## ENLIGHTEN SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS INC Form 10QSB May 14, 2001

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-QSB

(MARK	ONE)			
[X]	QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 ACT OF 1934	OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANG	ΞE	
	FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD	ENDED MARCH 31, 2001		
	OR			
[ ]	TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13	3 OR 15 (d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT		
	FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FRO	OM MO		
	COMMISSION FILE N	NUMBER 0-23446		
ENLIGHTEN SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS, INC. (Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)				
	CALIFORNIA	94-3008888		
	(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification Numbe	er)	
	1900 SOUTH NORFOLK STREET, SUITE 2	220, SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94403		
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)				
	(650) 578	3-0700		
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)				
	999 BAKER WAY, FIFTH FLOOR, S	SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA 94404		
(Forme	ar address of principal executive off	fices including zin code if change	- d	

(Former address of principal executive offices, including zip code, if changed since last report)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No  $[\ ]$ 

As of May 11, 2001, there were 4,979,812 shares of the issuer's common stock, no par value per share, outstanding.

ENLIGHTEN SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS, INC.

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-QSB THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2001

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PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ENLIGHTEN SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

		March 31, 2001
ASSETS		
Current assets:  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	63,800
doubtful accounts of \$5,000 and \$5,000, respectively  Prepaid expenses and other current assets		244,100 28,800
Total current assets		336,700 230,400 377,300
	\$	944,400
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' (DEFICIT) EQUITY Current liabilities:		
Trade accounts payable	\$	550,500 173,200 325,000 230,200
Total current liabilities		1,278,900
Commitments and contingencies Shareholders' (deficit) equity: Preferred stock, 1,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding		
authorized, 4,979,812 and 4,972,312 issued and outstanding at March 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, respectively  Deferred stock-based compensation	(1	1,253,700 (2,100) 1,586,100)
Total shareholders' (deficit) equity		(334,500)
	\$ ===	944,400

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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ENLIGHTEN SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(UNAUDITED)

	Three Mo Marc	
	2001	
Revenue:  Product licenses  Product maintenance  Consulting services  Royalties	\$ 254,100 52,800 39,200 	
Total revenue	346,100	
Cost of revenue: Product licenses Product maintenance Consulting services	1,700 4,800	
Total cost of revenue	6,500	
Gross margin	339,600	
Operating expenses: Research and development	302,700 398,200 325,800	
Total operating expenses	1,026,800	
Operating loss	(687,200) 40,000	
Loss before income taxes	(647,200)	
Provision for income taxes	(800)	
Net loss	\$ (648,000)	
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.13)	
Shares used in computing basic and diluted net loss per share	4,977,312 =======	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

		2001
Cash flows from operating activities:	<u> </u>	(610.0
Net loss	\$	(648,0
Depreciation and amortization		32 <b>,</b> 4
Accounts receivable		(195,1
Prepaid expenses and other assets		31,1
Trade accounts payable		320,6
Accrued and other liabilities		(95,1
Deferred revenue		114,0
Net cash used in operating activities		(439 <b>,</b> 5
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capitalization of software development costs		
Purchases of property and equipment		(6 <b>,</b> 7
Net cash used in investing activities		(6 <b>,</b> 7
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Borrowings under convertible note payable		325,0
Proceeds from issuance of stock		2,4
Net cash provided by financing activities		327,4
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(118,8 182,6
oadh and cabh equivalence at beginning of periods		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of periods	\$ ==	63 <b>,</b> 8
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$	
Cash paid for income taxes	== \$	<b>=====</b>
	==	======
Non-cash financing and investing activity:		
Issuance of warrants in connection with convertible note payable	\$	======
Deferred stock based compensation	\$	2,0
	==	======

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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ENLIGHTEN SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by Enlighten Software Solutions, Inc. and subsidiary ("Enlighten"), without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-QSB and therefore certain information and note disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted. However, Enlighten believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in Enlighten's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2000.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included herein reflect all adjustments (which include only normal, recurring adjustments) that are, in the opinion of management, necessary to state fairly the consolidated financial position and results of operations as of and for the periods presented. The results for such periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Certain amounts in the condensed consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2000 and for the three months ended March 31, 2000, have been reclassified to conform with the 2001 presentation.

#### 2. Revenue Recognition

Enlighten recognizes product license revenue upon shipment if a signed contract exists, the fee is fixed and determinable, collection of resulting receivables is probable and product returns are reasonably estimable. Product license revenues that are contingent upon sale to an end-user by OEM's are recognized upon receipt of quarterly reports of shipments from OEMs.

Enlighten recognizes revenue from maintenance fees for ongoing customer support and product updates ratably over the contract period, generally one year. Payments for maintenance fees are generally made in advance and are non-refundable. Consulting service revenue is recognized

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# ENLIGHTEN SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

when services are performed for time and material contracts and on a percentage of completion basis for fixed price contracts.

During the three months ended March 31, 2001, Enlighten had three customers that represented 34%, 22% and 11% of total revenue, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2000, Enlighten had two customers that represented 29% and 27% of total revenue, respectively.

#### 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Enlighten considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

### 4. Comprehensive Loss

Unrealized gains or losses on investments represent the only component of comprehensive loss, other than net loss. As of March 31, 2001 and 2000, the tax effects related to the component of other comprehensive loss were not significant. A summary of comprehensive loss follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2001	2000
Net loss Unrealized gain on securities	\$ (648,000)	\$(1,259,500) 8,000
Comprehensive loss	\$ (648,000) ======	\$(1,251,500) ======

### 5. Net Loss Per Share

Basic net loss per share is calculated by dividing net loss by the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per share is calculated by dividing net loss by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding plus all potentially dilutive common shares outstanding. Potentially dilutive common shares included in the dilution calculation consist of dilutive shares issuable upon the exercise of outstanding common stock options and warrants computed using the treasury stock method. For the periods in which Enlighten had losses, potential common shares from common stock options and warrants are excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share, as their effects are antidilutive.

The following is a reconciliation of the weighted average common shares used to calculate basic net loss per share to the weighted average common and potentially dilutive common shares used to calculate diluted net loss per share:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2001	2000
Weighted average common shares used to calculate basic net loss per share	4,977,312	4,229,589

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# ENLIGHTEN SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Stock options Warrants		
Weighted average common and potentially dilutive common shares used to calculate diluted		
loss per share	4,977,312	4,229,589
	=======	=======

Stock options and warrants to purchase 4,401,019 and 1,429,476 shares of common stock for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, were outstanding but not included in the computation of diluted earnings per common share because they are anti-dilutive as a result of Enlighten's net loss.

#### 6. Notes Payable

In February 2001, Enlighten entered into a loan agreement with Maden Tech Consulting, Inc., a privately held Delaware corporation, through which Enlighten obtained a credit facility from Maden Tech. Under the loan agreement, Maden Tech agreed to provide an initial advance of \$100,000 and, in the sole discretion of Maden Tech, additional advances under a credit facility providing for total borrowings in the aggregate amount of up to \$1,118,250. All amounts extended under the credit facility are secured by Enlighten's core products, technology and intellectual property and are evidenced by a convertible note repayable upon demand by Maden Tech made after July 15, 2001. Interest shall be paid quarterly at a rate equal to the Federal short-term rate announced by the Internal Revenue Service, calculated monthly, 4.75% at March 31, 2001.

To satisfy certain of the conditions precedent specified in the loan agreement, on March 6, 2001, Enlighten (1) expanded the size of the board of directors from four to seven members, (2) caused one of our incumbent directors to resign effective upon the receipt of the initial advance, and (3) appointed four individuals designated by Maden Tech to serve on the board of directors. In addition, Omar Maden, the sole stockholder, Chief Executive Officer and a

director of Maden Tech, was appointed to serve as Chief Executive Officer of Enlighten effective immediately following the initial advance.

Subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events, Maden Tech is entitled to convert amounts extended under the credit facility into shares of common stock at a conversion price of \$0.225 per share. Accordingly, as a result of the initial \$100,000 advance made by Maden Tech on March 6, 2001, Maden Tech acquired beneficial ownership of 444,444 shares of common stock. On March 12, 2001 and March 28, 2001, Maden Tech advanced additional amounts of \$75,000 and \$150,000, respectively. This \$225,000 can be converted into an aggregate of an additional 1,000,000 shares of common stock. Maden Tech expects to acquire beneficial ownership of additional shares of our common stock as additional amounts are loaned to Enlighten under the credit facility. If the credit facility were fully extended, Maden Tech would acquire the right to convert the indebtedness into up to 49.9% of the shares of common stock

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ENLIGHTEN SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

then outstanding (excluding, for the purpose of such calculation, shares of common stock issuable upon exercise by Maden Tech of the warrant described in the next paragraph).

As a condition precedent to obtaining the initial advance, on March 6, 2001, Enlighten granted Maden Tech a warrant to purchase up to 2,000,000 shares of common stock. The warrant is immediately exercisable and will remain exercisable until March 6, 2002, at a price equal to the trailing five-day average closing price of our common stock calculated as of the trading day immediately before the date of exercise. Accordingly, as of March 31, 2001, Maden Tech beneficially owned 3,444,444 shares of common stock, representing 40.9% of the shares of common stock then outstanding.

As of March 31, 2001, Maden Tech has advanced a total of \$325,000 under the credit facility.

#### 6. Subsequent Events

On April 6, 2001, April 11, 2001 and April 25, 2001, Maden Tech advanced additional amounts of \$50,000, \$50,000 and \$75,000, respectively. This \$175,000 can be converted into an aggregate of an additional 777,777 shares of common stock. Accordingly, as of May 11, 2001, Maden Tech beneficially owned 4,222,222 shares of our common stock, representing 45.9% of the shares of common stock then outstanding.

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## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with our financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere herein. Except for historical information contained herein, the following discussion contains forward-looking statements based on current expectations that involve certain risks and uncertainties. Such forward-looking statements include, among

others, those statements including the words "expects," "anticipates,"
"intends," "believes" and similar language. Our actual results could differ
materially from those discussed herein. Factors that could cause actual results
or performance to differ materially or contribute to such differences include,
but are not limited to, those discussed below in "Factors That May Affect Future
Results" and "Liquidity and Capital Resources."

#### OVERVIEW

We provide software products that allow the user to automate configuration and management tasks and monitor critical performance and operational characteristics of computer servers and workstations in the commercial environment. Our products allow the user to manage many computers through a single console view of its computer infrastructure. Our product is available for multiple operating systems within three distinct categories of computer and software architecture, including Unix, Linux and Windows. Our products enable users of computer servers and workstations that are networked or Internet based to manage their operations across various sites. Our core product, EnlightenDSM(TM), allows companies to manage their mission critical computer servers and workstations by enabling system managers and administrators to standardize the management of diverse computer operating systems, such as Unix, Linux, FreeBSD and Windows, and to monitor the on-going performance and availability of many different systems running together.

Our software manages products from vendors such as Compaq Computer Corporation, Hewlett-Packard Company, International Business Machines Corporation, Intel Corporation, Microsoft Corporation, The Santa Cruz Operation, Inc., Silicon Graphics, Inc., Sun Microsystems, Inc., Red Hat, Inc., TurboLinux, Inc., Caldera Systems, Inc. and SuSE, Inc. Our award winning EnlightenDSM product suite is a fully integrated, cross-platform software solution.

The key elements of our strategy include enabling the integration of Linux into the corporate environment, focusing on the mid-sized organization and departments of larger companies, adding timely effective manageability to Internet based application environments and distributing our products through third-party relationships such as systems management and other software application vendors, systems management service providers, and Linux hardware and appliance manufacturers and directly to end-user customers.

VARIABILITY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

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We have experienced significant quarterly fluctuations in our operating results and expect that these fluctuations will continue in future periods. These fluctuations have been caused by a number of factors, including the timing of new product or product enhancement introductions by us or our competitors, the development and introduction of new operating systems that require additional development efforts, purchasing patterns of our customers, size and timing of individual orders, the rate of customer acceptance of new products and pricing and promotion strategies undertaken by us or our competitors. Future operating results may fluctuate as a result of these and other factors, including our ability to continue to develop, acquire, and introduce new products on a timely basis, the timing and level of sales by our OEMs or other third-party licensees of computer systems or software incorporating our products, technological changes in computer systems and environments, quality control of the products sold and general economic conditions. Additionally, our operating results may be influenced by seasonality and overall trends in the global economy. Because we operate with a relatively small backlog, quarterly

sales and operating results generally depend on the volume and timing of orders received during the quarter, which are difficult to forecast. Historically, we have recognized a substantial portion of our license revenues in the last month of the quarter. Since our staffing levels and other operating expenses are based upon anticipated revenues, delays in the receipt of orders can cause significant fluctuations in income from quarter to quarter.

HISTORICAL RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Revenue

Net revenue decreased \$90,100, or 21%, to \$346,100 in the first quarter of 2001, as compared to the first quarter of 2000. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in product maintenance revenue received from SGI. For the first quarter of 2000, product license revenues from our relationship with SGI were not included in operating results. In prior quarters, SGI provided Enlighten with revenue information prior to the issuance of Enlighten's interim financial information and thus revenue had been recorded in the period in which SGI shipped its servers and workstations. During the first quarter of 2000, SGI did not report revenue prior to the issuance of Enlighten's interim financial information and beginning in the second quarter of 2000, product license revenues from SGI are recorded in the quarter in which the report is received from SGI. Additionally, the first quarter of 2001 is the final quarter in which Enlighten will record revenues from SGI.

Revenue from product license fees increased \$74,200, or 41%, to \$254,000 in the first quarter of 2001, as compared to the first quarter of 2000. The increase was primarily attributable to revenues reported from the SGI OEM relationship during the first quarter of 2001, partially offset by a decrease in end-user customer license revenues.

Revenue from product maintenance fees decreased by \$119,300, or 69%, to \$52,800 in the first quarter of 2001, as compared to the first quarter of 2000. The decrease was primarily attributable to product maintenance revenue received from SGI under our OEM relationship

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received during the first quarter of 2000. The portion of this relationship for which we received product maintenance revenues ended in the fourth quarter of 2000.

Revenue from consulting services decreased by \$29,200, or 43%, to \$39,200 in the first quarter of 2001, as compared to the first quarter of 2000. The decrease was primarily attributable to the non-recurring engineering revenues received during the first quarter of 2000 related to Enlighten's 1999 strategic relationship with Intel. There were no similar consulting services revenue during the first quarter of 2001. During the first quarter of 2001, Enlighten recognized consulting services revenue from product installation assistance and training of our end-user customers.

Royalties consist primarily of royalties from BMC Corporation ("BMC"), formerly New Dimensions Software, Inc., from product license fees and product maintenance fees generated by the Tandem product line sold to BMC in October 1997. Total royalties decreased by \$15,800, or 100%, in the first quarter of 2001, as compared to the first quarter of 2000. The decrease was attributable to the expiration of the royalty period in September 2000.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of license revenue consists of royalties paid to third parties, amortization of software development costs, product packaging, documentation and software media. Cost of license revenue decreased by \$24,800, or 100%, in the first quarter of 2001, as compared to the first quarter of 2000. This decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in royalties paid to third parties, fully amortizing software development costs in the fourth quarter of 2000 and a decrease in the quantity of hardcopy product documentation and software media shipped during the first quarter of 2001.

Cost of maintenance revenue includes customer support costs, such as hot-line and on-site support. Cost of maintenance revenue decreased by \$55,100, or 97%, in the first quarter of 2001, as compared to the first quarter of 2000. This decrease was due primarily to a decrease in customer support headcount and personnel related costs.

Cost of consulting services revenue consists of the direct costs required to provide the consulting services. Cost of consulting services revenue decreased by \$40,800, or 89%, in the first quarter of 2001, as compared to the first quarter of 2000. This decrease is due primarily to a decrease in fees paid to third party software development vendors incurred in our strategic relationship with Intel.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses consist of personnel expenses and associated overhead, the costs of short-term independent contractors required in connection with product development efforts and software

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development costs less amounts capitalized. Enlighten's investment in research and development, prior to the reduction for capitalization of software development costs, was \$302,700 and \$621,300, respectively, representing 87% and 142% of total revenue for the first quarter of 2001 and the first quarter of 2000, respectively. The decrease of \$318,600, or 51%, in the first quarter of 2001, as compared to the first quarter of 2000, was primarily attributable to lower personnel related expenses due to lower headcount. Enlighten capitalized approximately \$10,200 of software development costs in the first quarter of 2000 which represented approximately 2% of total research and development expenditures incurred during the quarter. There were no software development costs capitalized in the first quarter of 2001. The amount of capitalized software development costs in any given period may vary depending on the nature of the development performed.

Costs incurred in the research and development of new software products are expensed as incurred until technological feasibility is established.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses include costs of sales and marketing personnel, advertising and promotion expenses, travel and entertainment, and other selling and marketing costs. Sales and marketing expenses decreased by \$281,900, or 41%, to \$398,200 in the first quarter of 2001, as compared to the first quarter of 2000. This decrease was primarily attributable to lower personnel related expenses due to lower headcount and decreases in recruiting and trade show expenses.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses include personnel costs for finance, administration, information systems, and general management, as well as professional fees, legal expenses, and other administrative costs. General and administrative expenses increased by \$31,800, or 11%, to \$325,800 in the first quarter of 2001, as compared to the first quarter of 2000. The increase was primarily attributable to higher legal and other professional expenses incurred in connection with certain corporate governance matters and our relationship with Maden Tech Consulting, Inc., partially offset by decreases in personnel related expenses due to lower headcount.

Other income, net

Other income and expense includes interest income net of interest expense, foreign exchange gains and losses and gains from closure of UK operations. Interest income is primarily derived from short-term interest-bearing securities and money market accounts. Other income, net increased by \$22,000, or 123%, to \$40,000 in the first quarter of 2001, as compared to the first quarter of 2000, primarily due to a gain related to the liquidation of our dormant operations in the UK, partially offset by a decrease in interest income due to a lower average balance of invested cash.

Provision for income taxes

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Provision for income taxes consists of the minimum California state income taxes due for 2001, and the minimum California and New Jersey state income taxes due for 2000. No tax benefits have been recognized during the first quarter of either 2001 or 2000 due to the uncertainty related to Enlighten's ability to recognize a tax benefit for loss and credit carryforwards.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At March 31, 2001, our cash balance was \$63,800, representing 7% of total assets. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with original maturities of ninety days or less. Our working capital deficit was \$942,200 as of March 31, 2001. We had debt of \$325,000 as of March 31, 2001 in addition to normal trade payables and accrued liabilities. Shareholders' deficit as of March 31, 2001 was \$334,500.

During the three months ended March 31, 2001, our operating activities used cash of \$439,500, compared to cash used by operating activities of \$318,700 in the same period in the prior year. The increase in cash used by operating activities was principally caused by changes in the balances of operating assets and liabilities, partially offset by a decrease in net loss.

Enlighten's investing activities consisted primarily of additions to capital equipment in 2001 and 2000 and the capitalization of software development costs in 2000, which represented \$6,700 and \$29,400 of cash used for investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Financing activities consisted primarily of the issuance of common stock and advances under a convertible note payable. Financing activities provided cash of \$327,400 in the first quarter of 2001, compared with cash provided of \$51,000 in the same period of 2000. Cash provided from financing activities in the first quarter of 2001 consisted primarily of advances on the loan agreement with Maden Tech. Cash provided from financing activities in the first quarter of

2000 consisted of proceeds from the exercise of employee stock options and the employee stock purchase plan.

We will require substantial additional funding to fund our current obligations and meet our other obligations through 2001. To that end, in February 2001, we entered into a loan agreement with Maden Tech, through which we obtained a credit facility from Maden Tech. Under the loan agreement, Maden Tech agreed to provide us an initial advance of \$100,000 and, in the sole discretion of Maden Tech, additional advances under a credit facility providing for total borrowings in the aggregate amount of up to \$1,118,250. All amounts extended under the credit facility are secured by our core products, technology and intellectual property and are evidenced by a convertible note repayable upon demand by Maden Tech after July 15, 2001. Interest shall be paid quarterly at a rate equal to the Federal short-term rate announced by the Internal Revenue Service, calculated monthly, 4.75% at March 31, 2001.

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To satisfy certain of the conditions precedent specified in the loan agreement, on March 6, 2001, we (1) expanded the size of our board of directors from four to seven members, (2) caused one of our incumbent directors to resign effective upon the receipt of the initial advance, and (3) appointed four individuals designated by Maden Tech to serve on our board of directors. In addition, Omar Maden, the sole stockholder, Chief Executive Officer and a director of Maden Tech, was appointed to serve as our Chief Executive Officer effective immediately following the initial advance.

Subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events, Maden Tech is entitled to convert amounts extended under the credit facility into shares of our common stock at a conversion price of \$0.225 per share. Accordingly, as a result of the initial \$100,000 advance made by Maden Tech on March 6, 2001, Maden Tech acquired beneficial ownership of 444,444 shares of our common stock. On March 12, 2001 and March 28, 2001, Maden Tech advanced additional amounts of \$75,000 and \$150,000, respectively. This \$225,000 can be converted in to an aggregate of an additional 1,000,000 shares of common stock. Maden Tech expects to acquire beneficial ownership of additional shares of our common stock as additional amounts are loaned to us under the credit facility. If the credit facility were fully extended, Maden Tech would acquire the right to convert the indebtedness into up to 49.9% of the shares of our common stock then outstanding (excluding, for the purpose of such calculation, shares of common stock issuable upon exercise by Maden Tech of the warrant described in the next paragraph).

As a condition precedent to obtaining the initial advance, on March 6, 2001, we granted Maden Tech a warrant to purchase up to 2,000,000 shares of our common stock. The warrant is immediately exercisable and will remain exercisable until March 6, 2002, at a price equal to the trailing five-day average closing price of our common stock calculated as of the trading day immediately before the date of exercise. Accordingly, as of March 31, 2001, Maden Tech beneficially owned 3,444,444 shares of our common stock, representing 40.9% of the shares of common stock then outstanding.

On April 6, 2001, April 11, 2001 and April 25, 2001, Maden Tech advanced additional amounts of \$50,000, \$50,000 and \$75,000, respectively. This \$175,000 can be converted into an aggregate of an additional 777,777 shares of common stock. Accordingly, as of May 11, 2001, Maden Tech beneficially owned 4,222,222 shares of our common stock, representing 45.9% of the shares of common stock then outstanding.

In conjunction with our agreement with Maden Tech, we are refocusing our

business strategy from a technology orientation to a solutions based sales and marketing effort. Additionally, we implemented a plan to decrease our operating expenses to a level for which our historical sales volume can support. As a result, our headcount decreased as engineering positions were eliminated and through increased attrition in other departments. We will continue our effort to add OEM partners and increase our end-user customer sales for both product license fees and consulting services.

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Our ability to continue as a going concern depends on our success in implementing the foregoing strategy on a timely basis. If our efforts to increase our sales and decrease our operating expenses fail or if Maden Tech does not advance amounts under the convertible note payable or if Maden Tech requires a cash repayment of borrowings under the convertible note payable, we would be required to obtain additional financing. There can be no assurance that we would be able to obtain such financing, or that any financing would result in a level of net proceeds required.

#### FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE RESULTS

Certain statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB, including, without limitation, statements containing the words "believes," "anticipates," "estimates," "intends," "expects" and words of similar import, constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Reform Act of 1995. Actual results could vary materially from those expressed in those statements. Readers are referred to the "Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation" section contained herein as well as the factors described below, which identify some of the important factors or events that could cause actual results or performance to differ materially from those contained in the forward looking statements.

WE HAVE EXPERIENCED SIGNIFICANT OPERATING LOSSES AND HAVE AN ACCUMULATED DEFICIT, AND WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO SATISFY OUR FUTURE CAPITAL AND OPERATING REQUIREMENTS. OUR AUDITORS HAVE ISSUED THEIR REPORT ON OUR FISCAL YEAR 2000 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WHICH DISCUSSED SUBSTANTIAL DOUBT WITH RESPECT TO OUR ABILITY TO CONTINUE AS A GOING CONCERN

We have a history of losses, anticipate further losses in 2001 and may not achieve profitability. We expect our cash flow from operations in 2001 to be insufficient to cover our capital or operating requirements, and we expect to incur a net loss in 2001. To meet our capital and operating requirements, we are seeking to restructure our business operations and will require additional funding. Given our uncertain financial condition, our independent auditors have concluded there exists substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern and accordingly, have included a "going concern" uncertainty paragraph in their report on our December 31, 2000 consolidated financial

WE CONTINUE TO NEED ADDITIONAL CAPITAL, AND WE MIGHT NOT BE ABLE TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL FINANCING

During the last five years we have financed our operations primarily through sales of equity securities and the sale of a prior product line. We believe that our existing capital resources, assuming Maden Tech remains willing to advance up to the full \$1,118,250 under our recently obtained credit facility, are adequate to maintain our current operations through December 2001. In order to maintain our current operations beyond December 2001 and to continue to fund our operations and meet our other obligations through 2001, we may be

required

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to obtain additional financing, particularly if Maden Tech declines to advance additional funds under the credit facility. The extent of our need for additional financing depends on our future performance, which, in part, is subject to general economic conditions and other factors beyond our control. We may not be able to obtain such financing in the amounts required for us to remain in business.

WE HAVE RECEIVED NOTIFICATION FROM THE NASDAQ STOCK MARKET THAT OUR COMMON STOCK MAY BE DELISTED AS A RESULT OF OUR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE CONTINUED LISTING REQUIREMENTS OF THE NASDAQ SMALLCAP MARKET

We received a determination letter from Nasdaq on April 26, 2001, indicating that our common stock is subject to delisting from the Nasdaq SmallCap Market due to our inability to meet the continued listing requirement that our stock maintain a \$1.00 minimum bid price on Nasdaq. Although we have appealed that determination, and our common stock will remain listed pending Nasdaq's final decision in response to our appeal, we cannot assure you that Nasdaq's decision ultimately will be favorable to us. If our common stock is delisted, it will trade over-the-counter rather than on Nasdaq, which could impair the liquidity of the trading market and cause holders to have difficulty trading in our stock.

OUR FUTURE REVENUES ARE UNPREDICTABLE, OUR OPERATING RESULTS ARE LIKELY TO FLUCTUATE FROM QUARTER TO QUARTER AND IF WE FAIL TO MEET THE EXPECTATIONS OF INVESTORS OR ANALYSTS, OUR STOCK PRICE COULD DECLINE SIGNIFICANTLY

We have experienced significant quarterly fluctuations in operating results and expect that these fluctuations will continue in future periods. These fluctuations have been caused by a number of factors, including:

- the timing of new product or product enhancement introductions by us or our competitors,
- the development and introduction of new operating systems that require additional development efforts,
- purchasing patterns of our customers,
- size and timing of individual orders,
- the rate of customer acceptance of new products and
- pricing and promotion strategies undertaken by us or our competitors.

Future operating results may fluctuate as a result of these and other factors, including:

- our ability to continue to develop, acquire and introduce new products on a timely basis,
- the timing and level of sales by our OEM or other third-party licensees of computer systems or software incorporating our products,

- technological changes in computer systems and environments,
- quality control of the products sold,

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- our success in shifting our primary sales strategy from direct to indirect channels and
- general economic conditions.

Additionally, our operating results may be influenced by seasonality and overall trends in the global economy. Because we operate with a relatively small backlog, quarterly sales and operating results generally depend on the volume and timing of orders received during the quarter, which are difficult to forecast. Historically, we have recognized a substantial portion of our license revenues in the last month of the quarter, particularly the last week. Since our staffing levels and other operating expenses are based upon anticipated revenues, delays in the receipt of orders can cause significant fluctuations in income from quarter to quarter.

#### MADEN TECH CONTROLS OUR OPERATIONS

To satisfy the conditions precedent specified in the loan agreement, we entered in to with Maden Tech, on March 6, 2001, we (1) expanded the size of our board of directors from four to seven members, (2) caused one of our incumbent directors to resign effective upon the receipt of the initial advance, and (3) appointed four individuals designated by Maden Tech to serve on our board of directors. In addition, Omar Maden, the sole stockholder, Chief Executive Officer and a director of Maden Tech, was appointed to serve as our Chief Executive Officer effective immediately following the initial advance. Moreover, as of May 11, 2001, Maden Tech beneficially owned 4,222,222 shares of our common stock, representing 45.9% of the shares of common stock then outstanding. As a result, Maden Tech controls our day-to-day operations and has the ability, upon acquiring shares of our common stock by converting amounts outstanding under the credit facility and by exercising its warrant, to exert significant influence on the outcome of all matters submitted to a vote of our shareholders.

WE NOW DERIVE ALL OF OUR REVENUES FROM THE OPEN SYSTEMS MARKET AND WE MAY NOT BE SUCCESSFUL IN THAT MARKET

The future success of our business is substantially dependent on our ability to generate significant revenue from our Unix, Linux, FreeBSD and Windows product offering. Although we have entered into a number of agreements with others to bundle or integrate our products into theirs, we may not be successful in our efforts to generate significant revenue from these agreements.

A SIGNIFICANT PERCENTAGE OF OUR REVENUE IS ATTRIBUTED TO SALES TO ONE OF OUR CUSTOMERS, AND OUR CONTRACT WITH THAT CUSTOMER HAS EXPIRED, LEAVING US WITHOUT A KEY SOURCE OF REVENUE

Our largest customer accounts for a substantial percentage of our revenues. During the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000, approximately 35% and 29%, respectively, of our revenues consisted of license and maintenance fees received under our OEM relationship with Silicon Graphics to bundle a subset of features of the EnlightenDSM product with each Unix server and workstation that Silicon Graphics ships. Our license agreement with Silicon Graphics

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terminated at the end of the first quarter of fiscal year 2001, the end date of our three-year agreement. If we are unable to generate revenues from new sources to replace the Silicon Graphics revenue, our revenues and financial results will be harmed.

WE ARE DEPENDENT ON RESELLERS AND IF THEY ARE NOT SUCCESSFUL MARKETING OUR TECHNOLOGY, OUR ABILITY TO MAINTAIN OR INCREASE OUR REVENUES WILL BE HARMED

We sell through resellers in the United States and abroad. We have no control over our third-party distributors, their shipping dates or the volumes of systems shipped by them. These companies may not license our products in volumes anticipated by us. If they fail to do so, our revenues will be harmed.

IF OUR RESELLERS ARE NOT SUCCESSFUL IN EXPANDING DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS, OUR ABILITY TO MAINTAIN OR INCREASE OUR REVENUES MAY BE HARMED

Our growth depends on our ability to continue to expand our third-party distribution channel to market, sell and support our software products. We are currently investing, and intend to continue to invest, resources to develop this channel. We may not be successful in recruiting new organizations to represent us and our products.

WE RELY ON THIRD PARTIES FOR TECHNICAL SUPPORT, AND IF THEY DON'T PROVIDE ADEQUATE SERVICE, OUR BUSINESS MAY BE HARMED

We are dependent on our third-party distributors for technical support and consultation to end-users. We must educate our third-party distributors so that they obtain technical proficiency and knowledge with respect to our products. This may result in, among other things, an increased workload for our internal support and engineering staff or poor customer acceptance of our products or both, either of which would significantly harm our business.

OUR MARKET IS SUBJECT TO INTENSE COMPETITION AND CONTINUED COMPETITION IN OUR MARKET MAY LEAD TO A REDUCTION IN OUR PRICES, REVENUES AND MARKET SHARE

We experience intense competition from other systems management companies. Our ability to compete successfully depends on a number of factors, including the performance, price and functionality of our products relative to those of our competitors. Most of our competitors are larger and have greater financial, technical, marketing, support and other resources than us. As a result, they may be able to respond more quickly to new or emerging technologies and changes in customer requirements than us. In addition, our industry is characterized by low barriers to entry. Other competitors can easily enter the market. Our current competitors or any new market entrants may develop systems management products that offer significant performance, price or other advantages over our technology. In addition, we sell our products through operating system vendors. These same operating system vendors could introduce new or upgrade existing operating systems or environments that include systems which perform the same functions as the products offered by us. This could render our products obsolete and

unmarketable. If we are not able to successfully compete against current or future competitors, our revenues or profits could be harmed.

ALL OF OUR LICENSE REVENUE IS DERIVED FROM A SINGLE PRODUCT FAMILY AND IF THOSE PRODUCTS FAIL TO ACHIEVE AND MAINTAIN MARKET ACCEPTANCE, OUR BUSINESS WOULD BE SIGNIFICANTLY HARMED

Our EnlightenDSM products have accounted for all of our license revenue since October 1, 1997. We expect that the EnlightenDSM product family and its extensions and derivatives will continue to account for a substantial majority, if not all, of our revenue for the foreseeable future. Broad market acceptance of EnlightenDSM is, therefore, critical to our future success. Failure to achieve broad market acceptance of EnlightenDSM, as a result of competition, technological change or otherwise, would significantly harm our business. Our future financial performance will depend in significant part on the successful development, introduction and market acceptance of EnlightenDSM and its product enhancements. If we are not successful in marketing EnlightenDSM or any new products, applications or product enhancements, our revenues would be significantly reduced.

THE MARKET FOR OUR PRODUCTS IS CHARACTERIZED BY RAPID TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGE, AND IF WE ARE NOT ABLE TO DEVELOP OR MARKET NEW PRODUCTS TO RESPOND TO SUCH CHANGE, OUR REVENUE WOULD BE SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECTED

The market for our products is characterized by rapid technological developments, evolving industry standards and rapid changes in customer requirements. The introduction of products embodying new technologies, including new operating systems, applications, hardware products, systems management frameworks and network management platforms, the emergence of new industry standards or changes in customer requirements could render our existing products obsolete and unmarketable. As a result, our success depends upon our ability to continue to enhance existing products, respond to changing customer requirements and rapidly develop and introduce new products that keep pace with technological developments and emerging industry standards. We may not be successful in developing and marketing, on a timely basis, product enhancements or new products that respond to technological change, evolving industry standards or changing customer demands.

WE MAY BE FORCED TO FORFEIT OUR RIGHTS TO OUR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY IF WE DO NOT PERFORM OUR OBLIGATIONS OR IF THERE IS A DEFAULT UNDER THE AGREEMENTS EVIDENCING THE CREDIT FACILITY WE OBTAINED FROM MADEN TECH

In order to obtain advances under the credit facility we obtained from Maden Tech Consulting, Inc., we granted Maden Tech a first priority security interest in our EnlightenDSM software and other key intellectual property. In addition, we also granted Maden Tech the right to require us to assign to Maden Tech all of our rights to our EnlightenDSM software and other key intellectual property. Thus if we fail to comply with our obligations under our agreements with Maden Tech, we will lose all of our rights to conduct our business as we currently conduct

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it using the EnlightenDSM software and our other key intellectual property. Instead, Maden Tech would have the exclusive rights to:

use the EnlightenDSM software and other key intellectual property,

- operate, manage and control our business and collect all rents and revenues from the EnlightenDSM software and our other key intellectual property,
- sell, assign or grant licenses to use the EnlightenDSM software and our other key intellectual property on terms and conditions set by Maden Tech,
- sue for, collect and receive all income, royalties, damages and payments due and/or payable in connection with the EnlightenDSM software and our other key intellectual property.

OUR FAILURE TO ADEQUATELY PROTECT OUR PROPRIETARY RIGHTS COULD SERIOUSLY HARM OUR BUSINESS

We generally rely on copyrights, trademarks, trade secret laws and software security measures, along with employee and third-party nondisclosure agreements, to establish and protect our proprietary intellectual property rights, products and technology. Our products are typically licensed on a "right to use" basis pursuant to licenses that restrict the use of the products to the customer's internal purposes. We distribute our software under license agreements that are signed by our end-users. We also distribute our software to our OEM partners under similar software license and distribution agreements. Despite our precautions taken to protect our software, unauthorized parties may attempt to reverse engineer, copy or obtain and use information we regard as proprietary. Policing unauthorized use of our products is difficult and software piracy is a persistent problem. Additionally, the laws of some foreign countries do not protect our proprietary rights to the same extent as do the laws of the United States. We cannot assure you that our reliance on licenses to third parties or copyright, trademark, trade secret protection or our software security measures, will be enough to be successful and profitable in the industry in which we compete.

WE MAY BE REQUIRED TO RELEASE OUR SOURCE CODE TO CERTAIN CUSTOMERS IF WE FAIL TO FULFILL OUR CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS, WHICH COULD RESULT IN THE MISUSE OF OUR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

We have entered into source code escrow agreements with some of our customers that require the release of source code to the customer in the event there is a bankruptcy proceeding by or against us, we cease to do business or we are unable to fulfill our contractual support obligations. In the event of a release of the source code, the customer is required to maintain confidentiality of the code and, in general, to use the source code solely for the purpose of maintaining the software's usability. Releasing source code to customers may increase the likelihood of misappropriation or other misuse of our intellectual property. If our source code was misused or misappropriated, it could significantly harm our business.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY INFRINGEMENT BY OR AGAINST US COULD SIGNIFICANTLY HARM OUR BUSINESS

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From time to time, we receive notices from third parties asserting that we have infringed their patents or other intellectual property rights. In addition, we may initiate claims or litigation against third parties for infringement of our proprietary rights or to establish the validity of our proprietary rights. Any such claims could be time-consuming, result in costly litigation, cause product shipment delays or lead us to enter into royalty or

licensing agreements rather than dispute the merits of such claims. As the number of software products in the industry increases and the functionality of such products further overlap, we believe that software developers may become increasingly subject to infringement claims. Any such claims, with or without merit, can be time consuming and expensive to defend. In addition, an adverse outcome in litigation could subject us to significant liabilities to third parties, require expenditure of significant resources to develop non-infringing technology, require disputed rights to be licensed from others or require us to cease the marketing or use of certain products. Such a result could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition.

A DECLINE IN SALES OF UNIX OR LINUX SYSTEMS WILL RESULT IN A DECREASE IN REVENUES.

A significant portion of our revenue will be derived from Unix and Linux based computer systems for the foreseeable future. While we have also released versions of our products for the Windows NT platform, the product's graphical user interface is available only on Unix and Linux based systems, and, therefore, users must manage their environments from these types of systems. A significant decline in sales of Unix and Linux based systems would decrease the demand for our products and would significantly harm our business.

IF THE OPEN SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT MARKET FAILS TO GROW, OUR BUSINESS WOULD BE SIGNIFICANTLY HARMED

For the foreseeable future, all of our business will be in the open systems (Unix, Linux, FreeBSD and Windows NT) management market, which is still an emerging market. Our future financial performance will depend in large part on continued growth in the number of companies adopting systems management solutions for their client/server computing environments. The market for systems management solutions may not continue to grow. If the systems management market fails to grow or grows more slowly than we currently anticipate, our business would be significantly harmed.

OUR SUCCESS IS TIED TO THE SUCCESS OF OTHER SEGMENTS OF THE COMPUTER INDUSTRY.

Our products are marketed to users of computer products. During recent years, segments of the computer industry have experienced significant economic downturns characterized by decreased product demand, production overcapacity, price erosion, work slowdowns and layoffs. Our operations may in the future experience substantial fluctuations from period-to-period as a consequence of such industry patterns, general economic conditions affecting the timing of orders from major customers and other factors affecting capital spending. Such factors may significantly harm our business.

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OUR FAILURE TO ATTRACT, TRAIN, MOTIVATE, AND RETAIN KEY EMPLOYEES MAY HARM OUR BUSINESS

The competition for highly skilled employees is intense. Our business depends on the efforts and abilities of our senior management, our research and development staff and other key sales, support, technical and services personnel. Our failure to attract, train, motivate and retain such employees would impair our development of new products, our ability to provide technical services and the management of our business. This would seriously harm our business, operating results and financial position.

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PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Enlighten is subject to certain legal actions that have arisen in the ordinary course of business. Management believes that the ultimate outcome of these actions will not have a material affect on Enlighten's consolidated financial statements or results of operations, although there can be no assurance as to the outcome of such litigation.

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

- (a) Exhibits:
- 10.1 Loan Agreement dated as of February 14, 2001 by and among the Registrant and Maden Tech
- 10.2 Convertible Demand Note made March 6, 2001
- 10.3 Warrant Agreement dated as of March 6, 2001 by and among the Registrant and Maden Tech
- 10.4 Warrant Certificate MT-001 issued March 6, 2001
- 10.5 Registration Rights Agreement dated as of March 6, 2001 by and among the Registrant and Maden Tech
- 10.6 Software Security Agreement dated as of February 14, 2001 by and among the Registrant and Maden Tech
- 10.7 Conditional Assignment dated as of February 14, 2001
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K:

Our current reports on Form 8-K as filed on March 15, 2001 included Exhibits 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.5, 10.6 and 10.7 as referenced in the Exhibit list above.

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### ENLIGHTEN SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS, INC.

## FORM 10-QSB, MARCH 31, 2001 SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Enlighten Software Solutions, Inc.

DATE: May 14, 2001 SIGNATURE: /s/ Omar Maden

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Omar Maden President and

Chief Executive Officer

DATE: May 14, 2001 SIGNATURE: /s/ Stephen E. Giusti

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Stephen E. Giusti

Vice President, Finance and

Administration and Chief Financial Officer

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