.3	8.0	
Government services	19.6	5.3	
Debit	8.2	2.2	
Total	366.5	100.0	
=			

Note: Certain accounts previously classified as Retail have been reclassified as Stored Value to conform with the presentation adopted in the second quarter of 2006.

AOF by Geographic Area (in millions):

	200	2006	
At June 30,	AOF	%	
Domestic International	308.5 58.0	84.2 15.8	
Total	366.5	100.0	

Note: The accounts on file distinction between domestic and international is based on the geographic domicile of the Company's processing clients.

Activity in AOF (in millions):

	June 2005 t June 2006
Beginning balance	388.6
Internal growth of existing clients	36.5
New clients	40.0
Purges/Sales	(12.3)
Deconversions	(86.3)
Ending balance	366.5
	=======================================

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Results of Operations (continued)

On March 31, 2004, Bank of America acquired FleetBoston. In connection with the extended agreement with Bank of America, TSYS converted the FleetBoston card portfolio to TSYS' processing system in March 2005. See further discussion under Major Customers.

On October 13, 2004, TSYS finalized a definitive agreement with JPMorgan Chase & Co. (Chase) to service the combined card portfolios of Chase Card Services and to upgrade its card-processing technology. Pursuant to the agreement, TSYS converted the consumer accounts of Chase to the modified version of TS2 in July 2005. TSYS expects to maintain the card-processing functions of Chase Card Services for at least two years. Chase Card Services then has the option to either extend the processing agreement for up to five additional two-year periods or migrate the portfolio in-house, under a perpetual license of a modified version of TS2 with a six-year payment term. TSYS expects that Chase will discontinue its processing agreement according to the original schedule and will license TSYS' processing software in 2007.

In August 2005, TSYS finalized a five year definitive agreement with Capital One Financial Corporation (Capital One) to provide processing services for its North American portfolio of consumer and small business credit card accounts. TSYS plans to complete the conversion of Capital One's portfolio from its in house processing system to TS2 in phases, beginning in July 2006 and ending in early 2007. TSYS expects to maintain the card processing functions of Capital One for at least five years. After a minimum of three years of processing with TSYS, the agreement provides Capital One the opportunity to license TS2 under a long-term payment structure.

Current 2006 earnings estimates assume that TSYS will recognize revenues and costs associated with converting, processing and servicing the Capital One portfolio beginning in the fourth quarter of 2006.

In July 2003, Sears and Citigroup announced an agreement for the sale by Sears to Citigroup of the Sears credit card and financial services businesses. For the three months ended June 30, 2006, TSYS' revenues from the agreement with Sears represented less than 10% of TSYS' consolidated revenues. The TSYS/Sears

agreement granted to Sears the one-time right to market test TSYS' pricing and functionality after May 1, 2004, which right was exercised by Citigroup. In June 2005, TSYS announced that Citigroup would move the Sears consumer MasterCard and private-label accounts from TSYS in a deconversion that occurred in June 2006. TSYS expects to continue supporting commercial card accounts for Citibank, as well as Citibank's Banamex USA consumer accounts, according to the terms of the existing agreements for those portfolios. TSYS' management believes that the loss of revenues from the Sears portfolio for the months of 2006 subsequent to the deconversion, combined with decreased expenses from the reduction in hardware and software and the redeployment of personnel, should not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows for the year ending December 31, 2006.

Merchant Services

Merchant services revenues are derived from providing electronic transaction processing services primarily to large financial institutions and other merchant acquirers. Revenues from merchant services include processing all payment forms including credit, debit, electronic benefit transfer and check truncation for merchants of all sizes across a wide array of retail market segments. Merchant services' products and services include: authorization and capture of electronic transactions; clearing and

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Results of Operations (continued)

settlement of electronic transactions; information reporting services related to electronic transactions; merchant billing services; and point-of-sale terminal sales and service.

On March 1, 2005, TSYS acquired the remaining 50% of TSYS Acquiring, formerly operating as Vital Processing Services, L.L.C., from Visa for \$95.8 million in cash, including direct acquisition costs of \$794,000. TSYS Acquiring is now a separate, wholly owned subsidiary of TSYS. As a result of the acquisition of control of TSYS Acquiring, TSYS changed from the equity method of accounting for the investment in TSYS Acquiring and began consolidating TSYS Acquiring's balance sheet and results of operations. Refer to Note 10 in the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on the acquisition of TSYS Acquiring.

Revenues from merchant services consist of revenues mainly generated by TSYS' wholly owned subsidiary TSYS Acquiring and majority owned subsidiary GP Net. Merchant services revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$65.8 million and \$129.8 million, respectively, compared to \$68.7 million and \$95.8 million for the same periods last year. The increase for the six months is completely attributable to the consolidation of TSYS Acquiring's results effective March 1, 2005. Prior to the acquisition of TSYS Acquiring, TSYS' revenues included fees TSYS charged to TSYS Acquiring for back-end processing support.

Revenues from merchant services are down for the three months of June 30, 2006, as compared to the same period in 2005, as the result of closing a sales office for point of sale systems and services during the first quarter of 2006. TSYS Acquiring is also experiencing a reduction of revenues in certain products and services.

TSYS Acquiring's results are driven by the transactions processed at the point-of-sale and the number of outgoing transactions. TSYS Acquiring's primary point-of-sale service deals with authorizations and data capture transactions primarily through dial-up or the Internet.

Effective January 1, 2006, Golden Retriever Systems L.L.C. became a wholly owned subsidiary of Enhancement Services Corporation. Also effective January 1, 2006, Merlin Solutions, L.L.C. became a wholly owned subsidiary of TSYS. Both entities were previously wholly owned subsidiaries of TSYS Acquiring and were reported under the merchant processing services segment. Effective January 1, 2006, the financial results of the two entities are included in the domestic-based support services segment. The segment results for previous periods have been reclassified to reflect the change.

Other Services

Revenues from other services consist primarily of revenues generated by TSYS' wholly owned subsidiaries not included in electronic payment processing services or merchant services, as well as TSYS' business process management services. Revenues from other services decreased \$654,000, or 1.4%, for the three months ended June 30, 2006, compared to the same period in 2005. Revenues from other services decreased \$4.6 million, or 4.9%, for the six months ended June 30, 2006, compared to the same period in 2005. Other services revenue for the second quarter decreased as a result of lower volume for attorney services and bankruptcy, which was offset by greater growth in redemption services from ESC Loyalty. Other services revenue decreased for the six months primarily due to the loss of call center revenue.

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Results of Operations (continued)

Reimbursable Items

As a result of the FASB's Emerging Issues Task Force No. 01-14 (EITF No. 01-14), "Income Statement Characterization of Reimbursements Received for 'Out-of-Pocket' Expenses Incurred," the Company has included reimbursements received for out-of-pocket expenses as revenues and expenses. Reimbursable items increased \$7.2 million, or 9.1%, for the three months ended June 30, 2006, as compared to the same period last year. Reimbursable items increased \$20.3 million, or 13.7%, for the six months ended June 30, 2006, as compared to the same period last year. Of the \$20.3 million increase for the six months ended June 30, 2006, \$7.3 million is attributable to TSYS Acquiring.

The Company's reimbursable items are impacted with changes in postal rates and changes in the volumes of all mailing activities by its clients. Effective January 8, 2006, the United States Postal Service increased the rate of first class mail. The increase in reimbursable items due to the increase in postal rates is expected to be offset by the decrease in reimbursable items associated with the deconversion of the Citibank Sears portfolio in June 2006 and Bank of America's consumer card portfolio in October 2006.

The majority of reimbursable items relates to the Company's domestic-based clients and is primarily costs associated with postage.

A summary of reimbursable item revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, as compared to 2005, is provided below:

Total	\$86,374	79,175
Other	,	19,154
Card association access fees	10 200	18,440

Operating Expenses

Total expenses increased 3.2% and 10.9% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, compared to the same periods in 2005. The increase in expense includes a decrease of \$1.0 million and \$4.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively, related to the effects of currency translation of its foreign-based subsidiaries and branches. Excluding reimbursable items, total expenses increased 1.3% and 10.0% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2005. The increase in operating expenses is attributable to changes in each of the expense categories as described below.

Salaries and Other Personnel Expense

Summarized below are the major components of salaries and other personnel expense for the three and six months ended June 30:

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Results of Operations (continued)

		Three months en June 30,		
(in thousands)	2006	2005		
Salaries	\$ 92,994	87 , 139		
Employee benefits	23,371	27 , 979		
Nonemployee wages	10,738	12,675		
Share-based compensation	2,179	282		
Other	3,321	2,297		
Less capitalized expenses	(12,170) (14 , 398		
Totals	\$120,433	115 , 974		
	======			

nm = not meaningful

Salaries and other personnel expense increased \$4.5 million, or 3.8%, for the three months ended June 30, 2006, compared to the same period in 2005. For the six months ended June 30, 2006, salaries and other personnel expense increased \$28.8 million, or 13.5%, compared to the same period in 2005. Of the \$28.8 million increase for the six months for 2006, \$11.8 million is the result of employee-related expenses of TSYS Acquiring. In addition, the change in salaries and other personnel expense is associated with the normal salary increases and related benefits, offset by the level of employment costs capitalized as software development and contract acquisition costs. Salaries and other personnel expense include the accrual for performance-based incentive benefits, which includes salary bonuses, profit sharing and employer 401(k) expenses. For the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, the Company accrued \$6.8 million and \$14.1 million, respectively, for performance-based incentives. For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, the Company accrued \$11.4

million and \$19.4 million, respectively, for performance-based incentives.

The Company's salaries and other personnel expense is greatly influenced by the number of employees. Below is a summary of the Company's employee data:

Employee Data: (Full-time Equivalents)	2006
At June 30,	6,549
QTD Average	6 , 545
YTD Average	6,596

The Company maintains share-based employee compensation plans for purposes of incenting and retaining employees. In December 2004, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised) (SFAS No. 123R) "Share-Based Payment," which the Company adopted on January 1, 2006. SFAS No. 123R requires the Company to recognize compensation expense for the nonvested portion of outstanding share-based compensation granted in the form of stock options based on the grant-date fair value of those awards. Refer to Note 5 of Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on share-based compensation.

Share-based compensation expenses include the impact of expensing the fair value of stock options in 2006, as well as expenses associated with nonvested shares. For the three months ended June

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Results of Operations (continued)

30, 2006, share-based compensation was \$2.2 million, compared to \$282,000 for the same period in 2005. For the six months ended June 30, 2006, share-based compensation was \$4.4 million, compared to \$560,000 for the same period in 2005.

Net Occupancy and Equipment Expense

Summarized below are the major components of net occupancy and equipment expense:

		Three months en June 30,		
(in thousands)	2006	2005		
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 30,407	27 , 333		
Equipment and software rentals	28,636	21,144		
Repairs and maintenance	10,952	13,657		
Impairment of developed software	_			
Other	5,708	7,434		
Totals	\$ 75 , 703	69,568		

nm = not meaningful
na = not applicable

Net occupancy and equipment expense increased \$6.1 million, or 8.8%, and \$15.4 million, or 11.4%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 over the same periods in 2005, respectively. Of the \$15.4 million increase for the six months ended June 30, 2006, \$5.7 million is the result of occupancy and equipment related expenses of TSYS Acquiring.

Depreciation and amortization increased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, as compared to the same periods in 2005, as a result of the depreciation and amortization associated with TSYS Acquiring, as well as the acceleration of amortization of software licenses that are under processing capacity or MIPS agreements. These licenses are amortized using a units-of-production basis. As a result of the deconversions scheduled later this year and next year, TSYS' total future MIPS are expected to decline, resulting in an increase in software amortization for the periods prior to the deconversion dates.

The Company's equipment and software rentals increased in 2006, as compared to 2005, as a result of software licenses that are leased under processing capacity or MIPS agreements, as well as increased equipment expenses associated with providing additional capacity for the scheduled Capital One portfolio conversions.

The Company was developing its Integrated Payments (IP) Platform supporting the on-line and off-line debit and stored value markets, which would have given clients access to all national and regional networks, EBT programs, ATM driving and switching services for online debit processing. Through December 2004, the Company invested a total of \$6.3 million since the project began.

Development relating specifically to the IP on-line debit platform primarily consisted of a third-party software solution. During the first quarter of 2005, the Company evaluated its debit solution and decided to modify its approach in the debit processing market. With the acquisition of TSYS Acquiring

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Results of Operations (continued)

and debit alternatives now available, TSYS determined that it would no longer market this third-party software product as its on-line debit solution. TSYS will continue to support this product for existing clients and will enhance and develop a new solution. As a result, TSYS recognized an impairment charge in net occupancy and equipment expense of approximately \$3.1 million related to this asset during the first quarter of 2005. The impairment charge is reflected in the domestic-based support services segment. As of June 30, 2006, the Company has \$1.0 million capitalized, net of amortization, related to this asset.

Other Operating Expenses

Summarized below are the major components of other operating expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

Three months e

(in thousands)	2006	2005
Third-party data processing services Supplies and stationery	\$ 10,512 7,233	11,652 7,389
Court costs associated with debt collection services	6,466	8 , 295

Professional advisory services	5,931	4,914
Travel and business development	5,070	6 , 052
Amortization of conversion costs	4,506	3,782
Terminal deployment costs	3,643	7,413
Transaction processing provisions	3,340	1,486
Management fees	2,420	2,020
Amortization of acquisition intangibles	856	865
Bad debt expense	(255)	559
Other	12,202	14,753
Totals	\$ 61 , 924	69 , 180
	=======	

nm = not meaningful

Other operating expenses include, among other things, amortization of conversion costs, costs associated with delivering merchant services, professional advisory fees and court costs associated with the Company's debt collection business. Other operating expenses also include charges for processing errors, contractual commitments and bad debt expense. As described in the Critical Accounting Policies section in the 2005 Form 10-K, management's evaluation of the adequacy of its transaction processing reserves and allowance for doubtful accounts is based on a formal analysis which assesses the probability of losses related to contractual contingencies, processing errors and uncollectible accounts. Increases and decreases in transaction processing provisions and charges for bad debt expense are reflected in other operating expenses.

Other operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2006 decreased \$7.3 million, or 10.5%, as compared to the same period in 2005. Other operating expenses for the six months ended

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Results of Operations (continued)

June 30, 2006 increased \$2.7 million, or 2.3%, as compared to the same period in 2005. Of the \$2.7 million increase, \$8.0 million is the result of other operating expenses of TSYS Acquiring.

Operating Income

Operating income increased 11.0% and 9.8% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 over the same periods in 2005. The Company's operating profit margin for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 was 19.7% and 18.6%, respectively, compared to 18.6% and 18.8% for the same periods last year. TSYS' operating margin increased for the quarter as the result of increased usage of value added products and services and management's focus on expense controls offset by increased expenses associated with share-based compensation and increased amortization. The margin for the first six months of 2006 decreased when compared to the same period in 2005 mainly as a result of the consolidated results of TSYS Acquiring.

Nonoperating Income (Expense)

Interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2006 was \$3.4 million, an increase of \$2.3 million, compared to \$1.1 million for the same period in 2005. Interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$5.9 million, an increase of \$3.6 million, compared to \$2.3 million for the same period in 2005. The increase in interest income is primarily attributable to the fluctuations in cash available for investment and changes in short-term interest rates.

Interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2006 was \$85,000, a decrease of \$20,000, compared to \$105,000 for the same period in 2005. Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$129,000, a decrease of \$46,000, compared to \$175,000 for the same period in 2005.

The Company records foreign currency translation adjustments on foreign-denominated balance sheet accounts. The Company maintains several cash accounts denominated in foreign currencies, primarily in Euros and British Pounds Sterling (BPS). As the Company translates the foreign-denominated cash balances into US dollars, the translated cash balance is adjusted upward or downward depending upon the foreign currency exchange movements. The upward or downward adjustment is recorded as a gain or loss on foreign currency translation in the Company's statements of income. As those cash accounts have increased, the upward or downward adjustments have increased. The majority of the translation loss of \$363,000 and \$87,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively, relates to the translation of cash accounts. The balance of the Company's foreign-denominated cash accounts subject to risk of translation gains or losses at June 30, 2006 was approximately \$7.0 million, the majority of which is denominated in Euros.

Income Taxes

TSYS' effective income tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2006 was 35.3%, compared to 34.8% for the same period in 2005. TSYS' effective income tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2006 was 34.4%, compared to 35.0% for the same period in 2005. The calculation of the effective tax rate is income taxes plus income taxes associated with equity income divided by TSYS' pretax income adjusted for minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries' net income and equity pre-tax earnings of its equity investments.

In the normal course of business, TSYS is subject to examinations from various tax authorities. These examinations may alter the timing or amount of taxable income or deductions or the allocation of income among tax jurisdictions. During the first quarter of 2006, TSYS received notices of proposed

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Results of Operations (continued)

adjustments relating to taxes due for the years 2000 through 2003. As a result, TSYS recorded a reduction in previously recorded income tax liabilities of \$1.7 million which reduced income tax expense for the first quarter of 2006 and lowered the effective rate by 2.3%.

TSYS continually monitors and evaluates the potential impact of current events and circumstances on the estimates and assumptions used in the analysis of its income tax positions, and, accordingly, TSYS' effective tax rate may fluctuate in the future. Based on current estimates, TSYS' effective income tax rate for the remainder of 2006 is expected to be in the 35%-36% range.

Equity in Income of Equity Investments

TSYS' share of income from its equity in equity investments was \$1.0 million and \$590,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. TSYS' share of income from its equity in equity investments was \$1.9 million and \$4.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The decrease for the first six months is primarily attributable to the purchase of the remaining 50% of TSYS Acquiring on March 1, 2005 and the inclusion of TSYS Acquiring's operating results in TSYS' statement of income. Refer to Note 10 in the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on the acquisition of TSYS Acquiring.

TSYS Acquiring Solutions, L.L.C.

As a result of the acquisition of control of TSYS Acquiring, TSYS changed from the equity method of accounting for the investment in TSYS Acquiring and began consolidating TSYS Acquiring's balance sheet and results of operations in TSYS' consolidated financial statements beginning March 1, 2005. For the two months in 2005 prior to the acquisition, the Company's equity in income of equity investments related to TSYS Acquiring was \$3.2 million.

Total System Services de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.

The Company has an equity investment with a number of Mexican banks and records its 49% ownership in the equity investment using the equity method of accounting. The operation, Total System Services de Mexico, S.A. de C.V. (TSYS de Mexico), prints statements and provides card-issuing support services to the equity investment clients.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, the Company's equity in income of equity investments related to TSYS de Mexico was \$819,000 and \$1.6 million, respectively, representing a 3.2% and 46.8% increase, or \$25,000 and \$514,000, compared to \$794,000 and \$1.1 million, respectively, for the same periods last year.

TSYS pays TSYS de Mexico a processing support fee for certain client relationship and network services that TSYS de Mexico has assumed from TSYS. TSYS paid TSYS de Mexico a processing support fee of \$41,000 and \$35,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. TSYS paid TSYS de Mexico a processing support fee of \$80,000 and \$69,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

China UnionPay Data Co., Ltd.

Effective November 1, 2005, the Company purchased an initial 34% equity interest in China UnionPay Data Co., Ltd. (CUP Data), the payments-processing subsidiary of China UnionPay Co., Ltd. (CUP). CUP is sanctioned by the People's Bank of China, China's central bank, and has become one of

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Results of Operations (continued)

the world's largest and fastest growing payments networks. CUP Data currently provides transaction processing, disaster recovery and other services for banks and bankcard issuers in China. TSYS' equity in income of equity investments related to CUP Data was approximately \$200,000 and \$259,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006.

TSYS plans to increase its ownership interest in CUP Data to 45% upon its receipt of regulatory approval. Refer to Note 10 in the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on the acquisition of CUP Data.

Net Income

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2006 increased 13.4%, or \$6.8 million, to \$57.4 million, or basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.29, compared to \$50.6 million, or basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.26, for the same period in 2005. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2006 increased 11.4%, or \$11.0 million, to \$107.8 million, or basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.55, compared to \$96.8 million, or basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.49, for the same period in 2005.

Net Profit Margin

The Company's net profit margin for the three months ended June 30, 2006

was 13.4%, compared to 12.3% for the same period last year. The Company's net profit margin for the six months ended June 30, 2006 was 12.8%, compared to 12.7% for the same period last year.

The Company's net profit margin is also impacted by the acquisition of TSYS Acquiring. Prior to acquiring control, TSYS accounted for its investment in TSYS Acquiring using the equity method of accounting. Only TSYS' share of TSYS Acquiring's earnings was included in TSYS' net income. After acquiring control of TSYS Acquiring, TSYS began consolidating TSYS Acquiring's results of operations on March 1, 2005. By consolidating the results of TSYS Acquiring, the impact will be a lower net profit margin as compared to periods that used the equity method of accounting. TSYS' net profit margin increased for the quarter as the result of management's focus on expense controls and increased interest income offset by increased expenses associated with share-based compensation and increased amortization.

Profit Margins and Reimbursable Items

Management believes that reimbursable items distort operating and net profit margins as defined by generally accepted accounting principles. Management evaluates the Company's operating performance based upon operating and net profit margins excluding reimbursable items. Management believes that operating and net profit margins excluding reimbursable items are more useful because reimbursable items do not impact profitability as the Company receives reimbursement for expenses incurred on behalf of its clients.

Below is the reconciliation between reported margins and adjusted margins excluding reimbursable items for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively:

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Results of Operations (continued)

Three months June 30, ______ (in thousands) -----\$ 84,731 76 Operating income \$ 57,406 50 Net income _____ \$429,165 410 Total revenues ======== ==== 19.7 % Operating margin (as reported) _____ Net profit margin (as reported) 13.4 % Revenue before reimbursable items \$342,791 331 Adjusted operating margin 24.7 % _____ ___ Adjusted net profit margin 16.7 % -----====

Projected Outlook for 2006

TSYS expects its 2006 earnings growth to be at the high end of the range of 21%-23%, based on the following assumptions: total revenues will increase 6%-8%

in 2006; accounts on file at the end of 2006 will be approximately 395 million to 405 million; deconversion of Bank of America's consumer portfolio as scheduled in October 2006, with a one-time contract-termination payment of approximately \$69 million and an acceleration of amortization of approximately \$6 million in contract-acquisition costs; and the recognition of revenues and expenses associated with the Capital One agreement beginning in the fourth quarter of 2006.

Projected Outlook for 2007

TSYS' estimated 2007 earnings are expected to decline between 16-14% as compared to estimated 2006 earnings, based on the following assumptions: (1) 2006 earnings growth will be at the high end of the 21-23% range; (2) deconversion of Bank of America's consumer portfolio will occur as scheduled in October 2006, with a one-time contract termination payment of approximately \$69 million and an acceleration of amortization of contract-acquisition costs of approximately \$6 million; (3) including the Bank of America termination payment, estimated total revenues will decline 9-7% in 2007; (4) the conversion of the Capital One portfolio which will begin in July 2006 and end in early 2007 will be successfully completed and recognition of revenues and expenses associated with the agreement will begin in the fourth quarter of 2006; (5) J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. will discontinue its processing $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right)$ schedule and will license TSYS' processing software in 2007; (6) expense reductions in employment, equipment, leases and other areas which are included in 2007 estimates will be accomplished; and (7) TSYS will not incur significant expenses associated with the conversion of new large clients and/or acquisitions.

Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows detail the Company's cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities. TSYS' primary method of funding its operations and growth has been cash generated from current operations and the use of leases. TSYS has occasionally used borrowed funds to supplement financing of capital expenditures and acquisitions.

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Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

Cash Flows From Operating Activities

		Six m
(in thousands)		2006
Net income Depreciation and amortization Other noncash items and charges, net Working capital items	\$	107,799 86,148 (6,286) (59,089)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ =====	128 , 572

TSYS' main source of funds is derived from operating activities, specifically net income. During the six months ended June 30, 2006, the Company generated \$128.6 million in cash from operating activities compared with \$37.8 million for the same period last year. The increase in 2006 in net cash provided by operating activities was primarily the result of the change in the use of cash related to working capital items.

Working capital items include accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other assets, accounts payable, accrued salaries and employee benefits and other current liabilities. The change in accounts receivable at June 30, 2006 as compared to December 31, 2005 is the result of timing of collections compared to billings. The change in accounts payable and other liabilities for the same period is the result of the timing of payments, funding of performance-based incentives and payments of vendor invoices.

Cash Flows From Investing Activities

 Six
 2006
\$ (14,306
(4,437
(8,999
-
2,371
(22, 339
\$ (47,71)
\$ \$

The major uses of cash for investing activities have been the addition of property and equipment, primarily computer equipment, the purchase of licensed computer software and internal development of computer software, investments in contract acquisition costs associated with obtaining and servicing new or existing clients, and business acquisitions. The Company used \$47.7 million in cash for investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2006, compared to \$107.7 million for the same period in 2005. The major use of cash for investing activities in 2005 was for the purchase of TSYS Acquiring.

Property and Equipment

Capital expenditures for property and equipment during the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 were \$8.5 million and \$9.7 million, respectively. For the six month period ended June 30, 2006, capital expenditures for property and equipment were \$14.3 million compared to \$20.4 million for the same period last year.

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Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

Licensed Computer Software from Vendors

Expenditures for licensed computer software from vendors were \$2.7 million and \$4.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Expenditures for licensed computer software from vendors were \$4.4 million and \$10.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These additions relate to annual site licenses for mainframe processing systems whose fees are based upon a measure of TSYS' computer processing capacity, commonly referred to as millions of instructions per second or MIPS.

Internally Developed Computer Software Costs

Additions to capitalized software development costs for the six months ended June 30, 2006 were \$9.0 million, compared to \$10.4 million for the same

period in 2005.

The amount capitalized as software development costs in 2006, is mainly attributable to TSYS Acquiring's development of Express and ESC's development of TSYS Loyalty Platform (TLP). The Company remains committed to developing and enhancing its processing solutions to expand its service offerings. In addition to developing solutions, the Company has expanded its service offerings through strategic acquisitions, such as TSYS Acquiring.

Through its TSYS Acquiring subsidiary, the Company is internally developing Express, which is a tool that will provide a single point of entry system which will enable acquirers to more easily load and maintain their merchant populations. The Company expects to complete Express in phases, and the first phase was introduced in the marketplace in July 2005. The remaining phases continue to be developed and are expected to be introduced in the marketplace by the end of 2006. This project had reached technological feasibility prior to TSYS' acquisition of control of TSYS Acquiring. The Company capitalized approximately \$2.9 million during the three months ended June 30, 2006, and has a total of \$26.3 million capitalized since the project began.

Through its ESC subsidiary, the Company is internally developing an advanced loyalty platform - TSYS Loyalty Platform (TLP). TLP is designed to support transactional speed, complex reward programs and robust analytics tools. The platform offers critical support to all elements of loyalty management, including points processing, tracking, communications, redemption systems and analytics. The Company capitalized approximately \$1.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2006, and has a total of \$7.6 million capitalized since the project began. The project is expected to be fully operational and introduced in the marketplace by July 2006.

The Company was developing its Integrated Payments Platform supporting the on-line and off-line debit and stored value markets, which would have given clients access to all national and regional networks, EBT programs, ATM driving and switching services for online debit processing. The Company invested a total of \$6.3 million since the project began. As previously mentioned on pages 40-41, the Company evaluated its debit solution and decided to modify its approach in the debit processing market. In March 2005, TSYS recognized an impairment charge in net occupancy and equipment expense of approximately \$3.1 million related to its on-line debit solution. As of June 30, 2006, the Company has \$1.0 million capitalized, net of amortization, related to this asset.

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Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

Cash Used in Acquisitions

During the first quarter of 2005, the Company purchased TSYS Acquiring for approximately \$95.8 million, including direct acquisition costs of \$794,000.

On July 11, 2006, TSYS acquired Card Tech, Ltd. and related companies for an aggregate consideration of approximately \$58 million and has renamed the business as TSYS Card Tech. Refer to Note 11 in the notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on the acquisition of TSYS Card Tech.

Dividends Received from Equity Investments

During 2006, the Company $\,$ received a dividend $\,$ payment of \$2.4 million from TSYS de Mexico, compared to \$1.7 million for the same period last year.

Contract Acquisition Costs

TSYS makes cash payments for processing rights, third-party development

costs and other direct salary related costs in connection with converting new customers to the Company's processing systems. The Company's investments in contract acquisition costs were \$12.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006, bringing the total for 2006 to \$22.3 million, compared to \$11.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005. The Company had cash payments for processing rights of approximately \$675,000 and \$3.1 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively. The Company did not have any cash payments for processing rights during the same periods last year.

Conversion cost additions were \$19.2 million and \$11.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The increase in the amount of conversion cost additions for 2006, as compared to 2005, is the result of capitalized costs related to conversions scheduled to occur later in the year.

Cash Flows From Financing Activities

				Six
				200
horrowings	and	canital	\$	(23,
DOLLOWINGS	and	Capitai	rease	(1,
			\$	(24,
	borrowings	borrowings and	borrowings and capital	\$ borrowings and capital lease

The major use of cash for financing activities has been the principal payments on long-term debt borrowings and capital lease obligations and the payment of dividends. The main source of cash from financing activities has been the occasional use of borrowed funds. Net cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$24.7 million mainly as a result of the payments of dividends. Net cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2005 was \$16.1 million mainly as a result of the payments of dividends.

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Financial Position, Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

Line of Credit

TSYS had a \$45.0 million long-term line of credit from a banking affiliate of Synovus. A detailed discussion related to the line of credit is in Note 6 in the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements on page 22. During the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company utilized the automatic draw-down facility for temporary funding and repaid the balances within days of borrowing. The line of credit expired on June 30, 2006.

Stock Repurchase Plan

On April 20, 2006, TSYS announced that its board had approved a stock repurchase plan to purchase up to 2 million shares, which represents slightly more than five percent of the shares of TSYS stock held by shareholders other than Synovus. The shares may be purchased from time to time over a two year period and will depend on various factors including price, market conditions, acquisitions and the general financial position of TSYS. Repurchased shares will be used for general corporate purposes.

On July 24, 2006, TSYS purchased 820,800 shares of TSYS stock in a privately negotiated transaction pursuant to its previously announced stock repurchase plan for aggregate purchase price of approximately \$16.4 million and an average per share price of \$20. The Company has approximately 1.2 million shares remaining that could be repurchased under the share repurchase plan.

Dividends

Dividends on common stock of \$11.9 million were paid during the three months ended June 30, 2006, bringing the total for 2006 to \$23.7 million compared to \$15.8 million paid during the six months ended June 30, 2005. On May 25, 2006, the Company announced an increase in its quarterly dividend of 16.7% from \$0.06 to \$0.07 per share. This dividend amount was paid on July 1, 2006, to shareholders of record at the close of business on June 22, 2006. On April 21, 2005, the Company announced an increase in its quarterly dividend of 50% from \$0.04 to \$0.06 per share.

Significant Noncash Transactions

During the first quarter of 2006, the Company issued 150,775 shares of common stock with a market value of \$3.0 million compared to 221,902 shares of common stock with a market value of \$5.1 million in the first quarter of 2005. These shares are issued to certain key executive officers and non-management members of its board of directors under nonvested shares for services to be provided by such officers and directors in the future. The market value of the common stock at the date of issuance is amortized as compensation expense over the vesting period of the awards.

Refer to Notes 5 and 7 of Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information about share-based compensation.

Foreign Exchange

TSYS operates internationally and is subject to potentially adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates. Since December 2000, TSYS has not entered into foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce its exposure to foreign currency rate changes. TSYS continues to analyze potential hedging instruments to safeguard it from significant foreign currency translation risks.

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Impact of Inflation

Although the impact of inflation on its operations cannot be precisely determined, the Company believes that by controlling its operating expenses, and by taking advantage of more efficient computer hardware and software, it can minimize the impact of inflation.

Working Capital

TSYS may seek additional external sources of capital in the future. The form of any such financing will vary depending upon prevailing market and other conditions and may include short-term or long-term borrowings from financial institutions or the issuance of additional equity and/or debt securities such as industrial revenue bonds. However, there can be no assurance that funds will be available on terms acceptable to TSYS. Management expects that TSYS will continue to be able to fund a significant portion of its capital expenditure needs through internally generated cash in the future, as evidenced by TSYS' current ratio of 2.5:1. At June 30, 2006, TSYS had working capital of \$357.1 million compared to \$235.3 million at December 31, 2005.

Legal Proceedings

The Company is subject to lawsuits, claims and other complaints arising out of the ordinary conduct of its business. In the opinion of management, based in part upon the advice of legal counsel, all matters are believed to be adequately

covered by insurance, or if not covered, are believed to be without merit or are of such kind or involve such amounts that would not have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company if disposed of unfavorably. The Company establishes reserves for expected future litigation exposures that TSYS determines to be both probable and reasonably estimable.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, as filed with the SEC, contains a discussion of recent accounting pronouncements and the expected impact on the Company's financial statements.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109." FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return.

FIN 48 provides a two-step process in the evaluation of a tax position. The first step is recognition. The Company determines whether it is more-likely-than-not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination, including a resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based upon the technical merits of the position. The second step is measurement. A tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold is measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement.

FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting FIN 48 on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows, but has yet to complete its assessment.

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Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this filing which are not statements of historical fact constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act (the Act). These forward-looking statements include, among others: (i) TSYS' expectation that it will deconvert Bank of America's consumer accounts in October of 2006; (ii) TSYS' expectation that it will continue providing commercial and small business card processing for Bank of America and MBNA, as well as merchant processing for Bank of America; (iii) the estimated termination fee to be paid by Bank of America in connection with termination of its processing agreement; (iv) TSYS' belief that the loss of revenues from the Bank of America consumer card portfolio for 2006 should not have a material adverse effect on TSYS for 2006 and that the payment of the termination fee associated with the deconversion should have a positive effect on TSYS for 2006; (v) TSYS' expectation that it will convert Capital One's portfolio in phases beginning in mid-2006 and ending in early 2007; (vi) TSYS' expectation that it will maintain the card processing functions of Capital One for at least five years; (vii) TSYS' expectation that it will maintain the card processing functions of Chase for at least two years and that Chase will discontinue its processing agreement according to the original schedule and license TSYS' processing software in 2007; (viii) TSYS' expectation that it will continue to process commercial card accounts for Citibank, as well as Citibank's Banamex USA consumer accounts; (ix) TSYS' belief that the loss of revenue from the Sears portfolio for 2006 should not have a material adverse effect on TSYS for 2006; (x) TSYS' expected earnings growth for 2006; (xi) TSYS' estimated 2007 earnings; (xii) TSYS' belief with respect to lawsuits, claims and other

complaints; (xiii) TSYS' expectation that total future MIPS will decline resulting in an increase in software amortization; (xiv) the expected market introduction dates of various development projects; and the assumptions underlying such statements, including, with respect to TSYS' expected increase in earnings for 2006: (a) an increase in revenues of 6% to 8%; (b) accounts on file at the end of 2006 will be approximately 395 million to 405 million; (c) deconversion of Bank of America's consumer portfolio in October 2006 with a one-time termination payment of approximately \$69 million and an acceleration of amortization of approximately \$6 million in contract-acquisition costs; and (d) recognition of revenues and expenses associated with the Capital One agreement beginning in the fourth guarter of 2006, and further including , with respect to TSYS' estimated 2007 earnings: (a) 2006 earnings growth will be at the high end of the 21-23% range; (b) deconversion of Bank of America's consumer portfolio will occur as scheduled in October 2006, with a one-time contract termination payment of approximately \$69 million and an acceleration of amortization of contract-acquisition costs of approximately \$6 million; (c) including the Bank of America termination payment, estimated total revenues will decline 9-7% in 2007; (d) the conversion of the Capital One portfolio which will begin in July 2006 and end in early 2007 will be successfully completed and recognition of revenues and expenses associated with the agreement will begin in the fourth quarter of 2006; (e) J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. will discontinue its processing agreement according to the original schedule and will license TSYS' processing software in 2007; (f) expense reductions in employment, equipment, leases and other areas which are included in 2007 estimates will be accomplished; and (g) TSYS will not incur significant expenses associated with the conversion of new large clients and/or acquisitions. In addition, certain statements in future filings by TSYS with the Securities and Exchange Commission, in press releases, and in oral and written statements made by or with the approval of TSYS which are not statements of historical fact constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Act. Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: (i) projections of revenue, income or loss, earnings or loss per share, the payment or nonpayment of dividends, capital structure and other financial items; (ii) statements of plans and objectives of TSYS or its management or Board of Directors, including those relating to products or services; (iii) statements of future economic performance; and (iv) statements of assumptions underlying such statements. Words such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "targeted," "estimates," "projects," "plans," "may," "could,"

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Forward-Looking Statements (continued)

"should," "would," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying these statements.

These statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of TSYS' management and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements. A number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by our forward-looking statements. Many of these factors are beyond TSYS' ability to control or predict. These factors include, but are not limited to: (i) revenues that are lower than anticipated; (ii) Bank of America does not deconvert as anticipated, amortization of related contract acquisition costs is not accelerated as anticipated and the termination fee is not in the amount anticipated; (iii) accounts on file at the end of 2006 are lower than anticipated; (iv) TSYS incurs expenses associated with the signing of a significant client; (v) internal growth rates for TSYS' existing clients are lower than anticipated; (vi) TSYS does not convert and deconvert clients' portfolios as scheduled; (vii) adverse developments with respect to

foreign currency exchange rates; (viii) adverse developments with respect to entering into contracts with new clients and retaining current clients; (ix) continued consolidation in the financial services industry, including the merger of TSYS clients with entities that are not TSYS clients or the sale of portfolios by TSYS clients to entities that are not TSYS clients; (x) TSYS is unable to control expenses and increase market share, both domestically and internationally; (xi) adverse developments with respect to the credit card industry in general, including a decline in the use of cards as a payment mechanism; (xii) TSYS is unable to successfully manage any impact from slowing economic conditions or consumer spending; (xiii) the impact of acquisitions, including their being more difficult to integrate than anticipated; (xiv) the costs and effects of litigation, investigations or similar matters or adverse facts and developments relating thereto; (xv) the impact of the application of and/or changes in accounting principles; (xvi) TSYS' inability to timely, successfully and cost-effectively improve and implement processing systems to provide new products, increased functionality and increased efficiencies; (xvii) TSYS' inability to anticipate and respond to technological changes, particularly with respect to e-commerce; (xviii) changes occur in laws, regulations, credit card associations rules or other industry standards affecting TSYS' business which require significant product redevelopment efforts or reduce the market for or value of its products; (xix) successfully managing the potential both for patent protection and patent liability in the context of rapidly developing legal framework for expansive patent protection; (xx) no material breach of security of any of our systems; (xxi) overall market conditions; (xxii) the loss of a major supplier; (xxiii) the impact on TSYS' business, as well as on the risks set forth above, of various domestic or international military or terrorist activities or conflicts; and (xxiv) TSYS' ability to manage the foregoing and other risks.

These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made and TSYS does not intend to update any forward-looking statement as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

TSYS is exposed to foreign exchange risk because it has assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses denominated in foreign currencies including the Euro, British Pounds Sterling (BPS), Mexican Peso, Canadian Dollar, Japanese Yen, Chinese Renminbi and Brazilian Real. These currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at current exchange rates, except for revenues, costs and expenses, and net income, which are translated at the average exchange rates for each reporting period. Net exchange gains or losses resulting from the translation of assets and liabilities of TSYS' foreign operations, net of tax, are accumulated in a separate section of shareholders' equity, titled "accumulated other comprehensive income or loss." The following represents the amount of other comprehensive gain and loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively:

Three months en (in millions)

June 30,

2006

Other comprehensive gain (loss)

\$ 4.3

(

Currently, TSYS does not use financial instruments to hedge its exposure to exchange rate changes.

The following represents the carrying value of the net assets of its foreign operations in U.S. dollars at June 30, 2006:

(in millions)	June 30, 2006
Europe China	\$ 141.1 37.9
Japan	14.1
Mexico Canada	5.1 0.8
Brazil	0.3

The Company also records foreign currency translation adjustments associated with other balance sheet accounts. The Company maintains several cash accounts denominated in foreign currencies, primarily in Euros and BPS. As the Company translates the foreign-denominated cash balances into US dollars, the translated cash balance is adjusted upward or downward depending upon the foreign currency exchange movements. The upward or downward adjustment is recorded as a gain or loss on foreign currency translation in the Company's statements of income. As those cash accounts have increased, the upward or downward adjustments have increased. The majority of the translation loss of \$363,000 and \$87,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively, relates to the translation of cash accounts. The balance of the foreign-denominated cash accounts subject to risk of translation gains or losses at June 30, 2006 was approximately \$7.0 million, the majority of which is denominated in Euros.

The following represents the potential effect on income before income taxes of hypothetical shifts in the foreign currency exchange rates and the U.S. dollar of plus or minus 100 basis points, 500

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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk (continued)

basis points and 1,000 basis points based on the foreign-denominated cash account balance at June 30, 2006.

		Effec	
		Increase in basis point of	
(in thousands)	100	500	
Effect on income before income taxes	\$ (70)	(349)	

The foreign currency risks associated with other currencies is not significant.

Interest Rate Risk

TSYS is also exposed to interest rate risk associated with the investing of available cash and the use of long-term debt associated with its line of credit as discussed below. TSYS invests available cash in conservative short-term instruments and is primarily subject to changes in the short-term interest rates.

In connection with the purchase of the TSYS campus, TSYS obtained a \$45.0 million long-term line of credit from a banking affiliate of Synovus. The line was an automatic draw down facility. The interest rate for the line of credit was the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 150 basis points. In addition, there was a charge of 15 basis points on any funds unused. The line of credit was unsecured debt and included covenants requiring us to maintain certain minimum financial ratios. The line of credit expired on June 30, 2006.

Concentration of Credit Risk

TSYS works to maintain a large and diverse client base across various industries to minimize the credit risk of any one client to TSYS' accounts receivable amounts. In addition, TSYS performs ongoing credit evaluations of its certain clients' and certain suppliers' financial condition. TSYS does, however, have two major customers that account for a large portion of its revenues, which subjects it to credit risk.

Concentration of Client Base

A significant amount of TSYS' revenues are derived from long-term contracts with large clients, including certain major customers. Processing contracts with large clients, representing a significant portion of TSYS' total revenues, generally provide for discounts on certain services based on the size and activity of clients' portfolios. Therefore, electronic payment and merchant services processing revenues and the related margins are influenced by the client mix relative to the size of client card portfolios, as well as the number and activity of individual cardholder accounts processed for each client. Consolidation among financial institutions has resulted in an increasingly concentrated client base, which results in a change in client mix directed toward larger clients.

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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk (continued)

TSYS works to minimize the risk of any one client accounting for a large portion of its revenues. TSYS has two major customers that account for a large portion of its revenues. In addition to the two major customers, the Company has other large clients representing a significant portion of its total revenues. The loss of any one of its large clients could have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

Concentration of Suppliers

TSYS utilizes several large and diverse suppliers across various industries to minimize its reliance on any one supplier. However, TSYS does rely on a relatively few major suppliers for a significant portion of its licensed computer software and hardware needs. The relationship with these particular vendors is well established. These particular vendors are large, well-known and

respected entities in their industry, which is believed to minimize the Company's risk, but the loss of any one of these major licensed computer software and hardware suppliers could have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Item 4 - Controls and Procedures

We have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report as required by Rule 13a-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer. Based on this evaluation, these officers have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to TSYS (including its consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in our periodic SEC filings. No change in TSYS' internal control over financial reporting occurred during the period covered by this report that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC. Part II - Other Information

Item 1A - Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, which could materially affect the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. The risks described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing the Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to the Company or that the Company currently deems to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 2 - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's purchases of its common stock on a monthly basis during the three months ended June 30, 2006:

Total Number of Aver

Period		Paid Sha
April 2006	-	\$-
May 2006 June 2006	- - 	- -
Total		\$-

In April 2006, the Company announced a plan to purchase up to $2.0\,\mathrm{million}$ shares of its common stock from time to time and at prices attractive to management over the ensuing two years.

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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC. Part II - Other Information

Item 4 - Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The annual shareholders' meeting of Total System Services, Inc. was held April 20, 2006. There were four proposals voted on at the meeting.

Proposal I voted on at the meeting was the election of six class II directors. Following is a tabulation of votes for each nominee:

NOMINEE	VOTES FOR
James H. Blanchard	188,076,5
Richard Y. Bradley	187,304,4
Walter W. Driver Jr.	186,891,8
Gardiner W. Garrard Jr.	187,230,9
John P. Illges III	188,030,4
W. Walter Miller Jr.	185,969,2

Kriss Cloninger III, G. Wayne Clough, Sidney E. Harris, Alfred W. Jones III, Mason H. Lampton, H. Lynn Page, Philip W. Tomlinson, John T. Turner, Richard W. Ussery, M. Troy Woods, James D. Yancey and Rebecca K. Yarbrough also continued to serve as directors following the annual shareholders' meeting.

Proposal II voted on at the meeting was setting the number of directors on the Board at nineteen. Following is a tabulation of votes:

FOR	187,558,846
AGAINST	1,227,786
ABSTAIN	52,374

Proposal III voted on at the meeting was the approval of the Synovus Financial Corp. Executive Cash Bonus Plan. Following is a tabulation of votes:

FOR	186,294,131
AGAINST	2,458,476
ABSTAIN	86,398

Proposal IV voted on at the meeting was the ratification of the appointment of KPMG LLP as the Independent Auditor. Following is a tabulation of votes:

FOR	188,459,467
AGAINST	239,128
ABSTAIN	140,412

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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC. Part II - Other Information

Item 6 - Exhibits

a)	Exhibits Exhibit	Number	Description
		31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
		31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
		32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC. SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC.

Date:	August 4,	2006	by: /s/ Philip W. Tomlinson
			Philip W. Tomlinson Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer
Date:	August 4,	2006	by: /s/ James B. Lipham
		James B. Lipham Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	

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TOTAL SYSTEM SERVICES, INC. Exhibit Index

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